ANJUMAN'S URDU-ENGLISH DICTIONARY

المجمن كي

اردو-المحكريزي لغت



ارتبه

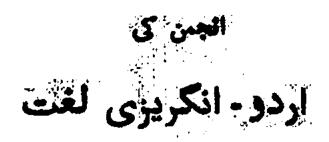
بابائے اردوڈاکٹر مولوی عبد الحق

المجمن ترقى أردو پاكستان

بابائے اُر دوروڈ کراچی

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ANJUMAN'S Urdu-English Dictionary





مر تبه بابائے اردو ڈاکٹر مولوی عبدالحق



الحمن في اردو بإكسان بالمائدورود كراجي لا

ANJUMAN'S Urdu - English Dictionary

انجمن کی اردو ۔ انگر بزی لفت (چوتها ایڈیشن)

مرتبه باباے اردو ڈاکٹر مولوی عبدالحق

انجمن ترقی اردو پاکستان بابائے اردو روڈ۔ کراچی ۔ا

سلسله مطبوعات انجمن ترامي اردو باكمتان ١٥٩٠

-1966		طبع اول
دو هزار		تمداد
•	*************************************	
4144.		طبع دوم
تین هزار		تمداد
-114		طبع سوم
ایک هزار		تمداد
		
41444		طبع چہارم
دو مزار		تمداد
هد زلمه		فيمت

مطبوعه انجمن پریس -- نشتر رود --- کراچی (جمله حاوق محلوظ هیں)

بسم اللثه الرحمنالرحيم

حمیلالدین عالی معتمد اعز ازی،

جوتفسى اشاعبت

بحمداللہ ۱۹۷۷ء سے ابتکیہ هماری " اردو ۔۔ انگریبڑی ڈکٹنری " کی چوتھی اشامتھے ۔۔ اسکی اتنی مقبولیت اسکی ضرور ت اور استنادی اهمیتکی گواهی دیتی ھے ۔۔

مندرجه ذیل تحریر میں اسڈکٹنری سے متعلق (اور انجمن کے حوالے سے بھی) جو گزارشاتھیں ان میں راقم الحروف سے پچھلے شاعتوں میں تحریر کردہ اپنے بعض معروضات دھرائے ھیں ۔۔ مثلاتدوین و استعمال سے متعلق اصول و رہنما خطوط جنہیں نئے قارئین کےلیے لکھنا غروری تھا ۔

یه گکشتری بھی بابائے اردو مولوی مبدالحق مرحوم کسی مرحون منت سے انھوں نے قیام پاکستان سے پہلے می اس منعوبے پسر کام شروع کر ادیا تھا ۔ بہت سے کارڈ انجمن کے دفتر دھلی میں مولوی رحم علی الہاشمی مرحوم نے تیار کرلیے تھے ۔ ان پر قیام پاکستان کے بعد ۱۹۵۴ میں انجمن کے رفیق قدیم سید ہاشمی فرید آبادی نسے نظرشانی بھی کرلی تھی مگر الفاظ نا مکمل حالت میں کوئسی گیسارہ مزار اور کارڈ چند ہڑار بھی نہ تھے ۔ انجمن پاکستان منتقت تسبو ہوگئی لیکن یہاں اسے ابتدائی مقامی سرپرستی کے بعدمختلف حکومتوں اور خود اپنی منتظمہ کے ہاتھوں جو عجیبو فربب مثکلات پیش آئیسں ار ملاحظہ ہو مولوی صاحب کا کتابچہ " انجمن کا المیہ ") ان کسے سبب سہت سے دوسرے منصوبوں کی طرح اسڈکشنری پر کام آگےنہ بڑھ بگلا۔

۱۹۵۹ میں مولوی صاحب کی سرپرستی اور صدارت میں انجمن کی تنظیم نو هوئی (اور راقم الحروف بھی امزازی طور پر انجمن کی منتظمه سے منسلک هوا) تو امید بندهی که اس ڈکشنری پر کا شروع هوگا لیکن ابھی نشے دستور کی تدوین و نفاذ پر غور و فکر اورپرانے تمیوں کو طے کیا خارها تھا که (اگست ۱۹۹۱ میں) مولوی صاحب انتقال فرما گئے۔

١٩٦٢ء میں نیا دستور بنا اور جناب اختر حسین مسرحوم صدر انجمن اور راقم الحروف مفتمد اعزازي مقرر هوشج تو ديگرمعا ملات کے ساتھ اسلفت کا منصوبہ بھی زیر غور آیا ۔ دیکھا کہ تقریب۔۔۔۔ گیارہ هزار الفاظ پر نا مکمل کام هوا هے ۔ (بعض پر مزیدکامکرنے کی فرورت و افع تھی) ۔ کسی پر انی دستاویز سے گوئی هدف و افع نست هوا ـشاید اسے مبتدیوں کے لیے نیار کیا جارها تھا ـ بہرحال هم نے طے کیا کہ اس دخیرے سے پوری طرح فائدہ اٹھاتے ہوئے مسسروری اضافوں کے ساتھ عام افادے اور اوسط درجے یعنی کم از کم گریجویث سطح کے طلبا کی تعلیمی ضروریاتسامنے رکھتے ہوئے از سر نو مندون کیا جائے ۔ بعض نئے محاوروں ، امثال اور دیگر مثنقات کسی ضرورت بھی محسوسکی گئی ۔ عرصہ گزر حانے کے باعث بعض مقامات پرترمیمات بھی ناکزیر نظر آئیں۔ رفتہ رفتہ یہ ڈکشنری پچھلنے تقریبا کیسارہ هزار الفاظ ملاكر تقريباً ساڑهے بیسهزار الفاظ تک پہنچ گئستی ۔ همارا اراده تما که اسکام کا دائره مزید پھیلایا حائے مگر اسکی اشاعت پر بہت زور دیا جانبے لگا ۔ چنانچه ساڑھے بیس هزار سے ریادہ الفاظ پر مشتمل یه دکشنری ۱۹۷۷ء میں شافع کردی گئی ، پھر اس قندر جلت فروختهوئی که ۱۹۸۰ میں دوسرا اور ۱۹۸۵ میں تیسرا ایڈیشن چهاپنا پڑا اور ابطلب کے دیاو میں کسی ترمیم و اضافہ کے بغیر یہ چوتھا ایڈیشن حاضر ھے۔

لیکن کوئی زندہ لفت کبھی مکمل نہیں ہوتی ۔ چند مرتبہ

کے اضافوں سے بھی مکمل نہیں ہوتی ۔ وقت نشے الفاظ و مضاہیہ

لاتا رہتا ہے ۔ کبی بھی زندہ زبان میں نشے نشے اضافے اور ترجمہے

ایک مسلسل عمل کیے طور پر نباگزیر ہونے جاتے ہیں ۔ ہم نے بھسی اس

لفت میں اضافوں اور مسلسل اضافوں کے منصوبے بنیار رکھے ہیں ۔ان پر

عمل کے لیے حالات ابھی مائی قریب تک سازگار نہیں تھے ابسازگیار نظر آتے ھیں اور انشا اللہ ہم یا ہمارے بعد کام کرنے والیے اس دکشنری کو ایک پورے سلسلے کے طور پر جاری رکھیں گے۔ اس طرح یہ لفت زندہ اور مسلسل افادیت سے معمور رہے گی ۔

ابکچھ استدوین کے بارے میں ۔۔ جیسا کہ عرض کیا گیا ھے ، انجمن کی اس اردو انگریزی ڈکشنری کی بنیاد وہ قلمی مسودہ ھے جو تقسیم ملک سے قبل دھلی میں بابائے اردو کی ،خاص نگر انسی میں کارڈوں کی شکل میں تیار ھونا شروع ھوا تھا اور ایک آمنسی بکس کے اندر ھمارے پاس ایک عرصہ دراڑ سے محفوظ چلا آرھا تھسا۔ همارے اشاعتی پروگرام میں ابتدا ، ھی سے اس ڈکشنری کا شائع کرنا شامل تھا مگر ھم نیے انجمن کی بڑی " اسٹینڈرڈ انگریزی ۔۔۔ اردو ڈکشنری " کو ترجیح اول دی ۔۔ هندوستان میں جسفامبانہ اشساعت میں کیا گیا ھے اس کی وجہ سے ۱۹۲۸ میں پہلے اس کو بازار میس میں کیا گیا ھے اس کی وجہ سے ۱۹۲۸ میں پہلے اس کو بازار میس لانا ضروری سمجھا گیا اور وہ بجائے خود ایک مشکل کام تھا۔ تقسیم ملک سے قبل ۱۹۳۷ میں اپنی پہلی اشاعت کے بعد سے بڑی ڈکشنسری باکستان میں نایاب بھی ھوگئی تھی اور اس کی دوبارہ اشاعت کےلیے ملک میں عام اصرار بڑھتا جارہا تھا ۔۔ اس لیے بھی ضروری تھا کہ ملک میں عام اصرار بڑھتا جارہا تھا ۔۔ اس لیے بھی ضروری تھا کہ ملک میں عام اصرار بڑھتا جارہا تھا ۔۔ اس لیے بھی ضروری تھا کہ بہلے اس کو شائع کیا جائے ۔۔

اسے پیشتر اور اسکے بعد بھی ھماری بڑی ڈکشنری کے پانچ درمیانی ، پانچ مختصر اور دو جیبی ایڈیشن اور شائع کیسے گئے ۔ بازار میں ان کی مانگ بھی بڑھ رھی تھی اور ھم سے ان کسی اشاعت کا تقافا کیا جارھا تھا ۔ اسطرح باکستان میں انجمن کسے قبام سے استک ھم نے انگریزی ۔ اردو ڈکشنری کے بارہ مختلف ایڈیشن نکالے اور وہ ھزاروں کی تعداد میں شائع ھوئے ۔ حکومت پنجاب اور دیگر افراد کے امراز پر آب ایک نیا ایڈیشن بڑے سائز (بائیبسل دیگر افراد کے امراز پر آب ایک نیا ایڈیشن بڑے سائز (بائیبسل پیپر) پر شائع ھوا ھے ۔ ان سے فارغ ھونے کے بعد اسکہیں حاکسر پیپر) بر شائع ھوا ھے ۔ ان سے فارغ ھونے کے بعد اسکہیں حاکسر سیادی مسودہ کی نظرشائی کے سلسلہ میں کچھ کام ھماری عرف داشت ہر معفی دوسرے اھل علم نے بھی انجام دیا جو بابائے اردو اور انحمن کے عفیدت مید رہے ھیں ، مثلاً ڈاکٹر ریائی الحسن مرحوم ،جیاب رہیے

خاور اور جناب فقل احمد مدیقی لیکن انجمن کی انگریزی ــــاردو ڈکشنری کے مختلف شاہع شدہ نسخوں کی طرح اسڈکشنری پرنظرشانسسی، اصَّافَهُ ، ترميم ، تشريح نيرٌ مقاهيم ، مطالب أور تلفظ الفاط كــــى نشان دھی کرنے کا بار راقم الحروف کے ناچیز مشوروں کے ساتھ زیادہ ترحنابجلیلقدوائی پرزها ۔۔ حیسا کہ اس سے پنہلنے هم انگریزی ۔۔ اردو ڈکشنری کے دیہاچوں میں عرض کرچکے ہیں ، قدہ اشی صاحب کو تصنیف و تالیف اور تعلیم کے میدان میں ان کے پچاسسال سے زائد عرصے کے تجربے ، خصوصا باکستان کے قیام سے پہلے اور اس کے بعد مرکزی حکومت کے شعبہ جات اطلاعات و مطبوعات میں ہمہ موضوعاتی تراجم نیڑ ان پر نظرشانی کے کام سے طویل و اقفیت کی بناء پر انجمن کی ڈکشتریوں ہسر نظرشانی کے لیے موزوں ترین سمعھا گیا ۔ انہوں نے باہائے اردو اور انجمن اور سابق صدر انجمن جناب الحثر حسين صاحب سے اپنی قديــــم نیازمندی اورتعلقات کے پیشنظر سارا کام نہایت تن دھی،حانفشانی اور سے اندازہ دلچسپی کے ساتھ انجام دیا ۔ یعنی، ایڈیٹنگ کسسے دمه دارانه اور اهم ترین کام کے علاوہ ، مسودہ اور مبیقه کی تیاری، ابتدائی چھپائی کی تصعیم ، پروف ریڈنگ ، کتاب کی طباعت اور ظاهری شکل و صورت غرض که جمله مراحل کی دمهداری تمام تر انہی کی رهیی ، ہمد میں کچھ کام همارے نہایت فاضل شریک معتمد حناب پروفیسر شبیسر علی کاظمی مرحوم نے دیکھا ھے ۔ پروفیسر کاظمی اردو ، فارسی،عربی کے علاوہ سنسکرت بھی خوب جانتے تھے ۔ وہ جامعہ راجشاھی میں پـــرو وائسچانسلر رہ چکنے تھنے ۔

اپنے فنی کام کے سلسلے میں انجمن نے ملک میں نکسسی رائع الوقت اردو ۔ انگریزی ڈکشنریوں کے علاوہ پلاٹس اور فیلسن کی مشہور زمانہ ڈکشنریوں سے بھی استفادہ کیا ھے اور جہاں تک صرف اردو لفت کا تعلق ھے فرھنگ آمفیہ اورنور اللفات کوھرھرمرحلے پرپیش نظیر رکھا ھے، مگر جیسا کہ اھل نظر جانتے ھیں ان میں سے کوئی لفت بھی متعدد اقسام کے الخلاط سے بالکل پاک نہیں تھی ۔ یہ اور باتھے کسی میں کم اغلاط ھیں کسی میں زیادہ، مگر کسی کو بھی نہ ھمہ وجوہ سے بیت ترار نہیں دیا جاسکتا ۔ شاید اس قسم کے کاموں میں ، ناوجود ھیزار حزم و احتیاط ، کچھ نہ کچھ اغلاط ناگزیر ھوجاتی ھیں ۔ خصود جامعہ کروفیسر رالف رسل ھیں)۔

مدرحد سالا صورت حال کے علاوہ همیں اس امر کے اعتراف
میں قطعی ساک سہیں کہ کسی قبی ، علمی کتاب کی تیاری کی دمداری
عملاً صرف ایک بزرگ سر ڈال دسے کے جہاں کئی علمی فوائد هوتے هیں
وهاں اسطریقہ ، کار کے سبب گتاب میں بعض متنازع فیہہ عناصردر
آتے هیں (جو مدون بزرگ کی ایمی انتخابی و علمی صوابدیدکانتیجہ
هوتے هیں) ، بعض کمزوریاں بھی رہ جاتی هیں جن کا امکان زیسادہ
گارکموں کی مثترکہ محنت اور نگرانی میں کم رهتا هے ۔ بہردالهمیں
اس کا علم اور احساس هے ۔ جیسا کہ عرض کیا گیا اسی دوران میسس
هم نے اس پر اضافوں اور مکمل نظرشانی کا منصوبہ بنالیا تھا جس
پر پوری توجہ سے گام شروع کردیا گیا هے ۔

ابھم اسڈکشنری سے استفادہ کرنے والوں کے لیے الفاظ کی نرتیب، تشریح اور اندراحات کی دیگر خصوصیات کے بارے میں۔ معض اہم اشارات درج کرتے ہیں تاکہ باظرین اسڈکشنری کو زیادہ سے زیادہ سہولت اور تفہیم کے ساتھ کام میں لاسکیں ۔

- (۱) یہ تو ظاہر ھے کہ الفاظ کی ترتیب حروف تہجی کے مطابق رکھی گئی ھے مگر ھر بنیادی لفظ کے فور آ بعد چھوٹ سے بریکٹوں میں انگریزی کے بڑے حرف کے دریعہ اس زبان کی نشاں دھی کی گئی ھے جسسے وہ لفظ اردو زبان میں آیا۔
- (۳) اسکے بعد اطالوی حروف میں متعلقہ لفظ درج کیاگیا ھے اور اگرچہ بعض الفاظ کے سلسلے میں اصل زبان کاتلفہ بھی دیا گیا ھے تاھم جوں کہ ڈکٹنری اردو الفاظ کیھے، عموما تلفظ وہ رکھا گیا ھے جو اردو زبان میں مستعمل ھے ۔ اس معاملے میں عام، طور پر بابائے اردو کے اس مقررہ اصول کا لحاظ رکھا گیا ھے کہ اصل زبان میں اگیا تو تلفظ کچھ بھی ھو ، جب ایک لفظ اردو زبان میں آگیا تو وہ ھماری زبان کا ھوگیا ، اور ھمارے ھاں جو تلفظ اختیار گیا گیا گیا ہو تلفظ اختیار عماری شرا گیا ہوگیا ، اور ھمارے ھاں جو تلفظ اختیار گیا گیا ہوگیا مستند نلفظ قر ار بائے ۔
- (۲) تلفظ کیے بعد اطالوی حروف هی نیب احرّ ائیے کلام کے لحاظ
 سے اس لفظ کی قسمیا اقسام (اسم، مقت، فقل ، حسیرف ،
 وقیرہ) ظاهر کی گئی هیں ۔

[(٢)

(۵)

(1)

(2)

پھر لفظ کے معنی و مفہوم لکھے گئے ھیں اور اسسلسلے میں جہاں ضرورت ھوئی اصلی معنی کے ساتھ محسازی یہا اصطلاحی معنی بھی ستائے گئے ھیں ۔ اگر کوئی لفظ احزائے کلام کیے لحاظ سے ایک سے زائد قسم کے دیل میں آتا ھے تو دونوں اقسام ظاھر کرکے اسی ترتیب سے الگ الگ سمبر دے کر معنی لکھے گئے ھیں ۔ اگر احزائے کلام کے لحاظ سے لفظ ایک ھی قسم کی دبل میں آتا ھے مگر اس کے معنی ایک سے زائد نومیت کے ھیں تو بھی جہاں تک ھوسکا الگ الگ نمیر دے کر لکھے گئے ھیں تا بھی جہاں تک ھوسکا الگ

اگر کوئی لفظ دو طرح سے سولا یا لکھا حاتا ھے یا کسی
لفظ سے کوئی مشتق حملہ یا محاورہ ایک سے زائد طربق سے
پر مروج ھے تو اول زیادہ مروج صورت درج کی گئی ھے اور
دوسری صورت یا صورتوں میں متعلقہ لفظ یا اسکا کوئی
حفہ ابتداء میں مشترک ھے تو پہلی صورت پوری
اوردوسری صورت مشترک حصے کو چھوڑ کر اور زیادہ مروج
صورت کے بعد ایک الٹا کوما یا واءو معکوس (،)لگاکر
درج کردی گئی ھے ۔

بنیادی لفظ کے معنی و تشریح کے بعد جہاں ضروری سمجھا
گیا اسلفظ کے مرکبات، مشتقات، محاورات، ضربالاطال
وغیرہ لکھے گئے ھیں ۔ ایسی صورت میں دیلی مندرحات
بنیادی لفظ کے اندراج سے داھنے ھاتھ کی طرف قدر جھٹاکر
لکھے گئے ھیں ۔ اس کے علاوہ بنیادی لفظ کا شائپ حلی اور
اس کے مشتقات و مرکبات کا خفی رکھا گیا ھے تاکہ ھردو
کا امتیاز پہلی نظر میں نمایاں ھوجائے۔

بدیادی لفظ کی تشریح کے خاتمے پر بشرط فرورت کچھافائی
معلومات بھی دے دی گئی ھیں ۔ مثلاً اسم یا صفت کے خاتمے
پر اس کی قد بھی کہیں کہیں اس کے ترجمے کے ساتھ چھوٹے
بریکٹوں میں درج کردی گئی ھے یا مذکر لفظ کے خاتمے پر
چھوٹے بریکٹوں میں اس کیا مونٹ لفظ بھی دے دیاگیا ھیے۔

اسی طرح اگر کوئی لفظ نیا هے یا اسکے معنی جدید هیں تو چھوشے ہریکٹوں میں اس خصوصیت کی نشان دھی کردیگئی هے یا کہیں جمع لفظ کا مفرد دے دیا گیا هے اور مفسرد کی جمع لکھ دی گئی هے - کہیں بنیادی لفظ یا مشتق کے بشرط شرورت پہلے شعید لفظی معنی دے گئے هیں جن کی طرف چھوشے ہریکٹوں میں اشارہ کردیا گیا هے - بعبد میسی مستعمل معنی دیے ہیں ۔

(A) مندرجه بالا امور با ان کی نشان دھی کے سلسلے میں بہت
سے اختصار ات استعمال کرنے پڑے با تلفظ ظاهر کرنے کے
لیے حروف ملت اور حروف تہجی وقیرہ کو انگریزی حروف سے
هم آهنگ کیا گیا ۔ اس دیباچہ کے آغر میں اس سلسلےمیب
ایک فہرست اور دو نقشے مع ایک مختصر نوٹ کے شامل کینے
گئے ھیں ۔ انہیں ملاحظہ کرلیا جائے ۔

ان امور کی تشریحات سے مطلب یہ ھیے کہ ناظرین کو یہ۔ ڈکشنری استعمال کرنے میں نہ صرف آسانی ھو بلکہ الغاظ کی مقسررہ تعداد کیے اندر زیادہ سے زیادہ لقوی معلومات بھی حاصل ھوسکیس ۔ اسی طرح کی اور بہتسی تفصیلات ڈکشنری استعمال کرنے کے بعد ھیے معلوم ھوں گی ۔

دیل میں هم اسڈکشنری کے مفعات سے چند مثالیں درجکرتے میں جن سے اوپر درج کینے موٹے اشار اتکی کماحقہ وضاحت هوجائےگی ۔

(P) abad, adj.: inhabited; populated; prosperous; flourishing. (opp. of ويران wiran.)

abadkar, n. ma MoD A settler on waste land; a cultivator; a colonist.

عيس ، شهرنسيا ، پيورااترنا azmaish main thaharna, pura utarna, v.: To stand the test; to prove equal to the task; to prove one's mettle in difficult circumstances.

ankhon ku nur, id.: (lit.) Light of the eyes eyesight: ر (lig.) a son; progeny; near and dear one.

(P) asani, n.f.: Facility (opp. of تسانسی dushwari difficulty.)

ab-o-jad. n.m.:Father and grandfather; ancestors. (pl. آبياو اجداد aba-o-ajdad.)

(A) adyan, n.m, pl.: Creeds; faiths, religions. (s. دين din.)

istigbaliash, n. m.: (Mod.) Reception.

bajguzar, n.m. & adj.: (1) Tax payer. (2) Feudatory or dependent.

بسانت ، fishy smell; smell of meat. (2) Coarseness; vulgarity.

المان (A) 'haji, n.m.: One who has performed pilgrimage to Mecca. 'em. حجن hajjan.)

مزیدسہولت کے لیے هم وہ فہرست اور نقشے نوٹ کےساتھ پیش کرتے هیں حن کا تذکرہ اس دیباچے میں الفاظ کی ترتیب، تشریح اور دیگر خصوصیات کے بیان کے سلسلے میں پیرا گراف نمبر ۸ میں کہا گیا هے ۔

اله Some consonant و is represented in English (as in Table II) by an inverted common (')thus: عالم alim, تعليم ta'lim: symbol و by an apostrophe e.g قائد qa'id: the imperceptible (h in Table II), at the end of a word, is shown in small brackets thus: پريه parda (h); and the nasal sound of letter ن (n in Table II) is indicated as n e.g. عام datium.

(4)

نوٹ: - انگریزی میں حرفع (دیکھیے نقشة نمبر ۲) ایک و او معکوس (،) سے ظاہر کیا گیا ھے مثلاً عالم معلوس تعلیم معلیم ناللہ دواللہ ، (ھمزة) علامت حدف سے ظاہر کسی گئی ھے مثلاً قائد qa'id لفظ کیے آخر میں آنسے و الا محدوف ، (نقشة نمبر ۲ میں ا) چھوشےبریکٹوں میں د دکھایاگیا ھے مثلاً پردة (h) چھوشےبریکٹوں میں د دکھایاگیا ھے مثلاً پردة (parda (h) اور ن (نقشة نمبر ۲ میں) کے غنه ھونے کی صورت میں استعمال کیا گیا ھے جیسے دھاں dahan

PRONUNCIATION AIDS--- اشارات برائے تلفظ ۔ نقشة نمبرا ۔ TABLE ا

Showing correspondence of vowels in Urdu (Hindi) and English

اردو (هندی) اور انگریزی کے حروف علت

	Vowels	Initia	1	Non-II	ritial
Urdu	English	Urdu	English	Urdu	English
T	â	آب	ab	بد	bad
1	i	اس	is	ىن	din
ï	U	أُس	US	بت	but
1	8	اس	, as	بات	bat
او	o	اوک	ok	سو	so
او	u	اُود	uđ	تو	tu ,
او	au	اور	our	نو	กลน
ای	i	ایکم	ikh	سی	si
اح	е	ایک	ek	بے	be
اے	ai	ايسا	ais a	ھیے	hai

تقشة نمبر Y ____ Y نقشة نمبر Showing agreement of consonants, Urdu (Hindi) and English.

اردو (هندی) اور انگریزی کے هم آهنگ حروف

Urdu	English	Urdu	English	Urdu	English
ų	· ь	. , .	d	E	
••	bh	ده	dh	٤	gh
¥	P	5	d	ف	1
	ph	ća,	. dh	ق	9
ت	t	۵	Z	ک	k ·
تھ	th	j	r.	کم	kh
ڪ	t	5	r	٠گ	9
ڈھ	th	ڑھ	rh	گھ	gh
ث	5	ز	z	J	i
E	i	;	n zh	۴	m
جھ	jh	س	8	ن	n
E	ch	ش	sh	9	w
چھ	ehh	ص	s		h
τ	ħ	ض	Z	ی	у
ċ	kh	٦	t t	<u>د</u> .	у
	·	ظ :	z		

(11)

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE DICTIONARY

اختصار ات جو اس ڈکشنری میں استعمال مسسسسست هوئیے هیــــــ

Α .	=	Arabic	n.t.	= ·	noun feminine
abbr.	=	abbreviation	r∙m•	=	noun masculine
adj.	z	adjective	n.p.	=	noun proper
edv.	=	adverb	орр.	•	opposite
ent.	=	antique	Р	=	Persian
Arith.	=	Arithmetic	part.	=	participle, participial
chem.	=	chemistry	PB	=	Punjabi, Punjab
coll	=	colloquiai .	phr.	=	phrase
comp.	=	compounds, composition	pl.	=	Plural
conj.	=	conjunction	poet.	=	poetry
Contr.	=	Contraction	PR	=	Portugese
Cor.	=	Corruption	pref.	=	prefix
dimin.	=	diminutive	ptep.	=	preposition
E	=	English	pron-	= ,	pronoun '
esp.	=	especial(ly)	prov.	=	brozetp
fig.	=	figurative	PU	=	Pushto
geom.	=	geometry.	S	=	Sanskrit
GR	=	Greek	5.	=	singulat
gram.	=	grammar	SD	=	Sindhi
Н	=	Hindi	si.	=	slang
id.	=	idiom.	suf.	=	suffix
Imp.	=	Imperative	sup.	=	superlative
intj.	=	interjection	Ŧ	z	Turkish
lr.	=	Ironical(ly)	U	=	Utdu
leg.	=	legal(ly)	٧.	=	verb
lit.	=	literal(ly)	voc.	=	vocative
Math.	=	Mathematics	vulg.	=	vulget
Mod.	=	Modern	W	=	Women
- 					

اب کچھ گزارشات آئندہ کے متعلق:

انجمن ایکخالمتا غیر سرکاری اور غیر تحارتی ادارهمے۔ جسر حکومت سے " بوجوہ " نہایت قلیل مالی امداد ملتی ھے ۔ اس کے کسی منموبے کو کبھی بھی مطلوبہ رقم نہیں ملی اور وہ بمشکل زنندہ رہ سکی ۔ یہ صورت حال اور اس کے اسباب ایک الگ داستان ھیں۔ ۔ مختصر آیه که همارم هان کوئی عهده دار کسی " الاونس " یا اعز ازیع کے طور پر شو کیا ، کسی بھی عنوان سے کوئی رقم یا مراعات قبول نہیں کرتا ۔ همارے معترم تنغواہ دار صاحب فضائل کارکنوں کی افت بھی حیرت انگیزبلکہ ناقابل یقین حد تککم رھی ھے اور یہ ان کے علم پروری اور انجمن سے محبت کی دلیل ھے کہ وہ بہتھی قلیل عاوض پر انجمن کو اپنے تجربہ، علم و فقل اور موقت کی ساری دولت عطاکرتے رهے ۔ (ان میں سے اکثر انتقال کرچکے هیں) همارے مالی حسالات پچھلے سالوں سے کئی قدر بہتر ہوئے میں لیکن اب بھی ایسے نہیں کہ هم اهل علم کارکنوں کو مناسب معاوموں پر انجمن میں کل وقتی طور سے لاسکیں ۔ اردو سے متعلق کئی نئے سرکاری ادارے وجود میں آچکے ھیں جہاں معقول مشاهرے اور کہیں بہتر شرائط کار میسر ھی۔۔۔ں ۔ ماشاءالله وه بهى اپنے اپنے میدان میں نہایت مفید خدمات انجـام دے رہے میں ۔ کیاش ان میں انجمن کے دریعے رابطہ میرمتا لیکن بابائے اردو اپنے مزاج خاص کی وجہ سے سرکاری مصالح کی پابندی گرنے پــر تیلار نہ تھے ۔ حکومتوں کو نشے نشے ادارے بنانے پڑے ۔ ہمیس یہ صورت حال ورثیے میں ملی تھی ۔۔ سرکاری ادارے مالی طور پر مستحکیم، دافرہ کار بہت پھیلا ہوا ۔ حکومتوں کی پالیسی انجمن کے آزاد انے فکر و عمل پر حساس ۵۰۰۰ انجمن ژنده رهی مگر بڑی مشکلات میں مبتلا۔

پھر بھی بابائے اردو مرحوم کے بعد سے ابتک انجمن کے ملمی منصوبے جاری رہے جن کا اندازہ ہماری فہرست مطبوعات سے ہوگا۔
ہم نے قومیائے جانے تک (۱۹۲۴ء) دو پورے ڈگری کالجون (۱)"اردو فنون ، قانون اور کامرس کالج " اور (۲)" اردو سائنس کالج " کے نہایت نا مساعد مالات میں چلایا اور یونیورسٹی روڈ کراچی پرچوبیس ایکڑ قطعہ زمین لے کر ایک نیا اردو سائنس کالج بنادیا جو دراصل ممارے بڑے منصوبے" اقامتی اردو یونیورسٹی" کی ایک ابتدائی شلکل

تھا ۔ (وہ آج بھی تین ھڑ ار سے زیادہ طلبہ و طالبات سائنس کو ماسٹرز تک کیے کئی مضامین میں بدریعہ اردو تدریس مہیا کررھا ھے) ۔

راقم الحروف يه بنات انجمن كي هر اهم اشاعت مين ريكبار\$ پر لانی ضروری سمجھتا ھے کہ اگر سابائے اردو کے بعد اختر حسیسن مرحوم جيسي اردو دوست اور منتظم شخصيت انجمن كي صدارت نه سنبهالتي تو غالباً انجمن زندہ بھی نہ رہتی ۔ جاننے والے ایسے کئی ہے۔ ر نامور اداروں کے ناموں سے واقف ھیں جو آپنے بنیادی کارکنوں کسر بعد زنده یا فعال نه ره سکے ۔ بحمدالله اختر حسین صاحب کے عہدد صدارت میں هم سے انجمن کو بڑی احتیاط کے ساتھ بڑی پریشانیہ ال اعماکر بڑے دہاو کے باوجود هر قسم کے لسانی اور دوسرے تنازعہات سے دور رکھا اور اپنی شمام تر توجہ ٹھوسکاموں یفنی کتبخا نے۔ ہ خاص کی کارکردگی کالجوں تحقیق اور اهم مطبوعات پررکھی۔ اخترحین صاحب کی داتی وجاهت نے انجمن کو زندہ بھی رکھا اور ممکنہ حد تک فعال بھی ۔ وہ اسے بچا بھی گئے اور بنا بھی گئے ۔ ان کے بعـــد راقم الحروف ایک بار پھر اس مشکل میں مبتلا ھوگیا کہ ان کی جانشینی کون کرے گا ، اس طرح کہ هم سیاسی تنازعات میں بھی مبتلا نے هوں ، شخصی رقابتوں سے بھی دور رهیں اور اپنا کام بھی کرسکیں ۔ خدا کی مہربانی سے منتظمہ نعے جناب قدرت اللہ شہاب کو صدر انجمن منتخسب کیا اور انہوں نے اسلام آباد میں رہ کر بھی انجمن کی مثالی خدمات انجام دیں ۔ اللّٰہ انہیں غریق رحمت کرے ، وہ اپنے آخری سالوں میں اپنی. مشہور زمانہ درویشی کے باوجود انجمن کی خاطر ایک پر جسوش رضاکارکی طرح دوڑ بھاگ کرتے تھے ۔ بار بار کراچی آکر منتظمہ سے تعاون اور سبکارکنوں کی رہنمائی اور منصوبہ بندی میں اپنے۔۔۔ی خرابی محتکے باوجود همه وقت مصروف رهتے تھے ۔ بات چھوٹی سبنی لگے کی گو مگر تقابلی مشاہدے میں قابل ذکر بھی ھے کہ انہوں نسے انجمن سے کسی سفر کیا خرچ وصول نہیں کیا ۔

بابائے اردو کی خوش نیتی دیکھیے کے جب بھی انجمن ابتلا میں آئے اللہ تعالیٰ کوئی نے کوئی وسیلہ مہیا کردیتا ھے۔راقمالحرف نے کوئی بیسسال انجمن کو کافی وقت دیا مگر چند برس سے معاش کے سلسلے میں فرائش منصبی متواتر کراچی سے باہر لیے جاتے ہیں ۔ دیگر متولیان کی محض مشاورتی امداد کے ساتھ انجمن کو بھرپور طریقے سے

چلانا ممکن نہیں رہا تھا ۔ یہ باہائے اردو کی دمائیں تھیں اوراردو دوستوں کی خوش نمیبی کہ ان کے بعد انجمن کو اختر حسین صاحب ملے۔ ان کے بعد جنابقدرت اللہ شہاب اور اب انجمن کے مدرجناب نورالحسن جعفری منتخب هوئے هیں جو اختر حسیا صاحب کے انتقال کے بعد هی اُن کی جگہ پاکستان ہرما شیل کے مدر نشین بھی ھوگفنے تھے اور شہـــاب مأحبكي ابتدائع مدارت ميس انجمن سے منتظم افرازی كى حيثيت ميس منسلک بھی ۔ جعفری صاحب پاکستان ملٹری اکاونٹس کے پر انے رکست ھیں حکومت میں کئی اہم عہدوں پر فائز رہے اور وفساتی اسٹبلشینٹ سکریشری کے مہدے سے ریشائر ہوکر کراچی آئے تھے ۔ وہ اردو کے ایک نبہایت مستعد خادم هیں ۔ انجمن کو ان کے مالیاتی اور انتظامــــی تجرباتکے فو ائد پہنچنے شروع ہوگئے تھے ۔ آبکہ وہ صار الجمن ہیں اور پاکستان میں ایک بڑے ہیں الاقوامی تجارتی ادارے کے مدرنشیسن بھی ، ھمیں قوی امید ھے کہ وہ اپنے فاضل رفقائے منتظمہ یعنی متولیاں انجمن کی مشاورتی خدمات سے فائدہ اٹھاتے ہوئے انجمن کو اسکسسے ادائے مقامد میں نبہایت موثر طریقے سے فعال تر گردیں گیے۔راقم العروف کو منتظمه سے منطک هوئے ستائیش برس اور معتمد اعزازی کی حیثیست سے پورے چوہیس ہرس ہوگئے ۔ اس نے سرکاری سطح پر تماثم شہدہ ارد و اداروں کے مالیاتی تناظر میں انعمن کے ایسے خوش آفند امکانہ۔۔ات کبھی نہیں دیکھنے تھنے – وہ انختر حسین مرحوم اور قدرت اللے شہـــاب مرحوم کی سرپرستی میں انجمن کی فصالبتکا ھی طالبرھتا تھا۔ ابوہ اسکے بہتر مستقبل کی طرف سے بھی سما طور ہر خوش امیدی معسوسکرتا ھے ۔۔۔۔۔ انشاءاللہ وقت انعمن کے کارناموں کو سامنے لائے گا تسو دیکھنے والے دیکھیں گے کہ معضرضاکار کارکن بھی قومی ڈیسان و ادب کی کیا خدمات انجام دے سکتے ہیں ۔ انجمن ایک امانتھے جو قومدرجہ ہدرجہ اپنے خادموں کو بُغثتی رہی ہے۔ امیدھے کہ اسکے امانے۔تدار ہہتسی " ماعولی محدود ات" کے ہاوجود اسے اسکے مقاعدمیٰں سسرگرم رکھیں گئے ۔ شاید راقم الحروف اپنی تغلیقی زندگی کی طرف توجہ دینے کے لیے اپنی معتمدی کے پچیس ہوسپورے کرنے کے بعد، اس مہدے سےالگ ھوجائے لیکن اللہ نے چاھا تو عمر بھر انجمن کا ایک ادنیٰ کارکن اور دماکو رہےگا ۔ اب انجمن مڑید ساتھیوں کو لے کر بااعتبار اورمستعد ھاتھوں میں آرھی ھے ۔ وفاقی حکومتکی وزارت عُزانہ اور وزارت تعلَّ میں راقم اور موجودہ صدر انجمن کے چند دائی شناساوں نسسنے هماری

ANJUMAN'S URDU-ENGLISH DICTIONARY

انجمن کی اردو ـ انگریزی لفت

آ لگنا

ĩ

- أه النه alif, the first letter of Arabic, Persian and Urdu alphabets, called alif-i-mamdūdah; according to النه عدوده abjad system adopted in finding out a chronogram, the numerical value of the letter is one.
- (2) prolonged voice of the musician to attune it with the accompanying instrument, before starting the actual song.
 - (generally used for calling hens, pigeons etc.).
 - to be involved in trouble or misfortune.

-H) ā bael mu) آ بیل مجھے مار

- jhe mar, prov.: To court disaster; to invite trouble.
- to descend upon; to befall; to happen; to come upon one's head (responsibility); to be inevitable; to be overtaken by misfortune.
- أ جانا ā jānā, v.: To appear (suddealy); to come; to be included.
- ة أجهانكنا ā jhāhknā, v.: To come off and on.
- i ā dhamaknā, v.: To appear without hesitation or fear.
- etc.) to touch the shore; to be near the destination; to catch disease; to be hit (stone etc.)

آ لينا آ a lena, v.: To reach; to come near; to overtake; to surround; to catch up.

آ هرنا ā marnā, v.: To come to stay (unwelcome.)

by chance; to turn up unexpectedly.

آب (P) āb, n.m.: Water; juice.

n.f.: Lustre (gems); splendour: sharpness (sword);

polish; brightness; temper (steel); grace; elegance;

freshness; dignity.

آب آب آب قان āb āb, adj.: Melted; mellowed; softened; ashamed.

آب آب کرنا āb āb karnā, v.:
To put to shame; to reproach; to ask for water.

آب آب هونا مَهُ مَهُ أَب آب هونا To perspire profusely; to be thoroughly ashamed; to feel small; to become soft, liquid.

آب آتشرنگ قb-i-ātish-rang, آب آتشرنگ قb-i-ātishīn, آب آتشیس n.m.: Wine; liquor; bitter tears.

أب آجانا āb ā jānā, v. : To become bright; to be sharpened.

قبر آمد قيم برخاست (P) آب آمد قيم برخاست (P) قmad tayammum barkhāst, prov.: In the presence of the main thing, its substitute has to be discarded; the less important has to give place to the more important, the essential.

انر جانا قه آب آنر جانا قه تا قه تا قه تا قه تا قه قه تا آثر خانا آثر جانا قه قه آب آثر جانا قه قه آب آثر جانا قه قه قه آب آب جانی رهنا آب جانی رهنا ۷۰: To lose brightness; to become dull, blunt.

آب از سر گزشت (P) āb az sar guzasht, prov.: Misery (has) surpassed the bearable limit; unbounded misfortune (has) befallen

آب انگور āb-i-angūr, n.m.
The grape; wine.

آب پاش āb pāsh, n.m.: Watering can; water carrier.

- آب تاب قاب قائم āb tāb, n.f.: Glitter; elegance; beauty; show.
 - قَابِجو ābjū, n.f.: Rivulet; stream; brook.
 - آبجوش ābjosh, n.m.: Soup; juice of boiled. meat; broth.
 - قابخورا قابخورا قابخورا قابخورا earthen or metal vessel for drinking water; an earthen tumbler.
 - ابدار ābdār. adj. & n.m.: (1)

 Bright; dazzling; polished; good to look at;

 brilliant (gem): well-tempered (steel); sharp (sword); pure; clean. (2)

 Person in charge of drinks.
 - Place or foom where drinks are kept; repository of drinking water or liquor.
 - آبذاری قاطة آبذاری آبدار منانه آبداری قاطقه آبدار خانه آبدار خانه

- of private parts after evacuation.
- آبدست کرنا ābdust karnā, v.:
 To wash one's private parts.
- ābdoz, n: (Mod.) Submarine.
- having moisture in the eyes; sad.
- آبدیده هونا ābdīdah honā, v.:
 To have tears in one's eyes; to be sad.
- قَل رساني āb rasānī, n.f.: Water supply.
- gold; water in which gold, silver is dissolved for use by calligraphists.
- تاب زرسے لکھنے کے قابل zar se likhne ke qābil, adj.: Anything worth writing in letters of gold.
- آب زمزم āb-i-Zamzam, n. m.: Water of Zamzam, a well in Mecca.
- ābshār, n.m.: Waterfall; cascade.
- آبکار ābkār, n.m. : A distiller or seller of liquor; a Wine merchant.

- excise duty; excise department; distillery; business of a distiller.
- آب کو ثر آ قb-i-Kausar, n.m.;

 Water of Kausar, a river in paradise; pure and holy water.
- مَّا مَلَّهُ مَّا مَّهُ مَّهُ الْبَاهُونِ ābgūń, adj.: Of the colour of water; blue (applied to the sky).
- مَّ اَبنائے ābnāe, n.f.: Strait; channel.
- آب و قاب (P) āb-o-tāb, n.f.:

 Brightness; lustre; splendour; light; pomp and show; grandeur.
- آب و دانه (P) مَه-o-dana(h),

 n.m. (lit.) Water and

 grain; drink and food;

 daily bread; subsistence;

 fate; life.
- uih jānā, v.: Cessation of means of income; to be transferred (from some place); to be on the verge of leaving (a station); to be discharged (from service); to be dying; to be deprived of food during illness.

- قَان و دانه حرام هوجانا مقام هوجانا مقام هوجانا dāna(h) ḥarām ho jānā, v.:

 To be fed up with life; to have an aversion for food.
- dane kā zor honā, v.:

 To be attracted by fate;

 to be attracted or driven

 to a place by means of

 subsistence.
- n.m.: (lit.) Water and colour; freshness and moisture; glory; splendour; beauty; attraction; charm.
- Water and clay; elements used in the creation of the universe; disposition; temperament; matter; nature; origin; root.
- (P) أبو كياه (P) ألبو كياه (lit.) Water and grass; vegeration.
- اَب و نمک (P) ab-o-namak, n.m.: (lit.) Water and salt; taste; flavour; correct proportion of condiments; (mod.) food.
- (lit.) Water and air; effect of water and air; climate; season; weather; condition; state of things.

آب وهوا راس آنا

- to become liquid; to turn into water; to be destroyed; to be ashamed; to be glittering; to have sharpness; to become easy.
- related to water; (plant, animal) growing, living in water; (games) conducted in or upon water; watery; watery blue; light blue: irrigated (farm); marine; wet; humid; moist. (2) (Akind of) leavened (bread).
- آبيارى آفهyārī, n. f. & v.: (1)
 Irrigation; watering (of plants and garden.) (2)
 To irrigate; (fig.) to give sustenance.
- اليا قbyāna(h), n.m.: (Mod.)

 Water rate; irrigation cess.
- عار (A) aba', n.m., pl.: Fathers; ancestors. (s. با ab.)

- ابا و اجداد (A) ābā-o-ājdād, n.m., pl.: Fore-fathers; progenitors; lineage; extraction. (s. اب و جد ab-o-jad.)
 - مَّهُ مَّانِي مَّهُمَّةً, adj.: Belonging to or descending from one's ancestors; paternal; ancestoral.

 - قانے علوی قانے علوی مقاند قاند مقاند قاند مقاند مقاند
- عَلَا (P) هَهُمَّط, adj.: Inhabited;
 populated; prosperous;
 flourishing. (opp. of ويران wirān.)
 - A settler on waste land; a cultivator; a colonist.
 - of settlement; colonisation; Department of Settlement.
 - آباد کرنا ābād karnā, v.: To colonise; to cultivate; to build; to settle; to populate.

tion; cultivation; cultivated zone; human dwellings; people living in a place.

וֹאָעפ (P) abrū, n. f.: Honour; reputation; chastity; dignity; status; credit.

آجرو أقارنا آābrū utārnā, v.: To dis-

أبرو لينا قbrū lenā, grace; to insult; to dishonour; to violate chastity; to molest.

آبرو باخته ābrū bākhta(h), adj.:

Shameless; disreputable;
disgraced; discredited;
licentious.

آبرو بخشنا ābrū bakhshnā, v.:

To bestow honour; to treat with respect.

ליגע כייט ābrū denā, v.: (1) To lose respect; to be deprived of chastity. (2) To bestow honour.

آبرو پر بن جانا قhrū par ban jānā, v.: Endangering chastity or honour; to lose dignity.

قابرو پر پانی پهير دينا قابرو پر پانی پهير دينا قابرو پر پانی پهير دينا To To To To To desābrū khāk men milānā, troy honour or reputation. قابرو ريزى قbrū rezī, n. f.: Insult; abuse; defamation; outrage; rape.

ابرو ریزی کرنا قbru rezi karnā, v.: To slander; to defame; to violate modesty: to commit rape

البة (P) ābla(h), n.m.: Blister.

State of having blisters on one's feet; walking helplessly, wearily; trudging along; plodding.

آبله ° فرنگ قbla-i-farang, n.m.:
Syphilis (a venereal disease).

إبنوس (P) abnus, n.m.: Ebony; a kind of fine, bard, black wood.

أبنوس كاكندا ābnūs kā kundā, n.m.: (1) (lit.) A block of ebony; (fig.) a darkskinned person; a blackamoor; a negro.

قابنوسي ābnūsi, adj.: Of or

having ebony colour; related to ebony: jet plack; ebonized.

you; yourself; himself; itself; they; you, Sir; your honour (used by a junior or inferior and subordinate person, while addressing his senior or superior; mode of addressing anyone respectfully, also sarcastically.)

آپ آپ کرنا قه قه قه آپ آپ کرنا قه قه قه قه آپ آپ کهنا آپ کهنا آب آب کهنا To flatter; to be selfish; to address one with respect or deference.

قب آئے بھاک آئے قم قو bhāg قe, prov. : Your arrival is a source of blessing.

آپ ببتی قم مآرة, n f.: Autobiography; one's own life experiences (opp. of جنگ بیتی jag bītī, life of others).

ق آپ جانیں اور آب کا کام jānen aur āp kā kām, prov.: This is your concern (and no one else's); (I have done what I could and now) it is for you to manage your affairs.

קּי לון לון מני פּ מני טויי בויי מּמּ מַמְי לְּוֹן לְּוֹן מּמֵי וְשִׁי בְּוִיי בְּוִיי בְּוִיי מְמִי לְּמִּ לְּמֹּ מְמִּ מְמִּ מְמִי בְּוִיי בְּוִיי בְּוִיי בְּוֹי מִּ מְמִּ מְמִּ מְמִּ מְּמִּ מְמִּ מְמִּ מְמִּ מְמִּ מְמִּ מְמִּ מְמִּ מְמִּ מְמִי (lit.) If you (ran move) from branch to branch, I can (hop) from leaf to leaf; I am eleverer than you are; I can beat you hollow.

آپ ڈوبے تو جگ ڈوبا آپ موئے تو جگ ڈوبا موئے تو جگ مؤا آپ موئے تو جگ مؤا مُرَّبَّ مُوبا مُرَّبا مُرَّبِّ مُرَّبا مُرَبا مُرَّبا مُرَائِعا مُرَائِعا مُرَائِعا مُرَّبا مُرَّبا مُرَّبا مُرَّبا مُرَائِعا مُرَ

آپ ڈوبیے تو ٹوبیے اور کو قربے اور کو قربے قp dube to dube aur ko bhi le dube, prov.:

Drowning or ruining some one else along with onself.

قب سے قp se, adv. & adj.: (1)

Automatically; without asking. (2) Like yourself.

ابے هونا v.: To قبه se abe honā, be degraاب سے اربے هونا ded; to ap se are honā, be disgraced; to be lowered in other person's eyes (due to increasing informality).

آب سے آب میں آب میں آب میں آب میں آب میں آب Automatically; spontaneously; voluntarily; of his, her or its own accord.

ق آپ سے دور قم آپ سے دور مان سے دور قم آپ مے دور قم آپ کی جان سے دور ki jān se dūr, : God forbid!

أب سے جانا āp se jānā, v.: To be intoxicated; to loose one's senses; to forget oneself; to go uninvited.

أن سے گزر جانا āp se guzar jānā, v. : To become ecstatic; to forget oneself; to forget one's position; to be inhuman; to become proud; to act savagely.

أب فضيحت اور كو نصيحت قم قم fazihat aur ko nasihat, prov.: To be himself reprehensible, while advising others to behave well.

قب کاج مها کاج آب کاج مها کاج نواز آب کاج مها کاج well done; one's own business is the prime one.

آپ کو آسمان پر کھینچنا آپکوشاخزعفرانجاننا،سمجھنا قم ko āsmān par khinchnā, āp ko shākh-i-zàfrān jānnā, samajhnā, v. : To give oneself airs; to think too much of oneself; to be proud.

آب کو بھول جانا قم مر قم آب کو بھول جانا jānā, v.: To forget one-self; to forget one's past or origin.

أي كوپانا ap ko pānā, v. & n.m.:

(1) To realise one's true significance; to appraise one's correct value.

(2) Self-realization.

ق کو دور کھینچنا مقت مقت khinchna, v.: To

think a great deal of oneself; to consider oneself above the common man; to be conceited; to keep oneself aloof (from.)

آب کو ڈبونا āp ko dubonā v.:

To bring about one's ruin; to earn a bad reputation for oneself.

ق آپ کھائے بلی کو بتائے khāe billī ko batāe, pr عربہ: To blame somebody else for one's own doing.

id.: You need not worry (the risk, if any, is mine.)

(the risk, if any, is mine.)

قال كال كال المال المال

قب كى شكايت سر آنكهوں چر قب كة shikāyat sar ānkhon par, id.: Admittedly, you are justified to complain; no doubt, your grievance must be and is accepted.

آب هي $\ddot{a}p h\bar{l}$, pron. & adv.: (1) You, your- $\ddot{a}p\bar{l}$, $\ddot{s}elf$; no other

than you. (2) Without rhyme or reason; automatically.

تبا دهايي قيمة مُله قيمة أبا دهايي race for self; selfishness; keenness to successfully compete with others.

senses.

(W) To take care of one's body; to decorate oneself; to be careful; to hold one's body; to keep one's balance of mind; to come of age.

اَپے سے گزر جانا مونا عمیں نه هونا عمیں نه هونا عمیں نه هونا عمیں أَمَّةُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ الل

To come to one's senses; to recover from swoon, fatigue, fit of intemperance or anger.

أبي مين نه رهنا āpe men na rahnā, v.: To forget one's position or origin; to be highly irritated.

بس (H) āpas, adv.: Each other; one another; together; relationship; unity.

قبس داری قpas dārī, n.f.: Fraternity; relationship; brotherhood.

آپس ⁷ ä*pas kā, adj.* : Private ; mutual.

اپس میں رهنا āpas men rahnā,
v.: To live together; to
maintain good relations
(with neighbours); to
live together (as husband
and wife).

(H) ātā, n. m. : (Gne) who comes; (anything) which comes; money; debt; dues; arrear.

اقے (H) āte,: Plural of تا قدق.

(H) ātē,: Plural of تا قدق.

أقا جاتا جاتا جاتا جاتا بوالور ; passenger; passer by; any one coming and going back. (2) Knowing; smattering knowledge.

أقي أقي أقي أقي أقي أقي أقي أقي coming; on the point of coming; slowly; gradually.

āte jāte, : Plural أتع جاتع of آتا جاتا ātā jātā.

(P) ātish, n. f.: Fire; flame.

ing; fiery; raining fire; explosive; bombarding.

اَکُش باری ātish bārī, n. f.:
Bombardment; firing.

باز قائش باز قائد قائد قائد من باز who makes fire-works;

a fire-worksman; an exhibitor of fire-works.

قش بازى ātish bāzī, n. f : Fire-works.

قشبياك ātish bayān, adj. & n.m.: (1) Of fiery speech. (2) A fiery speaker.

أَتْش پذير ātish pazīr, adj. :
Combustible.

قش پرست قرست قرست قرست A fire-worshipper; a guabre; a follower of Zoroaster.

قش پرستی ātish parastī, n. f. :
Fire worship.

قش خانه آتش خانه منه آتش خانه منه آتش خانه منه آتش کده A fire temple; a fire-place; furnace; a powder magazine.

تش خو آتش خو. Fire-brand.

قش خوار A fire-eater; a worm born in fire; a salamander; (fig.) one who takes bribe; a tyrant; an oppressor.

انش دان atish dan, n.m.: Any receptacle for fire; fire-place; a hearth; a grate.

ātish rez, adj. : Pouring out fire ; incendiary.

قشرنان ātish zabāh, adj. & n. m.: (1) Of fiery tongue. (2) An eloquent (speaker).

قش زبانی ātish zabānī, n. f.:
Eloquence.

قش زدگی قtish zadagi, n.f.:

Out-break of fire; combustion; conflagration; arson.

قش زن ātish zan, n.m. : One setting fire.

قش زنى قtish zanī, n.f.: Ar-

son; act of setting fire.

قش زيريا (lit.) Having fire under one's feet; restless.

قش سيال قدish-i-saiyāl, n.f.: (lit.) Liquid fire; wine; liquor.

اتش طبع atish tab'a, adj. : Of fiery nature; fierce; hottempered; passionate.

قش طور قائل الله قائلة قائل الله قائلة قائل الله قائلة قائلة الله قائلة الله

أَدْش عنان atish 'ināh, adj. : (lit.) Fiery-bridled; ficet (horse).

قشان قشان آئش فشان آئش فشان n.m.: (1) Fire ejecting; fire-scattering. (2) A volcano.

من قبر کاله من قبر کاله n.m.: A burning peace of charcoal; a mischievous fellow; an astute person; a wicked man; an artful beloved; a fleet horse.

اتش کده atish kada(h), n.m.:

A fire-temple; a place where Parsis light the fire for worshipping pur-

poses; an extremly hot building or house.

قش گیر āt ish gīr, adj. & n.m.:

(1) Whatever catches fire; inflamable; ccmbustible. (2) A pair of tongs.

atish mizāj, عزاج قلل مزاج قلنه قلنه adj.:

ātish nāk,

Fiery; hot-tempered; ill-natured.

قش موسی قtish-i-Musa, : See آتش طور قtish - i - Tur, ante.

قش نفس قطن قطن نفس Of fiery breath; breath-ing fire.

أتش نمرود atish - i - Namrud, n. f.: The fire spread by Nemrud in which he cast Prophet Abraham and which providentially turned into a garden.

atishi, adj.: Related to or of fire.

قشين ātishīń, adj. : Like fire; having the qualities of fire; resembling fire.

(P) ā'ishak, n f.: A contagious venereal disease; syphillis. love; paternal affection; spirit; soul; mind; heart; body; hunger; stomach; the inner man; ego.

أَمَا تُهَادُى هُونَا مُعَادُى هُونَا مُعَادُى هُونَا مُعَادُم مُعَادِي هُونَا مُعَادِي مُعَادِي هُونَا مُعَادِي هُمُعُلِي مُعَادِي هُونَا مُعَادِي مُعَادِي هُونَا مُعَادِي هُمُ مُعَادِي هُمُ مُعَادِي مُعَادِي هُمُعُونَا مُعَادِي مُعَادِي هُمُ مُعَادِي مُعَادُم مُعَادِي مُعَلِّدُ مُعَادِي مُع

آنسو (T) $\bar{\alpha}i\bar{u}$, n.f.: A female teacher of girls; a governess.

Flour; meal; anything, particularly grain, ground to powder. (2) Worn out; rotten; mouldered.

المَّا الْمُ الْمُلِينِ الْمُلْمُ الْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ اللّهُ اللّه

انًا آنًا هوجانا موجانا ب. : To be ground or reduced to powder; to be worn out; to decay.

לו טון atā dāl, n.: Food s mea' edibles.

آئے دال کا بھو کھلنا ،

قبے کی آپا āṭe kł̄ āpā, n. f. : A simple or foolish woman.

قبے کے ساتھ گھن نه پس جائے قبو ke sāth ghun na pis jāg, id.: (lit.) The worm may not be ground with the flour; the innocent may not suffer a! g with the guilty.

تَا كُونَدَهنا قَرْقَ gundhna, v. :
To knead flour.

الل الميلا هونا قبرة وألق الميلا هونا v.: To be in hot water; to face difficulty after difficulty; to face yet another misfortune.

أثي مين نمك āte men namak, adj : (lit.) (As little as) salt in flour; not much; very little; a small fraction; nominal.

יש ושפ כאי āṭh āṭh āṅsū rulānā, v.: To cause to weep bitterly or ceaselessly; to deal with someone bitterly for long; to annoy continously.

ronā, v.: To weep bitterly; to shed a flood of
tears; to be dealt with
bitterly for long.

منه بهر قبله بهر قبله منه آنه بهر آماه آنهو د بهر āthon pahr, منهو د بهر adv.: (1) Day and night; all the twenty-four hours.

(2) Constantly.

تْهوان äthwän, adj.: Eighth; (W) eighth (month of pregnancy).

āịhon, آڻھون

أَيْهُوں كِمَ آَيْهُوں كَمُ آَيْهُوں مَا أَيْهُوں مَا يَّاهُوں مَا يَّاهُوں مَا يَّاهُوں مَا يَّاهُوں مَا يَّامُوں مَا يَّامُ يَامُوں مَا يَّامُ يَامُوں مَا يَّامُ يَّامُوں مَا يَّامُ يَامُوں مَا يَّامُ يَامُوں مَا يَّامُ يَامُوں مَا يَّامُ يَامُ يَامُوں مَا يَّامُ يَامُ يَعْمُونُ مَا يَعْمُولُ مَا يَعْمُولُ مِنْ مَا يَعْمُونُ مِنْ مَا يَعْمُولُ مِنْ مَا يَعْمُ يَامُ يَعْمُ يَامُ يَعْمُ يَامُ يَعْمُ يَامُ يَعْمُ يَامُ يَعْمُ يَامُ يَعْمُ يُعْمُ يَعْمُ يُعْمُ يَعْمُ يَعْم

میت قبور گانته کمیت فراه kumait, adj. : (lit.) A horse with all the eight joints (four of knees and four of ankles) unusually strong; clever; cumning; shrewd; sly.

قهوين قد أنهوين athwin, adj: Eighth.

اثر (A & U) āṣār, n.m.: (pl. of عنوا asar) Sayings and actions of the Holy Prophet and pious

Caliphs; traditions; architectural remains; ruins of old monuments; foundations of a building; width of a wall; relics; signs; traces; tokens; symptoms; effects; impressions; bases.

n.m.: Relics of the ancient greats; name of a well-known book by Sir Syed Ahmad Khan, dealing with the historical monuments and the great ones of Delhi.

مَّار قَديمه مَّهُ مَّهُ مَّهُ الْار قَديمه مَّهُ مَّهُ مَّهُ مَّهُ مَّهُ الْار قَديمه n.m.: Archaeological remains; ancient relies; archaeology; Department of Archaeology.

a culprit. (A) āsim, n.m. : A sinner;

moment; present period; these days; life time; this time.

ق کد هر بهو ل بزے؟ bhul pare?, prov.: How is it that (as if by chance) you bave turned up today?

ق آج کرے گا کل پائے گا karë gā kal pāegā, prov.:
As you sow, so shall you reap; man is rewarded or punished according to his deeds (in this world or the next or in both.)

Now-a-days; these days; soon; in a day or two; of late; recently. (2) Dilly dallying; hesitation; dedelay; procrastination.

آج کل کرنا قj kal karnā, v. :
To procrastinate; to dilly dally; to put off from day to day; to evade.

أم أم كيا جاتى دنيا ديكهى؟ kyā jāti dunyā dekhi?, prov.: How is it that you have come or shown regard (after such a long time?)

aj gae kal āe, id.: (lit.) To go today and to return tomorrow; to return early.

As you sow, so shall you أجر (A) ajir, n.m.: Employer;

giver of wages.

آخته (P) ākhtah, adj. & n. m. :

(1) Castrated; gelded. (2) A castrated animal.

آخته کرنا ā<u>kh</u>tah karnā v. To castrate.

اَخته هونا مَ<u>kh</u>tah honā, v. ! To be castrated.

tative sound of clearing the throat with a noise; psha; fie; pooh; tush.

آخر (A) $\bar{\alpha}\underline{k}\underline{h}ir$, adj. & n.m.:

(A) $a\underline{k}\underline{h}\overline{i}r$, adj. & n.m.:

(1) Last; final; later. (2) End; termination; conclusion.

آخر آخر آخر آخر آخر آخر آخر آخر آخر الخر the end; finally; at long last.

A) ākhir-ul-amr, آخرالامر (A) ākhir-ul-amr, آخر ش (P) ākhirash, آخر کار (P) ākhir-i-kār، آخر کار (U) ākhir ko,

adv.: At long last; ultimately; eventually; finally; in the end; after all.

اَخُوالُـزِمَان (A) ākhir-uz-zamāh, adj.: Last of all the times; also refers to the Holy Prophet Mohammed, who came into this world last of all.

آخربين (P) ā<u>kh</u>ir bīn, adj.: (lit.)

Having an eye on the

end; prudent; far-sighted.

قرزمانه Jā<u>kh</u>ir zamāna(h), n.m.: Times near doomsday; last days of one's life.

اخر کردینا ق<u>khir kardenā</u>, عند کرنا ق<u>khir karnā</u>,

To terminate; to execute;

to finish; to put an end
to.

قرهونا ākhir honā,: To end; to close; to (stand or) be last (in order); to expire.

اخرت (A) ākhirat, n.f.: The next world; the life hereafter; the world to come.

مَّذِن بَكَّارُنَا مَ<u>khirat</u> bigāṇnā,
v.: To mar one's life in
the next world.

مَ<u>kh</u>irat banānā, آخرت بنانا ق<u>kh</u>irat أخرت سنو ارنا ق<u>kh</u>irat sahwarnā,

v.: To ensure a blissful life in the next world.

ing to the end; final; last; concluding; extre-

me; later; eventual.

الفرى جهار شنبه shambā(h), n. m.: Last
Wednesday in the lunar
month of منب Safar,
observed with solemnity
by the Muslims, in memory of the recovery of
the Holy Prophet Mohammad from a serious
illness.

آخری دیدار akkiri didar, n.m.:

Last glimpse (by the relatives and friends, of a dying person).

آخرين (P) ūkhirīn, adj. : Last; latest; final.

اخور (P) ākhor, n.m. & adj. : (1)

Filth; refuse; rubbish. (2)

worthless; useless; no good.

آخون (P) <u>akh</u>ūn, کوند (P) <u>akh</u>und, اخوند

An instructor; A school master; a teacher, particularly of theology.

الب (A) ādāb, n.m., pl.: Good manners; etiquette; respects; ceremonies; formalities; civilities; greetings; salutations, particularly while taking leav.. of an elderly person; conven-

tions; forms of address in writing and speaking; compliments. (s. ادب adab).

آداب بجالانا قطقه bajā lānā. كرنا قطقة ādāb karnā,

pay homage or obeisance; to salute; to greet; to say good-bye; a form of thanks; also used satirically.

رداب و القاب قطقه من قطقه من قطقه من قطقه من آداب و القاب من قطقه من

أداب عرض قطقاً قطقة قطة أداب عوض intj.: (1) Polite salutatation; a form of satire. (2) Good-morning.; good evening; thanks.

نا عرض کرنا مَطْهَهُ مَا مَا عُرِفَا karnā, v.: To salute; to pay respects; to greet some one.

salutations, particularly الحرش (H) ādarash, adj. & n.: while taking leav. of an (Mod.) (1) Unseen; unseelderly person; convenheld (2) Ideal.

آدرشي

- قرشى ādarshī, adj.: Ideal; ideological.
- father of all human beings; the first man; mankind; a man; an originator.
 - أَدُم آبي ādam-i-ābī, n.m. : A fabulous animal, resembling man, that rises from the sea; merman; dolphin; sea nymph.
 - آدم ثانی ādam-i-sānī, n.m.:
 Prophet Noah.
 - قرم خور ādam <u>kh</u>or, n.m.: Man-eater; cannibal.
 - of Adam; mankind; human race.
 - آدم شناس ādam shinās, n.m.:

 One who can recognize human worth; one accomplished in evaluating men.
- of Adam; n.m.: Offspring of Adam; man; a noble, intelligent person; an honest man; husband; wife; a servant; a messenger; a representative; human being.

آدمی کچھ کھو کر سیکھتا ہے

- أذمى آدمى انتر، كوئى هيرا قطيرا قطي
- آدمی بنانا قdmī banānā, v :
 To civilize ; to teach
 manners.
- be civilized; to learn manners.
- قرمی جانے بسے' سو ناجانے کسے قطست قطست jāne base, sonā jāne kase, prov. : Man's attributes are known only after he has been tested, even as gold is evaluated through a touch stone.
- id.: Just a human face (neither beautiful nor ugly).
- قرمى كا شيطان آدمى هـ قرمة أدمى الله أدمى الل
- آدى كچھ كھوكر سيكھتا ھے قطmi kuchh kho kar sikhtā

آدمی نه آدم زاد

hae, prov. : One gains experience by losing something.

- قطمی نے کچا دودھ بیبا ھے قطmi ne kachchā dudh piyā hae, prov. : Man is apt to commit wrong ; to err is human.
- manity; fellow-feeling; good manners; human nature; civility; gentleness.

se jānā,
se jānā,
long jānā,
jat se guzar jānā,
v. : To cross the bounds
of civility; to lose propriety; to act savagely;
to become inhuman.

miyat ke jāme meh ānā,

prov. : To become a normal human being (after a fit of anger).

قطست مين لانا ādmīyat meh

lānā, v.: To bring one to senses; to civilize; to refine; to discipline.

هما (H) $\bar{a}dh$, adj. : Half.

- Half and half; fifty fifty; divided into two equal parts.
- الما بثير قطا تبتر أدها بثير قطام titar, ādhā baṭer, prov. :

 (lit.) Half partridge, half quail; of mixed complexion or quality; assorted; hotch-potch; confused (state of things); not of the same pattern.

قَطَا سَاجِهَا مَطَا سَاجِهَا مَطَا سَاجِهَا آدَهَا سَاجِهَا Fifty fifty partnership.

- v.: To divide into two equal parts; to reduce; to destroy.
- To be half; to be considerably reduced; to grow thin; to diminish

in size.

قطون آدهون قطhon قطh, adj. : Half ; fifty fifty ; just half.

قرهيبات ādhī bāt, adj.: Incomplete talk; objectionable or bad talk.

uthnā, v. : Not to be able to bear unreasonable talk.

قرهی بات نه سننا قطhi bāt na sunnā, v.: Not to hear disparaging remarks.

 stance; to be too greedy leads to complete loss.

اَدِينه (P) ädinā(h), n.: Friday.

كَا (E) āḍiṭ, n. & v.: (1) Audit.

(2) To audit; auditing

E) āḍiṭar, n. : Auditor.

(P) āzār, n. m.: A Greek month corresponding to March; the month of spring.

(2) The ninth solar month of the Persian calendar corresponding to January.

(3) Noted sculptor being the father or, according to some, the uncle of Prophet Abraham. (Also see آزر قيمته).

قرر برست āzar parast, adj.:

A fire-worshipper; a follower of Zoroaster.

آذرى قيari, n. f. & adj. : (1)

Idol making. (2) Related to اذر azar, the idol maker.

of iron fixed to the whip or the stick, used by the cart-man, to make the bullocks of the cart run; cob-

bler's needle; awl.

آر پار ār pār, adj. : Pierced through; across; through and through; from one side to the other (as a hole).

قر پار کرنا är pār karnā, v. :
To pierce through.

and going; traffic.

incite one to buck up; to persuade a lazy person to work.

(P) قَرَّة, adj.: Adorning; gracing; embellishing. (Used as a suffix, e. g. جبان آرا Jahān ārā, adorner of the world).

(A) ārā, n. f. pl. : Opinions, views. (s. رائع rāe.)

(H) ārā, n. m. : Saw ; hand-saw ; spoke of a wheel. (pl. āre).

آرا چلنا آرا چلنا م*ārā chalnā*, id. :

To be tortured; to be subjected to harrowing pain.

قرا کش قrā kash, n. m. : A

sawyer.

قرى ārī, n. f.: A small saw.

bellishment; decoration; dressing up of women; orderliness; preparation; arrangement.

أراسته (P) ārāstah, adj. : Embellished; decorated; bedecked; equipped; arranged; orderly; beautifully attired.

آراسته پیراسته بیراسته تراسته راسته راسته راسته rāstah, adj. : Well decorated ; well equipped ; fully arranged.

آراسته کرنا قrāstah karnā, v.:
To decorate; to adorn;
to equip.

قراسته هونا قrāstah honā,
v. : To be decorated.

(P) ārām, n. m.: Relief; rest; repose; ease; comfort; respite; convenience; recovery from illness; cure; alleviation; health.

i ārām ānā, v. : To feel well; to get cured; to recover.

آرام پانا ārām pānā, v. : To get comfort.

قرام پسند قrām pasand,) قرام طلب قrām talab, Ease loving; indolent; idle; lazy; slothful; inert.

قرامينجانا قrām pahunchānā, ārām denā, آرام دينا v.: To give comfort; to provide ease; to bless with recovery.

قرام تلخ هونا قرام تلخ هونا قرام قلخ هونا v.: To be put to discomfort.

: ārām-i-jāħ, n.m. آرام جان (lit.) Solace of life; darling; beloved; (fig.) son; daughter; progeny.

arām chauki, آرام چوکی أرام كرسي قrām kursi, أ Easy chair.

قرام د• ārām deh, adj.: Comfortable; easeful; cushy.

قرام كرنا قrām karnā, v. : To take rest; to go to bed; to sleep.

قَ قَrām gāh, n. f. : Resting place; bed room; residence.

ārām honā, v. : To recover from illness; to feel comfortable.

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P) ārāish, n. f.: Decoration; embellishment; dressing; beauty.

آرتی (H) ārtī, n. f.: A ceremony performed by Hindus by taking a tray, with burning candle on it, round the head of an idol; music held during the ceremony.

(E) ārt, n. m. : Art.

(E) ārtist, n. m. : Artist.

(E) ärtikl, n. m. : Article.

E) ārṭilarī, n. m.: Attillery.

آرک (P) ārad, n. m.: Flour.

آرگر (E) ārḍar, n. m.: Order.

آرزو (P) ärzū, n. f.: Wish; desire; longing; yearning; ambition; love; request; entreaty; prayer; hope; inclination; expectation; solicitude.

آرزو بر آنا ārzū bar ānā, v. : The desire to be fulfilled, materialized.

آرزو بر لانا قrzū bar lānā, v.: To fulfil or materialize the desire.

أرزو خاك مين ملانا <u>khak men milānā</u>, v.:
To frustrate the desire;
to disappoint.

آرزو خاک میں ملنا ārzū khāk men milnā, آرزو خاک میں مل جانا ārzū khāk men mil jānā, To be frustrated; to be disappointed.

آرزو کرنا ārzū karnā, v.:
To wish; to desire; to long for; to solicit.

آرزو هند (1) Wishful; desirous; aspiring; longing for; concerned; bent on; importunate; intent on; eager. (2) An aspirant.

آرزو ئيے خام ārzū-e-khām, n. f.:
Unattainable wish; use-less longing; desire which cannot be fulfilled.

قارزو هندی ārzū mandī, n. f.: Wishfulness; eagerness; desire; longing; yearning.

ارسی (H) ārsī, n. f.: A ring with a small mirror set on it, in place of a stone, for women, particularly the brides, to wear on their thumb in

which they can see their decorated face in private.

قرسي مصحف قrsi mushaf, n. m.: (lit.) Looking glass (and) the Holy Quran; a marriage ceremony among the Indo-Pak. Muslims in which the bridegroom, at the bride's house and before taking her away after the matrimony, reads a particular chapter of the Holy Quran and then sees his wife's face for the first time in a looking glass, both of them seated together under a common decorative cover.

آو کسٹوا (E) ārkesṭrā, n. m. : Orchestra.

آرے (P) āre, part. : Yes, yea. āre bale karnā, ارے بلے کرنا are bale karnā, ارے بلے کرنا v. : To evade; to shilly shally.

(1) Noble; great; venerable.

(2) Name of a nation comprising worshippers of the gods of the Brahmans; member of Aryan family; (also applied to) a family of languages; an Aryan; a

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آريا سماج āryā samāj, n.m.:
A Hindu sect founded by
Swami Daya Nand Sarswati, whose members
follow vedic religion.

follower of Arya Samaj.

- Ancient name of northern tracts of the vast land, later conquered by the Musalmans and consolidated as Hindustan.
- آريا مهر قryā mehr, n. m. :

 Sun of the Aryan stock;

 title of His Imperial

 Majesty Emperor Raza

 Shah Pahlavi of Iran.
- أربائى āryāl, adj. : Aryan (race and languages); belonging or related to the Aryans.
- (H) ār, n. m.: Screen; shade; protection; shelter; defence; covering; excuse; concealment; buttress; prop.
 - قَّ بِكُوْنَا ār pakarnā, v. : To take shelter; to lie in ambush.

- قَّةِ كُونَا screen; to shelter; to conceal.
- ar lenā, v.: To seek cover; to go behind the screen; to take shelter.
- قرمیں är men, adv.: Under the cover of; lying in ambush; under the pretext or pretence of; behind.
- أَرُّ هِين آنا ar men ana, v. : To be screened; to be concealed.
- أَوًا مَرِهُمْ أَوًا مَرِهُمْ أَوَا مَرِهُمْ أَوَا مَرِهُمْ أَوَا مَرِهُمْ أَوْا مَرَاءُ أَوْا مَرَاءُ أَوْا مَ أَوْا مَا أَوْا مِا أَوْا مَا مَا أَوْا مَا مَا أَوْا مَا مَا أَوْا مَا مَا أَوْا مَا أَوْا مَا أَوْا مَا أَوْا مَا مَا أَو
 - قرا بائے جامه āṛā pāejāmā(h),

 n.: A pair of tight

 Pakistani trousers with

 gathers at the shin.
 - āṛā tirchhā, adj. :
 Oblique; crooked.
 - قَرُا وقت āṛā waqt, n. m.:

 Time of adversity; difficult moment.
 - قبن هيكل قبا āri haekal, n. f.:

 An ornament worn by women in the neck.
 - اڑے آنا āre ānā, v. : To help;

to protect; to shield; to be a friend in need.

أَرِّ عَاتَهُوں لَينَا āre hāthon lenā, v.: To chide; to rebuke; to scold; to take to task; to pull up.

(H) ārū, n. m. : Peach.

kerage; commission; commission depot.

قرتی قربنا, من قربی آرتی آرتی آرتی آرتی آرتی آرهتی آرهتی آرهتی mission agent; a broker.

side (in a game); a partner.

(P) āz, n. f.: Greed; avarice; covetousness.

(1) Free; at liberty; unfettered; happy go lucky; unchecked; not bound; at large; single; separate; independent. (2) A free man; a tribe of faqirs; a mendicant.

قَرَادَانُهُ āzādānā(h), adv. :
Freely; independently.

قرادانه راك قzādānā (h) rāe, إذادانه راك āzād rāe, أزاد راك n.f.: Unbiased opinion;

independent view.

ازاد خبال غبال قzād khayāl, n.m. & adj. : (1) A free thinker; a liberal person. (2) Free-thinking.

آزاد خيالي āzād khayāli, n. f.:

Liberalizm: Free thinking.

أزاد طبع أقترة أزاد طبع أقترة أزاد طبع أقترة أزاد منش أقترة أزاد منش أقترة أزاد منش أقترة أقترة

قرنا قرنا قرنا قرنا قرنا قرنا قرنا set at liberty; to grant freedom: to discharge.

قَرَادگَ āzādgi, n. f.: Freedom; release; liberation; acquittal; deliverance.

أزاد مود āzād mard, n. m.:

A free man; a fearless person; a person not interested in worldly fetters.

from bondage; released from confinment; discharged; liberated.

قراده رو قzāda(h) rao, adj. :

Free in action and thought; bold; fearless.

- أزاده روى āzāda(h) rawī, n.
 f.: Acting and thinking freely; unfettered conduct.
- أزاد هونا قzād honā, v. : To be free; to attain freedom; to be dauntless and unfettered.
- قرادى قzādi, n. f.: Freedom; liberty; emancipation.
- (P) āzār, n. m. : Ailment ; sickness; disease; trouble; injury; malady; woe.
 - أزار ده āzār deh, adj: Teasing; annoying; troublesome; distressing.
 - آزار دهی آرار دهی قیم قرار دهی آزار دهی Causing of afflication or vexation; tormenting.
 - give trouble; to cause grief; to vex; to gall; to plague.
 - آزار رسان āzār rasān, adj.: Hurtful; troublesome; persecuting.
 - āzār rasānī, n. f.: أزار رساني Persecution; tormenting.
 - قرار رسيده قzār rasīdah, adj. & n. m. : (1) Distressed; tormented; vexed. (2) A distressed one.

- آذر (A) āzar, : See آذر āzar, (although the present is a more correct form).
- آزردگی (P) āzurdagī, n. f.: Sadness; anguish; resentment; woe; trouble; injury; distress; dissatisfaction.
- أزركه (P) āzurdah, adj.: Dissatisfied; grieved; dejected; unhappy; morose; annoyed; troubled; gloomy.
 - مَاطَر الله مَاطَر الله عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْه
 - ازرده کرنا āzurdah karnā, v. : To displease; to trouble; to afflict.
- آزمایش (P) āzmāish, n. f.: Trial; test; examination; experiment.
 - آزهایش مین نههرنا چورا اُقرنا قدسه فههرنا چورا اُقرنا قدسه فههرنا چورا اُقرنا pura utarna, v.: To stand the test; to prove equal to the task; to

prove one's mettle in difficult circumstances.

أزمايشي āzmāishī, adj.: Preliminary; tentative; experimental.

ed; well tried; proved; experimented.

قرموده کار قzmūdah kār, adj. ه n. m. : (1) Experienced; seasoned. (2) A veteran.

(P) مَّتَ تَوْفُهُ (P) مَّارُوفُهُ (P) مَّارُوفُهُ (P) Food of birds; sustenance; subsistence; meagre diet; income.

(H) āv, n. f.: (1) Trust; faith; expectation; hope (particularly among women) of having a child; assurance; refuge; support; mainstay.

(2) Voice, whether vocal or instrumental, with which partners help the musician.

(3) (abbr. of آسيا āsyā) A grind stone.

أس أو لاذ ās aulād, n. f.: Off-spring; children; progeny.

أس باقى نه رهنا ās bāqī na rahnā, أس جاتى رهنا ās jāiī rahnā, lose hope.

ās bāndhnā, v.:

قه الس باس as pas, adv. : Near; near about; in the neighbourhood; around.

أس باس برس، دلى بلاى ترسے قد مقد pās barse, dillī parī tarse, prov. : (What a pity that) while strangers are receiving benefits, the deserving ones are being neglected.

ās toṛnā, v. : To disappoint; to despair.

قة أس دينا ās denā, v. : (1) To give hope; to solace; to encourage. (2) To help with voice, vocal or instrumental, in music.

ās rakhnā,] ق قs karnā, To hope; to have faith.

as se honā, v.: : (W) To be pregnant; to be an expectant mother; to be in the family way.

لس قs lagānā, v. : To look for; to pin hope; to expect; to hang on.

ās lagi honā. v.: To hope for something.

ق مراد قد murād, n. f. Offspring; progeny; issues.

قة murād wāli, adj.: (A woman) having offsprings; (a mother) with (her) children.

ās honā, v. : To be hopeful; to expect; (W) to expect a child.

ا سا (H) āsā, adj.: Hopeful.

āsā أسا جئے ' نراسا مرے jiye, nirāsā mare, prov. : Hope sustains, (while) despair kills.

(P) āsā, adj: Like; similar. (U) āsāmī,) آسامي اسامي (U) asāmī. Farmer; agriculturist.

Client (3) Job; post.

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آسان (P) āsān, adj. : Easy (opp. of شکل mushkil, difficult); feasible; convenient; facile; light.

قعقه قعان كرنا كردينا قعدينا مرنا كردينا kar denā, v.: To make convenient easy, practicable; to facilitate; to disentangle.

قىمان ھونا قsān honā, v. : To be easy or practicable.

(P) asani, n. f.: Facility (opp. of دشواری dushwari, difficulty); ease; convenience; smoothness; easiness; freedom; practicability.

P) āsāish, n. f.: Comfort; tranquillity; convenience; respite; calmness.

P) āstān, استار الستانه (P) قstānā(h), Threshold; entrance; tomb (of a saint); residence; mansion; entrance (to a shrine).

قsiān bos, }n.: asianā(h) bos, J أستانه بوس Kisser of the threshold (out of reverence); a servant.

آستان بوسی قstān bosī, n. f.:

Kissing of the threshold; paying one's respects; a visit (to some religious person or his tomb).

ا استا ئى(H) āstāi, n. f.:

The initial part of a song; the beginning of a musical note. (The song itself is also sometimes so called.)

- استين (P) āstīn, n. Sleeve;
 portion of the dress which
 contains the arm.
 - آستين ألثنا قstin ulaina, v.:

 To turn up one's sleeves

 (to get ready to do a job or to fight).
 - تستبن بيكان آ قstin pakaṛnā,
 To detain; to preent a person from doing
 something; to apprehend.
- مَّ مَّ السَّبِينَ چَرْهَانَا مَّ مَّ السَّبِينَ چَرْهَانَا مَّ مَّ السَّبِينَ چَرْهَانَا مَّ السَّبِينَ چَرْهَانَا *• To be ready to fight; to threaten; to menace;

to be ready to take up responsibility; to replace a sleeve with another.

- id.: An enemy in the garb of a friend; a snake in the grass; a traitor.
- men chhuri rakhnā, v.:

 To have a daggar in the sleeve; to be an enemy in the guise of a friend.
- الناني بالنا مين ساني بالنا مين ساني بالنا men sanp palnā, v.: To do favour to an enemy; to make friends with an ill-wisher; to do good to one who is likely to prove harmful.
- (H) āsrā, n. m.: Dependence; reliance; hope; refuge; asylum; support; expectation; trust: faith; means of protection or subsistence; assurance; sanctuary; abode.
 - آسرا باندهنا قsrā bāndhnā, v.

 To hope: to expect; to seek protection.
 - أسرابندهوانا āsrā bandhwānā,
 v.: To give hope ; to
 extend support.

- أسرا تكنا قsrā taknā v. :
 To look for help, support
 or succour.
- قىرا توژنا قوژنا توژنا To disappoint; to disillustion; to leave one helpless.
- قسرا دینا قدیم āsrā denā, v. : To give or inspire hope; to raise expectation; to extend support; to reassure.
- أسرا كرنا قدة قدمة أسرا كرنا قدة قدة أسرا لكانا قدة أسرا لكانا To rely; to depend; to hope.
- (H) āskat, n. f.: Laziness; idleness; unwillingness to work.
- اسمان (P) āsmān, n. m. : Sky ; heavens ; the vault of heaven; the celestial orbs.
 - قسمان چر آؤنا قsmān par uṛnā,
 v.: (lit.) To fly against the sky; to ride on a high horse; to brag; to swagger; to be conceited.
 - أسمان پر تهوكنا āsmān par thūknā, v. : (lit.) To spit towards the sky; to act improperly or foolishly.

- أسمان پر چڑهانا āsmān par charhānā, v. : To raise (one) to the skies; to exaggerate in praise; to wheedle.
- أسمان پر دماغ هو نا قعسقه fasmān par dimāgh honā, v.: To be proud or vain; to be presumptuous; to think too much of oneself; to be wise in one's own conceit.

قاسمان پهٹ بونا āsmān phuṭ paṛnā, اسمان ثوٹ پونا āsmān ṭūṭ paṛnā, اسمان ثوثنا āsmān ṭūṭnā,

> be overtaken by calamity; to suffer from excessive disaster.

- m.: (1) Having a sky high position; of an axalted rank. (2) One of the nobles, Nawab Sir Asman Jah Bahadur, of the former premier Muslim state in the Indo-Pak. sub-continent, Hyderabad Deccan.
- آسمان زهين ايک کردينا قsmān zamin ek kar denā,

- v.: To move heaven and earth; to leave no stone unturned; to create great commotion or disturbance.
- قسمان زهين ايک هونا āsmān zamīn ek honā, v.: To be revolutionised; befalling of a great misfortune.
- تسمان زمين كا فرق āsmān zamin kā farq, id.: Vast or great difference.
- أسمان زمين كے قلابے ملانا قsmān zamīn ke qullābe milānā. v. : To achieve the impossible; to make one's best efforts; to be a damned liar; to be extremely sly.
- أسمان سر در ألها نا āsmān sar par uṭhānā, v. : To create a din; to shout; to yell; to make a row.
- أسمان سے باتیں كرنا āsmān se bāten karnā, id.: To be sky high (building); to be of unusual height.
- أسمان سے كرا كهجور هين الكا قsmān se girā. khajūr meh aṣkā, id. : Out of the

frying pan into the fire.

- قسمان سے گرنا āsmān se girnā,
 v.: To fall down from
 a great height; to come as
 a windfall; to be ruined.
- أسمان كها كيا يا زهين آهيان مين آهيا يا زهين آهيان كها كيا يا زهين آهيان آهيان كها كيا يا زهين آهيان آه
- ke tare torna, v.: (lit.) To pluck the stars of the sky; to achieve the impossible; to perform a miracle; to do something marvellous.
- men thigh lagana, id.: To be adventurous; to be very clever; to be very crafty; to be very sharp: to be expert in one's trade; to accomplish some thing very difficult.
- (P) āsmāni, adj.: (1) Rela-

ted to sky; heavenly; celestial. (2) Sudden; unexpected. (3) Sky blue; azure.

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ق آسمانی کتاب āsmānī kitāb, n. f.: A book revealed by God on some Prophet, like the Holy Quran, the Bible.

position; pose; seat; mode of sitting of jogis at their devotional exercises; mattress or deer-skin on which Hindus sit during their prayer; posture of sex exercise; part of the rider's thigh touching the back of the horse.

قان جمانا قsan jamānā, اسن جوزنا قsan joṛnā, اسن جوزنا āsan marnā,

To sit well; to settle down; to stay at a place; to sit in a particular pose; to sit firm like

rishis or divines; to sit firmly on horse-back.

is gained; to establish; to stay; to spread teh bed.

أسودگی آسودگی آسودگی آسودگی آسودگی ment; satisfaction; ease; comfort; quietness; competency; composure; prosperity; well-being; wealth; affluence.

circumstances; prosperous; satisfied; comfortable; cosy; content; opulent; rich; satisfied.

آسوده حال āsūda(h) hāl, adj. : Well off; wealthy; satisfied; contented; care-free.

قينا قيرنا (asūda(h) honā, v. : To be satisfied; to be affluent; to be in favourable circumstances.

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- اسيا (P) āsiyā, n. f.: A millstone; a grindstone; a mill.
- آسيب (P) āseb, n. m. : Demon; evil spirit; one that haunts; injury; grief; shock.
 - قارنا قseb utārnā, v. : To exorcise; to cast off an evil spirit.
 - قهن قsab zada(h), adj. & n.: (1) Demoniac; demoniacal; haunted. (2) A person possessed of evil spirits.
 - قيب كا خلل قseb kā kkalal, n. m.: Influence of evil spirits.
 - قسيبي، āsebi, adj.: Due or pertaining to evil spirits; ghostly.
- (P) āsh, n. m.: Soup; broth; gruel; pottage.
 - āsh jau, n. m. : Barley water; gruel.
- (S) āshā, n.f.: Hope; expectation; desire.
- (P) āshām, adj. & n. : (1) (Used in comp.) One who

- drinks (as باده آشام bāda(h) āshām, a drinker of wine). (2) A kind of soup or gruel.
- (P) āshti, n. f.: Reconciliation; accord; peace.
- (H) āshram, n. f. : Abode of a hermit or religious student; a hostel; a school; a religious dwelling of Hindus.
 - P) āshuftagī, n. f.: Perturbation; disorder; uneasiness; distraction.
- آشفته (P) āshuftah, adj. : Purturbed; distracted; perplexed; careworn; distressed; (fig.) in love.
 - آ شفته حال āshuftah hāl, adj.: In an afflicted or perturbed condition; in love.

āshuftah khāţir,) أشفته خاطر قفته دل āshuftah dil.

āshuftah tabà, adj.: Troubled at heart; mentally disturbed; uneasy; worried; depressed.

قفته سر āshuftah sar, قفته دماغ قshuftah dimāgh adj.: Having a distracted mind.

قفته هو قshuftah mu, adj.:

Having dishevelled hair.

اشكار (P) āshkār, اشكار (P) āshkārā, ble ; evident ; flagrant ;
clear ; disclosed ; apparent;
open ; well-known ; conspicuous ; public.

(P) āshnā, adj. & n. m. :(1)
Acquainted; fond of; attached; informed. (2) An acquaintance; a comrade; a friend; a paramour; a lover; a prostitute.

āshnāyānah, adv. : In a friendin way.

aintance; intimacy; friendship; illicit relations; lialson.

آشوب (P) āshob, n. m.: Terror; dread; confusion; uproar; disturbance; tumult; clamour; upheaval; mutiny; revolution.

قوب چشم قshob-i-chashm, n.
m.: Redness and swell-

ing of the eye.

ق ق بروزگار قshob-i-rozgār, n. m.: Tumult of the world; upheaval of the age; (fig.) sweetheart.

n. m.: Tumult of the day of resurrection; great disturbance or commotion; doomsday.

آشیاں (P) āshiyāh,

(P) āshiyāna(h),

Nest; lodging; residence.

تشیانه اُنهانا āshiyānā(h) uṭhānā,
v. : To abandon the
nest; to give up one's
abode; to forsake a place.

تشيانه بنانا قshiyānā(h) banānā,
v. : To build a nest or
house; to lodge.

(A) aṣif, n. m.: Name of Solomon's minister; any wise counsellor or wazir.

adj.: Perمفیه آصفیه
قبه قبه آصفیه
مغیر قبه آصفیه
taining to the person or
government bearing the
appellation أصف قبه قبه أصفیه
family of the Nizams of

the former premier Muslim State of Hyderabad Deccan (India), tracing themselves from the first Nizam called مناباً المناباء أمناباً أها (having grandeur of Asif).

- adj. & n.: (1) Wealthy (in wisdom) like Asif. (2)
 Title of a great Muslim ruler, Nawab Asif-ud-Daulah of Oudh, now a part of the State of U.P. (India).
- term of respect (used in Iran for females, the corresponding term for males being to aqā); elder brother; ruler; chieftain.
- jiel (P) āghāz, n m.: Beginning; commencement; initiative; outset; origin.
 - anjām na sochnā, v.: Not to consider pros and cons; not to foresee; not to weigh well.
 - تغاز کرنا aghāz karnā, v. : To commence; to begin; to start; to take initiative.

- anjām tak, adv. : From beginning to end; from first to last.
- The initiation of something; going ahead with a job.
- Wet; moistened; mixed; polluted.
- P) āghosh, n. m. & f.:
 Bosom; lap; embrace.
 - قوش گرم کرنا ق<u>gh</u>osh garm karnā, id. : To warm one's bosom; to lock in one's arm; to embrace.
 - قوش نحد قوhosh-i-lahad, n.:

 The embrace of the grave;
 death.
 - effort of milk-fed infants to utter something.
 - (A) āfāt, n. m. pl.: Calamities; disasters; mishaps; oppressions; misfortunes; hardships; accidents; evils; evil spirits; epidemics. (s. —il āfat).
 - قات ارضى قfāt-i-arzī, n. m.: Earthly calamities like

epidemics, famine etc.

m.: Heavenly calamities like cyclones, floods etc.; bolt from the blue; unexpected visitations.

آفاق (A) āfāq, n. m. pl.: Horizons; corners of the sky; the world; the Universe. (s. ufaq.)

World enveloping; all embracing.

world-wide; global; cosmopolitan; belonging to the entire world.

āfāqiyat, n. f.: Univer-sality.

mishap; misery; calamity; misfortune; famine; cvil spirit; injustice; (fig.) the wicked one (sweetheart).

نا قرمة قرمة قرمة آفت آنا قرمة قرمة قرمة قرمة أفت نوانا قرمة قرمة أفت نواننا قرمة أفت نواننا

To be overtaken by misfortune; to suffer from pain, sorrow or misery. To endure; to work hard.

(2) To cause trouble or misfortune; to create noise; to make mischief.

أفت توزنا قروزنا مراه قروزنا مراه قوزنا perpetrate cruelty; to tyrannise; to terrorise; to afflict.

تفت جاں قرم قرم آفت جاں مراق قرم آفت جاں calamity for (one's) life; (fig.) beloved; a beautiful damsel.

قت جوتنا قfat fotnā, v. : To create terror, disorder or confusion; to tyrannise.

bring about calamity; to create troubles and miseries.

Ulas coi afat ahana,
Ulas coi afat machana,
To perpetrate calamity;
to raise a tumult.

مان تعاق قرهد zada(h), مان تعاق قرهد تعالمه قرميلاه adj.: Oppressed by adversity or misfortune ; unlucky; miserable.

آفتاب لب بام

بركاله قفت كا بركاله parkāla(h),

ا أفت كا تكو آ قبت كا تكو آ فت كا تكو آ قبت كا تكو آ قبت كا تكو آ

A mischievous fellow; a sharp one; an astute person; (fig.) the beloved.

آفت كى پۈيا āfat ki puryā, n. f.: A naughty child; a sly hag.

bring misfortune or calamity.

قات مول لينا āfat mol lenā,
v.: To court trouble; to
invite misfortune or calamity.

ق قائد میں پونا قfat men paṛṇā، آفت میں پونا قfat men آفت میں پھنسنا phansnā,

v.: To be overtaken by calamity or disaster; to be involved or entangled in difficulties.

(۱) The sun; sunshine; (fig.) the beloved. (2) Famous; dignified; accomplished.

P) قائمد دلیل آفتاب آمد دلیل آفتاب amad dalil-e-āfiāb, prov.:

A hemistich which (lit.) means the sun is its own proof i. e., a self-evident truth needs no argument or demonstration.

sawā neze par ānā, افتاب ایک نیزے پر آنا āftāb افتاب ایک نیزے پر آنا ek neze par ānā,

id.: (lit.) The sun to come just a lance and a quarter or only a lance (near the earth) — a sign of doomsday.

قتاب پرست قراههٔ آفتاب پرست Sun-worshipper.

قتاب پرستی āfiāb para ti, n. f.: Worship of the sun.

آفتاب اقبال قراقة آفتاب اقبال m.: (lit.) The sun of good fortune; high water mark of one's greatness.

n.m.: (lit.) The sun on the brink of the terrace (or western horizon); the setting sun; (fig.) an old man about to depart;

anything declining.

n. m.: The sun on the day of resurrection; a radiant beauty.

مغرب سے نگلنا قاب مغرب سے نگلنا aftāb
maghrib se nikalnā, v.:
Rising of the sun from
the West — a sign of
doomsday.

jug; a vessel with a spout for holding water.

(P) قائمانی (P) آفتانی (P) Anything pertaining to or like the sun; sun-burnt; solar; round. (2) A small hand fan; a shield.

قتابی چهره قراه قرانی چهره n. m.: Round face.

n. m.: A style of roundness, as opposed to ovalness, of some letters, followed by the calligraphists.

قتابی غسل قيرة āfrābi <u>gh</u>usi, n.m.: Sun bath.

آفریدگار (P) āfrīdgār, } n.m. : افریننده (P) āfrīninda(h), The Creator; the Supreme Being; God Almighty.

آفريده (P) āfrīda(h), adj. : Created; begotten.

افریدی (P) āfrīdī, n. m. : A

Pathan clan in the northern

part of West Pakistan - the

tribal area.

P) āfrīn, n. f. & intj. :

(1) Praise; acclamation.

(2) Well done! bravo!

P) āfrīnish, n. f.: Creation.

E) āfis, n. m. : Office.

(E) āfset, n. m.: Offset (process of printing).

(P) āqā, n. m.: Lord; employer; master.

n. m.: Master of both the worlds; an appellation with which Muslims reverently mention Holy Prophet Muhammad.

iagā -i - wall niàmat, n. m. : An appellation used by servants while mentioning or addressing their masters.

آ ک

حاً (H) قلا, هجاً (H) ākh, n. m. : A wild رُور (H) āg, plant used for medicinal purposes; swallow-wort.

عيا هيا هله أك كي بوهيا ak ki buphya, n. f.: The white, soft flying substance of the fruit of the plant ST ak.

KI (T) ākā, n. m.: Elder brother; a term of respect; friend.

(H) ākās, أكاس H) ākāsh, Ether: firmament; sky; space.

قاش باني مرقة أكاش باني akash wani. آگاش وانی & n.f.: (1) Heavenly. (2) A voice from heaven; an inspiration; an oracle; the name adopted by the All India Radio.

قلم قلمة أكاس بيل akās bel, امر بيل amar bel. A parasite plant; air creeper; dodder.

And (E) Eksijan, n. f.: Oxy-

قرق قksford, n. m. : Oxford; a famous university town in England.

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(E) āksan, adj. & n. : (1) Oxonian. (2) Past present member of University of Oxford.

(H) $\bar{a}g$, n, f. & adj. : (1) Fire; flame; glow; heat; (fig.) wrath; hatred; affection; violent passion; excitement; burning; pungency; anything of a fiery nature; syphilis; extreme hunger and thirst'; calamity; love. (2) Hot; deep red; fiery; wrathful; furious.

ag bagula honā, أكبكو لاهونا ق ميبولاهونا قg babila hona, id.: (lit.) To be in a whirl-wind of passion: to be mad with rage; to be furious.

Ulaza Fi ag bujhana. قع آگ بر ياني ڏالنا آ v. To put out fire; t

pour water on fire; to satisfy thirst, hunger or lust; to appease a tumult : to pacify a quartel; to put down a disturbance; to feed some one to his satisfaction.

i ag barsānā, v.: To rain fire; to pour in shots and shells; to cannonade; to rain a volley; to bombard.

ق أك برسنا قg barasnā, v. : To be exceedingly hot; to fall in abundance (shots and shells).

ق أقل بن جانا قع ban jānā, كا بن جانا قع ban jānā, كا تعوجانا قع أقل هو جانا آك هو جانا To become all fire; to burn with rage.

adj.: Red like fire; fiery; saucy; wanton.

To stir or blow the fire; to fan the flame; to excite; to blow the coals; to rake the embers; to stir up (bad feelings); to infuriate.

To be stirred, blown or kindled (fire); to be inflamed.

قی پانی کا ہیر قی pāni kā baer, id. :

قی pāni kā baer, id. :

قی phūhs kā baer,

Antagonism, as between fire and water, or between fire and dry grass; mortal enmity.

اک پانی کا سنجو کر ig pan!

kā samjog, id.: Amity
between fire and water;
union of two opposites.

ag pani men lagana, id.; To oreate antagonism between well-intentioned persons; to stir up quarrel where no reason for it exists; to prove superbly crafty or artful.

أم ير تيل كيكانا ag par tel tapkānā, v. : (lit.) To pour oil on fire; to add fuel to the fire; to fan the flame; to provoke or excite the trouble.

ع اک پر لولنا ag par loinā, انگروں پر لولنا angāron par loinā,

v.: (lit.) To roll on fire; to be uneasy; to feel reatless; to feel jealous; to burn with envy or jealousy.

To feel great heat; to be blown into dames; to feel burning in the stomach; to be in rage; to boil over.

To blow or stir the fire; to excite; to enrage; to create differences between two persons; to increase burning.

ق آگ ثهندی کرنا قg بhandi karnä. r.: To extinguish fire; to quell rebellion; to bring about reconciliation.

قَ قَع jalānā, v. : To kindle fire.

control fire; to cover embers with ashes; to suppress blaze.

on fire; to inflame; to burn a corps; to cremate.

قَعُ سَلَكُانًا āg su/gānā, v. : To light fire ; to fan the

flame; to burn; to blow the coals.

pāni ho jānā, v.: To cool down; to become sober; to recover from a violent fit of temper.

اگ کا بنا هو! huā, adj. : (lit.) Made of fire; fierce; hot-tempered.

ق کا جلا آگ هی سے اچها هو تا هے هوتا هو قوتا هو قوتا هو قام قو kā jālā āg hì se achchhā hotā hae, prov.
Like cures like; measure for measure; diamond cuts diamond; fire browbeats fire.

Ti āg kā lūkā, n.m. :
Fire-flame.

قو انگارے هگےگا سو انگارے هگےگا مو khāe gā so angāre hage gā, prov. : (Whoever) will sow wind will reap whirlwind, will suffer worse results of his bad action.

نا کجلان قg kajlānā, v. : To

become black after burning (fire).

Jو کا قو ke mol, adj. :

Very dear; high priced;

scarce.

set fire; to inflame; to foment quarrel; to excite discord; to excite discortentment; to agitate; to enrage; to create disturbance; to make mischief; to sow strife.

lagā kar pāni ko daoṛnā,

v.: (lit.) To set fire and
then run for water; to run
for plaster after causing
the wound; raising quarrel and then pretending
to pacify it; to deceive;
to play tricks.

catch fire; to burn; to be hot; to burn with rage, indignation, envy or jealousy; (fig.) to feel intense hunger.

اک نگے قg lage, اک نگے قلم قلم قلم آک نگے جائے آم قو lag jāe, اک نگ جائے intj. : (W) (lit.) Fire burn

it! may it perish! plague take it! blast thee! hang thee!

قع لكي بر كنوان كهود نا قع lage par kunwān khodnā, prov. : Shutting the stable after the horse is carried off.

آک لینے آنا āg lene ānā, v.:

To pay a flying visit; to pay a doctor's visit.

ق میں جلنا قg men jalnā, v.:
To feel jealous.

أك ميں جهونك دينا āg meh jhohk denā, v.: To fling into fire; to burn outright.

ق میں کو د پڑنا āg men kūd paṛnā, v. : To court disaster; to endanger oneself (knowingly).

اک بوت (H & E) ag bo!, } n.f.:

A steam-boat; a steamer.

- (H) āgā, n.m.: Front; face; facade; forehead.
 - ت قوق ألا بهارى هونا قوق bhārl hona, v.: (1) To be pregnant; to be in the family way. (2) To be dangers on the way.
 - Front and rear; private parts of the body; the cloth forming the fore and back parts of the garment; pros and cons; the beginning and the end.
 - dekhnā, v. : To look in front and behind; to look on every side; to consider pros and cons; to be alert; to be careful.
 - sochnā, v. : To weigh well; to consider well; to deliberate; to think of one's future and past commitments.
 - مَّا بِيجِها كرنا مُوهِ مَّا لِيجِها كرنا مُوهِ مَّا مُوهِ مُقَالِمُ مُوهِ اللهُ مُوهِ اللهُ مُعْلَمُ اللهُ مُ to be reluctant; to be irresolute.
 - اگا قاتا لینا مَوق agā tāgā lenā, v.: (W) To be hospitable;

- to entertain; to nurse (a patient); to look after (some one).
- انا الهانية الله قوق sanbhālnā,

 v.: To be forewarned; to check the front of the enemy's army; to economise for the future.
- ainted with; informed; aware; knowing; apprised; conversant.
 - acquaint with; to inform; to warn; to report; to send word; to fore-warn; to notify; to beacon.
 - (P) āgāhī, formation; knowledge; acquaintance; insight; cognition; cognizance; intelligence; vigilance, monition.
 - ahead; in advance; in future; besides; after; hereafter; further more; in the presence of.

- in front; hereafter. (opp. of معمد pichhe, behind.)
- forward; to come in sight; to come near; to approach; to challenge; to come between (as a shield); to befall; to reap what one has sown; (W) not to observe purdah (with some one).
- age āyat, id.: The end; no more; finis.

اکے بڑھنا قge barhna,

اکے بڑھ جانا

اللہ کا قوف barh jānā,

اللہ خانا

اللہ خانا

اللہ خانا قوف barh jānā,

اللہ خان forth; to go forth; to proceed; to advance; to press forward; to come forward; to progress; to use foul language; to cross the bounds (of decency); to welcome; to receive.

One after the other; in succession; in quick succession; here and there; struggling; in front and the rear; in process of time; in a line; sooner or later.

- رَبِي نَهِي مَهِ وَمِي نَهِي مَهِ وَمِي نَهِي مَهِ وَمِي نَهِي مَهِ وَمِي نَهِي وَمِي اللهِ وَاللهُ وَاللّهُ وَلّهُ وَاللّهُ وَاللّه
- مقدا كا نام age khudā kā nām, id. : (lit.) After this (nothing but) God; that is all; so far and no further; this is the end of it.
- dao? pichhe chhor, id.:

 Taking on hand a new job (while) leaving the former one (incomplete).
- وَيِّ عَلَى عَلَى اللهِ age dekh ke, adv.: With one's eyes open; carefully; cautiously.
- To look before one; to take care; to be vigilant; to look to the future.
- قع روكنا āge roknā, v.: To stop before hand.
- قع رهنا age rahnā, v. : To remain ahead.
- To consider before-hand; to anticipate.
- age se, adv.: Before

hand; in anticipation; previously; in future.

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- قدم ركهنا āge qadam rakhnā, v.: To step, move forward; to make a beginning.
- قدم پبجھے ہونا āge kā qadam pichhe parnā, v.:

 To be flabbergasted.
- قدم پیجھے هئنا قوم پیجھے هئنا kā qadam pichhe haṭnā,
 v. : To fall or go back;
 to recede; to flinch.
- قود karnā, v. : To produce; to advance; to set forth; to lay before; to push forward.

الحكرديك age kar denā, الحكرديك قود lāge lānā,

(W) To cause a lady to unveil herself (before a male person).

الح نكانا قوه nikalnā, v. :

المجانا قوه nikal jānā,

To pass or go before; to pass over; to outstep; to surpass.

مَلِي يَبِيهِ عَلَى الْمُنَا لَى مَا عَلَى الْمُنَا عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَّهُ

is danger both in doing and not doing the thing.

- āge ko, adv. : In future; in the days to come.
- قي قge hī, adv. : Already.
- hue, id.: (Present experience has taught) to be careful in future.
- (H) aggya, n. f.: Order; command; behest; mandate; edict; leave; permission.
 - آگيا دينا قaggyā denā, v.: To give an order; to grant permission.
- in comp. as سحر آگيس sehr قوآ،, full of magic.)
- progeny; off-spring; children and grand-children; community (of followers).
 - قال ابراهيم āl-i-ibrāhīm, n.m.:
 The descendants of Prophet Abraham.
 - Decendants; off-spring; dynasty; race; family; kindred.

قا-i-paeghambar, قل پبغمبر قا-i-rasīil,

قا-i-nabi,

n. f.: Descendants of the Holy Prophet Muhammad; the Syeds.

cendants of the Holy Prophet Muhammad, i.e. Hazrat Fatimah, Hazrat Ali, Imam Hasan, Imam Husain, whom, on a particular occasion, he covered under his أب أ.e., cloak.

Yi (H) ālā, n. m. & adj.: (1)
Alcove in a wall (for keeping lamp). (2) Uncured (wound); not dried up; wet.

Yi (H) ālā bālā, n. m.: Evasion; delusion; excuse; laziness. (pl. آلے بالے ale bāle).

off; to delay; to evade; to trick.

الآپ (H) ālāp, and fail of the voice in singing; tuning the voice preparatory to singing; prelude to a song; melody; song. (2) Talk; conversation; discourse; voice.

الاینا alāpnā, عامة الاینا alāpnā, الاینا alāpnā, الاینا alāpnā, tune the voice to pitch or raise the voice; to run over the different notes (gamut) before singing.

(2) To go on talking.

الات (P) قاقt, n. m. pl.: Implements; tools; instruments; apparatus. (s. الماقاه) قاه قاه (h.)

قاقات جنگ ماقاد-i-jang, الات جنگ قاقد-i-harb, الات حرب قاقد implements; arms and ammunition; munition.

آلات كشاورزى قاقد - i - kashā - warzī, n. m. : Agricultural implements.

to impose upon; to put A alam, n. m. pl.: Sorr-

ows; griefs; misfortunes; anxieties; worries; afflictions. (s. | alam.)

الائش (P) ālāish, n. f.: The entrails; pollution; filth; pus; refuse; rubbish; garbage; faeces.

(A) ālat, n.m.: Tool: apparatus; utensils; rigging; the male organ; penis.

التي بالتي (H) ālti pālti, n. f.:
Posture of sitting on the hams; squat.

آلتی پالتی مارنا قلان pālti mārnā, آلتی پالتی مار کربیٹهنا قلانا pālti mār kar baethnā,

To sit on the hams; to squat.

lence; langour; idleness; laziness; state of sluggishness or drowsiness; inactivity.

illi alsana, v.: To be drowsy; to drowse; to doze;
to snooze; to slacken,

قالس مثانا ālas miṭānā, v. : To shake off drowsiness or indolence.

ألسى ālasī, السيا ālasī, الكسيا ālkasiā, ألكسيا idler; an indolent, lazy person.

الو (H) $\bar{a}l\bar{u}$, n. m. : Potato.

الوبخار! (P) ālū bukhārā, n. m.:
Persian plum.

(P) ālūcha(h), n. m. :

Kind of sour plum ; damson; prune.

آلوك (P) قاتى (P) قا

rity; adulteration; filth; pollution; contamination; foulness; taint; attatchment; ill-connection.

ed; involved; unclean; impure; foul; soiled; spoiled; tainted.

adj.: (lit.) Having a polluted skirt; a sinner.

اودهکرا مَاتِقَ الودهکرا To soil; to pollute; to

involve.

- 4) (P) āla(h), n. m.: Instrument; tool; contrivance; means to secure one's objective.
 - آله تناسل قla-i-tanāsul, n.m.:

 Progenitive male organ;
 penis.
 - to (achieve) an end; a go-between; (someone to be used as) a tool for another person's benefit; cat's paw.
- (H) āll, n. f.: (W) Young female friend; companion to a woman. (Usually used in songs.)
- (H) ām, n. m. : Mango (fruit and tree).
 - أم يال ركهنا ām pāl rakhnā,
 v.: To put mangoes (at
 a particular stage of the
 crop) under straw (for
 them to ripen).
 - ام نیکنا قس tapakna, v.:

 Dropping of ripe mangoes from the tree (a
 stage when the fruit is
 considered fit for being
 put under straw, to ripen).

- أمكهاني سيكام يا پيؤ كنني سي؟ قس khāne se kām yā per ginne se? id.: (lit.) (Would you) eat the mangoes or count the trees?; to have the fruit and not the basket; to concentrate on the essential and not the superfluous; to be interested in substance rather than outwardness.
- قم کے آم گئهلیوں کے دام قm ke ām guṭhlion ke dām, prov. : (lit.) Eating the mangoes and selling their seeds (too); to make double profit out of a sale.
- أم مين بور آنا قm men boor and, أم مين مور آنا ām men moor ana, blossoming of mango trees.
- (A) āmāj, n. m.: Mark to fire at (for practice); target; object of desire or ambition.
 - place on which target is placed.

- إنادگي (P) āmādagi, n. f.: Preparedness; readiness; inclination; alertness.
- ed; ready; inclined.
 - قاده كرنا قسقطم karnā, v.:

 To incite; to stir up; to bring round.
 - آماده هونا āmādah honā, v. :

 To be prepared; to get ready.
- ation; swelling; tumour; gall; furuncle.
- (P) āmad, n. f.: Advent; arrival; coming; beginning; receipts; revenue; income; (poet.) spontaneity; artlessness; inspiration; intimation.
 - امد آمد قسم قسمط, n. f. :
 Approach; festivities of
 the visit; announcement
 of an arrival.
 - قدم برسرمطلب āmadam bar sar-i-maṭlab, prov. : To come or coming to the point; to revert or reverting to the subject.

- قهدن به ارادت و رفتن به اجازت قسمطه ba irādat wa raftan ba ijāzat, prov. :
 (One's) visit may be the result of one's own intention or initiative, but to leave the person visited depends on the latter's permission.
- n. m.: Income and expenditure; receipts and payments.
- مدوخرج کا دّو ازن قسمط-o- <u>kharch kā tawāzun,</u> : Ba-lance of credit and debit.
- آهدورفت قسط-o-raft, آهدوشد قسط āmad-o-shud,

 n. f.: Ingress and egress;

 coming and going; traffic; communication;

 intercourse; personal contact.
- (P) āmadani, n. f.: Income; earnings; receipts; revenue; resource; profit; perquisites; savings; interest.
- آمر (A) āmir n. m. : (Mod.) A dictator; a commander; a ruler.

- amirana(h), adj.: Dictatorial.
- قمریت amiriyat, n. f.: Dictatorship.
- آمرزش (P) āmurzish, n. f.: Forgiveness (by God); grace; pardon; mercy.
 - قمرزگار قmurzgār, adj. : For-
- الوا (P) هاهاه (P) الماه (P) الماه
- let(te); whipped eggs fried and folded.
- m: Confrontation; condition of being face to face; opposition.
 - adv. : Facing; opposite; over against; vis-a-vis.
- Lioi (A) āmannā, intj.: We believe!
 - قمنا و صدقنا قmannā wa şaddaqnā, inij. : We believe

- in and testify to the truth! yea! verily! oh, yes!
- n. m.: (1) Taught; learned. (2) What has been learnt; an old lesson.
 - الموخته بوطنا مسمله الموخته بوطنا مسلم amokhta(h)

 parhnā, v.: To revise an

 old lesson; to repeat.
- ing; learned; skilful; taught. (Used in comp. as مبق آسوز sabaq āmoz, teaching a lesson.)
 - أهوزش قmozish, n. f.: Instruction; education; teaching.

 - قوزگار āmozgār n. m. : A teacher.
- ا مبغتگی (P) amekhtagi, n. f.: Mixture; sociability.
- اَمْبِخَتُهُ (P) āme<u>kh</u>ta(h), adj. : Mixed.
- jeo (P) amez, part. adj.: Mixing; (Used in comp. as سرحمت آسيز marḥamat amez, gracious.)

أمبزش المبزش amezish, n. f.: Mixture; adulteration; association; sociableness; intercourse.

قبيزكرنا قmez karnā, v. : To mix.

فيزه ميزه في قmeza(h), n. m. : Mixture.

A ceremony held among the Muslims when a child completes the lessons of the Holy Quran. (2) Amen!; so be it!; may God grant it.

With God's grace; with great care; with solicitude.

را (P) an, pron. : That.

(lit.) Of that (other) world; late; deceased (Used for non-Muslims, for Muslims the word سرحوم marhūm of the same meaning is used).

ق حضرت قh hazrat, n. m. :

(lit.) That dignified personality; a respectful way
of mentioning the Holy

Prophet Muhammad, among the Muslims.

ال دفتر را گاؤ خورد (P) قد daftar rā gāo khurd, prov.:
(lit.): Those documents were eaten up by the cow (God knows how!): the concerned papers disappeared altogether (leaving no trace behind).

! Jili än qadah bishkasto-an säqi na muhd, prov.:
(lit.) (Alas!) that flask (is)
broken and that cupbearer gone; the concerned
personality has gone for
ever and for ever; no more
those glorious days, alas!

of (A, P& H) an, n.f.: (1) Time; moment; instant. (2) Grace; dignity; charm; beauty; manner; self-respect; respectability; character; pride. (3) Oath; prohibition.

ت کی آن کی آن کی ان کی آن کی آن کی آن کی آن کی آئ کی گوئ کی گو

adv.: Instantly; in a moment; immediately; suddenly; forthwith.

- ליי איט an ban, n.f.: Graceful attitude; pomp and show; splendour.
- أن توزنا break one's solemn promise; to go back on one's word; to go against estabished customs and traditions.
- أن تُولَنا an ṭūṭnā. v. : To lose face; to be humiliated.
- قره هي هي آن ميل کچه هي آن ميل کچه هي آن ميل کچه هي آن ميل کچه هم است. : An ever changing condition; a fickle minded person; somebody who is ever changing or shifting his ground (and so cannot be trusted).
- soming forth of splendour and beauty.
- UI (H) and, v. & n. m.: (1) To come; to reach; to arrive;

- approach; to flower; to blossom; to grow; to be possible; to pass; to be ready; to decide; to appear; to happen; to be in debt; to fit; to assemble; to begin; to fit; to know (art etc.) (2) Coming; arrival; advent.
- ing and going; contact; continuous visit.
- ing a deaf ear; hesitancy; coldness; purposely overlooking; trifling with.
- ن کونا قائی کونا قائی کونا تا تا گانی کونا v. : To overlook; to pretend; to put off; to evade.
- أنے والا āne wālā, n.m.: One who is or might be coming.
- بن (H) ānb, n. m. : Mango.
- قبا هلدی ānbā haldi, n. f. : A kind of red turmeric.
- entrails; bowels; gut.
 - äht utarnā, n. & v. :

(1) Protruding of intestines into the testicles. (2)
To suffer from hernia.

تناكانت ant kl ant, adj.:
Unusually long.

kholnā, id.: To eat well; to feed oneself after remaining hungry for long.

انتوركاقل هوالله برهنا قله الله برهنا أنتوركا قل هوالله برهنا أنتوركا قل هوالله برهنا أنتوركا قل هوالله برهنا أنتوركا قل المعالمة أنتوركا المعالم المعالمة أنتوركا المعالمة أنتوركا المعالمة أنتوركا المعالمة أن

تتیں سو کھنا anten sukhna,
v.: To be extremely hungry.

التين كلي يونا dhien gale parna, التين كليمبراا dhien gale men ana, become entangled in

some calamity; to be distressed; to suffer.

انتیں منه کو آنا anieh muth

ko ana, v.: To feel choked; to be greatly worried;
to be in extreme distress.

(H) āh!, n. f.: (1) A scratch

made by a file by goldsmiths before heating the gold for testing purposes. (2) Twist; knot; (fig.) malice; envy; animosity.

انك پونا قام parna, انك پوجانا قام par jana, To become knotty; to be enemical.

انك سانك مانك النه مانك ا

of thread; knot or loop serving as a pocket; a small faggot; a bundle of wood or grass. (2) A leg trick in wrestling; a knock leg.

The malice. (2) A small heap of

53

H

h

curds.

fire; glow; heat; (maternal) love.

धी हां विकास बेता है. : To be scorched; to be harmed.

انج د کهانا قفره انج د کهانا قفره منه آنج دینا قفره کینا قفره منه آنج دینا To heat up.

tiles हां anch khānā, : To be heated; to melt.

Border of a cloak, shawl, scarf sheet etc.; lap of a cloth, veil, sheet or scarf called dopatta(h) used by women to cover the upper portion of their body, particularly the head and breast of a woman.

انچل بكنا anchal paknā, v.:

(W) To suffer from a boil or wound in the breast.

انجل دبانا قhchal dabana, v.:

(W) To take the breast of the mother in his or her mouth (by a child).

قبول بلو قhchal pallu, n.f.: Embroidered hem of a woman's sheet or scarf.

انچل دینا ānchal denā, v. : (W) To feed the baby through the breast.

(W) To cover the head of the bridgeroom with a sheet by her sisters, while taking him along with themselves into the house of the bride at the time of marriage, a custom among the Muslims of the Indo-Pak. sub-continent.

آنچل میں بات باندھ رکھنا anchal men bat bandh rakhna, انچل میں گرہ دیدا anchal men girah dena,

id.: (W) (lit.) To tie the point in the lap of one's sheet; to remain alert enough; to remember a thing, an understanding, task, errand etc.; to retain a thing in one's memory.

اللا (H) and u, n. m. : Chain for tying an elephant's feet.

اندهي (H) andhl, n. f. & adj.:

(1) Dust storm; gale; flurry; gust; hurricane. (2) Very swift; furious.

اندهی آئینا قhdhi uṭhnā, عندهی آئینا قhdhi ānā, عندهی آنا To blow (a hurricane, duststorm).

down (by gale); a windfall things bought very cheap; anything obtained without effort.

jue meth jue, id.: Whatever may happen; in all
circumstances; in whatsoever condition.

H)ānd, n. m. : Testicle.

baving large testicles.
(2) An anklet.

onion, garlic etc.

(E) anar, n. f.: Honour; respect; esteem.

able ; hon'ble ; respected; a term used while referring to the members of Legislative Assembly.

آزيري ānarerī, adj.: Honorary.

اَنْسَ (H) āńsū, n. m. : Tear; tears.

معمة انسو أنا

in state of the bhar and,

illical with tears; to weep.

weep; to shed tesses (crocodile).

To wipe tears ; to con-

sole (some one); to have pity (on); to placate; to comfort; to cheer up.

To control one's emotions; to suppress one's grief; to suffer quietly.

أنسوؤن سے پیاس نہیں بجھتی āħsuoħ se pyās nahlħ bujhtī, prov. : Tears do not provide relief to pain.

أنسوؤر كا تار بندهنا ansuon kā tār bandhnā, انسوۋر كى جهزى كلنا ansuon ki jhari lagnā,

To weep excessively; to weep bitterly; to shed tears ceaselessly.

- (A) anisa(h), n. f. : (Mod.)

 Miss; maid.
- or figure for identification porposes (on cloth); a letter; a dot; test; exmination; estimate; alphabets on a coin.
 - mate; to assess; to evaluate; to judge; to set a price; to appraise; to

- measure. (2) To mark the price (on cloth).
- (H) änkrä, n. m.: (1) A crooked iron rod; a fishing hook; the piercing point of an arrow. (2) Grasp; possession.
- iron hook for goading an elephant; a goad; an impeller. (2) (W) A supervisor.
 - To goad; to strike with a goad; to reduce to submission.
- (H) ānkh, n.f.: Eye; eyesight; glance; gesture; insight; discernment; hope; affection.

Ul aci ankh ana,

Ul aci ankh a jana,

Ul aci ankh a jana,

Ul akh uthne ana,

v.: To have sore eyes;

to suffer from inflamation
of the eyes.

To fall in love.

ankh انکه انها کر نه دیکهنا utha kar na dekhna, v.:

Not to look at; not to attach any importance; to be proud; to be indifferent; to disregard; to be disdainful; to slight; to avoid; to be abashed; not to care for; to feel ashamed.

(1) To lift up one's eyes; to look up. (2) To give up.

أنكه اوث يباز اوث

na karnā, v.: To be unable to lift one's eyes or look anyone in the face; to be ashamed; to feel guilty; to be respectful.

 To take care of the eye; to save the eye.

قاكم بجاكر ankh bachā kar, adv.: Stealthily; secretly; unnoticeably.

أنكه بجى مال دوستون يارون قفله في مال دوستون يارون قفله في قفله في قفله في قفله في المالية عند الله في المالية قفله في المالية قفله في المالية عند المالية

الكهان بدلنا (الكهان) بدلنا في (الكهان) بدلنا في الكهار) بدلنا في الكهار ألكهان في الكهان في ال

barābar na kar saknā, v. :

Not to be able to see one eye to eye; to be unable to look into one's face; to be ashamed.

iend, v.: To close one's eyes; to fall asleep; to turn from one; to die; to take no notice of; to treat one with neglect; to be afraid.

قالکھ بند کر کے گام کرنا band kar ke kam karna.

v.: To act thoughtlessly; to be fearless in one's -actions.

- قائکه بند کئے چلے جانا band kiye chale jana, v. :

 To go ahead unafraid.
- قتكه بنوانا ankh banwana, v. :

 To get the eye operated upon.
- تکه به جانا قه مه قاتکه به جانا To lose one's eyesight; to become blind.
- kar dekhnā, v.: To take a full or searching look; to stare at; to look intently; to fix one's eyes in amorous gaze.
- الكه بهر لانا مهد الله بهر لانا v.: To have one's eyes full of tears; to be ready to weep; to feel sad or grieved.
- charhānā, v. : To frown ; to disdain ; to express anger.
- قالک پتهرانا، پتهرا جانا pathrānā, pathrā jānā, v.:
 (For eyes) to grow dim

from constant strain or long expectation; to be about to die.

- قَلَهُ بَر جَوْهَانَا مَهُ اللّهُ بَر جَوْهَانَا hānā, v. : To have unusual regard (for some one).
- cast love glances; to see by chance.
- م مشهر الكه بهوكنا ankh pharakna,

 v.: To have a pulsation
 in the eye; to have a
 movement in the eye lash
 (considered a good or a
 bad omen).
- الله بهوننا ، بهوت مانا مهده phūinā, phūi jānā, v. :

 To have one's eyes knocked or put out; to become blind; to lose one's eyes or sight.

ankh phui! آنکه پهوئی پيرگئی

plr gal, id.: (lit.) The eye was lost (no doubt, but) constant pain was (also) gone; it is better to suffer a big loss once than to undergo continuous suffering.

مَّهُ الْكُهُ بِهُورُ لَدُا مَهُمُ الْكُهُ بِهُورُ لَدُا مَهُمُ الْكُهُ بِهُورُ لَدُا مُرَامِ مُرامِعُ مُ

To hit one on the eye; to destroy one's sight; to render one blind.

اتکه (آتکهین) بهیران، بهیرانینا فهیرانینا فهیرانینا فهیرانینا فهیران بهیرانینا فهیرانینا فهیران فه

أنكه بيدا كونا قبله الكه بيدا كونا مقر nā, v.: To cultivate the quality of seeing in depth; to create the habit of studying the finer qualities of things.

تار جانا مملك الكه تار جانا مانا

v.: To understand from (some body's) face his desire; to read the purpose from one's face.

أنكه تو تے كى طرح بهبر لبنا شهد tote ki tarah pher lenā, v.: (lit.) To change one's eye like a parrot; to change one's favourable attitude towards somebody.

انکهرا) تهندی کرنا (قشده (قشده (قشده انکهیر) تهندی کرنا (قشده انکهیر) کرنا (قشده انکهیر) تهندی کرنا (قشده انکهیر) کرنا (قشده انکهیر)

v.: To close one's eyes

or sleep for a while; to

move one's eyes; to

hang down the eyes

through modesty or

shame.

pakne men, adv.: In the twinkling of an eye; in no time.

To cast down one's eyes due to shame or modesty; to feel sorry; to be ashamed.

- انکه (آنکهیں) چار هونا āħkh (āħkheħ) chār honā, v.:
 To look into one's face;
 to see each other; to be face to face.
- أَلَكُهُ (الْكَهُبِين) چَرانا ، چَهِبانا āħkh (āħkheħ) churānā, chhupānā, v. : To turn away one's eyes due to pride, shame or dislike; to avoid one; to ignore one's old acquaintance.
- ر آنگهر (آنگهیر) دوزانا انگهرر) دوزانا (āṅkheh) daoṛānā, v. :
 To look around; to cast searching glances; to look for help.
- dhoi dhulāi hae, id. :
 There is no trace of shame or regard in the eyes.
- اتکه (آتکهین) سینکنا ankh
 (ānkhen: senknā, v. : To
 warm one's eyes; to feast
 the eyes on; to delight
 or refresh eyes by seeing
 a pleasing object.

- رنا (آنگهور) سے گرنا ankh (ānkhon) se girnā, v. :
 To lose one's favour or regard; to become contemptible; to be disgracted.
- וֹנאם ש אבן בּרְוֹנוֹ ankh se kājal churānā,

 انكه (انكهور) كا كاجل جرانا (انكهور) كا كاجل جرانا (انكهور) كا كاجل جرانا (ankh (ānkhon) kā kājal) churānā, v.: To be unusually clever; to be sly; to be a cheat; to be very sharp in stealing.
- قدح كرانا (آنكهبر) قدح كرانا ānkh (ānkhen) qadah karānā, v.: To have the eyes operated upon.
- اندها گانته کا پورا kā andhā gānih kā purā, id.: A foolish (though) wealthy person; an inexperienced client.
- الكه كارا ankh kā tārā, id.:

 (lit.) The pupil of the eye;

 the apple of one's eyes;

 very dear; darling; pet;

favourite.

- ماقه کا حلقه ankh kā halqa(h),
 n. m.: Eye-socket.
- אנים לאבון ankh kā dhelā,
 n. m.: Eyo-ball.
- To wake up; to be of sensible age; to recover from delirium; to be able to see (things) in depth.
- wilded and large and, milded, v.: To look steadfastly; to gaze or stare; to cast amorous glances; to ogle.
- ogle; to fall in love with; to doze off.
- in love; to fall asleep; to be hopeful; to await.
- kept mistress.
- wink; to prevent some one from doing or to encourage him to do a thing (by winking).

- قال مجولی قفله micholi, انکه مجولی المجولی قفله michawwal, المجول n.f.: The game of hide and seek.
- ر قابل الكوندى (W) A virgin; an unmarried girl.
- الكه مين الكهور مين الكهور مين الكهور مين الكهرب الكهير) dakh mea dakh (dakhoù mea dakhea) والمامة, v. : To look deep into another person's eyes; to stare at somebody.
- قبل ميل هي اس ميل نبين نبين فبيل هميل هي اس ميل نبين فبيل هم المهمدة mahlh, id.: (lit.) There is dirt in the eye but none in this. (Used while praising the cleanliness or clarity of something).
- مَيْن مِيْن مِيْن مِيْن مِيْن مِيْن مِيْن مَيْن مِيْن مِيْن

- الكهوى غر بشهانا bishand, v. : (lit.) To place upon one's eyes; to treat with respect or veneration; to receive or treat warmly or cordially; to hold dear; to love; to adore; to revere.
- par pattl bāndh lenā, v. :
 To shut one's eyes (intentionally) against realities;
 to ignore facts with ulterior motives.
- الكهوى بر بردے بإجانا fankhon

 par parde par jānā, id.:

 To become blind; not to

 be able to see (anything);

 to be negligent; to become

 thoughtless; to be hoodwinked; to be misled or

 deceived.
- ankhon dekha, انكهور ديكها

- adj. & n. m.: (1) Seen with (one's own) eyes. (2) Eye-witness (account).
- With one's eyes; with one's heart and soul.
- ا تکهوں سے بجالانا أ طهدhoa se

 bajā lānā, v. : To obey

 with all one's heart and

 soul; to obey cheerfully

 or willingly.
- الكهور كاتيل تكالنا لهور كاتيل تكالنا kā tel nikālnā, v. : To fatigue the eye by working hard on some delicate or intricate job; to work hard; to read or write in the night.
- a * k ho h kā jādu, id.: Charm of the eyes; spell of the looks.
- id.: (lit) Light of the eye; eye-sight; (fig.) a son; progeny; near and dear one.
- آنکھوں کی سولیاں نکالنی رہ -ankhon ki sul گئی ھیں yan nikaini rah gai haen,

id.: (lit.) Only the needles of the eyes (now) remain to be extracted; the best part of the work has been completed (and now) only a small portion remains to be done.

phr.: Before the eyes; in mind; in the presence of.

ankhon ke انکھوں کے ترمرے

tirmire, id.: (lit.) Sparks appearing before the eyes (from weakness, a blow etc.); temporary dimness coming over the eyes.

dore, n. m.: (Red) lines in the eyes (caused by drink or joy, considered to be a feature of beauty.)

قالهوں میں آنا änkhon men ana, v. : To be before ones eyes; to be apple of one's eye.

āṅkoṅ آنكهوك مين بهار پهوځنا āṅkoṅ meṅ bahār phūṭnā, ». :
To have the expression of joy in the eyes; to be extremely happy.

قتهور میں بہرجانا änkhon men phir jānā, v. : To come before one's eyes (picture, image etc.).

- آنگهور هیں جان، جی، دم آنا āħkhon men jān, jī, dam ānā, v.: To be on the point of death.
- khon men, par charbl chhānā, v.: To have a film over
 the eyes (resulting in the
 weakness of eyesight); to
 be unable to distinguish
 between good and evil;
 to be intentionally blind;
 to be blinded or carried
 away with lust; to be
 blinded by ill-gotten
 riches; to be proud.
- ānkhon men khār honā, guzarnā, v. : To be painful to the eye; to be unpleasent, intolerable; to rankle in the heart.
- men <u>kh</u>āk, id.: (W) (lit.)

 Dust in one's eyes (spoken when it is intended

- to save one from an evil eye).
- on men khāk dālnā, v. :

 (lit.) To throw dust in
 the eyes; to cheat; to
 pinch something quickly
 and stealthily; to sell
 deceitfully.
- men dam honā, v. : To be on the last leg of life; to be nearing one's end.
- meh rāt kāṭnā, v. : To pass sleepless night ; to remain awake throughout the night.
- أنكهور مين سرسون پهولنا ānkhoṇ men sarson phulnā, v. : To see yellow everywhere; to feel happy; to be intoxicated.
- آنکهوں میں سلائی بھیرنا قhkhon men salal pherna, v.: To blind (somebody). (Also see ankh phorna.)
- آنکهوں هيں سمان بندهنا بهرنا änkhon men samän bandhnā, phirnā, v.: To be

reminded of a picturesque scene before (one's) eyes.

- men sil hona, v.: To be polite; to feel shame; to have regard (for someone).
- ankhon انکهوں میں صبح کرنا ankhon men subh karna, v.: Not to be able to sleep throughout the night.

- To dwell in one's eyes; to possess one's mind; to live in one's heart.
- ULGA UNGOT ankhen bichha-

- nā, v.: To value highly; to love; to esteem; to pay homage to.
- الكهين بدلنا قفلاله الكهين بدلنا v. : To change (one's) attitude (of favour to someone); to be angry; to lose lustre of the eyes (at death bed).
- adv.: Agaze.
- To lose one's eyes; to become stone blind.
- kar ke, adv.: Thought-lessly; without thinking of pros and cons; without any hesitation.
- انکهیں بند هونا ankhen band honā, v. : To fall asleep; to die.
- انکهیں پئم مون اهدن hond, v. : (W) A curse

wishing the other person to lose eyesight.

- أتكهين بهاز بهاز كر ديكهنا āħkheh phār phār kar dekhnā, v.: To look intently; to look fondly (for someone); to look anxiously (for someone) in difficulty.
- chamkana, maikana, v.:
 To wanton with the eyes; to ogle.
- dar par lagi honā, v. :
 To wait anxiousiy, desparately (for someone).
- ناهين د كهانا قفين د كهانا قفين د كهانا به : To frown; to show anger; to frighten; to warn.

قائله دیکها کرنا ankhen dekha karna, انگهیں دیکهتے رهنا ankhen dekhte rahna,

To hope for (one's) kindness, favour.

dekhi haeh, v.: Has moved among distin-

guished persons; has seen good men; has sat at the feet of the learned.

- litan rah men bichhana v.:

 (lit.) To spread eyes in the way (of a dear or respected one); to value highly; to esteem; to pay homage.
- تكهين سرخ كرنا ankhen surkh karna, v.: To become angry.
- safed ho jana, v. : To have a film over the eye; to become stone blind (with weeping, expectation).
- i قفهین سینکنا قhkheh sehknā,
 v.: To feast one's eyes.
- ānkhen khuli ki khuli ruh
 jānā, v.: To be amazed:
 to be overwhelmed with
 wonder.
- الكهيس لوانا āhkheh lapānā, v.:

 (lit.) To make one's eyes

 meet the other's; to

 stare; to make love.
- To fall in love.

آذكهي فكالنا

- ن کین نکافی از مرب از
- nā, v.: (lit.) To have no eyes; to act blindly or senselessly.
- أنكهين نبيجي كرنا ānkhen nichi karnā, v. : (lit.) To see downwards; to be under obligation; to feel sshamed.
- ankhen آنگهین نیلی پیلی کرنا ankhen nili pili karnā, v. : To turn red with rage; to show anger.
- To have eyes; to come to one's senses; to become come sensible; to become wiser (after the event).

- (H) angan, n. m.: Court; courtyard; space inside a compound; enclosed open space in a house.
- Happiness; felicity; ease; comfort; delight; enjoyment; spiritual joy. (2) Happy; cheerful; joyful.
 - آنند رهنا قnand rahnā,
 انند کرنا قnand karnā,
 انند کاربجانا قnand ke tār

 bajānā, v. : To have a
 good time; to remain
 mirthful; to be happy.
 - أنند هونا ānand honā,: To be happy or comfortable; to be throughly satisfied; to enjoy.
- (H) anon, n. f.: Mucus evacuated in dysentry.
 - تنو أنو أن akon ana, v.: To suffer from dysentry.
- انول نال (H) amwal nal, n. f.:

 Navel string of a new born child (which is removed after the birth and burried under the earth).
- آنولا (H) قغواقه : See الله قها قسام الماله الماله

- Indo-Pak. subcontinent being the 16th part of a rupee, in use before the introduction of the decimal coinage, and equivalent to six new paisa under the above system; one sixteenth (of the share in a property).
 - and every bit of money; absolutely; fully; completely.
- (U) anl, adj. : Coming.
- (P) āwā, kiln; a kiln for bricks etc.; a furnace for making glass.

- (W) قسة إها, n. f.: (W) (Unnecessary) coming and going; interchange of visits.
- (1) A blackguard; a profit gate; an abandoned person; a wanderer; a malefactor; one without a house. (2) Loose; wandering; licentious; characteriess; vagrant.

 - i awara(h) phirna,
 v.: To wander; to loaf;
 not to stay at one place;
 to move about in hiding.
 - adj.: Without hearth and home; vagrant; profligate; abandoned; without name or character; unsteady; lost; dissolute; runagate,
 - āwāraih) gardī,
 n. f.: Profligacy; vagrancy.

- ق ق مزاج الم مزاج adj.: Dissolute; careless; thoughtless.
- قواره وطن āwāra(h) wajan,
 n. m.: An alien; a foreigner; a stranger; one
 away from his country;
 a traveller.
- (P) āwāz, n. f.: Sound; noise; call; shout; tone; tune; din; echo; (mendicant's) cry.
 - awāz-i-bāzgasht, n. f.: Echo; repetition of sound by reflection of sound waves.
 - قواز بگوجانا āwāz bigar jānā,
 v.: To lose one's (natural) voice (particularly in music).
 - To become hoarse (voice).
 - قواز پر کان دهرنا مُعلق آواز پر کان دهرنا kān dharnā, v. : To listen carefully; to pay attention to advice.
 - awaz آواز پر کان تگائے رهنا par kān lagāe rahnā. v.:

To await (somebody's) voice anxiously; to listen attentively.

- Sound of the bell which used to be rung to proclaim the start of a caravan's march; (fig.) a call to work for a good cause.
- awāz denā, r.: To call (somebody); to say something loudly; to cry out; to shout.
- قواز صور āwāz-i-ṣār, n. f.:

 Sound of the trumpet which the angel Israfil would blow on doomsday; (fig.) a clarion call.
- Voice from a hidden source; voice from heaven; mystic voice; revelation.
- عسم عسم آواز کا أتار چڑهاو

utar chaphae, n. m.: Rise and fall of the voice.

- اواز کان میں بڑنا awaz kan
 men parna, v.; To hear;
 to happen to hear; to
 catch any sound.
- أواز كى لهر āwāz kī lahr, n. f.: Sound wave.
- awāz lagānā, v.: To cry (one's wares); to cry out, especially one's trade or calling; to beg; to raise one's voice in singing.
- قان ملانا awaz milana, v.: To sing in concert with; to accompany
- awāz meħ أواز هبس كهنكا khaṭkā, n. m. : Peculiar note in (one's) voice, particularly while singing.
- awaz meh loch, n. m. : Sweetness and delicacy in voice.
- awāz me أواز هبس لمك namak, n m.: Pathos or appeal in voice.

- (P) āwāza(h), n. m. : Respect; fame; reputation; rumour; report; jeer; ridicule; noise.
 - أوازه بلند هونا awāza(h) baland honā, v: To have a good repute; to be famous.
 - أوازے بھینکنا ، سنانا ' کسنا anaze phehkna, sunana, kasna. v.: To taunt or jeer at; to laugh at; to ridicule.
- (lit.) Coming and going; transmigration of soul of human being or animal at death); metempsychosis.
- (P) award, n. f. & odj.: (1)

 That which does not come naturally; an embellished or forced expression. (2)

 Artificial; affected; farfetched (idea or expression, particularly in poetry).
 - (P) awurda(h), udj. & n.
 m.: (1) (lit.) Brought;
 favoured. (2) A protege;
 one appointed on some
 one's recommendation.

- in which a potter burns his unbaked pots; a kiln for bricks.
 - آوه أقار نا āwa(h) utārnā, v. :

 To take out baked pots
 from kiln.
 - قوه چوهانا āwa(h) charhānā,
 v.: To burn the kiln
 for baking pots.
 - قسة الوے كا آوا خراب هـ قسة kharāb hae. prov. :

 (lit.) The entire kiln is good for nothing; the whole lot is useless, despicable.
- الويز (P) awez, part. adj.: Hanging; suspending. (Used in comp. as دل آويز dil awez.
 - أويزاد awezān, adj. : Hanging; suspended; attached
 - To hang; to suspend; to attach; to fix.
- P: awezish, n. f. : A hanging on ; suspension ; conflict; war.
- ويوه (P) awezach), n. f.: Pen-

- dant; car-ring; appendix.
- of (P) ah, intj. & n. f.: (1) Ah!; alas!; Oh, dear! (2: Sigh; suspiration; a cry of pain and pathos.
 - آه آتشبیں A fiery t. e. passionate sigh.
 - of of ah ah, n. f. & inij. : (1)

 Cry of pain and pathos.

 (2) Alas!; ah!; oh dear!.
 - ته آه آه آه آه کرنا cry in pain; to heave a sigh.
 - ان مهر کر کر کے رہ جانا bhar kar, kar ke rah jana, r.: To control one's grief.
 - tigh; of the bharnt, v.: To sigh; to heave or raise a sigh; to cry; to lament.
 - Up of the parms, we (lit.)

 List of the lagms,

 To be hit by (another's) sigh; to suffer as a nemo-sis-

jānā, v.: The cry to be effective.

مسرد منارد منارد آه سرد A cold sigh; a deep sigh.

be harmed by the sigh (of the oppressed.); to oppress anyone.

قه و بكا قه-o-bukā, قه و بكا قه-o-zārī, قه و زارى قه-o-foryād, قه و فرياد قه-o-fughān, قه و فغال قه-o-nāla(h)

n. m. & f.: Cry of pain or anguish; groan; lament; complaint.

āhoa kā dhuhwāh, n. m. : Constant sighs.

La I (H) aha,

(H) aha,

inti

اهاهاها (H، ahā hā hā,)

& n. (1) Aha!; ah!; O!; lo!; hallo!; bravo!; wonderful!; gracious!; well a day!; hurrah! (2) Ha.l ing cry; an exclamation of delight or wonder.

sound; any soft movement; sound of soft footsteps.

lenā, lete rahnā, v. : (lit.)

To be on the quivive for any sound; to be on the alert.

kān honā, v. : To be anxious to hear (someone's) footsteps; to be eagerly awaiting.

H) قامر جاهر (H) قامر جاهر (H) قامر جاهر (Also see آر جار ār.)

ness; delay; tardiness; gentleness; softness; tenderness; meekness; mildness; convenience.

ا أهسته (P) āhisiah, adj. : Slow; mild; lazy; gentle; soft.

مسته أهسته أهسته أهسته

adv.: Slowly; softly; gently; tenderly; mildly; gradually.

(P) āhan, n. m. : Iron.

قان گر ähan gar, n. m. :
Blacksmith; ironsmith.

آهن کری آhan gari, n. f.:
The calling of blacksmith; iron-smith's profession.

قانی āhanī, adj. : Made of iron; strong (as iron); hard.

(I) Intention; attempt; resolve. (2) Sound; voice; music; melody; harmony.

(P) āhā n. m. : Deer ; antelope ; gazelle.

n.: (1) Gazeile-eyed; having beautiful eyes. (2) (fig.) a beloved.

قو خرام آهو خرام Ahn khirām, adj. : Moving (gracefully) like a deer.

ahū-i-ḥaram, n. m.: Meccan deer (whose hunting is prohibited due to sanctity of the place).

. . .

قهو کے صحرا ، صحرائی h-ṣaḥrā, ṣaḥrāl, n. m. :
Wild deer.

آثرستانی (P) airisiani, adj. & n.: (i) Irish; belonging to Ireland. (2) Language or people of Ireland.

(E) als, n. f.: Ice; frozen water.

ais krim, n. f.: Ice Cream.

ا گنتی پا گنتی با گنتی با گنتی با گنتی n.f.: Head and foot of a bed.

P) قامله (P) قا

(H) ao, v.: imp. of il and, to come.

Courteous welcome; civil reception; respect; courtesy; civility; hospitality; entertainment.

از دیکها نه داؤ میکها نه داؤ دیکها نه داؤ دیکها نه داؤ دیکها نه داؤ دیکها نه داؤ

ing of pros and cons; in stantly. (Used when one acts precipitately and spoils matters in the end).

past tense of wit and, to come.) That which was inevitable or to come; death; calamity; fate.

نة آئى بلا سر سے ثالثا sar se ṭālnā, id.: To cast off a calamity; to avoid a bad situation.

أنى تو روزى نهيس تو روزه al to rozi nahih to roza(h), prov.: Living merely on the mercy of God, with no source of income.

ان نیبن گلتی id.: The inevitable must happen.

آئيڈيل (E) ëidial, adj. & n. : (1) Ideal; existing only in idea. (2) Perfect type.

(P) ain, n. m.: Constitution; regulation; set of laws; enactment; statute; code; custom; entiquette.

تابن بندی آئین بندی آئین بندی آئین بندی

Codification of laws; drawing up of constitution.

n. m.: Procedural rule for the law-making body.

n. m.: (1) Constitionalist; law-abiding. (2) A constitutionalist; a law-abiding person; adherent of constitutional principles.

قابن پسندی آئبن پسندی Constitutionalism.

تبين ديواني آئبين ديواني Civil law.

قان ساز مجلس آئین ساز مجلس آئین ساز مجلس n.f.: Constituent Assembly.

قام قاn-i-faujdari, قرجداری n. m. : Criminal law.

قابيني alni, adj.: Constitutional.

To constitutionalise; to make constitutional.

آبينة (P) قاna(h), n. m. & adj. : (1) Mirror ; looking glass; reflecto. (2) Transparent; crystalline; evident; clear; crystal clear.

- To brighten up; to sause to glitter; to astonish; to confound; to amaze.
- v.: To be crystal clear; to be bewildered; to become senseless.
- آئينه بندى آئينه بندى Ornamenting with mirrors; decoration; adornment.
- الينه خانه aina(h) khāna(h), n.
 m.: A mirror house; a chamber with mirror walls.
- adj.: (1) One holding the mirror during toilet (of a beautiful one); a barber, as he holds the mirror before the customers. (2) Giving exact replica or reflection; indicative.
- آثینه داری āina(h) dārī, n. f.:

 The job of holding the mirror (to a beautiful

- one); expression of any reality.
- To hold up the mirror to one; to show one what he is; to expose one's faults or defects; to point out pros and cons.
- أيبنه رو āīna(h) rā, adj. & n.:

 (1) (lit.) Mirror-faced;

 fair complexioned; of a

 bright face. (2) A beautiful one; a beloved.
- آئينه ساز āina(h) sāz, n. m.: Maker or manufacturer of plate-glass.
- Trade of manufacturing mirrors.
- sāmne se na haṭnā, id. :

 (To be so enamoured of oneself as) to be constantly looking into a mirror (for make-up or admiration).
- dari, n. m. : A magic mirror of King Rynce; a mirror of polished steel attributed to Alexander

آئیئرے میں بال آجانا

the Great, said to have been made by Aristotic and placed at the summit of a tower erected at Alexandria.

- أليني هين بال آجانا قine men bal a jana, v. : Appearing of a slight crack in the mirror or glass.
- men much to dekho, id.:

 (lit.) See (your) face in the mirror. (Used when a person knowing nothing of a subject poses to know a lot about it or claims to do a job which it is beyond his capacity to accomplish.)
- alna(h) war, adj.:
- (H) de, v. : (pl. of الله dyā, came.)
 - ألي كان de din, adv. : Every day; constantly; day after day; day in and day out.
 - ae gae, n. m., pl. : الْنِي مُحَلِّي (lit.) Those who came

and went; casual visitors; unexpected guests. (pl. of أيا كيا aya gaya, which see below.)

(H) den, v. : Let them come.

لبی بائیں (H) đen bāen, ائبی بائبی شائبی (H) đen bāen shāen,

n. f.: Nonsense; silly talk; irresponsible statement.

- jāen kahān, id.: In a state of uncontrollable rage.
- grace (us) with your presence (please).
- (P) ava, conj.: Whether or not; whether.
- (H) āyā, v.: Came. (Past and present perfect tense of lil ānā, to come.)
 - الم الم dya gayā, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) One who came and went; a passer-by; a casual visitor; a chance or unexpected guest. (2)

 Past; done with; spent;

got rid of; disposed of.

با هونا عبا هونا عبا هونا عبا هونا عبا هونا ب. : To be lost; to be got rid of; to be forgotten.

(PR) aya, n. f.: Female attendant of children; a nurse; a midwife; a lady's maid.

ayā garī, n. f.: Midwifery.

قيا گرى كرنا v.: To work as a midwife.

(A) dyat, n. f.: A verse (of the Holy Quran). (pl. dyat.)

id.: (lit.) As sacred as a Quranic verse and Holy Prophet's tradition; a command which must be obeyed.

آيند (P) Ayand, adj.: Looking. (Used in Comp. as خوش آيند khush dyand, looking well or heautiful.)

آبند و روند (P) &yand-o-rawind, اینده و رونده (P) &yandah-o-rawindah,

m.: Visitors; (those)

coming and going.

النده (P) dyanda(h), adj., adv. & n. m.: (1) Coming; subsequent; future; hereafter; ensuing; next. (2) In future; again; afterwards. (3) Time to come; what will happen.

alif, n. m.: Diminished form of the first letter of Arabic, Persian and Urdu alphabets called الف مقصوره alif-i-maqṣurah, numerical value according to ابجد abjad (see قرم ante) being one.

اب و جداد .ab-o-jad, n. m. :
Father and grandfather;
ancesters. (pl. آبا و اجداد .ābā-o-ajdād.)

(H) abbā, n. m.: Father; daddy; papa; any superior or aged person.

ابا جان abbā jān, ابا جان abbā huzēr, ابا حضور abbā huzēr, ابا حضور abbā miyāh,

Respectful way of mentioning or addressing one's father; dear father; respected father.

- (H) abbu, n. m.: Affectionate form of ابا abbu.
- int now; now-a-days; presently; again; in future; a little while ago. (2)
 Well!; So!
 - ab bhl, adv. : Even now; yet; as yet; still.

 - ab tab, adv. : Now and then; occasionally.
 - اب قب كرنا ab tab karna, v.:

 To put off; to delay; to dilly dally; to evade.
 - To be in a precarious condition (of illness); to be dying or expiring; to be on the point of death; to be at the last gasp.

- اب تک ab tak, adv. : Yet; as yet; hither to; up till now; up to this time; still.
- henceforth; hence forward; from now on; from this time.
- ab se dur, intj.: God forbid!; heaven preserve us!; far it be from us!; begone!
- اب کا ab kā, عام اب کی adj. & adv. : عام b ke,
 - (1) Pertaining to the present time; current; of the present fashion; new; new-born; recent; immediate past; not very old; modern; next; coming; following; another. (2) This time; next time.
- اب كى بار ab ki bar, adv. :
 This time.
- اب نه تب ab na tab, adv.:

 Neither now nor then;
 never.
- (H) abhl, adv. : Yet ; as

yet; still; just now; even now; at once; immediately; instantly; already; this very moment; forthwith; upto this time.

- abhī dillī dūr hae, prov.: (lit.)

 Delhi is still far off; lot of time has yet to elapse before success can be achieved.
- abhi se, adv. : Before time; in advance; from this very moment, time.
- U! (A) ibā, n. m.: Denial; refusing.
 - ابا كرنا ibā karnā, v. : To refuse ; to deny.
- ابابيل (A) abābīl, n. f.: Swallow.
- mission; leave; permitting; giving liberty; rendering lawful.
- (PU) abāsin, n. m. :

- (lit.) Father River; River Sind (Indus).
- Jui (H) ubal, n. m.: Boiling; ebullition; effervescence; (fig.) sudden outburst of anger.
 - ابال آنا ubāl ānā,) v. : To ubalnā, start boiling; to get into a state of boiling.
 - មេបុរំ ubālnā, v. : To boil up ; to cause to boil.
- ing; origin; birth; source; commencement; outset; inception; initial stage; starting point.
 - ibtida se, adv.: From the beginning; from the start; ab initio.
 - ibiida se ابتدا سے انتہا تک

intihā tak, adv.: From beginning to end; from first to last.

ibiidā karnā, v.: To begin; to originate; to start; to open; to usher in; to break; to set on foot; to launch; to set agoing.

begining; at first; in the firs. place; firstly.

ابتدائی (A) ibtidāl', adj.: Prefatory; elementary, primary; introductory; initial; first; original; preparatory; preliminary.

ibtidai' t'alim, n. f.: Primary education.

ibtidal' ḥuruf, n. m.: Initial letters; initials.

m.: (Mod.) Introduction; foreword; prologue; prefatory writing; initial note; exordium.

التذال (A) ibtizāl, adj. : Devoid of good qualities ; deteriorated; degraded; worthless;

spoiled; confused; scattered.

ابتر (A & P) abtar, adj. : (1) (lit.) Any animal destitute of a tail; defective. (2) Disarranged; worthless; very bad; worse.

ابتر کرنا abtar karna, v.: To disarrange; to upset; to impair; to make worse.

be disarranged; to be ruined; to degenerate; to be spoiled; to worsen.

ابتری (P) abtarl, n. f.: Disorder; decay; mismanagement; confusion; deterioration; ruin; worthlessness; hotch-potch; mal-administration; poverty.

ابتری پهيلانا abtarl phaelana,
v.: To create confusion;
to disarrange.

(A) ibtisām, n. m.: Cheerfulness; smile; happiness.

ايتلا (A) ibtila, n.m.: Affliction; suffering.

ابثن (H) ubṭan, ابثن (H) ubaṭnā, ابثنا (H) n. m. : A

detergent substance for rubbing on the body; a mixture of perfumes, oil, gram flour etc. rubbed on the body (particularly of the bride or bridegroom) to cleanse it and soften the skin; a toilet powder; a cosmetic.

البن كهيلا ubtan khelna, v.:

To rub the above substance on one another, a custom among the Muslims in the Indo-Pak. subcontinent, observed for the sake of fun at the time of marriage.

(A) abjad, n. f.: Alphabets; original order of the 28 Arabic alphabets composed into eight different words; a system according to which each letter has been assigned a numerical value, as follows, for purposes of finding out chronograms:-

ابجد هوز حطی ابجد هوز حطی ۱۰۹۸ ۵۶۵ ۲۳۲۱

ض ظ

ابجد خواں abjad khwāt, n.m.:

(lit.) One who is learning just the alphabets; a beginner; an incipient learner.

ابجدى abjadi, adj. : Alphabetic (al).

(A) ab<u>kh</u>ira(h), n. m., pl.:

Vapours; exhalations;

fumes; steam. (s. بخار bukhār.)

ab<u>kh</u>irāt, n. m. (double ابخرات pl. of ابخرا)

ابخل (A) abkhal, adj.: Most miserly. (sup. of بخيل ba-khll.)

보! (A) abad, n. m.: Eternity; time without end; infinite time; perpetuity; that

which always will exist (and has existed); (fig.) the Last Day. (opp. of ازل azal, time without beginning).

ابدآ abadan, adj. : For ever.

וענולאט abadul abad, adj. :

For ever and for ever;

eternal; perpetual.

ابدی abadi, adj. : Eternal ; related to eternity; immortal; everlasting.

n. m.: (Mod.) The eternal triangle; two males and a female or vice versa.

ابدیت abadiyat, n. f.: Etornity.

ing; publishing (something new); bringing out; innovation; invention.

ابدال (A) abdāl, n. m., pl. : A religious fraternity; dovotees; hermits; enthusiasts; pious men; lieutenants; saints who occasionally move about from place to

place, unknown to people, for purposes of divine administration. (s. بديل ' بدل bidl, badil.)

ابدائی abdāli, adj. & n. m.:

(1) Of. belonging or related to abdāl. (2) A

Pathan clan; the famous

Afghan King Ahmad

Shah Abdali who routed

Mahrattas in the third

battle of Panipat (India).

(P) abr, n. m. : Cloud.

abr ālād, adj.: Clou-dy.

ابر بهار abr-i-bahar, n. m. :
Spring cloud.

וא איים: abr-i-bahman, n. m.:

Cloud of the Persian month of Bahman (corresponding to March); vernal cloud.

اجر قر abr-i-tar, n. m.: Cloud laden with water; rain cloud.

یر تصویر abr-i-taşwlr, n. m. :
A drawing of clouond

paper.

ابر جهانا abr chhānā, v.: To be overcast; to be cloudy; to threaten rain.

וא כען און abr-i-daryā bār, n.
m.: Cloud saturated
with water, vapour;
cloud which brings heavy
rain.

abr-i-raḥmat, ابر رحمت abr-i-karam, ابر كرم m.: (lit.) Cloud of divine mercy or grace; rain just when it is needed; (fig.) bounty.

abr-i-gaohar bār, n. m. : (lit) Pearl-scattering cloud; a bounteous
gift.

ابر موده abr-i-murda(h), n.m.: A sponge

ابر نبسال abr-i-naesak, n. m.:

Vernal cloud; spring cloud.

ابر و باد abr-o-bad, n. m.:

Cloud and wind; rainy
and windy weather.

(H) abrā, الجرا (P) abra(h), outer and main fold of a garment or cap, as distinguished from المتار astar, the lining.

To combine the outer fold with the lower one of a two-fold garment, after stitching the two; to stitch the outer fold of a quilt with the inner one.

וא (A) abrār, n. m., pl.: Pious or holy persons. (s. און, און, און, barr(a), bārr(a).)

(A) ibrām, n. m. : Solicitation; importunity; earnest request; urgency; inevitability.

(A) abras, adj. & m. : (1) Leprous; suffering from leprosy. (2) A leper; one with white spots on the body.

(A) abraq, أبرق (A) (H) abrak, ابرك (H) Mica; talc.

- ابرقی abraqi, | adj.: Made ابرکی abraki, |

 of or related to talc.
- ابرن (H) abran, n. m.: Jewels; ornaments; finery; fine dress.
- P) abrū, n. m. & f. : Eyebrow.
 - ابرو پر مبل نه آنا abrū par mael na ānā, v. : To remain steadfast; to stand firmly against odds; not to be perterbed.
 - ابرو تاننا ، چڑهانا abrū tānnā, chaphānā, v. : To knit the brow in rage.
- ابرو هين بل آنا ، پونا abru men bal ānā, paṛnā, ابرو هين چين آنا abru men chin ānā,
 - v.: To knit the brow; to frown; to express displeasure.
- abrīi-i-paewasta(h), n. m. : Close eyebrows.
- ابری (P) abri, adj. & n. f. : (1) (lit.) Clouded; mottled. (2) A variegated paper used in book-binding.

- (P) abresham, n. m.: Raw silk; watered fabric; moire; a cocoon.
- ابسانا (H) ubsānā. v.: To cause to rot or spoil.
- أبسنا (H) ubasnā, v.: (Food) To rot; to putrefy; to become rancid, sticky; to give a stinking smell.
- (A) abşār, n. m., pl.: Eyes; perceptions; knowledge in depth; wisdom. (s. بصر baṣar.)
- ابطال (A) abṣāl, n. m., pl. :

 Brave warriors; heroes.
 (s. بطل baṭl.)
- ابطال (A) ib tāl, n. m.: Proving (an argument) to be false; confutation; refutation.
- ابعاد (A) ab'ād, n. m., pl. : Distances ; dimensions. (s. مبد b'ud.)
 - ab'ād-i-salāsa(h),

 n. m.: The three dimensions, length, breadth and depth or thickness.
 - ab'adi, adj. : Dimensional.

- اهد (A) ab'ad, adj.: Most distant; remotest. (sup. of ميد ba'ld.)
- ing permanent; establishing; keeping; preserving; sparing.
- (A) ibkār, n. f.: Virgins; maidens; spinsters; unmarried women; girls. (s. bikr.)
- i (H) ubkā'i, n. f.: Nausea; motion or sound of vomiting; retch.
 - ubkā'i ānā, v. : To feel like vomiting.
- (1) A young and delicate woman; a belie; an unprotected female. (2) Weak; feeble.
 - ابلا پری abalā parī, n. f.: A
 beautiful damsel.
- ing; sending; communication; propagation; transmission; (Mod.) poetic communication.
 - iblagh karna, v. :

- To convey; to communicate; to propagate.
- (A) ablagh, adj.: More or most perfect; most effective; most eloquent.
- (A) ablaq, adj. & n, m.: (1)

 Black and white; of two
 colours; piebald (especially
 horse). (2) (fig.) A leper.
 - ablaq-i-ayyām, ابلق ایام ablaq-i-rozgār, ابلق روزگار ablaq-i-rozgār, n. m. : (lit.) Black and white (horse) of days; nights and days; age; time; the world.
 - ablaq-i-charkh, n. m.; (lit.) Piebald horse of the sky; night and day; time; age; the world.
 - ablaq chashm, n. m.: A person with beautiful eyes.

to burst forth.

swell with pride or rage;

41 (P) ablah, adj. & n. m. : (1) Silly; foolish; ignorant; artless. (2) A simpleton; a fool.

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- ablahana(h), adj. adv.: (1) Foolish. (2) Foolishly.
- abla(h) fareb, n.m. : (lit.) A person who deceives a fool; (now) a roguish person; an unprincipled man; an imposter.
- abla(h) farebi, n. f.: Fraud : deceipt.
- ablahl, n. f.: Stupidity; foolishness; silliness; ignorance.
- (A) ibils, n. m.: The devil: satan; (fig.) a wicked person.
 - الليسالة lbllsana(h), adv. : Diabolic (al); deviliah.
- ر (A) ibn, n. m.: A son; a child.
 - ibn-us-sabll, n. m. : A traveller; a wayfarer.

- : .ibnul-waqt. n. m ابي الوقت (1)- A time-server; an opportunist; a sycophant. (2) A famous novel of Dr. Nazir Ahmad.
- ibn-i-maryam, n. m.: (lit.) Son of (Virgin) Mary; Jesus Christ; (fig.) a Messiah; a lifegiver; a liberator.
- ubnā, v. : (sl.) To germinate; to spring; to shoot; to spout.
 - 'ابنا (A) abnā', n. m. pl. : Sons. (s. ابن ibn).
 - .abna 'i-jins, n. m ابنائے جنس pl.: People of one and the same breed, species; equals in rank, class etc.

abna-'i-jahah, ابنائے جہاں abna-'i-dahr, ابنائے دھر abna-'i-rozgar, ابنائے روزگار n. m., pl.: People of the world; Adam's progeny.

abna-1-zama ابنائے زماں abna-'i-asr, ابنائے عصر abna-'Lahd.

n. m., pl.: People of the age, period.

(A) ibnā, n. m. : Ordering of a building to be constructed.

 \mathfrak{H}^{1} (A) $ab\overline{u}$, n. m. : Father.

ابوالابا abul ābā.

n. m.: Father of fathers; the first progenitor; father of the human race; Adam.

ابو بكر abū bakr, n. m. : Father-in-Law of the Holy Prophet Mohammad and the first pious Caliph in Islamic History.

ابو قراب abū turāb, n. m.:

(lit.) Father of the earth;

appellation of Hazrat
Ali, cousin and son-inlaw of the Holy Prophet

Mohammad and the
fourth pious Caliph in
Islamic History.

ابو جهل abū jehl, n. m.: (lit.)

Father of ignorance;
appellation of one of the bitterest enemies of The Holy Prophet Muham-

mad.

Name of the first great Muslim jurist and founder of one of the four schools of Islamic jurisprudence.

ابوطالب abū ṭālib, n. m.:

Name of the father of
Hazrat Ali and Prophet
Mohammad's uncle.

ابو على سبنا abā 'ali sinā, إبو على سبنا bū 'ali sinā, ابو على سبنا n. m. : A renowned Muslim physician and scholar.

abul fazl, n. m. :

(lit.) Father of excellence;
appellation of an accomplished Muslim luminary
of the court of Akbar the
Great.

ابو قبیس abu qubais, ابو قبیس bu qubais, A sacred mountain on the eastern frontier of Mecca.

ابو لبب abū lahab, n. m.:
(lit.) Father of flame or

blaze i. e. hell; appellation of an uncle of the Holy Prophet Mohammad who opposed him bitterly and has been cursed in the Holy Quran.

ابو طريره من abū huraira(h), n.

m.: (lit.) Father of the little cat (of which he was ever so fond); appellation of a companion of the Holy Prophet Mohammad.

ابواب (A) abwāb, n. m., pl.:

Doors; gates; chapters; heads of revenue, taxation or account; land revenues; taxes; subscriptions.

(s. باب bāb.)

ing; prominence; a rising bulge; progress; growth; bloom; budding; development of breasts in women; exitation; act of stirring up.

ubhār denā, v.: To raise up.

ubhār lānā, v. : To win over; to kidnap;

to seduce.

to raise; to induce; to urge; to revive; to stir up; to incite; to encourage; to stimulate; to persuade; to uphold.

fortune; ill-luck.

الها abhāgā, adj. & n. m. الهاق abhāgī, adj. & n. m. شاء abhāgī, adj. & n. m. tarred; ill-starred; hopeless. (2) A destitute person; a scapegrace.

(A) ibhām, n. m. : (1) Thumb. (2) Ambiguity; doubt; uncertainty; confusion.

to become visible; to swell out; to rise; to grow; to bloat; to revive; to protrude; to be on way to fame; to overflow; to attain puberty.

ubhrā huā, adj, :
Protruded; exited; famous.

ubhri hui أبهري هوئي تصوير

taswir, n. f.: A picture in relief; relief.

- الى (H) ibbi, n. f. : The first stroke of the game known عن دندا as المائلة gulli dandā.
- ion of scorn; you fellow!; damned you!; you ras-cal!; sometimes also used in familiarity and fondness.
 - انے تبیے کرنا abe tabe karnā,
 v.: To address one rudely, disrespectfully or
 offensively; to address
 one with undue familiarity; to be rude in speech.
- ابیات (A) abyāt, n. m., pl. :

 Homes; houses; couplets;

 verses. (s. یت baet.)
- (H) abir, n. m.: Powder of mica.
- ابيض (A) abyaz, adj. : Most white; very shining or splendid.
- ابيتورس (GR) ablquras, n. m.: Epicurus, a Greek philosopher (300 B. C.) who taught that the highest good was pleasure.

- ابيقوريت abiquriyat, n. f.: Epicureanism.
- ابيل دبيل (H) abel dabel, adj. & n. m.: (sl.) (1) subjected; weak; cowed down. (2) A subjected person.
- (1) A cripple; a lazy, indolent person; useless or worthless fellow; a wreck. (2) Lazy; indolent.
- المان (H) upāo,

 المان (H) upāe,

 dress; remedy; plan;
 scheme; preparation; project; design; invention;
 measure; strategy.
- en invention; a new idea; an unusual flight of voice by a musician while singing; (sl.) An extremely rougish fellow.

upaj ki lenā, عن لينا upaj ki lenā, } v.:

To invent; to adopt a new line; to sing with originality.

up; to sprout; to strike an idéa.

الحديش (H) updesh, n. m. : Advice; counsel; admonition; sermon; instruction; exhortation; suggestion; homily.

instructor; advisor; mentor. (2) Possessing qualifications of an advisor, preacher.

(E) apranțis, n. m. Apprentice.

اجريل (E) aprael, n. m. : April; the fourth month of the English calender.

aprael ful, n. m.:

April fool; person taken
in or sent on fool's errand
on April 1. (Hence All
Fool's Day).

البلا (H) uplā, ما البلا يواليا (H) uplā, البلا يواليا البلا يواليا (H) البلا يواليا (H) البلا يواليا (H) البلا يواليا (H) البلا يواليا البلا يواليا البلا البلا يواليا البلا الللا البلا الللا الللا اللا

Dried cake of cow-dung used as fuel.

 $\left\{\begin{array}{l} apna, \\ adj., n. m. & f. \end{array}\right\}$

(1) Of or belonging to self; one's own; personal; individual; private; exclusive. (2) A dear one; a relative; a friend; a confederate.

his own; each one's; respective; specific; allotted; individual; special; appropriate.

اپنا اپنا هي هي درايا پرايا apnā apnā hi hae, parāyā prēyā hi hae, prov. : A stranger can never be like one's relative.

اینا الو سیدها کرنا apnā ullū sldhā karnā, v.: To achieve one's objective (anyhow); to fool others; to gain one's object.

اینا بگانا apna bigana,
اینا بگانا apna begana(h),

اینا بیگانه apna paraya,

n. m.: (1) Friends and

foes; relatives and strangers; everybody.

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اينا لينا عبنا لينا لينا لينا لينا لينا apnā kar lenā, اپنا كرلينا

اپنانا apnānā, (Mod.), v.: To win over; to charm; to fascinate; to occupy; to secure; to adopt.

apnā bojh ḍāl- اينا بوجه دَّالنا nā v.: To make others bear one's expenses.

ابنا ببث تو كتا بهي بالتا ه apnā pet to kuttā bhi pāltā hae, prov: (W) Even a dog manages to fill his (own) belly (man is expected to help others from his earnings or adopt some reasonable profession to earn his livelihood).

apnā اینا ٹھکانا کرنا thikānā karnā, v.: To arrange for abode for oneself; to seek employment.

apnā khūn, ابنا خون 'لهو پين lahū pinā, v.: To endure miseries, misfortunes; to be in extreme grief; to suffer affliction.

- اینا راسته لو apnā rāstā lo, id.: Mind your business; no fears; don't meddle in others' affairs; get away.
- apna rakh اینا رکھ پرایا جکھ parāyā chakh, id.: (lit.) To preserve one's (own) and taste other's (meals, edibles); to enjoy at other's expence.
- apna اینا سا هنه لے کے رہ جانا sā muħh le ke rah jānā. v.: To hang down one's face (in shame). (Used when one is not able to defend one's conduct.)
- apna اپنا سر پیٹنا ، ییٹ لینا sar pitnā, pit lenā, v.: To regret one's deed (against the advice of some wellwisher); to be extremely sorry to hear an unexpected news of grief.

و apnā sar khāo اینا ىسر كهاو apnā sar khāo id.: Do as you please.

apna اپنا کیا آعے آنا ، یانا kiyā āge ānā, pānā, v. : To suffer the consequences of one's own misdeeds; to reap what one has sown.

- اینا هنه بنواو apnā muhh banwāo, id. : (W) Don't brag. (Used when somebody indulges in tall talk.)
- apnā munh dekho, id.: (W) Don't overrate yourself; you are not worthy enough.
- be or become one's own; to become the owner of:
 to gain one's affection.
 to behave as one's man.
- ronā ronā, v.: To be retailing (only) one's own troubles and vexations.
- اپنایت apnāyat, n. f.: Brotherhood; relationship; fraternity.
 - اپنی apni,) adj. : One's اپنی apne, own; personal; indivi-

- dual; exclusive.
- apni bolyān bolnā, v.:
 Every one offering his
 own suggestion or pressing his own point of
 view, demand; every
 one having a dig at the
 other.
- اینی اینی بونا apni apni parnā,
 v.: Every one thinking
 of himself alone; all
 anxious about their own
 interests.
- اپنی اپنی جگه apni apni iagah,
 phr.: Each at one's own
 position; everyone at
 one's respective or allotted place.
- par ar jānā; v. : To be obstinate in one's view; to put one's foot down.
- اپني پير پرائي باتيں apnl pīr .
 parāi bāteh, prov. : To

consider one's own pain as real and that of others as false.

- chāl se na chāknā, v.:

 Not to give up one's

 ways or habitual, undesirable practices.
- اپنی ڈیوھ اینٹ کی ہسجد الگ اللہ apni deph in: ki masjid alag banana, prov.: To differ from others; to have a singularly different view in any matter.
- si karnti, kar dekhnti, v.:

 To do one's utmost; to

 try one's level best.
- اپنی کونی اپنی بهرنی karni apni bharni, v.: To reap the fruit of one's misdeeds.
- with one's poor lot; to be indifferent to for-

- اپنی (هی) گانا ، گائے جانا (hi) gānā, gāe jānā, v. :
 To go on talking about one's own interest; to continue pressing one's own point (unreasonably).
- اپنی گئی میں کتا بھی شیو apni gali men kuttā bhi sher hotā hae, prov.: (lit.) Even a dog behaves like a lion in its street; in favourable surroundings even a weak person tries to be formidable.
- apni gaon kā اپنی کوں کا بار apni gaon kā yar, phr. : A selfish person ; a time-server ; a self-interested one.
- apni nited sont, v.: To sleep at one's will; to be free from anxiety, worry; to be one's own master.
- apnī wāli, adj. :
 Best possible; one's level
 best; within one's power.
- apni اچنی هائی اور پر کنوالی hāi aur par ganwāi, prov.:

... 电显频计算

(W) To shift the blame of one's own misdeed to others.

- i apne ap, adv.: Automatically; by oneself.
- apne ap اپنے آپ کو کھینچنا apne ap ko khinchna, v.: To be proud; to think too much of oneself.
- اپنے پاؤں میں آپ کھاڑی مارنا' apne pāch men āp

 kulhāri mārnā, mār lenā,

 v.: To dig one's own

 grave; to be one's own

 enemy; to bring about

 one's own downfall.
- jame se bahar hona, v. :

 Not to be able to contain oneself; to be unable to control; to be in an ungovernable rage.
- haq men kante bona, v.:

 (lit.) To sow thorns for oneself; to commit mistakes which may prove suicidal for one.
- apne dhab kā, adj.: Of one's own lik-

ing; of a kindred temperament; of use for one.

- apne sath lapeina, v.: To include

 (others in the risk) alongwith oneself.
- le dabna, v.: To make (others) sink along-with oneself; to be the cause of destruction (of others) while meeting one's own misfortune.
- apne sae se darna, wahshat karna, v.: To be
 extremely afraid; to
 show the white feather;
 to betray cowardice.
- ماینے سر آفت ' مصیبت لینا apne sar afat, musibat lenā, v. : To undertake a difficult task (knowingly).
- apne اپنے سر لبنا ' اُوڑھ لبنا apne sor lend, orh lend, : To take the responsibility of another person's mistake on oneself.

اپنے قدحے کی خیر منانا

apne اپنے قدحے کی خبر منانا apne qadhe ki khaer manānā,
v.: To seek (only) one's own security, welfare;
to be self interested.

apne اپنے کام سے کام رکھنا apne kām se kām rakhnā, v. :
To mind one's own business.

apne kām kā اپنے کام کا نہیں apne kām kā nahīn, phr. : Of no use to us; useless; no good; good for nothing.

apne ko, prov.: Him-self; herself.

apne kiye اپنے کئے پر پچھتانا apne kiye par pachhtānā, v. : To repent on or regret one's misdeeds.

اینے کئے کی سزا بانا ' فزہ apne kiye ki sazā pānā, maza(h) chakhhnā, v.: To bear the consquences of one's own actions.

apne اپنے گریبان میں منه ڈالنا apne garebān meh muhh dālnā,

۷.: To consider one's

اپنے نصیبوں کو رونا

own misdeeds; to be ashamed of one's conduct.

apne ghar اپنے گھر کی راہ لو apne ghar ki rāh lo, phr. : Get away; be gone; leave the place.

apne اپنے منه پر تمانچے هار نا apne munh par tamānche mārnā, v. : To reproach oneself for one's misconduct.

apne اپنے منه هیاں منهو بننا apne munh miyān miththu bannā, v. : To indulge in self-praise; self-praise is no recommendation.

apne meh, plir. : (W)
In one's body.

ایک هے apne nām kā ek hae, id. : (W) Is an astute person; is a shrewd, mischievous fellow.

apne nazdik, id.:
In one's view; according
to one's thinking.

apne اینے نصیبوں کو رونا nasibon ko ronā, v. : To

tune; to curse one's fate.

- apne hath se, id.:

 Through one's own conduct; due to somebody's own actions.
- apne hā tho n, adv. : (lit.) With one's own hands; automatically; knowingly.
- apne hath hae, id.: In one's own power.
- apne hathon apni qabr khodna, v.: To dig one's own grave; to bring about one's own downfall; to cause his failure due to one's own actions:
- tak rakhnā, v.: To keep secret; to keep to one self; not to pass on to others.
- (H) aphār, اپهار (H) aphārā, n. m.:

 Distention; swelling out by pressure from within; gas in stomach.

- ابهرنا apharnā,
 ابهرنا aphar jānā,

 To distend; to be filled with gas; to swell out by pressure from within; to be over-loaded (stomach).
- (S) upnishad, n. m.: The theological portion of the Hindu sacred book-Vedas.
- (H) upi, adj. : Shining ; glittering; sparkling; sharp; swift.
- (H) aphal, adj. : Fruitless; barren.
- (E) apil, n. f.: Appeal; act of appealing.
 - apllant, n. m.: Appellant; the person who prefers an appeal.
 - اپیل سرسری apli sarsarl, n. f.:
 A summary appeal.
 - apīl karnā, v. : To prefer an appeal.
 - apil mukhālif, n. f.: A cross appeal.
 - apil manzur اپیل منظور کرنا

karnā, v.: To allow an appeal.

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Ul (T) atā, n. m. : Father.

father; master; teacher; guardian; precepter; an appellation of kings or prime ministers of Iran; honorary title given to governors of Shiraz.

of Turks — a title given to late Ghazi Mustafa Kamal Pasha, founder of Modern Turky.

باقا بتا . (H) atā patā, n. m. :

Address; whereabouts;
clues (to help find answers
to questions in quiz competitions).

(H) utar, n. m. & adj.:

(1) A descent; declination; slope; falling off; lower water; ebb-tide; fall (in price); decrease (of fever, intoxication, swoon, anger etc.); a ford or ferry; sacrifice; alms; duplicate copy; antidote.

(2) Of no value; worthless; ordinary.

wharf; quay; offering of flowers or sweetmeats etc) to ward off evil spirit; a halting place; a camping ground; a stage (of journey); passing (over river etc.); affront; rage; ferry toll; house-rent; ransom.

اقارا اقارا اقارا اقارا اقارا اقارا اقارا اقارا اقارا القارا القارات ال

m.: Ups and downs; rise and fall; ebb and flow; ascending and descending; good and evil; fluctuation (in price etc.); pitch of musical notes; vicissitudes; inconsistency; irregularity; hope and fear; trick; machination; policy; diplomacy.

il (H) utāran, اقارن (H) utāran, اقرن (H) utran, fragment; cast-off; used or worn-out clothes.

نارنا (H) utārnā, v. : To lower; to bring down; to pull or put down; to ferry over; to house; to drive home; to prepare (food); to dethrone; to lay (the dead body) in the grave; to cast out; to remove the influence of an evil spirit; to relieve the poisonous effects of snake or scorpion sting; to exorcise; to put out of joint; to degrade; to disgrace; cast off in estimation or affection; to take off (the gloss or polish); to strip; to put off (hat or other apparel); to remove, take off (the skin); to discharge (debt, liability); to avenge; to swallow in; to take down; to unload (cargo etc.); to dismount; to cut off; to copy (letter, picture).

i utar dena, v.: To make one get down; to bring down; to insult; to disgrace; the intensive form of اتارنا.

utār lenā, v. : To أقار لبنا

take off; to bring down; to cause to alight; to copy; to trace out.

pared; bent upon; determind.

honā, v.: To be prepared; to be bent upon.

cher; instructor; private tutor; preceptor; coach; guardian.

vate tuition; education; tutorship; chaperonage.

اقاليقى كرنا atāliqi karnā, v.:

To coach; to tutor; to teach.

(H) atai, n. m.: An amature; an artist who has had no formal training; a self-taught artist.

ing; allegiance; obeying; fidelity; compliance; pursuing; dependence.

- union; coalition; coincidence; alliance; concord; intimate friendship; treaty (of alliance); amity; conformity; convention; league.
 - itteḥād-i-islāmia(h), n. m.: Union of
 Islamic world; Pan-Islamism.
 - itteḥād-i-salāsa(h),

 n. m. : (Mod.) Triple
 alliance.
 - i-shūraiya-i-rūs, n. m.:

 (Mod) Union of Soviet
 Socialist Republics (of Russiu).
 - itteḥād-i àmal, n. m.: Cooperation; coordination of action.
 - ineḥādi, n. m. : Allies; leaguers.
- اقر (S) uitar, n. m. : (1) The north. (2) Answer; rejoinder.
 - uttar pachchham, adj.: North-west.
- أقرا (H) utrā, adj. : Worn; faded.

- shaḥna(h) mardak nām,
 prov.: Out of place, out
 of grace; a deposed official has no respect.
- i (H) utar and, v.: To come down; to be bent upon.
- اترانا (H) itrānā, v: To give oneself airs; to be conceited; to be vain; to behave in a boastful and arrogant way.
- i (H) uirānā, v.: To float; to rest on the surface of liquid; move with moving liquid.
- أَثَوالَى (H) uirāi, n. f.: (1) Ferrytoll; fare of down hill journey; season of downhill move. (2) Descent; slope.
- آثر بازاً (H) utar paṛṇā, v.: (1)

 To be determined to do
 something. (2: To camp; to
 stay temporarily; to come
 or drop down.
 - اقرتا جاند (W) The waning moon; the last days of a lunar month.

utarti barsāt, n. m.: The departing rainy season.

in value or beauty etc.

اقرسوں (H) atarson, n. m.: The day following the day after tomorrow; the day immediately before the day before yesterday; the forth day hence or back; any day after day after tomorrow or day before yesterday.

آثرنا (H) utarnā, v. : To descend; to come or drop down; to abate; to dismount; to halt; to lodge; to disembark; to enter (into arena); to be swallowed: to have (milk in the udder breasts); to decrease; fall off (in estimation and affection); to cross; to fade (colour), (from mind); to be determined: to dislocate (limb); to be relieved (of responsisibility, effect of intoxication, poison etc.); to be disgraced; to become pale; to be subsided (anger); to be taken or gulped down; to be revealed; to be born; to go off; to become insipid; to grow thin; to die.

ناروانا (H) utarwānā, v. : To cause to be brought down; to cause to be taken off; to help in bringing down; to unload.

أَتُونَكُ (H) utrang, n. f.: The lintel of a door.

اقری پهل (H) itriphal, اقری پهل (A) itrifal, اطریفل (A) itrifal,

An electuary or medicinal powder used for digestive disorders. (Also called کریها تربها نتربها تربها

(A) ittisal n. m.: Union; attachment; joining; meeting; contact; adhesion; junction; neighbourhood; contiguity; confluence..

reement; unanimity; assent; concert; unity; harmony; consent; concurrence; concord; friend-ship; amity; chance; contingency; incident; accident; adventure; probability; equality; similarity of disposition; fortune;

lot; success; opportunity; conspiracy; combination; affair.

قَافَا ittifāqan,

adv.:

By chance; by the way;

accidently; rarely.

Unanimity of views; holding same opinion; concurrence.

parna, pesh ana, v.: To occur; to happen; to come to pass.

ittifāq rakhnā, v.: To keep friendly terms; to be friendly.

ittif aq se rahna,

v. : To live amicably;

to live in harmony; to

remain on good terms.

itif aq karnā, v.;
To agree; to conspire;
to form an alliance; to
unite; to happen; to form
a friendship.

ittifāq honā, v.:

To happen; to chance;

to be agreed; to accede

to; to have unanimity,

harmony.

ittifāqī, ittifāqio(h), adj. & adv. : (1)
Accidental; occasional;
c a s u a l; fortuitius.
(2) Casually; incidentally; by chance.

ittifāqi ikh-rājāt, n m.: Contingent expenditure; incidental charges.

(A) ittiqā, n. m. : Abstaining (from vice); piety; abstinence; living in accordance with Islamic law.

اتقیا (A) atqiya, n. m. pl.: Religious men; pious persons; devotees; the righteous; the virtuous; those fearing God. (s. تقى taqi).

dence; reliance.

il (A) itlāf, n. m.: Destruction; ruin; decay; loss; waste.

اتلاف جاں lilāf-i-jāħ, n. m. : Loss of life; mortality.

(W) ات کت (H) at gat, adj. : (W)
Out of number; excessive;
limitless; too much.

i (A) atam(m), adj.: Perfect;
best; complete. (sup. of

first; first-class; best; tiptop; virtuous; great; excellent; highest; matchless; respectable.

اقم کهیتی مدهم بان ' نکهد uttam چاکری بهبیک ندان wheti maddham hān, nikhad chākrī bhīk nadān, riov.: Agriculture is the best occupation and second best is trade, while service is bad and beggary worst.

اتم کان مدهم بجان و انتم انتم انتم انتم بعدان uttam
gānā, maddham bajānā,
prov.: Best form is vocal
music, while instrumental music ranks second
best.

ונחום (A) iimām, n. m.: Com-

pletion; finality; closure.

is mām-ihujjas karnā, v.: To
close the case with final
argument; to argue
finally; to present
ultimate conditions; to
put up the whole case.

itmām karnā, v. :

To complete; to bring
to a close.

اتنا (H) iind, adj.: So much; اتنى (H) iine, اتنى this much; as much as this; to this extent; thus far.

small; just a little; tiny; slight; insignificant; of no consequence.

itnā sā fitna(h), اتنى سى فتنى الله itnī sī fitnī, اتنى سى فتنى phr. : (W) A young but sly lad or lass.

النا سا منه نكل آيا ، هو كيا inā sā muhh nikal āyā, ho gaya, phr.: The face became so thin, pale (after illness etc.)

اتنی سی جان ' گز بهر کی زبان ini si jān gaz bhar ki zabān, prov. : To be too pert for one's age.

اقنی هی لکهی تهی ، لے کر itni hi likhi thi, le kar de the, phr. : Had only this much to live; could not have lived longer.

ine se itne النبے معونا ine se itne hona, v.: (W) To blossom into a man or woman from childhood.

itne men, adv. : Meanwhile; in the meantime.

iti (H) utnā, adj.: As much اتنى (H) utnī, اتنى (H) utne, اتنى (H) utne, as that; merely so much; so much only; to that

P) utt , n. m. : Plait ; fold ;

extent or amount only.

crease; ornamental gathering of cloth; embroidery; needle work.

plait; to pucker; to trail.

(2) To beat so severely as to leave marks on the body.

(3) To leap while walking; to move about gleefully.

(4) To stupefy one; to confound.

اتو کش ، ساز ، گر uti kash, sāz, gar, n. m.: A plaiter; one who makes ornamental folds in cloth.

اتوار (H) itwār, n. m. : Sunday.

(A) ittehām, n. m.: Slander; calumny; accusation; indictment; imputation; censure; blame.

ittehām-i-bejā, n. m.: Fake accusation.

istehām lagānā, اتهام لگان، دینا denā, v. : To accuse; to slander.

less; unfathomable; very deep; abysma!.

ing; studious; hardwork-ing.

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- اتهای (H) uthlā, adj. : (1)

 Having only nominal depth; shallow; low; shoal. (2)

 (fig.) Not to be able to keep a secret; tale-bearing.
- لَّهُ لَ يَبْهُلُ لِبَهُلُ (H) uthal puthal, adj. & adv: (1) (W) Upset; disturbed; overturned; topsyturvy. (2) In a disturbed state; in utter confusion.
 - inhal puthal أقهل يتهل كرنا whal puthal karnā, v.: To upset; to turn over; to turn topsyturvy.
 - uthal puthal أَنْهِلَ بِنَهُلَ هُونَا honā, v.: To be overturned; to be upset.
- اتهوا (H) ashwā, conj.: (Mod.)
 Or; that is; even.
- (E) atāchī, Attache.
- اگاری (H) atārī, می الله (H) atārī, اگاری (H) atāryā, اگریا storey; terrace; balcony.

- 対け (H) atālā, n. m. : Heap; pile; accumulation; stock of corn, grass etc.; luggage; house-hold goods; furniture; baggage.
- fill (into); to join (to); to fix into.
 - ات جانا ' اثنا (H) at jana, aina, v. : To be chocked with : to be filled.
 - اكرنى (E) aṭarnī, n. m.: Attorney; one appointed to act for another in business or legal matters.
 - a tarn i jamal,
 n. m: Legal officer empowered to act in all
 cases in which the State
 is a party.
 - (E) atropin, n. f.: Atropine; a poisonous alkaloid.
 - ات سك (H) at sat, n. f. : (1)

 Conspiracy; treachry. (2)

 Close alliance; attachment. (3) Nonsense.
 - (H) atak, n. m. & f.: (1)

 Name of a river in West

 Pakistan, also called Indus.

(2) Bar; obstacle; hindrance; stop; hitch; delay; prevention; interruption; restraint; entanglement; hesitation; doubt.

atak matak, n. f.:
Toying; coquetry.

نالانا (H) aṭkānā,
اناعالانا aṭkā denā,

To obstruct; to hinder; to restrain; to detain; to stop; to impede; to append; to fasten; to lock up; to suspend; to keep back; to attach with; to wear for a while; to put off; to hang on a nail; to get one a job.

To dilly dally; to keep in suspense.

الكاوا (H) aikāo, الكاوا (H) aikāwā, الكاوا (H) aikāwā, Hindrance; reason for detention, delay.

الكرليس (H) utakkar laes, adj.: Absurd; baseless; unmannerly; awkward; random. be entangled; to be stopped, prevented; to be busy; to be employed; to have regard; to have soft feeling (for someone); to be in love; to be unable to read fluently; to stick.

atkal, n. f.: Conjecture;
guess; rough estimate;
judgement; opinion; quality; size; skill; comprehension; discernment; random.

aikal bāz, n. m. : One who is good at guessing; an appraiser.

aikal pachcha, n. m. & adj.: (1) A wild guess; a mere conjecture. (2) Conjectural; haphazard; absurd.

aikal se, adv.: App-roximately; by conjecture.

ולישט איששט (H) aikan baikan, n. m. : A child's game.

- ton; playful; jolly; sprightly; lightsome.
 - الكهيلى atkheli, n. f.:

 Wanton-ness; playfulness; coquettishness; toying; playful mode of walking. (pl. الكهيليان atkhelyāń.)
 - aikhelyān karnā, v.: To sport; to be frolicsome; to be playful.
- (H) atal, adj.: (1) Immoveable; fixed; firm; rooted; unshaken; stubborn; inevitable; unflinching; unchangeable: unyielding; absolute; determined; what must be. (2) Satisfied; satiated; contented.
 - (E) ailas, n. m.: Atlas.
- الحم (H) aṭam, n. m. : Heap ; pile.
- admit of; go into (a box); to be contained; to be filled; to fit; to be choked up.

اکنگا (H) uṣaṅgā, adj. ; Shriveiled up ; gone up ; too short.

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- khaiwātī, n. f: (W) (lit.)

 Decayed or broken bed;

 bed and belongings; bed

 and baggage; chattles;

 household goods.
 - اثوائی کهثوائی لیے کر بونا ، چؤ

 aiwāil khaiwāil le

 kar paṛnā, paṛ rahnā, v.:

 (W) To retire to bed in

 the sulks; take to bed

 in grief, resentment or

 trouble and affliction; to

 remain constantly aloof

 in bed in anger or dis
 appointment.
 - able ; inseparable ; indissoluable.
 - (Mod.) Inseparable limb or part. (Used in recent times by Bharat while laying her permanent claim to Kashmir.)

at cards.

aṭṭhārwān, انهاروان aṭṭhārwān, adj. adj. aḍṭhārwen, Eighteenth.

aṭṭhārah, adj.: Eight-teen.

aṭṭhāsī, adj.: Eighty-cight.

aithanwe, adj.: Ninety eight.

aṭṭhāwan, adj.: Fifty-eight.

aṭṭhāls, adj.: Twenty-eight. ____

pahri, adj & n. m. & f.:

(1) Lasting or working the whole day (consisting of eight parts of three hours each, according to old calculations). (2) One who is always on duty; such a guard (in the fields) or servant.

athattar, adj.: Seventy-eight.

ath māshī, n. f.: A weight, weighing eight mashas; a gold mohar of this weight.

anna piece (old coin)
= 20 Paisa (new).

athwāṛā, n. m. : The eighth day; a period of eight days; a week; a loan payable in full or by istalments at the end of the week; use of agricultural implements for eight days.

masa, n. m.: (W) A child born in the eighth month of pregnancy (who seldom survives); one who remains ill most of the time; land ploughed for eight months for sugarcane.

i لها ن (H) uthān, n f.: Ascent, growth; size; rising; elevation; height; emi-

nence; beginning; ascension, alutude; erection; swelling of breasts (a girl's); beginning of youth; puberty; sexual desire (of the female); bloom of life; swagger; foppishness; expenses; up-bringing.

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اَتْهَانَا (H) uthana, v.: To lift; to carry; to take up; to set up; to hoist; erect; to awake: exhibit; to raise up; to remove; to begin; to fly (a kite); to give a lift; to bear; to suffer; to abolish; to uncover; to drive away; to pick up; to spend; to pack up (for a march or journey); to lease out; to establish; to close; to wake from sleep; to expel; to contract debts or purchase credit; to lay out money; to build; to excite; to carry; to bring up.

ركهنا (H) uthā rakknā,
v.: To put by (something
for the future); to postpone; to assume (responsibility); to take a

burden upon oneself.

uthā le jānā, v. :

To run away with ; to carry off; to abduct; to kidnap.

up; to pick up; to undertake (to do something):
to endure; to construct:
to remove (from); to take
up (to heaven).

throw one down on back; to subdue; to pick up (something) and throw it on one's opponent.

Extravagant; profuse; lavish. (2) An extravagant fellow; a spend-thrift.

m.: (lit.) A mobile stove; a rolling stone; a wanderer; a vagabond; an unsettled person; one who moves from place to place; a gypsy.

النهائي گيراً (H) uṭhāi girā, n.
m.: (lit.) One who takes up
what has fallen; a pilferer;
petty thief; pickpocket;
plunderer; scoundrel: a
wicked man; an immoral
person.

to get up; to wake up; to break out; to push; to die; to be spent: to be let.

v.: (lit.) To be continually tising from and sitting in one's seat; to be restless.

uțihā baeihi. اُنْهَا بِينْهِي uih baeih,

n. f.: Frequently rising and sitting; a kind of exercise; a punishment in school; restlessness; standing and kneeling alternately at prayers.

uth baeth lagna,

v.: To be getting up and
sitting down every moment (from uneasiness of
mind).

get up; arise; to shake off sleep or drowsiness; to recover from illness; to revive.

uthtā joban, n. m.:

The prime of youth;

breast's almost fully

formed (a girl's).

uih jana, v.: To come to an end; to depart; to die; to rise suddenly.

u! hte baethte, adv.: (lit.) Standing and sitting; gradually; quickly; easily; constantly; by degrees; every time; now and again.

uthti, adj.: (1) Rising: opening; flourishing. (2) Declining; dying.

uthti jawani, أنهتى جوانى uthti jawani, uthti kopal, أنهتى هوئى جوانى أنهتى هوئى جوانى uthti hui jawani,

n. f.: The prime of youth; bloom of life; puberty; budding youth.

uih kharā honā, أنه كهزا هونا

v.: To stand up; to rise suddenly; to recover from illness.

to be lifted or raised up, removed etc.

uthwaiyā, n. m.: One who helps to lift or raise a load.

نها (H) aihlana, v.: To be coquettish; to walk affectedly; to give oneself airs.

البرن (H) ateran, n. m. : A reel; skein of thread; frame for turning thread; a winder; one reduced to skin and bones; the circle on which a horse is trained.

ateran kar dena, اثيرن كر دينا v.: To reduce to skeleton; to confuse; to puzzle; to tire.

יאָענו aternā, v. : To make up thread into skeins; to reel; to lounge (a horse).

انبیک (H) ațek, adj. : Without a support.

اثاث البيت (A) asās-ul-baet, اثاثه (A) asāsa(h),

n. m.: Household furniture;
goods; chattles; personal
property; assets; belongings; bag and luggage.

اثبات (A) isbāt, n. m.: Confirmation; proof; certain knowledge; ascertainment; recognition; affirmation. (opp. of نفى nafl. negation.)

influence; mark; sign; trace; result; history; sacred relics; tradition; memorable event.

asar اثر آفرین ' انگیز ' انداز asar afrith, angez, andāz, adj. :

Producing effect ; effective.

اثر پذیر asar pazir, adj. .

Accepting effect or influence; amenable.

اثر ڈالنا asar dālnā, v. : To influence.

ا أثر كرنا asar karnā, v. : To have, take or produce effect; to stimulate.

ادُر هونا asar honā, v. : To prevail; to have effect; to be effected, impressed or influenced.

اثرى aṣarī, adj. : Archaelogic (al).

ולקטש asariyāt, n. f.: Antiquities.

اثقال (A) asqāl, n. m., pl. : Burdens. (s. ثقل siql.)

افقل (A) asqal, adj. : More or most heavy.

(A) işm, n. m. . Sin.

(A) usmār, n. m., pl. اثمار Fruits. (s. ثمر samar.)

interval; middle; midst.

a<u>nā</u> meħ, adj. : Meanwhile : in the interim; in the midst of a certain state or condition; during the interval.

اثنا عشر (A) isna 'ashar, adj.:

Twelve (اننا = two + عشر = ten); The twelve Imams (descendants of the Holy Prophet Mohammed).

n. m.: (1) Pertaining to twelve Imams. (2) Muslims who profess to follow twelve Imams; the Shiahs.

(A) asim, n. m.: A sinner; a criminal.

wering (petition or prayer); acceptance; consent; approbation; granting a favourable reply. (2) Evacuation; motion; stool.

nopoly; lease; control; a privilege or income sold or let for a fixed sum; hire; exclusive right or authority; right of interference; farm; contract.

- ijāra(h) ujāṛā, اجاره أجارًا phr.: Work completed on contract basis turns out to be a wash out.
- ijāra(h) dār, n. m.: Monopoly holder; lessee; tenant; sole master or proprietor.
- ijāra(h) dāri, n. f.: Monopoly; sole proprietorship or mastery.
- ijāra(h) denā, v. :
 To farm; to lease; to give
 a contract.
 - ijāre kā paṭṭa(h),
 n. m.: Deed of lease or
 farm.
 - ijāra(h) karnā, v.:

 To take upon oneself; to contract; be responsible for.
 - ijāra(h) nāma(h), n. m. : Lease ; title deed.
- أجاز (H) ujōṛ, adj.: Deserted; ruined; depopulated; demolished; la d waste; desolated; dreary; lifeless.
 - ujār ṣয়rat, adj. :

- (W) Ill featured; bad looking; ugly.
- to uproot; to break up; to put down; to lay waste; to ravage; to destroy; to depopulate; to desolate; to demolish; to plunder; to turn out.
- ujār honā, v. : To be desolate, ruined, destroyed.
- yidrū, adj. & n.: (1)
 Squandering; wasteful.
 (2) A spendthrift; a
 prodigal; a plunderer;
 a spoiler.
- اجازت (A) ijāzat, n. f.: Leave;

 permission; sanction;
 a carte blanche; leave to
 depart; pass; passport;
 dismissal, a license.
 - ijāzat chahnā, hāṣil karnā, v.: To take leave;
 to ask leave or permission
 to depart; to obtain
 permission or license.
 - ijāzat khwāh, n. m.: A petitioner; seeker

of permission: applicant; suppliant.

ijāzat denā, v. :

To permit; to allow; to
authorise; to give leave
to depart; to sanction;
to empower; to concede;
to grant leave.

ijāzat milnā, v. :
To get permission or license.

ijāzat nāma(h), n. f.: A written order or permission; license; affreightment (for a ship to carry good).

اجا کر (H) ujāgar, adj.: Bright; luminous; conspicuous; famous; manifest. splendid; interesting.

ujāgar karnā, v.:
To brighten; to enhance;
to bring to light to
make conspicuous.

اجالا أجالا (H) ujālā,

الجيالا (H) ujyālā,

Light; lustre; sunshine,

broad day light; glare;

dawn: day-break, glory:

pride.

ujālā honā, v.: To be lighted; to dawn.

n. m.: The last watch of the night; the watch which begins at dawn.

ujālnā, v.: To clean; to cause to shine or glisten; to furbish; to polish.

ujbak : See ازیک uzbak.

(A) ijtemā', n. m.:

Conjunction; assemblage:
afflux; combining; congregation; accumulation:
collection.

ijtemā'-i-ziddaen, n. m. : Mixture of opposites.

ijtemā karnā, v.:
To gather together; to league.

ijiemā'i, adj. Collective; social; congregational; the whole; aggregated

ijtemā'i huqয়y.

- n. m., pl.: Collective rights.
- ijtemā'iyat, (Mod.)
 Socialism: collectivism.
- (A) ijtenāb, n. m. : Keeping aloof; avoiding; abstinence.
- اجتهاد (A) ijtehād, n. m.:

 Exertion; earnest effort;

 diligence; striving to
 accomplish anything;
 interpretation of Muslim
 laws.
- اجلار (A) ajdād, n. m., pl.: forbear; grandsires; fore-fathers; ancestors. (s. عبه jad(d).)
- (H) ujad, adj. & n. m.: (1)
 Ill-bred; ill-mannered;
 course; very stupid; vulgar; rough. (2) An arrant
 fool; an unsympathetic,
 unfeeling person.
- (A) ajr, n. m.: Remuneration; retribution; compensation; recompense; consideration; reward; return; hire; wages; reward of good or bad action.

- ajr denā, v.: To remunerate; to compensate; to reward.
- וֹבְּנוֹף (A) ajrām, n. m., pl.: Bodies (inanimate). (s. בָּרָה
 - ajrām-i-samāwī, اجرام سماوی ajrām-i-samāwī, اجرام فلکی ajrām-i-falakī, m. m. : Heavenly bodies, stars etc.
- וֹרְעוֹ' (A) ijrā', n. m.: Enforcement; issuance; putting into execution; performance; giving currency.
 - ijrā' karnā, v. : To issue; to give circulation, currency.
 - ijrā'l, n. f. : Issuance.
 - ijrā'-i-parwāna(h),
 n. m.: Issuing of permit,
 order, summons or warrant.
- أجرت (A) ujrat, n. f.: Wages; fee; reward; remuneration; fare.
 - ujrat dena, v. To pay remuneration: to give wages.

اُجڑا (H) ujrā, adj. & n. m. : (1)

Dark; gloomy; cheerless;

desolate; deserted; dilapidated. (2) (W) A wretch;
a damned one.

ujṛā pujṛā,

اجڑی پجڑی

ujṛi pujṛi,

ujṛe pujṛe,

adj.: (W) In ruins; desolate; unlooked after.

(H) ujarnā, v.: To become desolate; to be demolished; to be deprived of inhabitants; to be violated; to be uprooted; to go waste; to be laid waste; to be destroyed; to be ravaged; to fall in ruin; to lose charm; to die out.

(H) ujarwānā, v. : To cause to be laid waste.

ا أجلاء كيا ناتا ؟ يوم أجلاء كيا ناتا ؟ يوم saon se kyā nātā? prov.:

(lit) What interest could one have in the village which he has abondoned?; it is no use yearning for the place one has forsaken.

(A) ajzā', n. m., pl.: Portions; sections; constituents; components; rudiments; units of 16 pages each (printing); ingredients; elements; members; sections of the Holy Quran of which there are thirty. (s. نجز juz.).

ajzā-i-pareshāh,
n. m. : Scattered parts.

n. m.: Constituent parts; component ingredients.

ajzā i-kalām, n. m.: Parts of speech.

ajzā-i-mutanāsiba(h). n. m.: Proportionate parts.

اجساد (A) ajsād, n. m., pl.: Substance; bodies. (s. جسد jasad)

اجسام (A) ajsām, n. m., pl.:

Bodies; material substances.

(s. جسم jism.)

اجگر (H) ajgar, n. m. & adj.: (1) (lit.) The goat-eater; python; dragon. (2) Very heavy; weighty; unwieldy.

- (A) ajal, n. f.: Death; term of life; destiny; fate; hour of death.
 - اجل رسيده ajal rasidah, adj.

 Overtaken by fate or death; doomed; on the point of death; struck by calamity.
- (H) ujlā, آجلا (H) ujlā, اُجلی (H) ujlā, اُجلی (H) ujlē, اُجلی

neat; pure; white; light; bright; luminous; decent; shining; sparkling, radiant; intelligent; enlightened.

- ujlā ādmī, n. m.:

 Person dressed in clean,
 white clothes; respectable man; a person
 possessing good manners.
- ujlāpan, m. m.: Whiteness; neatness; brightness; cleanliness.
- ujlā kām, n. m. Neat, clean work.

- ujlā muth honā,
 v.: To be white-washed
 (one's honour); to be
 acquitted.
- ا با اجلا هونا ujalnā, اجلنا الجلنا ujalnā,

 To be or become clean;
 to be dressed in clean
 clothes; to shine; to be
- (H) ujli, n. f.: (W) A washer woman; laund-

polite or polished.

- ujil samajh, n. f.: اجلى سمجه Intelligence; good sense.
- ujil guzrān, n. f.: Comfortable living; condition of being well off; high life.
- act of sitting of a court of justice; sitting; sessions; a court.
 - ijlās-i-kāmil, n. اجلاس کامل ijlās-i-kāmil, n.
 - ijlās karnā, v. :
 To sit in court; to preside; to hold a court,
 office or meeting.

of permission: applicant; suppliant.

ijāzai denā. v.;

To permit; to allow; to authorise; to give leave to depart; to sanction; to empower; to concede; to grant leave.

ijāzat milnā, v. :
To get permission or license.

ijāzat nāma(h), n. f.: A written order or permission, license; affreightment (for a ship to carry good).

أجا كر (H) ujāgar, adj.: Bright; luminous; conspicuous: famous; manifest. splendid; interesting.

ujāgar karnā, v.:
To brighten; to enhance;
to bring to light. to
make conspicuous.

اجالا (H) ujālā,

اجالا (H) ujālā,

Light; lustre; sunshine,

broad day light; glare;

dawn: day-break. glory.

pride.

ujālā honā, v.: To be lighted; to dawn.

ujāle kā pahrā, n. m.: The last watch of the night; the watch which begins at dawn.

ujālnā, v.: To clean; to cause to shine or glisten; to furbish; to polish.

ujbak : See ازبک uzbak.

اجتماع (A) ijtemā', n. m.:

Conjunction; assemblage:
afflux; combining; congregation; accumulation:
collection.

ijtemā'-i-ziddaen, n. m. : Mixture of opposites.

ijtemā karnā, v.:
To gather together, to league.

ijiemā'i, adj. Collective; social; congregational; the whole, aggregated

ijiemā'i huguq. اجتماعي حقوق

- n. m., pl. : Collective rights.
- ijtemā'iyat, (Mod.)
 Socialism: collectivism.
- (A) ijtenāb, n. m. : Keeping aloof; avoiding; abstinence.
- اجتهاد (A) ijtehād, n. m. :

 Exertion; earnest effort;

 diligence; striving to
 accomplish anything;
 interpretation of Muslim
 laws.
- اجداد (A) ajdād, n. m., pl.: forbear; grandsires; fore-fathers; ancestors. (x. جد jad(d).)
- اجداً (H) ujad, adj. & n. m.; (1)
 Ill-bred; ill-mannered;
 course; very stupid; vulgar; rough. (2) An arrant
 fool; an unsympathetic,
 unfeeling person.
- (A) ajr, n. m.: Remuneration; retribution; compensation; recompense; consideration; reward; return; hire; wages; reward of good or bad action.

- ajr denā, v.: To remunerate; to compensate; to reward.
- וֹבְּנוֹף (A) ajrām, n. m., pl.: Bodies (inanimate). (s. בְּרַףְּ
 - ajrām-i-samāwī, اجرام سماوی ajrām-i-samāwī, اجرام فلکی ajrām-i-falakī, m. m. : Heavenly bodies, stars etc.
- וֹרְעוֹ (A) ijrā', n. m.: Enforcement; issuance; putting into execution; performance; giving currency.
 - issue; to give circulation, currency.
 - ijrā'l, n. f. : Issuance.
 - ijrā'-i-parwāna(h),
 n. m.: Issuing of permit,
 order, summons or warrant.
- أجرت (A) ujrat, n. f.: Wages; fee; reward; remuneration;
 - ujrat denā, v. To pay remuneration : to give wages.

أجزا (H) ujrā, adj. & n. m. : (1)

Dark; gloomy; cheerless;
desolate; deserted; dilapidated. (2) (W) A wretch;
a damned one.

ujrā pujrā, اُجِوًا پجوًا يجوًا يجوًا يجوًى الجواء أجوًا يجوًا إلى المانية adj. : (W) In ruins; desolate; unlooked after.

(H) ujarnā, v.: To become desolate; to be demolished; to be deprived of inhabitants; to be violated; to be uprooted; to go waste; to be laid waste; to be destroyed; to be ravaged; to fall in ruin; to lose charm; to die out.

(H) ujarwānā, v. : To cause to be laid waste.

gāon se kyā nātā? prov.:

(lit) What interest could one have in the village which he has abondoned?; it is no use yearning for the place one has forsaken.

اجزا (A) ajzā', n. m., pl.: Portions; sections; constituents; components; rudiments; units of 16 pages each (printing); ingredients; elements; members; sections of the Holy Quran of which there are thirty. (s. جز juz.).

ajzā-i-pareshāh,
n. m.: Scattered parts.

ajzā-i-tarklbl, اجزائے ترکیبی n. m.: Constituent parts; component ingredients.

ajzā i-kalām, n. m.: Parts of speech.

ajzā-i-mutanāsiba(h), n. m.: Proportionate parts.

اجساك (A) ajsād, n. m., pl.: Substance; bodies. (s. جسد jasad)

اجسام (A) ajsām, n. m., pl.:

Bodies; material substances.

(s. جسم jism.)

اجگر! (H) ajgar, n. m. & adj.: (1) (lit.) The goat-eater; python; dragon. (2) Very heavy; weighty; unwieldy.

- اجل (A) ajal, n. f.: Death; term of life; destiny; fate; hour of death.
 - اجل رسيده ajal rasidah, adj.

 Overtaken by fate or death; doomed; on the point of death; struck by calamity.
- (H) *ujlā*, آجلا (H) *ujlī*, أجلى (H) *ujlī*, أجلى (H) *ujlē*,

neat; pure; white; light; bright; luminous; decent; shining; sparkling, radiant; intelligent; enlightened.

- ujlā ādmī, n. m.:

 Person dressed in clean,
 white clothes; respectable man; a person
 possessing good manners.
- ujlāpan, m. m.: Whiteness; neatness; brightness; cleanliness.
- ujlā kām, n. m. Neat, clean work.

- ujlā mukh honā,
 v.: To be white-washed
 (one's honour); to be
 acquitted.
- اجلا هونا ujalnā,

 To be or become clean;
 to be dressed in clean
 clothes; to shine; to be
 polite or polished.
- (H) ujll, n. f.: (W) A washer woman; laund
 - ujli samajh, n. f.: اجلى سمجه lntelligence; good sense.
 - ujli guzrān, n. f.: Comfortable living; condition of being well off; high life.
- ובאליש (A) ijlās, n. m. : The act of sitting of a court of justice; sitting; sessions; a court.
 - ijlās-i-kāmil, n. m.: Full bench.
 - ijläs karnā, v. :
 To sit in court; to preaide; to hold a court,
 office or meeting.

ijlās men, adv. :
In court; while sitting in court.

(A) ajlāf, n. m., pl.:

Base or ignoble people;

base born creatures;

lower classes. (opp. of ashrāf, nobles.)

اجلال (A) ijlāl, n. m. : Magnificence; glory; honour; greatness; exaltation; respect.

assembling; unanimity; general agreement; consensus.

ijmā'-i-ummāt, n. m. : General assembly of the poeple ; consenus of religious leaders on points of law among Muslims.

and substance; resume; summary; epitome; abstract; abridgement; precis; compendious account; reckoning; synopsis; joint occupancy or possession.

ijmālan, adv.: Briefly.

ijmālī, adj. : Abridged; brief; gross; compendious; joint (possessions).

اجمل (A) ajmal, adj.: More or most beautiful; perfect. (sup. of جميل jamil, beautiful.)

(A) ajnās, n. f., pl.: Kinds; sorts; categories; goods; chattels; species; merchandise; commodities.

(s. جنس jins.)

اجنبى (A) ajnahi, adj. & n. m.:

(I) Alien; new; unknown;

foreign; unfamiliar;

strange. (2) A stranger;

foreigner; an unknown

person.

اجنبیت ajnabiyat, n. f.: Strangeness; state of being alien.

(E) ejent, n. m. : Agent.

ejenii, n. f.: Agency; the office of political agent; his residence.

اجوان (H) ajwān, اجوان (H) ajwā'in, A kind of aniseed used medicinally.

اجوت (H) ajot, adj. : (1) Without splendour; dull; dim. (2) Untilled, waste (land).

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- (H) ajūṭhā, adj.: Untouched; untasted (food).
- (H) ajurā(h), n. m. :

 Rent; wages; reward; remuneration; fee, hire;
 fare.
 - ajūra(h) dār, n, m.:

 A labourer on hire; a
 hireling; not a regular
 servant.
 - ajura(h) darl, n. f.: Payment by the job or piece.
 - ajuri, n. f.: Advances, particularly to agricultural labourers.
- (H) ajor, adj.: Peerless; scarce; without joining; incongruous; ill-arranged.
- (H) ujjhar, adj. : (W)

 Quarrelsome ; fussy.
- اجهل (A) ajhal, adj.: More or most ignorant; dunce; block-head. (sup. of جاهل jāhil., ignorant.)

- اجی (H) ajl, intj.: A form of addressing, calling to attention or expressing surprise;
 O!; I say!; Sir!; Sirrah!;
 Hallo!; look here! (Cor. of ae jl!)
- اجيالا (H) ujyālā, : See الجيالا ujālā).
- اجبت (H) ajlt, adj.: Invincible; unconquered; impregnable; unsubdued.
- (E) ajltan, n. m.: Cor. of adjutant.
- וֹבְּאֵנְ (A) ajlr, n. m.: Labourer; a hired workman.
- اجيرن (H) ajiran, adj. : (lit.)

 Disagreeing; indigestible;
 distasteful; hurtful; (W)
 unpleasent; tedious; chronic; tiresome; irksome;
 oppressive; vexatious; unwholesome; boring; monotonous,
 - ajiran honā, v. :
 To be indigestible; to be tiresome, boring.
- Taking goods on credit; running account with a

grocer. (2) (W) Noise; tumult; bustle.

ted; broken off; wearied; tired; disturbed; displaced; dissatisfied; sad; dull; sorrowful; dejected; disgusted; disheartened; having lost interest; restless; bored; offended; down-cast.

انداه المحالية uchāṭnā,
اندى المجال uchāṭ denā,
اندى المجال uchṭānā,

To drive or turn away; to break or disturb (sleep); to dishearten.

be alienated; to be disturbed; to be disgusted.

uchaitā sā, اَچِئْتا سا اَچِئْتا سا الجِئْتى سى uchaitā sā, } adj.

Cursory; slight.

اچار (H) achār, $\}$ n. m.:

(P) achār, $\}$ Pickles.

اچار ڈالنا achār ḍālnā, v. :
To make pickles; to keep
anything for a long time
unnecessarily; to let

(something) rot.

achari, n. f. A utensil of glass or china clay for keeping pickles

spiritual guide or teacher among Hindus instructing the students in Vedas; a learned man.

اچات (H) achānak, adv. : Suddenly; all at once; unexpectedly; unawares.

اچيال (H) achpal, adj.: Sprightly; restless; wanton; impatient; mercurial; selfwilled; vivacious.

اچپلاهك achpalahat, n. f.:
Restlessness; playfulness.

ing; developing; rising; jumping.

ilip Lai uchak jana, v.: To jump; to cross (rivulet etc.) by jumping.

اَچِک لے جانا ، لینا uchak le jānā, lenā, v.: To snatch away; to catch.

thief; pick-pocket; pilferer; one who suddenly snatches a thing and makes off with it; a swindler.

uchakkā pan, n. m.:

The habit of swindling,
pilfering.

(H) uchkānā, v.: (1) To lift or raise up; to shrug (shoulder); to catch. (2) To make off; to pounce upon; to decamp (with stolen goods). (3) To abduct; to elope.

(H) achkan, n. f.: A long coat buttoned in front.

to jump up; to catch; to pounce upon; to take or carry off; to pick up; to run away with; to forcibly make off with a thing.

n. m. : Astonishment ; amazement ; wonder ;

surprise; marvel.

achambhā karnā, v.: To wonder; to be astonished.

achambhe اچنبہ عبی هون هون achambhe men hond, v. : To be lost in wonder; to be puzzled; to be perplexed; to be bewildered.

اجوک (H) achūk, adj.: Unerring; infallible; sure.

اجها (H) achchhā,

(H) achchhi,

adj.:

Good; well; happy; wholesome; pleasing; excellent; choice; pure; agreeable; fine; delicious; tasty; cheerful; perfect; fair; fresh; genial; sound; right; righteous; appropriate; healthy; genuine; lovely; precious; benevolent; virtuous; clever.

ochchhā, inij.: All right!;
Oh, Yes!; very well; very
good; be it so; this will
do; well done;
bravo!; fine!; all very

fine!; what next!; my dear!; please!; friend!; there's a good boy!; we shall see; you shall pay for this; do you see?; do you understand?

- achchhā bartāo, n. m.: Good behaviour.
- achchhā k h a s a, adj.: Quite good; partly good; good; substantial; without defect.
- achchhā, karnā, v. :
 To cure; to do good.
- In various affirmative senses, like, (you) did well (to come away); (yes, I) did well (to do it) (impunity); (what you) did (was) well (meaning just the opposite) (sarcasm, dejection, greaf).
- اچها الگنا achchhā lagnā, v. :

 To look attractive; to be fit; to be pleasing; to relish; to afford pleasure.
- اجها هوا (You were) served well (though actually the

- opposite of it might be the case).
- اجها هونا achchhā honā, v.:

 To recover; to be cured or healed; to be good; to be in sound health.
- achchhi taraḥ, اجهى طرح سا achchhi taraḥ se, adv. : Properly; well; efficiently; plentifully; in good health; carefully; fully; thoroughly; satisfactorily.
- achchhi kahi, intj.: Well said!. (Some times also as a taunt, meaning not well said).
- achchhe din, n. m.:

 Good days; good old

 times.
- a oh chhe se achchhā, adj.: The best of all; the very best.
- achchhe اجهے وقت میں achchhe waqt meh, adv. : In time; in good time.
- (H) ichchhā, n. f.: Desire;
 wish; appetite; ambition; lust; solicitation;

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want; object.

ichchhā rakhnā, v.: To wish; to desire; to crave (for).

up; to throw up; fling; to bring to light or fame; to make known; (Ir.) to bring to disgrace.

to jump; to bounce; to bound; to fly out; to be merry and excited; to rejoice; to gush out; to spurt out; to assume airs.

اچهل بونا uchhal parna, v.:

To jump; to leap; to be startled; to fly into a passion.

uchhal kād, n. f.:

Hopping and skipping;
leaping and jumping;
gambols; merriment;
physical exercise.

ing in the act of drinking or swallowing.

(H) achhwanl, n. f.: An aromatic decoction given to women after child-birth; a caudle or gruel.

(Mod.) An untouchable; an element in Indian Society considered sub-human by caste Hindus.

(H) achhūtā, اچهوقا (H) achhūtā, adj. :

(H) achhūtē, عوتى (H) achhūte,

Untouched; unpolluted; quite new; holy; un-used; unbroached (girl); virgin; unique; not to be touched (offering); inviolable.

احادیث (A) ahādis, n. f., pl. :

Sayings and traditions of the Holy Prophet Muhammad constituting the basis of Muslim law (sunnat). (s. hadis).

Surrounding; enclosure; fence; compound; yard; courtyard; railings; precinct; circuit; circle; promises; territory; compass; boundary.

- iḥāṭa(h) bandi, n. f.: Fencing.
- iḥāṭa(h) احاطه كرنا v.: To surround; to hem in; to hedge in; to encircle; to encompass; to enclose; to com prehend.
- (A) ahibbā, احبا n.m., pl.: (A) aḥbāb, Friends; companions; lovers; relatives; dear ones. (s. حبيب habih.)
- (A) iḥtebā , n. m. Retaining, shutting up; (W) menstrual stoppage.
 - iḥiebās-i-bol, n. احتباس بول m.: Suppression of urine.
- (A) lḥiejāb, n. m. : Seclusion; retreat.
- (A) iḥiejāj, n. m. ; (Mod.) Protest; objection.
 - testing.
- (A) ihteraz, n. m. : Forbearance; abstinence; guarding (against); avoiding;

- abstaining (from); cautious (of).
- ihteraz karna, v. : To abstain or protect oneself (from).
- (A) ihteraq, n. m. : Being burnt; burning; combustion; conflagration.
- (A) ihterām, n. m.: Honouring; holding in veneration, respect; adoration.
 - iḥterām karnā, v.: To respect; to honour.
- (A) iḥtesāb, n. m. : Checking of accounts; reckonning; computing; censoring.
- (A) thtesham, n. m. : Magnificence; pomp; ostentation.
- احتلام (A) iḥtelām, n. m.: Nocturnal pollution; wet dream; night discharge.
- iḥtejāji, adj. : Pro- احتجاجى (A) iḥtemāl, n. m. : Possibility; likelihood; fear; apprehension; supposition.
 - iḥtemāl karnā, v.;

To doubt; to suspect; to presume; to suppose; to guess; to impute.

iḥtemāl honā, v.:
To be likely; to be probable.

intemali, adj. : Conjectural; probable; problematic; likely; suspicious; hypothetical; uncertain; doubtful.

ובייוה (A) ihiiyāj, n. f.: Need; necessity; want; exigence; indigence; security.

احتياط (A) thttyāt, n. f.: Caution; care; heed; vigilance; scrupulousness; attention; precaution; foresight; circumspection.

iḥilyāṭ احتياط ركهنا كرنا rakhnā, karnā, v. : To take care; to take precaution ; to guard (against).

iḥtlyātan, adv. : By way of precaution; carefully; cautiously; watchfully.

iḥiiyāṭl, adj. : Precautionary; preventive ; prophylactic.

(A) aḥad, n. m. : Ono ; unique ; unity; an individual.

An Indian military corps, during Emperor Akbar's reign which was regularly paid, but was liable to be called only in emergency; a lazy, indolent fellow who will not work; a sluggard.

(A) aḥrār, n. m.: The free born; the liberal; the generous; the noble. (s. مر ḥur.)

(A) eḥrām, n. m. : (lit.) (1) Making or determining anything to be unlawful: abstinence from sensual enjoyments; period of pilat Mocca; grimage two unstitched pieces of white cloth wrapped round the body by men or a white scarf tied round the head and hair by women, at the time of Haj. (2) Intention or resolve to undertake a journey.

eḥrām bāndhnā, احرام باندهنا v. : (1) To put on the pilgrim's dress before entering Mecca and mak-

ing a vow as a pilgrim.
(2) To intend; to resolve.

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احزاب (A) aḥzāb, n. f., pl. :
Parties; groups; troops;
armies. (s. حزب ḥizb.)

(A) aḥzān, n. m., pl.: Griefs; afflictions; grievances. (s. خزن ḥuzn.)

ing; perceiving; senses; perception; cognition.

eḥsās·i-bartarī, احساس برترى (Mod.) Superiority complex.

ehsts-i-kamtarl, احساس کمتری (Mod.) Inferiority complex.

obligation; kindness; benefaction; good offices.

eḥsān utārnā, v. :
To return favours.

e ḥ sā n احسان جتانًا ، ركهنا jatānā, rakhnā, v. : Speak favour conferred; to remind one of an obligation.

eḥsān fardmosh, adj.: Ungrateful; one who forgets kindness bestowed on him.

eḥsān kā badla(h),

phr.: Requital or return

for a favour.

eḥsān karnā, v. :
To benefit; to do act of
kindness; to oblige; to
put under obligation.

eḥsān lenā, v.: To be under debt of gratitude.

أحسان ماننا eḥsān mānnā, v. :
To acknowledge kindness;
to feel obliged ; to be
grateful.

احسان مند eḥsān mand, adj.:

Grateful; thankful; obliged; indebted.

eḥsān mandī, n. f.: Gratefulness; sense of obligation; thankfulness.

احسان هے eḥsān hae, inij.:

Thanks!; many thanks!;

much obliged!.

- إحسن (A) aḥsan, adj. : Very good; best; better; more or most beautiful.
 - aḥsant, intj. : Bravo !; well done!
- أحصا (A) iḥṣā', n. m.: Numbering; reckoning; comprehending.
- ing; circumscribing.
- (A) Iḥẓār, n. m. : Attendance; appearance; causing to be present; summons.
- احقر (A) ahqar, adj. : More or most contemptible or mean; this low one; this humble one. (Used in self-humiliation.)
- Orders; commands; decrees; injunctions; ordinances; judicial decrees; statutes; summons; injuctions. (s. بالمادة إلى المادة الم
- احمل (A) aḥmad, adj. & n m.:
 (1) (lit.) More or most
 praiseworthy. (2) Holy
 Prophet Muhammad.
 - ا احمد کی پگڑی محمود کے سر

- aḥmad ki pagṛi maḥmad ke sar, prov.: To rob one to pay another.
- (1) Pertaining to Ahmad.
 (2) A follower of Mirza
 Ghulam Ahmad of Qadian. (3) A gold coin of the times of Tipu Sultan
 Shaheed; also one coined by Ahmad Shah Abdaliat Delhi.
- (A) ahmar, adj. : Red.
- (A) aḥmaq, n. m. & adj. :

 (1) Fool; booby; dunce; simpleton; block-head; idiot; dummy; noodle.

 (2) Foolish; stupid.
 - aḥmaq-ul-lazl, n. m.: An arrant block-head.
 - aḥmāq-un-nās, n. m.: Egregious fool; fool of fools; biggest fool.
 - احمق بنانا aḥmaq banānā, v. :
 To make a fool; to fool;
 to cheat.
 - adv.: (1) Foolish; idiotic. (2) Foolishly; stupidly.

- aḥmaq pan, n. m. :
 Idiocy; folly; stupidity.
- (A) aḥnāf, n. m.: The followers of Imam Abu Hanifa. (s. حنفي hanaf l.)
- احوال (A) aḥwāl, n. m., pl.:

 Conditions; details;

 circumstances; events;

 state of affairs; occurences;

 narration. (s. الم أها.)
 - اجوال پرسی aḥwāl pursī, n. f.:
 Enquiring after one's
 health or circumstances.
 - aḥwāl-i-wāq'ai, n. f.: Real circumstances or condition; the truth.
- (A) aḥwal, adj.: Squint-eyed.
- aḥyā, n. m., pl.: The living. (ه. جئی ḥaiy.)
- chance; occasionally; now and then.
- (A) ihyā'. n. f.: Revival; the act of making alive.
- (A) akh. n. m. Brother; friend; companion.
 - akhi, n. m. : My brother.

- akhyā, n. m. : A little brother.
- اخاه (A) akhkhāh, inij.: Exclamation of surprise or wonder; Ha!.
- (A) akhbar, n. m., pl. & s.: (1) News; informations; traditions; histories. (s. خبر khabar). (2) Newspaper.
 - akhbārāt, n. m., pl.: Newspapers; the Fourth Estate. (s. اخبار akkbār.)
 - akhbār-bīn, n. m. :
 News reader.
 - akhbar farosh, اخبار فروش n. m.: Newspaper dealer; newspaper hawker.
 - اخبار نویس. akhbär nawis, n.
 m.: Journalist; newsman; newswriter; newspaper editor; pressman.
 - taining to or emanating from a newspaper.
- اخت (A) akht, n. f.: Sister.
- (A) ikhtitām, n. m. :

 End; finis; finish; completion; fulfilment; termination; conclusion; explry.

(P) akhtar, n. m.: A star; constellation; good omen; good luck.

- akhtar shumarl, اختر شماري n. f.: (lit.) Counting of the stars; waiting in a state of suspense or hope during the night; passing a restless night.
- akhtar shinds, n. اختر شناس m.: An astrologer.
- <u>akh</u>ıar shindsi, اختر شناسي n. f.: Being well versed in astrology.
- (P) اختر بختر ، اخترا بخترا akhtar bakhtar, akhtara bakhtarā, n. m : Chattles; household goods; trifles; bag and baggage.
- (A) i<u>kh</u>tirā', n. m. : Invention; innovation; fabrication; devising; coinage; contrivance.
 - ikhiirā' karnā, اختراع كرنا v. : To create; to invent; to devise.
 - ikhtirā'i, n m. : Innovative; inventive.
- (A) ikhtisar, n m. Abridgement; brevity

- reduction; simplification; compression; conciseness.
- ikhiisar karna, اختصار کرنا v.: To cut short; to abridge; to shorten; to condense; to summarize.
- (A) ikhtişāş, n. m. : Peculiarity; speciality.
 - ikhtişāşl, adj. : Peculiar; special.
- (A) ikhtifā, n. m. : Hiding; covering; concealment.
 - ikhtifa karna, v. : To conceal; to hide; to COVET.
- اختلاج (A) ikhtilāj, n. m.: Pulpitation; fluttering; restlessness.
 - ikhtilaj-i-galb, n. اختلاج قلب m. : Pulpitation of heart.
- لختلاط (A) tkhtila!, n. m. Act of mixing; union; intimacy; association friendship; warmth.
- اختلاف (A) ikhtilāf, n. m. : Difference; disagreement; dissent; opposition; quarrel; divergence; disunity; incongruity; rupture;

breach; schism; variation; misunderstanding.

ikhtilāf-i-rāe, n. ikhtilāf-i-rāe, n. m.: Difference of opinion; disagreement; dissent.

i<u>kh</u>tilāf rakhnā, اختلاف هونا i<u>kh</u>tilāf honā, اختلاف هونا v. : To disagree.

taining to or causing difference; dissentient; disagreeing with the majority or official view.

اختلال (A) ikhtilāl, n. m.: Disturbance; disorder; disruption; obstruction; hinderance; want; interruption.

Will; liberty; option; choice; discretion; influence; permission; right; competency; jurisdiction; power; picking; election; offer; authority; function; command; grip.

اختیار دینا ikhtiyar dena, v. : To authorise; to empower; to grant power.

i<u>kh</u>tiyār rakhnā, v.: To have power ; to be entitled; to have authority.

ikhtlyār اختبار سے باہر هونا se bāhar honā, v. : To be beyond (one's) power.

ikhtiyar karnā, اختيار كرنا v.: To adopt; to chose.

ikhtiyār meh اختيار ميں هونا honā, v.: To lie in (one's) power.

ikhtiyarl, adj.: Optional; voluntary; in one's power, approbation, authority.

اخذا (A) akhaz, n. m.: Taking; adopting; securing; appropriating; selecting; seizing; claiming; enacting; deducing.

اخذ كرنا akhaz karnā, v.: To draw from; to infer; to extract; to deduce; to quote; to seize; to take; to capture; to assume.

اخراج (A) ikhrāj, n. m.: Expulsion; ejection; extraction; banishment; dislodgement; evacuation; eviction; emmission; removal; discharge; extradition; deportation; rejection; dismissal.

اخراجات (A) ikhrājāt, n. m., pl.:

Expenses; disbursements;

costs; charges; expenditure. (s. خرج kharj,

ikhrāj.)

- (H) akhrot, n. m. : Walnut.
- in order) ; pertaining to the next world or hereafter.
- (A) akhzar, adj.: Green.
- (A) ikh fa', n. m.: Hiding; concealment.
 - ikhfa karnā, v. : To cover; to conceal.
 - ikh fā-i-jurm, n. m.: Concealment of offence.
 - ikh f a-i-ḥal, n. m.: Conceriment of (one's) condition.
- (A) akh fash, adj. & n.

 m.: (1) Having small and
 weak eyes; suffering from
 nyctalopia; blind by day.

 (2) An Arab grammarian.

 (See بزاخفش buz-i-akh fash.)
- (P) akhgar, n. m.: Spark of fire; live ashes.

- ty; frankness; candour; sincerity; attachment; devotion; intimacy; love; selfless adoration or worship.
 - اخلاص جوزنا الخلاص جوزنا الخلاص جوزنا To cement (an) intimacy (with); to contract friendship.
 - ikhlas اخلاص رکهنا کونا اندلام رکهنا کونا اندلام ikhlas rakhna, karna, v.: To be sincere; to regard; to entertain love (for); to be friendly.
 - ikhlās mand, adj.:
 Sincere; friendly;
 cordial; intimate; devoted; true; genuine;
 affectionate.
 - n. f.: Sincerity; devotion; friendliness; intimacy; affection.
- The homours of which the blood is composed; mixtures. (s. blikhilt.)
 - n. m.: The four humours viz. blood, phlegm,

choler (or yellow bile) and melancholy (black bile).

- اخلاق (A) akhlāq,n.m., pl. & s.:

 Manners; virtues; morals;

 courtesy; politeness; civility; goodness; etiquette. (s.

 khulq).
 - اخلاقا akhlāqan, adv. : Morally; out of courtesy.
 - اخلاق آموز akhlāq āmoz, adj.:
 Moralistic.
 - اخلاق سوز akhlāq soz, adj.:

 Pestilent; injurious to morals.
 - اخلاقی akhlāqī, adj.: Moral; ethical.
 - اخلاقبات akhlāqiyāt, n. m.: Ethics; moral code.
- اخنی پغنی (U) a<u>kh</u>ni pa<u>kh</u>ni, n. f.: (W) A cheap, characterless woman.
- ikhwān, n. m., pl.: Brothers; brethren; friends; relatives; comrades; companions; fellows; kith and kin. (s. خوان
 - ikhwān-ushshayā tin, n. m. : (lit.)

 Devil's brethern or followers; knaves; wicked
 people.

- ikhwān-uṣ-ṣ afā,
 n. m.: Sincere friends;
 righteous people; a
 group of Muslim writers
 in the medieval ages
 who wrote a large number of scholarly books.
- (A) ukhawat, n. f.: Brotherhood.
- اخون ، اخوند (T) akhūn, akhūnd, n. m.: A school master; teacher; instructor.
- Excellent people; good persons; godly, religious men; the righteous.
- اخيافي akhyāf I, n. m.: Brothers and sisters by the same mother but different fathers.
- (A) akhīr, adj & n. f. : (1) Last; final. (2) The end.
 - اخبر وقت akhir waqt, n. m.:

 Last moment (of life);

 closing time (of anything).
 - akhir honā, v.: To end; to die.

- Grace; elegance; charm; fascination; blandishment; coquetry; deportment; mode; expression. (2)

 The act of bringing to completion; fulfilment; discharge; execution; acquittance; payment (of a debt); settlement (of accounts).
 - To show blandishment or coquetry.
 - ادا شناس adā shanās, adj. : One who can appreciate graceful actions.
 - who can appreciate grace or understand the significance of art, beauty.
- ادا فهمی الما ada fahmi, n. f.: Understanding of the significance of beauty.
- ادا کار adākār, n. m. : (Mod.)
 An actor.
- ادا کاره adakara(h), n. f. (Mod.) An actress.
- ادا کاری adākarī, m. f.
 (Mod.) Acting.
- ada-i-khas, m. f.

- Particular grace.
- ادائے ناز adā-i-nāz, n. f.:

 Graceful action of a belle.
- ادا شده ادا شده adā shudah, adj. : Duly paid (item or dues).
- pay up; to clear (dues).

 (2) To perform (part); to fully express; to comply; to defray.
- be paid or repaid. (2)
 To be done; to be accomplished; to be discharged (duty): to be expressed.
- Payment; remission; fulfilment; anything said or expressed in cogent manner.
- Editorship (of a newspaper or journal); editing; compilation of books.
 - idariyah, n. m. : (Mod.)
 Editorial; leader; leading article.
- اداره idarah, n. m. : Institution; administration; ma-

nagement; organisation; office; (Mod) Editorial staff.

- morose; depressed; melancholy; sullen; pensive; glum; unsettled in mind; not bright; dull.
 - udās honā, v. : To be depressed; to be pensive; to feel sad.
 - depression; dejection; duliness; despondency.
 - ادامی جهان udāsi chhānā, v.:

 To be clouded with sorrow; to overhang with gloominess; to become dull or gloomy.
 - ناهب (H) udāhat, n. f.: Purple colour.
 - اكب (A) adab, n. m.: (1) Courtesy; respect; elegant manners; decorum; civility; politeness; etiquette. (2) Literature.
 - ادب آداب مطهه قطه الدب آداب الداب Manners; respect; culture; regard.
 - 'UN (A) udabā', n. m., pl.:

 Teachers of good man-

- ners; men of letters; writers. (s. اديب udlb).
- اكب كرنا adab karnā, v.: To behave politely; to regard with esteem; to pay respect or deference (to); to venerate.
 - اذبى adabi, adj. : Literary ;
 pertaining to literature,
- ادبیات literature ; studies in literature ; belles letters.
 - البيات عاليه a d a b i y a t ialiya(h), n. m. : Classical literature : classics.
- ונטן (A) idbār, n. m.: Calamity; affliction; misfortune; mistake; evil days; distress; decline; adversity.
 - ادبار آنا idbar ana, v. : To have ill luck; to fall on evil days; to be over-taken by misfortune.
- ادبدانا (H) a d b a d ā n ā, v.:

 To be preplexed; to be agitated; to be anxious to do a thing.
 - ادبداکر adbadā kar, adv. : (W)
 Positively; purposely;
 knowingly.
- الخال (A) idkhāl, n. m.: Intro-

- duction; insertion; entry; admission.
- involuntarily or copiously; immoderate secretion of urine.
- اكراك (A) idrāk, n. m.: Comprehension; apprehension; perception; grasp; understanding; sense.
- ا كرسا (H) adrasā, n. m. : A kind of thin white cloth.
- וכرک (H) adrak, n. m.: Ginger (in undried state); green ginger.
 - الاركي adrakl, n. f.: Sugarcoated pieces of green ginger; candied ginger.
- (A) iddi'ā, n. m.: Pretension; assertion; claiming (a thing); demanding as a right.
- الخام (A) idghām, n. m.: Welding; merger; doubling a letter by means of تشدید tashdid.
- الاق (A) adaq, adj.: Abstruse; difficult; more or most subtle; minute; obscure; profound.

- - וכל אנל אנל adel badal karnā,
 v. : To exchange ; to interchange ; to barter.
- of the round muscles, particularly of the front leg of cattle permitted to be eaten.

 (Cor. of المنه (A) uzlah.)
- ادنی (A) adnā, adj.: Inferior; coarse; low; petty; mean; secondary; ignoble; of no account; purile; menial.
 - ادنی و اعلی adna-o-a'la, adj.: High and low; great and small; masses and classes; all and sundry.
- اكوار (A) adwar, n. m., pl. :

 Periods; ages; revolutions.
 (s. دور daor.)
- الوان (H) adwan, الوان (H) adwain, strings at the foot of a bed to tighten it when necessary.

آدهار کی کیا ماں مری ھے؟

- الوان كهينجنا adwān khenchnā, v.: To tighten the bed strings; to straighten the bed.
- الحويه (A) adwiya(h), n. m., pl.: Medicines. (Double plural دوات adwiyat.) (s. ادويات dawa.)
 - الوياتي adwlyati, adj.: Medicinal.
- (H) adh,

 or (H) adh,

 or (H) ad,

 comp. as a prefix to indicate half.
 - formed; incomplete.
 - الاها، الاها، الاها، الاها، الله بئي adh, ad pai, n. m.:

 A weight of one-eight of a seer.
 - اده جلا adh jalā, adj. : Halfburnt; half consumed.
 - m.: A weight of half a seer; a pound.
 - اده کهرا Adh kachra, adj. : Half cooked ; not fully riped.
 - ripe; half cooked; immature.
 - 1 so Dol adh mue, adj. : Half

dead; in the agonies of death.

adhanni, n. m. & f. : Old half anna bit; three new paisa.

adhūrā, ادهورا adhūrā, adj. :

adhūrī, adj. :

Half of the whole; half prepared; half finished; incomplete; imperfect.

- (H) udhör, n. m.: Loan; debt; credit.
 - be purchased on credit; to be due (amount).
 - lend; to advance; to sell on credit.
 - udhār khānā, v.:
 (1) To live on credit. (2)
 To be bent upon.
 - udhār khāe baethe haeh, id.: To be ready or prepared; to be determind.
 - الاهار كى كيا مان مرى هے ؟

 udhar ki kya mah mari

 hae?, prov. : (lit.), Is the

mother of loan dead?; it is never difficult to obtain a loan or purchase a thing on credit.

- i udhār lenā, v.: To borrow; to purchase on credit.
- udhār honā, v. :
 To be in debt; to owe.
- ported; without prop; suspended; in suspense; not fixed.
 - adhar meh, adv. : In the middle; half way.
- الاهر) (H) idhar, adv. : Here; hither; this side; on the spot; for sometime now.
 - idhar udhar, adv. & adj.: (1) Here, there and everywhere; all about; up and down; to and fro; this way and that; right and left. (2) Scattered; absent; missing.
 - idhar udhar lessly; to loaf about.
 - idhar udhar se, ادهر أدهر سے adv. : From here and

there; from somewhere, from various places.

- idhar lean الاهر ألاهر كرنا ، كرلينا udhar karnā, kar denā, v.:

 To misplace; to embezzle; to steal.
- idhar load ادهر أدهر هونا، هوجانا idhar udhar honā, ho jānā, v. :

 To be misplaced; to be lost.
- udhar hond, v.: To decide one way or the other (about one's course in a crisis); to recover from illness or die; to settle a dispute.
- idhar li ادهر أدهر كي باتين idhar ki bālek, phr.: Unimportant or aimless talk; light conservation; gossip; gup.
- idhar se الاهراسي ألاهر كونا idhar se udhar karnā, v.: To displace; to put from مهر side to another; to waste; to disarrange
- idhar se الاهر سے ألاهر هونا idhar se udhar hond, v. : To be disarranged; to be misplaced; to be disordered; to be inverted.

idhar اذهر كنوان أدهر كهائى idhar kunwān udhar khāi, prov.:
Between devil and deep sea.

idhar ki الاهركي آلاهر لگانا udhar lagana, v. : To carry tales; to backbite.

idhar ki dunya udhar ho jana, v.: To be topsy turvy; to be turned upside down; to be revolutionised (world, times).

idhar ki dunyā udhar ho jāe, phr.: Come what way; no matter what happens.

(H) udhar, adv. & n. m.:

(1) There; thither; that side; that way; on the other side; in the past. (2)

(fig.) God Almighty; Creater.

udhar se, adv. : (1)

From that or other side;

that way. (2) (fig.) From

God Almighty.

i udhar hi udhar, فادهر هي أدهر adv.: Unnoticed; without giving any informs.

tion; over and above (one's head).

undone; to be ripped open; to be opened out (the stitches or seams of a garment); to be floggingly whipped; to be beaten.

الدهل جانا (H) udhal jānā, كرهلنا (H) udhalnā,

(W) (For a woman) to be brimful of lust; to feel an uncontrolable desire for sexual intercourse; to be spoiled.

udhli, adj. : Lustful woman.

black horse. (2) Name of a noted Muslim saint.

رهم (H) udham, الودهم (H) üdham, Uproar: tumult: noise:

Uproar; tumult; noise; quarrel; wrangle; row.

josta, machana, v. : To wrangle; to create a row; to create an uproar.

udhami, edj.: Turbu-

lent; noisy; uproarious.

- boiled for cooking food; hot water.
- الاهواز (H) adhwar, n. m.: The very middle; the centre.
- الهوزى (H) adhaorl, n. f.: The coarsest and thickest sort of leather used for soles of the shoes.
- a damrl, one eighth of old pice. (2) Coarse muslin; a thin cloth.
 - addhi par jan dena, id. :

 To be stingy; to be a skin-flint or miser.
 - addhi addhi kā hisāb rakhnā, id.: To be extremely miserly; to be extraordinarily careful in keeping accounts.
- الهبر (H) adher, adj. : Just past the prime of life; middle-aged.
- اَدهيزين (H) udher bun, n. f.:

 Deliberation; working of
 the mind; reflection; disquiet; perplexity; anxiety;

anxious thought.

- the stitches; to strip off; to unravel; to expose; to ناء sew; to untwist; to iip open; to beat; to whip.
- וכטט (A) adyān, n. m., pl. :
 Creeds; faiths; religions.
 (s. יאיט dln.)
- cher of manners; a man of letters; a writer; a literary man.
 - ادی باسی (H) adl basi, n. m. : Aborigines; first inhabitants of a country; natives.
 - adī bāsī hindū, الذي باسي هندو m. m. : An untouchable.
 - ادیم (A & P) adim, n. m.: (1)

 Perfumed or tanned leather

 from Yemen; Moracco
 leather. (2) Face; surface.
 - ادیم زمیں adlm-i-zamla, : Sur-
 - place where persons of the same profession congregate; stand of public vehicles; perch of a bird cage; meeting place of pleasure-seekers or idlers; brothel.

(2) Frame or the heel of a shoe; frame for embroidery or lace work; weaver's stool.

- the 36 ragnis (sub-divisions of the mode of Indo-Pak. classical music) sung during the second watch of the night.
- اڭيئر (E) editar, n. m.: Editor; one who edits and is incharge of a newspaper.
- الخيش (E) edishan, n. m.: Number of copies of a book or newspaper printed at a time.
- رُأن (A) azān, n. m. : Muslim call for prayers.
 - call or summon for prayers; to recite azān in the ears of a new born baby or to seek Almighty's help in removing draught, epidemic, famine or dustatorm; crowing of a cock in the morning.
- اذعان (A) iz'an, n. m.: Obedience; admission; submission; trust; belief; confidence; following.

- iz'ānī, adj.: Dogmatic. اذعاني
- iz'ān-i-yaqin, n. m.: Following of conviction or faith.
- اذفر (A) az far, adj. : Of strong odour; more or most fragrant.
- Repetitions of the names and praises of God; recitals; narrations. (s. خاکر zikr.)
- الذكيا (A) azkiya' n. m., pl.:

 People of discernment; the intelligent; the shrewd; the igenious. (s. خي zaki)
- الان (A) in, n. m.: Permission; leave; concession or liberty (to do a thing).
 - izn-i-'am, n. m.: General permission.
- اذهان (A) azhān, m. m., pl. : Geniuses; intellects; wits. (s. ذهن zthn.)
- injury; distress; molestation; suffering; hardship; mortification; pain; torture.
 - اذيت دينا azīyat denā, v. : To

- give trouble; to injure; to harass.
- (P) arāba(h), n. m. : A wheeled carriage; a gun carriage.
- (H) arrata, n. m.: Loud and prolonged artillery fire; sound of a falling building.
- (A) irādat, n. f.: Faith; goodwill; belief; devotion.
 - irādat mand, adj.:
- (A) iradah, n. m.: Intention; determination; will; purpose.
 - irāda(h) karnā, v. :

 To intend; to resolve;

 to be determined; to
 plan.
 - irādatan, adv. : Intentionally; deliberately.
 - iradi, adj.: Intentional; deliberate.
- اراذل (A) arāzil, m. m., pl. :

 Low caste ; menials. (s. razll.)
- (E) arāroṭ, n. m. :

 Arrowroot; a plant from
 which a nutritious starch is
 prepared.

- (A) arāzi, n. f.: Land; estate; plot of land (particularly agricultural); portion of land; field.
 - اراضی آفتاده arazi uftāda(h),
 n. f.: Barren land; uncultivated land.
 - اراضي باغ arāṣī bāgh, n. f.:
 - اراضي خراج arāzi kharāj, n. f.:
 Rent paying lands.
 - اراضی دار arāzi dār, n. m. : Lease holder.
 - اراضی سکنی arāzī suknī, n. f.:

 Land for purposes of inhabitation.
 - اراضی مال گذاری arāzī mālguzārī, n. f.: Revenue paying land.
 - arāzī maz- اراضی مزروعه ruʿa(h), n. f.: Farm land.
 - erāzī waq f, n. f.:

 Endowed lands.
 - اراضیات arāzīyāt, n. f., pl.: Lands; estates.
- (A) arākīn, n. m., pl. : Members. (s. כלט rukn, doubie pl. ונكان arkān.)
- (H) arab, adj.: One hundred million.

ارب کهرب arab kharab, adj. & n. m. : (1) Innumerable; countless; incalculable. (2) (W) Pomp and show; ostentation.

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ارباب (A) arbāb, n. m., pl.:

Possessors; owners; lords;

masters; members; officers;

supporters; friends. (s. ب)

rab.)

ارباب بست و کشاد arbāb-i-basi-o-kushād, ارباب حل و عقد ارباب حل و عقد arbāb-i-ḥali-o-'aqd,

Administrators; managers; persons in authority; those at the helm of affairs.

- arbab-i-basirat, ارباب بصبيرت arbab-i-basirat, m. m.: Prudent and clear sighted people; men of insight; well-knowing men.
- ارباب حکومت arbāb-i-ḥukāmat, n. m. : Government officials.
- ارباب خرد arbāb-i-khirad, ارباب خرد arbāb-i-dānish, ارباب دانش arbāb-i-dānish, ارباب دانش n. m.: Men of sagacity; intelligent persons; sensible men; wise people.

- ارباب سخن arbāb-i-sukhan, n.
 m.: Men of letters; eloquent persons; poets;
 speakers; masters of language.
- arbāb-i-'ilm,: Lear-ned persons-
- ilm-o-fazl, n. m.: Men of learning and accomplishment.
- ارباب فكر arbāb-i-fikr, n. m.: Men of foresight; intellectuals.
- ارباب نشاط *arbāb-i-nishāj*,: (lit.) Pleasure lovingmen; dancers; musicians.
- arbāb-i-wafā, n. m.: Faithful ones; true lovers.
- (A) arb'a, adj.: Four.
 - اربع عناصر arb'a 'anāṣir, n.m.:
 The four elements, namely fire, water, earth and
 air; four basic constituents.
 - arb'a(h)-i-mutanāsiba(h), n. m. : Simple rule of three in arithmetic.
- ורישניט (A) arba'in, n. m.: A

period of forty days of seclusion (either for religious purposes or due to other circumstances).

- (A) irtibāt, n. m.: Bond; affinity; connection; cordiality; intimacy; familiarity; intercourse; intercommunication.
- ارتجال (A) irtijāl, n. m.: Speaking extempore; improvisation.
- (A) irtijā', n. m.: Carraying back.
- ارتحال (A) irtiḥāl, n. m. : Act of journeying; departure; migration; passing away; demise; death.
- (A) irtidad, n. m. : Retraction; rejection; declining; renouncing; recantation; lapse; (fig.) giving up Islam; becoming an apostate.
- (A) irtisām, n. m. : Mark; design; painting; writing; impression.
- (A) iriisha, n. m.: Receiving a bribe; corruption.

- Quivering; shaking; tremor.
- (A) irtiza', n. m.: Offering; accepting.
- (A) irtifa', n. m.: Elevation; height; altitude; rise; ascent; eminence; grandeur; exaltation; promotion: evolution.
- (A) irtiqa', n. m.: Evolution; development; natural growth; appearance in due succession (events).
 - irtigal, adj. : Evolutionary.
- (A) irtikab, n.m.: Committing; undertaking; acting; venturing; perpetrating.
 - irtikāb-i-jurm, n. ارتكاب جرم m.: Perpetration of an offence.
- (A) irtikāz, n. m.: Con--centration; bringing together to one point.
- (E) arthmetik, n. f. : rithmetic.
- (H) arthi, n. f.: A bier on which Hindus carry a dead body to the pyre.
- (A) irti'ash, n. m. : أرث (A) irs, n. f. : Heritago ;

inheritance.

- (A) arjal, n. m. : A horse with one foot white and the remaining three of different colours - a sign of ill luck.
- ارجمند (P) arjmand, adj.: Honourable; worthy; dignified; beloved.
- (E) arjint, adj.: Urgent.
- (A) arḥām, n. m., pl. : Wombs; relatives from mother's side. (s. رحم raḥm.)
- (A) arham, adj.: More or most merciful or compassionate.
 - arham-ur-rahimin, ارحمالراحمين adj.: The most merciful of the merciful (an attribute of God.)
- (H) urd, n. m. : A kind of pulse.
 - urd par safedi, أرد ير سفيدي id.: (lit.) As much as the white mark on urd; infinitesimal: extremely slight; the least bit.
 - urd parh kar أرد يوه كر مارنا mārnā, id.: To charm; to enchant.

ارد كي دال urd ki dal, n. f. : Pulse made from urd.

- أردا بيكني (T) urdābegnī, n.f.: Armed female guard in a Turkish haram.
- (P) ardab, n. m. : A piece moved to save the king from checkmate in the game of chess; middle man.
- ارد کرد (H) ird gird, adv. : All round; on all sides; round about.
- (E) ardali, n. m .: (1) Cor. of orderly; an attendant of an officer; a peon. (2) Companionship; fellowtravelling.
 - ardali bāzār, n. اردلي بازار m.: Mobile shops for catering to the needs of the kings of Delhi or their officers on tour.
 - ardall اردلی میں جلنا ' رهنا men chalna, rahna, v.: To move or be on duty (in the company of some big person).
- ار دو (T) urdu, n. m. : A camp ; the regal soldierly encampment; army bazar attached to a camp; the Urdu language.

- i urdā bāzār, n. m: A market in an army camp or cantonment.
- أردى أردى المنت (P) urdi, أردى بهشت (P) urdi bahisht, أردى بهشت m.: Second month of the Persian year corresponding to March-April; a Persian festival.
- ارذل (A) arzal, adj. : sup. of رذيل razll, vagabond.
- ارز ⁶ ارزش (P) arz, arzish, n. f.:

 Price; value; worth; quality; cost; respect.
- ارزاں (P) arzān, adj.: Cheap; low-priced; abundant; in-expensive.
 - ارزان هونا arzān honā, v. :
 To be cheap; to be granted or bestowed.

- arzānī, n. f.: Adundance; cheapness; granting.
- arzāni karnā, v. :
 To grant ; to vouchsafe.
- أرزن (P) arzan, n. m.: A kind of grain; millet.
- ارژنگ (P) arzhang, n. m.: Picture gallery of Mānī, the famous Chinese painter; a picture gallery; an album.
- (A) irsāl, n. m.: (1) Act of sending; despatching; remittance. (2) Remittance ce of money.
 - irsāl karnā, v.: To send; to despatch; to remit.
- ارسطاطالبس ، ارسطو (GR) arastātālis, arastū, n. m. :
 Aristotle, the well-known
 Greck philosopher; a wise person.
- ارسلان (T) arsalāti, n. m. : Lion.
 - alp arsalas, a.m.:
 A famous Persian king or
 the Saljuq dynasty.

- ارشاد (A) irshād, n. m. : Command; instruction; advice; order; direction; ordinance; saying; dictum.
 - irshād bajā lānā, ارشاد بجالانا v.: To obey or carry out instruction or command.
 - irshäd ارشاد فرمان کرنا irshäd farmānā, karnā, v. : Toorder; to enjoin; to command; to bid; to direct.
 - ارشد (A) arshad, adj.: More or most upright; honest; well-guided.
 - ارشمیدس (GR) arshamidas, n. m.: Archimides, the famous Greek mathematician and astronomer.
 - ارشمیدسی arshamidasi, adj.:
 Archimidean.
 - ارض (A) arz, n. f.: Earth; land; region; country.
 - ارض باک arz-i-pōk, n. f.:
 The sacred land (of Arabia, also of Pakistan).
 - ارض مقدس arz-i-muqaddas, n.
 f.: The sacred land (of Palestine).
 - :. are-o-sama, n.m أرض و سما

Earth and sky.

- ارضی arzi, adj.: Earthly; terrestrial; pertaining to the earth.
- ارضى و سماوى arzī-wa-samāwī, adj. : Earthly and celestial.
- ارضیات arzłyat, n. m. : Geology.
- ارضیت arziyat, n. f.: Earth-
- ارغن ، ارغنوں (P) arghan, arghanun, n. m. : A musical instrument invented by Plato; organ.
- ارغواں (P) arghwah, n. m.: A plant with purple flowers; purple colour.
 - arghwāni, adj.: Crimson; of purple colour.
- (A) arfa', adj.: More or most eminent, elevated, exalted; sublime; excelsior.
- (P) irqām, n. m.: Act of writing.
 - irqām karnā, v. أرقام كرنا To write.
- (A) arkān, n. m., pl. :
 Columns; pillars; supports;

elements; fundamentals; stands; props; members (of a body or association); (chem.) ingredients. (ع. ركن rukn.)

i-daulat, saltanat, n. m.:

(iit.) Pillars of state; government high-ups;

members of a cabinet;

ministers, courtiers, etc.

ارغن ' ارغنوں E) argan: See ارتخن ' ارتخان arghanüh, arghan.

(E) arl, n. m.: Earl; a title of English nobles.

(A) iram, n. m.: A fabulous garden of Arabia said to have been laid by Shaddad, an ancient king of Yeman, in emulation of paradise; paradise.

ing; wish; eagerness; desire; yearning; courage.

ارمان جي کا جي هي رهنا armān ji kā ji meh rahnā, v.: To have one's wishes unfulfilled; to be disappointed in one's wishes. nikālnā, pūrā karnā, v.:

To have one's wishes fulfilled; to gratify one's ambition; to satiate one's desire; to enjoy.

ارمان نكلنا ، پورا هونا nikalnā, pūrā honā, v. : To be gratified.

(P) armughāh, n. m. :
Present; gift; rarity.

נסט (P) arman, n. m.: Armonia.

ian; an inhabitant of Armenmenia.

ارنا (H) arnā,

arnā bhainsā,

A wild buffalo; (sl.) (W) A

fat black man.

arnī, n. f.: A wild shebuffalo.

الزند (H) arand, n. m. : A tree from the fruit of which caster oil is extracted.

ارند خربوره arand kharbūza(h),
n. m.: A fruit named
papaya or papita.

arandl, n: f. : The fruit of ارنڈی arand.

ارنڈی کا تبیل arandl ka tel, n.

- (A) arini,: "Show me thyself, O God!", the words uttered by Prophet Moses in supplication on Mt. Sinai.
 - arini go, n. m.: The utterer of the word, "arini" i. e. Prophet Moses.
- ارواح (A) arwāḥ, n. f., pl.:

 Spirits; souls; ghosts. (s. $r\overline{u}h$.) (W) (Also s.) Desire.
- ונפלו (H) arorā, n. m.: A caste of Hindu shopkeepers.
- اروی (H) arwi, n. f.: An edible vegetable root (also called عهوئيان ghuiyāħ).
- ازهر (H) arhar, n. f.: A kind of pulse.
- (H) are, are, ادے ؛ ادے
- int j.: Good God!; don't!;
 what are you about! (Used in extreme surprise.)

- ارے الله are allāh, intj.: An exclamation of extreme pain.
- أريب (P) ureb,

 adj.:

 (P) urebwāħ,

 Slanting; sloping; oblique;

 zigzag.
- dispute; obstinancy; controversy; (W) constipation (especially among children).
 - ול جاט ar jānā, v.: To become obstinate; to press one's point doggedly; to be obdurate.
- ازاس (H) arās, n. f.: Narrowness; closeness; scantiness; deficiency of room.
- ازان (H) uṛān, n. f.: Plight; act of flying.
- (H) arānā, v. & n. m.: (1)

 To check; to interfere; to fill up; to cause obstruction; to show in; to plug; to poke; to choke; to impede; to ram; to evade; to entangle or fasten two things. (2) A supporting pillar or log.
- ازانا (H) To cause to fly or vanish; to uncage; to unfurl; to scatter; to spread

(false news); to bombard;
to blow up; to explode;
to spend lavishly; to waste;
to carry off; to put an end;
to efface; to cast to the
winds; to feast; to rob;
to pinch; to entice; to deceive; to befool; to hoodwink.

أَوْاقُ (H) uṛāū, n. m. & adj. : (1)
An extravagant person; a
spendthrift. (2) Prodigal.

اربنگا (H) arbangā, n. m. & adj.:

- (1) Impediment; obstacle.
- (2) Bent; crooked; rough.

لَوْنَا * أَوْنَا * أَوْنَا * أَوْنَى * أُوْتِهِ (H) uṛtā, uṛte, adj. : Flying.

urti bimāri, n. f.: Contagious desease.

nrti chirya أَوْتَى جِوْيا بِهِجَاننا pahchānnā, v. : (lit.) To make out a bird on the wing : to be extremely clever or sharp.

(H) artalis, adj.

Forty-eight. (Also الرهماليس arhtālis.)

(H) artis, adj.: Thirtyeight. (Also الأهتيس arhtis.)

ارْسَمُ (H) aṛsaṭh, adj. : Sixtyeight. (Also ارْهستُه aṛhsaṭh).

in; to insert; to gather up; to fasten; to fix; to pierce; to penetrate.

(H) urnā, v.: To sour; to run fast; to evaporate; to fly; to spread; to be dissipated; to explode; to escape; to be spent; to die.

ur bhāgnā, v. : To run away quickly; to escape.

از جانا از جانا از جانا از جانا appear; to run away; to be expended; to go away suddenly; to fly away (bird); to fade (colour); not to be available (in market).

ur chalna, id.: To flaunt; to give oneself airs; to be immoral; to live beyond one's means.

- ارنجهو هو جانا (H) uranchhā ho jānā, v.: To run away suddenly; to fly unexpectedly.
- i uran tashtari, n. f.: (Mod.) Flying saucer.
- uran khatola, n. m.: Flying car of fairy tales.
- uran ghāi, ارزن گهائی uran ghāi, ارزن گهائی urān ghāi, أرزان گهائی f.: Deception; imposition; artifice; trickery.
- tacle; a trick in wrestling.
 - charhanā, id.: To get a wrestler in a position where he can be easily tripped; to be in an advantageous position in wrestling.
- اڑنگ بونگ (H) arang barang, adj.: Twisted; distorted.
- اڑواڑ (H) arwar, n.m.: Prop; stay-bar (-rod).

- ال ال aros paros, ال em. m. m.: Neighbours; neighbourhood; surroundings.
- ارُهاناً (H) urhānā, v. : To cover (with a sheet or mantle).
- ازهانی (H) arhāl, adj.: Two and a half.
- اڑھتالبس (H) arhtālis, adj. :
 Forty eight. (See also artālis.)
- ازی (H) arl, n. m.: (1) Difficulty; hardship; emergency; privation; adversity.

 (2) A difficult move in gambling. (3) A trick in wrestling.
- اڑیل (H) aryal, adj. : Headstrong; obstinate; restive; perverse.
 - اڑیل نٹو aryal ṭaṭṭu, n. m.:

 (lit.) An obstinate pony;

 a headstrong and selfwilled person.
- أزينج (H) urench, n. f.: Cap-rice; aversion; jealousy.
- (P) az, prep.: From; by; of; with; out of.
 - از آن az äh, adv.: From that; thence; from among.

- از آن جمله az قh jumla(h), adv.: Out of that whole; out of, from among that number.
- i az bar, adv. : By heart ; from memory.
- az barāi khudā, adv. : For God's sake.
- از بر کر لنیا az bar kar lend,
 v.: To remember by heart; to memorize.
- از بس the abundance; sufficiently; very; extremely
 necessary; excessively;
 enormously; notwithstanding; although.
- az bas ki(h), adv. :
 In as much as; because.
- infinite; beyond expression; unlimited; boundless; innummerable.
- از خود az khud, adv. : Of one's own accord; of himself; of itself; automatically; voluntarily; spontaneously.
- az khud rafta(h), adj.: Out of one's mind;

- beside oneself; distracted (because of anger, pain or conceit); absent minded.
- el از راه az rāh(i), adv. : By way of.
- the face or appearance of; by reason of; according to; in the consquence of; by way of; by virtue of; under the circumstances.
- az rū-i-qānūn, از روثے قانون adv.: Legaliy.
- از سر قا یا az sar tā pā, adv. :

 From head to foot ; totally; wholly; altogether;
 entirely; perfectly; completely; throughout.
- از سر نو az sar-i-nao, adv. :
 Anew ; afresh ; over again; de novo.
- az taraf, adv. : On behalf of.
- az ghaeb, adv.: From a mysterious source; Providential; God-sent.
- از کار رفته az kar rafta(h), adj.: Played out; spent up; good for nothing;

uscless.

- از ماست که بر ماست ki bar mäst, phr. : It is (useless to repent over) one's own doing.
- (A) *izār*, n. f.: Trousers; drawers; pyjamas.
 - izār band, n. m. :
 Trouser string.
 - ازار بند کی سچی tzūr band ki sachchi, adj.: A virtuous woman.
 - izār bandi izār bandi rishta(h), n. m.: Relation-ship through wife.
 - izār se ازار سے باهر هو جانا bāhar ho jānā, v.: To be in the state of uncontrolable rage.
 - ולונ מגט לול לת באיי לגו פאיי לגו פאיי לגו מגט izār men dāl kar pahan liyā hae, phr.: (W) Has no respect (for).
- ازائه (A) izāla(h), n. m.: Removal; abolition; annulling; remedy; nullification; revocation.
 - izala-i-haesiyat-i-'urfi, n. m.:

 Defamation; slander;
 robbing one of good

- name; libel.
- izāla(h), karnā, v.:

 To remove; to put away;

 to compensate; to remove one's difficulty.
- ازبک (T) uzbek, n. m. : A Tartar; one not humanized; a fool; simpleton.
- (A) izdiḥām, n. m.:
 Throng; multitude; crowd;
 a large concourse; rabble,
 a large assembly.
- וֹלְכפוֹהַ (A) izdiwāj, n. m.: Matrimony; marriage; nuptials; wedding.
- אנטטל (A) izdiyād, n. m.: Increase; enhancement; augmentation; extension; enlargement; addition.
- (A) azraq, adj.: Blue; cerulean; azure; blue-eyed.
 - ازرق چشم azraq chashm, adj.: Blue-eyed.
- از کیا (A) azkiyā, n. m., pl.:

 Pious men; virtuous fellows;

 intelligent persons. (s. زی zakī.)
- ازل (A) azal, n. m.: Time without beginning; from all eternity; origin; beginning.

from begining to end.

azali, adj.: Existing from all eternity; eternal; without beginning; pri-

meval; perpetual.

ازلیت azaliyat, n. f.: State of eternity; eternal existence.

(A) azmina(h), n. m., pl.: Times; ages; periods. (s. zamāna(h).)

از هنه، ثلاثه azmina-i-salasa(h), n. m.: The three times i. e. past, present and future.

ازواج (A) azwāj, n. f., pl.: Spouses; couples; wives. (s. زوج zauj.)

ازوقه $az\overline{u}qah$, : (See ازوقه qa(h).)

ازهر (A) azhar, adj.: More or most bright; very bright; brilliant.

(P) izhdiḥām,: Cor. of ازدحام (A) izdiḥām, which see.

(P) azhdar, n. m.: Dragon.

(P) azhdahā, n. m.: A large scrpent; python;

dragon; serpent.

(H) is, pron.: This.

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is asnā meh, adv.: Meanwhile; in the meanwhile; in the meantime.

is pār, adj.: Hither side; the near bank of a river.

is par, adv. : Upon this; for this reason; wherefore; hence.

is par bhl, adv.:
Even on this; notwithstanding; even now; yet:
still; moreover.

is dam, adv.: This moment; just now; presently; instantly; forthwith; directly; immediately.

is sire se us sire tak, adv.:

From this end to that;
from begining to end:
through; through and
through.

is tarah, اس طرح ، طور سے tarah, taor se, adv. : So; thus; in this manner; like this.

is gharaz se, adv.: To this effect; for this purpose; with this

intent; to this intent.

is qadar, adv. : This much; so many; to such an extent; to this degree.

اس کان سن کیے أس کان أوا دینا is kan sun ke us kan upa denā, v.: Not to pay any heed to one's suggestion, advice.

is اس هاته دے آس هاته <u>لے</u> hath de us hath le, prov. : (lit.) Giving with one hand and taking with the other; a ready money sale; tit for tat.

is hī, isī, adv. : This very one.

isi waqı, adv. : This very moment; just now; immediately.

(H) us, pron. : It ; he ; she ; that.

us pār, adj. : On the other side; across.

us par bhl, adv. : Even on that; Moreover.

pron.: His; her; its.

us ko, pron. : To him ; أس كو (A) astimī, n. f. : Ap-

to her; to it.

اساتذه (A) asatizah, n. m., pl. : Teachers; masters; lecturers : instructors. (s. استاذ ustāz.)

(H) usārā, n. m. : A thatched porch; veranda(h); sun-shade; a shed.

اسا ز H) asārh, n. m. : Pirst month of the rainy season; the fourth Hindu month corresponding June - July.

اساس (A) asās, n. f. : Base ; foundation; plinth; infrastructure; pedestal.

اساسي asāsī, adj. : Basic ; fundamental; essential.

اساطير (A) asāṭīr, n. m., pl. : Legends; fables; stories: tales. (s. o) had ' اسطاره astarah, asturah.)

-asailr-ul asailr-ul awwalin, n. f.: Stories of the ancient peoples.

اساليب (A) asālīb, n. m., pl.: Styles; modes; methods; manners. (ع. اسلوب uslūb.)

pointment; tenant; cultivator; party; client; employee; office; post; person; debtor; customer; lover.

اساسی بنانا asāmi banānā, v. :

To fleece; to make a fool
of; palm upon.

jama' bandl, n. f.: Settlement with individual cultivator.

par band, n. f.: A resident cultivator.

ادسامی دخیل کار asāmī dakhīl kār, n. f.: An occupancy tenant.

asami shikmi, n. f.: A sub-tenant; a subordinate cultivator.

asāmī maurāsī, n. f.: A hereditary cultivator.

Individually; one by one; per head.

the husk from corn; drive the chaff with the fan.

(H) asawari, n. f.: (1)

A musical tune. (2) A kind of silken and silver cloth.

السبان (A) asbāb, n. m., pl.: (1)

Resources; causes; reasons;

motives; means. (2) Luggage; effects; commodity;
goods; furniture; accessories. (s. سبب sabab.)

asbāb-i-khānadārī, n. m. : Household effects.

(P) asp, n. m.: Horse; knight (at chess).

asp-i-daryāl, n.m.: Hippopotamus; large thick-skinned African quadruped inhabiting rivers.

اسیات (PR) Ispāt, n. m.: Steel.

اسبتال (E) aspaial, n. m.: Hospital.

اسبرانثو (E) espranțo, n. f.: An artificial language for persons of all nations.

(E) ispirit, n. f.: Spirit.

(E) is pring, n.m.:

(I) Spring (Season). (2)

Elastic contrivance.

(P) ispaghol, n. m.: Seed of the fleawort used as medicine.

(E) ispanj, اسپنج (E) isfanj, اسفنج (E) isfanj, Sponge.

اسيند (P) ispand, n. m. : Seeds of wild rue burnt to drive away evil spirits.

السپيين (E) ispich, n. f.: Speech.

ker; presiding officer in House of commons.

السبينيل (E) ispainiyal, n. m.:

Spaniel; a kind of dog with
silky coat, dropping ears
etc., used for sports and
also as pets.

(1) A teacher; tutor; instructor; proctor; a great musician; an adept; a masterly person; an artist; a skilful man; an expert; professor; a shrewd or cunning person. (2) Versed in; proficient; accomplished.

ustādāna(h), adj. Skilful; masterly.

ustād honā, v.: To be a master; to be versed in.

tery; skill; craft; art; dexterity; tactics; work-manship; mastership; cleverness cunningness; instruction; teachership; ingenuity; finesse; genius; strategy; training; tutorship.

teacher; school mistress; teacher's wife; lady who teaches girls.

استادگی (P) istandagi, n. f.:
Standing; rising; erection;
firmness; stop; constancy;
resistance.

ing; raised or set up; erected; perpendicular.

أستاذ (A) ustāz, n. m.: Arabic form of استاد ustād.

bol, istānbol, n. m.: Constantinople.

استبداد (A) istibdad, n. m.:

Despotism; tyranny; perseverance; absolute domination; insisting upon a thing being done.

istibdadl, adj. استبدادي

- Despotic; coercionary.
- istibdediyat, n. f. . Absolutism.
- istibdadi استبدادی حکومت hukūmat, n. f.: Autocracy.
- ception; exemption; immunity; exclusion.
 - istisnāi, adj. : Expectional ; extra-ordinary.
- Metabolism; change of state; undergoing a change.
- (A) istiḥsān, n. m. :
 Approving; praising; considering or taking as a favour.
- استجمال (A) Istihsal, n. m.: (lit.) Acquiring; desiring to gain or acquire; exploitation.
 - إلى بالجبر المتحصال بالجبر إلى الجبر إلى الجبر jabr, n. m.: Extorting; acquiring under duress; illegal exaction.
- Scorning; disdaining; despising.

- استحقاق (A) istihqāq, n. m.:

 Title; right; privilege;

 merit; due; ability.
 - i-infik&k-i-rihn, n. m.:
 Equity of redemption or mortgage.
 - istiḥqāq استحقاق بذريعه عبه bazariya-i'-hiba(h), n. m. :
 A title by gift.
 - is tihq aq-itarka(h), n.m.: Right of succession or inheritance.
- استحقاق حفاظت خود اختباری istihqtq-i-hif azat- i - khud ikhsiyari, n. m.: Right of self-defence, protection.
- istiḥqāq-i-dakhl, n. m.: Right of entry or possession.
- istiḥqāq-i-rihn, n. m.: Mortgage right.
- istihqāq-i-shufa', n. m.: Pre-emption right or title.
- استحقاق مالگانه istihqdq-4mālikāna(h), n. m.: Proprietory right.
- ietiḥqaq-1- استحقاق هو دو کی maurūsi, n. m. : Hereditery right.

استحقاق ذاقص

istiḥqaq-i-naqiş, استحقاق ناقص n. m.: Imperfect title.

- استحكام (A) istiḥkām, n. m.: Stability; strength; firmness; fastness.
- (A) istikhāra(h), n. m.: Looking for (good) omen in the Holy Quran or the Bible; seeking divine favour.
- (A) istiklirāj, n. m. : Drawing forth; deduction; extraction; expulsion; extradition; removal.
- استخفاف (A) istikhfāf, n. m.: Holding in slight esteem; indignity; disarrangement; villifying; dispising.
- (A) isti<u>kh</u>lās, n. m. : Setting at liberty; liberation : release ; freedom ; discharge.
- استخوار (P) ustukhwah, n. f.: Bone; bones; stone of a fruit.
 - ustukhwan i استخوان ماهي māhī, n. f.: Cuttle bone (used for polishing).
 - ustukhwa استخوان فروش faroshi, n. m. : Praise of forefathers.

- (A) istidrāj, n. m. : (1) Withdrawing or advancing gradually; seeking to remove by degrees. (2) An abnormal or unusual action performed by an unscrupulous person or infidel.
- (A) istidrak, n. m. : Overtaking; comprehending; understanding.
- (A) istid'ā, n. m.: Supplicating; request; entreaty; asking; petition; solicitation; desire.
- استدلال (A) istidlal, n. m.: Arguing; reasoning; argument.
 - istidlāl karnā, استدلال كرنا v.: To argue; to prove; demonstrate; reason out.
- (P) astar, n. m. : Lining (in a coat or quilt); coating.
 - astar kāri, n. f. : Plastering; facing.
- (A) istirāḥat, n. f. : Repose; tranquility; quiet; rest; peace; relief; sleep; casc.
- (A) istirdad, n. m. : Repelling; revoking; rest-

riction; annulling; repeal; rejection; reversal; setting aside.

- (P) ustura(h), n. m. : Razor.
- used for pressing clothes.
 (2) (Hindus) Woman; wife.
 - istri karnā, v. :

 To press clothes with iron.
- ing for water; dropsy; a disease in which water collects in the cavities of the body.
- استشهاد (A) istishhad, n. m.:

 Taking evidence; summoning witnesses; producing evidence or proof.
- (A) istiswab, n. m.:

 (1) Consulting (as to what is right or proper to be done); consultation; reference; taking advice. (2)

 Referendum; plebiscite.
 - istişwāb karnā,
 v.: To refer; to inquire;
 to consult; to ask one's
 opinion.
- (A) tstiţā'at, n. f. :
 Power; ability; capacity;

- competency; potentiality; capability; obedience.
- Borrowing; hint; metaphor; figure; figurative expression.
- isti'ānat, n. f.: Seeking assistance; praying for help; soliciting aid.
- (A) isti'jāb, n. m. :
 Astonishment; surprise;
 wonder; amazement.
- استعجال (A) isti'jāl, n. m.: Hastening ; accelerating ; expediting; haste.
- pacity; ability; intellect; accomplishment; efficiency; mental power; capability; competency; proficiency; aptitude; dexterity; talent: readiness; qualification; skill; worth; knowledge.
- ing to be excused (from); resignation (of an office or appointment); relinquishment.
- Mein! (A) istila, n. m.: Seeking promotion; superiority:
 supremacy; exaltation.

(A) isti'mar, n. m. : (Mod.) Settlement; colonization.

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- isti'mārī, adj.: Colonial.
- isti'māriyat, n. f.: Colonialism.
- استعمال (A) isti'māl, n. m. : Use; usage; employment; exercise; application; operation; custom; fashion; practice; turning to account.
 - isti'māl karnā, v.: To use; to apply; to employ; to turn to account.
 - isti'mal meh استعمال میں لانا lana, v.: To put to use.
 - isti'mālī, adj. : Used: استعمالي worn; second-hand; of (daily) use; employed; used up; practical.
 - isti'māli ashyā, استعمالي اشيا n. f.: Consumer goods; articles of (daily) use.
 - استغاثا (A) istighāsa(h), n. m. Complaint; suit; demanding justice or help.
 - istighasa(h) استغاثه دائر كرنا

- dāir karnā, v.: To lodge a complaint; to file a (criminal) suit; to demand; to sue or seek redress.
- (A) istighraq, n. m. : Drowning; being absorbed or wholly engaged (in anything); mental engrossment; absorption.
- (A) istig<u>li</u> f ar, n. m. : Asking forgiveness of sins; penitence.; craving grace or mercy.
 - istigh far karna, v.: استغفار كرنا Asking forgiveness God; to crave mercy; to beg pardon.
 - istigh farullah, intj.: May God forgive me; God forbid!
- (A) istighnā, n. m. : Independence freedom or from want; contentment; freedom from care.
- منفاده (A) istif ada(h), n. m.: Seeking gain or advantage; profit; gain; attainment.
- (A) istifta, n. m. : Seeking legal view (in a religious matter); consulting a lawyer

- or doctor of law; taking an opinion; paper on which such a question is written.
- (A) istifrāgh, n. m. : (lit.) Seeking ease, respite; vomiting; ejecting; rejecting.
- ing information; inquiry; question; interrogation; reference.
 - istifsar karna, v.:

 To enquire; to interrogate; to make a reference.
 - istifsāria(h), n. m.: (Mod.) Questionnaire.
- (A) istifhām, n. m. : Desiring to know or understand; seeking information; demanding an explanation.
 - istifhāmia(h), adj. :
 Interrogative.
 - istifhāmia(h) 'alāmat, nishān,
 n.m.: Sign of interrogation.
- استقامت (A) istiquat, n. f.:

 Standing straight or erect;

 steadiness; steadfastness;

 stability; firmness.

- استقبال (A) istiqbal, n. m.: Welcome; reception; future; futurity; being in front; (gram.) future tense.
 - istiqbal karna, v.:

 To go forward to meet

 one; to greet; to welcome.
 - istigbalia(h), n. in.: (Mod.) Reception.
- ing for settlemer t of affirmation; confirming; ratifying; declaration; recognition.
 - istiqrar-i-haq, n. m.
 Declaration of title.
 - istiqrār-i-hain il, n. m.: Conception; pr egnancy.
- (A) istiqua, adj. : Reasoning from induction , diligent search.
 - istiqrā'i, adj. : Empirical.
- استقلال (A) istiqual, n. m.: Absolute power or authority; sovereignty; supremacy; fairness; resolution; steadiness; absoluteness; perseverance.

- (A) istikbar, n. m.: Presumption; vain-glory; pride; conceit.
- استگراه (A) istikrāh, n. m. : Dislike; aversion; abhorrence; reluctance.
- ing; listening (to music, evidence); what is heard.
- (A) istimalat, n. f.: Caressing; conciliating; consoling; solace.
- استمداد (A) istimdad, n. m.:

 Begging or desiring assistance; craving aid; asking for supplies, subsidies.
- (A) istimrar, n. m.: Perpetuity; uninterrupted tenure of possession; continuance; fixed rent.
 - istimrārī, adj.: Uninterrupted; perpetual; lasting; (gram.) continuous.
 - استمراری بندوبست istimrari band-o-bast, n. m.: Permanent settlement (of Lord Cornwallis, in Bengal).
- (A) istimzāj, n. m. :

 Seeking to discover one's

- purpose or wish; asking an opinion.
- ing or resting (upon); supporting oneself (by).
- Deduction; selecting; drawing out; extraction.
- fication; removing impurity; cleaning with a clod of earth after passing urine or easing oneself (in the absence of water).
 - istinje kā dhelā, n. m.: A clod of earth for purification purposes, as mentioned above; anything worthless.
- ism; evenness; equality; parity; being straight and even; equator.
- استوار (P) ustuwār, adj.: Strong; straight; powerful; firm; solid; compact.
 - ustuwār karnā, v.:
 To strengthen; to bind;
 to adjust or tighten.
 - ustuwari n. f.: Stron-

gth; stability; straightness; firmness; permanence.

آستائی H) asthāl : See) استهائی āstāl.

(H) asthan, n. m. : Place; lodging quarters; temple; a hermit's abode; locality.

(A) istihzā, n. m. : Ridiculing; laughing (at); mockery; derision; joke; scoff; jest.

استهزاكرنا İstihza karna, v. : To ridicule; to laugh (at).

استيصال (A) istişāl, n. m. : Extermination; destroying; eradicating.

(A) isti'āb, n. m. : (lit.) Taking the whole; full; (in) depth.

استيلا (A) istila', n. m.: Authority; predominance; ascendancy; domination.

استاف (E) isidf, n. m. : Staff ; personnel or officials in an organization (taken collectively).

Stamp; revenue or court fee stamp.

اسٹایل (E) isiāil, n. m. : Style.

(E) istraik, m. f. : Strike.

E) istrichar, n. m. : Stretcher.

اسٹیڈیم (E) istediam, n. m. : Stadium.

استهشن (E) isteshan, n. m. : Station (railway, police, radio or television).

(E) isteshanari, n. f.: Stationery.

Jul (A) asad, n. m.: A lion.

طلاله asadullah, n. m. : (lit.) The lion of God; an appellation of Hazrat Ali, the fourth pious Caliph among the Muslims; the initial nome de plume of the noted Urdu Poet, Ghalib.

(A) asrar, n. m., pl. : Secrets; hidden matters; mysteries; acts of concealment. (s. سر sir(r).)
(A) isrār, n. m. : Influence

of an evil spirit.

- ing; lavish expenditure; excessive expenses; extravagance; abuse of wealth; squandering; dissipation; profusion.
- angel who will twice sound the trumpet on the Judgement Day, on the first sound the entire creation will disappear and on the second it will reappear.
- اسرائيل (A) isrāll, n. m.: Prophet Jacob's surname; Israelites.
- السننىي (E) asisiani, n. m. & adj.: (1) An assistant; a helper. (2) Subordinate.
- (A) ustuwāna(h), n.m.:
 A column.
- m.: French lavender; lavendula stoechas; a kind of grass whose flowers are used as medicine.
- اسعد (A) as'ad, adj.: More or most fortunate. (sup. of عدد s'ad.)

- اسفار (A) asfār, n. m., pl. : Travels; voyages; adventures. (s. سفر safar.)
- السفل (A) asfal, adj. : Lower; inferior; very mean; very low.
 - asfal-us-sā filln, adj.: The lowest hell.
- اسانج See اسانج ispanj.
- Iranian wrestler, son of King Gushtasp, killed by Rustam, the great hero of Shah Namah by Firdausi.
- ing to fall; dropping; miscarriage.
 - isgāṭ-i-ḥamal, n. m.: Causing to miscarry; procuring an abortion; abortion.
- اسقام (A) asgām, n. m. : Infirmities; defects; weaknesses; blemishes; evils. (s. sugm.)
- (A) usquf, n. m.: A bl-shop.
- اسكاؤك (E) iskāui, n. m. : A scout.

- (A) iskandar, n. p. Alexander (the Great).
 - iskandarl, adj. :
 Of or relating to Alexander; Alexandrian.
 - iskandarlya(h), n.p.: Alexandria; an Egyptian port.
- (E) iskwādran, n. f.: Squadron.
- اسكواش (E) iskwāsh, : n. m. : Squash.
- اسكول (E) iskūl, n. m. : School.
- اسكيتناگ (E) iskeṭing, n: f. : Skating.
- ders; forefathers; ancestors; people of past ages; the ancients. (s. سانت salaf.)
- اسلام (A) islām, n. p. : Islam; religion of the Muslims; Muslim way of life.
 - islām lānā, v. : To become a Muslim.
- اسلحه (A) asliḥa(h), n. m., pl.: Weapons; arms; armour; ammunition. (s. ملاح salāḥ.)
 - اسلحه خانه asliḥa(h) <u>kh</u>āna(h),
 n. m.: Armoury; arsenal;

magazine.

- (A) aslam, adj.: More 87 most safe.
- (A) uslūb, n. m.: Order; way; mode; form; style; shape; method; manner; arrangement.
- (A) ism, n. m.: Name; denomination; appellation; (gram.) a noun.
 - (lit.) A great name; the name 'Allah' which, according to some, is alluded to here.
 - اسم با مسمی ism bā musammā,
 n. m.: A name fittingly
 denoting the qualities of
 the named.
 - ism-i-şifat, n. m. : An adjective.
 - ism-i-zamīr, A pronoun.
- ism-i-zarf, : Adverb of time or place.
- اسم فاعل ism-i-fā'll, n. m. : Subject.
- ism-i-m'arifa(h), n. m.: Proper noun.
- ism-i-nakra(h) n. m.:

Common noun.

- اسم نویسی ism nawlsl, n. f.: Enlistment; registration; enrolment.
- ism war, adv.: Namewise; according to the order of names (enlistment).
- 'low! (A) asma', n. m., pl.:
 Names. (s. pul ism.)
- اسمبلی (E) asembli, n. f.: Assembly.
- استان (A) asnād, n. f., pl. : Certificates; testimonials. (s. عند sanad.)
- (P) aswar, n. m. : A cavalier; a horseman.
- very black.
- اسوه (A) uswa(h), n: m.: Model; example.
 - uswa(h)-i-hasana(h),
 n. m.: The excellent
 example (of the Holy
 Prophet Mohammad).
- ing (of bowels); opening; purging; diarrhoea.
- اسی (H) assi, adj.: Eighty.

- اسير (A) asir, n. m.: Prisoner; captive.
 - asir-i-jang, n. m.:
 Prisoner of war.
- asiri, n. f.: Confinement; captivity; incarceration; imprisonment.
- assessor; a jury-man.
- اشارات (A) ishārāt, n. m., pl.:

 Signs; hints; clues; symbols; notes; gestures;

 winks. (s. اشاره اشاره اشاره ishārat, ishāra(h).)
 - ishāratan, adv.: By way of hint; hintingly; winking.
 - اشاره کرنا ishārah karnā, v.:

 To make a sign; to beckon; to nod; to wink; to suggest; to indicate; to hint.
 - ishāriya(h), n. m. : (Mod.) Index.
 - city; propagation; diffusion; dissemination; circulation; publication; issue; edition.
 - (A) ishtibah, n. m. : (1)
 Doubt; uncertainty; sus-

- picion; ambiguity. (2) Likening; comparison.
- Strengthening; increasing in violence.
- (P) ushtur, n. m. : A camel.
- (A) ishtirāk, n. m.:

 Partnership; fellowship;.

 participation; company.
 - ishtirāk-i-'amal, n. m.: Cooperation; coordination; fellowship.
 - ishtirāki, n. m. & adj.: (Mod.) (1) A communistic.
 - ishtirākiyat, n. f.:
 (Mod.) Communism;
 Socialism.
- (A) ishtirā', n. m.: Commerce; trade; purchasing; buying; buying and selling.
- ing; provoking; inciting; inflaming; instigating; fomenting (a quarrel).
 - ishti'āl angez, adj.: Inflammatory; provocative.
 - ishti'alak, n. f.: (lit.)
 Raising of the wick of

- a lamp (with a view to increasing the light); a small flame; the straw used to raise the wick; (W) incitement to quarrel.
- v.: To foment (quarrel);
 to alert; to incite (to bad actions); to abet.
- اشتغال (A) ishtighāl, n.m.: n. m.: Employment; occupation; pursuit; study.
- (A) ishtiqāq, n. m.: Derivation; formation of words.
- اشتمال (A) ishtimāl, n. m.: Inclusion; comprising; containing.
 - ishtimāliyat, n. f.: (Mod.) Communism.
- (A) ishtihā, n. f.: Desire; appetite; wish; longing.
- shing; announcement; publicity; advertisement; placard; poster; hand-bill; notification; proclamation; manifesto.
 - ishtihar bazi, n.f.: The craze for advertiseing; boosting.

- ishtihār denā, v. :

 To advertise; to publish;

 to notify.
- ishtihār lagānā, v. :

 To mount a notice on the
 board; to put up or affix
 a placard.
- ishtihārī, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) One who is advertised; a person who has absconded. (2) Pertaining to notification.
- (A) ishtiyāq, n. m.: Wish; yearning; desire; fondness; solicitude; love; longing; craving.
- (A) ashjār, n. m., pl. : Trees. (s. شجر shajar.)
- (A) ashkhās, n. m., pl.: Persons; individuals; men.
 (s. شخص shakhs.)
- (A) ashad(d), adj.: More or most vehement; excessive; extreme; severe.
 - ashad(d) ẓarūri, adj.: Most urgent.
- contaminated; not puro; corrupt. (opp. of *** shudh, holy.)

- (A) ashar(r), adj.: More or most atrocious; most heinous; vicious; very wicked; flagitious.
- (A) ashrār, n. m., pl.: The wicked, criminal or seditious people. (s. شرير sharir.)
- اشراف (A) ashrāf, n. m.: Gentlemen; refined persons; men of high birth; gentry. (s. شریف sharlf.)
- (A) ishrāq, n. m. : (1) Rising (of the sun); daybreak; dawn; lustre. (2) Inner illumination of the pious; a prayer among Muslims offered sometime after day-break.
 - ishrāqlyln, n. m., pl.:

 A sect of philosophers
 who, through their developed spiritual for ce,
 could train and teach their
 disciples from far off
 places. (s. أشراقي ishrāql.)
- ashraf, adj. & n. m.: (1)

 More or most distinguished; the best; noblest; most eminent. (sup. of عربة sharif.) (2) A person of

اشرف المخلوقات

noble birth; a nobleman; a gentleman.

ashraf-ulmakhlūqāt, n. m.: The
most distinguished of
created things, i. e. mankind.

ashrofi, n. f. : Gold mohar; a gold coin once in currency in Indo - Pak. subcontinent, equal to about Rs. 16/- at that time; guinea.

ashrasian luten koilon par mohr, prov. : Strange that one should spend such a lot of money thoughtlessly and be miserly while spending on trivial items!

(A) ash'ār, n. m., pl.: Couplets; verses; poems. (s. شعر sh'ir.)

اشغال (A) ashghāl, n. m., pl.: Occupations; engagements; employments; affairs. (s. shaghl.)

اشغلا (A) ushghulā, n. m. : (W)

Cracker; fabrication; fable.

نها ناها المعالى المعا

nd, v.: To spread a white

lie; to fabricate.

(A) ashfāq, n. m., pl.: Favours; kindnesses. (s. شفقت shafqat.)

(A) ashqlyā, n. m., pl. : Thieves; heartless people; cruel ones. (s. شقى shaql.)

(P) ashk, n. m.: A tear; tear(s).

ashk alūd, adj. : Tearful.

ashk āwar, adj. :
Tear-producing.

ashk dwar اشک آور گیس ashk dwar gais, n. f.: (Mod.) Tear gas. (also called آنسو گیس ans gais.)

اشک بار' ریز' فشاں ashk bār, rez, fashāħ, adj.: Shedd-ing tears; weeping.

ashk bārl, n. f.: Weeping.

ashk shol, n. f.: Wiping away tears; consoling; soothing; comforting.

اشكال (A) ashkal, n. f., pl.: Forms; figures; shapes. (s. shakl.)

- (A) ishkal, n. m.: Difficulty; suspicion; doubt; ambiguity.
- (T) ushlak, n. f. : (W)

 Accusation; slander; columny.
- skrit or Hindi verse; couplet; stanza; poetry; hymn; distich.
- ing; ablution; purification.
- (A) ishhād, n. m.: Bringing proof; adducing as evidence.
- (A) ashhab, adj. & n. m.:
 (1) Grey; ash-coloured; of
 black and white colour.
 (2) A horse.
- (A) ashhadu, v. : Bear witness; I testify; I declare.
 - اشهدان لا اله الا لله ashhadu-anlā ilāha illallāh, phr.: Muslim affirmation of faith that there is no God except one God.
- اشپر (A) ashher, adj.; More or most celebrated. (sup. of shahlr.)

- (A) ashyā', n. f., pl.: Things; articles; goods; chattles; effects. (s. شر shae.)
 - ashyā'-i-barāmad,
 n. f.: Exports.
 - ashyā'-i-darāmad, n. f.: Imports.
 - ashyā'-1- اشبائے خور و نوش <u>khur-o-nosh</u>, n. f.: Eatables; food materials; provisions.
 - ashyā'-i-ṣarf, n. f.: Consumer goods.
- rity; solidity; ripeness.
- nuineness; integrity; nobleness; purity of blood; stability; firmness; determination; tenacity of purpose.
 - aşalatan, adv.: Personally; directly; originally. (opp. of المالية) wakālatan, by proxy.)
 - i aṣālat par ā مالت چر آجانا jānā, : To come out in one's true colours.
- red(A) aseh(h), n.m., pl.: More

or most correct; true or authentic. (sup. of sahih)

(A) aṣṇāb, n. m.: Lords;
masters; nobles; persons;
friends; disciples; companions of Holy Prophet
Mohammad. (s. مامية

aṣḥāb-i-'ilm, n.m.: Learned persons.

(lit.) Masters of elephants; the army of
Abraha, ruler of Yemen,
which came on elephanta
to destroy the House of
God (K'aba(h)), but was
destroyed by a divine
visitation.

m.: (lit.) Companions of the cave; seven pious men (with a dog) who fell asleep for 309 years at a stretch, woke up twice and slept again, in a cave to save these selves from the wrath of a heretical ruler and are still asleep thore; the seven sleepers.

(A) israr, n. m. : Stead-

fastness; constancy; obstinacy; obduracy; perseverance; insistence; emphasis.

diture; spending; consuming.

iṣrāf karnā, v. : To expend; to spend; to lay out.

اصطباغ (A) *lstibāgh*, n. m. : Dipping ; dyeing ; staining; Immersion ; baptism.

المطباع زينا işiibāgh denā, v.:

(المطبل (الم) ، إabl. n. m. : Stable.

Astrolabe; an instruAstrolabe; an instrument to measure the annual
altitudes and distances of
the sun and stars (now replaced by Hadly's quadrant
and sextant).

ness; distinction; importance.

term; accepted or conventional meaning; expression; phrascology.

(A) aşghar, adj. : Small ; very young ; junior.

(A) as fiya, n. m., pl. : The pure: the just; the holy ; saints. (s. صفى ṣaf l.)

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- اصل (A) asl, n. f. & adj. : (1) Root; origin; foundation; birth; progeny; race; lineage; blood; cause; source; essence; truth; reality; facts; nature; the text; stock in trade; capital; principal; base; merit. (2) Essential: fundamental: vital; actual; important; real; not imaginary; integral; original.
 - Not aslan, adv.: In reality; actually; absolutely.
 - aşiul uşul, n. m.: The pith; summary.
 - asi khair se, adv.: (W) With perfect safety.
 - aşı men: adr.: Actually; absolutely; in reality.
 - asil. adj. : Original ; radical; actual; primordial; fundamental; natural; unalloyed; unmixed; unaffected; genuine; real; right; pure; main;

- chief; principal; elementary; of good stock; noble.
- asllyat, n. f. : Origin ; originality; purity; genuinness; authenticity; truth; reality; root; fact.
- Mol (A) asla, adv.: Ever; by any means; somehow; always; a little; quite.
 - اصلا نيين aṣiā nahin, adv. : By no means; absolutely never; not at all.
 - حلاح (A) islah, n. f.: (1) Reformation; correction; mending; reform; improvement; revision; rectification amendment. (2) Lopping the beard or hair; trimming of beard; shaving.
 - işlāḥ pazīr, adj. : Accepting reform; capable of being set right or cured; remediable.
 - işlah dena, v. : To اصلاح دينا better; to amend; correct; reform; rectify; ameliorate : revise.
 - işlah lena, v. : To اصلاح لينا get corrected; to learn; to take lesson; to be

- taught; to be a disciple (of).
- işlāḥl, adj.: Reformational; ameliorative.
- (A) aṣlaḥ, adj.: More or most virtuous; rightcous; correct or admirable. (sup. of مالح ṣwāliḥ.)
- (A) aṣnāf, n. f., pl.: Forms; kinds; species; varieties. (s. منف ṣinf.)
- (A) aṣnām, n. m., pl. : Idols. (s. صنم ṣanam.)
- (A) aşwāt, n. m., pl. : Sounds; voices; noises. (s. saut.)
- (A) usul, n. m., pl.: Fundamentals; roots; principles; dogmas; laws; doctrines; basic rules. (s. اصل aşl.)
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- (A) aṣil, adj-&n. f.: (1)
 Gentle; high-born; of good
 extraction; brave;
 noble; genuine; of a high
 pedigree; genteel; pure. (2)
 A maid servant.

- dage; attachment; adjunct; reference; addition; annexation; (gram.) genitive connection of one noun with another.
- (A) izāfa(h), n. m.: Increase; increment; addition; augmentation; excess; enlargement; enhancement.
 - izāfa(h) karnā, v.:
 To increase; raise; enhance.
 - اضافی (A) izāf i, adj.: Additional; relative; genitive.
 - tivity; theory of relativity.
- اضحی (A) azḥā, n. f.: Sacrifice;

 Day of sacrifice; Muslim
 festival, also called

 baqar-'id.
- (A) azdād, n. m., pl.: Opposites. (s. مند zid.)
- (A) iztirab, n. m.:

 Restlessness; agitation;

 perturbation; distraction;

 stir; commotion; vexation;

 anxiety; chagrin; flurry;

 disturbance.

iz trābi, adj. : Anxious; agitated; perplexed; impulsive.

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- (A) iz tirar, n. m. : Helplessness; constraint; despair; misery: distress.
 - iztirari, adj.: Distressed; afflicted; desperate; in a state of flurry.
- (A) iz'af, adj.: Double; treble.
- (A) az'af, adj.: More or most feeble; very weak or helpless.
- (A) azlā', n. m., pl.: (Math.) Sides (of a a figure); districts; parts; divisions (of land). (علم عنام عنام عنام العنام عنام عنام العنام عنام العنام عنام العنام عنام العنام عنام عنام ع zila'.)
- اضلال (A) Izlal, n. m.: Causing to err; misguiding.
- (A) izmār, n. m.: Use of pronoun in place of noun.
 - -izmar-i-qabl اضمار قبل الذكر uz-zikr, n. m.: (gram.) Use of pronoun before mentioning the relevant noun.
- اضعولار) (A) izmiḥiāl, n. m.: Weakness; depression; dejection; languishing.

- (A) itā'at, n. f.: Obedience; submission; reverence; loyalty; allegiance.
 - iga'ai اطاعت پزیر شعار ؟ گزار pazir, shi'ar, guzar, adj.: Obedient; submissive; dutiful; yielding; amenable.
 - itā'ai pazīrī, n. اطاعت بزيري f.: Amenability.
 - itā'at karnā, v. : To obey; to serve; to pay homage; to worship.
- اطاق (A) utāq, n. m. : A room.
- اطبا (A) atibba, n. m., pl.: Physicians; doctors. (s. tablb.)
- (A) atraf, n.f.: Sides; boundaries; surroundings; districts; ends; confines; outskirts; environments; limits; suburbs; extremitics; طرف .autposts; borders. (s. طرف taraf.)
- (A) at'ima(h), n. m., pl. : طمام . Meals; victuals. (علمام علمام المعام t'am.)
- læl (A) itsa, n. m.: Extinction (fire); extinguishing; putting out.

mation; news; notice; report; cognizance; notification; warning; communication; intelligence; caution; announcement; advice.

of notice; by way of intimation or notification.

اطلاع دینا ، گرنا ittlla dena, karna, v.: To inform; to report; to give notice; to apprise: to communicate; to refer; to advise; to intimate; to acquaint.

m.: Written notice; declaration; summons or citation; notification.

ittila'l, adj.: Informative.

ולא טונט ittila' yabl, n.f.:

Receiving information;
receipt or acknowledgement of notice etc.

(A) iţlāq, n. m.: Application; reference; appro-

priateness; corresponding (with).

(A) atlas, n. f.: Satin.

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Tranquility; contentment; composure; peace; quiet; guarantee; assurance; surety; complacence; satisfaction.

اطمینان خاطر ، قلب itminani-khatir, qalb, n. m. : Satisfaction of heart; thorough satisfaction.

itminan dilana, v.: To appease; to satisfy; to console.

itminan se, adv. : At leisure; at ease.

itminan karna, v.: To believe; to feel assured; to satisfy (oneself).

igminan hona, اطمینان هونا v.: To be satisfied.

اطوار (A) atwar n. m., pl.;

Manners; ways; modes;

customs; habits; deportments; conduct; heliaviour; demeanour. (s. المواد)

(A) athar, adj.: Very pure or pious.

- (A) azlam, adj. & n. m.:
- (1) More or most unjust; most cruel; very tyrannical.
 (2) A tyrant; a despot.
- (A) izhār, n. m. ; Exhibition; exposition; disclosure; expression; deposition (of witness); testimony; demonstration; publication; declaration; proclamation; manifestation; demonstration; display; statement.
 - izhār denā, v.: To bear testimony; to attest; to depose; to give evidence; to make a statement or deposition (in a law court).
 - izhār karnā, v.: To declare; to express; to announce; to reveal; to notify; to disclose; to explain.
 - ighar lena, v.: To examine; to put in the witness box.
- (A) azhar, adj.: Very clear or plain; very evident; most apparent.
 - azhar-min-ash-shams, adj.: As clear as the sun; clearer than the sun; self evident: crystal

clear.

- eale! (A) i'āda(h), n. m.: Repetition; doing (a thing) over again.
- ment; support; assistance; help; aid; patronoge; favour; contribution.
- (A) i'tibār, n. in.: Confidence; faith; trust; credit; credence; belief; reliance; assurance; credibility.

 - i'tibār khonā, v.:
 To lose credit or confidence.
 - i'tibar na karnā, v.: To mistrust; to disbelieve.
 - able; trustworthy; creditable; worthy of belief.
- Jiaci (A) l'tidal, n. m.: Moderation; temperance, equilibrium; mean; level; evenness; sobriety.

- i'iidal par ana, اعتدال ير آنا v.: To become temperate.
- اعتذار (A) i'tizār, n. m. : Apology; excuse; regretful acknowledgement of offence.
 - ا عتذار به ا غتذار به ا عتذار به (Mod.) Apologia: written defence of the conduct or opinion of the author.
- -A) i¹ir**ā**ẓ, n. m. : Ob) اعتراض jection; stricture; criticism.
 - i'tirāz uṭhānā, اعتراض الهانا v.: To remove objection; to answer criticism.
 - i'tiraz jap اعتراض جهانا ، کرنا nā, karnā, v.: To raise objection; to criticise; to call in question.
- (A) l'siraf, n. m. : Confession; avowal; admission; recognition; acknowledgement.
 - i'liraf karna, ۲,: To confess; to admit; to own; to acknowledge.
- اعتقال (A) i'tiqād, n m. : Belief; faith; confidence; trust.
 - اعتقاد الله جانا i'tiqad uth jana, v.: To lose faith (in).
 - iniqad اعتقاد رکهنا، ترا fakhnā, karnā, v.: To be- اعجاز (A) i'jāz, n. m

- lieve (in); to rely (upon); to have faith (in); to place confidence (in).
- اعتكاف (A) i'tikāf, n. m.: Staying (for a fixed period) in mosque for prayers (particularly during the holy month of Ramzan).
 - i'iikāj mek اعتكاف مين بيثهنا baithna, v.: To retire to mosque or a secluded place for worship, devotion and abstention.
- اعتمال (A) i'timād, n. m.: Credence; belief; faith; confidence; reliance; dependence ; trust.
 - اعتماد رکهنا i'timād rakhnā, v.: To place confidence (in); to rely or depend (upon).
 - نا کرنا اعتماد کرنا اعتماد کرنا To trust or believe.
- اعتنا (A) i'sinā, n. m.: Looking after; attention; care; solicitude; sympathy; concern.
 - i'tinā karnā, v.: To pay attention; to take care.

cle; marvel; wonder; astonishment.

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- i'jāz bayān, adj. & n. m.: (1) Eloquent. (2) An eloquent speaker.
- اعجاز بباني i'jaz bayani, n. f.: Eloquence; fluency of speech.
- (A) a'jūba(h), n. m. : A miracle; a wonderful or rare thing; prodigy; marvel.
- laci (A) a'dā, n. m., pl.: Enemies; foes; opponents. (s. ada.)
- Sise! (A) a'dad, n. m., pl.: Numericals; numbers; figures; integers. (s. عدد 'adad.)
 - a'dad-o-shumar, اعداد و شمار n. m.: (Mod.) Statistics.
- (A) a'rāb, n. m., pl. : Bedouins; Arabs; Arab or nomad tribes. (s. عرب 'arab.)
 - a'rābī, n. m. & adj.: (1) An Arabian; a bedouin; an Arab of the desert. (2) Related to Arabs.
- (A) I'rab, n. m.: Vowel or discritical points.
- -A) i'raz, R. Ps. : Turn اعراض ing away (from); avoid-

ing; aversion; dislike; shunning.

- ن. با بان اعراض كرا اعراض كرا To shun; to dislike; to turn away (from); to avoid.
- اعراض (A) a'rāz, n. m., pl.: Things which donot exist by themselves and require other main things for their existence; secondary things. (s. عرض araz.)
- (A) a'rāf, n. m. : Purgatory; intervening region between heaven and hell.
 - a'rafi, adj.: Purgatorial.
- اعزاز (A) i'zāz, n. m.: Respect; honour; esteem.
 - اعزازي اعزازي t'zāzl, adj.: Honorary; complimentary.
- اعزا (A) a'izzā', n. m., pl.: Relatives; dear ones; kinsmen. (s. عزبز 'azlz.)
- (A) i'shar, adj.: Tenths.
 - ا عشار به ا انهار به ا انهار به انهار به انهار به Decimal.
- باعصاب (A) a'sab. n. m., pl.: Nerves; muscles; sinews. (s. mar 'asab)

- اعصابی a'ṣābl, adj.: Muscular; nervous; neural.
- sabi jang, n. f.: (Mod.) War of nerves.
- اعضا (A) a'zā, n. m., pl.: Limbs; organs; parts. (s. غضو 'azw.)
 - n. m., pl.: Vital parts (of the body) brain, heart, liver.
 - اعضا شكنى a'ṣā shikanī, n. f. : (lit.) Breaking of limbs; fatigue.
- (A) a'zam, adj.: More or most great; very great.
- اعقاب (A) a'qāb, n. m., pl. :
 Offsprings; descendants;
 those coming after. (s. عقب 'aqab.)
- اعلام (A) a'lām, n. m., pl.: Flags; banners; ensigns. (s. علم 'alam.)
- אבן (A) i'lam, n. m.: Notice; warrant; proclamation.
 - (Mod.) Communique; notification; press statement; declaration.

- tion; proclamation; notification; publication; announcement; advertisement; notice; notoriety.
- superior; high; paramount; topmost; lofty; elevated; exalted. (opp. of ادنیا adna, low.)
 - اعلی علیین a'lā 'illiyln, n. m.: (lit.) The summit of the seventh heaven; the highest or most sublime paradise.
- (A) a'māq, n. m., pl.: Depths. (s. عمق 'umuq.)
- Jisci (A) a'māl, n. m., pl.:

 Actions; acts; committals;

 behaviour; religious performances; conduct; deeds.

 (s. عمل 'amal.)
 - m.: Register or scroll of deeds; character roll; conduct sheet (particulary that which will be produced before God on the Day of Judgement).
- (A) a'wān, n. m., pl. : عوان Helper; assistant. (s. عون

'aon.)

- (A) a'yān, n. m., pl.: (lit.)
 Eyes; individuals; persons.
 (s. عين 'aln:)
 - a'yānī, n. m. : Real eisters and brothers:
- اغذیه (A) aghzia(h), n. f., pl.:

 Foods; aliments; diets. (s.
 اغذ ghizā.)
- (A) aghrāz, n. m., pl.: اغراض Motives; aims; purposes.
 (s. غرض gharaz.)
 - aghrāz-o-maqāṣid, n. m., pl.: Aims and objects. (s. غرض و مقصد gharaz-o-maqṣad.)
- ing to drown; subversion; (gram.) exaggeration; hyperbole.
- byći (A) aghlāt, n. m., pl.: Errors; mistakes. (s. bl.: ghalot.)
- اغلاق (A) ighlāq, n. m.: Incomprehensible mess; making difficult; impediment.
- اغلام (A) ighiām, n. m.: Sodomy.
- اغلب (A) aghlab, adj. & adv.:
 (1) Superior; stronger. (2)

- Probabably; apparently.
- اغماز (A) ighmāz, n. m.: Pride; airs; arrogance.
- Overlooking; conniving; carelessness; neglect; indifference.
 - ighmāz karnā, v. : To wink at; to disregard.
- اغنيا (A) aghniyā, n. m., pl.:

 The rich; independent

 people. (s. غنى ghani.)
- اغوا (A) ighwā, : Seduction ;
 abduction ; leading astray ;
 inducement ; elopement ;
 enticement.
 - ighwā karnā, v.:

 To seduce; to instigate;

 to entice; to abduct; to

 tempt; to allure; to

 elope with.
- اغيار aghyār, n. m., pl.: Strangers; foreigners; rivals; unfamiliar persons; unknown people. (عير ghair.)
- (A) uf, intj.: Oh!; alas!;
 - ion of extreme pain or hardship, such ex excess-

ive heat, bad state of affairs etc.

uf uf karnā, v :
To sigh ; to lament.

uf re, insj.: Alack!

اف تک نه کرنا uf tak na karnā, v.: To اف نه کرنا uf na karnā,

suffer in silence; to endure without complaint; to bear quietly; not to say a single word (even in pain or distress).

uffoh, intj.: Exclamation of annoyance or wearisomeness; oh, my God!

esté! (P) ifādah, n. m. : Benefit; gain; emolument.

ifādiyat, m. f.: Utility; benefit.

ijādiyat pasand, adj. : Utilitarian.

ifadiyat pasandi, n. f.: Utilitarianism.

افاعنه (P) afaghina(h), n. m., pl.:

The Afghans; pathans. (s.

afghān.)

(P) ifāqa(h), n. m.: Reco-

very from illness; relief; convalescence.

ifāqa(h) honā, v.:
To convalesce.

hap; accident; distress; calamity; misery; state of helplessness. (2) Inclination; disposition.

uftād-i-tab', mizāj, n. f.: Disposition.

uftadagi, n. f. :

Helplessness; self-abasement.

uftāda(h), adj. : (1)
Fallen; incapable. (2)
Waste or untilled (land).

uftan-o-khezan, adv. : (lit.) Falling and rising; in a state of consternation; walking with great difficulty.

וֹפׁגֹישׁן (A) iftitāḥ, n. m.: Opening; exposing; inauguration.

iftitaḥī, adj. : Inaugural; initial; opening.

افتتاحیه iftitahiyah, n. m.: (Mod.) Editorial; leading article of a newspaper.

- dit; honour; grace; glory; distinction; repute.
- (A) iftirā, n. m.: Slander; accusation; imputation.
 - iftirā bandhnā,
 v.: To accuse; to slander; to impute.
 - iftirā pardāzī, افترا پردازی n.f.: Slandering; accu-
 - افتراق (A) iftirāq, n. m.: Separation; severance of relations; disunity; secession.
 - (U) afrd tafri, n. f.:

 (W) (Cor. of افراط و تفريط ifrat-o-tafrit.) Confusion;

 trouble; panic; chaos;

 tumult; disorder; hurly
 burly; dismay; turmoil.
 - افراد (A) afrād, n. m., pl.: Persons; individuals; members. (s. فرد fard.)
 - افراز (P) afrāz, part. adj.: Elovating; exalting. (Used in comp. as سر افراز sar afrāz, exalting.)
 - افراط (A) ifrāṭ, n. f.: Excess; surplus; abundance; exuberation; galore.

- ifrāt o tafrīt, افراط و تفريط n. f.: Disregard of propriety; abnormal condition.
 - ifrāt-i-zar, m. f.:
 (Mod.) Abnormal increase of currency; inflation.
- افروخته (P) afrokhtah, adj.: (lit.) Inflamed; kindled; lighted; ignited; angry; furious.
- افروز (P) afroz, part. adj.: Igniting; inflaming; enkindling. (Used in comp. as بال افروز jan afroz, life enkindling.)
- افریشیانی (P) afreshyä'l, adj. : (Mod.) Afro-Asian.
- (P) afriqa(h), n. p. : Africa.
 - afriqi, adj. : African.
 - افزا (P) afza, part. adj.: Adding; augmenting; increasing; invigorating. (Used in comp. as عيات افزا hayds afzd, life invigorating.)
 - efzāish, n. f.: Increase; augmentation; breeding.

- afzāish-i-nasl, n. فرائش نسل m.: Increase in the race; (Live-stock) breeding.
- افزوں (P) afzun, adj.: Additional; extra; excessive; manifold; much.
 - i afz## hond, v.:
 To increase; to enlarge;
 to rise.
 - afzual, n. f.: Increase; excess; plenty; rise.
- ib; rigmarole. (P) ofsāna(h), n. m.: Story; افسانه romance; fiction; legend;
 - afsana(h) khwan, n. m. : A story-teller.
 - افسانه ساز، سنج طراز afsāna(h) sāz, sanj, tarāz, n. m.:

 A fabulist; romanticist; story-teller.
 - ا فسانه گونی afsana(h) go'i,
 n. f.: Story-telling.
- افسر (E) afsar, n. m.: An officer; a superior; one possessing authority.
- (P) afsurdagi, n. f.: Frigidity; dejection; melancholy; depression of spirit.

- afsurda(h), adj.: Frigid; cold; dejected; melan-choly; low-spirited.
 - afsurda(h) khātir, adj.: Down-hearted; depressed; dejected.
- (P) afsos, n. m. & intj. :

 (1) Sorrow ; regret ; remorse ; repentance. (2) O, dear! ; alas!
 - افسوس آن، کرن afsos and, karna, v.: To deplore; to repent; to regret; to mourn; to lament; to express sorrow.
 - afsos, intj: : A thousand times alas!; oh me!
 - افسوس ناک afsos nāk, adj.:
 Unfortunate; sad; lamentable.
- افسون (P) afsan, n. m. : Magic ; charm ; spell ; witchery.
 - phikkna, karna, v.: Te enchant; to charm.
 - afsen chai افسوں چل جانا ، چلنا jānā, chainā, v.: To be

efficacious (charm); to win over; to produce effect.

- ery. length fast garl, n. f.:

 afsth garl, n. f.:

 (using)

 witch-
- افشا (A) ifshā, n. m.: Divulgence; disclosure; exposure.
 - افشا هونا ifsha hona. v.: To be disclosed.
 - ifshā-'i-rāz, n. m.:
 Divulgence of secret.
 - ifshā-'i-rāz karnā, v.: To divulge a secret.
- افشار (P) afshāh, part. adj. & n. f.: (1) Dispersing; diffusing; sprinkling; pouring out; scattering; strewing; shedding. (Used in comp. as افشال S gul afshāh, flower-strewing.) (2) Fine chips or clippings of tinsel or powdered gold or silver (for beautifying the face and hair of women, particularly brides).
- افشرده (P) afshurda(k), adj. & n.
 m.: (1) Pressed; squeezed;
 strained; filtered. (2)

Squash.

- afshurda-'i-ahgur, افشردة انگور n. m.: Grape squash.
- P) afshuru(h): Same as افشره
- (A) afşaḥ, adj.: More or most eloquent.
- افضال (A) afzāl, n. m., pl.:

 Kindnesses; graces; favours; excellences. (s. نضل fazl.)
- (A) afzal, adj.: More or most excellent; best or prominent; highest; most venerable; senior most.
 - afzallyat, n. f.: Prominence; greatness; seniority.
- of a fast. (opp. of roza(h), fast.)
 - if tar karna, v.: To break a fast (in the evening, after fasting all day).
 - if tarl, n. f.: Refreshment for breaking a fast.
- افعال (A) af al, n. m., pl.: Acts; actions; deeds; conduct.
 (s. نعل fi'l.)
- strained; filtered. (2) (2) (A) af i, n. m. & edj.: (1)

sharp.

Serpent; adder; asp; viper; basilisk. (2) Smart; quick;

افغان (P) afghān, n. p.: An Afghan.

افغان ، فغان (P) afghāh, fughāh, n. f. : Wail ; complaint.

jėl (A) ufuq, n. m.: Horizon; skyline.

ية ufuqi, adj.: Horizontal.

ditations; musings; thoughts; reflections; ideas; theories; notions; anxieties; worries; cares; philosophies; opinions. (s.)

افگار (P) afgür, adj.: Wounded; lacerated.

افلاس (P) iflas, n. m.: Poverty; want; bankruptcy; narrow circumstances.

افلاطوں (GR) aflatum, کی افلاطوں (GR) falatum,

Plato; (fig.) a clever person;

one who is exceptionally bright and intelligent.

Skies; heavens; spheres; celestial orbits; firmament.

(s. فلک falak.)

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افلاق aflākī, adj.: Heavenly; lofty.

افواج (A) afwāj, n. m., pl.:

Forces; armies; soldiers.

(s. فوج fauj.)

(A) afwāh, n. f., pl.: Reports; rumours; gossips.
(s. فوه foh.) (Used as s. in U.)

afwāhan, adv.: By way of rumour.

afwāh urānā, v. :

To spread rumour; to broadcast a false report.

(U) uffoh, intj.: (1) An expression of extreme surprise or pain. (2) Also exclamation of annoyance or weariness; oh, my God!

(A) afhām, n. f., pl. : Intellects. (s. فهم fahm.)

one understand. (A) ifhām, n. m.: Making

ifhām-o-tafhim, n. m.: Understanding; comprehending.

افيم (H) afim, افيم (A) afym, n. f. : Opium.

- afimchl, afiml, afyanl, n. m.:

 Opium eater; opium

 addict; an indolent
 fellow.
- afimi chira, n. m.:
 An opium addict.
- افيون جوهنا afyun charhna,
 v.: Getting of opium to
 the head.
- اقار ب (A) aqarib, n. m., pl.: Relations; Kindred. (s. qarlb.)
- (A) iqūlim, n. f., pl. : Climes; states; countries; regimes. (s. اقليم iqlim.)
- (A) iquat, n. f.: Abode; residence; resting place; dwelling; lodging.
 - iqāmat karnā, v.:
 To lodge; to stay; to reside.
 - iqāmat gāh, n. f.:

 Residence; boarding

 house; lodging.
- (lit.) Main ingredients of everything; the three parts of Christian Trinity i. e. Pather, Son and the Holy Spirit (united in one God-

- head.) (s. آقنوم uqnum.)
- (A) iqbāl, n. m.: (1) Good fortune; luck; prosperity; glory; felicity. (2) Confession; acceptance; acknowledgement. (3) Name of the renowned Muslim philosopher-poet of Indo-Pakistan, who conceived the idea of Pakistan as a homeland of the Muslims of the subcontinent.
 - iqbal chamaknā, v.: To prosper; to have glory and fame; to bask in the sunshine of prosperity.
 - igbāl-i-d'awā, n. m.: Acceptance or admission of (somebody's) claim.
 - iqbāl karnā, v.:
 To acknowledge; to confess; to admit.
 - iqbāl mand, adj.: Well off; prosperous; thriving; fortunate.
 - iqbāl!, n. m., & adj.:

 (1) One who confesses; a

 confessant. (2) Confessional; relating to admi-

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li mujrim, a person who confesses his guilt).

iqbāliyāt, n. f.: (Mod.)
Studies and researches on
the Muslim philosopherpoet, Iqbal; literature
concerning Iqbal.

(A) iqtibas, n. m.: Borrowing; acquiring; extract; quotation; procuring.

iquibās karnā, y.:

To quote; to reproduce
extract; to borrow; to
acquire.

(A) iqtida', n. f.: Act of following; imitating.

igiidā' karnā, v.:
To follow; to pray under
an Imam.

اقتدار (A) iqtidar, m. m.: Power: prestige; status; high position in government; authority; rank; dignity.

iqtidar-i-a'la, n.m.:

Sovereignty; highest authority or power; paramountcy.

iqtidar rakhna, اقتدار رکهنا

v.: To wield power; to possess power; to be competent (to).

اقتصاد (A) iqtisad, n. f.: (Mod.)
Economy; frugality; thrift.

iqtişādiyāt, n. m. :
Economics; political economy.

(A) iqtizā, n. m.: Desire; demand; necessity; need.

iqtizā'-i-maşliḥat, n. m.: Requirement of policy; expediency.

(A) aqdām, n. m., pl. : Steps. (s. قدم qadam.)

act of advancing; boldness; courage; firmness; intrepidity; audacity.

iqdam karnā, v.:
To advance; to attempt;
to take a bold step.

m.: Attempt to commit]
a crime.

iqdam-i-khud-leshi, n.m.: Act of taking steps to commit sulcide.

:.ladam-i-gatl, n.m اقدام قتل

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اقدام قتل عمد

The act of taking steps to commit murder.

- iqdam-i-qatl-i'amad, n. m.: The act of
 taking steps to commit
 cold-blooded murder.
- اقدس (A) aqdas, adj.: Most holy or sacred; most respectable.
- (A) iqrā, n. m.: Reciting or causing to recite the Holy Quran.
- اقرار (A) iqrār, n. m.: Agreement; promise; acceptance; acknowledgement; admission; affirmation; assent; declaration; covenant; contract; confession.
 - iquar bil-lisan wa tasdiq bil qalb, n. m.: To accept orally and abide by it with heart i. e. both outwardly and inwardly; the act of affirming the faith both orally and inwardly.
 - iqrar karna, v.: To promise; to agree; to engage; to own; to confess; to affirm; to enter

- into an agreement; to covenant; to undertake; to assent; to pledge; to admit; to allow; to own.
- iqrār nāma(h), n. m.:

 A written bond or agreement; a contract formally drawn.
- iqrārī, adj. & n. m.:
 (1) Confessant. (2) A
 person acknowledging a
 thing.
- اقرب (A) aqrāb, adj.: Most near; nearest. (sup. of قريب qarlb.)
- اقربا (A) aqribā, n. m., pl.: Very near relations. (s. تربب qarlb.)
- اقساط (A) aqsäż, n. f., pl.: Instalments; parts; portions.
 (s. نسط qist.)
- (A) aqsām, n. f.: Kinds; species; sorts; sets; cate-gories. (s. تسم qism.)
- اقصیل (A) aqṣā, adj.: Very far away; distant; remote.
- اقطار (A) aqtār, n. m., pl.:
 Borders; districts; lines;
 regions; diameters. (s. مُعَارِ عِبْدِهِ

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(A) aqtā', n. m.: Cuttings; assignments of land; plots or tracts. (s. مطعه qata'(h).)

(A) aqal(l), adj.: Less; very little; the least; insignificant.

اقل درجه aqal(l) darja(h), adv.:
In the least degree; a
minimum.

اقلیت aqal(l)iyat, n. f. :
Minority.

اقل و اكثر aqal(l) - o - aksar, adv. : Least and most ; all particulars taken together.

Yöi aqal(l)an, adv.: At least.

اقليدس (A) uqlaidis, n. m. : Euclid; a well-known ancient
Greek geometrician of
Alexandria; geometry;
science of measurement of land.

(A) iqlim, n. f.: Clime; climate; country; region; zone; belt of country.

of the components of the Holy Trinity of Christian religion, the three parts being the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost.

اقوال (A) aqwāl, n. m., pl.:
Sayings; dictums or dicta;
words; maxims; promises.
(s. فول qaol.)

aqwāl-i-zarrla, n. m.: Golden sayings; good maxims.

اقوام (A) aqwām, n. f., pl.: Nations; peoples; races. (s. قرم qaom.)

اک (H) ik,
ایک (H) ek, adj. : One.

اک بار $ik\ b\bar{a}r$, adv.: Once. adv.:
لاگی بارگی ik bārgī, گابک بارگی eķ bārgī, adr.: گابک بارگی yak bārgī,

Suddenly; of one time only; instantly; all at once.

اک جا اندازار
ik jahān, n. m.: All the world; every body.

ik dil hona, v. : To agree; to join together.

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- اک دم ik dam, } adv. : At ek dam, ایک دم once; without loss of time; immediately.
- ik zarā, adv. : A little; a while; a moment.
- اک سال iksāh, adj.: Simiyaksān. lar; even; level; equal; same; resembling.
- iksu honā, yaksu honā, يكسو هونا To have concentration; to be undisturbed mentally; to be decided upon one way or the other.
- ik 'umr, adv.: A long اک عمر period.
- ik qalam, yak qalam, Thoroughly; completely; suddenly; to a degree; a little.
- ik na ik jaraḥ, اک نه اک طرح adv.: Somehow; one way or the other.

- (H) ikkā, adj. & n. m. : (1) One; single; unique; incomparable. (2) Two wheeled conveyance drawn by a single horse or bullock. (3) The ace of cards.
 - 50 51 ikkā dukkā, : One or two; a few; not many.
- (A) akābir, n. m., pl. : The great; grandees; people of rank; nobles; men of distinction. (s. آگبر akbar.)
 - akabir-o-aşaghir, اكابر و اصاغر n. m., pl. : High and low; rich and poor people. (s. ,akbar-o-aşghar اکبر و اصغر great and small.)
- ه., (A) akāsira(h), n. m., pl.: The Chosroes, ancient rulers of Iran: surname of several Kings of Iran, originally Cyrus, the Great. (s. كسرى kisra.)
- اكاسي (H) ikkasi, (H) ikkyāsi." Eighty-one.
- ا کا د می (E) akādimi, n. f.: (Mod.) Academy; a place of study and research; a place of training; a so-

ciety for cultivating literature, art etc.

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(H) akārat, adj.: Fruitless; useless; unprofitable; abortive; vain; unserviceable: worthless.

اكارت جانا akārat jānā, v. : To become useless; to be wasted; to be of no avail; to serve no purpose.

اگال (H) akāl, n. m. : Famine; bad season; drought; pinch.

J61 (A) akkal, n. m. : One who eats up everything; devourer; glutton.

akkāl-ul-umam, m.: Devourer of nations. (Hali, the great Urdu poet, used this term for India.)

(H) ikkanwe, اکیانو م (H) Ikkyanwe, Ninety-one.

اكون (H) ikkawan, adj.: اكياون (H) ikkyāwan, Fifty-one.

(A) akbar, adj. & n. m. : (1) Great; very great; greatest. (2) Name of a Moghul Emperor of India, Akbar the Great.

akbari, adj. : Anything connected with the reign of Akbar the Great.

akbarl ashraf l, اکبری اشرفی A.f.: A gold coin of the time of Akbar the Great.

akbarl nauratan, اکبری نورتی n. m.: Nine jewels (courtiers) of Akber the Great.

(1) א באכן (H) ikiārā, n. m. : (1) א fine white cloth. (2) A single - stringed musical instrument; a string of single thread.

اكتاليس (H) iktalls., adj.: Forty-one.

ukiana, آکتانا ukiā jānā, be fed up; to become restless; to lose patience; to to be bored; to become weary; to be irritated; to be sick (of).

ا كتساب (A) ikiisāb, n. m. : Acquisition; learning; attaining; gaining.

ا كتشاف (A) ikiishāf. n. f.: Discovery; disclosure; unveiling; exposure.

- iktishaf karna, v.: اكتشاف كرنا To disclose; to discover; to uncover; to expose; to display; to find out.
- (A) iktifa, n. m. : Adequacy; satisfaction; sufficiency.
 - iktifa karna, v.: To suffice; to be contented; to be satisfied.
- اکتوبر (E) aktūbar, n. m. : October.
- اكتيس (H) iktis, adj.: Thirtyone.
- (H) ikaṭṭhā, adv.:

 (H) ikhaṭṭā,

 Collected; assembled together; crowded; put together; in the aggregate; very much; united in a lot.
 - ikaiihā karnā, v. :

 To put together; to collect; to gather in a bulk or lump; to amass; to accomulate.
 - ikattha hona, v. :

 To assemble; to be collected together; to be added up; to cluster together; to aggregate; to crowd; to congregate.

- (A) aksar, adj.: Many; very many; often; adequate number.
 - اکثر اوقات aksar augāt, adv.:
 Sometimes; many times;
 very often; frequently;
 generally; usually.
 - اکثریت aksariyat, n. f.: Majority; most people; a large number of people.
- (A) ikrām, n. m.: Honeur; greatness; kindness;
 obligation; deference;
 reverence; treating with
 respect; veneration.
- (A) ikrāh, n. m.: Disgust; dislike; aversion; compulsion; detestation; obligation; abhorrence; horror.
- (A) akram, adj.: Most generous; most benevolent; charitable; bountiful; most kind; most gracious; very liberal.
- haughtiness; vanity; conceit; pride; ill-temper; obduracy; wilfulness; airs; tenacity.
 - ا کو باز (sl.) (1) Self-conceited;

haughty. (2) A swaggerer; blusterer.

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اکا تکا akar takar, n. f.: Show; displaying hectoring attitude ; domineering behaviour.

akaṛf ūh, n. f.: Selfconceit; domineering attitude; hectoring behaviour: overbearing posturc.

いら (H) akarna, v.: To domishow ncer; to to strut; attitude : to show hector: bearing attitude; to walk affectedly and defiantly; to give oneself airs; to be ready to pick up a quarrel; to stiffen; to assume an arrogant air.

اکبو (H) ukṛū,

The posture of sitting on the hams with the soles of the feet on the ground; squatting.

ukṛu baithna, v.: To squat; to sit on 1 ground on the soles of the feet.

اکساتا (H) uksānā, v.: To excite; to encourage; to kindle (fire); to fan (flame); to urge; to provoke; to stir up; to rouse; to instigate; to incite; to trim (a lamp by raising the wick).

uksāhat, n. f. : The act of exciting; stimulation; stirring up; provocation; instigation.

اكسته (H) iksath, adj. : Sixtyone.

(A) iksir, n. f.: An elixir; a powder, mixture or herb pretended to be capable of converting base metals to gold or silver; the philosopher's stone; a medicine to cure every disease; alchemy; a panacea.

iksir gar, n. m. : An alchemist; a person who prepares powder or mixture to convert other metals to gold or silver.

[5] (A) akl, n. m.: Aliment; food; diet.

akl-o-shurb, n. m.: Eating and drinking.

اكل حلال aki-i-halāi, n. m. :

Eating ar spending out of income honestly earned.

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Sullen; ill-humoured; unsociable; of dismal aspect; lonely; morose.

only (child); single; sole; lone.

(A) iklll, n. m.: Crown; emblem of kingship.

اكمل (A) akmal, adj.: Perfect; complete; very perfect.

اکناف (A) aknāf, n. m., pl.: Sides; borders; environs; confines; suburbs. (s. کنف kanaf.)

rooting; eradication; extermination.

ukhār pachhār, n. f.: Persecution; intrigue; slander; changes in a situation by changing personnel.

uproot; to throw away;
to remove; to dig up; to
pull out; to dislodge; to
disjoint; to exterminate;

to do away with ; to destroy; to dismiss.

Arena; wrestling ground; palestra; circus; gymnasium; theatre. (2) Bevy of beautiful women. (3) Group of a certain class of persons.

(H) ikhattar, adj.: Seventy one.

(H) ikahrā, adj. : Of one fold; of one thread; of one piece; not complicated.

ikahrā badan, n. m.:
Thin body, not fat.

ikahrl. sawārl, اکبری سواری ikahrl. sawārl, n. f.: A conveyance for one person only.

(1) Unpolished; uncivilized; rude; rough; coarse; uncouth; awkward; clumsy; perverse; wilful; headstrong; stiff-necked; proud; haughty; quarrelsome. (2) A coarse, hard hearted and perverse person; a boor; an unfeeling person.

ين akkhar pan, n. m. :

Wilfulness; coarseness; haughtiness; pride.

اکهزا رهنا (H) ukhṛā raḥnā, v.:
To keep aloof; to be unsocial; to avoid company.

uprooted; to be dug out; to be dispersed; to break up; to be defeated; to be discouraged; to be demolished; to be dismissed; to be unstitched; to decline; to lose credit; to fail; to be shaky and unsteady; to be inconsistent; to fade away; to be separated.

ukhri bāten, n. f.: An unpleasant conversation; a topsy-turvy reply to a straight talk.

ukhre ukhre, adj.: Sorrowful; uneasy.

ukhre rahna, v.: To be angry; to live apart; to shun company; to dissociate from company; to feel anger (against).

vided; unbroken; indivisible; not to be broken or divided; whole.

اکیمیز (H) ukher dena, کرین (H) ukherna,

To uproot; to drive out a person from a company of friends.

ا کیس (H) ikkis, adj.: Twenty-

اکبلا (H) akeld adj.: Single; lonely; solitary; peerless; vacant; not inhabited.

akelā chanā bhār nahlh
phor saktā, prov. : A
single person cannot do a
work to be done by
many.

اکیلے اکیلے الکیاے الکیاے الکیاے الکیاے الکیاے akele akele, adv. :
In a strictly personal or individual manner.

akele dukele, m. m. & adj. : (1) One person or two; a few persons. (2) All alone.

well by removing the sediment.

- (۱) In front; onward; forward. (2) The ropes with which a horse's fore feet are fastened.
 - agārī pichhārī, اگاڑی بجهاڑی agārī pichhārī, n. f.: The ropes to bind the fore and hind legs of a horse.
 - pichhā ri turānā, v. : To break away from control; to express restlessness or impatience; to express resentment.
 - JEI (H) ugal, n. m.: What is spit out after chewing the betel leaf; spitting.
 - ing into. ing into.
 - USi (H) ugānā, v.: To grow; to raise; to cause to grow.
 - in the event of; provided that.
 - اگرچه agarche(h), conj.: Although; though; even if.
 - (H) agar, n. f.: Wood of

aloes, giving fragrance when burnt.

agar kl battl,] اگر کی بتی agar battl,

stick of wood covered with dry paste of incense and burnt to give fragrance.

- اگر هگر agar magar, n. f.:

 Hesitation; doubt; excuse.
- (H) agarl, adj.: The اگری (H) agral, colour of agar; brown; pertaining to aloe wood colour.
- ram, n. m.: Confused talk; distracted conversation; trash; confusion; nonsense; jumble; medley; rigmarole.
- eighth month of the Gregorian calender.
- MI (H) aglā, adj.: First; foremost; prior; chief; principal; old; belonging to the past; next; subsequent; forthcoming; future.

ا کلا پچهلا aglā pichhlā, adj.:

اگیاری

First and last; of past and present.

Former or future life (according to Hindu belief).

aglā zamāna(h), n. m.: Old time; the past age.

agli bāten, n. f.: Affairs of former or old times and generations.

Ancestors and descendants; preceding and succeeding generations; predecessors and posterity; forefathers and later generations.

agle zamāne kā, adj. : Belonging to former generations; simple; artless; guileless; plain; straightforward.

agle zamāne wāle, n. m.: People of former generations (supposed to be simple).

agle اگلے وقتوں کے لوگ agle waqton ke log, n. m.:
People of by-gone days;

former generations.

اگل بازا (H) ugal parmā, اگل بازا (H) ugalnā,

To vomit; to come out; to disclose something suddenly.

throw out; to vomit; to spit out; to declare; to disgorge; to refund; to restore property (secretly obtained).

(H) ugnā, v.: To sprout; to germinate; to spring up; to grow; to rise.

(H) aghan, n. m.: Eighth month of the agricultural year, corresponding to November-December.

ا کیا بیتال (H) agyā baitāl, n. f. & n. m.: (1) Sparks of fire often seen during night in lonely and dilapidated places. (2) A demon who rules over fire; a very active and clever person.

temple of the Parsis for worshipping fire; a fire-place.

- guide; forerunner; a match-maker; a person who arr-anges marriage.
- ا آواڈا (H) agwārā, n. m.: Front portion of a house; front.
 - اگوازا پجهوازا agwārā pichhwāra, n. m: Space in front and back portion of a house; neighbourhood; persons living in front of the house and in the rear.
- (H) aghori, n. m. & adj.:
 - (1) Dirty and filthy person;
 - (2) Impure; unclean.
- YI (A) illā. conj. : Except; but.
 - allāh, phr. : A term used for things rare and almost scarce.
 - lazī na ullal-lazī, adj.:

 Neither this side nor that;

 not certain; neither fish

 nor fowl.
- الأمان (A) al-amān, inij.: God preserve us!; God help us!
 - al-aman-u-al- الأمان و الحفيظ hasiz, intj.: May God

- protect us!; may God keep us in peace!
- يرالموت (A) al-intl-يقد ashadd-u-minal maut, prov.: Waiting is worse than death.
- who has performed pilgrimage to Mecca.
- الحذر (A) al-ḥazar, intj.: God preserve us!; God kcep us away (from).
- (A) al-ḥāşil, adv.: In short; briefly; in fine.
- الحمد اله (A) al ḥamd-u-lillāh, inij.: Praise be to God!; thank God!
- السلام عليكم (A) as-salām-u-'alaikum, n. m.: (lit.) Peace be on you; the form of Muslim greeting.
- العبد (A) al'abd, n. m.: (lit.).

 Slave or servant; the undersigned.
- (A) al-gharaz, adv.: In short; briefly; in a word.
- sum up; in short; the long and short of it; in resume; briefly.

- YI (A) alā, intj.: Be alert; be careful.
- がり (H) alā balā, phr.: A fearful thing; the worst thing; confused mess.
 - אלי אלי אלי און alā bala bar gardan i mullā, phr.:

 The responsibility of a doubtful decision in religious matters rests with Mulla (not with those who follow it).
- (H) ilachi, الأنجى (H) ilaichi, الأنجى (H) ilaichi, Cardamom.
 - الأجي دانه الأجي دانه ilāchī dāna(h), الأنجى دانه ilāchī dāna(h), m.: Cardamom seed coated with sugar, also with tobacco; cardamom seed.
- الاف كرنا (E) alāṭ karnā, v. :

 To allot; to assign a thing
 to a person.
- (H) ular, adj.: Unbalanced; liable to overturns (of a cart heavily laden at the back); not having equal load in front and back.
 - ular hona, v. : To be

- overturned; to be unbalanced; to be upset.
- الأو (H) alāo, n. m.: Fire with flames; a burning rubbish.
- jump; to leap over.
- النه الله الله (H) ulāhnā, النه (h) ulahnā, النه (h) ulahnā, Complaint; reproach; accusation; taunt.
 - الأهنا دينا ulāhnā denā, v.:
 To accuse; to complain against; to reproach.
- البته (A) albatta(h), adv.: But; however; decidedly; admittedly; positively.
- (P) alburz, n. m.: Name of a high mountain in the northern part of Iran.
- ال بل (H) albal, n. m. & adj. : (1)

 Pride; tension; power. (2)

 Very strong; omnipotent.
- (E) albam, n. m.: Album; a blank book for inserting photographs.
- البيلا (H) albela, adj. & n. m. :

 (I) Playful; sportive;
 fanciful; gay; frivolous;
 wayward; sprightly; naive;

careless; foppish; charming; handsome. (2) A fop; a beau; rake; a voluptuous person.

- البيلا پن albelāpan, n. m.:

 Playfulness; levity; sportiveness; sprightliness; carelessness; waywardness; innocence; artlessness; blandishments; coquettishness; charm; beauty; elegance.
- (E) alpākā, n. m.: A South American animal; woollen cloth made out of the wool of Alpaka.
- اليس (E) alps, n. p.: Alps; name of a mountain in Switzerland.
- curity; doubt; ambiguity; perplexity; vagueness; resemblance; pun.
- التجا (A) iltijā, n. f.: Request; solicitation; supplication; entreaty; urgent prayer; petition; beseeching.
 - ilitja karna, v.: To request; to solicit; to entreat; to make a petition; to beseech.

- nagement; being necessary or expedient.
- التفات (A) iltifat, n. f.: Attention; regard; consideration; respect; courtesy; civility; kindness.
 - iltifat karnā, v.:

 To attend to; to regard;

 to consider; to be kind;

 to show kindness.
- التماس (A) iltimās, n. m.: Petition; prayer; request; entreaty.
 - litimās karnā, v.:

 To make a request; to submit a petition; to request; to entreat; to pray; to represent humbly.
- التمش (T) iltamash, التنمش (T) iltutmush,

 Name of a famous Muslim

 King of Delhi in the 13th

 century A. D.
- التمنا (T) altamghā, n. m.: The royal seal; royal insignia; a grant of land under royal seal in perpetuity descending to posterity; a medal; diploma.

- (A) iltiwā, n. f.: Delay; postponement; deferring.
 - iltiwa-i-jang, m. m.: Truce; cease-fire; armistice.
- ולדייף (A) iltihab, n. m.: Burning; blaze; combustion; heat.
- ing or closing (of the wound); being soothed; the act of meeting together.
- ing; reversion; inversion; opposite; wrong side.
 - ing of a thing on the other.
 - i ulat parna, v.: To attack by turning back; to change direction; to change side.
 - ulai-pulai, n. f.: (W)
 Reversion; turning over;
 confusion; jumble; topsy-turvy.
 - ulat-pulat denā,

 v.: To throw into confusion; to turn over; to

 toss about; to turn

topsy-turvy.

- الف كرنا ulat-pulat karna,

 v.: To turn over and

 over; to disturb the

 order; to upset.
- v.: To become disturbed; to be confused; to be confused; to be overturned.
- Perplexity; embarassment; difficulty; adversity; misfortune; deception; trickery; vicissitudes of fortune; entanglement; interchange.
- neh ā jānā, v. : To be deceived; to be tricked,
- change side; to deny;
 (2) To be upturned; to be
 upset; to turn over. (3)
 To become contrary to
 what was desired; to
 have opposite effect. (4)
 To be changed (fortune).
 (5) To undergo change; to
 be revolutionised. (6) To
 be destroyed. (7) To be
 removed. (8) To become

poor. (9) To become unconscious; to lose control

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- ulat dena, v.: To turn upside down; to destroy; to upset ; to vomit; to throw out.
- -ulat ke ja ألك كے جواب دينا wab dena, v.: To give an answer; to retort; to answer back; to give a pat reply.

ألك کے خبر نه لینا ulat ke khabar na lenā, ۔ أنك كے كروٹ نه لينا ulat ke karwat na lena,

To show extreme indifference; to ignore; not to pay any attention.

ulatnā, v.: (1) To upset; to turn upside down. (2) To remove; to roll back. (3) To change side. (4) To (5) To be intoxicated. bring disorder. (6) To throw away. (7) To defeat. (8) To change meaning. (9) To devastate; to destroy. (10) To fill from one vessel into another. (11) To turn poor. (12) To contradict. (13) To deny.

- (H) ulia, adj.: (1) Reverse; upside down; wrong side; crooked; opposite. Immediately; at once.
 - الثا يانسا يونا سابق pansā parnā, v.: To happen a thing contrary to wishes; to meet a misfortune.
 - الله يللا ulṭā pulṭā, adj. : Disorderd; upside down; disjointed; confused; not in good array; reversed; inverted; jumbled; involved; turned upside down.
 - ulea pulea karna, الثا يلثا كرنا v.: To turn upside down; turn inside out; to throw into confusion; to disperse.
 - ulea palel, n. f. i الثا يلثي Overturning; disarrangement ; disorder ; change.
 - U क्ष्र धी uliā phirmā, v.: To go back just after arrival; to return soon.
 - ulia tawa, adj.: Coal اللا توا black; jet black.
 - ulta jaune, ۲. 1 To

give birth to a child with feet coming out before.

- lita fawab dena, v.: To give an impertinent answer; to answer back.
- ulia chor kotwal ko dante,

 prov.: The thief turns

 round and threatens the

 policeman; a law brea
 ker blames the protector

 of law; a guilty person's

 impertinence.
- ult? daryā bahnā,
 v.: To happen against
 the tradition.
- النا دم النا على الن
- bandhna, v.: To forestail blame on others before one could be involved; to bring a cross suit or counter action.
- الله زمانه ulid zamana(h), n. m.: Bad times; misfortune; revolutionary days.

- ulia sabaq parhana, v.: To give a wrong advice; to give a wrong judgement.
- ulia sldha, adj.: Confused; not straight; disordered.
- dha jawab dena, v.: To give a distorted reply; to give a confused answer.
- disposition; temperament unable to take things in right perspective.
- Lest hand.
- uliwansi, n.f.: Unreasonable, absurd talk; giving wrong meaning to straight talk.
- ultl, adj. & n. f.: (1) A thing in reverse order; wrong. (2)}

 Vomitting; disgorgement.
 - باتبی باتبی اللی اللی اللی باتبی باتبی باتبی ۱۹۰۹ . Nonsensical talk; a stupid conversation.
 - uli paii parhand, v.: To deflect from the right path; to per-

suade to do a wrong thing.

ulil آلش ہوے سید ھی ہوے pare sidhi pare, phr.:
Uncertain of result.

ulil taqdlr, n. f.: Misfortune; bad luck; adverse circumstances.

التی چهری سے حلال ذیح کرنا ulti chhuri se halai, zabh karnā, prov. : To tyrannisc; to treat with extreme cruelty.

ulil rasm, n. f.: Mode or way not according to tradition or bad in custom.

ulfi zaqued lagand, v.: To leap backward; to do something unprogressive; to go back to a dead tradition.

ulil samajh, n. f.:

Crooked sense; wrong

understanding; inverted
reasoning.

ایاں آلئی سمجھیے نه سیدھی

samihe na sidhi, prov.: (A person) not amenable to argument; a stupid person.

sidhi batek karna, ۲. :
To talk nonsense; to be adamant in words.

uli saifl, n. f. :
A curse which falls on
the utterer; the biter bit.

ulil qismat, n. f.:

Bad fortune; misfortune.

uli mat, n. f.: Crooked understanding; wrong sense of taking things.

ule, adv.: In reverse direction; in a different manner.

ulte baas آلئے بانس بریلی کو barell ko, prov. : To carry coal to Newcastle.

الٹے ہاؤں بھرنا ' بھا گنا ulte paux phirma, bhagna, اکٹے بیروں بھرنا ulte pairox phirma,

v.: To come back at once; to start back soon after arrival.

ule phir and, v.:

To return soon after arrival.

uite sidhe, edj. : Right or wrong ; correct or incorrect.

(A) aljazāir, n. m.: Algeria, a country in North Africa.

(A) alju', n. f.: Cry of the hungry for food.

(H) uljha, n. m. & adj.:

(1) Knot; medley. (2) Mixed; complicated.

fuse things; to mix at random; to complicate; to make intricate. (2) To attach. (3) To be busy. (4) To involve in dispute; to create trouble. (5) To prolong matters.

Up exi ulajh parna, v.: To dispute; to asgue; to quarrel; to be involved in dispute or quarrel.

become knotty; to be busy; to be involved in some problem.

الجهاو (H) ulftao, n m. .: Dis-

pute; quarrel; difficulty; obstacle; intricacy.

plexity; restlessness; complexity; restlessness; complication; embarrassment; complexity; confusion; difficulty; disorder; imbroglio; derangement; disturbance.

(H) ulajhna, v.: (1) To be twisted; to La intertwined; to be complicated; to become knotty; to be involved; to be enticed. (2) To be busy; to be occupied. (3) Not to be able to express clearly. (4) To be distracted; to be fed up. (5) To be entangled in love; to be enamoured; to be (6) To quarrel. married. (7) To criticise; to find fault. (8) To interfere; to interpose.

Worry; perplexity; confusion; difficulty; quarrel; broil.

out; to pour off water; to drain.

(A) ilḥāḥ, n. m. : Solicitation; entreaty; request; beseeching.

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- الحاد (A) الجاد (A) الحاد (lit.) Deviation; atheism; apostasy; irreligion; heresy.
- (A) thaq, n. m.: Affiliation; association; addition; inclusion.
 - ilhaq karna, v.: To affiliate; to associate.
- الحان (A) ilhan, n. m., pl.: Notes; malodies; tunes. (s. (.laḥn لحن
- (A) alḥamarā, n. m.: Alhambra; the Red Stone Palace of Moorish Kings at Granada (Spain).
- الن (A) alakh, adv. : To the end: and so on; et cetera.
- (A) iizām, n. m. : Blame ; fault ; censure ; reproach ; disgrace; accusation; charge ; indictment ; allegation.
- ilzām ānā, v. : To be الزام آنا blamed; to be accused; to be charged.
 - الزام تهوينا دهرنا دينا 156 ilzām thopnā, dharnā, dena, lagana, v.: To

blame; to impute a fault; to charge; to accuse; to incriminate; to allege agzinst.

(A) alastu, الست (A) alastu, | phr. : (lit.) alastu-bi-rabbikum,

> Am I not your Lord?; the call of God to souls on the Day of Creation (and the reply of souls in the affirmative); contract with God.

- (A) alsinah, n. f., pl. : Languages, (s. السان lisan.)
 - alsina(h)-i-mash- السنه صمر قيه rigiya(h), n. f.: Oriental languages.
- (H) alsi, n. f.: Linseed.
- (H) alset, السيك (H) alset, هليسا (H) alset, } complication; fraud; doception; duplicity; quarrel; obstruction.
 - alseția, n. m. : A fraud; a deceptive fellow.
- (T) ulush, n. m. : Remainder of food eaten by a holy person or a great man.
- (A) altaf, n. m., pl.: Gtaces; kindnesses; favours.

(s. dal lutf.)

crowd.

العطش (A) al-'atash, n. f.: Excess of thirst; thirst.

- الغار (T) alghar, م n. m.: Ex-يلغار (T) yelghar. pedition; forced march of an army; foray; mass;
 - (H) algharon, adj.: Large quantity; in abundance; too much; in excess.
 - (A) alghoza(h), n. m. : A musical instrument; a pipe; a flute.
 - (A) alf, n.m.: One thousand.
 - alf lailah wa الف ليله و ليله lailah, n. f.: One thousand and one nights; the Arabian Nights.
 - (A) alif. n. m.: The first letter of Persian and Urdu alphabets.
 - alif be, n. m. : The alphabets.
 - alif ke الف کے نام ہے نہیں جانتے nām be nahin jante, prov.: To be illiterate; to be Ill-mannered.
 - alaf hond, v.: (1) الف هونا

- To be very angry. (2) Standing of a horse on his hind legs.
- الفاظ (A) alfāz, n. m., pl. : Words; terms; technical terms. (s. لفظ lafz.)
- الفت (A) ulfat, n. f.: Love; friendship; familiarity; affection; intimacy.
- الفته (P) alafta(h), n. m.: Worthless companion; dissolute fellow; hanger on.
- [레] (A) ilqā, n. m.: Inspiration; communication; imparting; casting.
- (1) (A) algāb, n. m., pl.: (1) Titles of honour; epithets; appellation; surnames. (2) Forms of address (in letters). (s. لقب laqab.)
- القط (A) algat, n. m.: Cutting off; rejecting.
 - algat karna, v.: (1) القط كرنا To cut off; to bring to an end; to put away; to wind up (account); to sever; to sunder; to break off. (2) To dismiss.

leness; laziness; sloth; sluggishness.

(1) Separate; unattached; disconnected; solitary; excluded; loose; standing alone; free; independent.

(2) Apart; aloof; adrift; asunder; at a distance; at liberty; far off; away. (3) Stand offl; awayl; be gone!

adv.: (1) Holding aloof; dissatisfied; displeased.
(2) Separately; one by one; individually.

separate; lone.

الگ بهرا alag alag phirnd, v.: To go about separtely; to move at a distance.

الک الک رهنا ماه alag alag rahnd, v.: To live separately; to be displeased;
to remain at a tension;

to refrain from; to hold aloof.

To remain indifferent; to live alone.

seprate; to sever; to detach; to disconnect; to displace; to dislocate; to set free; to set apart; to unfasten; to set loose; to put away; to divorce; to distinguish; to discriminate; to give up; to relinquish; to sell.

be seperated; to be removed; to be parted with; to back out of; to withdraw; to escape.

alag hi alag, adv.: Off hand; alone; separately; individually.

or a bamboo stretched across a room or yard, to hang clothes on; a clothes - line.

m.: (1) A frisky young colt or calf. (2) A young

man without experience and given to enjoyment.

الل كو (H) alal tap, adj., n.

(H) alal tappE,

m. & adv.: (1) Thoughtless; unsteady; unstable;
volatile; fickle; irregular; improper. (2) A
thoughtless fickle person.

(3) At random; by guess;
thoughtlessly.

(A) aliah, n. m.: God, the Almighty; exaggeration for quality or characteristic; sense of pride; sense of hopelessness.

alish amin, intj. de adv. : (1) God grant so!
(2) With prayer and fasting; with great care.

الله آمین سے پالنا allah amin se paina, prov.: To bring up with care and affluence; to rear with prayer.

God is great; the introductory recitation in prayer; war cry; a phrase uttered by Muslims at the time of slaughtering animals; exclamation of surprise and wonder; a term of exaggeration and surprise, and of complaint

الله الله خير سلا allah allah khair salla, prov.: End of a dispute; settlement of a problem.

لابه الله كرك allah allah kar ke, adv.: With great difficulty; under great hardship.

الله الله كرنا aliah allah karna,
v.: (1) To pray to God; to
devote more time to prayers. (2) To be content
with the present.

allah allah kero, الله الله كرو phr. : (Now,) don't tell a lie; don't exaggerate.

aliah bachae, phr.: May God save (him).

الله بغشي aliah bakhshe, phr.: May God pardon (him). (Used for dead person.)

būqi hawes, prov.: Except God, all is nothing. (Used to express contentment with the present, to curb desire for fusther acquirement.)

- re, phr. : (lit.) May God bless (you); the cry for begging by mendicants; wishing well for requital of good.
- allah bell, intj.: God preserve (you)!; adieu!; farewell!
- الله برنگاه رهنا allah par nigah rahna, v.: To have trust in God.
- alläh tawakkal, الله توكل alläh tawakkall, الله توكل alläh tawakkall, adv.: With trust in God.
- wakkal kārkhāna(h) hae, prov.: No definite arrangement; everything depends on chance or turn of fortune.
- phr.: (Only) God knows the hardship (in which one passes); God knows.
- الله جانے aliah jane, phr. :
 Only God knows (all other information is doubtful); a thing of doubtful worth.

- allah hafiz, الله حافظ allah nigahban,
 - phr.: May God protect (you). (Used at the time of farewell.)
- allah khair kare, الله خبير كوے allah khair kare, phr.: May God prevent (it). (Used at a time of impending danger.)
- aur banda(h) le, prov.: An unforescen calamity which has to be borne; anything coming in abundance; a state of extreme anger.
- alläh rakhkhe to kaun chakkhe, prov.: Nobody can harm those whom God protects.
- mat rakhkhe, phr.: May
 God protect (you or
 him); may God preserve
 (you or him).

- lagi hai, prov.: All hope is gone, only God is the last hope; rememberance of God at the point death.
- alläh-o-ghani, phr. :

 (lit.) (Only) God is rich;
 a term of exaggeration;
 also used on the occasion
 of surprise, grief.
- allah kā kalam, n. m.: The Holy Quran.
- alläh kä ghar, n. m.:
 The ka'aba(h), sacred
 place of Muslims situated in Mecca.
- allah kā mahbūb, n m.: (lit.) The beloved of God; Muhammad, the Prophet of Islam.
- v.: Recite the name of God; perform penitence; don't think that such a thing can take place.
- allāh kā nām hai, prov.: (lit.) There is (nothing except) the name of God; a term used to denote extreme poverty.

or lack of means.

- allāh kā nūr, n. m. :

 (lit) Light of God; a

 term used for beard; a

 handsome person.
- allāh kare, intj. : (lit.)
 May God!; a term of
 prayer as well as curse.
- الله كو بيارا هونا allah ko piyārā honā, v.: (lit.) To be .
 dear to God; to die;
 to leave this world and go
 to God.
- nā, v.: To place in trust or protection of God; a term used at the time of departure.
- allah ko muhh dikhana hae, phr.

 One has to appear before God on the Day of Judgement; one should behave honestly.
- allāh ko yād karo, v.: Pray to God; have patience; don't be nervous.
- allāh ki panāh, phr.:

 God forbid; may God

 protect; to seek refuge in

God against some evil.

- الله كي راه alläh ki räh, adv.:
 In the path of God; for
 the sake of God.
- allāh ki shān, adv.:
 Glory to God; a term of disparagement on the exaggration of somebody's status.
- allah ki laihi men awaz nahin, prov.: God's punishment or God's justice is silent.
- ghar se phirnā, prov.: To be saved from a fatal danger or accident.
- الله لگتی allāh lagil. adv. : In a just manner; as justice demands.
- الله مياں allāh miyāk, n.m.: (W) God Almighty.
- ellah miyah الله ميان كي كاني الله allah miyah ki gai, n. m.: A half-witted man; a weak, idiotic or simple-minded person.
- aliah wale, n. m. ; A

- pious person not wordly wise; a fool.
- hai, prov.: There is (light of) God in every thing; lack of means; what a fortune; highest praise; cry of beggars.
- H) alalle talalle, n. m.:

 A state of prosperity; extravagance; waste; abundance; festivity; dissipation; pomp; ostentation.
 - alalle talalle karnā, v.: To revel; to
 feast; to give one self up
 to pleasure; to dissipate;
 to squander-
- (A) alam, n. m.: Anguish; grief; pain; torment; affliction.
 - alam uihand, v.: To suffer pain; to undergo affliction.
 - الميه alamiya(h), n. m. & adj.:
 (1) Tragedy. (2) Sorrowful; tragic.
- المارى (PR) almāri, n. f.: Almirah; wardrobe; chest of

drawers; cabinet; book-case.

(P) almās, n. m.: Diamond.

(P) almani, adj.: German; of Germany.

المضاعف (A) almuẓā'af, adj.:

(A) almuẓāf, adj.:

Doubled.

الم غلم (H) allam ghallam, n.
m.: Nonsense; rubbish;
trash; frivolity.

الم غلم بكنا allam ghallam baknā, v.: To talk nonsense; to prate at random.

allam ghallam karna, v.: To misappropriate funds; to embezzle.

allam ghallam khānā, v.: To cat indiscriminately.

الم نشرح (A) alam nashrah, n. f. & adj. (1) The title and opening words of a surah (chapter) of the Holy Quran. (2) Manifest; clear; evident.

(H) ullan, n. f.: A stupid

woman.

(H) alang, n. f.: Side; edge; end; direction.

(H) ullu, n. m.: An owl; a stupid fellow; a blockhead; an idiot.

ullu banana, v.: To make a fool (of); to cheat; to gull.

ulla banna. v.: To become fool; to be intoxicated.

ulin phansna, v.:
To get control of a stupid
person; to be cheated.

الوسيدها كرنا ullu sidha karnā, v.: To grind one's axe; to serve a personal end (by making a fool of somebody).

uliu kā paṇhā,

n. m. : An idiot ; an extremely silly person ; a
term of depreciation in
times of anger.

ulia kā gosht khānā, v.: To become a fool; to behave in a silly manner.

ulla ki dum ألو كي دم فاخته fakhta(h), m. f.: A very stupid person.

ullu ho jana, v.: To become extremely intoxicated; to lose sense of discretion.

(A) alwah, n. f., pl. : Tablets; planks; boards. (s. لوح lauḥ.)

(A) alwan, n. m., pl., Colours ; sorts ; kinds. (s. لون laun.)

(P) alwand. n. m.: Name of a mountain in Iran.

(P) ulahiyat, n. f.: The state of Godhood; Divinity.

411 (A) ilah, n. m.: God.

ilāhī, intj.: My God!

ilahi toba h), intj.: A term of penitence; a term used on some one speaking lies, on sense of danger

النهي خبير اlāhi khair, النهى خبير كرنا ilahi khair karna, اللهي خبير هو ilahl khair ho.

Used when some danger

is feared.

سن (P) ilāhī san, n. m.: The years of the Calendar introduced by Akbar, the great Mogul Emperor of India, to mark the new religion Din-i-ilahl started by him about 1580 A. D.

النبيات (A) ilāhiyāi, n. f.: Religious sciences; metaphysics; science of Divinity.

اليام (A) ilhām, n. m.: Reveistion; inspiration; intuition.

ilhāmī, adj.: Reve'ational; Revealed; intuitional; inspired.

البنا (H) ulahnā, n. m. : Reproach; complaint; remonstrance; protest. (Also see Layl ulähnä, ante.)

(H) allhar, adj.: Young; inexperienced; childish; innocent.

allhar pan, الهو بن allhar pan, n. m. : allhar pana, Inexperience; innocence; rawness.

intj.: اليم (A) alim, adj.: Painful;
excruciating; torturing.

(A) um, n. f.: Mother.

(b) danger ام الأصراض ummul-amrāz,

n. f.: Mother of diseases commonly supposed to

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ummul khabdis, n. f.: Mother of all evils, commonly supposed to be liquor.

be constipation.

- ummuṣṣibyāħ, n. f.:
 A disease of children.
- ummul qura, n. m.:

 Mother of cities i. e.

 Mecca.
- ummul kitāb, n. f.:

 Mother of books, believed by Muslims to be
 the Holy Quran.
- ummahāt, n. f., pl.:

 Mothers; sources. (s. ام um(m).)
- ate person; an honorific expression for the Prophet of Islam.
- (A) ammā, conj.: But; yet; however.
 - ا ما بعد amma b'ad, adv. :
 Then; after that.
- (A) imārat, n. f.: The state of being rich; leader-ship; lordship.

- (A) ammāra(h), adj.: Cruel; tyrannical; adamant.
- اماكن (A) amakin, n. m., pl.: Places; countries. (s. كان مكان م
 - lal amākin-i-muqaddasa(h), n. m.: Holy places, believed by Muslims to be Mecca, Medina, Jerusalem and Baghdad, and the territories in which they are situated.
- diel (A) imāla(h), n. m.: Inclination; bend; (gram.) giving to fàthā a sound like kisrā in case of plurals, for instance from とり larkā comes シリ larkē.
- (A) imām, n. m.: Leader; guide; one who leads the prayer; a large bead in a rosary.
 - The place where t'aziya(h) (model of Imame
 Hasan and Husain's
 graves) is conveyed and
 kept, and offerings are
 made at the time of
 Moharram; the building where Moharram
 ceremonies are held.

- ship; guidance; the office of the leader of prayer.
- imām zāmin, n. m.:
 The Imam who is supposed to protect a person going on a journey.
- min kā rūpya(h), n.m.:

 A piece of money fastened on the arm of a traveller and dedicated to Imam Zamin, in the hope of receiving his protection.
- The guiding Imam who will appear one day to lead men aright (according to Shia belief).
- epithet for the Shias in Islam.
- (H) ammāk, n.f.: Mother.
- امان (A) amān, n. f.: Security; protection; peace; safety; safeguard.
 - ואט אוו amān pānā, v.: To receive protection; to get sefety; to be saved.

- امان دینا amān denā, v.: To give protection; to safeguard; to offer safety.
- امان مانکنا amān māṅgnā, v.:
 To seek or ask for sefety;
 to request protection.
- امان میں رکھنا amān men rakhnā, v.: To keep in sasety; to render sase.
- ianship; trust; integrity; security; honesty; custody; deposit; thing or property kept in trust.
 - امانت دار amānat dār, n. m.:

 Custodian; guardian;

 trustee; a person who
 keeps prperty in trust.
 - امانت رکهنا amanat rakhna,
 v.: To entrust; to deposit; to keep in trust.
 - امانت کی طرح رکهنا amānat ki ṭaraḥ rakhnā, v.: To keep in deposit in a manner as good as trust.
 - men khayanat karna, v.:

 To betray the trust; to defalcate; to embezzle;

 to missappropriate.
 - امانت نامه amānat nāma(h),

- n. m.: Deed of trust; deposit deed.
- (A) ummat n. f.: People; followers of a prophet.
 - ummail, n. m.: People (of a religion); "My people", a term which, according to Muslim belief, will be used on the Day of Judgement, by the Prophet of Islam to save his people from hell fire.
- امتثال (A) imtisal, n. m.:

 Obedience; act of crrrying

 out of an order; compliance.
- امتحان (A) im'iḥān, n. m. :
 Test; examination; experiment; proof; investigation;
 ordeal; trial.
 - way of test or examination.
 - imtihān pās karnā, v.: To pass the examinaton or test; to overcome a hurdie.
 - imtihan dena, v.:

 To appear at a test or examination.

- imilhan karna, امتعان کرنا imilhan karna, }

 v.: To test; to try;

 to examine; to ask for proof.

To come out successful in the test; to pass the examination; to undergo a test or ordeal successfully.

- לובעול (A) imiidad, n. m.: Extension; prolongation; protraction.
- act of mixing or mingling; being blended; mixture; union.
- Mal (A) imtila, n. m.: Full-ness; indigestion.
- vention; prohibition; inhibition; restraint.
 - امتناع قداخل imtinā'-i-tadākhul, n. m.: Impenetrability.
 - imtinā'i qānun, امتناعی قانون n. m.: Prohibitive law.

امتنان (A) Imtinan, n. m.: The act of conferring a favour on somebody.

- اهتياز (A) imtiyāz, n. m.: Distinction; demarcation; separation; discernment; judgement; discrimination; preference; pre-eminence.
- (H) amit, adj.: Ineffeceable; indelible; imperishable; indissoluble; immutable; unchangeable; firm; steadfast.
- امثال (A) amsal, n. f., pl.: Proverbs; equals; resemblances ; adages. (s. مشل maşal & شر misl.)
- اهشاه (A) amsila(h), n. f. pl.: Exemplars; examples. (s. مثاله misāl.)
- (H) am jānā, v.: To be exhausted; to be tired; to be worn out.
- اهجدا (A) amjad, adj.: Most respectable; most glorious.
- שאפנ (H) amchur, n. m.: Slices of raw mango dried in the sun; (fig.) a thin person.
 - amchur hond, y.: To become lean and thin;

- to wither up; to become emaciated.
- امداد (A) imdād, n. f.: Help; assistance; succour; aid.
 - imdād-i-bāhami, امداد باهمي n. f.: Mutual help; working together for the same end; co-operation; co-operative department.
 - imdad chahna, إ imdad mangnā. v.: To seek help; to ask for assistance; to request aid.
 - imdād denā, امداد دينا imdād karnā, امداد کرنا To give assistance; to help; to aid.
- (A) amr, n. m.: Order; command; behest; business; matter; affair; thing; point; issue; fact; decree; (gram.) the imperative mood.
 - amr-1-langly اهر تنقيح طلب talab, n. f.: A point at issue for decision; 138UO.
 - : .amr-o-nahl, n. ni اهر و نهي

Commands and prohibitions; order to do one thing and not to do another.

- (H) amar, adj.: Immortal; eternal; deathless; everlasting; an epithet of Deity.
 - اهر بيل amar bel, n. f.: A parasitical plant; air creeper.
- (A) umarā', n. m., pl.:

 Nobles; lords; rich men;

 grandees. (s. اميراه amlr.)
- امراض (A) amrāz, n. m., pl.: مرض Discases; ailments. (s. سرض سaraz).
- conferring immortality; ambrosia; the drink of the gods; the water of life; (fig.) anything sweet; a pleasent drink. (opp. of مر zahr.)
- امرتی (H) imarti, n. f.: A kind of sweetmeat.
- امرک (A) amrad, n. m. : A
 beardless young man ; a
 beardless handsome youth.
- اهرس (H) amras, n. m.: Dried juice of ripe mange.

- امروك (T) amrud, n. m.: Guava.
- (P) imroz, n. m.: Today.
 - imroz fardā, adv.:

 (lit.) Today (or) tomorrow; these days; a
 way of postponement.
 - imroz fardā أمروز فردا كرنا للم imroz fardā karnā, v.: To try to postpone, to defer; to give little importance.
 - imroz fardā امروز فردا مین imroz fardā meh., adv.: Very soon; early; in a very short period.
- heat without a breath of air; sultriness.
- tention; keeping back; scarcity; want; abstaining from.
 - ا المساك باران imsāk-i-bārāk,
 n. m.: Want of rain;
 drought.
- المسال (P) imsal, n. m.: This year; the current year.
- (A) amṣār, n. m., pl. :

 Cities; large cities (s. مصر
 miṣr.)

(A) imṛā, n. m.: Despatch; transmission.

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- ness; penetration; depth; profundity.
 - im'an-i-nazar, n. m.:

 Penetrating look; deep
 insight; attentive regard
 or look.
- Kab Koi (H) (W) amkā dhamkā, n. m.: Small and great; this one and that one; a nobody; a vague term of contempt; trifles; idle talk.
- bility; contingent; existence; potentiality; likelihood; power; might.
 - likel imkanan, adv.: By way of possibility.
- Mel (A) imia. n. m.: Writing correctly; dictation; orthography; completing; filling up.
- Property; possessions; goods; lands; estates. (s. M. mitk.)

- ا الملاك غبير منقوله imiak-ighair manqula(h), n.m.: Immovable property; land.
- املاک منقوله imlāk-i-manqīila(h), n. m. : Movable property.
- iaburnum of Indo-Pakistan sub-continent; a long fruit used as purgative, also tree; catharto-carpus fistula.
- (H) imil, n. f.: Tamarind (fruit and tree).
- ples; nations. (s. المر) umam, n. f., pl.: Peo-
- tranquillity; security; safety; quiet.
 - ناب نهان عبان aman chain, n. m. :
 (W) Security; tranquillity; peace.
 - امن و امان amn-o-aman, n. m.:

 peace and security; safety; order.
- المنذن (H) umanded, v. : To flow over; to flood; to swell; to rise; to surge; to be full; to well up; to

burst forth; to pour forth; to flock; to throng; to gather thick; to increase.

- overflow; to burst forth; to sweep; to flood.
- ing; rapture; exultation; excessive desire; ambition; elation.
- (A) amwat, n. f, pl. : Deaths. (s. موت maut.)
- (A) amwāj, n. f., pl.: Waves; billows. (s. سوج mauj.)
- اموال (A) amwal, n. m., pl.:

 Goods; property; chattels;

 possessions; effects; riches;

 wealth. (s. المال)
- (A) umur, n. m., pl.: Affairs; things; matters; articles; items; actions. (s. amr.)
 - n. m.: Worldly affairs; mundane matters.
 - امور دینوی umfir dinawi, امور دینوی umfir mazhabi, امور مذهبی n. m.: Religious matters; affairs connected with religion.

- ואפת לפני ש umur-i-daulat, n.
 m.: Affairs of the state;
 governmental matters.
- أمي (A) amml, n. f.: Mother: mummy.
- امينهنا (H) umeṭhnā, v. : To wring ; to pull (cars).
- trust; expectation; prospect of offspring; dependence; desire.
 - الله جانا ummid uth jana,
 v.: To lose hope; to
 lose support; to become
 hopeless.
 - ummid bar ana, v. :

 To realise one's hope; to achieve the end.
 - امید بر لانا ummid bar land,

 v.: To help in the achivement of the end; to aid in the realisation of hope.
 - שנה אנה ' ummid bandha
 na, v.: To give hope;

 to encourage; to give
 support; to create conditions for realisation of
 the object.

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امبد بندهنا ummid bandhad,

r : To hope; to be filled
with hope; to feel hopeful.

ummid بقابه أهيد توكنا To lose hope.

שאר כעון ummid dilana, v.:

To give hope; to encourage.

ummld rakhnā,

v: To have confidence;

to have hope; to expect.

i ummid se hond, امید سے هونا v.: To be pregnant.

امید قطع هونا

ummid qaja' honā,

loik منقطع هونا

ummid munqaja' honā,

To lose all hope; to be discouraged.

امد کرن smmid karna, v. :
To hope; to expect; to
trust.

اميلوار i ummid war. n. m. : Candidate apprentice ; petitioner; probationer; a hopeful person.

m.: Condition of hope and feat; an uncertain

condition.

اهمان (A) amir, n. m.: Commander; leader; ruler; governor; a rich man; a noble Person.

m.: Leader of the nobles; lord of lords.

اميرالبحر amir-ul-baḥr, n m.:

Admiral; lord of the sea.

amir-ul-mominin, مير المومنين n. m. : Leader of the faithful; a title of the Caliph of Islam.

:. amlr-i-jassh, n. m. امير جيش Commander of the army.

amir-1-q&fla(h),

n. m.: Leader of the caravan.

amīr-i-majlis, n. m.: President of the assembly.

aniri karkkaana(h), n. m. : An establishment where expenditure is lavishly made;
a term used surcestically
also.

- (A) amin, adj. & n. m.;
 (I) Trustworthy; faithful;
 confidential. (2) Arbitrator; inspector; surveyor;
 bailiff; a pettylaw officer.
- Used in negative sense, equivalent to English in- and un-. (2) Food; grain; corn; bread; victuals; nourishment.
 - יט אין anban, n. f.: Disagreement; discord.
 - ان پوه anparh, adj. : Illiter-
 - ignorant; not usually knowing; unacquainted.
 - anjan banna, v. :
 To feign ignorance.
 - ان تهک anthak, adj. : Untiring ; diligent ; laborious
 - Giver; supporter; benefactor; patron; employer; master; lord.
 - ان دیکها andekhā, adj.: Unseen; not known; invisible.

- ان سنى ansunl, adj. : Not heard; inaudible.
- ان کہی ankahl, adj. : A thing unworthy of being told; something bad.
- anginat, adj. : Innumerable : countless.
- ان گهر an-ghap, adj. : Grotesque ; unsuitable ; crude ; vulgar ; raw ; stupid.
- ان کهوت بات angharat bat,
 n. f.: A confused thing;
 an unreasonable thing.
- ان گهر بن anghar pan, n. m.:

 Roughness; crudeness;
 ill-breeding; bad manaers.
- فال مل anmil, adj. : Ill-assorted; unsociable; disjointed; remaining aloof; incongruous.
- anmil be jor, ان مل بسے جوڑ anmil be jor, adj. : Incoherent ; ill-assorted ; discordant ; incongruous.
- ان مول anmol, edj.: Priceless;
 precious; invaluable.
- ان ميل anmel, adj. : Unsociable ; heterogenous ; not

harmonising; unsuitable.

- likely; improbable; impossible; anything extraordinary.
- Ul (A) and, n. f.: Self; ego.
 - انانیت andniyat, n. f. : Self-hood; egoism.
- Ul (T) annā, n. f.: A wet nurse.
- them; this, him (by way of politeness). (s. 4 yeh.)
 - in tiloh tel ان قلوں قبیل نہیں in tiloh tel nahih, prov. : Said of an unsympathetic person ; a profitless venture.
 - in dinoh, } adv. :

 adv. :

 in rozoh,

 These days; now a days:

 at present.
- am the truth" or "I am God", uttered by Mansur Hallaj, who was killed for this blasphemy.
- بنان شنان (H) anāp shanāp, adj.: Meaningless; foolish; nonsense; stupid; indiscriwinate; immoderate.

- ثانا (A) anās, n. f., pl.: Female. (s. انائی unsā.)
- grain; food.
 - anāj kā dushman, n. m. : A lazy person ; an idle fellow; one who does not work but is always ready to eat.
- if (A) anājīl, n. f., pl.: Gospels; the old and the new testaments. (s. انجيل injīl.)
- انار (P) andr, n. m.: Pomegranate; a kind of firework shaped like a pomegranate.
 - il anār dāna(h), n. m. :
 Dried seeds of pomegranate used in sauce.
- (۱) Inept ; unskilled ; clumsy; inexperienced. (2)
 Novice; Idiot; blockhead; bungler.
 - الازى پى anari pan, n. m.: :
- ناسی (H) unnāsī, adj.: Seventy-nine.
- innā liliāh-i-wa innā ilaih-i-rāji'\n, phr. A Quranic

verse meaning "Verily, we are for God and verily unto Him alone we are to return." recited after hearing the death of a person.

creatures; mankind.

انبار (P) ambār, n. m. : Heap; pile; lump; hoard; accumulation; store; stock; barn; stack.

انبساط (A) imbisā į, n. m. : Joy; merriment; delight; mirth; gladness.

(P) amboh, n m.: Crowd; multitude; rabble; large quantity; abundance.

(P) amba(h), n. m.: Mango (fruit and tree).

انبیا (H) ambyā, n. f.: A small unripe mango.

(A) ambiyd. n. m., pl. : Prophets. (s. نبي nabi)

انتالیس (H) unialis, adj. : Thirtypine.

ing; information; advice.

انتخاب (A) intikhāb, n. m. :
Selection; election; choice:
extraction.

intlkhāb karnā, انتخاب كرنا v.: To select; to elect; to extract; to chose; to pick out; to cull.

intikhāb-i-'am, n. m.: General Election.

intikhāb-i-zimnī, انتخاب ضمنی n m. : Bye-election.

انترا (H) antard, n. m. : Any line of a song, excepting the first one, expressed in a raised voice.

ines; entrails; bowels.

Burning of intestines through extreme hunger; extreme hunger.

انتؤیوں کا قل هوالله شروع ما ahıriyon ka qul hu کر دینا wallah shurü' kar dena,

انتويوں كا قل هو الله پوهنا ahiriyon ka qul huwallah parhna,

prov. : To feel extreme hunger.

integration; uprooting; tearing down; disruption; forcible removal.

انتساب (A) intisab, n. m.: Assoclation; connection; relation; dedication; assignment; engagement.

- (A) intishar, n. m.: Dispersion; confusion; scattering; anxiety; alteration; spreading abroad.
 - intishar-i-hawas, انتشار حواس m. m.: Confusion; anxiety; mental disturbance.
- انتظار (A) Intizar, n. m.: Waiting; looking for; expectation; suspense; watchfulness.
 - انتظار دیکهنا، کرنا، کهینجنا intizār dekhnā, karnā, khinchna, v. : To wait; to look out for; to expect.
- (A) intigam, n. m.: Administration; management; regulation; order; method; orgnisation.
 - intizām rakhnā, انتظام رکهنا v.: To maintain order; to keep discipline.
 - intizām karnā, v. : To manage; to administer; to plan; to regulate; to order; to arrange.

- instramiates, n. m. : Executive; administative board or organisation.
- انتفاع (A) intifa', n. m. : Profit; gain; advantage; benefit.
- انتقال (A) intigal, n. m.: Transmission; migration; transfer; alienation; transportation; death; demise; transit; passage.
 - intigāl-i-ārāzī, n. انتقال آراضي . m.: Transfer of land; alienation or mutation of land.
 - intigal ba انتقال به دریائے شور daryāe-i shor, n. Transportation beyond the seas.
 - intigal-i-jaidad, انتقال جائيداد n. m.: Transfer of property.
 - نتقال حق ، حقيت انتقال حق ، حقيت ḥaq, ḥaqqlyat,, n. m. : Transfer of right.
 - intiqal karna, v. : To transfer; to assign; to shift; to transport; to gult this world; to die.

- tntigal nama(h), n. m.: Transfer doed.
- venge ; retaliation ; reprisal ; vengeance-
 - انتقام لينا intigam lend, v. :

 To take revenge; to avenge; to retaliate; to revenge oneself.
 - intigāmi انتقامی کارروالی karrawai, n. f.: Repsisal; act of revenge.
- انتها (A) intiha, n. f.: End; extremity; completion; finish; ntmost limit.
 - intiba kā, adj. : Extreme ; utmost ; consummatc.
 - انتها بسند intiba pasand, adj. :
 Extremist; of leftist trend;
 intransigent.
- أنتيس (H) unils, adj.: Twenty nine.
- ble; a pill of opium.
 - اننا غفيل anta ghafil, adj.:
 Unconscious; in a state
 of coma; intoxicated.
- انث سنت (H) anı sanı, adı. :

- Irrelevant; nonsense; inappropriate.
- ب.: To talk nonsense; to talk in an irrelevant manner.
- (H) anil, m. f.: A reel or frame on which thread is wound; a hank or bundle of thread; the space or junction between two fingers.
 - anți bāz, mār, n. m.: One who steals or pilfers money by slipping it between the fingers.
 - anți mārnā, v. : To steal money by slipping it between two fingers.
 - wind thread on a reel or frame; to pilfer money by slipping it between two fingers
- (A) injäh, n. m. : Achievement of object; success.
- termination; finality; conclusion; result; upshot; completion.

- anjām bā انجام به خور هو نا khair honā, v. : To have a successful end; to have good ending.
- bring to end; to accomplish; to fulfil; to wind up; to carry out.
- enjām-i-kār, adv. :
 Eventually; at the end of
 the business; at last.
- anjām ko
 pahunchānā, v: To do
 a work to the end; to
 complete; to accomplish.
- انجر پنجر (H) anjar panjar, n. m. : Joints; limbs; parts.
 - anjar انجر بنجر دُهيلے هونا anjar panjar dnile hone, v.: To be in loose condition (of imbs); to be tired; to be depressed.
- i (H) unjal, n. m.: The palm hollow formed by joining the two hands.
- hollow formed by joining together the palms of both the hands so as to hold grain, water etc.

- (A) anjum, n. m., pl. :
 Stars. (s. جن najm.)
 - anjum sipāh, n. f.:
 A large army; soldiers
 as numerous as stars.
- المهنا (A) injimad, n. m.: Freezing; condensation; congealing; congulation.
- Assembly; meeting; company; society; institution; party; union; congress; association; club.
- النجن! (H) anjan, n. m.: Antimony; collyrium; lampblack pigment or collyrium applied to eyes to cure pain or weakness of sight.
- (E) anjan, n. m. : Ensine ; a railway locomotive.
 - injiniyar, n. m. : En-
- (P) anjir, n. m. : A fig.
- انجيل (A) injli, n. f. : Bible ; the Gospel; the New Testament.
- انج (E) inch, n. m.: Inch.
- انچاس (H) unchās, adj. : Fortynine.

- unchā'l, n. f.: Height , altitude; elevation.
- magical or mystical word; spell; charm.
- viation; changing; inversion; deflection; opposition; revolt; recantation; disobedience; aberration; rebellion; turning away; violation; (gram.) declension.
 - inhiraf karna, v.:

 To violate; to oppose;

 to rebel; to disobey; to

 deviate (from); to turn

 aside; to abjure.
- pendence; resting on; being surrounded; encircle; seige; reliance; final reference.
 - inhisas karna, v.: To rely; to depend upon; to beseige; to surround; to sent on; to encircle.
- blowi (A) Inhitat, n. m.: Dec-

- line; descent; degradation; deterioration; decrease; sinking.
- Mail (A) inkhila, n. m.: Evecuation; being emptied; vacation.
- grace; gait; method; manner; way; fashion; degree; rough estimate; elegance; style; time; music.
 - ittle like the fashion or style (of others).
 - To get an inking; to get an inking; to get an inking; to get an idea (of).
- - Larna, lagana, v.: To have rough estimate; to judge; to guess; to value.
 - of estimate si, approxi-

mately; about; by way of guess.

- ונוס (P) andām, n. m. : Body; figure; stature; member.
 - اندام نہائی andām-i nihānī, m. m.: Private part.
- in: inside; اندر (P) andar, prep.: In; inside; within; inward. (opp. of bahar, outside.)
 - اندر کرنا andar karnā, v. : To

 put within; to seed to

 jail; to drive in; to bring
 in.
 - اندر هي اندر هي اندر هي اندر andar hi andar, adv.: Quietly; secretly; silently; without noise.
- اللار (H) indar, n. p.: King of the gods, according to Hindu belief; god of rain; Jove of Hindu mythology.
 - indar kā akhāṣā,

 m. m.: (lit.) The Court of
 Indar: a bevy of beautiful girls; a place of
 amusement and pleasure;
 a dancing saloon.
 - indar jel, n. m.: (lit.)
 Indar's net (used to deceive the enemy in war);
 deceit; deception; chesting.

- registration; insertion; record.
- اندرائن (H) indrā'in, n. m. : A
 bitter fruit used as purgative; colocynth.
- اللرسا (H) andarsa, n. m.: A kind of sweetmeat prepared with rice flour, sugar and ghee.
- inside; within; interior.
- اندک (P) andak, adj.: A little; a few; slight.
- اندلس (A) undlus, n. p. : Andolasia, a province of Spain.
- الدمال (A) indimal, n. m.:

 Curing stage of boil; healing of wound; recovery.
- الدوخته (P) andokhta(h), n. m.;

 (lit.) Accumulated (wealth);
 acquisition; acquired

 (wealth); hoarded or saved

 (wealth); savings.
- anxiety; sorrow; grief; trouble.
 - i andoh rubā, adj.:
 The thing that takes
 away anxiety, grief or
 sorrow.

- i andohgia, adj. :
 Full of sorrow; mournful; sad.
- اندو هناک andohnak, adj. :
 Tragic; sorrowful; grie-
- (H) andha, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Blind; stone-blind;

 undiscerning; dark; obecure. (2) A blind man.
 - اندها اندها جلنا andha andha jalna, v.: To give faint light
 - اندها بانٹے ربوزیاں هر بھر بھر اندها ابنوں هی کو دے andha banie reoriyas hir phir apnon hi ko de, prov.:

 Favouring one's own kith and kin or friends;
 nepotism
 - endha darbar, n. m.: A corrupt court; corrupt administration.
 - Blinding; indiscriminate; excessive; voilout; extravagant.
 - اللها دهند لثانا andha dhund اللها دهند لثانا البهاد اللها دهند لثانا البهاد اللهاد ا

- diture; to squander.
- reja chaupai nagri, prev.:
 A stupid and cruel king
 of an ill-governed country; an undiscerning
 king.
- andha karna, v. :
 To blind; to befool;
 to throw dust in one's
 eyes; to defraud; to
 dupe.
- n. m.: A dark and deep well, choked with rubbish.
- andha kya chahe do akkheh, prov.: An extremely needy man wants his
 desires fulfilled; desired
 good luck; a wished for
 windfall.
- men kānā rājā, prov. :
 A. slightly intelligent man
 among fools easily becomes their leader.
- andhi sarkar, n f.: A corrupt govern-

- endhi gali, n. f. :

 A blind alley.
- andhe ki lāthi, m.f.: Support of a poor man in old age; a surviving son after several issues have died; an unpredictable act.
- اندهے کے آکے رویے اپنی معلولے andhe ke age roe apni ankhan khoe, prov. : To give a good advice to a stupid person is useless.
- strong dust storm; a strong wind moving with great speed.
- الدهبر (H) andher, n. m. : (1)

 Darkness. (2) Injustice;

 maladministration; oppression; disorder; tyranny;

 tumult; outrage.
 - andher dhana, karna, machana, v. : To bring about maladministration; to oppress; to indulge in misrule; to practise injustice; tyrannize.
 - andher khaia, n. اندهير كهاتا

- m.: Wrong accounts; unsystematic accounting; dishonesty in keeping accounts.
- andher nagari, اندهیر نگری andher nagari, n. f.: An ill-governed city or country.
- الدهبرا (H) andherd, n. m.:

 Darkness; gloom; despair;

 obscurity; dimness; shade;

 mist; confusion; anarchy.
 - اندهیرا چهانا andherā chhānā,
 v.: To become extremely
 dark; to be clouded;
 to be dusky; to become
 pitch dark.
 - الدهيراكرنا andherā karnā,
 v.: To darken; to obscure; to put out (light);
 to dim.
 - i. m.: Very dark; pitch dark.
- اندهبری (H) andherl, adj. & n.
 f.: (1) Dark. (2) Darkness;
 blinkers.
 - kojhri, n. f. : A dark room ; a prison cell ; black hole.

اندھبرے آجالے

اندهبرے أجالے a a d h e r e ujāle, adv. : At no fixed time; at any hour of the day.

adv.: Early in the morning: at dawn.

Thought; consideration; reflection; meditation; anxiety; concern; doubt; misgiving; fear; danger; dread.

ندیشه کرنا andesha h) karna,

v.: To reflect; to fear;

to be apprehensive (of);

to feel concerned.

اندیشه ناک andesha h) nak, adj.: Fearful; dreadful; sad; thoughtful.

اندًا (H) andā n. m. : Egg.

الدَّا دينا andā denā, v. : To lay an egg.

Breaking of egg from inside by a nearly born chick.

andā ganda(h) انڈا گندہ هونا honā, v. : To become rotten (egg); to grow

addle (egg).

انڈوں پر هونا andok par hone,
v.: To hatch; to lay eggs;
to be on the point of laying eggs.

ande bachche, n. m., pl: (lit.) Eggs (and) chicks; (sl.) Wife and children; family; little ones.

اللبس حينًا ande send, v.: To sit on eggs (hen etc.); to hatch.

الذے سبویں بی فاخته کوے معطود عبودے کہائیں معطود sewen bl fakhta(h) kauwe mewe khden, prov.: Immoral use of the labours of others; exploitation; thriving on the work or labour of others.

(E) indiks, n. m.: Index.

انڈوا (H) indwa, n. m. : A coil.

انڈونیسیا (E) indonisia, n. p. : Indonesia.

انڈیلنا (H) undelnd, r.: To pour out; to empty; to discharge.

rotten (egg); to grow الزال (A) insal, n. m.: Causing

- to descend; discharge; emission; seminal effusion.
- (A) uns, n. m. : Love ; friendship ; attachment ; affection ; fellowship.
- (A) ins, n. m. : Mankind.
- انان (A) insān, n. m. : Man ; human being.
 - insan banana, v. :
 To civilise ; to teach
 good manners ; to educate.
 - insan انسان مبی کچه نیبی insan men kuchh nahln, prov.:

 Life is uncertain; man may die any time.
 - insan hi to انسان هي تو هيس hain, id. : To err is human; man is fallible.
 - انسان خطا کا پتلا نه insan khajā kā putlā hae, id. : To ett is human.
 - insan doss, adj. : Philanthropic.
 - insän shinäsi, n. f.: Humanism.
 - insaniyat, n. f.: Humanity; urbanity; good manners; sympathy; gentleness; kindness.

- insāniyāt, n. m. Anthropology.
- suitable; very proper; quite agreeable.
- السيكثر (E) inspictar, n. m.: Inspector; supervisor; investigator.
- السلم (H) unsath, adj. : Fifty-
- vention; stoppage; suppression; bar; check; hind-rance.
- composing; diction; the belles-lettres; elegance of style.
 - insha pardazi, n. f.: Writing; casey writing; letter writing; composition.
 - inshā pardāz, n. m.: Essayist; writer.
 - اشا ئيه inshalya(h), n. m. : Essay; a clear sentence free from errors.
- انتاء الله (A) inshitalith,
 انتاء الله تعالى (A) inshita'
 alith m'ala,

- phr.: If God wills; God willing; perhaps.
- (A) inshirāḥ, n. m. :
 Opening; widening; getting better; clearing up;
 explanation.
- (A) anṣār, n. m., pl. :
 Fleipers; aiders; those who
 helped the Prophet of Islam
 after his migration to Medina. (s. الصار nāṣir.)
 - connected with ansar or descendants of ansar.
- انصاف (A) insaf, n. m.: Justice; fairplay; equity; impartiality.
 - انصاف کا خون کرنا انصاف کا خون کرنا khun karna, v.: To do injustice; to set aside principles of equity and fairplay.
 - insaf karna, v. :
 To do justice; to settle a
 dispute on just lines.
- (A) insirām, n. m. :

 Conclusion ; accomplishment; end; completion;
 termination; performance;
 management; administration.

- انضباط (A) inzibāf, n. m.: Restraint; regulation; control; orderliness; discipline.
- (A) inzimām, n. m. :
 Amaigamation ; welding
 together; joining together.
- ing; incision; being stamped; impressed.
- (A) intibaq, n. m. : Application; coincidence.
- prize; present; tip; larges; favour; grant; gift; gratuity.
 - in'am dena, v. : To reward; to give or award a prize.
 - in'am-o-ikram, in'am-o-ikram, n. m.: Awards; presents; gifts and honours; favours and rewards.
- النهاد (A) in'igād, n. m.: Taking place; holding; celebration; binding; fixing.
- انعکاس (A) in ikas, n. m. : Reflection; reverberation; repercussion; inversion.
- افار (A) anfar, n. m., pl.: People ; soldiess ; common

people. (s. نفر nafar.)

انهاس (A) anfās, n. m., pl. :
Breathings; voices; words;
breaths. (s. نفس nafas.)

انفراد (A) infirād, n. m.: Being lonely; existing separately.

infirādi, adj. : Individual; separate; lonely.

(A) anfas, n. f.: Mind;
spirit; man; person; animate object; soul.

anfas-o-āfāq, n. m.: Inner and outer world; animate and inanimate objects; man and the world.

القصال (A) infiṣāl, n. m. : Separation ; division ; settlement ; decision ; adjustment.

causing shame; modesty; confession; shameful reaction of an act.

Breaking away; being cut or separated; dislocation.

infikāk-1-rahn, n. m.: Redemption of a mortgage or pledge; re-

lease from a mortgage.

القلو ثنزا (E) influi'nzā, n. m. : Influenza.

(A) inqibāz, n. m.: Contraction; construction; construction.

divided; division; partition; distribution.

اقضا (A) inqizā', n. m.: Expiration; being ended; lapse (of a period); termination; completion.

inqizā'-i-mi'ād, انقضائے مبعاد n. m.: Lapse of a given period; expiry of due date.

ration; being cut off, discontinued, severed; cessation; failure; extinction.

volution; change; alteration; turn; inversion; subversion; vicissitude.

inqilāb-i-āsmāh, انقلاب آسمان inqilāb-i-dahr, انقلاب دهر inqilāb-i-dahr, انقلاب زمانه inqilāb-i-zamānah, انقلاب زمانه n. m.: Revolution in the social and political life.

inqilab-i-nau'i, n.

m.: Alteration in the species; mutation.

- ingilābi, n. m.: Revolutionary; one who wants to upturn the present set of events.
- انقیاد (A) inqiyād, n. m. : Obedience; submission; subjection; docility.
- (A) inkar, n. m.: Refusal; rejection; negation; dis-avowal; denial; disclaimer.
 - inkār karnā, v. : To refuse; to deny; to reject; to disallow; to disclaim; to object.
- broken; humility; spirit-lessness.
- انکشاف (A) inkishaf, n. m.:

 Being opened; being disclosed; exposure; detection.
- (H) ankhuwā, n. m.: Shoot of plant. (Used with phūinā, to sprout.)
- انگ (H) ang, n. m.: Body; limb; joint.
- (H) anga, n. m. : A long coat or tunic worn by men.

- (H) angār, n. m.: Live (H) angārā, coal; fire; burning piece of coal; cinder; burning matter.
 - loina, v.: To be restless; to burn with rage, envy or jealousy.
 - angāre barasnā, انگارے برسنا : To be excessively hot (weather).
 - angare انگارے کی طرح دھکنا angare ki tarah dahaknā, id.:

 To have a very high fever.
 - انگبیی (P) angabin, n. m. : Ho-ney.
 - (H) akgarkhā, n. m.: A long coat er tunic of a special cut worn by men.
 - (P) angrez, n. m. : An Englishman.
 - (H) angra'l, n. f. :
 Twisting or stretching the
 limbs; yawning.
 - انگوائی لینا angrā'i lenā, v. :
 To stretch the limbs; to
 yawn; to shake off drowsiness.

n. m.: Household goods; bag and baggage; miscellaneous articles of house, lying scattered.

تكشت (P) angusht, n. f.: Finger.

angushtāna(h), n. m.: A thimble.

ba dandah hona, v. : To wonder; to become surprised.

angushtarl, n. f.: A ring worn on the finger.

dat, n. f.: The forefinger of the right hand
(to show profession of
faith or as testimony).

الكشت نما angushi numā, adj.:

(lit.) Pointed out by the finger; held in contempt; jeered at; notorious.

انگشت نما کر ا angusht numā karnā, انگشت نمانی کر ا angusht numā'i karnā, عند : To reproach; to criticiso; to ridicule.

(H) angul, n. m.: Finger;

thumb; measure of finger's length or breadth.

نظی (H) ungll, n. f.: Finger.

ungliyan uihana, v.: To point a finger at; to point a defect; to criticise; to look down upon; to point to a person as an undesirable fellow.

ungli uthna, v. :
To become notorious.

ungli pakṛānā, الكلى بكوانا الكلى بكوانا الكلى بكوا كي چلانا الكلى بكوا كي جلانا الكلى بكوا كي جلانا الكلى بكوانا الكلى

pakarte pahuhchā pakarnā, prov.: To seek great
advantage after having
secured a small one; to
try to obtain greater
aupport after having got
a little one.

ungli pakarna, v. :
To take support; to get
aid.

ungli ungli dharnā, rakhnā, v. : To find fault; to criticise; to

point out.

ii انگلی هیں لہو لگا کے شہیدوں ukgli meh lahu agā ke. shahidoh meh dākhil hanā, prov. : To claim major share in a work after having secured a small part of it; to claim merit for the entire work after having done very little to secure it.

liyan danton men dabana, id.: To be surprised; to have apprehension; to feel sorry.

kānoh meh denā, v. & id.:
To disclaim a thing; to
try not to hear something.

ungliyon par nachand, v.: To trifle with; to make fool of; to have complete control over somebody; to make fun of.

انگلستان (P) inglistän, n. p. : England.

(H) angnal, n. f.: Inner

courtyard.

(H) angū!hā, n. m. :
Thumb: the great toe.

الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها دكها الكونها الكون

Ring; finger-ring or toe-ring.

granulation in a healing sore; scab of a sore.

angur khatte انگور کھٹے هیں angur khatte hain, prov.: The grapes are sour. (Said of an upattainable object.)

انگیا (H) angiyā, n. f.: Bodice; stays; under-jacket worn by women.

brazier; a small fron receptable for live coal; a vessel for holding fire; stove.

الناس (H) anannās, n. m. :
Ananas ; pine-apple.

انواع (A) anwā', n. m., pl. :
Species; kinds; varieties;
sorts. (3. نوع nau'.)

- انور (A) anwar, adj. : Very bright; well illuminated; resplendent.
- (H) a n.o k h ā, adj.:

 Strange; unique; singular;
 rare; novel; queer; unusual; new; curious; extraordinary.
- انهار (A) anhār, n. f., pl.: Cannals; rivulets; streams. (s. nahr.)
- (H) with, and f.: An expression of distaste, of disagreement, of indifference.
- انپتر (H) unhattar, adj. : Sixtynine.
- וֹאֶצּוֹס (A) inhidām, n. m.: Demolition; destruction; being thrown down.
- (A) inhimāk, n. m. :
 Absorption; occupation;
 busy-ness; concentration;
 ardour.
- بانی (H) anl, n. f.: Sharp point;
 point of spear, lance
 or javelin; sharp end of arrow.

- انی کا هاته انی کا هاته ani kā hāth, انی کی چوٹ ani ki choṭ, انی کی ضرب ani ki zarb, id.: A strike in front; wound caused by a front-al attack.
- انيس (H) unnis, adj.: Nineteen.
 - unnis bis, adv.: Slightly different in quality or quantity.
- ider; supporter; friend; companion.
- 9! (H) o, inij.: A term for calling persons of inferior rank.
- (A) awamir, n. m., pl.:
 Orders; injunctions;
 commandments; religious
 obligations. (s. اسر amr.)
 - a wā in ir -o nawāhī, n. m., pl.: Injunctions and prohibitions. (ع. امر و نهى amro-nahī.)
- اوائل (A) awāi'l, n. m., pl.:

 Beginnings; first part;
 early portion or period;
 the first ten days of a lunar.

month. (s. اول awwal.)

- awāi'l-i-'umr, n. m.:
 Early youth ; tender
 age; childhood.
- (A) awākhir, n. m., pl.: Last portion or period. (s. آخر ākhir.)
- (A) aubāsh, n. m. :

 A bad character; a dissolute fellow; a libertine; a mixed company or crowd of people (especially of the meanest sort); mob.
- (H) opchl, n. m. : A man armed with weapons.
- (H) <u>upar</u>, adv.: Up; on high; aloft; atop; over; on; upon; after; against; upward.
 - up; to rise; to come or fall upon; to befall.
 - او پر Over; by; without effect; superficially; cursorily; hastily; secretly; quietly.
 - adv. : Superficially; gently; showingly; externally.

- upar tale, adv.: One over the other; upon or after another in succession.
- او پر قلے کے بجے bachche, n. m.: (Two) children in succession; (two) children born, one after the other, in due course.
- above; externally; superficially; in addition.
- upar kā, adj.: Outer; external; from the heavens; upper.
- اوچر کا دم بهرنا inpar ka dam bharna, v.: To show affection superficially; to feign regard.
- m.: Miscellaneous duties; odd jobs or service.
- upar kl amadni, n. f.: Illegal income; bribe; unauthorised emoluments, gifts or

او پر والا

presents.

- ipar wald, n. m.:

 (W) Supreme being; God

 Almighty; the sky above;

 the moon above; canopy

 of clouds.
- upar wale, n. m.:

 Higher officers; superiors;

 the dwellers in upper
 storey (of a house); servants; personal attendants; strangers; retinue.
- ipar wāliyāh, n. f.: (W) Female servants;
 nurses; spirits above;
 fairies; evil spirits.
- ipar hi upar, adv.: Quietly; secretly; externally; without ado: alone; apart; on the surface.
- i wpari, adj.: Upper; exterior; not sincere; superficial; stranger; not known.
- uparl dil se, adv. : Half-heartedly; not sincerely; unwillingly.
- اوقاد (A) autād, n. m., pl. :
 Pegs; pins; props; saints;
 chiefs; nobles. (s. وتد

watad.)

- (H) autār, n. m.: Incornation of Hindu god Vishnu; a pious or distinguished person.
- veil; screen; shelter; protection; concealment; hiding place; ambush; a wooden screen.
 - o! karnā, v. : To screen; to provide shelter; to take into hiding.
- اوط بنانگ (H) اوط بنانگ Meaningless; senseless; absurd; ridiculous; confused; disjointed.
- cotton from its seeds on a wheel.
- point; summit; vertex; height; highest position; rank; dignity; progress.
 - l auj-i falak, n. m.: The zenith.
 - auj ko pahuhchnā, v.: To reach a high
 position; to be very
 prosperous.
- (H) ojh, n. m. : Entrails; guts; stomach.

- (H) ojha, n. m. : Exorcist; sooth sayer; one who pretends to drive out evil spirits (practised among Hindus).
- (H) ojharl, n. f. : Entrails of animals.
- وجهل (H) ojhal, n. f. & adj. : (1) Screen; cover; curtain; partition; privacy. (2) Invisible; out of sight; hidden; concealed.
 - i ojhal hona, v. : To become invisible; to disappear; to vanish.
- (H) ochha, adj.: Empty; void; short; shallow; small; absurd; ridiculous; silly; low; mean; contemptible; abandoned; disgraceful; degrading.
 - : .ochha pan, n. m اوچها ين Absurdity; nonsense; lowness; worthlessnes.
 - ochhā wār, n.m. : اوچها وار stroke.
- (H) ad bilau, n. m. : Otter.

(H) uda, adj.: Purple.

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- (H) awadh, m. m.: The territory of Oudh in U. P. (India).
- (H) aur, conj., adv. & adj. : (1) And; elso; likewise; but; yet; however; further; still. (2) For the rest. (3) Different; other; not the same ; greater ; more.
 - aur to aur, id. : Others apart; others being put aside.
 - aur sab, id.: All the أور سب others; the rest.
 - aur suno, inij. : One word; just hear; how strange; how ridiculous; here is something for you.
 - aur kol, pron. : Somebody else; anyone else; any other; different.
 - aur kuchh, adj. : Anything clse.
 - aur kahlh, adv. : Somewhere else.
 - aur kyā, اور کیا else? what more? what

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Anjuman laraggi Urdu (Hlud)

next? certainly; assuredly.

- (H) or, n. m.: End; direction; origin; part; extremity; limit.
 - or chhor, n. m.: Beginning or end; origin.
- Daily recitation from the Holy Quran or some other sacred piece (in addition to obligatory prayers); devotional exercises. (s. 2)9 wird.)
- اوراق (A) aurāq, n. m., pl.:

 Leaves (of a book ar tree).

 (s. ورق waraq.)
- (P) aurang, n. m.: Throne.
- اورنگ زیب aurang zeh, n. p.:

 Name of a Moghul
 Emperor of India (also called Alamgir) (d. 1707
 A. D.)
 - aurang zebi, n. m.: A kind of cloth.
 - zebi phorā, n. m.: Oriental sore (also called Lahore or Baghdad sore).

- اوڑھ لینا (H) orh lend, v.: To submit; to bear; to take upon oneself.
- او زهنا (H) orhnā, v.: To cover with; to put on.
 - او رُهنا بچهان orhnā bichhānā,

 v.: (lit.) To cover (and)

 spread; to make excessive

 use of a thing.
 - او رهنا بجهونا orhnā bichhaunā, n. m.: (lit.) Covering (and) bedding; articles of daily use; main prop.
 - اوڑھنی (H) orhni, n. f. : A small sheet used by women to cover the head.
 - orhni badalnā, اوڑھنی بدلنا (W) (lit.) To exchange mantles; to form friendship.
 - (A) auzār, n. m. : Tool ; instrument; apparatus.
 - (A) auzān, n. m., pl. : Weights; measures; metres. (s. فرن wazn.)
 - اوس (H) os, n. f.: Dew; dew drop.
 - اوس پوانا ، پو جانا os parna,

 par jana, v.: To fall

 (dow); to drop down; to

 fade; to fall in value;

to despair; to lose hope.

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- sence of mind; coolness; self-possession; courage; senses.
 - ausan thikane hona, durust rahna, v.: To have self-possession; to be in senses; to be composed; to have coolness.

ausan jana, اوسان جانا

اوسان خطا هو جانا ausān khaṭā ho jānā. >

ausān kho اوسان کھو جانا jana,

v.: To lose one's senses; to be nervously disturbed; to lose self-possession.

- (P) awistd, n. p. : Sacred book of the Parsis.
- اوسر (H) usar, n. f. & adj.: (1) Barren land; saline soil; a barren spot. (2) Barren.
- اوسط (A) ausat, adj.: Average; intermediate; medium, mean.
- (A) auşāf, n. m., pl. : Qualities; gifts; endow-

- ments; attributes, descriptions; properties. (s. وصف wasf.)
- (A) auzā', n. m., pl. :

 Manners; behaviour; address; breeding; politeness;
 gestures. (s. وضع waza'.)
- (A) auqāt, n. m., pl.:

 Times; hours; circumstances; conditions; livelihood; status; position; means. (s. waqt.)
 - auqāt basar karnā, v.: To live (on); to subsist (on); to pass one's days; to earn a livelihood.
 - auqāi zāi' اوقات ضائع كرنا karnā, ۲. : To waste time.
 - (A.) auqāf, n. m., pl. :
 Trusts; charitable endowments. (s. وتن waqf.)
 - auqaf-o-i'rab, اوقاف و اعراب n.m.: Punctuation.
 - (H) ok, n. m.: Hollow of hand.
 - (H) okhli, n. f.: A mortar for pounding grain.

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او کہلی میں سر دیا تو دھمکوں کیا ڈر okhil men sar diya to dhamkon se kya dar, prov.: To face solf-invited danger with courage.

okhli او کهلی میں سر دینا okhli meh sar dena, id.: To invite danger; to face self-invited peril; to put oneself in danger.

(1) First; prior; foremost; best; excellent. (2) At first; in the beginning; the first place.

اول خویش بعده درویش awwal khesh b'adahu darwesh, prov.: Charity begins at home.

awwal se اول سے آخر تک akhir tak, adv.: From first to last; from A to Z; from beginning to the end.

اول منزل awwal manzil, n. f.: The first stage after death; grave.

اولا (H) olā, n. m.: Hailstone;

اولا هد جانا olā ho jānā, v.

To become icy cold.

ole parna, v.: To hail; to be overtaken by misfortune.

اولاد (A) aulād, n. f., pl. :
Children; descendants;
progeny; offsprings. (s. ماه walad.)

aulād-i-narīna(h), إ aulād-i-zakūr, اولاد ذكور n. m. : Male children.

e .thatched house for the fall of rain water.

اول فول بكنا (H) aul faul baknd, v.: To use abusive
language; to talk confusedly; to talk in an undignified manner; to talk in-temprately.

اول جلول (H) ﷺ jalal, adj. :

Sloven; stupid; uncertain

of mind; hare brained;

awkward; clumsy.

m.: Possessors of sight; men who have vision; men of discerning and judgement.

ادلوالالباب (A) ulul-al-bab, n.

- m.: Men of intellect, of high intelligence.
- (A) ulul amr. n. m.:

 Men who command; persons who matter.
- (A) ulul-'azm, adj.: Couragous; ambitious (in good sense); high-minded.
- (A) auld, adj.: Most suitable; very proper.
- اولیا) (A) auliyā. n. m., pl. : Saints; holy men. (s. ولی wall.)
- اون (H) In, n. m. : Wool ; shaggy hair of sheep.
- (H) Whi, n. m.: Camel.
 - اونى جب بہاڑ كے نبچے آقا ع تب اپنے آپ كو سمجهنا هـ تأب jab pahär ke niche åtā hae tab apne āp ko samajhtā hae, prov.: One's worth is known (only) in competition with a person of higher capability.
 - اونت دیکھئے کس کل بیٹھے تغیر dekhi'e kis kal baithe, prov.: The matter is uncertain; nobody knows what turn the affair will take.

- اونٹ رے اونٹ تبری کون سی تبری کون سی تبری کون سی تبری کون سی تبر re shi terl kaun sl kal sldhi, prov. : (lit.)

 O thou camel, hast thou one straight bone in thy body. (Said to one who has no good in him.)
- nuth met zira(h), prov. :
 Said of a thing much less
 in quantity than desired
 (for eating); too little of
 a thing (to eat).
- اونتانا (H) auhiana, v. : To boil.
- اونچا (H) ūnchā, adj.: High; tall; elevated; exalted; eminent; loud; upper.
 - ופ לקבו ול פיל whehā Arnā, v.: To sour high: to take a high position.
 - le نجما بول بولنا a h c h a bol bolnā, v.: To speak with pride; to talk in a loud voice.
 - unchā sunāl أو لجا سنائي دينا denā, v.: To be hard of hearing.
 - unchā sunnā, v. :
 To be deaf; to hear only loud voice.
 - عرنا Ancha karna. v. :

اونچى دوكان

To raise high; to elevate.

ت اونچی دو کان ūnchi dukān, n. f.: A big and renowned shop.

اونجى دوكان بهيكا بكوان Whehl dakan phika pakwan, prov.: A person or thing of fame found wanting when weighed.

اُونْج نيج (H) unch nich, n. f.:
Ups and downs; unevenness; roughness.

اونج نیج بنان، سمجهان nich batana, samjhana, v.:
To explain pros and cons; to throw light on good and bad sides of a problem.

(1) With the face down; upside down; inverted; topsy-turvy; ruined; adverse (fortune). (2) Blockhead; fool; a stupid fellow.

اوندهانا auhdhānā, v.: To turn upside down; to subvert; to make topsyturvy.

اوندهی سمجه 'عقل 'کهوپوی auhdhi samajh, 'aql, khopfi, n. f.: Stupidity; foolishness; inverted understanding; bad reasoning.

dropping of head as if to sleep; drooping of the eyelids; drowsiness; sleepiness.

sleepy; to be drowsy; to doze.

(H) aune paune, id.:

Sale without regard for profit or loss; a thing of less value.

intj.: No

(H) uhh,

matter; don't worry; never

mind; pooh!

(A) auhām, n. m., pl. : Whims; fears; superstitions; apprehensions. (s. wahm).

son and out of season; at all hours; late in the evening or early in the morning.

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People of a house or village or city; inhabitants; persons; individuals; followers; dependents. (s. ماما)

ahālī mawāli, n. m. : People at large;
poor and rich; courtiers;
retainers; followers;
dependents; servants;
retinue.

tempt; insult; slander; slight; scorn.

اهتزاز (A) ihtizāz, n. m.: Exultation; joy; vibrating; rejoicing; blowing of wind.

Care; anxiety; diligence; management; charge; inspection; administration.

ihtimām karnā, v.: To be careful; to attend carefully; to control; to manage.

(A) ihrām-i-miṣrī,

n. m.: The pyramids in Egypt.

اهرەن (P) ahriman, n. m.: God of evil; devil; Satan; the principle of evil opposed to that of the good.

(A) ahl, n. m. & adj. : (1)

Person; individual; one
of a family, race. profession,
community or place. (2)

Fit; apt; capable; worthy;
endowed with.

ahl-i-bait, n. m.:

Members of the family of

Prophet Mohammad.

اهل تسنن ahl-i-tasannun, اهل تسنن و جماعت و جماعت ahl-i-sunnat wa jamā'at,

n. m.: The orthodox sect of Islam.

ahl-i-tashaiyo', n. m.: The Shia sect of Islam; the Shiites.

ahl-i-hadls, n. m.:
The followers of the
Traditions of the Prophet
of Islam in addition to
following the Holy
Quran.

ahl-i-ḥirfa(h), n. m.:
Artisans.

- اهل دل ahl-t-dil, n. m.:

 Brave persons; spirited, liberal, generous men; spiritualists.
- ahl-i-dawal, n. m.: Rich men; Men of the State.
- اهل ذكر ahl-i-zikr, n. m.:

 Plous men who recite the
 99 names of God; holy
 men.
- ahl-i-zabān, n. m. :
 One well-versed in one's
 mother tongue; people
 who speak standard language.
- ahl-i-sukhan, n. m.:
 Poets; orators; those
 who speak eloquently.
- ahl-i-ṣয়rat, اهل صورت ahl-i-ṣয়rat, اهل ظاهر aḥl-রāhir,

 m.: Formalists; those who follow the outward aspect of things; one who believes in "gestalt"
- ahl-i-tariqat, n. m.: Mystics; those who believe in the esoteric way of finding the reality.
- ahl-i-gharax, n.m.: Interested persons; self-

scekers.

- ahl-t-firang, n. m. :
 The Europeans.
- ahl-i-fikr, n. m. :
 Thinkers; philosophers.
- ahl-i-fan, n. m. : Artists; craftsmen.
- اهل کار ahl-i-kār, n. m.: Clerk; assistant; public servant; employee.
- اهل کتاب ahl-i-kitāb, n. m.:

 Those who believe in a revealed book in matters of religion, i. e., Muslims, Christians and Jews.
- ahl-i-mad, n. m.: Person incharge of a department or branch.
- ahl-i-m'arifat, m. m.: Mystics; gnostics; spiritualists.
- Those who believe in content of a thing rather than its form; a believer in meaning more than in words.
- ahl-i-nagar, n. m.: Those who discern; men of judgement.

- اهل و عيال ahl-o-'ayal, n.m.: Wife and children.
- ו (A) ahlan-wa-sahlan, intj.: Welcome.
- ness; capability; ability; skill; worthiness.
- (A) ahliya(h), n. f.: Wife; mistress of the house.
- اهلے گہلے (H) ahle gahle, adj.:
 (W) Light-hearted; cheerful; buoyant.
 - ahle gahle lable phirnd, v.: To move with buoyant steps or jaunty air; to swagger.
- portant; pressing; significant; momentous.
- gence; indolence; delay; inattention; carelessness.
 - violence; harmlessness.
 - Leaders; authorities in religious matters; men of great learning. (s. imām.)

- (P) ai, intf.: A vocative participle; just listen; what do you think?
 - al kāsh, intj.: Would to God; O, how I wish!
- ایاز (P) ayāz, n. m.: Name of the favourite servant of Sultan Mahmud of Ghaznah.
- زيان (T) ayāgh, n. m.: A wine cup.
- ايال (H) ayāl, n. m. : Mane.
- إيام (A) aiyūm, n. m., pl.: Days; time; weather; duration; period. (s. يوم yaum).
 - n. m.: Monthly course; menstrual period.
- ایثار (A) Isar, n. m.: Sacrifice;
- ایچاب (A) آزاق, n. m. : Rendering necessary; assent; proposal; offer; the first proposal in Muslim law made
 by a party in negotiating a
 bargain.
 - ijab-o-qabal, n. m.: Offer and acceptance in a contract of marriage.

production.

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ابجاد کرنا invent; to produce; to design; to discover.

ایجاز (A) Ijāz, n. m.: Abridgement; shortening; curtailing; epitomising.

ايجنى (E) ejint, n. m. : Agent.

Twist; fraud; deceit; entanglement.

ایڈوکیٹ (E) aidokei, n. m. :

ایڈیٹر (E) idliar, n. m.: Editor.

pain; hurt; injury; distress; vexation; harm.

ایدا پہنجانا 12ª pahunchana, v.: To harm; to torture; to injure; to annoy; to vex.

(H) erā pherl, ایرا بهیری

n.f.: Frequent changing of one thing for another; coming to and going from the house over and over again; exchange; barter;

combination; collusion; sale of goods and return,

ghairā natthu khairā, id.:
Tom, Dick and Harry;
a man of inferior status;
a stranger; any unknown
person.

ghaire pachkalyan, n.m.:

(ها.) Strange persons;

unknown people; a group

of people of mixed nature.

19.1 (H) er, n. f. : Spur.

a horse; to strike a horse with the heel; to apply the spur.

ايوى (H) eri, n. f.: The heel.

choil ka zor lagana,

v.: To do one's utmost;

to strain every nerve; to

make an all-out effort.

erya ایویاں رکو کے مرجانا erya s ragar ke mar jana, v.: To die in a helpless condition; to die in distress.

ואַ אַטער פֿעט eryāk ragarnā, v.:
To be in distress; to be

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in straitened circumstances; to make frantic effort or search.

- ડ્યું! (P) ezid, n. m.: God.
- ايراد (P) Izad, n. m.: Increase; addition; augmentation.
 - ايزاد كرنا Izād karnā, v.: To increase; to add.
- Like this; of this sort; of this kind; matching; resembling. (2) As if; as though; in such a manner; after this sort.
 - and such; so and so.

 (Spoken in rage or dejection to degrade somebody.)
 - Such an one; a nondescript; disreputable person; an insignificant, undesirable person.
 - ایسی قیسی aisi taisi, adv. : A polite form of abuse, disgrace.
 - ایسے گئے جیسے گلاھے کے سر

 aise gae faise gadhe

 ke sar se sing, prov.: Disappeared without any

 traces; vanished.

- alse men, adv.: In the meantime; in these circumstances; while; now.
- ايشور (H) Ishwar, n. m. : The name of God among Hindus; Supreme Being.
- to arrive; conduction of something; despatch; sending.
 - isal i sawab, n. m.: Prayers for the beneficence of the soul of the dead.
- Las (A) aizan, adv. : Agein ; as above ; as before; the same; ditto.
- the same thyme in poetry.
 - الطائے جلی ایمائے جلی الطائے جلی Where the repetition of rhyme is prominent and clear.
 - الطائے علی ایطائے علی الطائے علی الطائے علی Where the repetition of rhyme is faint, weak and not clear.
- agreement or engagement; payment; discharge; keeping faith; satisfaction.

- ایفا کرنا Ifa karna, v. : To discharge; to fulfil; to pay.
- (A) Iqan, n. m.: Certitude; conviction; full faith; being certain of a thing to be true.
- only one; single; sole; cach one; the one of its kind; unique; excellent; pre-eminent.
 - ایک ایک ایک ek ek, adj.: Everyone; each one; one and all.
 - ek ek kar ke, ایک کر کے ek ek kar ke, adv.: One by one.
 - ek adh, adj. : Some;
 just a few; a part.
 - ایک آن میں ek an men, } ایک آن میں ek pal men, } adv.: In a moment; in the twinkling of an cyc; readily.

 - ایک آنکه سب کو دیکهنا دلا

- ankh sab ko dekhna, id.:
 To judge (people) impartially; to treat (people) equally.
- ایک آنه نهیں بهانا ek ankh nahin bhūtā, id.: An undesireable person or thing; a contemptible fellow.
- ek anār ایک انار سو بیمار ek anār sau bīmār, id. : Said of thing where demand is greater than supply.
- ek ek kā muhh taknā, dekhnā, id.: To seek support or help from people while in a helpless condition.
- ایک ایک گهڑی بهاری ' بہاڑ ek ek gharl bharl, pahar hona, id. : Time passes with great difficulty; every moment is heavy.
- ایک بات ek bāt, n. f. : An easy matter; a firm idea; one and the same thing; fixed price.
- ek bar, adv. : Once; once upon a time; all at once; at one time; at the same time.

- ایک بارگی ek bargi, adv.:
 Suddenly; instantly; at once.
- ek pani ایک پانی کی کسر ها ek pani ki kasar hae, id.: More irrigation is required either by rain or well water (to complete the ripening of crop).
- ek pāoh ایک پاؤں سے کھڑا رھنا ek pāoh se kharā rahnā, id.: To be extremely obedient; to carry out orders meticulously.
- ek ایک باؤں رکاب میں رهنا ek pāon rikāb meh rahnā, id.:
 To be ready for travelling;
 to be prepared for a move.
- إيك در بينه رهنا ek par bai
 ih rahnā, id.: (W) To

 be content with one beloved; to be a faithful

 wife.
- ek panth do ایک پنته دو گاج ek panth do kāj, id.: To kill two birds with one stone.
- ek pei ke, adr. : (lit.) Of one belly; from the same mother; real

sisters and brothers.

- ایک تنکے کا بھی احسان بھاری ek tinke kā bhi iḥsān bhārl hotā hae, id.: Even a slight obligation is unwelcome.
- ایک تنکے کا سہارا بھی بہت ek tinke kā sahārā bhī bahut hotā hai, id.:

 Even a slight support (in times of distress) is much.
- ایک تو چوری اس پر سینه ek to chort us par sina(h) zorl, prov. : Spoken of a culprit who dares to defy law.
- ek tol, adj.: Equal; of equal weight.
- ek ایک تهبلی کے چئے بیٹے بیٹے ek thaili ke chatte batte,:

 prov.: Chips of the same block; birds of a feather;

 people of similar character.
- ek jan, adj.: Of one mind; having similar views.
- ek jan do ایک جان دو قائب ek jan do qalib, id.: Fast friends; alter ego.

- ایک جان هزار ارمان ' آمید ek jān hazār armān, ummīd, prov. : Hope scarcely dies in human breast; hope springs eternal in human breast.
- ek chup lakh bala talti hal, prov. : (lit.) Silence keeps away many misfortunes; silence is golden.
- ایک چلو پانی ڈوب مرنے کو

 ek chullu pāni dub

 marne ko bahut hae, prov.:

 A slight remonstrance

 can reform a conscienti
 ous culprit.
- ek ایک حمام میں سب ننگے ek hammām meh sab nahge, prov. : All (are) blameworthy; all (are) !red with the same brush.
- ek dil, adj. : Having one mind; of similar views; in agreement.
- ek dam, adv. : In a breath; suddenly; instantly; in a moment; forthwith.
- ek ایک دم کا بهروسا نہیں dam ka bharosa nahla,

- prov.: Life's course is uncertain; life is temporory and short.
- ek din, n. m. : Any day; one day; some day.
- ek rang ata hat ek jata hai, prov. : One is nervous; changes of colour in one's face.
- ek zabān, adj. : Unanimous ; of one mind; having agreement.
- ایک زماله ek zamāna(h), n. m.: All the world; every body.
- ایک سا ek sā, adj. : Equal ; similar ; resembling.
- ایک سر هزار سودا ek sar hazār saudā, prov. : (lit.)
 One head and many undertakings; many irons in the fire; life is full of cares and anxieties.
- et se ایک سے دن نہیں رهتے et se din nahla rahte, prov. :
 There is alwas change in life's course.

ایک ساتھ' سنگ ek s a t h, sang, adv.: Together; in company; in a body.

ek tarah, ایک طرح

ek tarah par,)

adv.: (1) In one condition; in the same state.

(2) In a way.

ek alam hai, id.:
In full bloom; in full
glory; in prosperous condition.

ek kare ایک کرے دس بھریں ek kare das bharen, prov.: The fault of one at times brings nemesis to many.

ek läthi se sab ko hähknä,

prov.: To be impartial;

to give people equal

treatment; to make no

distinction between high

and low.

ek ایک گهاٹ پانی پیتے هیں ek ghā! pāni pite haik, prov.: To treat all alike; to do justice to ali.

ایک مجهلی سادے تالاب کو ek machh.! عنده کرتی ہے sare talab ko ganda(h)

karti hai, prov.: The fault of one brings disgrace to many, to the family or to the country.

ek musht, adv.: In one instalment, lot; entirely.

ایک میان میں دو تلواریں نہیں ek miyan meh do talwareh nahih rah saktih, prov.: Two men of equal authority cannot remain at the same post; two kings cannot rule the same country.

id.: To be ineffective; to carry no effect.

id.: To disregard all advice; to be indifferent.

id.: Not to accept anything; not to take into consideration any argument.

ایک ek no(h) ek, id. :
One or the other; some.

- ایک هاقه سے قالی نہیں بجتی ek hath se tall nahlh bajtl, prov.: It requires two to pick up a quarrel or friendship.
- ایک هو جانا ek ho jana, v.:

 To forge unity; to put

 up a united front; to

 join hands; to become

 one.
- agreement; combination; cohesion; league; a unit.
 - ekā karnā, v. : To act in unison ; to act together; to combine; to unite.
 - ایکا ایکا ایکا ایکا ایکا ایکا ایکا Suddenly; all at once.
- ایکٹ (E) aikt, n. m. : Act (law); part of drama.
- ایکه (H) Ikh, n. f.: Suger-cane.
- (T) elchl, n. m.: Ambassador; emissary; representative.
- ایلو بیتهی (E) ailopaithl, n. f.: Allopathy.
- ايما (A) Imā, n. f. : Sign; nod; hint; suggestion; indirect reference; symptom.

- ايمان (A) Imān, n. m. : Faith; religion; creed; conscience; integrity; trustworthiness.
 - ایمان بغل هیس دبانا ٬ ماراا Imān baghal men dabānā, mānā, id.: To be adament; to talk in a dishonest manner; to intend to avoid an undertaking; to act in a dishonest manner.
 - ایمان بیچنا iman beckna, v. :

 To break one's word; to

 prove faithless.
 - imān dār, n. m. : An honest man ; a faithful man.

ایمان ٹھکانے نه هو ال آman thikane na hona,

ايمان تهيك نه هونا Iman thik na hona,

ايمان ڏانوا ڏول هو جانا Imān dānwā dol ho jānā,

ایمان میں فرق آنا Iman men farg and.

v. & id.: To lose faith; to become dishonest; to have bad intentions; to change one's word.

ايمان كي imān kī, adv. : In a straightforword manner; in truth; in good faith.

- ايمان لانا imān lānā, v. : To begin to believe in Islam; to become Muslim.
- (A) aiman, adj. & n. m.:

 (I) More or most happy; fortunate. (2) Name
 of a valley near Mount
 Sinai.
- (H) أينك (H) أينك
 - اینٹ سے اینٹ بجا دینا int se int bajana, baja dena, v. & id.: To distray; to raze to the ground; to demolish; to lay in ruins.

 - اینی کا جواب پتھر سے دینا int ka jawab patthar se dena, id.: Tit for tat; to pay back in the same coin; to answer violence by violence.
- النمَّة (H) ainth, n. f.: Twist; turn; coil; fold; ply; stiffness; pride; arrogance; airs; strut.
 - ainih jānā, v. : To

- be twisted; to take airs; to be arrogant; to be stiff; to be obstinate.
- muscular contraction; convulsive movement; nervous strain; twist; gripe; colic.
- to twist; to strut; to cramp; to wind; to wrench from; extert; to take by force or fraud.
- indhan, n. m.: Fuel; fire wood.
- اینڈنا (H) aindna, v.: To walk affectedly; to strut; to take airs; to swagger.
 - aindi baindi, adj.: Crooked; rough; rude; impolite.
- (P) aiwān, n. m.: Hall; gallery; palace; chamber.
 - l aiwān-i-ṣadr, n. m. :
 President's House; Presidency.
- (A) ihām, n. m.: Use of a word having double meaning; creating doubt.

be, n. f.: The second letter of Urdu alphabet, also of the Arabic and Persian alphabets. In ابجد abjad reckoning the value of the

letter is two.

- (P) ba, prep.: Abbreviation of hata(h); with; by; for; because; from; in; to; on; instead of; together; upto; upon; near. (opp. of be, without).
- (P) bi. It occurs with Arabic article بالاراده al. (As بالاراده biliroda(h), by design.)
 - with that; not-withstanding that; although.
 - virtue of; by reason of; considered that; from the point of view of; in respect of; according to.
 - به تقدیر ba(h) taqdir, adv.: By chance.
 - bajinsihi, adv.: Exactly; really; actually.

- به حساب ba(h) hisāb, adv.: In the proportion of; on account of; at the rate of; according to.
- baḥaq, adv. : In the matter of; in the case of; on account of; in favour of.
- بغدا bakhudā, adr.: By God.
- s bukhilof, adv.: On the contrary; in opposition to.
- sasety; with peace and sasety; well.
- بخبر و عافیت bakhair-o-'ōfiyat, adv.: In a good manner; without any trouble or hitch; safely.
- بدرجها hadarjahā, adv.: To a high degree; in excess; so much; greatly,
- אלשיפּת badastūr, adv. : According to rule; according to tradition; habitually; as usual; as per custom.
- יגל פ جاט badil-o-jān, adv. : With pleasure; happily; gladly.

- ibadaulat, adv. : By reason of; by means of; by the good will of.
- بدون badūn, prep. : Without; except ; besides.
- بذاته bazātihī, adv. : With his own person; person-ally.
- برب کعبه barabb i k'aba(h), adv.: By God (of K'aba(h)).
- barang, adv.: In the manner of; in the style of; like.
- basar o chashm, adv. : Most willingly; with pleasure.
- bashar teki(h), فرطبکه
- tasharṭānki(h), sadv.: Provided that; on condition that; with the proviso.
- the form of; in the department of.
- be insistent; to press; to be adamant.
- بطور bataor, adv. : As ; by

.

- way of; after the manner of.
- batib i khātir, adv.: Willingly; with pleasure.
- ba'iwaz, adv.: In place of; instead of; in lieu of.
- ba'ainihī, adv.: Actually; really; exactly.
- بغير baghair, prep.: Without; excluding; except.
- فقدر baqadr, adv. : To the extent of; according to; by the power of.
- baqaol, adv.: According to the saying of; according ing to.
- bakar, adv.: In the service of; for use of; in use.
- الحاظ baliḥāz, adv.: In respect of; in view of; with regard to.
- يلطائف الحيل balatā'if-al-ḥil, adv.: With subtle excuses.
- اهجر hamujarrad, adv.: Instantly; forthwith; immediately.

موجب bamaujib, adv. : In accordance with; in presence of; by reason of; as per.

- به نسبت ba(h) nisbat, adv: In respect of; in comparison with; in relation to.
- ever; in any case; at any rate; by all means.
- baham, adv.: Together (abbr. of باهم bāham; see next column.)
- بهم پهنې baham pahunchnā, v.: To come in possession of; to be received.
- اله baham karnā, v.:

 To possess; to supply;

 to collect; to put together.
- e جوه المهمة وجوه المهمة وجوه المهمة وجوه adv.: In every respect; in every way.
- U (P) ba, prep.: With; by; possessed of.
 - با اختيار bā ikhiyār, adj.: Possessing legal or administrative authority.
 - باایی همه bā in hama(h), adv.:
 Inspite of all this; notwithstanding.
 - או גאיא bā tadbir, adj.: With

- deliberation; prudent.
- المخدا hā khudā, adj.: Pious; religious.
- المابطة به المابطة ال
- In a regular manner; regularly; according to rule; in order; methodical; well-arranged; uniform; symmetrical.
- با و جو دیکه bā wajudekith), adv.: Inspite of; although; notwithstanding.
- in agreement with; naturally.
- אול (A) bilijmāl, adv. :
 Briefly; in short.
 - יולשיי, bilisti'āb, adv. : In details ; comprehensively; totally.
 - ון bili'lan, adv.: Openly; publicly; not secretly; in an open manner.
 - بالتخصيص bi(l)tiakliyis, adv. :
 Specially; particularly.

- biljumla(h), adv. Summarily; in fine.
- بالذات bi(l)zzāt, adv.: Personally; in person.
- bi(l)zzarūr, adv: Certainly; positively; undoubtedly.
- bil 'aks, adv. : On the contrary; on the other hand.
- rally; universally; commonly.
- bilfarz, adv.: Supposedly; for the sake of argument; supposing that.
- bilf'il, adv.: Now: at this time; for the present; presently.
- bilkul, adv.: Completely: positively; entirely; wholly; fully.
- hilmisl, adv. : By similar means.
- بالله billah, adv. : By God.
- Face to face; in personal contact; person to person.

- In the presence of; face to face; as compared to.
- باب (A) bāb, n. m. : Door ; gate; section; chapter; division; topic; subject; kind; matter.
- grandfather; old man; also used for children of Europeons.
- (P) bābat, n. m. & adv. :

 (1) Account; head; article;

 matter. (2) Concerning;

 in respect of; on account

 of.
- אואָל (A) bābul, n. m. : Babylon.
- بابو (H) $b\bar{a}b\bar{u}$, n. m.: A clerk or writer in office.
- باب (H) bāp, n. m.: Father; superior; elder.
 - ان بنانا bāp banānā, v. : To treat one like father; to treat one with respect;

to father with some motive.

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باب پر پوت پتا پر گهوڙا، بهت نهین تو تهورا تهورا bap par put pita par ghorā, bahut nahlh thora thora, prov. : The child takes after his father; like father like son.

باب نه دادے سات پشت حرام bāp na dāde sāt pusht haram zade, prov. : A mischievous person from a mischievous family.

بات (H) bāt, n. f. : Word ; saying; speech; news; story; talk; subject; matter; affair; account; point; proposal; opinion; taunt; request; discussion; reason; proof; object; order; honour; mistake; complaint; message; cause; practice; a thing of minor importance.

bāt a parnā, v. : To بات أيونا happen suddenly, chance; to become complicated.

bāi بات آئی گئی هوجانا gal ho jana, v.: To forget a thing; to lose memory of a thing.

, bāt aikā rakhnā بات ادْكا ركهنا v. : To complicate a. thing; to postpone a thing.

bāt urānā, v. : To» بات أوانا imitate a person or thing; to avoid a thing; to postpone.

بات اس کان سے سننا اُس کان bat is kan se sunna. us kān se urā denā, v. : To listen indifferently; tobe indifferent; to ignore. a thing.

بات آللنا bāt ulaṭnā, v. : To. contradict; to meet a problem word for word; to eat one's (own) words.

بات بات در bai bai par, id. : On trivial matters; onevery word and action; on every turn of beha-. viour; in every thing.

bāt badalnā, v.: Ta change (one's) words.

ان بات بوهان bārbarhānā, v.: To prolong a quarrel; to prolong a debate or discussion; to do publicity'

- بات بوه کر نا bāt barh ke karnā, v.: To take airs; to go beyond one's status.
- بات بگازان bāt bigāṛnā, v.: To nullify a matter or plan; to ruin a thing; to undo a matter; to disturb; to destroy confidence; (W) to be widowed.
- الت بنان بنان bāt banānā, v. : To speak or act evasively; to prevaricate; to explain away; to defend a wrong stand by making it appear just; to make lame excuses.
- bat ban jānā, bannā, v.: To be successful; the concoction to become successful; to succeed; to earn confidence and reputation; to be set right (matter); to prove a success; to prosper.
- البنة bāt pānā, pā lenā, v.: To get the hang of a thing; to find out the truth of a matter; to get the hint; to become aware of pros and cons of a matter.

- بات پتهر کی اکبر هونا bat patthar ki lakir hona, v.:

 To give a firm promise;

 to have an irrevocable contract.
- ات بچنا bāt pachnā, v. : To keep a secret.
- بات پر بات یاد آنا bāt par bāt
 yād ānā, v.: To remember a thing of a similar
 nature in conversation.
- بات چر جان دینا bāt par jān denā, v.: To stick to (one's) word through thick and thin.
- بات در قائم رهنا bāt pan qā'im rahnā, v. : To stick to (one's) word.
- יום בת מלייו התמלייו המייו המייו המייו המייו המייו המייות המייות המייות המייות המייות המייות להייות (one's self) on mere name or outward show.
- بات بكونا bāt pakarnā, v. : To pick holes; to criticise or detect flaw in an argument.
- بات چکی کرنا bāt pakki karnā,
 v.: To confirm a bargain
 or agreement.

- الدهنا في بالدهنا bāt palle bāhdhnā, v.: To remember a thing; to keep a thing in memory; to make a note of something.
- ات بوجهنا hāt pūchhnā, v.:

 To enquire; to ask for one's welfare; to welcome; to receive with honour; to regard; to respect.
- بات پهو گنا be laid bare; to be divulged; to be disclosed.
- UMARS TO bat phailana, r.:

 To propagate; to inflame tension; to give currency to a report; to spread news.
- receive publicity; to be out; to be talked about.
- بات جي جادا hāi pi jānā, v. : To bear in silence; to

suppress one's idea.

- بات ببدا كرنا bāt paidā karnā, v.: To put a plausible interpretation; to give a new explanation; to offer an excuse.
- الله الله bāt tāṛnā, v. : To get a hint; to go to the bottom of the problem (on a mere hint).
- يات ثالنا bāt ṭālnā, v. : To evade; to put off; to ignore.
- يات ثلنا ، دُل جانا bāt ṭalnā, ṭal jānā, v.: To be put olî; to be postponed; to be put in cold storage.
- بات نهران نهران بات نهران بهران بهر
- بات جي كو لگنا' جي ميں بيٹهنا bāt ji ko lagnā, ji men halthnā, v.: To carry conviction; to have stamp of truth.

- الله بات چبا جانا bā! chabā jānā,

 v: To give a different
 turn to talk in the midst
 of conversation; to put
 off a thing; to change
 the topic suddenly.
- chabā ke karnā, v. : To talk evasively; to give a clouded impression of talk; to boast; to talk in bits.
- بات چئکبوں میں آڑانا ، آڑادینا bot chuikiyon men urana, Ara dena, v.: To laugh out a thing; to evade a subject by light talk.
- chhērnā, v.: To start discussion; to begin conversation on a problem.
- יוֹם בֶּעְם bāt chlt, n. f.: Talk; conversation; negotiation; chat.
- بات چیت کرنا bāt chīt karnā, v. To talk ; to carry on negotiation.
- المران bāi dohrānā, v. :

 To repeat a thing; to harp on a subject.

- بات کمالنا bāt dhālaā, v. : To accuse ; to blame.
- se ular jana, v.: To lapse from memory; to forget.
- ينهنا بينهنا بينهنا بينهنا ينهنا وينهنا بينهنا ينهنا - بات رفت گذشت هونا guzashi honā, v. : To let a subject pass in course of time ; to forget a thing.
- باتره جاتی هے، وقت نكل جاتا هـ bat rah jati hai, waqt nikai jata hai, prov.: The time (of hardship) passes, (but the unbelpful) attitude (of some friends, etc.) is remembered (thereafter).
- الله بات ره جانا bas rah jana, v. :

 The credit to remain; old account or story to remain; to succeed in one's aims; to fulfil promise; to remember a bad turn.
- speak harsh words; to reproach; to reproduce a talk.

ات سوجهنا bāt sājhnā, v.: To hit upon a new idea or plan.

- ba! ka or بات کا اور جهور chhor, n. m.: The kernel of the subject; the gut of the story; the real meaning of the question; the pros and cons of the issue.
- بنانا کا بتنگر بنانا bāt kā batangar banana, v. : To make mountains out of mole hills; to exaggerate; to make much of a little thing; to try to create trouble out of a simple thing.
- بات کا پورا ' یکا ، دهنی ' سیا bāt kā pūrā, pakkā, dhani, sachcha, adj.: True to one's words; trustworthy.
- ات کالنا bas kasna, v. : To Interfere in talk; to contradict; to speak when another is speaking; to cut in.
- bas kan se بات کان سے سننا sunna, v.: To hear a thing attentively.
- نات کان میں ہونا bat kan mek

- parnā, v. : To hear a thing off hand.
- bar بات کان میں پوی رهنا kan men pari rahna, v. : To retain a thing in memory; to remember a thing.
- بات کان میں پھونکنا ، ڈالنا bāt kān men phunknā, dālnā, v. : To suggest things in a secrect manner; to inspire a person; to advise quietly.
- bat ka kach- بات کا کیما ، هیشا chā, hetā, adj.: Unreliable : untrustworthy ; not acting upto one's words or promise.
- bāt karnā, v. : To talk; to speak; to con-VOISO.
- -bat ko chak بات کو چکر دینا kar denā, v.: To prevaricate; to talk in an evasive manner; to speak in a round about manner.
- اتع bas ko بات کو طول دینا dena, v.: To prolong a talk; to increase sion.

- khaṭāl men paṛnā, v. :
 Lying of a thing in cold
 storage; to be postponed;
 to be put off.
- بات کهنائی میں خالنا men dalna, v.: To put a thing in cold storage; to leave a thing unsettled.
- ات کهنکنا نو bāt khaṭaknā, v. :

 To have bad impression

 of a matter; to have unpleasantness about something.
- bas khona, v. : To be discredited; to lose credit of one's words.
- بات کی بات میں ba: kl ba: mea,

 adv.: In a moment;

 quickly; in the twinkling
 of an eye.
- وهم بات كانثه ، كره مين باندهنا وهمبه, girah men bandhna, v.: To keep a thing in memory; to remember a thing.
- يات كرهنا، كهزنا bāt gaphnā, ghapnā, v.: To invent a story; to put up a cock and bull story; to put up a plausible defence.

- backbite; to create tension (between two persons); to negotiate for marriage; to negotiate for sale; to accuse; to blame.
- bās mānnā, v. : To obey; to accept a suggestion or order.
- rakhnā, v.: To remind a person of his words or promises; to mention a past matter.
- بات منه سے نکلی ، پرائی هوئی bat much se nikil, partification, prov.: A thing once uttered no longer rem ins. a secret; an arrow shot does not return.
- بات میں پخع ، رخنے ، فی نکالنا bāt men pakh, rakhne, fi nikāinā, v. : To pick holes in an argument; to contradict; to criticise.
- بات میں نگانا bat men lagana,
 y.: To beguile by soft
 words; to engage in talk.
- بات میں هندی کی چندی نکالنا bas men hindl ki chindi nikalna, v.: To enquire

in detail; to cross examine at length.

- بات نیچی پرونا ، رهنا ، هلکی هونا bat nich! parna, rahna, halk! hona, v.: To lose credit; to lose honour; to be discredited.
- بات هنس کے الل دینا bāt hans ke بقا denā, v. : To deride a thing ; to postpone a thing by mocking it.
- باتوں (H) bāton, n. f., pl.: Talks etc. (s. بات bāt.)
 - meh, adv. : In playfulness; in light talk; with
 ease; without difficulty;
 with a clever move; in
 the midst of conversation; with argument.
 - التول سے کام نہیں چلتا bātok se kām nahla chaltā, prov.:

 Fine words butter no parsnips; mere words do not replace deeds; need is more important than words.

- اتول میں baton men, adv. :

 In conversation; in useless matter; in deception;
 in flattery and soft talk.
- أجانا ، آجانا ، آجانا ، آجانا ، آجانا ، قطم bāton men dnā, ā jānā, v.: To be deceived through flattery; to trust foolishly in deceptive words.
- uljhanā v.: To use delaying tactics by engaging
 in long talk.
- bāton ment باتون میں بند کرنا bāton ment band karnā, v.: To silence by argument; to leave no room for reply by the opponent.
- bahlana, v.: To distract; to direct the attention to something else; to please by talking; to deceive; to engage in talk.
- lena, v.: To understand a thing from hints in a talk; to become aware of a thing in the course of conversation.

- tatolnā, v. : To try to grasp a thing while talking; to try to find out the real thing indirectly in the midst of conversation.
- bātoh meh باتوك سين جهلانا jhulānā, v.: To delay a thing by means of words.
- dhar lena, v.: To detect a fallacy in argument; to find out the weakness in argument; to silence by argument.
- baton باتون میں کھلنا، کھل جانا baton men khulnā. khul jānā,
 v.: To become familiar;
 to discard formality.
- اتونى bātūnī, n. m.: A tall talker; a person disposed to talk at length.
- باتیں (H) bātek n. f., pl.: Easy matters; actions; deeds; events; laws; rules; principles; affairs; examples; idiomatic language. (s. بات bāt).
 - باتیں بگهارنا bāteh baghārnā, v.:

 To boast; to give tall

 talk; to take sirs.

- باتين بنانا bāsen banānā, v.: To tell a lie; to concoct a story; to boast; to talk nonsense; to flatter; to apologise; to blame.
- باتیں جڑنا bāteh jarnā, v. : To backbite; to create dissension detween parties.
- باتیں چھانٹنا bāten chānṭṛṇ, v. :
 To boast; to take airs;
 to talk false; to taunt.
- اتين سنانا bāteh sunānā, v. : To tell a story; to taunt; to abuse.
- اتین کرنا bāten karnā, v. ت To speak; to talk; to relate events; to praise.
- باتیں لگانا bāteh lagānā, v.: To backbite; to tall tales against one.
- اتين سلانا bāteh milānā, v. :

 To flatter; to invent things; to support a person without understanding the situation.
- bāteh haik, id.: Only empty words (and no action); putling off things; postponement.

- e) (H) bāṭ, n. m. : (1) Weights and measures; small pieces of weight for weighing. (2) Route; highway.
- اح (P) bāj, n. m.: Tax; charge; land tax; revenue.
 - باج گزاد bāj guzār, n. m. & adj. : (1) Tax payer. (2) باج آداد Feudatory or dependent.
- ناجا H) bājā, n. m. : Musical
- باجرا (H) bajrā, n. m.: Millet; drizzle.
- باجي (T) bājl, n. f.: Elder sister.
- of the mouth, lips. (2) Land tax; subscription; proportional land revenue.
 - باچهیں آنا ، پکنا bāchheh ānā, paknā, v. : To have pain, inflammation at the corners of the mouth.
 - bāchheḥ باچهين كهانا . كهل جانا bāchheḥ khilnā, khil jānā, v. :

 To smile broadly ; to be burst with joy ; to be proud of ; to become extremely happy.

باختر (P) bākhtar, n. m.: (Mostly) East; (occasionally) West.

- SQ (P) bad, n. f.: Wind; air; breeze.
 - bādbān, n. m. : A sail.
 - باد بہار bād-1-bahār, m.f.:

 Breeze of spring.
 - ving as swift as wind; fast; fast running (horse); swift.
 - bād paimā, adj. & n.
 m.: (1) Swift; fast. (2)
 An idle talker; a wanderer.
 - باد خزال bād-i-khizān, n. f.: Autumn wind.
 - باد سموم bād-i-samām, n. f.:
 - hād-i şebū, n. f.: Morning breeze; early morning east wind; zephyr.
 - باد مخالف bād-i-mukhālif, n. f.: Unfavourable wind (for sailing); storm.
 - ther cock; an instrument showing the direction of wind.

- bad hawa'l, adj. 4 n. m.: (1) Useless; worthless; good for nothing. (2) A false promise.
- الكام (P) bādām, n. m. : An almond.
 - بادامي badaml, adj. & n. m. : (1) Of light brown colour. (2) A small box for keeping ornaments; a plate for putting almonds; a kind of rice.
- بادشاه (P) bādshāh, n. m. : A king; a sovereign.
 - bādshāhat, n. f. : Territory ruled by a king; kingdom; kingship.
 - بادشاه زاده bādshāh zāda(h), n. m.: A prince; son of a king.
 - نادي badshah zadi, n.f.: A princess; daughter of a king.
- Jン (H) bādal, n. m.: Cloud.
 - بادل آنا bādal ānā, v.: To be cloudy.
 - badal barasna, v. :
 - phaina, chhaina, khulna,

- v.: To be dispersed (the clouds); to become clear (the sky).
- badal jhum ke بادل جهوم 2 آنا and, v. : To be heavily overclouded.
- bādal chhānā. v. : To be cloudy; to be overcast.
- badal بادل کڑ کنا ، کرجنا karaknā, garajnā, v. : To thunder.
- はいいいといい (H) badla, badla(h), n. m.: Brocade; cloth woven of gold and silver threads.
- יוכל (A) bādinjān, n. m. : Brinjal.
- وكاف (P) bāda(h), n.m.: Liquor; wine; spirits.
 - باده پیما، خوار، کش، نوش، کسار bāda(h) paimā, khwār, kash, nosh, gusar, adj.: Wine bibber; given to wine drinking; a tippler.
- (P & H) badi, adj. & n. f.: (1) Windy; cold; flatulent.
 - (2) Rheumatism; pain in joints.
- (A) badl, adv.: At first بادي badal بادل پهٹنا ، چهٹنا ، کهلنا in the beginning.

- النظر bādl-un-nager, adv.:

 In the beginning; at first eight; cursorily; evidently.
- טְטְטָט bādyān, n. f. : Anise ; aniseed.
- 450 (P) badiya(h), n. m.: A big bronze bowl; a bowl with depth.
- پاکان (A) bādiya(h), n. m. : A desert; wilderness.
 - الايد پيما ، كرد badiya(h),
 paimā, gard, adj.: Wanderer in desert.
- Weight; load; burden; liability; permission; access; time; number; fruit; produce; pregnancy; root; court; assembly; sitting of a king to give audiance; grief; difficulty; leave. (2) Delay; time; period; family.
 - بار اَور هونا bār āwar honā, v. :
 To fructify.
 - بار الله ، اللها bar-I-ilah, ilaha, intj. : O, God ! ; O, Almighty!
 - بار بار bar bar, adv. : Repeat-

- edly; again and again; often.
- بار بردار bar bardar, m. m.:

 A porter; a carrier; a beast of burden; a cart for carrying load.
- يار بردارى bar bardari, n. f.:

 Charges for carrying goods; transit charges; freight; means of conveyance.
- יוֹע אָוֹט bār pānā, v. : To get access; to reach; to be admitted.
- : bar-i subat, n. m. بار ثبوت Onus or burden of proof.
- ار خاطر الله bār-i khātir, n. m.:

 Tiresomeness; load on mind; awkwardness; uncouthness.
- الرخاطر نهيس يار شاطر هو نا bar-1khā tir nahih yār-i-shā tir honā, prov. : To be a true friend and not an irksome fellow.
- بار خاطر هونا bar-i-khagir hone,

 *-: To behave in an awkward manner; to be isksome.
- بار خاند bar-1-khana(h), n. m.: Household goods; a

بارہ برس دلی میں رھے

heap of miscellaneous broken pieces of furniture etc.

ناردانه bārdāna(h), n. m.:

Supplies; provisions;

forage; vessels, bags etc.

for keeping provisions;

victuals for the army;

apparatus of a trade.

ارگاه bārgāh, هارگاه bārgah, هارگد bārgah, bar; court; royal palace; royal tent; place of audience.

ارملنا bār milnā, v. : To get access; to be received.

بارور bārwar, adj. : Fruitful ; yielding fruit ; successful.

باریاب bāryāb, n. m. : (lit.)

One who is permitted to enter, granted audience;
a courtier.

يار أن (P) bārān, n. m. : Rain; rainy season.

باران دیده bārāh dida(h), adj.:

Rain-irrigated (harvest);

experienced (in pejorative sense).

یارانی barani, n.f.: Irrigated
by rain water (land); a
rain coat.

بارد (A) barid, adj.: Cold.

بارش (P) bārish, n. f.: Rain; rainy season.

إلك (A) bārakallāh, inij.: May God bless you; may God give you prosperity.

ارک (E) bārak, n. f. Barrack; living place for soldiers.

ילקפים (T) bārāt, אונפר (P) bārād, אונפר powder.

(P) bāra(h), adv. & n. m.:

(1) Concerning; in regard
to; with reference to. (2)
Matter; turn; time; point;
ltem.

الاه المام (H) bāra(h), adj.: Twelve.

A stra(h) imām, n. m.:

The twelve Imams accepted by a section of Muslims as spiritual heads after the Prophet of Islam.

الزه باك bāre(h) bāṭ, adj. : (lit.)

Twelve ways; scattered;

cast to the winds; perplexed; disturbed.

بازه پتهر bāra(h) patthar, n. m.:

Boundary of city marked
in old days with 12 stone
pillars

بارہ برس دلی میں رھے ، بھاڑ bara(h) baras diiii

men rahe, bhar jhonkte rahe, prov.: To live in good company or surroundings but not to learn anything.

باره دری bara:h) darl, n. f.: An airy house with 12 doors for summer residence.

(Now it may have less number of doors.)

باره سنگها bāraih) singhā, n.m.:
A stag with 12 horns.

باره ماسی bara(h) māsi, n. f.:

A perennially green tree;
a permanent servant.

الزه وفات bāra(h) wafāt, n. f.:

The twelfth day of the month of Rabi-al-awwal, the date on which the Prophet of Islam was born, and also passed away.

باری (A) bārī, n. m.: The Supreme Being (as باری تمالی bārī saʾālā).

ילנט (H) barl, n. f.: Time; turn; occasion.

باری باری باری باری باری باری باری (Everybody) in (his) turn; turn by turn.

بخاری کا بخار barl ka bukhar,

n. m. : Intermittent fever.

ارے (P) bare, adv.: In short; briefly; in fine.

باریک (P) bārīk, adj.: Thin; very delicate; fine; minute; difficult; subtle; thread like; complicated.

باریکی bārlkl, n. f.: Delicacy; subtility; fineness.

باریکی نکالنا bārlkī nikālnā, v.:
To criticise; to pick
holes; to censure; to
point out hidden meanings.

为以(H) bārh, border; fence; margin; volley of fire; a line of soldiers; flood in a river; a line of trees; sharpness.

باڑھ آترنا ، جاتی رهنا ، کر جانا،

bārh utarnā, jātī rahnā,
gir jānā, murnā, v. : To
lose the sharpness of an
edge; to become blunt.

باڑھ اُڑانا، چلانا، چھوڑنا، داغنا ، bārh urānā, chalānā, chhornā, daghnā, mārnā, v.: To fire a volley.

- الله بانلهنا bārh bākdhnā, v.:

 To fence; to construct a hedge; to prevent; to bar; to determine a boundary.
- الأه بر آنا bārh pār ana, v. :

 To come within the range of fire.
- اڑھ پڑنا bārh parnā, v. : To have a voiley of fire.
- باڑھ پر چڑھانا bārh par charhānā, v.: To sharpen the edge; to instigate; to persuade.
- ازه پر رکهنا bārh par rakhnā,
 v.: To sharpen the edge;
 to bring within the range
 of fire; to aim at; to inflame feeling.
- باڑھ پر ھونا bārh par honā, v. :
 To be in a state of flood.
- باڑھ رکھنا bāṛh rakhnā, v.:
 To sharpen the edge.
- الأه كائم نام تلواد كا bārh kāie nām sulwār kā, prov.:

 Work is done by one but the credit goes to another.
- لازى (H) barl, n. f.: Agriculture; farming; garden;

- a house with surrounding garden; dwelling; cotton field.
- باز (P) bāz, suf.: A particle appended to noun to denote agent; doer; player; playing; e. g. باز shatranj bāz, a chess player.
- ال (P) baz, n. m., adv. & adj.:

 (1) A hawk; a falcon (2)

 Back; again. (3) Abstaining; refusing; preventing.
 - baz and, v.: To turn back from; to leave off; to abandon; to decline; to refuse; to refraim.
 - ji baz purs, n. f.: Interrogation; cross-examination; investigation; demand for explanation.
 - باز دید bāz dld, n. f.: Return visit.
 - prevent; to interfere; to stop; to postpone; to restrain from; to dissuade; to hold back.
- bāz gasht, n f : Returning : retreating; echo.
- ture ; farming ; garden ; ابازار (P) bazar, n. m. : Market ;

ig sign of a

place for buying and selling goods; articles brought and sold.

بازار آتر جانا ، لهندًا هونا ، سرد بازار آتر جانا ، لهندًا هونا ، كرنا bāzār utar jānā, thandā honā, sard honā, girnā, v. : Declining of sate; falling of price; falling of demand.

būzār kā gaz, id.:

A wanderer; a person
who walks aimlessly in
a town.

باز ار کے بھاو پٹنا bāzār ke bhāo piṇnā, id.: To be beaten thoroughly and publicly.

hond, id.: Enormous demand of goods in the market; brisk purchase and sale in the market; anything to be in demand or talked of; to have the prevalence of.

lagna, id.: (W) The rising of prices of cereals, eatables or goods of daily consumption.

- bāzārī, adj. & n. m.: (1)

 Pertaining to the market;

 not upto the standard;

 ordinary; common. (2)

 Anything current; riffraffs; disreputable persons.
- باز اری بات bazarl bat, n.f.:

 News talked of in the market place; rumour.
- بازاری عورت bāzārī 'aurat, n. f.:

 A street woman; a prostitute.
- بازاری کپ bāzāri gap, n. f.:

 A rumour heard in the market place.
- ying; support; aid; right and left flank of an army; the side of a door; companion; friend; supporter.
 - بازو بند bāz≅ band, n. m.: An ornament worn on the arm; armlet.
 - būz pharaknā, v.:

 An involuntary movement

 of the arm nerve supposed to be a good omen for

 meeting a friend.
 - bazī tolnā, v.: To مازو تولنا معربة flight; to be

前一个人选择

- prepared to do something.
- in great distress; to lose hope.
- p) bāzī, n. f. : Shot; game; play; a wager : a bet; cheating; a sleight; play of chess or cards.

 - bet; to play with a bet or at a stake.
 - بازی بانا ، جیتنا bazipana, jitna,
 v.: To win a bet; to succeed in a game.
 - بازیچه bāzicha(h), n. m.: Play; game; a show; a toy; a play thing; fun.
 - بازی کهانا ، هارنا bāzī khānā, hārnā, v.: To lose game; to be cheated.
 - بازی کر bazi gar, n.m.: A conjurer; a rope dancer; a juggler; one who practices legerdemain; trickster.

- ازى لگانا bāzi lāgānā, v.: To
 bet; to wager; to stake.
- باس (H) bas, n. f.: (1) (s1) Residence; dwelling. (2) (W) Smell; odour; offensive smell. (3) (si.) Sign.
- نسته (H) bāsaṭh, adj.: Slxty two.
- باسمتی (H) bāsmatī, n. m. : A kind of high class, fragrant rice.
- باسن (H) bāsan, n. m. : Basin ; plate ; dish .
- باسی (H) bāsī, adj. & n. m.: (1)

 Stale. (opp. of فهان tāza(h),

 fresh.) (2) Food left over

 night. (3) (sl.) Dweller; inhabitant.
 - باسی عید bāsi 'ld, n. m.: The second day of the Muslim fostival of عید.
 - karhi men ubal ana, prov.:

 To do a thing after a long time it was due; to behave as a young man in old age.
- المكر (P) bāshad, v.: May be; some what may; no care for what may happen.

- المندو (P) bāshinda(h), n. m.: A resident; inhabitant; national.
- اکسره (A) başira(h), n. f.: The sense of sight; seeing faculty.
- باطل (A) bāţil, adj.: False; null and void; spurious; uscless; fictitious; absurd.
 - باطل کرنا bāţil karnā, v.: To cancel; to vitiate; to rescind; to revoke; to abolish; to refute.
- الطن (A) bāṭin, n. m.: The inside; the inner most part; the hidden part.
 - bātiniyah, s. m.: A sect among the Shiite Muslims who believe that every injunction of religion has two sides, one open and the other hidden or concealed.
- صحاب (A) bă'iş, m. m. : Cause ; occasion ; reason ; reality ; origion ; ground ; basis.
- غ (P) bāgā, n. m : A flower garden; orchard; grove; (fig.) the world; progeny.
 - bagh bagh hona, اغ مونا

- py; to be in a delightful mood; to enjoy.
- اغبان bagh ban, n. m. : A gar-dener.
- باغبانی baghbani, n. f: The art of planting and maintaining a garden.
- plant a flower or fruit garden; (fig.) to collect literary matter of romantic type.
- باغ سبز د کهانا bagh-i-sabz dikhānā, id.: To cheat; to deceive.
- باغ و بهار كرنا bagh-o-bahar karnā, v.: To decorate; to arrange artistically; to give a lively turn to a thing.
- اغ و ببار هونا bagh-o-bahar hona, v.: To be decorated or beautifully arranged; to rejoice.
- همدن baghcha:h), n. m. : A small garden.
- ديغن (A) bāghī, n. m. : A rebei ; a traitor ; an insurgent ; an outlaw.

- P) bāfinda(h), n. m.: A weaver.
- باقر (A) bāqir, adj.: Highly learned; rich in wealth and knowledge.
- باقر خالی bāqir khanī, n. f.: A kind of crisp and sweetened bread made of butter and flour (introduced by Baqir Khan).
- القان (A) bāqlā, n.m.: A kind of bean.
- باقی (A) bāql, n. f.: Balance; remaining amount; residue; arrears; surplus; dues.
 - باقی ادا کرنا ، بیباق کرنا ، چکانا bāql adā karnā, bebāq karnā, chukānā, v.: To clear the account; to pay up the balance.
 - باتى مانليه bāql mānda(h), adj. :

 Residuary; remaining;
 left over.
 - باتیات المالحات bāqiyūtuş şaliḥāt, n. f.: Any running benefit to the people; any work of public welfare; virtuous progony.
- المناب (P) bāk, n. m. : Fear ; hesi-

- tation; anxiety; terror.
- e باکره (P) bākira(h), n. f.: A virgin; an unmarried girl.
- باک اباک (H)bag, n. f.: Bridle; rein.

 light bag uthana, v.: To

 make a horse run; to set
 a horse at full speed.
 - chhor denā, dāl denā, v.:

 To let a horse run at his
 will; to set free; to lift
 control.
 - باک کور bag dor, n. m.: A long rope or bridle to control the horse.
 - باک کمیلی کرنا ، چهورنا bāg dhili karnā, chhoṛnā, v.:
 To loosen the bridle to enable the horse to run at full gallop.
 - باک موڑنا bāg mornā, v. : (lit.)

 To turn the reins ; to change the direction of the horse.
 - باک هاته سے چهولنا bag hath
 se chhuina, v.: To lose
 control (of the horse); to
 let opportunity slip.
- الله با کو بلا (H) bagar billa, n. m. :
 A wild cat.

- (H) bāgh, n. m.: A lion; a tiger.
- ناكيسرى (H) bāgesrī, n. f. : A tune in music.
- Ju (P) bal, n. m.: Wing; pinion; feather; strength; power.
- ال (A) bāl, a. m.: Heart; mind.
- לל. (H) bāl, n. m. & f. 1 (1) Hair.

 (2) Crack in glass or crockery; a thin crack. (3) Ear of corn. (4) An infant.
- بال (E) $b\bar{a}l$, n. m.: (1) Ball. (2) A dance.
 - بال آنا ، پڑنا bāl ānā, paṛnā, v.:
 To be cracked; to show signs of breaking (of glass etc.).
 - بال بال bāl bāl, adv. : (lit.)

 Every hair ; from head to foot.
 - بال بال بونا bāl bāl bachnā, v. :

 To have a narrow escape;
 to escape with life.
 - بال بندهنا bāl bāl b ındhnā,
 v.: To be involved deeply;
 to be indebted.
 - بال بچے bāl bachche, n. m.:
 Family; wife and children.

 bāl barābar, adj.:

- As fine as a hair; very little; very thin.
- بال بكهرنا bāl bikharnā, v.: To have dishevelled hair; to be in a state of perplexity or difficulty.
- بال بگزنا bāl bigaṛnā, v.: To be dishevelled (hair).
- بال بنانا bāl banānā, v.: To dress the hair.
- بال بيكا هونا bāl bīkā, honā, v.:

 To receive injury; to be wounded.
- بال پکنا bāl paknā, v.: To grow old.
- ال توڑ bāl tor, n. m.: A sore or boil caused by uprooting of hair.
- bāl jharna, v.: To become bald.
- bāl chhar, n. m.:

 Hyacinth; a fragrant
 medicine.
- بال دار bāl dar, adj. : Hairy.
- http men sufed karna, prov.: To be ignorant inspite of age.
- الله كي كهال نكالنا من كهال نكالنا كي كهال نكالنا

nikālnā, id.: To do hairsplitting (in argument); to be too critical.

honā, id.: To have black and grey hair (sign of approaching middle age).

bāl muadnā, v.: To shave the hair.

بال و پر bāl-u-par, n. m.:

Means; support.

بال و پر نكالنا bāl-u-par nikālnā,

v.: To be able to fiy;

to begin to have means;

to get support; to come

of age; to become

quarrelsome.

بال هٺ bāl haṭ, n.f.: Child obstinacy.

بالا پن bālā pan, n.m.: Boy-

Yu (P) bālā, adv.: Up; high; frontal; stature; as men-

tioned above.

אַל אַל bālā bālā, adv.: Secretly; separately; without giving any hint.

بالا دست bālā dast, adj.: Overbearing; of good quality; superior.

bālā khāna(h), s. m. :
An upper storey; a room
in upper storey.

نالا نشين bālā nashīn, adj. : Seated aloft; occuying a distinguished position.

بالأثي (P) bālāi, adj. & n. f.: . (1) Over and above; superficial. (2) Cream.

بالائي أمدني ، يافت bālāi āmadni, yāji, n.m.; Illegul income; bribe; illicit spoils; graft.

بالائى اخراجات balāl ikhrājāl, n. m.: Exres expenditure; sundry expenses.

بالثي (H) bālṣī, n. f. : A tin bucket; a pail.

بالش (P) hāllsh, n.m.: A pillow; ousbion.

frontal; stature; as men- بالشت (P) bālisht, n. m.; A span.

- بالشتيا bālishtiyā, n. m. & adj.:
 (1) A dwarf. (2) Short
 statured.
- (1) Adult; grown up; mature. (2) A p rson having reached puberty; an adult person.
 - بالغ نظر bāligh nazar, adj.:

 Having a deep insight.
- שלט (H) bālak, n. m. : A child; a disciple.
- sweetheart; husband.
- بالو (H) bālū, n. f.: Sand.
 - الوكى دوات bālu ki dawāt,
 n. f.: A small vessel for keeping sand which is used for drying up ink.
 - بالو گهڑی bālu gharī, n. f.:
 Sand glass for measuring time.
 - الو شاهي bālū shāhī, n. f.: A kind of sweetmeat.
- بالی (H) ball, n. f.: (1) An carring (2) A minor girl.
 - bāll 'umr, n. f.: Age of minority.
- بالين (P) balln, n. m.: The

- headside of bed; cushion; pillow.
- storey; roof or terrace of a house.
- אבלו (P) bāmidād, adv.: Early morning; time before sunrise.
- بان (P) bān, suf.: Used after nouns, signifying agent or doer (as باغبان, دربان dar-bān, bāghbān, door-keeper, gardener).
- שלי (H) bān, n.m.: (1) Rope made of twisted grass, used mainly in making a bed-stead. (2) Arrow; dart; rocket; sky-rocket in fire works. (3) Manner; custom; ways; habit (used mostly with שׁוֹ ān, e.g. שׁוֹ מֹוּ שׁוֹנוֹ מֹוּ שׁׁתֹח וֹנוֹ שִׁוֹנוֹ מֹוּ שׁׁתֹח וֹנוֹ שִׁוֹנוֹ מֹוּ שׁׁתֹח וֹנוֹ שִׁוֹנוֹ מֹוּ שׁׁתֹח וֹנוֹ שִׁוֹנוֹ מֹוּ שׁׁתֹח.
- woof in weaving. (opp. of bis tana, warp.) (2) A kind of weapon; dress; uniform; appearance; profession.
- of thick woollen cloth.
- بانبی (H) banbl, n. f.: A snake's hole.

بانىك (H) bānt, n.f.: (1) Distribution; allotment share; division. (2) Feed given to a cow when she is milked. (3) n.m.: Weight; stones etc. (for weighing).

bānnā, v. : To distribute; to divide; to apportion; to dispose of.

به انت جونت کرنا (al.) هم انت کرنا chānt karnā, v.: To divide; to distribute.

بالج ، بانجه (H) bānj, būnjh, adj.: Sterile; barren (woman); unproductive.

AJU (H) bāndh, n. m.: (1) Binding; fastening. (2) Bund; an embankment; a barrage.

بانله bāndhnā, y. : To blad ; to tie; to compose; to chain; to fetter; to join together; to construct; to levy; to design; to fix; to arrange; to bet; to prevent; to add; to put up a good show; to describe; to think; to put things properly; to aim; to dress; to assign responsibility; to raise high.

يانلى ئ (H) bāedī, n. f. : A slave

vant.

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بانس (H) bāns, n. m. : A tall, hollow tree with knots at distance; bamboo.

bāns par بانس پر چڑھانا ، لٹکانا charhana, laikana, id : To publicise in a bad light; to defame; to ridicule; to disgrace; to speak ill (of persons).

bans بانس چڑھے کر کھائے churhe gur khāe, prov. : (lit.) Be shameless and achieve success one succeeds through immoral and illegal means.

بیانس کی کوٹھی ، بیانسواڑی bāns ki kothi, banswari. n. f.: A large number of bamboo trees grown at a place; a jungle of bamboo trees.

النان (H) bānsā, n. m. : The bridge of nose.

بانسا يهر جانا bānsā phir jānā, y. : Turning of the bridge of moss, (considered as a sign of approaching death.)

بانسرى (H) bānsuri, n. f.: A flute made of bamboo or reed.

girl; a fatthful maid ser- | Wy (H) bānk, n. f.: Curve;

bend; turn of river; fault; offence; a kind of sword; an exercise or play; a sort of bangle.

- Curved; bent; crooked; sly; brave; fradulent; fearless; proud; oblique; foppish. (2) A beau; a fop; a riff-raff; a bully.
- بانكا ترچها ، ثبيؤها bāħkā tirchhā, ṭeʔhā, adj. : Crooked ; curved.
- بانكېن bāħkpan, n. m. : Smartness; foppishness; gaiety.
- بانگ (P) bāng, n. f.: A cry; the crowing of a cock; a shout.
 - انگ دینا bāng denā, v.: To recite the words of the call to prayer in the ears of a newly born Muslim baby; to crow.
 - انگ درا bāng-i-darā, n. f.:

 Sound of a bell tolled at the departure of a caravan; a collection of Urdu poems of Iqbal, the great Pakistani poet.
- بانگزو (H) bāngṛn, n. m. : A highlander; a rude and stupid fellow; an un-

- couth and uncivilised person.
- بانگی (H) bākgl, n. f. : A sample; a pattern; a specimen; an example.
- بانو. (P) bāno, n. f.: A lady of rank; a respectable lady; mistress of the house.
- بانوے (H) bānwe, adj.: Ninetytwo.
- support; security; guarantee; protector; power; strength.
 - بانه پکڑنا bānh pakaṛnā, v. : To seek help and support; to prevent.
 - يانهين چڙهانا bānhen charhānā,
 v.: To be ready to do
 something; to prepare
 for a fight; to threaten.
- بانی (H) bānl, n. f.: Sound; note; voice; speech; word; language.
- architect; author; founder; source; cause; origin; instigator; originator.
- un- | Ju (H) bau, n. f.: Wind; flatu-

lence; rheumatism; syphilis.

باو برنگ bau birang, n. f.: A medicinal seed given in cases of flatulence or rheumatism; Embelia ribes.

häu bandi, n. f.: A fraud; deceit; useless talk; imaginary proposals.

باو! (H) bāwā, n. m.: Father; teacher; spiritual guide.

باور (P) bāwar, n. m.: Beilef; trust; confidence; faith.

باور!نا ، كرنا bāwar ānā, karnā, v. : To believe; to have confidence; to trust; to have faith.

باورچى (T) bāwarchī, n. m. :
A cook.

باورچى خانه bāwarchī khāna(h),
n. m.: Kitchen.

بأورچى گرى bāwarchi gari, n. f.: The occupation of a cook.

باورا (H) bāurā, adj.: Mad; كاولا (H) bāulā, crazy; deranged.

اولي (H) baull, n f.: (1) A

mad woman (2) A pucca tank with steps for entering into water; pond.

diwāni hāndi, n. f. : A dish of various vegetables cooked together.

باون (H) bawan, adj.: Fifty-two.

باون تولي پاو رتى bāwan tole pāu rattī, adv. : Exactly; precisely; very useful; undoubtedly.

اون کر کا bāwan gaz kā, adj.:
Tall ; tall-statured ;
quarrelsome ; wicked ;
mischievous ; very sharp;
clever.

passion; lust; sensual appetite.

باهر (A) bāhir, adj. : Clear ; bright ; open ; manifest.

باهر (H) bāhar, adv.: Out; outside; abroad; seperately; besides; outskirts; without; externally; exceeding; beyond.

clandestine manner; outwrdly; externally; at a distance.

باهر بهيتر bāhar bhltar, adv. : In and out.

باهر بهيتر لكانا bāhar bhitar lagānā, v.: To come in and go out repeatedly; to go on travels.

bāhar kā, n. m : Stranger; outsider; foreigner; a villager.

bāhar karnā, v.: To turn out ; to dismiss ; to divorce; to leave ; to ex-communicate.

بائع (A) bā'i, n.m.: Seller.

الن (A) bd'in, adj.: Irrevocable (divorce).

بائی (H) الم الله (H) الله (H

بائيس (H) bā'ls, adj. : Twentytwo.

بائسكل (E) bā'iskil, n. f.: Bicy-cle.

دونان (E) bā'ikāi, n. m.: Boy-

ائیکا^ط کرنا bā'ikā! karnā, v.:

To boycott; to reject; to
break trade or cultural
relations.

باليس (H) bā'en, adj.: Left.

بائیں هاته کا کھیل bā'eh hāth kā khel, id.: Easy work; clever manoeuvre.

יווט (H) bāyān, adj. & n. m.:
(1) Left. (2) Left one of a
pair of kettledrums.

بایال قدم چومنا bāyān qudam, chāmnā, id.: To pay respect.

عايدو شايد (P) bāyad-wa-shāyad, adv. & sdj. : (1) As it should be; in a suitable way. (2) Fit; proper.

ببر (A) babar, n. m. : A lion.

بول (H) babul, n. m. : Acacia arabica; a tree, the wood of which is used for making cart wheels, etc.

(P) bapā, adj.: (lit.) On foot; existing; running; taking place.

bapā konā, v. : To take place; to occur.

بيتا (H) bipat, } n. f.: Adversity;

- calamity; misfortune; disaster; pain; suffering.
- (E) baptisma, n. m.: The Christian rite of baptism by sprinkling water on the person who is baptised.
- بهادا (H) baphārā, الههادا (H) bhapārā, الههادا (H) bhapārā, Vapour ; vapour bath.
 - baphārā denā, عبارا دينا bhapārā denā, عبارا دينا sterilise clothes or things by passing gas through them; to give vapour bath.
- into rage; to become irritated; to be angered; to be ready for a fight.
- ابت (P) but, n. m. & adj ; (1)

 Idol; effigy; image; statue;
 a beloved object; mistress.

 (2) Silent; motionless.
 - banna, ban jana, ho jana, v.: To remain silent; to become motionless; to show no reaction; to have high concentration.
 - ابت پرست but parast, n. m. : ldol worshipper.

- بت پرستی bus parasil, n. f. ;
 Idol worshipping.
- but tarāsh, n. m. :

 A sculptor; a maker of idols.
- but <u>khāna(h),</u> kada(h), n. m. : An idol temple ; a pagoda.
- but shikan, adj.: Idol breaker. (Has a reference to King Mahmud of Ghaznah.)
- (H) buttā, n. m.: Trick; deceipt; fraud.
 - لينا ، دينا من الله bultā balānā,

 denā, v.: To decieve; to

 trick; to cheat.
- البتاسا (H) bātāsā, الله الله (H) batāshā, h. m. : A bubble; a kind of sweet-meat made of the shape of a bubble.
 - batāshe ki ṭarah baiṭh jānā, v. :
 To become thin; to loose
 in business suddenly; to
 suffer from a sudden misfortune; (fig.) to be defeated in argument.
- الله (H) basana, v. : To state ;

بتنگر

to point out; to teach; to educate; to explain; to express; to tell; to disclose; to show; to give signs through hands or eyes; to impart; to instruct; to beat; to solve a riddle.

- النتار (H) batangar, n. m. : A long uscloss talk ; an unnecessary fuss; a rigmarole.
- بخي (H) battl, n. f.: A candle; wick; lamp; light.
 - بتی د کهانا battl dikhānā, v.

 To show a light; to burn;
 to apply a match; to fire
 a gun.
 - kindle fire; to fire a gun by applying fire to gun powder; to fill a wound with gauze.
- نتيا (H) batiya, n. f.: Green or unripe fruit or vegetable usually melon; a kind of brinjal.
- نتهس (H) battle, adj. : Thistytwo.
 - انتون سین زبان battis battis dance men zuban. prov. :

 Under strict surveillance;
 a weak person surround-

- ed by a large number of enemies, yet facing them boldly.
- نتيسى (H) battlsl, n. f.: A set of thirty-two teeth; the double line of teeth.
 - id.: Closing of mouth in a state of unconsciousness; not to be able to speak; to suffer from lock-jaw.
 - id.: (lit.) To show (all) thirty-two teath; to behave importmently; to grin; to laugh aimlessly.
- fold on the skin; twist; a measure of weight; a way; a by-path; curve; a caste among Kashmiris.
 - الله ba! mār, n. m.: A highway man; a dacoit; a robber.
- (H) baitd, n. m.: Rebate; discount; loss; deficiency; blemish; injury; a wooden casket for keeping ornaments; a small box for keeping betel; a piece of

stone used in pulverizing drugs or condiments; a small roller.

- بنا لكانا baṭṭā lagānā, v. : To reduce value or price ; to defame ; to stigmatise
- suffer loss; to have reduced value; to be blamed; to be dishonoured.
- بنا كهاتا baṭṭā khātā, n. m. :

 Bad debit ; amount not recoverable.
- بنے باز batte baz, n. m. : A cunning fellow; one who practises fraud; a clever person.
- بلے کھاتے میں ڈالنا batte khāte men dālnā, v.: To show in bad debt account.
- نكانا (H) baṭānā, v. : To divide; to spread; to scatter; to divert (attention); to keep away.
 - baṭā'i, n. f: Division; diversion of harvest between landowner and the farmer; wages for rope making
 - بن جانا ba! jānā, v. : To be divided ; to be twisted ; to be separated ; to be

moved; to be distributed.

- to be partitioned; to become worse; to be anxious; to twist; to roll; to distract.
- بنو! (H) baiwd. n. m.: Purse; money bag; a small purse of more than one fold for k eping money, betel-nut, tobacco etc..
- ناوارا (H) batwārā, n. m.: Partition; division; separation.
- cct; to gather up; to accumulate; to assemble.
- الله (H) bithā denā, v.: To force one to sit; to send (a boy or girl) to school; to force one to renounce something; to confuse; to demolish; to destroy; to melt; to dissolve; to settle; to discourage; to soften; to fix; to systemise; to sink; to lower.
- To keep (one) waiting; to keep (the daughter) unmarried: not to allow (a married daughter) to go (to her husband's house); to

keep at home; to keep a person uselessly.

sit; to mature; to mend; to cause to settle down; to maintain; to appoint; to penetrate; to fix; to employ; to plant; to keep as a mistress; to mix well; to account for; to instal; to put (a hen on eggs).

بنير (H) bater, n. f. : A quail.

אבית אינע (H) bajar baṭṭū, n. m.:
A kind of toy; a stupid
person.

(H) bajra, n. m.: A kind of shallow boat for pleasure sailing.

ארט (H) bajrl, n. f.: Sand mixed with pebbles; gravel; crushed pieces of betel-nut.

(P) bajuz, prep.: Except; besides; without; with the exception of.

(H) bijll, n. f. : (1)
Thunderbolt; lightning;
electricity. (2) A sort of
ear-ring. (3) Kernal of a
green mango. (4) A very
clever and smart person.

sl.) The copper wire or any other instrument fixed on the top of a building as a measure of safety against lightning.

hijli ki karak, n. m.: The cracking sound of thunderbolt.

bijli girānā, v.: To create scrious trouble; to cause mischief; to raise tumult, uproar etc..

bijil girnā, v. : To be blasted by lightning; to be burnt or destroyed by lightning; to be involved in trouble.

بجلی کا کوندا bijli kā kaundā, n. m. : بجلی کی لپک bijli ki lapak, n. f. : flash of lightning.

To sound; to strike (clock); to ring (bell); to chatter (teeth); to give a sound when played upon (musical instrument). (2) (sl.) Sound-producing.

少 (H) bijj n. m.: Badger;

- a cunning, sharp-eyed person.
- fortune; loss; death; deprivation; separation (between lovers).
 - fortunate person; one suffering from misfortune or loss.
- bujhā denā, v.: To put out; to extinguish (fire, light, lamp etc.); to quench; to relieve (thirst); to temper (steel); to satisfy (hunger); to allay; to discourage; to calm down; to sooth; to smother; to damp; to depress.
- (H) bujhārat, n. f.: A riddie; a problem; a puzz-le; (sl.) adjustment of accounts.
- (H) bijhrā, a. m.: A

 mixture of wheat, barley
 and gram.
- out; to be depressed; to to be tempered; to be quenched; to be smother-

- ed; to be relieved.
- Guessing; conjecturing; a riddle.
- (H) buchchā, n. m.: A person with his ears cut off or with short ears.
- m.: Remainder; anything left over; residue.
- to preserve; to protect; to defend; to help; to hide; to separate; to sreal; to collect; to bind; to remove; to set free; to leave the way; to set aside; to spare; to keep back something fraudulently.
 - bachāu, n. m.: Defence; protection; security; rescue; liberation; deliverance.
- innocent, poor man. (H) bichārā, n. m. : A
- ef grass; grass spread under horses.
- (H) bachpan, n. m. ;

Childhood; puerility.

- بچين کرنا bachpan karnā, v. :

 To behave in a childish manner.
- Saving; surplus; gain.

 (2) Security; defence; protection.
- taining to or something fit for children; small; diminutive; puerile.
- (H) bachan, n. m.: Promise; word; speech; utterance; opinion; agreement.

بچنا (H) bachnā,

To be saved; to remain behind; to be surplus; to escape from death; to recover after serious illness; to live; to keep away; to have the honour saved; to secure gain or profit; to avoid.

- (H) bachchū, n. m.: A cute loveable child; a babe; a little one.
- (P) bachcha(h), n. m. & adj.:

 (1) A child; a lad; the young one of any creature;

- a sapling; an inexperienced person. (2) Child-like; innocent; simple.
- bichhā de ā, v.: To spread; to spread out; to lay flat; to make a bed; to scatter; to strew.

 - (H) bachhrā, n. m.: A calf; a teenager; a lad.
- المجهور بال بجهور بال bichharnā, bichhar jānā, v.: To be separated; to be lost; to lag behind.
 - scorpion; a scorpion-like plant which causes burning when touched; a crafty and mischievous person.
 - بچهو کا منتر نه جانے بانبی موں

 bichchh kā mantar

 nah jāne banbl men hāth

 dāle, prov.: An inefficient person thinking of

 doing great deeds.
 - (H) bichhwā, n. m. : A

kind of small knife; an iron claw worn in fingers for attack. (Sivaji used it against Afzal Khan.)

نچهوان (H) bichhwana, v.: To cause to be spread.

Bedding; bed; mattress; bed sheet and pillow.

(H) bachhyā, n. f.: A female calf.

ا بجهبر (H) bachherā, ا بجهبر (H) bachherā, A young one of a horse; a colt.

بجهيرا پلئن bachherā palṭan,
n. f.: An army of young
boys.

bachheri, n. f.: A mare; a she-colt.

usual state or condition; status quo; unaltered; restored to health; refreshed; happy.

بعال ركهنا baḥāl rakhnā, v.:

To keep in the usual condition; to uphold a a decision; to establish.

بحال كرنا baḥāl karnā, v. :

To restore; to reinstate; to re-establish; to confirm; to replace; to revive.

To return to status quo; to be reinstated; to flourish again; to be restored to health; to recover.

tion; discussion; debate dispute; controversy; argument; contention; relation.

بحث آ پڑنا baḥs a paṛnā, v. :
To fall into controversy.

baḥs karnā,

baḥṣnā,

To discuss; to argue;

to wrangle; to dispute;

to quarrel.

(A) baḥr, n. m. : Sea ; ocean.

بحر ابيض baḥr-i-abyaz, n. m.: .
White Sea.

بحر احمر baḥr-i-aḥmar,n.m.: Red-Soa.

baḥr·i-akhṣar, n. m.:

Yellow Sea.

baḥr-i-aswad, n. m.: Black Sea.

- بحر الكاهل bahr-al-kāhil, n. m.: Pacific Ocean.
- bahr-i-oqyanus, n. بحر او قيانوس m.: Atlantic ocean.
- איל פ אל baḥr·u-bar, n. m. : (lit.) Land and water; the globe; world.
- (A) bahr, n f.: Rhyme; metre; verse.
- نحران (GR) buḥrān, n. m. 1 Crisis; a critical moment; peak period of disease.
- (A) baḥriya(h), n. f. : Navy; naval department.
- (A) buḥira(h), n. m.: A small sea surrounded on all sides by land.
- אלונ (A) bukhār, n. m. : Steam; fume; vapour; mist; fog; fever; warmth; feverish heat ; grief ; animosity ; anger; wrath.
 - bukhār ana, v. : To suffer from fever; to be afraid of; to be frightened.

- bukhar bhar بخار بهرا هونا hona, v.: To harbour wrath (against); to be angry; to have animosity.
- بخار چڑھنا bukhar charhna, v.: To have fever.
- bukhar بخار (دل میں) رکھنا (dil men rakhnā, v.: To have ill-will (against); to have hatred (against); to bear grudge.
- نكالنا في bukhār nikālnā, v. 1 To let off steam; to give vent to one's ill will; to release one's anger.
- (P) bukharl, n. f.: (1) A fireplace to keep the house warm in winter; a place for keeping grain near the kitchen (2) An inhabitant of Bukhara.
- بغت (P) bakht, n. m. : Good luck; prosperity; fate; destiny.
 - نخت آزمائي bakhı azma'l, n. f.: Trial of one's fortune; bazard; venture.
 - bakhi awar, بخت أور بختر bakhtiyar,

Fortunate; prosperous.

- بخش (P) bakhsh, v.: (Used in compd. words) Imparting; giving; bestowing; forgiving.
 - بخش دينا bakhsh denā, v. : To bestow; to gift; to grant; to forgive.
 - pakhshish, n. f.: Grant; gift; donation; reward; forgiveness; pardon; generosity; beneficence.
 - بخشو بى بلى چوها لندورا هى بهلا bakhsho bi billi chuhu lahduru hi bhalu, prov. : A favour from the enemy is not only doubtful but also dangerous.
 - bakhshna, v.: To bestow; to give; to pardon; to grant; to absolve.
- master; scribe; disbursing offier; a general. (According to Prof. Barthold the word is derived from the Buddhist bhikshu.)
- ابخل (A) bukhl, n. m.: Miserline's; averice; stinginess; niggardliness.
 - بخيل bakhil, n. m. : A misor ;

- a stingy or avaricious person.
- نخيانا (H) bakhyānā, v. : To sew closely; to stitch.
- بخبه (P) bakhya(h), n. f.: Fine stitching or sewing.
 - الميزنا bakhya(h) udhernd, v.: To unstitch; to
 unloose; to divulge a
 secret; to expose a person; to disclose one's
 weak points.
-) (P) bad, adj. : Bad; wicked; mischlevous; naughty; evil-minded.
 - bad achchhā badnām burā, prov. : A bad person is better than one who has carned a bad name.
 - بد اخلاق bad akhlāq, adj. :
 Of bad manners; rude;
 immoral.
 - بد اطوار bad atwar, adj. : Illmannered; vulgar; of evil ways.
 - يد امنى bad amni, n. f.: Rebellion; serious disturbance.

- بد انتظامی bad intizāmī, n. f.: Misrule; maladministration; mismanagement.
- بد باطن bad bā tin, adj. : Malicious; evil-minded.
- بد بخت bad bakht, adj.: Unfortunate; wretched; fallen on evil days.
- بك بو bad $b\overline{u}$, n. f.: Dirty smell; stink.
- intemperate; immoderate; self-indulgent; careless; not able to control one's desires in eating, drinking or otherwise in rules of health.
- الله بدهوري bad parhezi, n. f.:

 Extravagance; intemperance; carelessness in eating or drinking; self-indulgence.
- بد كر bad tar, adj. : Worse ; of inferior quality.
- bad chalan, adj : Of bad character; immoral.
- bad ḥāl. adj. : In bad condition ; in straitened circumstances.
- بد حواس bad hawas, adj.

- Senseless; confused; nervous; bewildered; stunned; stupefied; stupefied;
- بد خلق bad khulq, } adj.: Ill-behaved.
- بل خوابی bad khwābī, n. f. : Wet dream; a nightmare; sleeplessness; insomnia.
- بد دعا bad du'a, n. f. : Curse;
 malediction.
- بد دعا دینا bad du'ā denā, v. :
 To curse.
- بد دل bad dil, adj. : Dissatisfied ; disheartened ; dejected ; hopeless ; suspicious.
- بد دماغ bad dimāgh, adj. :

 Proud; peevish; fretful;

 very critical of everything.
- بد دیانت bad dayānat, adj. :
 Dishonest ; unreliable ;
 faithless ; cheat.
- نات bad zāt, adj : Of bad disposition ; base ; ilibred ; wicked ; vicious.

obtuse; not intelligent.

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بدرنگ bad rang, adj.: Discoloured; of faint colour; faded; not of suitable colour.

بد زبان bad zabān, adj : Abusive; using foul language; reviler; impertinent.

bad sulūkl, n. f.: Maltreatment; misbehaviour.

بد شکونی bad shaguni, n. f.:
Inauspiciousness; a case
of bad omen.

بلا صورت bad şūrat, adj. :
Ugly; ill-shaped; not coherent.

بد صورتی bad sārati, n. f.: Ugliness; the state of being deformed or illshaped; bad shaped.

بل غلن bad gan, adj. : Suspicious; doubting the genuineness of a thing.

cherous; one wno goes back on his word; one who violates an agreement.

بد کمان bad gumān, adj. : Suspicious ; mistrustful.

بد کوئی bad gol, n. f.: Slander; columny; evilspeaking.

بد لگام bad lagām, adj. : Not obedient ; impudent ; uncontrollable ; rude ; impertinent ; foulmouthed.

bad mizāj, adj. :
Peevish; ill-natured;
casily flying into rage.

بل مزگی bad mazgi, n. f.:

Coolness between friends;

tastelessness: unpleasantness; disagreement.

bad maza(h). adj. : Of
bad taste : unsavoury ;
insipid; unpleasant; ill.

الله الله bad mast, adj : Dead drunk ; intoxicated ; wicked; lustful; passionate.

بلا معاش bad ma'ach, n. m.:

adj.: (1) A bad character; a rascal; a ruffian;
a blackguard; a bully. (2)

Of bad way of life; immoral; of evil profession.

الماده على bad muamila(h),

- adj.: Dishonest; fraudulent.
- putable; notorious; ignominous.
- bad naşīb, adj. : Unfortunate ; unlucky.
- بد نما bad numa, adj.: Clumsy; ugly; not fit; ungraceful.
- بد نیت bad niyat, adj. : Illdisposed ; having evil design; avaricious.
- بد هضمی bad hazmi, n. f.:

 Dyspepsia; indigestion;
 heaviness in stomach.
- بدون (P) bidün, prep. : Without; except.
- بدی (P) badl, n. f.: Evil; wickedness.
- (H) badā, adj.: Destined; written in fate; pro-determined.
- الله (H) bidā, n. f.: Departure of a newly married girl to her husband's house. (Derived from S. ودائي vidā'e==

 A. ودائي vidā', meaning departure.)
- لابدانا (H) budbudānā, v.: To

- speak in whispering tone; not to utter clean words.
- بدر (A) badr, n. m. & p.: (1)

 The full moon. (2) A village near Medina; name of a well.
- אלנ (P) badar, adv. : Out of doors; without; outside.
 - بلر كرنا badar karnā, v. : To turn out; to exile; to send out; to expel; to banish.
- ענ رو (P) badar rau, n. f.: A channel to enable water to flow out; a drain; a sewer.
- אלע אנע (H) budur budur, adv. : Slowly; in undertone.
- بدرقه (P) badraqa(h), n. m.: An escort; a guard during journey; a medicine which is compatible to another medicine.
- vation in religion or custom; schism; heresy.
- itu (H) bidkānā, v.: To frighten or disturb a horse; (al.) To divert (one's) mind (from).
- change; change; substitute; compensation; transfer.

- بدل جانا badal jana, v: To change; to shift from the previous position.
- יגל נאַל badal dend, v. : To change outright; to exchange; to change shape.
- badaina, v.: To vary; to shift; to change; to alter; to revolutionise; to mix; to exchange.
- Yب (H) badia, n. m.: Revenge; retaliation; compensation.
 - بدلا آثارنا badia utarna, v. :

 To requite; to compensate.
 - بدلا دینا badia dena, v: To compensate: to requite; to indemnify.
 - بدلا لينا badla lena, v. : To take revenge; to wreak vengeance; to retaliate.
- نك (A) badan, n. m.; Body; flesh and bones; (W) private part of body.
 - بلن بگڑنا ، بگڑ جانا badan bigarna, bigar jana, v. :

 To suffer from leprosy.
 - بدن کے رونگشے کھڑے ھونا badan ke rongie khure hond, v. : To have

- the hair stand on end; to be terror stricken; to feel intense cold.
- بهل جانا هال بهل بهل جانا badan phainā, phai jānā, v. : To have pimples all over the body.
- hond, v.: To suffer from slight temperature.
- badan in the joints of) the body (as a sign of approaching illness).
- بدن جلنا badan jalna, v. : To have high temperature.
- بان چور هونا badan chur chur chur hond, v. : To be catremely tired.
- الله وجانا هو جانا هو
- بدن میں آگ ، مرجیس لگمنا badan meh ag, mircheh lagna, v.: To be extr. mely angry; to fly into rage.
- tiky (H) badne, v.: To bet; to stipulate; (sl.) to fix; to nominate; (sl.) to think;

- to count; to accept.
- بدو (A) badd#, n. m. : A bedouin.
- A. (H) budh, n. m.: Wednesday.
- Gifts sent on an auspicious event (especially on marriage or childbirth); greeting on a happy occasion; congratulation.
- vessel with a spout for holding water.
- يدهو (H) buddhu, n. m. : A stupid person.
- بدهو! (H) bidhwa, n. f. : A

 Hindu widow.
- يدهي (H) baddhi, n. f.: A flower garland; sign on the body due to some heavy pressure or beating; a piece of leather for sharpening razir; slashing wound caused by sword.
- دها (H) badhyā, n. f. : A castracastrated bullock; a castrated person.
 - Sitting of a bullock suddenly while carrying a burden; to suffer loss.

بدهیا کرنا badhyā karnā, v. :
To castrate.

- بديس (H) bides, n. m. : A foreign country; abroad; another land.
- بديه (P) badlh, adj. : Spontaneous; sudden but to the point.
 - بديبه كوثى badin goi, n. f.:
 To speak spontaneously;
 to write poetry on the spot.
 - לייליט badihi, adj. : Clear ;
 bright ; open ; self-evident; axiomatic.
 - بديميات badihiyāt, n. f. : Selfevident truths; axioms.
- رَّهُمَا (H) buḍḍhā, n. m. & adj. :

 (1) An old man. (2) Aged.
 - يذهى كهوڑى لال لكام buddhi ghori läl lagām, prov. : An old man trying to show himself as young.
- بذل (A) bazl, n. m.: Present; grant; gift; donation.
- 4); (A) bazla(h), n. m.:

 Humourous turn; joke;
 witty remark; jest; raillery.
 - پذله منج bazla(h) sanj, n. m.:

- A humourous, witty person.
- j. (H) bar, n. m.: (1) Husband; bridgeroom. (2) Width of cloth.
- (A) bar, n. m.: Land as distinguished from water; a dry land; desert.
 - یر اعظم barr-i-a'zam, n. m. :
 A continent.
- (P) bar, prep., adj., n. m. & adv.: (1) Above; on; up; upon; a (2) High; superior; dominant. (3) Fruit; body; breast; side. (4) Out; outside.
 - بر افروخته bar afrokhta(h), adj.: Burning; angered; in a state of resentment.
- ير آمد. bar āmad, n. f.: Export; expenditure; despatch; coming out; show.
 - بر آماد کرنا bar amad karna;
 v.: To export; to expose;
 to search; to find out.
 - har amad hona, v.

 To be exported; to go
 out; to be discovered
 (stolen goods); to ap-

- pear.
- yeranda(h), n. m.: Verandah; a projected room on the upper story.
- برباد barbād, adj. : Destroyed; ruined : wasted ; lost.
- برباد کرنا barbail karnā, v. :
 To destroy; to demolish;
 to ruin.
- بربا barpā, adj. : Standing ; existing.
- harpā karnā, v. :
 To cause to stand; to
 form; to establish; to
 hold; to spread; to
 excite; to inhabit.
- برقر bartar, adj.: Very high; more preferable; bigger, eminent; excellent.
- برجسته barjasta(h), adj: Pat; spontaneous; without deliberation; suitable.
- missed (from service);
 going away (from company or group of persons).
- برحق barḥaq, adj. : Just right; inevitable.

- برخلاف barkhilöf, } adv. :
- har'aks, کرعکس bar'aks,

 Opposite to; on the contrary; on the other hand.
- برزبان کرنا barzabān karnā,
 v.: To commit to memory.
- אנייע לונ bar sar-t-kar, adj. :
 Employed; in service.
- missed; discarded; set aside.
- بر قراد bar qarār, adj. ! Firm; extant; continuing as before; established; present; living.
- ير لانا bar lānā, v.: To fulfil; to grant; to happen; to achieve; to get; to help to fruition.
- بر ملا bar mala, adv.: Openly; publicly; manifestly; face to face.
- برملا سنانا barmalā sunānā, v.:
 To abuse; to speak plainly; to criticise openly.
- (H) burā, adj: Bad; evil; unpleasant; clumsy; fearful; ugly; wicked; worthless; faulty.

- カリカ burā bhalā, adj. 他 n. m.: (1) (lit.) Bad or good; palatable or unplatable; tolerable. (2) Admonition; abusive language.
 - برا بهلا کېنا burd bhald kahnd,
 v.: To upbraid; to revile; to admonish; to
 reproach.
 - برا حال كرنا v.: To ill-treat; to annoy; to ruin; to render to a bad plight.
 - אנו לק burā kām, n. m.: Evil deed; indecent act; adultery.
 - take ill; to take as an offence; to be displeased.
- برائی (H) burāi, n. f.: Evil; wickedness; backbiting; blame.
- even; plain; uniform; like; at par; regular; continuous; exact; accurate; according to; complete.
 - برابر برابر barabar, barabar,

- adv.: Side by side; of equal rank or size; in one line; together.
- se jawab denā, v. : To answer disrespectfully ; to answer pecvishly; to reply in an awkward manner.
- برابر کی ٹکر ' چوٹ barābar ki برابر کی ٹکر ' چوٹ takkar, choṭ, n. f.: Confrontation between equals.
- برابری کرنا barābarī karnā,
 v.: To rival; to compete;
 to be ill-behaved; to
 insult.
- رات (P) barāt, n. f.: Official order; a firman; a pay bill drawn on treasury; share.
- (H) barāt, n. f.: Marriage; marriage party; crowd; group.
- (H) birājmān, adj. : Shining; excellent.
 - birājmān honā, v.:
 To sit; to grace the occasion; to ride with dignity; to adorn.
- (P) baradar, n. m.: Bro-

- אכונן זפוח barādar-i-tauām, n. m.: Twim brothers.
- אנוע נונה barādar zāda(h), n. m.: Nephew.
- n. m.: Brother-in-law;
 (wife's brother or sister's husband.)
- ther-hood; group relationship; caste; tribal attachment; fraternity.
- (P) burāda(h), n. m.: Sawdust; powder.
- (A) burāq, n. m.: A horse like animal on which the Propert of Islam ascended the Heaven.
- جراق (A) barrāq, adj.: Very bright; shining lustrously; skilled; swift; flashing.
- جران (P) burran, adj. : Sharp ; cptting.
- (H) barrānā, v.: To rave; to tal in sleep.
- (A) bara't, n. f.: Warrant conferring immunity; acquittal ord r.
- (P) bara'e, prep. : For ; for the sake of ; through ;

on account of; by reason of.

- ית אווו (H) burburana, v.: To sprinkle; to scatter.
- ابربط (A) barbat, n. m.: Guitar.
- אנים (H) bart, n. m.: Fasting.
- (H) birta, n. m.: Power; strength; ability; courage; support; help.
- برتاو ' برتاو
- برتن (H) bartan, n. m.: Vessel; utensil; pot.
 - bartan se bartan khaṭak hi jātā hae, prov. : Some times there is argument or bad blood even among members of a family.
- برتنا (H) baratnā, v. : To make use of; to experiment; to behave; to accomodate; to spend.
- (H) birj. n. p.: The district of Muttra (U. P., India) noted for the sweetness of its dialect.

- bhākā, n. m.: The dialect of (the area of) Birj.
- אנה (A) burj n. m.: A bastion; a tower; a sign of the zodiac.
- برجس (E) birjis, n. f.; Breeches.
- (H) barchhā, n. m : A spear; a lance; a dart.
 - ارجهی barchhl, n. f.: A small spear; a small lance.
 - jigar ke par hona, id.:

 To be striken by a lance;

 to be striken with grief.
- in the game of chess; gain; profit; bribe.
- אָנטְע (P) burdbar, adj.: Patient; painstaking; tolerant; enduring.
- (P) barda(h), n. m.: Slave; war prisoner.
- (H) bararna, v.: To be twisted; to become crooked (due to extreme dryness); (fig.) to take pride.
- (A) barzakh, n. m. & f. :

 (1) (lit) Curtain; obstruction; purgatory; interval

between death and resurrection. (2) A quaint style, manner, or fashion.

- ن (P) barzan, n. m.: Street; side-street; way.
- برس (H) baras, n. m. : Year.
 - برس برس کا دن baras baras kā din, id.: Annual day (of feetival) or (some) auspicious day (falling once a year).
 - الرسون: barson, adv. : Extending for years.
 - الاسي: barsl, n. f.: Prayer (with some ceremony) held annually (for the soul of the dead).
- برسات (H) barsāt, a. f.: Rainy
 - مرسات کی جاندنی barsa: ki chāndai, td.: Anything impermanent; passing phase of a thing.
 - connected with rainy season; waterproof; a projected verandah for cars; an harvest of rainy season.
- (H) barsand, v.: To cause

to min; to throw in abundance; to expend extravagantly; to winnow the grain.

- برس پڑنا baras parnā, v. : To rain heavily; to pour out invective.
- fly into anger; to be found in abundance; to upbraid.
- برش (E) burash, n. m. : Brush.
- برش (P) burrish, n f. : Sharp-ness; cutting ability.
- برشکال (P) barshakāl, n. m.: Rainy sea-on
- (A) baraş, n. m. : Leuco-derma ; leprosy.
- رف (P) barf, n. f. & adj. : (1)

 I.e; snow (2) White; very cold
 - barfāni, adj.: Icy cold; cutting cold; biting cold.
 - برف پڑنا ، کرنا barf parna, girna, v.: To snow.
 - bec me icy cold.
 - برف کی تفلی barf kl qufll, n.f.:

- (P) barfi, n. f.: A kind of sweetmeat.
- برق (A) barq, n. f. & adj. : (1)

 Lightning; electricty. (2)

 Clever; quick; quick-witted; fast; very clean.
 - برق آبی barq ābl, n. f. :
 (Mod.) Hydro-electricity.
 - برتانا bargana, v. : (Mod.) To electrify.
 - برق انداز ، برقنداز barq andāz, barqandāz, n. m. : A musket er; a policeman; an armed guard.
 - برق پیما barq paima, n. m. :
 Electrometer.
 - برق كير barq glr, n. m.: Conductor of electricty.
 - برتهه barqiya(h), n. m. : Electron; telegram.
- ا برقع (P) burqa', n. m. : A veil.
- ورکت (U) barkat, n. f.: Prosperity; blessing; good fortune; abundance.
 - بر کت دینا bless; to pray for prosperity.

بركها (H) barkhā, n. m.: Rainy season; rains.

- (P) barg, n. m.; Leaf; provison for a journey.
 - برگ و باز barg-o-bar, n. m.:
 - برگ و ساز barg-o-saz, n. m.: Moans of livelihood.
- yan tree; Indian fig, branches of which root themselves over great extent.
- برما (H) barmā, n. m. : A drill; an auger; a gimlet; a boring tool.
 - برمانا barmana, v. : To bore a hole with a gimlet.
- (P) barna, n. m.: A youth.
- (P) birinj, n. m.: (1) Rice. (2) Brass.
 - يرنجي birinji, adj. & n. f.:
 (1) Of brass. (2) A small
 nail.
- (H) birwa, n. m.: A plant; a tree.
- יקפנים burndat, n. f.: Chill ; coldness.
- المومند (P) baromand, adj. :

Fruitful; fortunate; lucky.

- ית פני (U) buren, adv. : Out ;
 outside; externally. (Abbr.
 of ישתפט berea)
- الله (P) barra(h), n. m. : Lamb ; kid ; ram.
- رهان: (A) burhan, n. f.: Reason; argument; justification; proof.
- (P) barham, adj.: Entangled; enraged; angry.
- (H) brahmd, n. m.: The first Diety in the character of creator, or matter personified.
- ارهان (P) barahman, n. m. : A bigh caste Hindu ; a Hindu priest.
- برهنه (P) barahna(h), adj. :

 Naked; uncovered; nude;
 bare.
- (A) barl, adj.: Free from guilt; innocent; exonerated; ed; acquitted.
- (H) bari, n. f.: Garments, ornaments etc. presented to the bride by the bridge-room, at the time of marriage.
- (P) biryani, n f.: A rice dish cooked with meat and

ghee.

- P. (H) bar, n. m. & f.: (1)

 Banyan tree. (2) Idle talk;

 vain talk.
- huge; superior; principal; respectable; old; of considerable means; grand; wide.
 - ابر خما baya bayha, n. m. :
 An old head of a family;
 an aged one; father;
 grandfather.
 - boast. bol, n. m. : A
 - barā din, n. m.: Christmas Day; the 25th day of December, the Christian festival day for the birth of Christ.
- نوا كوشت barā goshi, n. m. :
- bara'i, n. f.: Greatness; largeness; excellence; superiority; exaltation; praise.
- talk in undertones; to grumble in low tone; to murmur; to rave; to talk nonsense.

- affectation of youth in old age.
- يزهابا) burhāpā, n. m. : Old ago; senility.
- (1) To enlarge; to augment; to expand; to lengthen; to extend; to amplify; to increase. (2) To put out (lamp); to close (a shop); to finish eating by removing the remnant of food.
 - centive; inducement; exitement; exaggeration; hyperbole; flattery; false praise.
 - barhti, n. f. & adj.: (1)

 Excess; extra progress;

 prosperity; increase. (2)

 (W: More; extra; in excess.
 - barhil kā pahsā, بڑھتی کا پہوا id.: Days of prosperity.
- to grow; to be raised high; to go forward; to advance; to exceed; to surpass; to be put out (lamp); to become sich.

- بر هنی (H) barha'l, n. m.: Carpenter.
- (H) burhya, n. f. : An old woman.
- بر (H) barhya, adj. : Fine ; of high quality or price ; expensive.
- j? (P) buz, n. f.: A goat.
 - אניגל buz dil, adj. : Coward ; poltroon; spiritless.
- زاز: (A) bazzāz, n. m. : A cloth merchant ; draper.
- (1) Aged; old; venerable; noble; great; sensible. (2)
 An old man; a holy man; a wise person; ancestors.
- 4); (P) bazla(h), n. m.: A humorous kit; pleasantry; anecdote.
 - bazla(h) sanj, bazla(h) sanj, bazla(h) go, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) A humorous person:

 a pleasant conversationalist; a story teller. (2)

 Witty; humorous.
- Pi bazm, n. f.: Assembly; association; meeting; happy company.
- ن (P) bizun. Imp.: Command to strike; order to kill or shoot.

بس (P) bas, adj., adv. & intj. : Enough; sufficient; too much. (2) And so; in short; now. (3) That will do; stop; hold.

- bas ki(h), conj. : Although; whereas.
- اسی (H) bas, n. m. : Power ; jurisdiction; authority; occasion; turn; will.
 - bas chaine, v. : To have authority: to control; to influence.
 - bas men and, بس موں آنا ، يونا parna, id. : To be governed by order of; to be under control of.
 - bas mek karna, يس مين كرنا v.: To subjugate; to control; to overpower.
- يسي (H) bis, n.m.: Poison; bane; venom; anything bitter, disagreeable, spiteful.
 - bis ugalnā, v. : To spout poison; to SRY venomous things revile; to take revenge; to insult.
 - bis bhard, adj. ; Pull of poison; venomens.

- bis kl purya. ganin, n. f.: (lit.) Poison wrapped in paper or (tied) in a knot; a mischievous person; a malicious person; devil. (personified).
- bis gholna, v. : (lit.) To mix poison; to backbite; to talk in a mischievous manner.
- (P) bosā, adj. : (1) Much ; many; more. (2) Perfumed. (3) Populated.
 - basa auqut, adv. : Often; frequently; generally; mostly.
- لساط (A) bisāː, n.f.: Carpet; bedding ; chess board ; capacity; stock; capital; power; authority.
 - bisa 11, n. m. : A vendor of small wares; a general merchant on a scale; a pedlar.
- Ulm? (P) basān, adj.: Resembiing ; like.
- السي (H) basana, v. : (1) To colovise; to cause to dwell; to bring into cultivation: to people. (2) To perfume: to put a fragrant thing inside.

- bischind, n. f.: (1) Stench; stink; bad smell; fishy smell; smell of meat. (2) Coarseness; vulgarity.
- (P) bistar, n. m.: Bedding; mattress; bed.
 - plih lag jana, id.: To be seriously ill; to lie on bed as a result of iliness.
- (P) basta(h), n. m. & adj.:

 (1) Satchel; a wrapper; a piece of cloth for wrapping up papers and documents.

 (2) Bound; frozen; tied; shut; closed.
- بستى (H) bastl, n. f.: Settlement;
 village; colony; small
 town; house; abode;
 population. (opp. of إلمالة, desolation.)
- (P) basar, adv.: To a head; to the fore; to an end.
 - بسر اوقات basar augat, n. f:

 Living; livelihood;

 course of life.
 - basar karnā, v.: To bring to an end; to finish; to spend; to pass (time); to execute.

- basar hond, v. : To come to an end; to be finished, passed or spent.
- ויין (H) bisar, n. f.: Forgetfulness; oblivion.
 - bisrā, adj: Forgotten إلى bisrā, adj: bisrā, adj bhalā of the same meaning, e.g. (بهولا بسرا).
 - بسر خانا ، بسرنا bisar jana, bisarna, v.: To forget; to iapse from memory.
- بسكت (E) biskut, n. m.: Biscuit.
- (A) bast n. m.: Detail; commentary; diffused explanation.
- (i) In the name of God
 (Words uttered by Muslims
 to seek Almighty's blessings
 at the beginning of every
 work or at the time of
 calamity). (2) Beginning;
 commencement; a ceremony performed when
 the child is taught to read
 for the first time; name of
 Muslim women.
 - ون من الله الله اكبر كر دينا millah-i-allah-o-akbar kar

mence.

denā, id.: To sacrifice or

- slaughter an animal.

 slaughter an animal.

 bismillah karna,

 v.: To begin; to com-
- bismiliah ke gumbad meh baithna, rahna, prov.:
 To live seperately or keep aloof in a place of safety; to live in ivory tower; to be ignorant of the surrounding world.
- bismiliah hi ephalut, id.: A mistake in the very beginning of a work.
- بسمل (P) bismil, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) (lit.) A slaughtered or
 sacrificed animal; a disturbed person; a lover. (2)
 Wounded.
- (A) basna, v.: (1) To dwell; to be settled; to be populated; to be cultivated; to roost; to perch; to lodge; to thrive; to flourish; to prosper. (2) To be perfumed.
- spring; spring festival and its songs.

- لنا basant phūlnd, v. :

 To bloom (the mustard plant).
- khabar na honā, id.: To be inexperienced; to have no knowledge of surroundings or particular events.
- basantl, adj. : Of yellow colour; yellow.
- i بسوران (H) bistirne, v.: To put on a crying or weeping face; to sob.
- البور (H) basīlā, n. m. : Carpenter's axo; adze.
- اسو. (H) biswa(h), n. m.: An Indian land measure; the twentieth part of a معلية bigha(h) = 1620 sq. yards.
 - biswa(h)dar, n. m. :
 Owner of a biswa(h) in
 a village land.
- ing; halting or soosting time; a night's lodging.
 - iena, v.: To roost; to repose for the night.
- (A) basit, adj. : Broad ;

- wide; well spread out; extended.
- بشارت (U) basharat. n. f.: Good news; glad tidings; inspiration.
- بشاش (A) bashshāsh, adj. : Happy; lively; cheerful; delighted; pleased; sprightly; hilarious.
 - bashāshat, n. f.: Happiness; delight.
- (A) bashar. n. m. : Man ; human being.
 - بشریت bashariyat, n. f. : Hu-
- هره (A) bushra(h), n. m. : Outward appearance ; facial expression ; somatic exterior.
- بهارت (A) baṣārat, n. f.: Sight; vision; knowledge; insight.
 - sion; the eye.
 - başîr, n. m. : Seet : sage; sagacious or wise person; an attribute of God.
 - insight: prudence; foresight; discorposent.

- tal; stock in trade; power; property; wealth; goods; effects.
- نطن (A) bat, batakh, n.f.:
 A goose; a duck; duckling.
 - tame duck. (2) A flask of powder.
 - gobiet, in the shape of a duck, for wine.
- رطال (A) battāl, n. m. : A deitful person ; a black-guard; a cunning fellow.
- strip of land in Western Arabia, containing the holy place of Mecca; Mecca.
- يطريق (A) biṭrlq, n. m. : A bishop.
- (A) batl, n. m. : A brave hero.
- رطن (A) bajn, n. m. : Abdomen; womb; the inside.
- Jan (A) b'ad, edr.: After; subsequently; later on.
 - b'ad az از سرگ واویلا marg wawalla, prov. : To

cry over spilt milk.

- Jee (A) b'ud, n. m. : Distance ; difference ; separateness.
 - n. m.: The distance between the two poles; great difference; poles asunder.
 - b'ald, adj. : Distant ; far away ; remote.
- رهض (A) b'az, adj. : Some ; several ; a few.
- بغاره (P) bughāra(h), n, m. : A big hole (cloth, wall) ; deep wound.
- bellion; insurrection; mutiny; revolt.
- knife used by butchers for chopping.
- مُغُنِّ (A) bughz, n. m : Malice; artice ; grudge ; hatred ; enmity.
- افر (P) baghel, n. m. : Armpit ; side ; flank.
 - bajānā, v. : (1) To express picasure. (2) (in

- pejorative sense) To mock.
- بغل كرم كرنا baghal garm karna, id.: To share the bed; to sleep (with a woman); to embrace.
- بغل كير هونا baghal gir hona,
 v.: To embrace (by way of welcome).
- baghal men بغل میں ایمان دبانا iman dabana, v. : To be faithless; to be dishonest.
- id: To be nonplussed; to be unable to enswer to a charge.
- بغل میں لڑکا شہر میں ڈھنڈورا baghal men larka shahr men dhandhora, prov. : To look for a thing which one already has (forgetfuincss).
- be ghli, adj.: Relating to the armpit; belonging to a side; auxiliary
- المونسا baghil ghaned, n.

 M. An unexpected blow
 from a near quarter; a
 thow from an enemy in
 disguise.
- bughil gor, n. f. : A

grave in which the dead body is deposited in the side.

- بغلول (H) baghlol, n. m. : A stupid person ; a fool ; simpleton; dullard.
- (A) baqu, n. f.: Permanence; eternity; immortality; existence; life. (opp. of in famu, destruction, death.)
- رقال (A) baqqal, n. m. : A grocer; a grain merchant; vegetable seller.
- بقايا (A) baqāyā, n. f., pl. : Remainder; balance; dues; arrears. (s. مِمَّا baqlya(h).)
- knapsack; a small bundle of cloth.
- بقرعيد (A) baqra'ld, n f. : A

 Muslim festival of sacrifice
 on the 10th day of the
 month of Zilhij. (abbr. بقريد
 baqrld.)
- び (H) bak, n.f.: Idle talk.
 - بک بک bak bak, n. f.: A tall idle talk; useless conversation.
 - bak bak ایک بک جهک جهک الم

- less talk; a fruitless discussion; chatter; babble.
- بک بک کرنا bak bak karnā, v.: To chatter; to prate; to babble.
- baknā, v.: To talk aimlessly; to talk idly; to chatter; to prate; to jabber.
- بكواس bakwās, n. f. : A gabble; a jabbering talk; a use-less talk.
- بكارت ، بكر (A) bakarat, bikr, n. f.: Virginity; maidenhood.
- بكاؤ (H) bikān, adj.: For sale.
- P) baktar, n. m.: A coat of mail; armour.
- (H) bakrā, n. m.: A he-goat.
 - بكرى bakrl, n. f.: A she-
 - bukre ki man kab tak khair manae gi, prov. : A thing distined will invariably take place inspite of all efforts to stop it.
- (E) bakram, n m. : Buck-

ram; a hard coarse cloth used by tailors to stiffen parts of dress.

(H) bikrl, n. f.: Sale of goods; demand; price.

(E) bak., n. m. : Box.

بكسا (H) baksā, adj. : Sour ; unpleasant.

baksāhaṭ, n. f.
Sourgess.

to bloom; to expand; to smile; to laugh; to wither; to droop.

(E) baksuwā, n. m. : A buckie.

(H) bukkal, n. m.: Fold of ladies' scarf.

ایکل مارنا bukkal mārnā. v:

To fold the scarf on the shoulder (by ludies).

بكل 'بكلا (H) bakkal, baklā, n. m.: The skin of tree.

in foolish talk: to talk nonsense; to jabber; to chatter; to babble.

الله (H) bikna, v.: To be sold.

اکوار (H) bakwas, n. f: idle talk; foolish conversation; loquacity.

(iit.) To preach; to mentin; (fig.) to speak ill of somebody; to abuse; to villify.

be scattered; to be dispersed; to be reduced to smithereens; to be dishevelled (hair); to be angry; to be confused; to be disordered; to lose consciousness.

scatter; to disperse; to spread.

Noise; uproar; quarrel; complicated affair; dispute; vexatious business; imbroglio; confusion; obstruction; subbish; lumber; collection of unwanted articles; trick; artful tacation.

defect; corruption; damage; discord; decline; flaw; quarrel; misunderstanding; break; violation.

to bungle; to mar; to

vitiate; to create misunderstanding.

- نگلف (H) bagjut, adv. : (lit.) With broken reigns (horse); at full gallop; very fast.
- (H) bigrā, adj. : Impaired; damag d; out of temper; out of tune.
 - bigge dil, adj. : Refractory; rebellious: reckless; wild; desperate; crazy.
- U) (H) bigarnā, v. : To be spoiled; to be damaged; to quarrel; to disagree; to break down; to go out of order; to lose temper ; to revolt; to rebel; to be ruined; to become angry.
- Magia, n. m.: Crane; heron.
 - بكلا بهكت bagla bhogat, n. m.: A hypocrite; a faise devotee; a pretender; a cunning and artful fellow.
- ソメ (H) bag至la, n. m.; Whirlwind.
- ناهارنا (H) bagharna, v. : season a dish) by spices and ghee; to fry in butter.

- shekh! bagharna, شيخي بكهارنا prov. : To brag ; to talk big.
- (E) bagght, n f.: A buggy; a gig; a light carriage.
- (H) bil, n. m.: A hole; a burrow; an opening.
- ال (H) bal, n. m.: Power; strength; might; force; vigour; effort; side; way; direction; twist; coil; curl; sacrifice for Hindu deity; hatred; difference; fold.
 - bal and, v.: To receive twist or fold; to be intertwined; to have differ rence.
 - bal baid, n. m.: Strength; power; pride; courage.
 - bal parna, v. : To be بل يؤنا twisted; to be angry; to have folds; to have diffeence (in accounts).
 - بلدار baldar, adj. : Complicated; twisted; intricate.
 - baldan, n. m. : Offer of blood sacrifice, before and Hindu deity.

- to fold; to turn; to offer sacrifice; to coil.
- النا خالنا bal daina, v.: To give turns and twists ; to make difference ; to show anger.
- انا کهانا می bal khānā, v. : To be extremely angry; to be twisted.
- hal nikālnā, بل نكالنا ، نكال دينا nikāl denā, v.: To stralghten; to set right; to remove coils; to clear intricacy; to correct; to punish; to remove pride.
- له (E) bil, n.m.: A bill; a draft; draft legislation.
- 为 (H) ballā, n. m. : A long staff; a cricket bat; a tennis racket.
- ابلا (H) bille, n. m. : A tom cat.
- P) bala, n. f. & adj.: (1)

 Evil; trial; misfortune;

 distress; fiend; spirit; an

 awful thing; affliction. (2)

 Clever; well-practised; intelligent; fearful.
 - الله الله bala se, adv. : No matter; never mind; who cares.

- Sola ka, ki, adj.: Intensive; excessive; unusual; most.
- بلا نوش bala nosh, n. m.: One who eats and drinks too much; a glutton.
- بلاغت (A) balāghat, n. f. : Eloquence; rhetoric.
- invite; to summon; to send for.
 - bulawa, n. m; Invitation.
- بلبل (P) bulbul, n. m. & f. : A nightingalo.
- لبلا (H) bulbula, n. m.: A bubble.
- البلانا (H) balbaland, v. : To express anger; to be in heat; to cry or make noise (camel).
- البلانا (H) bilbiland, v. : To be restless; to cry in distress or pain; to lament; to sob violently.
- راثني (E) bilil, n. f.: Bill of lading; a receipt for the desputch of goods by rail or ship.
- o الله (A) balda(h), n. m.: City; town.

بلی کے خواب میں چھیچھڑے

- baldiya(h) n m.: (Mod.)

 Municipality.
- بلسان (E) balsan, n. m. Balsam; fragrant ointment or oil for so, thing pain etc.
- بلغم (A) bālgham, n. m. Phlegm.
- bitterly in grief; to be restless; to so b or cry like a child; to wail.
- (P) balki(h), adv. & conj.:

 (1) On the other hand;
 rather; on the contrary;
 moreover. (2) Nay; but.
- of short spear; lance.
- باند (P) baland, adj. ; High; lofty; sublime; elevated; exalted; tall; loud.
 - باند بایه baland paya(h), adj.;

 Of high rank; having an exalted position; standing on a high pedestal.
 - بلند كرنا baland karna, v. : to elevate; to lift; to raise high; to exalt.
 - باندی balandi, n f. : Height;
 elevation; altitude
- بلو (H balwa, n m. : Riot; tumult; insurrection; di-

- turbance; disorder; outbreak of lawlessness by a crowd.
- بلور (A) biliur, n. m. : Crystal ; crystal glass ; transparent glass.
- بلوط (A) ballat, n. m. : An oak tree.
- بلوغ (A) bulugh, n.m.: Maturity; puberty ; adolescence ; manhood.
- بلونا (H) bilona, v. : To churn (milk); to shake.
- بلی (H) balli, n. f.: Rafter;

 pole; support; a long wooden or bamboo pole to
 steer a boat.
- (H) billi, n f.: (1) A cat.

 (2) The bolt or bar of a door; latch.
 - billi ke bhagon chhlaka fuid, prov. : (lit.) The cat's fate was good, for the string broke and down came the (food); sain without effort; a windfall.
 - بلی کے خواب مین جہوڑے می کوہوں کے خواب مین جہوڑے می کوہوں کا اللہ اللہ khwab mea chlichhre hi chhichhre, prov: (lit.) The cat dreams

adj. :

of tripe; a man thinks according to his desires.

- بليخ (A) baligh, adj.: Learned; eloquent.
- (H) bam, n. f.: (1) Shafts of a carriage to yoke horses.

 (2) Noise; tumult; clamour. (Used with 产 chakh,
- e! (E) bam, n. m. : A bomb.
 - بمباری bambāri, n. f. : (Mod.)

 Act of bombing; bombardment.
- زن! (H) ban, n. m.: Forest jungle; wood; grove.
 - ين مانس ban mānus, n. m.:

 A chimpanzee ; a wild
 man; a gorilla.
- (A) bin, n. m. : Son.
- except; unless; exclusive of.
- ن. (P) bun, n. f.; Root; extreme.
- ان (M) ban and, v. : To be successful; to get the desired result; the setting right of a thing.
 - ن بزنا ban parna, v. : To get the opportunity ; to be

- successful; to be able to; to think.
- (H) band, n. m. : A bride-groom.
- root; reality; cause; reason; beginning.
- w (H) bana,

spurious.

- (1) Ready; mixed; prepared; finished; decided; finalised. (2) Forged; artificial; fictitious; false;
 - بنا بنایا band bandyd, adj. ;

 Ready made ; correct ;

 finished; regular.
 - ينا نهنا hanā ihanā, adj. : Fully adorned; well fashioned; bedecked; embellished; well groomed.
- to construct; to prepare; to adjust; to amend; to shave; to paint; to decorate; to laugh at; to satisfie ; to improve; to correct; to draw.
 - bandu, n. m.: Decoration; embellishment; construction; friendship.

- بناو سنگار banāu singār, n. m. :

 Beautification ; decoration.
- بناسيتي (H) bandspatl, n. f.:

 (1) Vegetable; blades of
 grass; wild leaves, fruits.

 (2) Vegetable (oil, ghee).
- بنا حوش (P) bunagosh, n. m. & f.: Lower lobe of the ear.
 - Make; build; figure;
 farm; fabrication; shape;
 show; display; affectation; forgery; pretence.
 (2) Texture; type of
 knitting or weaving.
- (H) banas, n. f.: Gold or silver embroidery on a long piece of cloth.
- girl. (A) bint, n. f.: Daughter;
- إنجارا (H) banjārā, n. m. ; A grain merchant; a roving trader . gipsy.
- انتجر (H) banjar, m. f.: Waste land; fallow; barren or uncultivated land.
- (E) binch, n f: (1) B nch; long seat of wood or stone.
 (2) Judge's seat; law court.
 (3) (pl.) Seats appropriated

- to certain groups etc., in parliament.
- Ligature; joint; tie; knot; bond; hinderance; arrest; imprisonment; captivity; mound; dyke; dam; embankment; verse; stanza; burden (of song); link of a chain; artifice; dodge. (2) Closed; locked; silent; stuffy.
 - To construct a dem; to forestall; to check inundation; to manage;
 to project.
 - بنال بنال band band. n. m. & adv.:

 (1) Every joint; every part. (2) In a silent way; indirectly.
- بند بند لولنا band band بقامل.

 v.: To feel pain in every joint; to be extremely tired; to feel sick.
- band khāna(k), المناف فاند band khāna(k), كاند فاند bandi khōna(h), المام m. m. : A prison ; jail.
- band karna, v. : To shut; to close; to lock

up; to imprison; to close (account),; to stop; to fill up; to prevent; to silence.

- بند ند هونا band na(h) hond, v.:

 (lit.) Not to be incapable

 (of); to be fearless; to

 deal with resourcefully.
- بندا (H) bunda, n. m. : Ear ring; pendant.
- بندر (H) bandar, n. m.: A monkey.
- بندر (P) bandar, n. m. : A seaport; a trade town on the seashore.
- بندش (P) bandish, n. f.: Composition; elegance of style; obstruction; plan; artifice; prohibition.
- بندگي (H) bundki, n. f. ; A dot; a little spot; a tiny drop.
- بندگی (P) bandagi, n. f.: Service; devotion; worship; servitude; humility; a mode of salutation.
 - بندگی کرنا bandagi karna, v.:
 To salute; to greet; to worship (God).
- P) band-u-bast, n. m.:

 Arrangement; management;

 system; order; regulation;

land settlement.

- ندوبست استمراری band-u-basti-istimrārī, n. m. : Permanent (land) settlement.
- پندوق (A) banduq, n. f. : A gun ; a musket.
 - بندوق بهرنا banduq bharnd, v. :
 To load a gun.
 - بندوق چلانا banduq chaland,
 v.: To fire a gun; to shoot; to fire.
- vant; slave; human being; creature; humble servant (a term used by a writer or speaker of himself when addressing a superior).
- ندهن (H) bandhan, n. m. بندهن (Knot; tie; obstacle; relationship; rope.
- iixed; (H) bandhnā, v.: To be fixed; to fit; to be well composed; to help; to cooperate.
- er (woman). (2) Embargo.
- بندی، بندیا (H) bindi, bindya,
 n. f.: Cypher; dot; a red
 mark (put on forchead by
 Hindu woman to beautify

themselves).

بنڈل (E) bandal, n. m.: Bundle.

ننڈی (H) bandl, n. f.: A waist coat.

(H) bansl, n. f.: The angling rod; the flute.

بنفشه (P) banafsha(h), n. f.: The violet.

بنک (E. bank, n. m..: A bank.

(E & H) bangla(h), n. m.:

(1) Bungalow; a thatched house. (2) A kind of betel leaf; the Bengali language.

لننا (H) bunnā, v.: To weave ; to spin ; to knit.

(H) bannā, v.: To be decorated; to be invented; to
be set right; to be repaired;
to be reformed; to be
selected; to be written; to
affect; to disguise; to be
painted; to be possible;
to be settled; to succeed;
to have the hair cut.

بنولا (H) binaula, n. m.: Cotton seed.

بني (H) bank, n. f.: (1) A bride. (2) Prosperity.

بنی (A) banl, n. m.: Progeny; descendants; children; off-springs.

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بنبا (H) banyā, n. m. : A grocer; a grain seller; a niggard; a timid person.

ation; basis; origin; ground work.

rakhnā, v.: To lay the foundation; to begin; to build; to found.

ייבאט (H) banyān, n. f.: An underwear.

بو (A) $b\overline{u}$, n. m.: Father. (Short form of ابو $ab\overline{u}$.)

ge; wonderful; marvellous.

greedy; slave of passion; ... avaricious.

بو (P) $b\overline{u}$, n. f.: Fragrance; smell; putrid smell.

the smell (of); to experience the smell.

bu bas, n. f.: The

smell of flower or body; conduct; similarity; style; habit; character; trace; address.

- (H) buwā, n. f.: An old woman; any elderly lady.
- Piles; or hemorrhoids.
- بوتا (H) buta, n. m.: Strength;

 power; ability.
- بوتل (E) botal, n f.: Bottle.
- بوك (H) bū!, n. m. : Green gram.
- بوك (E) $b\overline{u}i, n \ m.$: Boot.
- plant; a flowery pattern worked on cloth or paper.
- بوځی (H) būṭl, n. f.: A small plant or flower; herb; root of a small plant; hemp leaves.
- بوگی (H) boil, n. f.: A small piece of flesh or meat.
 - pharaknā v.: To throb in every vein; to be very active and lively; to be naughty.
 - بوليان نوچنا boliyan nochna, v.:

To tease; to torment; to harass.

- burden; debt; encumbrance; affliction; anxiety; obligation; responsibility.
 - bojh utarna, v.: To put down a load; to discharge an obligation; to throw off or to relieve (oneself) of a burden; to pay off a debt; to act carelessly.
 - To carry a load; to undertake a responsibility; to be under an obligation; to bear a burden.
 - bojhal, adj.: Heavy; loaded; weighty.
- bojhon marna, v.:

 To sweat and groan under a load.
- hension; sagacity; power of perception; intelligence.
 - būjh bujhakkar, n. m.: A wiseacre; a sententious dullard.
 - ا بوجه بجول būjh bujhawwal, n.

- m.: A game at riddles; enigma.
- to make out; to conceive; to calculate; to presage; to solve a riddle; to ascertain.
- (E) buchar, n. m.: Butcher; meat seller.
- اوچهار (H) bauchhār, n. f.:

 Drops of rain driven by wind; heavy shower of rain; abundance; excess.

 (Also pronounced as بوجهاز bauchhār.)
 - الوجهار برانا bauchar parna, v.:

 To fall (heavy showers of rain); to fall in abundanance (arrows, bullets);
 to be severely criticised from all directions.
 - بوچهار کرنا v.: To criticise or scoid severely; to talk ceaselessly; to spend lavishly; to squander.
- **Desire :** (P) bud, n. f.: Existence; being.
 - būd-u-bāsh, n. f. : Residence; abode.
- 13 (H) boda, adj. : Weak ;

- poor; timid; dull; worn out; low-spirited.
- وره (H) bodh, n. m.: A follower of Budha; a Budhist.
-) (H) būr, n. m.: Chaff; husk; sawdust; small broken pieces.
 - m.: Ball-shaped sweatmeat made out of grain
 husk; anything fair without but foul within; a
 useless act.
- eti) بورها (H) baurā, baurahā, adj.: (1) Mad; insane; rabid. (2) A mad person.
 - بورانا baurānā, v. : To run mad.
- ابورا (H) būrā, n. m.: Coarse sugar; powder.
- بورا (H) borā, m. m.: A gunny bag; a canvas bag; a sack.
- بورى borl, n. f.: A small gunny bag.
- ورانی (P) barani. n. f.: A kind of dish prepared from brinjal and curd.
- نورن (H) bornā. v. : To dip ; drench; steep.
- U je (P) bortyd, n. m. : A mat.

earthen pot; a poor man's entire property.

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boriyā بوريا بدهنا آنهانا ، سميلنا badhnā uihānā, sameinā, v.: To prepare for departure; to pack up to leave; to depart.

burh suhāgan, n.
f.: (W) (lit.) An aged
woman whose husband is
alive. (Elderly women
wish young wives to live
long happily with their
husbands.)

ghorhi lāi lagām, prov. :

Affectation of youth in old age.

burhe tote بوڑھے توتے پڑھانا burhe tote parhana, prov.: To teach a person of advanced age (considered a difficult task).

بوزنه بهوزینه (P) b w s s o (h),

b w z in a(h), w. m. : A monkey.

m.: Kissing and embracing;

coquetry with temptation...

بوسه (P) bosa(h), n.m.: A kiss.

وسه به بيغام bosa(h) ba paighām, n. m. : (lit.) A
kiss through a message;
indirect graciousness;
achievement of one's aim
through other person.

وسيده (P) bosida(h), adj. :

Very old; rotten; decayed;

stale; worn out.

بو قلموں (P) buqalmua, adj.: Motly; of various colours or kinds.

بو کهل (H) baukhal, adj.: Confused; perturbed; perplexed; distracted.

baukhlana, v.: To be confused; to be upset; to be restless; to be perplexed.

(H) bol, n. m.: Speech; word; utterance; burden of song; verse; melody; tune; fame: taunt; words spoken to solemnise marriage.

- to break down; to be confused; to be at one's wit's end; to become old; to be worn out; to suffer loss; to become bankrupt.
- bol chal, n. f.: Talk; conversation; common speech; accent: dialect; idiom; diction; dispute.
- بولنا bolnā, v.: To speak; to utter; to pronounce; to talk; to give forth sound; to bark (dog); to chirp (bird); to strike (clock); to crack; to split; to break; to bid (auction).
- bolnā chālnā, v. : To converse ; to speak together.
- tract; to confuse; to become crazy; to lose presence of mind.
- بولی (H) boli, n. f.: Languago; dialect; talk; bid; taunt; saying.
 - بولی ^{الهو}لی boil sholl, n. f.:
 Taunt; jeer; joke; light
 talk.

- (P) būm, n. m.; (1) An owl. (2) Earth; land; place; region; country. (Used with בוב במל būm, place of birth).
- (1) Dwarfish. (2) A dwarf; a pigmy.
- (H) bond, v.: To sow; to plant; to cultivate.
- ال الحالية (H) $b\bar{u}\dot{n}d$, n, f.: A drop; a kind of spotted silk.
 - bund bund, adv. :

 Drop by drop; by drops;

 to the last drop.
 - bunda bandi, n. f.:

 A drizzle; a light shower

 of rain; slight and interrupted rain.
- (H) bundl, n. f.: (1) A small drop (rain). (2) A kind of sweetmeat. (3) A tree.
- بونی (H) bonl, n f.: The season of sowing; seed time.
- (H) bohni, n. f.: First sale (of a day) for cash.
- العريام (H) boyam, n. m.: A jar.
- (P) bih, adj : Good.

law.

- (H) bhāp, n. f.: Vapour; steam; hot breath.
- H) bhāt, n. m.: Boiled rice.
- a minstrel; a flatterer.
- نهائا (H) bhāṭā, n. m. : Ebbtide; a current.
- (H) bhāji, n. f. ; Vegetable, cooked spinach or other vegetable.
- (P) bahādur, adj.: Brave; valiant; courageous; high-spirited.
- الكور (A) bhādoh, n. m.:

 Name of the fifth agricultural month (August September).
- season; prime; bloom; beauty; glory; flourishing state; elegance; beautiful scene; pleasure.
 - بار پر آنا bahār par ānā, v. :

 To come in full bloom;

 to blossom; to flourish.

- of great load; important; large; valuable; strong; firm; loud; difficult; slow; sluggish.
 - adj.: Fat; heavy; respectable; sober; solemn; patient; reliable; noble.
 - ابهاری پتهر چوم کر چهور دینا bhūri patthar chūm kar chhor denā, prov. : To leave a difficult job undone ; to withdraw from a difficult or impracticable undertaking.
 - be heavy; to appear difficult; to be distasteful; to weigh heavily; to feel the burden of.
- furnace; kiln; fireplace for parching grain.
 - To light or heat the oven; to put fuel on fire; to feed the fire; to pass time aimlessly; to live a vagrant and worthless life.

- يهار سے نكالا بهنى ميں جهونكا hhār se nikālā bhaṭṭi meh jhoākā, prov.: To throw out of frying pan into the fire. (H) bhāgnā, To run away;
- ارُّا bhārā, n. m.: Rent; wages; hire; charges; fare.
 - id.: (lit.) A hired pony; a hireling; a person unable to work unless he is intoxicated.
- "I Language; speech; dialect; the Hindi language: the language of Biraj (a territory surrounding Agra and Muttra in U. P., India); a word; plaint of law.
- (H) bihāg, n. f.: Name of a mode in music.
- Good luck or fortune; lot; destiny; fate. (2) Division; share; portion.
 - بهاگ کهلنا، جاکنا bhāg khulnā, jāgnā. v.: To be fortunate; to be in good luck.
 - tunate; favoured by destiny.

- - بهاکتے بهوت کی لنگونی هی بهلی bhagte bhat ki langot hi bhall, prov.: To secure something out of a losing trade or affair.
 - bhagar, n. f. Stampede; escapade; tumult; panic; running away in panic; helter-skelter; Indian Muslims' first war of independence (1857 A. D.).
 - bhāg kharā hona, v.: To escape; to to run away; to depart.
- We (H) bhala, n. m. : A lane; a spear.
- # (H) bhala, n. m. : A beer.

- الهان (H) bhanā, v. : To be acceptable; to be pleasing; to be approved (of); to suit : to fit ; to be agreeable.
- الب (H) bahanā, v.: To cause to flow; to waste; to launch; to sell cheap; to set afloat.
- (H) bhānp lenā, v. : To guess correctly; to comprehend; to make out; to see through; to con-Cieve.
- (H) bhāhpnā, v.: To see through; to know correctly simply by seeing; to understand; to look at; to examine closely.
- with (H) bhant, n. f. : Monner; mode; style; fashion; variety; kind; sort; class.
 - لا تمانت بهانت بهانت بهانت الله bhans bhans ka, adj.: Of various kinds; various : diverse ; miscellaneous: multifarious.
- بهانج (H) bhāhj, n. f. : (1) A twist (of a rope); turn; in money changing.
- laile: (H) bhenjā, n. m. : Sis-

- ter's son.
- bhānjī, n. f.: Sistor's بهانجي daughter.
- بهانجي (H) bhanji, n. f.: Provention; interruption; obstruction.
 - ناجي مارنا bhanji marna, v. : To prevent; to interrupt; to interfere; to obstruct; to frustrate; to thwart.
- نهاند (H) bhond, n. m.: Jester ; buffoon; actor; strolling player; mimic.
- (H) bhāngā, n. m. : (1) Earthen vessel; earthen pot for holding grain or cooking purposes. (2) Secret; confidential matter. (3) Estate : equipage.
 - الله كيهو د لنابهو الماله و handa phuina, phut jana, v. : To leak out; to be disclosed (secret).
 - To betray a secret; to a confidential reveal matter: to point out a hidden defect.
- coil. (2) Commission paid (H) bhang, n.f.: An Sign (H) bhang, intoxicating drink

out of the leaves of the hemp plant; the hemp plant; the hemp price; value; current price; being; state or condition

- بهان متی (H) bhān mail, n. f. :

 A juggler; a conjurer; a cheat.
- 4) (P) bahāna(h), n. m.: Pretext; excuse; evasion; cause; reason; deceit; pretence; subterfuge.
 - bahāna(h) bahāna(h) banānā, karnā, v. : To make an excuse; to seek a pretext; to evade; to justify wrongly.
 - الله عنه الله عنه الله الله عنه الله ع
 - maut hile rizq, phr.:

 (There is always) a cause of death and a source of daily bread.
- بهائم (A) bahāim, n. m., pl. :

 Beasts; animals. (s. محمد bahlma(h).)
- (H) bahāu, n. m. : Flow ; fluidity; flux.

- price; value; current price; being; state or condition of being; nature; property; quality; disposition; intention; design; heart; soul; emotion; sentiment; passion; blandishment; gesticulation; acting; coquetry; expression of amorous sentiment by signs; love; mode of dancing.
- utarnā, girnā, ghainā, v.:
 To fall or lower (rate, price).
- بهاو تاو bhāu tāu, n. m.: Negotiations to fix the rate or price.
- tez ho jana, charhna, v. :
 To be raised (rate, price);
 to be at a premium.
- bhāu karna, v. : To

try to settle the rate or price by negotiation.

- cousin; comrade; kinsman; companion; member of the same family or caste; a relation.
 - Persons belonging to the same family, caste or nation; kinsmen: friends; relation.
 - Friendship; fraternity; friendship (lasting through thick and thin).
- بهائیں بهائیں (H) bhai'a bhai'a,
 n. m.: Voice of a calf.
 - karnā, v. : (lit.) To make noise like a calf; to be dreary and desolate; to look lonely (any building, place).
- Sudden bursting forth of flame or steam; sudden emission of stench or offensive smell; hot vapour.
 - الهنا الهنا bhabak uihnü, v. :
 To burst forth into fieme:

to show extreme anger.

bhapkā,

Blast from a furnace. (2)

Alembic; an instrument
for distilling essence of

flowers or plants.

to burst into flame; to burn; to be heated; to be enraged or exasperated; to fly into passion; to roar; to be poured out; to gush forth; to catch fire.

frightening by augor; reproach.

- with which Hindu fakirs coat their body.
 - To rub ashes (over the body); to become a yogi; to take to the life of a Hindu fakir.

المجبور (P) bihbūd, همبرو (P) bihbūd, همبرو (P) bihbūdi, همبرو (P) bihbūdi, همبرو (P) being; welfare: betterment; health; vigour.

Many; much; most; abun-

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dant; copius; plentiful; sufficient; excessive; a great deal. (2) Largely; excessively; enormously; exceedingly; notably; marvellously.

اجها بهت اجها بهت اجها بهت اجها بهت اجها بهت خوب bahut khūb,

adv.: Very; very well;

agreed; accepted (with a reserve).

- bahutera, adj.: A great deal; abundant; plenty.
- (H) bahtā, adj. : Flowing; running (water).
- ing allowence; extraallownce or pay to public servants on special duty.
- نهات (H) bahutāt, n. f.: Abundance; plenty; excess.
- יאָדּוֹט (A) buhtan, n. m. : Calumny; false accusation; slander.
 - بهتان باندهنا ، جوڑنا ، دهرنا ، لكانا ، مقارن أن المعالى في المعالى ا

- (H) bhabukā, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) Blaze; flame. (2) Hot;
 burning; glowing; bright
 red; blazing; shining;
 angry; sprightly; gay;
 splendid; beautiful.
- (P) bihtar, adj. & intj.: (1)
 Better. (2) Very well (An
 expression of acceptance).
- (H) bahattar, adj: Seventy-
- (H) bhutnā, n. m.: Devil; demon; ghost; imp; goblin; evil spirit.
- of animals; pit; hole; cave; lair.
- the (H) bhaifa, n. m.: Kiln; furnace.
- Spike or ear of this corn when ripe.
- wander; to go astray; to lose one's way; to err; to deviate from the right path.
- place or stove (of a gold-smith); oven; forge; kiln; furnace; washerman's boiler.

 (2) Liquor shop; a place for preparing liquor.

- بهنی چڑهانا bhaṭṭi chaṛhānā, v.:
 To boil the clothes for cleaning (washermen's idiom).
- inn keeper; a keeper of caravanserai.
 - bhaṭyār khāna(h), n. m.: A low type of inn or caravanserai; eating house.
- hymn; a song of worship.
- m.: (1) let black. (2) A black snake; a cobra.
- vegetable; fried pot-herb; boiled spinach; parched rice (for grinding as sattu, a sort of gram-meal).
- bhich jana, v. : To be squeezed; to be pressed; to be compressed; to collapse; to shrink; to be contracted.
- לא יי אָפָּאָל (H) bhuchak rah jānā, bhuchaknā, v.: To be taken aback;

- to be surprised; to be astonished; to be worried.
- Sounding blow; thud; crash; sound of a falling body on soft ground. (2) Insult; disgrace.
 - bhad urnā, v. : To be insulted; to be disgraced.
- (H) bhaddā, adj.: Ugly; clumsy; ill-shaped; awk-ward; distasteful.
- (S) bhadrak, n. m.: Goodness; virtue; excellence; beauty.
- sake of; on account of; for.
- فهر ، طور ، کهف bahar ḥāl, ṣūrat, ṭaur, kaif, adv. : By all means; at all events; somehow or other; at any rate; however; anyhow.
- guise; cunning; various shapes or forms; mimicry.
 - To disguise.

- person assuming various characters and forms; a mimic; a cheat.
- much as; as far as; upto; all; whole; at most; as long as; complete.
 - bhar and, v.: Healing (of wound); to be in tears; to feel sad.
 - full payment; to get the debt repaid; to reap as sown; to receive bad award for a good deed (irony).
 -) bhar pur, adj. : Complete; full; entire.
 - بهر پائی bhar pāi, n. f.: Receipt for full payment.
 - full; to be involved; to be soiled; to come to the brim; to be irrigated.
 - الهر دينا bhar dence, v. : To compensate; to enrich; to pay in full; to darn; to sharpen.
 - dance; plenty; excess;

full measure.

- asion; excitement; provacation; trick; false praise.
 - الله الله bharrana, bharrana, bharrana, rā jānā, v : To become hoarse or husky.
 - charhana, id.: To trick; to play deception; to incite; to provoke; to stir; to egg on.
- (H) bahra, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Deaf. (2) An inattentive person; one who is hard of hearing.
- (H) bharā, adj. : Full ; complete; all.

 - To sit in anger; to be ready to cry.
 - shardu, n. m.: Earth or rubbish with which a pit is filled up.
 - of filling or stuffing, also its wages; watering; irrigation.

- Powdery; soft; sandy; crispy; crackling.
 - be inclined or disposed to; to be fascinated; to long, crave or wish for.
- (H) bharat, n. m. : A me al mixed with copper, lead and zinc.
- made of boiled or fried potato or vegetables.
 - النا نكالنا المرتا الكردينا الكالنا bhurta kar dena, nikālnā, v. : To make a mash of; to beat to pulp; to give a sound thrashing.
- بهرتی (H) bhartl, n. f.: Stuffing; filling; enlistment; recruitment; insertion of irrelevent matter; lumber.
 - الله الله bhartl karne, v. :
 To enlist; to recruit; to fill up.
- جهركس (H) bhurkas, n. m. : Smash ; fragments ; pieces; splinters ; chips ; chaff.
 - بهر کس نکالنا bhurkas nikālnā, v.: To beat to shivers:

- to break to pieces; to destroy; to reduce to poverty.
- putation; fame; prestige; credit; trust; esteem; confidence; secret; character; sham: imposture.
 - rakhnā, v. : To remain honourable in the eyes of others; to have credit or prestige.
 - bharam jana, gahwana, v. : To lose credit or confidence; to lose one's reputation.
 - haram بهرم كهانا ، كهل جانا bharam khulnā, khul jānā, v. : To be exposed; to be unmasked; to be disclosed (secret); to have the prestige lost.
- to stock; to suffer; to pay (indemnity); (sl.) to pay off (dues etc.); to exite; to provoke; to create dissension; to heal up; to be poured in; to load; to load or charge (gun); to irrigate; to draw water; to be sated

or satisfied; to stain; to be performed; to be soiled; to live in distress; to pass life with a petulant person; to bear loss; to be tired; to be crowded.

- (H) bharosā, n. m.: Dependence; trust; confidence; hope; belief; faith; reliance; support.
- (P) bahra(h), n. m.: Profit; gain; fortune; benefit; share; destiny; luck.
- (H) bhar, n. f.: Sound of explosion; emission of wind from behind; report of a gun; sound of crack-ling fuel; crash; whir.
 - יאל אל אל bhar bhar karnā,
 v.: To roar; to crack;
 to crash; to crackle.
-) (H) bhir, n. f.: Wasp; hornet.
 - نجها bhiron kā chhaiiā, n. m. : Hornets' nest.
 - يهزول كي چهتے مي هاته خالنا bhiron ke chhatte men hāth dālnā, id.: To raise a harnets' nest round oneself; to provoke a mischievous person.

- بهزاس (H) bharās, n f.: Rage; resentment; spleen; grudge; animosity.
 - يهزاس نكالنا bharās nikālnā,
 v.: To vent one's rage;
 to express resentment.
- into close contact; to bring into collison; to bring together; to join; to cause to fight; to put at stake.
- One who blurts out whatever comes to him; a guileless person; a chatterbox.
- m.: A parcher of grain; (fig.) an ugly man.
- پونا (H) bhir jānā, parnā, v. : To fight ; to clash ; to argue; to come to grips.
- er; splendour; brightness; fury; rage; agitation; excessive desire (for drinking); pomp; show; throb; twitch.
 - bharak uihnā, v. :
 To be enraged; to be in-

بہکائے ' بہکاوے میں آنا

cited; to be inflamed; to catch fire.

- scared or alarmed; to break or burst forth into flame; blaze up; to fly into a passion; to become very excited; to be heated; to rise (heat, temperature); to be burnt (tobacco in a prepared hooka).
- together; to close (as of two armies); to come into collision; to be ready to fight; to clash; to be banged or slammed (door); to argue.
- pimp; panderer; procurer.
- husk; straw; bran.

 - To fill with bran; (fig.) to fill out (sentence etc.) with superflous words; to destroy; to damage.

- hhus meß على مين چنگارى خالنا bhus meß chingari daina, id.: To cause mischief; to create bad blood.
- بهس میں چنگاری ڈال بی جمالو bhus الگ ، دور کھڑی bhus mek chikgārī dāl bī Jamālo alag, dār kharī, prov. : One who creates bad blood between persons but keeps oneself aloof.
- burnt out thing; cinders.
 - المسم كر دينا bhasam kar denā,
 v.: To reduce to ashes :
 to destroy completely.
- final abode of the blessed; paradise.
- iead; to beguile; to decieve; to delude; to entice; to seduce; to allure; to stir up; to excite; to intoxicate; to work upon one's foars.
 - اناً نہماوے ہیں انا میں انا میں انا میں انا baho kāe, bahkāwe mek anā,
 v.: To go astray due to persuation by some one;

بهگوڑا

to behave like a simpleton.

astray; to talk in a fit of fever or intoxication; to stagger; to be misled; to be deceived; to overshoot.

(H) bhak, n. f.: sound of explosion of gun powder; puff; blast.

بهک بهک بهک bhak bhak, a. f.:

puffing as of an engine;
roaring of fire.

بهک سے آڈ جانا bhak se up jānā, v.: To explode; to fly off with a flap or flop.

(H) bhikāri, هکاری (H) bhik mangā, الهکاری m. : A beggar.

to flight; to defeat; to rouse; to drive off; to gallop (horse); to abduct (woman); to clope (with); to cause to flee.

pious or boly person;
a devotee; one who avoids
meat eating among the

Hindus; one who exorcises evil spirit.

به کتان (H) bhugtān, n. m.:

Punishment; full settlement;
liquidation.

pose of; to complete; to execute; to adjust; to pay off; to do; to distribute; to decide.

suffer ; to undergo punishment ; to take revenge; to be ready to fight; to settle an account.

completed; to pay the penalty; to experience; to endure; to terminate; to try conclusions (with); to bear; to realise; to undergo punishment.

pede; panicky flight; sudden bustle and tumult of a crowd.

به الله (H) bhagandar, n. m. :
Fistula in rectum.

A fugitive; a run away; a deserter.

- じった。 (H) bhigond, v.: To wet; to soak; to moisten.
- Good; fair; excellent; virtuous; honest; benevolent; nice; sound; fortunate; prosperous; admirable; noble; healthy; righteous. (2) Well; very good; how fortunate.
 - Hale and hearty; good; perfect; in good health.
 - لونا bhalā karnā, v. : To do good; to behave well; to punish (irony).
- A gentleman; a respectable man; a man of wealth and position; a silly fellow (irony).
- bhula dena, v.: To forget; to cause to forget; to lead astray; to deceive; to mislead; to bewilder.
- (H) bahlana, v.: To emuse; to entertain; to cheer; to divert; to enjoy; to evade; to give false satisfaction.

- Fraud; deception; misunderstanding; cheating; trick.
- ness; kindness; good; excellence; virtue; welfare; gain; humanity; benevolence; merit; service; good health.
 - bhala'l karna, v. :
 To do good; to practice
 benevolence; to be kind.
- adj.: (1) One who is forgetful. (2) Oblivious; dull.
- f.: Nobility; civility; politeness; good behaviour.
- نبل جانا ، بہل جانا ، لہل فلام (H) bahalnd, bahal jānā, v. : To be amused; to be entertained.
- one with the other.
 - v.: To supply; to provide; to procure; to bring.
 - v.: To get; to receive;

to be provided with.

אנט (H) bahan, n. f.: Sister.

(H) bhahhhorna. v. :
To tear and mangie;
gnaw; to bite; to devour.

H) bhin bhin, n. f.:

Buzzing; humming; ringing sound; sound of flies.

buzz; to hum; to give a ringing sound.

endiane, in bhinbhindhai, n. f.: Buzzing sound; humming.

to float; to drift; to glide; to slide; to run (sore); to blow (breeze); to pass; to be lost; to be carried away; to be wasted; to melt; to be dissolved; to run off; to melt; to be scattered; to be sold at a low price.

اللها (H) bhinnana, v. : To have pain in the head; to have vertigo; to be perplexed; to be angry.

cause to be parched; to

change a higher coin into lower ones; to exchange money.

بهندی (H) bhindi, n. f.: Lady's finger; a vegetable.

جهنگ (H) bhanak, bhinak, n. f.:

A low or distant sound;
buzz; ring.

bhinak parna, v.:

To catch or hear the sound not clearly; ring to be heard.

(fly); hum (bee); to ring; to swarm; to look dirty or filthy; to sit idle; to have nothing to do.

eddicted to taking hemp drug.

A care free dance practised in the villages of the Punjab. (2) Name of a herb.

(H) bhangi, n. m.: Sweeper; scavenger.

bamboo stick or pole with slings at both ends for carrying load, boxes or

- baskets etc. on the shoulder.
- whirlpool; vortex; eddy; (fig.) grief; misfortune.
- ther-in-law; sister's husband.
- (H) bokni, n. f.: The first cash sale in the morning at a shop. (See برهنی bohni.)
- (H) bahū, n f.: Daughter-in-law; wife of the son.
 - ان به اله buhu beliyan, n. f. : Women of respectable family.
- 나는 아이 bhubhal, n. f.: Hot ashes; embers.
- ghost; evil spirit; demon; apparition.
 - bhūt utārnā, v.: To exorcise evil spirit; to relieve one of anger.
 - fly into passion; to be intoxicated; to follow a thing intensely; to devote oneself thoroughly.
 - bhut sawar بهوت سوار هونا

- hond, v.: To be enraged; to be possessed by an evil spirit.
- become mad or furious with rage; to be intensely busy about something.
- (H) bhojan, n. m. : Food ; meal ; victuals.
- Startled; dazziel; amazzd; aghast.
- J34? (H) bhor, n. f.: Morning; dawn.
 - ho jana, v.: (1) To dawn; to be early morning. (2)
 To suffer greatly; to be thoroughly beaten.
- gray. (H) bhurd, adj.: Brown;
- chaff; fodder.
- appetite; need; want.
 - bhak upna, بهو ک آؤنا، سر جانا bhak upna, mar jana, v. : To loose hunger or appetite for food.

- يهو ك لكنا bhuk legna. To have the appetite for food.
- Hungry; starving; famished; greedy; revenous; craving for; indigent; destitute; very poor; desirous. (2) A hungry or greedy person.
- bhukon marna, v.: To starve; to die of hunger; to famish; to live in very straitened circumstances.
- بهو کے شریف سے ، پیٹ بھر کے bhistke sharif se, pet bhare razil se darna chahiye, prov. : One should fear the starving gentleman and the nouveau riche or parvenu.
- thrust; to stab; to prick; to insert; to plerce.
- Jet? (H) bhal, n. f.: Forgetfulness; mistake; oversight; omission; fault; lapse.
 - الله الله الله bhal bhulaiyak, n.

- f.: A labyrinth; a maze; a complicated affair.
- المنا ديتا bhal chak lend dend, id.: Errors and omissions excepted.
- n. m.: (1) Gone astray; losing the way; wandering. (2) One who calls casually or accidentally on another.
- Y see bhala bisra, adj.:

 Forgotten; lost to memory.
- Y 565 (H) bholā, adj.: Simple minded; guileless; innocent; artless; inexperienced.
 - المولاين bhold pan n. m.:

 Innocence; simplicity;
 inexperience; guilelessness.
- get; to miss; to lapse from memory; to err; to go astray; to neglect.
- country; place; the earth.
- eyebrow.

- אָרָּלְּיֶּלְ (H) bhonpā, n. m.: A horn; a kind of wind instrument.
- نچال (H) bhaunchal, n. m.:
- نهونڈا (H) bhonda, adj. : Ugly: ill-formed; uncouth; badly shaped.
- (H) bhauara, n. m. : A beetle; a large black bee.
- لهونکنا (H) bhoakna, v. : To bark; to talk foolishly.
- to roast; to parch; to torment; to tease:
- (H) bahl, n. f.: Account book.
 - bahi khātā, n. m. :
 Account book and ledger.
- (P) bihi, n. f.: (1) Quince; a kind of fruit, also its tree.
 (2) Welfare; goodness; well-being.
- cven; and; with; yet; still; besides; likewise; moreover; furthermore.
- (H) bahiya, n. f.: Flood; inundation.

- Frightful; dreadful; alagming; dismal; desolate; formidable.
- inside; into; within; in the space of.
- (H) bhejā, n. m. : Brain.
 - liles least bheja khana, v. (lit.) To eat (one's) brain; to vex one out of patience (by endless discussion); to tease; to worsy exceedingly; to bother.
- to despatch; to remit; to give; to transmit.
- press; to squeeze; to crush; to compress; to force.
- Tiddle; mystery; secrecy; clue.
 - spy; to pry into; to get at a secret; to sound.
 - a detective; a confident; one who keeps a secret.

- אתפניט (H) bhairwin, n. f.:
 A tune or note sung in the morning.
- multitude; throng.
 - bhir bharakkā, n f. & m.:

 Crowd; rush; pressing mob.
 - collected (crowd); to be thronged.
- jad? (H) bher, n. f.: A sheep; an owe.
 - chal, n. m.: Following the other like a sheep; blindly adhering to custom or tradition or following some person.
 - مان فسان bhery dhasan, adv. & adj.: (1) Following in a sheepish manner; going down by following blindiy. (2) Multitudinous.
- U.Jack? (H) bherya, n. m.: A wolf.
- هباس (H) bhes, n. m. : Form;
 appearance; look : aspect;
 likeness; semblance; dress;
 guise; garb; assumed

- likeness, air; manner; mask; personation.
- bhes badaina, banana, v.: To disguise; to change one's appearance or garb; to put on a mask; to personate a character.
- (H) bhik, n. f.: Alms; charity.
 - الهمكرا bhik kā ihikrā, n. m. : Beggar's bowl.
 - bhik māngnā, v. :
 To beg ; to beg alms.
- come wet; to be drenched.
 - باني بلي bhigi, billi, n. f.:

 (lit.) A wet cat; helpless
 person.
 - hhigi rat, n. f.: The cooler part of night after midnight.
 - hone, v.: To arrive at the age of puberty; to come out or grow (whiskers).
- الهناس (H) bhalas, n. f.: Buffalo (female).
 - بھینس کے آگے بین بجائے بھینس

bhains ke age bin bajae bhains ke harl pagurae, prov. : To talk of sensible things before a fool is useless.

- (H) bhenga, adj. t Squinteyed.
- بهبنی (H) bhini, adj. : Light ; of sweet smell.
- (P) bl, n. f. ; Lady ; madam. (abbr. of بي blbl.)
- بى بى (T) bibi, n. f. : A respectable lady; a virtuous woman; mistress of the house; an old lady; wife.
- except; devoid of. (When used as a pref. it forms compound words corresponding to the English pref. in; im; un; ir; etc. or ending with -less.
 - be ab, adj.: Without water; without lustre.
 - النب be edab, adj. : Impertinent; without manners; impudent.
 - be and&za(h), edj. :
 Endless; unlimited; immense.

- be Iman, adj.: Faithless; dishonest; liar; cheat; unprincipled; corrupt.
- bebāq, adj. : Having no arrears; paid up in full; even.
- يياك bebak, adj. : Fearless : brave ; daring ; bold.
- be bhāu, adj.: Countless; innumerable.
- he bhau kl parna, v.: To get excessive shoe-beating.
- be bal-u-par, adj.:

 Without support; helpless; powerless; weak;

 friendless; poor.
- be barg-u-bar, adj. : Fruitless; destitute.
- be bas, edj.: Helpless; weak; without power or authority.
- be behra(h), adj. : Without profit; destitute; unfortunate.
- לב אננ! be perwd, adj.: Heedless; careless; neglectful.
- be 10b, adj. : Impa-

tient; rostless; agitated; uneasy.

- Rashly; recklessly; headlong; excessively; in a confused manner.
- the point; off the mark; unreasonable; unjust.
- be takān, adj. : In a fast manner; continuously.
- be takalluf, adj. : Without ceremony; informal; frank.
- bejā, adj.: Unjust; improper; misplaced; ill-timed; out of place.
- be jor, adj.: Disjointed; unsuitable; incongruous.
- be chāra(h), adj. : Without resource; miserable; unfortunate; poor.
- be chan-u chard, adv.: Without any hesitation; without any objection; without any valid reason.
- be par kl, id.: Gup;
 rumour which has no

basis.

- ing no spiritual guide; unprincipled; (fig.) cruel; barberous; wanton.
- be his, adj.: Insensible; senseless; indifferent.
- be ḥayā, adj. : Shame-
- be khanuman, adj.: :

 Homeless; having no
 fixed adode; destitute.
- be khud, adj.: In ecstasy; enraptured; intoxicated; beside one's self.
- bedād, n. f.: Violence; injustice.
- نے دخی berukhi, n. f. : Indifference; lack of sympathy; inattention.
- be rukhi بے رخی برتنا ، کرنا baratnā, karnki v.: To behave indifferently; to be unsympathetic.
- be rang, adj.: (1) Colourless. (2) Irrelevant. (3) Not attaching towards the ordinary goods of life.
- الا bezar, adj. : Disgusted ;

displeased; angry.

teh teh, phr.: No love or friendship without money.

بے ساختگی be sākhtagl, n. f.:

Spontancity; simplicity;
guilelessness.

be sakhta(h), adj. & adv.: (1) Plain; natural.

(2) Spontaneously; extempore; impromptu; of its own accord.

be sar-u-pū, adj. :
Without thyme or reason;
absurd; baseless; unreliable; helpless.

be jurah, adj. : (1)

Of excessive degree ;
rash ; stubborn. (2)

Different from the given
pattern (a غزل ghazal
recited in a مشاعره musha'tra(h), or the musha'tra(h)
itself.)

bē 'aql, adj.: Stupid ; foolish; souseless.

be ghil-u-ghash, adv.: Without trouble; without ceremony; informally; carelessly; abundantly.

be qābū, adj.: Beyond (one's) power or reach; having no restraint.

ييكلي beqarar, bekal, adj.: Restless; uneasy; anxious; unsettled.

bekār, adj.: Unemployed; idle; unserviceable; without work; worthless.

without support or solace; friendless; forlorn; destitute.

be kam-u-kast, adv.: Exactly; without subtracting anything; acurately; without omission.

بر کهنکے be khaske, adv. :
Without hesitation :
directy.

be gana(h), adj.: Strange; foreign; not related; not domestic; not known.

be las,

be lag lape!. \ adj.: Without fear or favous.

be logam, adj. : Un-

bridled; outspoken; impertinent.

be laus, adj. : With-out mixture; pure.

be misal, adj. : Unbe misal, عمثل be misal, exampled; unparalleled; unique; incomparable.

be murawwai, adj.:
Unkind; impolite; uncivil; without regard.

be nuqui sunand,
v.: To abuse thoroughly.

be nang-u-nam, adj.: Dishonourable; shameless; immodest.

be niyūz, adj. ; Without want or desire ; carefree ; independent.

be wafa, adj: Perfidious; treacherous; faithless; unreliable.

be waquf, adj.: Stupid; foolish; dull.

be waque bandad,

7.: To make a fool (of);

to ridicule; to make fun

(of).

ہے وقوف کے مر پر کیا سینگ

be waque ke sar par kya sing hote hain?, prov.: A stupid person is known by his deeds (not by sight).

be hangam, adj. :
Ugly; deformed; crude;
unsuitable.

یے هودگی behudagi, n. f.:

Absurdity; frivolity; ill
manners; folly.

lous; foolish; useless; idle; obscene; absurd; pointless; vagrant; vegabond.

behosh, adj: Unconscious; senseless; insensible.

יאליט (P) bayaban, n. m. ;
Jungle; desert; wilderness;
uninhabited place.

بياج (H) biyāj, m. m. : Interest; usury.

بياسي (H) bayāsī, adj. : Eightytwo.

المناض (A) bayaz, n. f.: A notebook for writing or copying verses; an account book; a pocket book.

بياليس (H) bayalls, adj.: Porty-

two.

(A) bayan, n. m.: Statement; declaration; account; report; description; allegation; speech; saying; evidence; detail; article; description; exposition.

- make a statement; to report; to declare.
- bayan karna, v.: To relate; to report; to state; to recount; to describe; to tell; to explain; to give an account of.
- ليانا (H) biyānā, v. : To give birth. (Used for animals).
- אָבֶּא (H) biyāh, n. m.: Marriage; wedlock.
 - biyāh rachānā, v. : To celebrate a marriage.
 - biyāh karnā, اياه كرنا ، بياهنا biyāhnā, v. : (1) To marry; to take a wife.
 (2) To give in marriage.
 - biyāh iānā, v. : To bring home a wife.
 - biyāhā, adj. : (W) Married.
 - tale biyahia, adj. : Married

- according to custom (wo-man).
- بيت (H) bet, n. f.: Cane. (See also ييد bed.)
- (A) batt, n. m.: (1) House; abode; edifice. (2) A couplet or verse.
 - hait-ul-ḥarām, n. m.: (lit.) The sacred house (in Mecca); the Ka'ba(h).
 - National bait-ul khala, n. m.:

 A water closet; a lavato-
 - hait-ul-'atlq, n. m.: The oldest house (for the worship of God); the Ka'ba(h).
 - bait-ullah, n. m. : The House of God; the Kaba(h).
- ديميي (A) bait, n. f. : A verse ; couplet.
 - بيت الغزل bair-ul ghazal, n. f.:

 The best verse of a ghazal.
 - بیت بازی batt bazi, n. f.: Competition in recitation of verses.
- لَمِمَّال (H) baltal, betal, n. m. :

 Ghost; apparition; an
 evil spirit.

- بيتنا (H) blind, v. : (W) To occur; to happen; to clapse; to expire; to take place.
- ديمت (H) bif, n. f.: Droppings of birds.
- دين (H) bejā, n. m. : Son ; a child ; a boy.
 - ينا بنانا ، كود لينا bejā banānā, god lenā, v. : To adopt a son.
- الله هني (H) baith fand, v.: To sit down; to stop; to collapse; to fall; to sink; to become thin; to fit in; to become bankrupt; to fail in business; to become silent; to settle down; to delay.
 - state of sitting; posture; bench; assembly room; drawing room; reception room; a place for sitting and conversing; a kind of generative practised by sitting and standing.
- للهني (H) baithma, v. : To sit; to settle down (under water); to collapse; to fall;

- to be unemployed or idle; to brood; to incubate; to perch; to sink; to subside; to ride; to hit the mark; to fit in; to be practised; to freeze.
- baithe bithae, adv.: Suddenly; without rhyme or reason.
- begar bhail, prov. : To work on small wages is better than not to work at all.
- (H) beil, n. f.: Daughter.
 - beil zāt hae, prov.!

 (lit.) Belongs to the class

 of daughter; (she) is a
 respectable girl.
- (H) blj, n. m.: Seed; germ; origin; source; sperm.
- ريجك (H) bijak, s. m.: Invoice; a list of goods giving rate, price and the total amount; capital.

- 군사 (H) bich, n. m.: Middle; centre; interval; difference; distance; average; mean; across.
 - নুল একুল blchon blch, adv. : In the very middle.
 - Intervention; mediation; arbitration; settlement; interposition; reconciliation.

 - an open manner; publicly; definitely.
 - بيج ميں ڈالنا bich mea daina,
 v.: To appoint an arbitrator or mediator.
 - ان کود پرتا bich men kud parna, id.: To interfere uninvitedly (in some one's affairs).
- dispose of; to transfer.
- بيخ (P) blkh, n. f.: Root origin; foundation.

- نيخ کنی bikh kani, n. f.: Uprooting; destroying; eradication.
- (P) bed, n. m.: A cane; a willow.
 - الملك bed mushk, n. m.: Musk willow celebrated for its fragrance.
- بيدار (P) bedar, adj.: Awake; watchful; vigilant; alert; sicepless.
 - bedarl, n. f.: The state of watchfulness; wakefulness; alertness; renascence.
- bladhna, v.: To pierce; to perforate; to bore; to stab; to wound.
- re! (H) ber, n. m.: Plum.
- enmity; ill-will; malice; animosity; revenge.
 - Similarlan.m.: Enemy; stranger.
- ige? (H) baire, n. m.: Bearer; table-boy.
- (H) bairdg, n. m.: Renunciation of the world;

non-attachment to worldy pleasures; penance; austerity; asceticism.

- bairāgi n. m. : Ascetic; a recluse; one who has renounced the worldly pleasures.
- יאַקָּטֿ (T) balraq, n. m. : Flag ; national flag.
- אַנט: (H) biran, n. m. : (W)
 Brother.
- بيرنگ (E) bairang, adj.: Bearing; postage unpaid.
- بيروں (P) berut, prep. & adv.: Without; out; besides; on the outside; out of the town.
 - يرونجات berwhjāt, n. m. : Suburb; mofussil; country side.
 - يروني beruni, adj. : External ; outer ; foreign.
- leaf folded generally in a triangular form with spices, areca nut, cardamum etc., chewed by the inhabitants of indo-Pakistan.
 - bira, uchana, v. : To undertake a difficult task.

(Custom had it that stalwarts were called on difficult occasions and presented with such folded betel leaf: whoever picked it up was considered to have undertaken the responsibility to finish the job.)

- boat; fleet of boats or ships.
 - المن berd par karna,

 v.: To ferry over a raft

 or boat; to help one to

 surmount a difficulty; to

 remove the difficulty.
- chains fastened to the legs of criminals; (fig.) the chains of marriage; family life; worldly relations. (2)
 A bamboo basket used to draw water from a lower level to a higher level of land or field.
- (H) blrl, n f.: A kind of native cigarette prepared from tobacco and leaves.
- بيزار (P) bezār, odj.: Unhappy; distracted; disgusted; displeased; angry.

- بيس (H) bls, adj. : Twenty.
- The second month of the agricultural year (April-May).
 - (i) Relating to the month of baisākh (harvest). (2)

 A fair held in the month of baisākh; the stick used by lame persons for support; a bamboo or wooden support to a thatched roof.
- بيس (H) besan, n. m. : Gram flour.
- بيسوا (H) beswä, n. f. : Prostitute ; harlot ; whore.
- بيش (P) besh, adj. 1 More; much; good; superior; excellent; better.
 - یش از بیش besh az besh, adj. :

 (lit.) More than more ;

 very much ; a great deal.
 - beshtar, adj & adv. : (1)
 Greater; better. (2)
 Mostly; often; for the
 most part.
 - اد besh qurar, adj. عش قراد Rea-onable ; decent ; good.

- يش قيمت besh qimat, edj. : Very valuable; precious.
- (P) besha(h), n. m.: Jungle; forest; wilderness.
- المثني (P) beshl. n. f.: Increase; susplus; excess.
- Las. (A) baleā, adj.: Bright; clear; white.
- 4au (A) baisa(h), n. m. : An ess ; a testicle.
 - baizawi, adj. : Shaped like an egg ; oval.
- 존하 (A) bal', n. f. : Sale ; transfer.
 - bai' karna, v. : To sell.
 - Sule deed.
 - money (given before sale-transaction).
- loyalty; the act of swearing allegiance and obedience (as a disciple of a saint or religious guide).
 - ان کرنا bai'at karnā, ۲. :
 To take the oath of allegiance (to a saint or selfgious guide).

- (H) blkā, adj.: Crooked; awry; damaged; injured; distorted.
- (T) beg, n. m.: Lord;
 master; a Moghal title
 corresponding with the
 English Lord.
- ا ببگار (H) begar, n. f.: Forced labour; compulsory labour without payment or with small payment.
 - يكار ثالنا begār ṭālnā, v. : To work carelessly; to work in a half-hearted or perfunctory manner.
 - begarl, n. m. : One forced to work with or without payment.
 - يكم (T) begam, n. f. : Lady ; wife; mistress of the house.
 - بيكمى: (H) begami, n. m. : A kind of superior quality of rice; a fine betel leaf.
 - אביי (H) bigha, n. m. : A measure of land equal to about 5/8 of an acre.
 - بيل ، بيلو، (H) bel, belcha(h), n. m. : A spade; a shovel.
 - بيل (H) bel, n. m. : A round fruit with a hard shell used

- to cure diarrhoea; also its tree.
- ing plant; a creeper; (fig.) generation; descendants; offsprings. (2) Embroidery.
 - beldar, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) One who digs with a space; a digger; one who looks after road repair or construction.

 (2) Embroidered.
 - bel buid, n. m.: Embroidery; pattern of flowers etc. on cloth.
 - charhnā, v.: To achieve one's object; to succeed; to flourish; to prosper.
 - بيل (H) bael, n. m.: An ox; a bullock; (fig.) a blockhead; a fool; a sturdy person with little intelligence.
 - (H) bela, n. m.: (1) A forest along the bank of a river. (2) A kind of fragrant flower. (3) Land locked by water. (4) Money distributed as charity. (5) A musical instrument.

- ريان: (H) belan, n. m.: A cylinder of wood, metal or stone for levelling walks, spreading dough or inking the surface of type; roller; rolling pin.
 - a roller; to roll into a flat cake.
- ريايي (H) bell, n. m.: Protector; guardian; guard; supporter.
- fear; anxiety; dread; terror; risk.
- بيمار (P) bimār, adj. & n. m. :

 (I) Sick; ill; indisposed;
 ailing; unwell. (2) A sick
 person; patient; love sick
 (poet.).
 - نيمار پرانا bimār parnā, v. :
 To fall sick; to be indisposed.
 - illness; indisposition; (fig.) bad habit.
- ance; guarantee; contract; money paid for the insurance of goods

- المحاد blma-'i-zindagi, n. m.: Life insurance.
- نظن (H) bln, n. f. : A musical instrument.
- interval; distance between; among.
 - baen al aqwāml, william : (Mod.) International; cosmopolitan.
 - baen-a(l)s-sagur, n. m.: Between the lines; distance between two lines.
- is نامان baen baen, adj. : Average; tok table; passable; mediocre; mixed.
- tion; wailing (for the dead).
- 교환 (A) baiyyin, adj. : Clear ; manifest ; lucid ; well described ; evident.
- (P) blnd, adj.: Clear-sighted; descerning; having sight; observing; wise.
 - ناكي bina'l, n. f.: Vision ;

sight; eye-sight.

- handle of an axe, knife or any other instrument.
- بينجني (H) baikjani, adj. :
 Purple.
- لَمْنَا (E) backd, n. m.: Band; the band players.
- البندُ (H) bekda, bainda, adj.:

 Crooked; athwart; transverse; across; hard;

 difficult; rude; churlish;

 rough; uncouth.
- out; to gather; to pluck; to select.
- بیں هتها bain hatthe, adj. :
- بيو چار (H) biupar, n. m.: Business; affair; traffic; trade.
 - biupāri, n. m. : Businessman ; trader ; morchant ; dealer.
- Cutting out (clothes); shape; fashion; fitting. (2)
 Plan; scheme; contrivance.
 (3) Proper time. (4) Economy; fruguli y.
 - wigot blustens, v. : To cut out

- a piece of cloth; to measure for; to fit clothes.
- إيبوكي (P) bewagi, n. f.: The state of widowhood.
 - bewa(h), n. f.: Widow.
- ness; trade; business relation; contract; transaction; dealing; intercourse; usage; practical life; correspondence; custom; negotiation.
 - blubar karna, v. :
 To transact business; to
 trade; to negotiate; to
 bargain; to deal with.
 - married woman; mistress of the house.
 - بيبغ (H) blhar, n. m.: Uncultivated, rugged land or surface; sterile or waste land.

پ

w pe, n.f.: Third letter of Persian and Urdu siphabets; in the former, pronounced as 4 pā; according to in abjed system, its value is equal to two, as in case of when.

- لَوْمَالِ (H) pā, suf.: Indicates abstract quality, as in لرَمَالِهِ burhāpā, old age.
- (P) pā, n. m.: Foot; leg; step; root or foot of a tree.

 - پایند pāband, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) (lit.) Tied by leg;
 fettered; Bound. (2)
 Subordinate.
 - بابند رهنا pāband rahnā, v. :
 To remain bound ; to adhere to ; to follow.
 - پابند کونا pāband karnā, v. 1
 To bind; to fetter; to subject.
 - be bound; to be fetterd; to be adherent to.
 - Adherence; subordination; service; the act of being bound; control; restriction. (2) Regularity; perseverance.
 - بابد كل pā ba gll, adj. :

 Helpless; prisoner; restrained; immobile.

- پائے کراپ ، پائے کراپ pā turāb, pā'l turāb, n.m. : Change of ground or place ; first stage of journey.
- pā turāb karnā,

 v. : To change one's
 residence; to send luggage before hand, as first
 stage of journey.
- با جامد ، بائے جامد pājāma(h), pā'i jāma(h), n. m. : A pair of trousers of oriental cut; pyjamahs.
- المر هونا pājāme se bāhar honā, prov. : To be extremely angry.
- باجات سے باهر نكلا پڑنا pājāme se bāhar niklā papnā, prov.: To be on the point of extreme anger.
- ال بال بال به pā rakāb, n. m. & adj.: (1) Retinue: train; followers. (2) Ready to go.
- بازیب، بائے زیب pā zeb, pā's zeb, n. m. : As ornament worn on the leg by women.
- پا مال ، پائے مال pamāl, pa'imal, edj. ; Trodden

under foot; crushed; ruined; destroyed.

- یا مال کرنا pamal karna, v. : To trample on; to lay waste; to destroy.
- pāmardī, n. f.: Valour; resolution; courage; strength.
- ياياب pāyāb. adj. : Pordable ; crossable.
- ياياب آثرنا pāyāb utarnā, v. : To cross by fording; to ford (a river).
- ياب (H) pāp, n. m. : Sin; suffering : vice ; crime; calamity; fault; opression; dispute.
 - .pap dar ho یاب دور هونا ، کلتا nā, kainā, v. : To get relief from suffering or dispute; to be kept away from agony.
 - الله علي pap kaina, v. : To wipe away sin; to grant deliverance; to pardon; to settle a dispute; to pay debt.
 - pap karna, v. : To commit sin; to commit crime
 - pap kamā- إلى كمانا ، مول لينا

- nā, mol lenā, v.: To commit sin; to bring about calamity or suffering (upon).
- پاپ نگانا pāp lagānā, v. : To impute sin or crime; to blame; to accuse.
- بابي pāpi, n. m. : Sinner ; criminal; a gullty person; a tyrant; an evil doer; a miser.
- یاپ کی ناو آج نہیں تو کل اور کل نہیں تو پرسوں کوہر اود گوبر (W) pap ki nao dj nahla to kal aur kal nahin to parson dube aur dube, prov.: (lit.) Tho boat of sin may float for a while but ultimately it will sink; the tyrant or sinner is bound to meet his doom one day.
- **ŲŲ** (Е) pāpā, п. т.: (1) Father. (Used by children.) (2) The pope.
- 당당 (H) pāpar, n. m. : (1) A crust; a thin, crisp bread made of *make or mash* pulse flavoured with spice.
 - يايز بيلنا papar belma, v. : (1) To roll out the thin, crisp bread mentioned above.



- (2) To undergo great suffering or hardship; to eke out scanty living; to live in poverty; to labour hard.
- (Γ, pāposh, n. f. : (1) Shoe. (2) A term of depreciation or scorn.
 - بابوش پر سازنا pāposh par mārnā, v. : To treat with contempt; not to take into consideration.
 - se, ki nok se, adv. :
 Without care or consideration; indifferently.
- שני (H) pāi, m. m.; (1) Leaf of a tree. (2) Ornament for the ear.
- المانان (H) pātāl, n. m. : The lowest part under the earth (according to Hindu mythology); the infernal region; the abode of demons and scrpents.
- make up cow-dung into cakes (fuel). (2) To make bricks according to a frame.
- كان (H) pai, n. m. : (1) Breadth

- of a river; width of a piece of cloth; part. (2) Stone or piece of wood on which the washerman washes the clothes; a flat wooden frame. (3) High pitch of voice. (4) A sleight in wrestling, (Used with the phrase معربي باك dhobi pāṭ.) (5) Throne. (Used with the phrase دهوبي باك rāj pāṭ.)
- pā! dār, adj. : A high pitched voice reaching a considerable distance.
- pā! denā, v. : (1) To gather abundantly; to give abundantly; to over stock; to heap. (2) To cover.
- lit paina, v. : To fill up a ditch, hole, well or any eavity; to cover a roof; to shut; to close.
- full grown animal (commonly a goat, deer or elephant.)

 (2) A robust youth; a young wrestler.
- باجي (H) pā jī, n. m. & adj. ; (1)

 A mean fellow; vile wretch;
 rascal; scoundrel. (2)

 Low; contemptible.

پاجی پن

- pāji pan, n. m. : Meanness; vileness; rascality; base conduct.
- باخانه (P) pākhāna(h), n. m. :

 (1) Lavatory; latrine; privy. (2) Stools; filth.
- P) pādāsh, n. f. ; (1)

 Reward; requital; recompense; compensation. (2)

 Revenge.
- (PR) pādrī, n. m.: Padre (Father); a Christian priest; clergyman; minister; chaplain.
- پادخاه (P) pādshāh, n. m. King; ruler; sovereign.
 - بادهاه زاده pādshāh zāda(h), n. m.: A prince; son of a king or ruler.
 - padshah zadl, n. f.: A princess; daughter of a king or ruler.
- پار (P) pār, adj.: Last. (Used with الم as in بار سال pār sāl, last year).
- الر (H) par, n. m. & edv. : (1)

 Opposite bank of a river or lake; other side; termination : conclusion. (2) Over; across.

- par utarna, پار اتارنا ، اتروانا par utarna, utarnana, v. : To get ferried over ; to put or take accross the other side.
- بار آلرنا par utarna, v. : (1)
 To cross a river; to ferry over; to carry through; to reach the other end.
 (2) To succeed; to accomplish
- pār kārnā, v. : (1)
 To take to the opposite
 bank; to get accross the
 river. (2) To pierce; to
 break; to tide over.
- par lagana, v. : To carry across; to help to reach the opposite bank.

 (2) To achieve the end; to help one to succeed.
- ing of a ferry boat on the other bank; to be taken accross a lak: or river; to reach the end of a journey.
- ارا (H) para, n. m. : Quickeilver; mercury.
 - para bhra homa,

- v. : To be heavy; to be very active.
- پرا پينا para pina, v. ; To become heavy.
- پارا بارنا pārā mārnā, v. : To convert quicksilver into medicinal use.
- (P) pārcha(h), n. m. : A fragment; piece; scrap; rag; web; strap; piece of cloth.
 - بارجه باف parcha(h) baf, n. m. :
 A weaver.
- ארש (P) pārs, n. p.; Another name of Iran.
 - Fire-worshipper; follower of Zoroaster; a Parsi. (2) Persian; Persian language; native of Iran.
- אריים איילי (H) paras patther,
 n. m.: Touchstone: philosopher's stone (according
 to a legend it converts any
 metal it touches into gold).
- پارسا (P) parsë, adj.: Chaste; pure; virtuous; holy; temperate.
 - بازسائی parse'l, n. f.: Chastity; virtue; purity.

- (H) parakh, المركان (H) parakhya, المركان (H) parakhya, Examiner; judge; tester; connoisseur; critic; discriminator.
- پارسال (P) pārsāl, n. m. : Lest year. (See بار pār.)
- پارسال (E) parsal, n. m. : Parcel; bundle.
- لانيمند (E) parliment, n. f.:
 Parliament.
- نايان (H) parma, v. : To collect smoke from an oil lamp to prepare collyrium.
- اره (P) para(h), n. m. : A piece; strap; bit; part; fragment.
 - para(h) para(h) para(h)

 karna, v. : To cut or

 break into pieces; to

 shatter.
- وارى (H) parl, n. f.: A lump of country made sugar.
- الريك (P) parina(h), adj. : Old; ancient; worn out; thing of the past.
- が (H) par, あうり (H) parh, old; raised stage or platform; high wooden frame
 on which a technician
 works.

الحال (H) pārā, n. m. : (1) In comp. Quarter of a town, district etc. as المحل paiel pārā; ward; cluster of huts, apart from the village to which it belongs; hamlet. (2) Male buffalo; calf.

- الاند (P) pāzhand, n. f.: A commentary on the Zhend, a sacred book of the Parsis.
- الس (E) pās, n. m. : (1) Pass ; success at examination. (2) Permit for travelling etc.
 - پاس بک pas buk, n. f.: Pass book of a bank.
 - pas karna, v. : To succeed at examination.
- پاس (H) pās, adv. : Very near; very close; adjacent.
 - باس باس pas pas, adv. : Very near; very close; adjacent to one another.
 - pas paros, n. m. t Neighbourhood; nearness.
- الس (P) pas, n. m. & adj. : (1)

 Watching : custody : observance : regard : supervision

 sion : respect. (2) Division

- of time consisting of three hours. (3) In possession of.
- پامبان pasban, n. m. : Guard; sontinel; watchman.
- باسداری pasdarl, n. f.: Favour; support; concession; taking side.
- اسان (H) pāsā,
 اسان (H) pāsā,

 الان (H) pāsā,

 die; throw of dice.
 - باسا آننا پڑا pāsā ulṭā parā,
 v.: The die cast was unfavourable; the scheme or arrangement failed.
 - باسا بڑا pāsā parā, v. : The die cast was favourable.
 - To throw a die; to try one's luck; to draw a lottery.
- واسپورٹ (E) pasport, n. m. :
 Passport.
- پاستان (P) pāstān, adj. : Ancient ; old.
- Balance; equipoise; something placed in one scale to balance the other.
- پاش پاش (P) pāsh pāsh, adv. :

ered.

- pash pash karna, باش پاش کرنا v. : To break into pieces; to smash into bits.
- ياشا (T) pāshā, n. m. : A high Turkish title in old Ottoman Empire.
- ياشويه (P) pāshoya(h), n. m. : Act of washing a sick man's feet or legs with water.
- اكل (P) pak, adj. Clean; pure; devoid of impurities; spotless; holy; blameless; unpolluted; cleared (account); dauntless.
 - با كباز pakbaz, n. m.: Chaste; virtuous.
 - باک پروردگار pak parwardigar. n. m. : God.
 - pāk karnā, v. : To purify; to clean; equare accounts: 10 finish.
 - پاک هونا pāk honā, v. : To become clean remove the dirt; to become clean after monthly course; to clear the accounts; to end.

- Broken into pieces; shatt- | كاكنان (E) pākat, n. f.: Pocket. پاکٹ مار pākat mār, n. m. : Pick-pocket.
 - side; thatch leaning against the wall of a yard or area.
 - 154 (H) pākhar, n. f. 1 Iron armour put on a horse or elephant for his defence.
 - ياكهندُ (H) pākhand, no m. : Pretence; hypocrisy; wickedness; mischief.
 - Sies is (P) pakizzi, n. f.: Cleanliness; purity; chastity; neatness.
 - hash pākiza(h), adj.: Neat; clean; decent; pure; chaste; nice; lovely.
 - ليا (M) pag, n. f.: (sl.) Turban.
 - が以 (H) pagal, adj. & n. m.: (1) Mad; insene; silly; foolish; idiotic. mad man; an iciot.
 - ناكل pagal pan, n. m. : Madness: lunacy; idiocy; foolishness.
 - باكل خاند pagai khana(h), n. m: Mad house; lunatio asylum.

JU (H) pal, n. f.: (1) Sail of a boat; a small tent for protection. (2) Covering green fruits like mangoes under grass for ripening purpose.

- بال آنهانا، ذالنا، و كهنا pai uihama, dalna, rakhna, v. i To put raw fruits like mangoes under cover of grass for ripening.
- Yy (H) pala, n. m.: (1) Frost; hoar frost; frozen dew. (2) Dealing; business; transaction.

 - Yu (H) paid, n. m.: The field for a wrestling match; partition line drawn by children on earth for playing the game of حلة kabaddl.
 - المار لهنا pala mar lend, v. :

 To win a wrestling match; to achieve success

 (in any competition); to win a game; to defeat.

- ن لان (P) pālān, n. m. : A packsaddle.
- پالتی (H) pālil, n. f.: A squatting posture.
 - بالتي لگانا pālil lagānā, v. :
 To swim in a squatting
 posture.
- پالیسی (E) pālisī, n. f.: Policy; expediency.
- glossiness; smoothness substance used to produce smooth surface.
- (1) A kind of spinach, also its seed. (2) An adopted child. (Used with على الماد) المادة (الحاد)
- of litter sedan or palanquin.
- Wy (H) pāinā, n. m. & v.; (1)
 A cradle. (2) To rear;
 to breed; to nourish; to
 bring up; to nurse; to
 tend; to protect.
 - بالتو، بالو pairs, pais, adj. 1
 Pet.
 - بالنهار pālanhār, n. m. : Protector : nourisher ; breeder : God.

- بالنا پوسنا pālnā posnā, v. :

 To nourish; to train; to tend; to rear.
- of fighting of partridge, cock or other birds. (2)

 Name of an ancient language containing Buddhist acriptures.
- پان (H) pān, n. m. : Betel leaf; embriodered work resembling a leaf.
 - الكانا، لكانا بالنا، لكانا الكانا الكانا الكانا الكانا الكانا الكوري pan bandna, lagana, v.: To prepare betel leaf for chewing purpose by putting necessary ingredients on it.
 - of household, including betel leaf expenses.
- to receive; to acquire. (2)
 To sense; to recognise; to
 know; to secure; to find;
 to procure. (3) To overtake. (4) To suffer. (5) To
 be allowed; to let happen.
- پانچ (H) paach, adj.: Five.

 paachwaa, adj.: Fifth.

 انگون آنگلیان برابر نہیں م

- chon unglivan brabar nahla, prov. : All men are not equal; men have different capabilities.
- بانهوان انگلیان کهی مین اور سر pahchok

 ungliyan ghi men aur sar

 karahi men, prov.: To

 be in prosperous condition; to be in affluent

 circumstances or in

 authority.
- paa.

 choa hawās thikāne lagnā,

 v.: To be mentally disturbed; to lose control

 over one's self.
- shara'l, prov. : All the five sine prohibited by religion, i. e. stealing, gambling, lying, drinking and adultry.
- بانج مانه کی زبان panch hath k! zaban, prov. : (W) A tall talk; a person who talks beyond his measure.
- اللَّذِي (H) pānde, n. m.: A learned man; a scholar; a scholar a scholar; a title of Brahmans.

- بانڈے جی پچھتائیں کے وهی چنے pande jl pachhiden ge wuhi chane ki khaen ge, prov.; (lit.) Pande ji will repent (in the end) and (gladly) cat the same gram meal.
- بانی (H) pānl, n. m.: Water; rain; frrigation; origin; race.

 - بانی آثر جانا panl utar fana,
 v.: Decrease in the flood
 level; loss of lustre in
 the pearl or mirror; to
 be shameless; to be disrespectful to elders.
 - پانی باندهنا pānī bāndhnā, v. :
 To stop flowing water by
 means of bund.
 - پانی برستا pāni barasnā, v. : To rain.
 - بانی بند کرنا panl band karna,
 v.: To stop water (to the enemy); to stop giving water (to a sick person).

- To draw water from the well; to bring water. (2)
 To serve; to be at one's wits end. (3) To feel a sense of inferiority before somebody.
- پانی پانی کرنا pāni pāni karnā,
 v.: To put one to shame;
 to dissolve.
- بانی بانی هونا pan! pan! hond,
 v.: To feel ashamed;
 to become liquid; to dissolve.
- par bunyad hona, likha hona.: To be without foundation; to be insecure, impermanent.
- بانی بهر جانا pānī phir jānā, v.:

 (1) To gain lustre; to be polished. (2) To improve in health. (3) To be destroyed; to undo; to lose; to suffer.
- بانی بهیر دینا pani pher dena, v.:

 To undo the labour; to inflict loss.
- پانی ہی ہی کے کوسنا pani pi pi ke kosnā prov.: To curse excessively; to heap curses (upon).

- pāni pinā, v.: To drink water; to absorb water; to fill the tank with water (railway engine).
- پانی جهم جهم ، چهاجون برسنا pāni jham jham, chhājoh barasnā, v. : To rain heavily.
- بانی چلانا ، دینا pāni chalānā, denā, v.: To irrigate; to take water to the field.
- بانی چهوزنا panl chhorna, v.:
 (1) To release the flow of water. (2) Oozing of water from vegetables etc. in cooking.
- پانی گهل جانا ، گهلنا pānī qhai jānā. qhainā, v. : To lose lustre ; to decline.
- sar se wacha ho jana, v.:

 To go beyond control
 (any matter); to be in
 deep waters.
 - پانی صمونا pānī samonā, v.: To mix hot water with cold water (to make it bearable).
 - pāni kāinā, v. : (1)
 To take water from one

- channel into another. (2) To propel boat by oars.
- پانی کر دینا pāni kar denā, v.:
 (1) To make easy; to
 make soft. (2) To liquefy;
 to dissolve.
- بانی کهڑا هونا pāni kharā honā,
 v.: Water to stop running.
- بانی کملنا pāni khulnā, v.: Stopping of rains and clearing of the sky.
- بانی کی چادر pānī kī chādar, n. f.: The broad stream or fall of water.
- انی کی لہریں گننا pānī kī lahrain ginnā, v. : (lit.) To count the waves of water; to undertake an impossible task.
- بانی کے سول panl ke mol, adv.:

 (lit.) At the price of water;

 at a low price.
- بانی کلے تک آ جانا pani gale tak ā jānā, r.: (lit.) To be in water upto the neck; to be in hot water; to be in difficulty.
- pani lagna, v.: Water باني لكنا

to affect injuriously (in tooth or any other part of body).

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- پانی لینا pānī lenā, v. : To wash
 after motion ; to clean.
- To be faulty; to affect the purity of the genealogical tree. (2) To assign blame; to expose a fault. (3) Water to penetrate in the foundation of a house or wall.
- بانی مند میں بھر آنا pānī mukh mek bhar ānā, v.: Watering of mouth; to desire a thing openly.
- pānī mek āg بانی میں آگ لگانا pānī mek āg lagānā, v.: To sow seed، of dissension; to inflame feelings against somebody.
- پانی ند پچنا pan! na(h) pachnā,
 v: To diclose secrets; to
 be light tempered.
- بانی نه مانگنا pānl na(h) māngnā, v.: To die suddenly without even demanding water to drink.
- pānī hāwā ho ياني هوا هو جانا Jānā, v.: Disappearing

of clouds of rain by means of gusts of wind; to evapora c.

- pani ho jana, v.:

 To be easy; to become cold; to lose sharpness; to be pliant.
- ياد (H) pau, n. m. : One fourth part.
 - pāu bhar, pāu ser, n.m.: One quarter of a seer. (a seer-more or less two pounds.)
- ياو روثي (H) pāu roṭi, n. f.: European style bread; louf.
- pāuk, n. m. (1) Foot; leg; gait; step. (2) Root; foundation. (3) Stability; end; result; symptom. (4) Responsibility; artifics.
- پاون آ کے بڑھانا paun age barhana, v,: To step forward; to exceed the limit.
- پاول آثر جانا pāuh utar jānā, v. : Dislocating the joint foot bone.
- ياول آنها، أكهار دينا pāun uihā, ukhār denā v. : To defeat; to put to flight; to dispossess; to disperse; to unsettle.

- باوں آٹھا کے جافا pāun uihā ke jānā. v.: To go sast; to walk speedily
 - باول آنه جانا pāun uin jānā, v.:

 To take to flight; to be defeated.
 - پاون آنهنا pāun uṭhnā, v : To walk; to have the strength to step forward.
 - pāuh ukhar jānā, v. : (1) Dislocating the foot joint. (2) To lose heart; to be discouraged; to be defeated.
 - پاوں اُلجهنا pāun ulajhnā, v.:

 To be involved in some
 affair.
- پاول بانده رکهنا pāuh bāndh rakhnā, v: To restrict the freedom of a person; to detain.
- pāuh bāhar pāuh bāhar nikālnā, v. : (1) To feel proud; to do some work b yond one's capacity.

 (2) To get the habit of wandering; to go out of purdah.
- پاوں بھاری ہوتا pāun bhārī honā, v.: (1) To be in the

- family way; to be pregnant. (2) To lose courage. (3) To walk with hesitation.
- باول بهر جانا pāun bhar jānā,
 v.: (1) To be tired; to suffer numbness of the feet. (2) To be smeared with mud or something similar.
- باول ببكنا pāuħ bahaknā, v.:
 To walk with a disturbed
 gait.
- پاول بیچ سیں هونا pāun bich men honā, v.: To have the reponsibility; to share; to participate; to interfere.
- اول پاول باول باول باول باول باول باول باول pāun pāun, adv. :

 On foot. Al-o said to encourage a child when he starts walling.
- پاول پر ، میں ڈالنا pāun par, men dālnā, v. : (lit.) To put at one's feet; to give respict to or show honour for the person concerned.
- پاول پر سر ر کهنا، گرنا pāun par sar rak hnā, girnā, v.: To show extr: me respect; to request protection; to seek support.

- paun parna, v.: To treat with extreme respect; to honour.
- ياول يسارنة paun, pasarna, v. :
 - (1) To spread the legs.

- (2) To have restful sleep.
- (3) (sl.) To insist.
- پاول يکونا paun pakarna, v. : (1) To beseech submissively; to cringe. (2) Not to allow (one) to leave. (3) To seek refuge.
- پاول يهولنة paun phūlnā, v.: (1) To become swollen (foot). (2) To lose strength of moving forward. (3) To be afraid of.
- پاوں پھونک پھونک کے رکھنا paun phunk phunk ke rakhnā, v : (1) To walk with great caution. (2) To be very careful; to consider all pros and cons before taking action.
- ناول پهيلانا pāun phailānā, v.: (1) To stretch the legs.
 - (2) To extend one's desires; to covet; to insist upon.

- pauh پاوں تلے سے زمین نکل جانا tale se zamin nikal jānā, v.: To feel the ground slipping from under one's feet; to lose control over self; to be mentally disturbed; to be in a pitiable condition.
- paun باوں توڑ کر بیٹھنا kar baithnā, v.: To lose courage; to reconcile with a bad situation; to make no attempt.
- pāun tornā, v. : To try utmost; to struggle for an object; to tire.
- ياوك جمانا pāuh jāmanā, v. : To be firm on a thing; to stick to one's position.
- pāun chūr honā, پاول چور هونا y.: To be tired; to lack the strength to walk further.
- باون چومنا pāun chūmnā, v. : To kiss the feet; to show extreme respect.
- پاوں دھو کے ، دھو دھو کے پینا pāun dho ke, dho dho ke $p\bar{l}n\bar{a}$. v. : To have extreme regard; to do utmost honour.

- پاوں ککمکانا ، ککنا pāun dagmagānā, dignā, v.: To stagger; to hesitate; to lose heart.
- پاول ر کونا pāun ragarnā, v. :
 - (1) To try; to supplicate.
 - (2) To be on death bed.
- pāuk باول زمین پر ند ٹھہرنا zamīn par na ṭhaharnā,
 ۶.: To be proud; to take airs.
- الول سميلنا pāuh sameṭnā, v.:

 To seek seclusion; to cut
 off wordly relations.
- sun ho jana, so jana, v.:

 The foot becoming numb; to lose circulation of blood in the foot.
- پاوں شل هو جانا pāun shel ho jānā, v.: To be tired; to be exhausted.
- پاول کا ، میں چکر pāuh kā, men chakkar, n. m. : Wanderlust.
- پاوں کا پسینا سر تک آنا pāuh kā

 paslnā sar tak ānā, v. :

 To bear great hardship;

 to do hard labour.

- pāuh khinch lenā, v.: To renounce responsibility; to remain secluded; not to interfere; to bear no responsibility.
- pāuń kahin se kahin parnā, v.: To stagger: to have unbalanced gait (under the influence of drink or due to menta! disturbance).
- pārn ki khāk
 honā, v.: To be without
 any self-respect; to be
 humiliated; to express
 sense of extreme humility.
- باول گاڑنا pāun gāṛnā, v.: (lit.)

 To dig one's foot (in the ground); to try to stand firmly; to establish a strong position.
- gor, qabr meh laikānā, v.: To be on the point of death; to prepare for death.
- پاول لینا pāuh lenā, v.: To show respect.

- پاول مارنا pāun mārnā, v.: To swim against water.
- پاول میں جوتی نه سر پر ٹوپی

 pānn men jūli na sar par

 ppl, prov.: To be in a

 very poor condition; to

 be mentally disturbed;

 to be in a state of indi
 gence.
- باول مين سنيچر هونا sanichar honā, prov. : To have wanderlust; to have a great desire for travelling or wandering.
- پاول میں منهدی لگنا pāun men minhdi lagnā, prov. : To be unable to move forward; not willing to go forward.
- (1) To go out; to go beyond one's limit. (2) To show cunning; to do mischief. (3) To show bad manners; to fall in bad company. (4) To set free; to separate one's self from an affair. (5) To dance according to a certain style.
- paun nikalnā, v. : (1)

- To wander or fall in bad company; to go out of control; to be free. (2) To get one's self extricated
- جاونڈ (E) pāund, n. m.: The English pound sterling now equal to 100 pence.
- يائى (H) pā'l, n. f.: 1/12 part of an anna now demonetised.
- يائي (P) pā'i, n. m.: The fore and hind legs of a cow or goat, cooked in broth.
 - بائے تغت pā'i takht, n. m. : Capital of a kingdom.
 - pā'i بائيے رفتن نه جائے ماندن pā'i rafian na jā'i māādan, prov.: Dilemma.
 - چائیدار (P) pā'idār, adj.: Strong; durable; sable.
 - پائیدان (P) pā'idān, n. m. : Foot-board.
 - پائیبی (P) pā'iħ, adj. & n. m. : Back ; down ; below. (2) Lower part ; bottom.
 - پائیں باغ pā'in bāgh, n. m.:

 Garden at the back of the house.

- pā'igah, n. f.: (I) Status; high position. (2) Court; office. (3) A stall.
- پائینتی (H) pā'ihii, n. f.: Foot or bottom of a bed.
- والبنجا (H) pā'inchā, n. m.: One of the legs of a pair of trousers.
- جايان (P) pāyān, n. m.: End; termination; extreme limit.
- messenger; an attendant.
- چایل (H) pāyal, n. m. : An anklet.
- P) pāinda(h), adj.: Permanent; everlasting.
- honour; foundation of a building; ladder; leg of chair, table or bed.
 - پایه ثبوت کو پهنچنا په پهنچنا په پهنچنا subūt ko pahunchnā, v. :

 To be proved.
- بلکب (E) pablik, n. f.: Public; people.
- چېرمنىك (E) plparmint, n. f. : Peppermint.
- پېوال (H) papṛā, n. m. : Big crust; upper layer.

- crust; fold; dry upper layer; layer of black or soft earth; scales formed by the drying of the moist earth.
 - papṛi paṛna, jamna, v. : To form into crust; to crystaliisc.
- پپوٽا (H) papoiā, n. m. : Eyelid.
- لَّ (H) papaiyā, n. m. : A child's whistle.
- نجيتا (H) papita, n. m.: A kind of fruit; papaya.
- whose note is very musical; cuckoo.
- بت (H) pat, n. f.: Respect; honour.
- (H) pit, n. m.: Bile; yellow water from gall-bladder.
- (H) patiā, n. m. : Leaf of a tree; a card; betel leaf; an ornament worn in the ear.
 - patiā kharaknā, v.:

 (lit.) To make a sound

 while rustling (leaves);

 to get an inkling; to

 feel slight danger.
 - پتا کهڙ کا ، بنده سر کا pattā khaṛkā, banda(h) sarkā, prov. : To leave the place

on the slightest danger; to get the meaning on the slightest hint; to show high intelligence on occasion.

- (H) pata, n. m. : Sign ; address; place; trace; clue; hint; direction.
 - patā lagānā, v.: To trace; to find out the address or clue; to search out.
 - پتے کی بات pate ki bāt, n. f.:

 A striking thing; right clue.
- bladder. (2) Endurance; strength; courage.
- يتا پانې كونا pitt pāni karnā, prov.: To lose heart; to subside anger.
- to sustain; to restrain one's anger; to subdue one's passion; to work with single mindedness.
- پتائی (H) putā'i, n. f.: Plastering; polishing; white washing; wages of white washing.
- پتر، پتر (H) patr, pattār, n. m.: Letter; document; leaf; a

plate of metal,

- نترا (H) pattrā, n.m. Calendar; account of a year according to astrology
- پتری (H) pattri, n. f.: A horoscope.
- يتل (H) pattal, n. m.: Plate made of sewn leaves for eating by Hindus to avoid touchability.
- پنلا (H) patlā, adj.: Thin; lean; liquid.
 - patla hāl, adj.: Bad condition; unsatisfactory condition; sad plight.
- النان (H) putlā, n. m.: An effigy; image.
 - putlā khāk kā, n. m.: (lit.) An effigy of dust, clay; man.
- يتلون (E) patlan, n. f.: Pants; a pair of trousers of Europian style.
- بتلی (H) putll, n. f.: Doll; the pupil of the eye; machine; a delicate beautiful woman; puppet.
- پتلی پهير لينا putli pher lenā, v. :

 To show disaffection; to

disregard; to be indifferent.

- putlian ulat, badal, phir jana, prov.: Turning of eyes at the time of death; loss of lustre of eyes; loss of movement in the eyes.
- winged moth which encircles light of lamp, lantern, etc.
- (H) patangā, n. m.: (1) Spark. (2) A winged moth.
 - patange lagand, v.:

 To tease; to do mischief, to foment quarrel;
 to set fire to; to burn.
- يتوار (H) patwār, n. f.: Oar.
- (1) Stone, including precious stone; hail; (W) (fig.) unmarried daughter. (2) Hard; cruel; heavy; difficult (task); silent; hard to digest.
 - پتھر بن جانا patthar ban jana, v.:

 (1) To become as hard as stone; to be cruel, hard-

hearted. (2) To pose as deaf; to be dumb like a statue.

- patther panl بتهر پانی هو جانا ho jana, v.: A cruel man becoming soft-hearted; hard task becoming easy.
- ptthar tale daman dabaa, hath hond, prov.: To be involved in some trouble; to be powerless; to be under the authority and influence of somebody.
- patthar بتهر تلے سے هاته نكلنا patthar tale se hath nikulna, prov.:

 To be free from calamity or suffering; to come out of authority of somebody.
- parthar chhārl par dharnā, rakh lena, prov. : To sustain; to suffer from pain; to bear; to endure; to be patient by compulsion.
- patthar sa khinch mārnā; prov.:
 To speak in a cavalier manner; to give a sharp or blunt answer; to speak rudely.

پتھر سے سر مارنا patthar se sar marna, prov. : To explain to a stupid person.

- پتهر کا دل موم ، جگر پانی هو پتهر کا دل موم ، جگر پانی هو patthar kā dil mom, jigar pāni ho jānā, prov.:

 To become soft-hearted.
- پتهر کی چهاتی patthar kł chhatl,
 n. f.: Great ambition,
 courage.
- patthar kl lakir, n. f. & adj.: (1) A line engraved on stone. (2) Unalterable; ineffactable.
- pathra dena, v.: (1)

 To become hard; to

 turn into stone. (2) To

 lose eyesight; to lose

 lustre of the eyes.
- pathrdu, n.m.: Constant stoning; throwing of stones; lapidation.
 - for sharpening knife; a flint; whetstone; stone or gravel in the bladder or gail bladder.
 - ייאנעל pathrila, adj.: Stony; rocky; of grit.
- pattl, n. f.: (1) A leaf. (2)

- A share. (3) Iron pen; nib. (4) Thin plate of metal.
- pittl, n. f.: A skin disease causing great itch.
- patllā, n. m.: A widemouthed cauldron.
- بن pat, n. m. & adj.: (1) Shutter; one plank of a double door; screen; veil; sound of falling flat; fold of cloth, (2) Upside down; upset; upturned; quick; at once; immediate.
 - بنا پيئ paia pai, adv. : Con-tinuously; without ceas-ing.
 - pat pat n. f. & adv.:

 Sound of continuous falling. (2) Continuously;
 without stopping.
 - pat pet bolad, v.:

 To talk quickly and continuously.
 - be ineffective; to gowrong; to become useless. (2) To be upside down; to fall on the face; to fall flat.
 - pat kholnā, (1) To open the door. (2) To

reveal; to lift a covering or veil.

- یٹ سے بولنا pat se bolna, v.: To interfere by talking.
- (H) paid, n. m. : A wooden sword used in fencing; a game played with such a sword.
 - paje bāzī, n. f.: Fencing; a game to be played with cudgels or wooden sword.
- (H) paṭṭā, n. m. : (1) Collar of a horse or dog; shoulder strap or badge of a peon.
 - (2) A document for land or other property transfer.
 - (3) Lock of hair on the neck; ringlet; curl.
- ينا لكهو الينا pația likhwa lent, v.: To have a written agreement regarding property; to have a mortgage agreement; to have a leaso.
- धिष्ठ धि (H) paiā papnā, v. : To be in abundant supply.
- بناني (H) paiakh, poiaq, n. f.: Sound of breaking of something hard; loud sound.
- patakh se hoina, v.: To apeak hastily; to

- speak fluently; to be outspoken.
- (H) patakha, n. m.: A kind of firework giving an explosive sound; cracker; (fig.) an attractive young girl; gun-cap.
- يمارا (H) pitara, n. m.: bomboo or case box with lid; an old type of box for ciothes.
- يٽاري (H) pijārī, n f. : A small bamboo or cane box: a small box for keeping betel leaves and their ingredients.
 - pitari ka kharch, بنارى كاخرج m. m.: Expenses for betel leaf, an item considered necessary for married women of old type.
- ني نيان (H) pāi bijnā, n. m. : Fire-fly.
- ينخن (H) patakhnd. v. : knock down (in wrestling); to give a violent fail; to dash one down.
 - or parkhant, n. f.: A throw down with violence; a knock down.
 - potkhani dena, v. :

To throw down; to knock down.

باری (H) pairā, الله (H) pairā, الله (H) pairā, الله (H) pairā, wooden plank to sit on; a plank on which washermen beat clothes.

paird kar dend,
v.: To destroy; to demolish; to raze; to joy
waste; to render one
helpless; to deprive one
of power and strength.

باری (H) pairl, n. f.: (1) A narrow slip of wood; a slate or slab for writing on. (2) A small pathway in a garden; bank of a canal; side path of a street; an avenue. (3) An armlet or bracelet of brass, gilt, gold or silver.

بنس (H) pittas, n. f. : Lamentation; violent expression of sorrow by beating breast.

piiias parnā, v. : To

lament; to express sorrow violently.

يىك سن (H) paisan, n. m.:

Jute or jute plant.

a piece of cloth worn round waist; belt.

(H) paṭam, adj. : Closed ; shut (the eyes).

paṭam ho jānā, v. :

(1) To become blind. (2)

To go wrong; to be destroyed.

נגיט (H) piṭnā, v.: To he beaten; to be hurt; to get a beating; to be pounded.

الله بينا، يبك جانا (H) painā, pai jānā, v.: (1) To be filled up; to be roofed. (2) To be paid completely; to be settled (price, dispute). (3) To be in abundance.

of coarse wollen cloth.

بنواری (H) patwarl, n. m.: One who keeps land records of one or several villages; village registrar.

پٽوان (H) piṭwānā, v.: To cause beating; to get somebody

teased or tortured.

ربنه (H) puth, of hip-joint of an animal.

(2) Flux; excitement; seasoning.

لنها (H) puṭṭhā, n. m. : The buttocks (horse etc.); hip;

par hāth na(h) rakhne denā,

prev.: To be very sensi
tive to touch (animal);

to be inaccessible; not

to allow any person to

discuss or touch any

question; to be hard to

get at.

(H) pattha, n. m.: (1) A nerve sinew. (2) A young full grown animal. (3) A young pupil in wrestling; tendon. (4) A stiff cover of a book. (5) A broad leaf; dry leaf of tobacco; thick paper.

of the people living in the north-west areas of Pakistan; a dynasty ruling over India before the Mughals; soldier; man-at-

arms; warrior.

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Protege; supporter; follower. (2) A children's game.

young animal (goat, cow, buffalo etc.).

portion; strip; piece of cloth; bandage; plaster; band; ribbon; tape; headband. (2) Side wooden piece of a bed-stead. (3) Side lock of hair over each temple. (4) Row; line; division of land into portions of strips; holding or tenure in co-parcenary. (5) A kind of sweetmest. (6) Deception; trick; fraud.

الله بالله الله pail bandhed, v. :
To bandage ; to blindfold; to apply bandage
to a wound.

To put someone upto some trick; to cheat; to deceive; to seduce; to coax.

paril dar, n. m. : Cosharer in land in a village; a share holder in a co-parcenary village or estate.

- پنجاری (H) pujārī, n. m. : A priest; a worshipper.
- (H) pajāwā, n. m.: Kiln; a place for baking bricks.
- (H) pach, n. f.; (1) Prejudice; taking side; partiality; partisanship. (2) Pertinacity; obstinate adherence.
 - pach karna, v. : To defend; to take side.
- 受 (H) pach, adj.: Anything having five parts. (Used as pref.)
 - ed.
- Trick; seduction; fraud.

 (2) Brush; a thin layer of paint; light colour.
 - puchara dena, v.:

 To flatter; to pay compliments; to colour or paint; to cheat; to coax.
- پواس (H) pachas, adj. : Fifty.
- نسي (H) pachāsī, adj. : Eighty-fivo.

- gest; to do away with the property of another dishonestly; to embezzle.
- بهانوے (H) pachanwe, adj.: Nincty-five.
- رچيپې (H) pachpachā, adj. :

 (جپېې (H) pichpichā,

 Clammy ; moist ; soft,

 plashy (soil).
- (H) pachpan, adj.: Fifty-five.
- الجهتان (H) pachiand, pachiand, pachhiana, v.: To repent; to express remorse; to feel regret.
- بچهتاوا، پچهتاوا، پچهتاوا، پچهتاوا pachhiāwā, n. f.: Repentance; regret.
- (H) pachchar, n. f. i Wedge; a piece of wood used to fill a crevice.
 - پچر لکانا ، لهونکنا pachchar lagana, thoakna, v. :

To put a wedge; to thrust a piece of wood in a crevice to fit in.

- pachchar mārnā, v. :

 To obstruct; to interfere;

 to frustrate; to put a

 spoke in the wheel.
- نجکارنا (H) puchkarna. v.: To make a kissing sound with the lips to coax; to pat on the back; to caress.
- پوکاری (H) pichkārī, n. f.: A syringe; enema; a squirt.
- يوكلياك (H) pachkalyan, n. m. & adj.: (1) A horse having white spots on his forehead and knees. (2) Mongrel; cross-bred.
- پچکنا (H) pichaknā, v. : To be squeezed; to subside; to shrink; to lose smoothness.
- پويا (H) pachnā, v. : To be digested.
- إن يجهاز H) pachhār, n. f. : A fall on the back on the ground.
 - pachhār بجهاز دینا ، بجهازنا denā, pachhār denā, v.: To deseat in a combat; to sell on the ground; to

- throw one down on the back; to overcome.
- pachhāṭaih khānā, v.
 To wallow on the ground in grief; to roll on the ground.
- adv.: (i) The back; rear; hind quarter; ropes by which a horse's hind legs are tied. (2) In the rear; at the back.
 - بارنا بازنا pichhāri mārnā,

 v.: (1) To kick with
 hind legs (horse). (2)
 To attack the rear of;
 to attack in the rear or
 from behind.
- نجهان (H) pachhan, n. m.: The West.
- (H) pachhattar, adj. : Seventy-five.
- be defeated; to be check-mated; to fall; to fall ill.
- lag behind; to fall short (of); to remain behind in lessons.

- back; after; dorsal; bygone; past; past or old
 lesson; of the former;
 late.
 - The last quarter of the night.
 - pichhle pāua بجهلے باوں بهرنا pichhle pāua phirnā, v.: To step backwards; to retreat; to go back instantly.
- بچهل بائی (H) pichhal pāl, n. f.: A female goblin with feet turned backwards; an ugly or frighful woman.
- West; western countries.
- النوي: (H) puchhad, v. : To be wiped.
- پچهوا ' پچهوا ائی (H) pachhwa, pachhwal, n. f.: West wind (which is generally hot).
- (H) pichhwāpā, n. m. :
 The back portion of the
 house; hind quarter or area
 behind a house.
 - pichhwāre, adv. ; At the back ; in the rear.
- ני אָבָּאָפָלָי (H) pachhor,

- pachhoran, n. f: The remnant of sifting from corn, wheat, etc.
- pachhornā, v. : To sift wheat, gram or other cereals.
- ed; fixed; sticking; rooted; firm; in unison (music).
 - pachche karl, n. f.:

 Mozaic work; a tessellated pavement; patching of variegated stones; working of brick and mortar.
 - pachchl karnā, v. :

 To cement; to patch; to

 fix; to make durable work

 with brick and mortar.
- (H) pichchl, adj.: Mangled; squashed; crushed; bruised.
- ध्या (H) pichait, n. m. : A trickster; h wrestler; a clever fellow.
 - pichaitl n f. : Trick ; fraud ; sleight in wrestling ; art of wrestling ; cleverness.
- پېيس (H) pachchis, adj. : Twenty-five.

- pachchlswah, adj. Twenty-fifth.
- game played with four parts on the cloth or chess-board, each board containing 25 squares.
- ريخ (P) pakh, n. f.: Hindrance; obstacle; difficulty; noise; tumult.
 - pakh lagana, v. : To obstruct; to object.
 - pakh nikālnā, v.: To criticise; to object; to find out fault.
- بخت (P) pukht, n. f.: Cooking of food; ripening.
 - pukhtagi, n. f.: Maturity; strength; experience; durability; ripening of fruit.
 - pukht-o-paz, n. f. : complete arrangement ; sche مه ; design.
 - strone of experience;
 durable; wise; ripe; solid;
 well cooked, firm; made
 with bricks and mortar.
 - pukhia(h) kar, adj. :

- Experienced; mature; ; good at handling matters.
- لبدا (H) pidda, n. in.: A small brown-backed bird.
- ندانا (H) padana, v.: To tire; to put to run; to tease.
- پدر (P) pidar, n. m. : Father.
 - pidarāna(h), adj.: Like that of father.
 - pidaram sultāk bād, prov. t (lit.) My father was a king : to boast of one's great ancestors.
 - pidari, n. f.: Of the father.
- Hundred thousand million; particularly high number.

 (2) Lotus flower. (3) A mark or mole on human body. (4) Red or coloured mark on the face of an elephant.
- First and most excellent of the four classes into which is female some is distinguished by Hindus, the others being chitruni, sankhani and hastani; name of a well-known queen of India; a very beautiful and tender

- woman. (2) Multitude of lotuses. (3) Particular magical art; witch craft.
- بذير (P) pazir, adj, : Taking; receiving; accepting; admitting; endowed with.

 (Used as suf. in comp. e. g.

 سنت بذير minnat pazir,)

 grateful).
 - رار pazirā'i, n. f. : Acceptance ; reception; audience.
- On; upon; at; by; for; on the point of; on account of; above; through; but; however; still; yet.
- (P) par, n. m.: Feather; wing; pinion; quill; blade; leaf; strength.
 - par afshan, adj. : Shaking the wings; disturbed; fluttering; oppressed.
 - par پر پرزوں سے درست هونا par purzon se durust homa, prov.: To be fully equipped.
 - النا عن برزے نکالنا par purze mikāinā, prov. : To be-

chief.

- پر تولنا par tolnā, v.: To be on the point of flying; to be ready to do something.
- without power or ability; not to be able to move forward; to be unable to get access.
- پر گینچ کرنا ، کترنا par qainch karnā, katarnā, v. : (lit.)

 To clip the wings; to render helpless.
- blade of grass; a thing of no consequence.
- پر کئی آڑانا par kail urana,
 v.: To tell a lie; to invent falsehood.
- par lagena, v. : To put to speed ; to progress; to increase spiendour.
- بر نكا كر آؤ جانا ur jānā, v. : To fly fast ; to go fast.
- بر لگ جانا par lag jana, v:
 To progress; to spread
 quickly; to disappear

fast.

- (P) pur, n. m. : A big leather bag for drawing water from the well.
- plete; laden; charged; abounding in; quite. (opp. of خالف khāll, empty.) (Also used as pref. in comp. e. g. pur āb, full of water.)
 - pur āshob, adj :
 Full of trouble; mischieveus; disturbed;
 tumultuous
 - plicated; meandering; difficult; not straight.
 - pur takalluf, adj:
 Elaborate; ceremonious;
 sumptuous (feast); sophisticated; rich.
 - pur taşann'u, adj. :
 Artificial; made up.
 - پر سور pur soz, adj. : Having a plaintive voice.
- pur faza, adj.: Wide; broad; of pleasant atmosphere and surrondings.
- پر فن pur fan, adj. : Clever ;

cunning.

- y pur go, adj. : Prolific (writer); writing too many (poems).
- (H) para, n. m.: Line; rank; file; group; crowd; flock; herd (animals).
 - pard bāndhnā, برا باندهنا ، جمانا jamānā, v.: To fall in ; to put in a file; to make the troops stand in a connecting line.
- برات (H) parāt, n. f. : A blg plate; a big flat vessel for kneading flour.
- لرائها (H) parāṭhā, n. m. :

 Bread baked in several layers with butter or ghee.
- پراچین (S) parāchīn, adj. :
 Ancient ; time-honoured ;
 old.
- راكرت (S) parākrit, n. f.:
 Natural; original; the
 vulgar Aryan vernacular
 of the Hindus coexistent
 with Sanskrit or liverary
 lauguage in ancient India.
- (P) parāgandagi, n. f.:
 Anxiety; distraction; uneasiness; confusion.

- یرا کنده paraganda(h), adj. : ا Distracted: disturbed in mind; mentally uneasy; confused.
- پراکنده روزی براکنده دل paraganda(h) rozi paragandu(h) dil, prov. : An indigent person has a disturbed mind.
- يران (S) purān, n m.: Ancient works dealing with Hindu theology.
- نال) إلى (H) purānā, adj. : Old; ancient; worn out; of old fashion; experienced; clever; stale; out of date.
 - purant پرانی انکهیں دیکھر هو تر änkhen dekhe hu'e, prov.: Experienced; one who has enjoyed the company of men now long dead.
 - purane chawal, n. m. : (lit.) Preserved rice; rice kept for some years (consider d good for cooking); (fig.) A seasoned fellow.
 - برایا (H) parāyā, adj.: Of others; پریت (H) parbat, n. m.: Mounalien; foreign; strange.
 - پرائی آگ میں پڑنا ، کودنا

- kūdnā, prov.: To accept another's grave responsiblity; to shoulder another's burden.
- براثي بات parā'i bāt, n. f. : Another's affair.
- para'i kya پرائی کیا پڑی ہے ؟ parl hae, prov. : What (have you got to do) with the affairs of others?
- para'i birte par, پرائے برتے پر adv.: On the support of another.
- پراٹے شکون کے لیے اپنی ناک para'i shagun ke liye apni nāk keiwānā, prov. : To show ill omen to another by sacrificing his own nose; to cut off one's nose to spite one's face.
- parā'i برائع هاته بر شکرا یالنا hāth par shikrā pālnā, prov. : To live on the labour and expenses of others.
- tain.
- پرت (H) parat, n. m. : Fold ; leaf; shell; layer.

- الرتال (H) partal, n. f.: (lit.)

 Second weighing; test;

 examination; revision;

 measurement.
- which a sword or revolver is hung across the shoulder; a shoulder belt; sword-belt.
- چرتو (P) partau, n. m.: Shade; reflection; light; ray; beam; splendour; moon beam.
- پرتی (H) partl, n. f.: Uncultivated land; fallow.
- برجا (H) parja, n. f.: Subject people; people; tenant; dependent; progeny; descendant.
- make familiar; to habituate; to domesticate; to tame; to charm; hold by spell; to deceive by sweet words.
- (P) parcham, n. m.: Flag; a military ensign.
 - parcham پرچم آزانا ، لبرانا parcham uṛānā, lahrānā, v. : To hoist a flag (after victory in enemy's territory or

- to mark an important occassion).
- אָרֶבּיּט (H) parchūn, n. m.: Grocery; retail of grocery.
- A slip of paper; piece; a letter; note. (2) Newspaper; news sheet; a journal or magazine; chronicle. (3) Examination paper.
 - parcha(h) nawls, n.
 m.: (1) A reporter; a
 chronicler; writer of
 secret report. (2) Spy.
- جرجهاوای (H) parchhāwān, n. m.: (1) (W) Shadow. (2) Nature; evil spirit.
 - parchhawan parna, v.: To be influenced;
 to be possessed by an evil
 spirit; to come under
 the shadow (of).
- جرجهائيں (H) n. f.: Shadow; reflection; shade; influen-
 - زرخاش (P) parkhāsh, n. m. ;
 Dispute ; tumult ;
 quarrel; rancour; malice.

پرخیچے

جرخچه (H) parakhche, n. m., pl.:

Pieces; bits; parts. (s. پرخچه parakhcha(h)).

parakitche upnā, برخجے آزنا v.: To be broken to pieces; to be smashed to bits.

پرخچے آڑانا parakhche uṛānā,
v.: To smash into bits.

پرداخت (P) pardākht, n. f.: Protection; care; rearing; correcting; cherishing.

إرداد! (H) pardādā, n. m.: Great grandfather; father's grandfather.

پردادی pardādī, n. f. : Great grandmother.

Purdah; curtain; screen; veil; fine web; wall; anything acting as a screen. (2)
Drum of the ear. (3) Sail (boat). (4 Anything that covers the chest. (5) Shelter; privacy; secrecy. (6)
A musical note. (7) Lid (eye). (8) Pretext; pretence. (9) Modesty.

يرده آنهانا ، آنها دينا parda(h) يرده آنهانا ، آنها دينا uthānā, uthā denā, v. :

Not to observe purdah ;

to unveil; to raise the curtain; to expose; to reveal; to disclose (a secret).

ulainā, ulai denā, v.: To remove the curtain or screen; to unveil; to become free.

پرت پوش parda(h) posh, adj. & n. m.: (1) Keeping or hiding one's secret. (2) A veiled person; one who connives at the fault or keeps secret of others.

jānā, v. : Curtain or screen to be cracked; drum of the ear or fascial sheath of the eyeball to be burst.

parda(h) پرده چاک هونا ، کهلنا chak hona, khulnā, v.:

To be exposed; screen or curtain to be rent asunder.

پرده دار parda(h) dar. n. m. : Keeper of secrets; a chamberlain; confidant.

پرده در parda(h) dar, n. m. :

One who exposes the faults of others; one who reveals secrets.

- rakhnā, rakh lenā, v. :
 To hide things; to keep secrets; to avoid disclosure of fault; to protect one's honour; to conceal a thing.
- پرده ره جانا parda(h) rah jana,
 v.: Not to be exposed
 (fault).
- برده فاش کرنا، کهولنا fāsh karnā, kholnā, v. : To expose; to disclose secrets.
- پرده غیب parda(h)-i-ghaib, n.
 m.: The hidden world;
 invisiable world; the
 Unknown.
- برده نشين parda(h) nashin, n.

 f.: (lit.) A sitter in secluded lusion; a lady secluded from the eyes of strangers; a purdah observing woman; a household woman.
- پر دیس. (H) pardes, n. m. : A foreign country.
 - pardesi, n. m. : A

- foreigner; citizen of another country; a stranger.
- (P) purza(h), n. m.: (1)

 Spare part: (2) A scrap of paper; a rag. (3) Short letter or note. (4) Hair of birds.
 - be smashed to smithereens; to be broken to bits; to be thoroughly beaten; to be destroyed.
 - پرزے کرنا purze purze پرزے کرنا karnā, v.: To break into bits; to hack; to mince; to beat thoroughly.
- إرسا) إلى (H) pursā, n. m.: Condolence in case of death.
 - pursā denā, v. : To offer condolence.
- پرست (P) parast, n. m.: Worshipper. (Used in comp. as suf. e. g. آتش پرست ātish parast, fire worshipper.)
 - parastār, n. m. : Worshipper; adorer.
 - parastish, n. f.: Act of worshipping; act of adoration.

پرىسش (P) pursish, n f. : Enquiry; interrogation; asking for explanation.

- يرسون (H) parson, n. m. 1 Day before yesterday; day after tomorrow.
- (P) parkar, n. m.: A pair of compasses; an instrument for describing circles.
- ا برگاله (P) parkāla(h), n. m. : (1) Part; piece; portion. (2) Spark. (3) Pieces of glass.
- (H) parakh, n. f.: Scrutiny; examination; test; trial; experiment; proof; judgement; inspection.
 - پر کھنا parakhnā, v. : To test; to examine; to judge; distinguish between good and evil.
- (H) purkha, n. m. : Ancestor; forefather; progenitor; very old man.
- ج کله (P) pargana(h), n. m. : A taxable land; an area containing a number of villages: sub-division of a district for taxation purpos-CS.
- א_ל (H) parla, adj. & adv. : (1)

- Of the other side. (2) On: the other side; far beyond;. a long way off.
- parle darje ka, پرلیے درجے کا adj. & adv.: (1) Of the extreme; great; excessive; of the highest degree. (2) Thoroughly: utterly; in the extreme.
- يرنالا (H) parnālā, n. Water drain on the roof or upper story of a house.
- يرنانا (H) parnānā, n. Great grandfather (mother's: side).
- ا يولاه (P) paranda(h), n. m. &. adj.: (1) A bird; a winged creature. (2) Winged; flying.
- جروا ، چروائی (H) purwā, purwa'l, n. f.: East wind (generally bringing rain and clouds).
- (P) parwa, parwah, n. f.: Care; anxiety; attention; desire.
- (P) parwaz, n. f.: Flight; soaring high.
- چروان (H) parwan, n. m. & adj.: (1) A mast; the yard (of

a sail). (2) True; just; an thentic.

- parwan charhna,

 v.: To grow up; to

 develop; to thrive; to

 prosper; to increase; (W)

 to be married.
- (P) parwana(h), n. m.: (1) Official permit. (2) Moth; (fig.) lover.
 - parwana(h)-i-rāhdārl, n. m.: Passport; official document requesting another authority to let the bearer pass in comfort and peace.
- برور (P) parwar, adj.: Nourisher; protector. (Used as suf. e. g. بنده پرور banda(h) parwar, nourisher of slave.)
- پروردگار (P) parwardigar, n. m.: (lit.) Nourisher of the world; God.
- المورش (P) parwarish, n. f.:

 Nourishing; maintenance;
 support; nurture; protection.
 - parwarish karnā, بروزش کرنا v.: To nourish; to support; to feed; بروزش می protect; to help to grow up; to nurse; to rear.

- (2) (fig.) To educate.
- چروفيسر (E) profisar, n. m.: (1)

 Professor; a teacher in a

 College or University. (2)

 A person professing art.
- پرو آرام (E) progrām, n. m.: Programme.
- پرول (H) parwal, n. m. : A kind of vegetable grown alongwith betel leaf.
- جرونا (H) pirond, v.: To pierce; to penetrate; to string; to thread; to thrust in; to file.
- پروين (P) parwin, n. m.: A collection of six stars.
- پرهيز (P) parhez, n. m.: Abstinence; continence; avoidance.
 - To abstain from; to avoid; to practise abstinence; to be temperate or moderate; to keep aloof.
- جرى (P) parl, n. f. & adj: (1)

 A fairy; an extremely beautiful woman; a beloved. (2) Beautiful.
 - پرستان paristan, n. m. : Fairyland; abode of nymphs.
 - پری پیکر ، چهره ، دو ، زاد ، وش

- pari paikar, chehra(h), ru. zad, wash, adj.: Beautiful; handsome.
- she men utarna, prov.:

 To persuade a person to agree; to do a difficult job.
- پرى كا سايد parl kā sāya(h), n.
 m.: Influence of spirit.
- پريت (H) paret, n. m.: An evil spirit; a ghost.
- جریت (H) prit, n. f.: Love; affection; fondness; amity.
- جريسيڈنٹ (E) prisidini, n. m.:

 President; chairman.
- جريشان (P) parishān, adj.: Distracted; mentally disturbed or confused; perplexed.
 - بریشان حال parlshan hal, adj.:
 In disturbed, straitened circumstances.
 - بریشان خاطر parlshan khaţir, adj.: Disturbed or troubled in mind.
 - بریشان کرنا parishan karna, v.:
 To harass; to torture;
 to worry; to distract; to
 disorder; to tease.
 - parishan go'l, n.

- f.: Confused talk; absurd conversation.
- parlshān nazarī, بریشان نظری parlshān nazarī, n. f.: Distracted or confused view; unsettlement in thought.
- parlshānl, n. m. : Distress; confusion; perplexity; bewilderment; disturbance.
- جرے (H) pare, adv. : Beyond; further; away; at a distance; on the other side; separate.
 - مرک برک pare pare, adv.: Be off; be away (a remark of depreciation).
- چرين (E) paret, n m.: Parade; ground for drilling troops.
- affection; kindness; tender regard; friendship.
- i 为 (H) para, v.: Laid aside; unoccupied; unused; un-employed.
 - a thing lying unclaimed; to get easily or for nothing
 - para ralina, v. : To

remain idle; to loll; to be prostrated (through sickness or grief). (2) To sleep all day long.

- packet or bundle.
- جَوْاق (H) paṛāq, n. f. : (1) Noise caused by cracker; report of a gun. (2) Noise caused by buffet.
- place; camping ground; station; army camp; stage.
 - پڑاو ڈالنا paṛāu ḍālnā, v. :
 To encamp; to halt; to stay temporarily.
- 时间 (H) partā, n. m. : Share; rate; land tax; rate of land tax per unit of land.
- بوتال (H) parial n. f.: Examination; check-up; measurement; revision. (See پرتال parial.)
- نازجانا (H) par jānā, v.: (1) To become ill. (2) To lie fallow. (3) To lose voice; to become hoarse.

- To sleep; to lie down.
- 以於 (H) parna, v.: (1) To lie down; to become ill. (2) To stay; to encamp. (3) To rest; to sleep. (4) To be busy; to be involved. (5) To fall. (6) To be empty; to be idle; to be unemployed; to lie fallow. (7) To enter; to sit. (8) To appear. (9) To take place. (10) To participate. (11) To suit; to be useful. (12) To happon or take place regularly. (13) To be present; to be fallen. (14) To come in the share of. (15) To be simi-(16) To be inspired. lar (17) To be dependent; to be in need of. (18) To be registered. (19) To interfore; to mediate. (20) To guarantee. (21) To take to heart. (22) To remain. (23) To be obliged. (24) suf. of verbs indicating some suddenness of action, as ja جايزا ,lar para لؤيزا ro para. (25) رو پڑا para. (25) To show indifferent behaviour. (26) To drop or to (27) To suffer; to rain. be involved in trouble. (28)

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To fall ill. (29) To have contact. (30) To attack. (31) To fall. (32) To sow the seed.

- برها دینا (H) parhana, parha dena, v. : (1) To teach; to inform; to impart knowledge. (2) To pervert; poison one's mind or ears.
 - parhā likhā, adj. :
 Able; educated; trained;
 able to read and write;
 clever; intelligent.
 - parhāi, n. f.: (1) Education; scheme or method of teaching. (2)
 Tution fees. (3) Time table of teaching.
 - parh patthar, adj.: (W)

 A person whose education has been fruitless; a literate fool; half educated.
- learn; to receive education; to study; to commit to memory. (2) To utter notes similar to words (by birds).
 - parhant, n. f.: Magical پڑھنت incentation; (Use of)

magic words; spell; charm.

- parhwana, v. : To cause to recite something from the scriptures before a person at the time of death; to undertake to educate.
- پڑھوائی parhwāi, n. f.: Charges for teaching or recital.
- براهے جن کو شیشے میں آتارنا parhe jin ko shishe men utārnā, prov. : To bring a clever man under control.
- پڑھیں فارسی بیچیں تیل ، یه دیکھو parhen قدرت کے کھیل parhen farsī bechen tel, yeh dekho qudrat ke khel, prov. : A learned man doing a less worthy job; a man working below his intellectual status. (Denotes misfortune.)
- parhe na(h) likhe nām muḥammad fāzil, prov. : (lit.) He can neither read nor write, but he is called Mohammad Fazil (i. e. an accomplished scholer); a boaster; a braggart;

a braggadocio.

- 📤 يۈي (H) paṛi hai, v. : To have keen desire; to be anxious; to be eager.
 - parl hul awaz, پڑی هوئی آواز n. f.: Husky voice.
- د الله علام (H) pare pare, adv. : Laying down; doing nothing; put on a wrong place.
 - pare jhak پڑے جھک مارنا mārnā, v.: To talk idly; to become garrulous; to be talkative.
 - پڑے جھول رہے ، لٹک رہے ھیں pare ihul rahe, latak rahe hain. prov. : To be indecisive; to be hanging in the middle; to be without concentration.
- (1) A بالمال (1) (H) purya, n. f. : small packet; anything wrapped up in paper. (2) Dose of medicine wrapped up in paper. (3) Embodiment; parcel.
- ie (P) pazāwa(h), n. m. : A brick-kiln.
- يرٌ هر دگي (P) pazhmurdagi, n. f.: Depression; sadness; dejection (of spirit); wither-

edness.

- pazhmurda(h), n. m. : Depressed; dejected; sad; pallid; drooping.
- پس (P) pas, adv. & prep. : 🗛 length; after; behind; finally; so; then; therefore; consequently; hence; assuredly.
 - پس انداز pas andāz, n. m. : Deposited or saved wealth; saving; remainder; something saved for hard times.
 - پس يا كرنا paspā karnā, v. : To drive back: to repulse.
 - paspā honā, v. : To be defeated; to retreat; to fall behind.
 - pas-i-pusht dal پس پشت ڈالنا na, v.: To postpone; to defer; to treat a thing as inferior; to neglect.
 - pas khurdaih), n. m.: Food left out after eating.
 - pas-i-farda, adv. After Day of Judgement.
 - pas manda(h), adj. & n. m.: (1) Backward;

depreciated; not progressive; tired. (2) People or thing left behind; progeny.

- بيش و پيش pas-o-pesh, n. m.:

 (1) Pros and cons; indecision; hesitation; delay. (2) Front and back portion of the dress.
- نبارن (H) pasārnā, v. : To spread; to stretch out; to reach; to extend; to expand.
- الماني (H) parana, v.: To take out boiled water from a cooked thing.
- پساتی (H) pisāl, n f.: Cost of grinding wheat or cereals.
- (P) past, adj.: Low; down; depressed; humble; mean; vile; abject.
 - pasti, n. f.: Lowness; baseness; humility; meaness; vileness.
- پستان (P) pistan, n. f.: Breast of woman.
- بستول (E) pistaul, n. m. : Pistol; revolver.
- جسته (P) pista(h), n. m.: Pistachio nut.

- youth; child.
- stretched out; to be extended; to insist; to be prostrated; to lie down.
- بسلی (H) pasli, n. f. : A rib.
 - pharaknā, pharak uihnā,

 γ.: Το be informed

 spontaneously; to get
 information suddenly.
- able or preferable thing; preference; choice; approval.
 - pasand karnā, v. :
 To choose; to select; to approve; to accept.
 - pasandida(h), adj.

 Desireable; pleasing.

إلى المسدد (P) pasanda, n. m.: Slash ed or chopped meat to be cooked on gridiron.

- pasanghā, n. m: Something put in the scale to balance the other; make weight : balance : equipoise. (Cor. of P. ياسنگ pāsang).
- يسو (H) pissū, n. m. : A ilea.
- ليبيجنا (H) pasijnā, v. : (1) To sweat; to perspire. (2) To show mercy; to pity; to be kind; to give something (by a miser).
- بينا (H) pasinā, n. m. : Perspiration; sweat.
 - pasīnā ānā, v. : To perspire. (2) To feel ashamed.
 - pasinā chhūinā. پسینے پر پسینا آنا pasine par pasinā ānā, پسینے پسینے هو جانا pasine pasine ho jänü, v. : (1) To perspire profusely. (2) To be nervous; to be ashamed (of).

- pasine پسینر کی جگه خون بهانا ki jagah khūn bahānā, v.: To kelp somebody at the cost of one's life; to work very hard.
- پسینے میں شرابور هونا، لت یت pasine men هونا ، نهانا sharābor honā, lat pat honā, nahānā, v.: To sweat profusely; to bathe in perspiration.
- يشت (P) pusht, n. f.: (1) Back; back portion. (2) Generation; descent. (3) Support; prop; patron.
 - pusht ba pusht, پشت در پشت در پشت در پشت پشتها یشت pushtahā pusht, adv.: From generation to generation.
 - pusht par honā, پشت پر هونا v.: To support; to protect; to help.
 - پشت پناه pusht panāh, n. m. : Supporter; helper.
 - بشت د کهانا pusht dikhana, v. : To flee; to retreat; to run away; to turn tail.
 - ພູ pushtaini, adj. : Attributed to ancestors; old:

coming from generation; hereditary.

- بشتار! (P) pushtārā, n. m. : Load; burden; bundle; mass; heap.
- (P) pushtak, n. f.: (1) A kind of play. (2) Kicking out with the hind legs (a horse).
- (P) pashto, n. p: The language of the Pathans on the north-west frontier of Pakistan.
- (P) pushta(h), n. m.: (1)

 Prop of a wall; quay;

 dyke; dam; bank.; embankment. (2) Leather or
 cloth cover of a bound
 book. (3) Load; bundle.
 - pushta(h) bandi karnā, v.: To build an embankment; to construct a small wall; to prop a bigger wall.
 - pushti, n. f.: Support; prop; help; protection.
 - pushtlban, n. m. : (1)

 Supporter; protector;

 helper; ally. (2) Bar of a door.
- (P) pashm, n. m. : (1)

- Wool: fur. (2) Any worthless thing. (3) The pubes.
- pashmina(h), n. m. : Woollen cloth.
- پشواز ، پیشواز ، پیشواز ، پیشواز ، پیشواز ، پیشواز peshwāz, n. f.: A long wide gown for women; a petticat worn by dancing girls.
- پشک (P) pashsha(h), n. m.: Mosquito.
- بشیمان (P) pashemān, adj. :

 Penitent; repentant: abashed; ashamed; remorsoful;
 filled with regret.
 - pashemān honā, v.:

 To be sorry; to be remorseful; to be penitent;
 to regret.
 - pashemānī, n. f.: Regret; repentance; penitence; contrition; shame.
- (H) pakkā, adj.: (1) Cooked; boiled. (2) Strong; durable; solid; complete; full; firm; built of concrete or stone; clever; shrowd; cunning. (3) Ripe; experienced; of full measure. (4) Determined. (5) Stamped (paper). (6) Authentic; reliable; correct;

- right. (7) Loyal; sincere. (8) Grey (hair). (opp. of kachchā, raw, uncooked, infirm.)
- پکا یان pakkā pān, n. m.: (lit.)

 Ripe betel leaf; (fig.) a very old person.
- پکا پوڑھا pakkā porhā, adj. :
 Strong; tried; tested.
- pakkā phorā, n. m.:
 Suppurated boil.
- (1) To persuade a person to be alert; to strengthen by twisting; to fortify. (2) To confirm; to believe faithfully. (3) To make a person determined.
- الله الله pakkā gānā, n. m. :

 Classical music (as opposed to light music).
- (H) pukār, n. f.: (1) Call; cry; complaint; calling out loud; summons. (2) Petition; invitation. (3) Noise; turmoil. (4) Demand. (5) Search; announcement.
 - pukārnā, v. : (1) To cry out; to shout; to call loudly. (2) To make

- noise. (3) To announce; to inform. (4) To remember. (6) To complain.
- pukār parnā, v.: (1)

 To be called loudly (in a court of law); to be announced; to be advertised. (2) To be in search of.
- warn; to give notice; to make known; to announce loudly.
- يكار <u>pukār ke, adv.</u>: Open-
- (H) pakānā, v.: To ripen; to cook; to bake; to cause to suffer; to frame scheme.
 - pakkā pakāyā, adj. :

 Cooked; ready made;

 prepared without much
 labour; done without
 much trouble; easily
 obtained.
- بكڑ (H) pakar, n. f.: (1) Siezure; arrest; capture; haul; holding; grip; grasp. (2) Objection; demand for explanation; criticism. (3)

- Act of wrostling. (4) Courage; dispute.
- To demand presence of a person by force.
- pakar dhakar, n. f.:

 Arrest by force; arrest
 without warrant; general
 arrest.
- pakarna, v. : (1) To arrest a person; to seize; to catch; to lay hold on; to overtake. (2) To detect; to discover; to prevent.
- pakṛā denā, بكرّا دينا ، پكروانا pakṛā denā, pakaṛwānā, v. : To deliver a person for arrest; to get one arrested; to hand over.
- pakṛānā, v.: To make over; to give; to hand; to entrust.
- (H) paked, v. : (1) To ripen; to rot; to turn grey (hair). (2) To determine (a matter); to settle a thing. (3) To suppurate. (4) To be cooked or baked. (5) To be fed up.
 - pakwān, n m.: Things cooked or fried in ghee.

- pakaurā, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) Gram-flour cakes

 fried in oil or ghee. (2)

 (fig.) Round and puffed

 up.
- ال بكهال (H) pakhāl, n. f.: A big leather bag to hold water; (fig.) large tummy.
- (H) pakhāwaj, n. f.: A kind of drum; a timbrel.
- نگهراج (H) pukhrāj, n. m. : A kind of precious stone of yellow colour; a topaz.
- بكهيرو (H) pakheru, n. m.: A bird.
- (H) pagdandi, n. f.: A. footpath; by-path; a track.
- پگار (PR) pagār, n. f.: Pay ; salary.
- (P) pagāh, n. f.: (1) Early morning; dawn; twilight.
- ban; long piece of cloth wrapped round head as a cap. (2) (fig.) Honour; respect; rank.
- PR) pagri, n. f.: Payment of extra amount for a transaction.
 - بگڑی آتارنا pagrī utārnā, v. :

- (1) To dishonour; to cheat. (2) To charge excessively.
- بگڑی اگر جانا pagri utar jānā,
 v.: To be dishonoured;
 to lose dignity; to be cheated.
- بگڑی آجهالنا pagri uchhālnā,
 v.: To dishonour; to
 speak ill (of); to disgrace;
 to mock at.
- الله بكرى بالله اله pagri bāndhnā, v.:

 (1) To honour by putting a turban on the head. (2)

 To nominate as one's successor. (3) To declare as a teacher.
- بگڑی بدلنا pagrl badalnā, v. :

 To establish brotherhood
 by exchanging turban.
- پکڑی دونوں هاتهوں سے تهامنا pagri donon hathon se thamna, prov. : To save one's honour and dignity.
- pagri paon بگڑی باوں پر رکھنا pagri paon par rakhna, prov.: To adopt a cringing attitude; to flatter; to persuade.
- نگلان، نگهلان) (H) pigiānā, pighlānā, v. : (1) To melt ; to liquefy ; to dissolve. (2)

- To soften; to assuage; to mollify.
- المكانا، بكهانا، بكها
- 以 (P) pul, n. m: Bridge; a causeway; an embank ment.
 - To build a bridge. (2) To exaggerate. (3) To do a work constantly. (4) To supply in abundance.
 - bridge over which all will have to pass on the Day of Judgement (Muslim belief).
- پل (H) pal, n. f.: A moment;
 a second.
 - بل بهر میں ، بل مارتے pal bhar men, pal marte, adv. :

 In the twinkling of an eye; immediately; instantly.
- range. (2) Protection; assisstance. (3) Edge of a garment; edge of a piece of cloth. (4) One side of

a light cotton cap. (5) One of the scales of a balance. (6) Border. (7) One blade of a pair of scissors. (8) One shutter or fold (door). (9) Weight; burden. (10) Part of arrow.

بازى هونا بهارى ب

پکڑنا پکڑنا paliā pakarnā, v. :
To seek support.

iij 头 palla chhurana, v.:
To get rid of.

الله (H) pilla, n. m.: A puppy.

يلاس (P) paläs, n. m. : (1)

Coarse cloth; cloth of jute;
convass. (2) Dhak uree.

پلاستر ' پلستر (E) plāstar, palastar, n. m. : Plaster.

پلاستر آڑا دینا plastar upa dena,
v.: To beat harshly.

は为 (H) pilana, v. : (1) To

make one drink; to cause to swallow; to give water. (2) To make absorb (oil or other liquid); to fill. (3) To thrust down one's throat. (4) To make one believe.

يلاو (P) pulāu, n. m. : A rice dish cooked with meat.

يل پول الله (H) pil parna. v. : (1)

To attack; to penetrate. (2)

To get to work diligently.

کلیلا (H) pilpila, adj: Flabby; soft; placid; weak; fee-ble.

by pilpilana, v.: To make soft or weak; to become enervated.

يلىك (H) palat, adj. : Upside down; turned down.

tion; act of turning down. (2) Flight, retreat; reverse. (3) Change. (4) Return; requital. (5) Retaliation; revenge.

بنا، بلئے دینا palia, palie dena,
v.: (1) To turn over
from one side to the
other; to reverse. (2) To

drive back; to turn back; to go back; to repel; to send back.

- الله الله الله palie, palie khana, v. : (1) To tilt over; to turn head over heels. (2) To suffer a turn (of fortune). (3) To suffer a set-back.
- pala! jānā, v.: (1) To turn from one side to the other; to go round; to revolve. (2) To go back on one's word. (3) To be taken ill after recovery.
- بائل، بائلے لینا palia, palie lena,
 v.: (1) To change from
 one position to the other;
 to come back. (2) To
 be restless.
- پلٹ آنا palat ānā, v. : To come back.
- turn; to return; to give back.
- palat parna, v. : (1)

 To attened from one
 side to the other. (2) To
 show anger against somebody suddenly. (3) To
 take a sudden turn back-

wards.

- radically changed. (2)
 To deny; to go back; to go back on one's word.
- (E) pulits, n. f.: Poultice.
- بلثن (E) palṭan, n. f. : Platoon; battalion; regiment.
- upside down; to change direction; to change position; to revolve; to come back; to reverse; to retire.

 (2) To undergo a change; to alter.
- (H) palpā, n. m.: One of the scales of a balance.
- (H) palak, n. f.: (1) The eyelash; the eye-lid. (2)
 A moment; an instant.
 - palak jhapkānā,

 v.: To move the eyelash; to wink; to sleep
 for a short while; to
 take a nap; (fig.) To be
 afraid of.
 - بلک نگا palak lagna, v.: To take a nap.
 - palak mārnā, v. :
 To wink; to twinkle.

- پلکوں سے نمک آلهانا ، چنتا palkon se namak uthana, chunna, v.: To do an arduous job.
- پلک جهپکانے ، جهپکنے میں

 palak jhapkane, jhapakne

 met, adv.: In a moment;

 in no time; immediately;

 instantly; at once.
- (H) paind, v.: (1) To be reared; to be nurtured; to be fattened; to be brought up; to thrive.
- لندا (H) pulanda, n. m. : Bundle; parcel; packet.
- پنگ (H) palang, n. m. : Tiger;
 panther; leopard.
- לוגל (P) palang, n. m.: A bed; bedstead.
 - palang posh, n. m.:

 Bed cover.
 - palang top, adj. & n. m. : (1) Unemployed; not working. (2) An idle man.
 - پانگری palangri, n. f. : A small bedstead.
- يلو (H) pallu, n. m. : Edge ;
 border; end; hem of a
 garment.

- يلوگها (H) palauihā, adj. & adj. & الوثها (H) pilauāihā, n. m. : (1) First-born. (2)

 First-born child
 - position; scale of balance.
 - للي (H) pull, الله (H) pulya, bridge.
 - بلی (H) pall, n. f.: A ladle (for oil etc.).
 - 以 (H) palle, n. m. & adv.: (1)
 Skirt: knot; pocket. (See
 以 pallā.) (2) Near; in
 possession
 - palle bandhna, v.:

 (lit.) To tie to ones's skirt; to marry; to take lesson; to ponder well; to assign responsibility; to make one's own; to accept; to cherish; to bear in mind.
 - palle takā na(h) بلے لکا ند هونا palle takā na(h) honā, v.: To have nothing in pocket; to be indigent.
 - pulle dar, n. m.: A labourer who carries cereals in a basket or bag on his head.
 - palle dar awas, پلے دار آواز

n. f.: Voice having a long range.

پلے سرے کا palle sire kā, adv. :
Of extreme degree.

عليد (H) palls, } adj.: Dirty;

soiled; fouled; unclean;
despicable.

wick of a lamp; rolled paper or cloth. (3) Cotton yarn mixed with gun powder used in fireworks.

palled chāe jana, v. : To misfire (gun, cannon).

الكانا الكانا الكانا الكانا الكانا الكانا الكانا الكانا pallta dena, lagana, v.: (1) To fire a gun by burning a powdered wick. (2) To light a fire; to set fire.

پلیتهن (H) palethan, n. m.:

(W) Dry flour used in rolling the dough into bread.

پلیتهن نکالنا palethan nikālnā,
v.: To beat severely and
violently.

پلیتهن نکل جانا ، نکلنا palethan nikal jana, nikalna, v. :

To suffer a heavy loss; to be in a sorry plight.

پليك (E) pelai!, n. f.: Plate; a big dish.

الم فارم (E) pilait faram, n.

m.: Platform; a stage or raised ground for speakers to address the audience.

ن (H) pun, n. in. : Charity ; act of virtue.

پانچ (H) pan: dimin. of بانی pani, five ; بانی pani, water; بان pan, betel leaf.

pan baitā, n. m. : A small box for keeping betel leaves.

بن بجلی pan bijll, n. f.: Electricity obtained from water.

بن چکی pan chakki, n. f. : A water mill.

بن سيراً ، سيرى pan serd, serl, n. m. & f. : A weight of five secre.

بن کهت pan gha!, n. m. : A place for drawing water on a river or tank side or well.

יעולט panwerl, n. m. & f. :

(1) A betel soller. (2) A betel garden.

- ين، ينا pan, pant, suf. : Denoting the abstract quality of the word to which attached e. g. لڑ کین larakpan, boyhood ; بوينا bachpana, childhood.
- பூ (E) pin, n. f.: Pin.
- uz (H) panna, n. m. : (1) A kind of syrup prepared with green mangoes baked in embers or by squeezing tamarind in water. (2) An emerald; thin gold or silver leaf. (3) Page.
- ا پناه (P) panāh, n. f.: Refuge ; support; help; place of security, protection.
 - panah ba khuda, intj.: God forbid!
 - بناه کیر panah glr. n. m. : Refugee.
 - پناه لينا panāh lenā, v. : To take refuge; to come under shelter.
 - بناه مانگنا panāh māngnā, v. : To seek protection, refuge; to avoid; to shun.
- (P) pumba(h), n. m.: Cotton.

- pumba(h) بنبه به کوش . در کوش ba gosh, dar gosh, adj.: Indifferent: not informed; inattentive; deaf.
- يني (H) panapnā, v. : (1) To thrive; to grow vigorously; to take root. (2) To recover; to revive; to look blooming. (3) To pick up flesh (after sickness); to increase in bulk.
- پنته (H) panth, n. m. : (1) Way; sect; religion; group; path; a way of religious or moral thinking; a doctrine. (2) A religious order.
 - panthi, n. m. : (۱) A follower of a certain religious order. (2) A traveller; a wayfarer.
- بنج (P) panj, adj.: Five; a seven-year old horse (Dealers' idiom).
 - panjāb, n. m. 1 (lit.) The land of five rivers; the Punjab (a province of Pakistan).
 - panjābi, n. m.: An inhabitant of the Punjab; the Punjabi language.

اركان panj arkān, n m.:

Five pillars of Muslim religion, viz. confession of faith, prayer, fasting, alms giving, and pilgri-

mage to Mecca.

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- panj tan, n. m.: The Prophet of Islam, Mohammad, his daughter, Fatimah, his son-inlaw, Ali, and his two grandsons, Hasan and Husain.
- panj, pan sūra(h),
 n. f.: Five sūra(h)s,
 (chapters) of the Holy
 Quran.
- panj, pan shakha(h), n. m.: A torch with five branches of light; a sort of lamp.
- panj shamba(h), n. m.: Thursday.
- پنج کاند نماز panj gāna(h)

 namāz, n. f.: The five

 daily prayers of Muslims.
- panj guna(h), adj. :
 Five-fold.
- panj 'alb, n. m. : (lit.)

 Five defects ; a horse

 having five defects ; an

unmanageable horse.

- Five vices or sins according to Mohammaden law viz. robbery, adultery, gambling, drunkenness and falsehood.
- (H) panjar, n. m. : A skeleton; frame; ribs; thorax.
- (P) pinjra(h), n. m. : (1)
 A cage; (fig.) the body of
 man.
- aggregate of five; five fingers of hand (including the palm); a piece with the shape of five human fingers (pointing to المنج تن panjian) (see ante.); playing card with five signs; (fig) rays of the sun; abbr. of fifty.
 - panja(h) larana, v.:
 To interlock fingers with
 an antagonist (in an
 attempt to twist his
 hand).
 - panja(h) بنجم بهيرنا ، مؤولانا pherna, marorna, v.: To twist the hand by interlocking fingers; to overcome; to overpower.

panja(h) marna, v. : To pounce upon; to attack with claw; to snatch at.

- panjon ہنجوں کے بل چلنا bal chains, v.: To walk on tiptoe; to walk cautiously.
- panje پنجے جهاڑ کر پنجھے ہڑنا jhar kar plchhe parna, v.: prov. : (1) To press hard to devote one's self (to some task) seriously; to insist upon. (2) To upbraid; to reproach.
- panje jamena, بنجے جمالا ، کاڈنا gārnā, v. : To take possession by force; to stabilise one's position.
- (E) panch, n. m.: The noted English journal of humour "The Punch,"; any humourous journal.
- নুধ্ব (H) panch, n. m.: Abbr. of five; five (originally) members of a پنجابت panchayat (arbitrators' committee) court of arbitration 8 headman of a village; an arbitrator; an adviser.
- panchāyat, n. f. : (1) A

- body arbitrators : a viliage court; for deciding disputes. (2) Advice; consultation.
- panchayat karna, بنهایت کرنا v. : To put up a case for arbitration; to decide a **C236**
- نجي (H) pancham, n. m. & f.: A tune in music.
- نجمي (H) panchaml, n. m. : Fifth day of the moon.
- المنك (P) pand, n. f.: Advice; admonition; counsel; moral teaching.
- پندار (P) pindar, n. m. : Pride; self-conceit; arrogance; thought.
- ندره (H) pandara(h), adj. : Fifteen.
 - بندهوان pandarahwan, adj. : Fifteenth.
 - pandarahw&ra(h), n. m.: (Mod.) Fortnight; fifteen days.
- (H) pind, n. m. : (I) (W) Body; person. (2) A ball of rice or flour.
 - pind chhurana, v. : To get rid of; to avoid.

- نندا (H) pinda, n. m.: (1) (W) Body. (2) A ball; a lump.
 - hond, v.: To be unwell; to feal feverish.
 - pinda jaina, v. : To have high fever.
- الندا (H) panda, n. m. : Hindu priest.
- پنڈارا، پنڈاری (H) pindārā, pindārī, n. m. : A group of free-booters ; dacoits ; Mahrattas.
- ننڈال (H) pihḍāl, n. m. : Acanopy under which an assembly is held.
- ואנים (H) pandit, n. m. : A learned Hindu; a Brahran; a Hindu teacher, priest.
- پنڈلی (H) piadil, n. f.: Calf of the leg; back part of shin.
- پنس ' پینس ' فنس (E) pinas, pinas, finas, n. f. ; A palanquin.
- بنساری (H) pansārī, n. m. : A vender of drugs, spices, herbs; a grocer.
- إنسال (H) pansāl, n. f.: (1) An instrument indicating the rise and fall of water in a

- river. (2) A place for drinking water.
- (E) pinshan, n. f.: Pension.
- ولاني (H) pakkh, n. m.: Wing; pinion; feather.
- venulator.
 - بنکمے لگ جانا pankhe lag jana, y: (1) Fans to be fixed.
 (2) (fig.) (W) To palpitate; to throb; to apprehend.
- نکهزی (H) pankharl, n. m.:
 A petal; a flowerleaf.
- نكي (H) pinkl, n. f. & adj. : (1)
 Intoxication from opium;
 drowsiness. (2) Intoxicated;
 drowsy.
- پنگوز! (H) pingarā, a. m. : Cradle.
- (P) pinhān, adj.; Conconled; hidden.
- پنيږ (P) panlr, n. m.: Checso.
- (H) pau, n. f. : (1) Early dawn. (2) Ace in dice. (3) One fourth of a seer. (abbr. of عالي pau.)
 - round success; attainment of wealth or posi-

tion; good fortune.

- pau phaina, ہو پہلنا ، پھو لنا phuind, v. : To dawn; to appear (the first streak of) light in early morning.
- ا چو! (H) pauwā, n. m.: A weight or measure of a quarter of a seer; a quarter; a quart.
- پوپ (E) pop, n. m. : Pope; the highest bishop of Roman Catholic Church.
- يوپلا (H) popla, adj. : Toothless.
- يوت (H) pot, n. m. : Glass beads; beads.
- ப்து (H) pāt, n. m. : A son; a boy.
 - پوت کے پاول پالنے می میں معلوم pu: ke pauk paine hi men ma'lum hote hain, prov. : (lit.) A child in cradic reveals signs of his future; coming events cast their shadows before.
- Und pota, n. m.: (1) Grandson. (2) A whitewashing brush.
- Baby (H) potra, n. m. cloth.
 - أ شporrod پوتؤول كا امير ، رئيس ka amir, rais, n. m.

- One born with a silver spoon in his mouth; a gentleman from (his) infancy.
- يوتنا (H) potna, v.: To whitewash; to paint with a brush.
- يوتهي (H) pothl, n. f.: Religious book of the Hindus; a book of music; a clove of garlic.
- يوك (H) pot, п. f. : (l) A package; a bundle; a bale; a heap; load. (2) A shroud. (3) Abundance; pile.
- لا يع (H) poid, n. m.: The crop or craw of a bird; stomach; an unfledged bird; capacity; status; strength.
 - pota tar hona, v. : To be wealthy; to be prosperious; (fig.) to remain idle.
- پوکلے (H) poill, n. f.: A small bag or bundle; a parcel of medicine etc.
- لوجنا (H) pujna, v. : To worship; to adore; to venerate.
 - (P) puch, adj. : Absurd ; atupid; insignificant; use-

less; senseless; petty; vilo; empty; weak.

- gation; enquiry; welcome; honour; respect.
 - Interrogation; enquiry; examination.
 - to question; to care
 about; to enquire after;
 to investigate; to feel
 concern for; to regard;
 to take notice of; to
 help; to take permission;
 to consult; to invite.
- うう (P) pād, n. m.: Woof; threads woven in the breadth of a piece of cloth across the warp.
- جود (H) paud, n. f.: A sapling; a young plant; off-spring; children; progeny.
 - paudā, n. m. : A plant; sapling; a shrub; bush.
 - بودا لكانا paudā lagānā, v. :
 To plant a sapling.
- لبودنا (H) podnā, n. m. : A kind of small bird; a pigmy; a dwarf; a trivial object.

- پودينه (P) podina(h), n.m.: Mint.
- رور (P) pur, n. m. : Son.
- (H) por, n. m.: Space between joints of a finger, bamboo, sugar cane etc.
 - joint; joint after joint; every inch.
- بور (H) pur, n. m. : Town; city; village. (Used as suf. e. g. لائل پور Lailpur, لائل Kaimbal pur.
- (H) pura, adj.: Complete; full; whole; entire; exact; just; powerful; perfect; satisfied; experienced; standard.
 - שנו זיניו pard utarna, v.: To turn out up to the mark; to come out (of an ordeal) with credit; to succeed.
 - pura parna, v. : To be enough ; to suffice.
 - pura karna, v. 1 To complete; to finish; to end; to fill up; to fulfil; to accomplish; to reimburse; to make up (deficiency).
 - ن کن pare din, n. m. : The

ninth month (of pregnancy); full term.

- ورب (H) parab, n. m.: (1)

 East; Orient. (2) Territory
 lying from the western
 borders of Oudh to the
 eastern borders of Bihar
 (India).
 - বিল্লা purabyd, purbid, n. m.:
 A resident of the abovementioned territory.
- بوره (H) pura(h), n. m. : A small settlement or village; a small collection of houses and huts. (Used as suf. e.g. مبان بوره būghbānpura(h).)
- جورى (H) purl, n. f.: A thin cake of meal fried in butter or oil.
- پورها (H) porha, adj.: Ripe; strong; forceful; stout; firm; thick.
- پوست (P) post, n. m. : Crust; skin; shell; bark; poppy head; layer.
 - post kanda(h), adv. & adj.: (1) (lit.) Having the skin peeled off; without reserve; fully detailed. (2) Fully; explicitly; openly.

- پوستين (P) postin, n. f. : A fur or leather garment; a leather coat.
- لوسنا (H) posna, v. t To foster; to nourish; to breed; to rear; to tame. (Used with النالي pālnā of the same meaning, c. g. ابالنا بوسنا).
- پوشاک (P) poshāk, n. f. : Clothes; raiment; dress; vestments.
- بوشيده (P) poshida(h), adj. : Hidden; concented; secret; covered.
- لول (H) pol, n. f.: Emptiness; hollowness.
- Y (H) pola, adj.: Light; soft; spongy; empty; flabby.
- پون، پون adj.: One fourth less; a quarter less; the three fourth's part.
- بونجي (H) phajl, n. f.: Capital; principal amount; fund; total wealth.
- (fig.) a hanger-on.
- المواجها (H) poachhad, v. : To wipe out ; to clean ; to

dust; to expunge; to rule out.

- ورندا (H) paunda, n. m. : A red or yellow coloured variety of sugar cane.
- (1) Hollow; empty. (2) A hollow tube; a joint of bamboo; a kind of drum; a simpleton.
- (H) ponl, n. f.: Rolls of cotton prepared for spinning.
- A gate; an outer entrance; a large shutter. an impediment;
- (H) pahar, n. m.: A mountain; anything large, huge or strong; anything very tedious, burdensome or heavy.
 - Hill; hillock; rock. (2)
 Belonging to the hills; hilly; mountainous.
- multiplication table.
- tear; to split; to sever; to cleave; to mangle; to clari-

fy by melting or boiling.

- red colour thrown at one another by Hindus at the time of Holi festival.
 - بهاک کهملنا phag khelna, v.:
 To revel (in the Holifestival)
- last month of the agricultural year; beginning of summer.
- نهال ، بهال ، بهال ، بهالي (H) phāl, phāll, n. f.: A ploughsbare.
- الله الله (H) phākd, n. f. : A jump; a leap.
 - phāndnā, v. : To jump; to leap over.
- thin splinter of bamboo or of wood.
 - phans lend, پهانس لينا ، پهانسنا phans lend, phansna, v. : To entrap; to ensnare; to involve; to catch; to entangle.
- noose; strangulation; death by hanging; halter; execution.

- پهانسي پانا phansi pana, v. :
 To be hanged or executed.
- phans! charhana, بهانسی چڑهنا v.: To mount the scaffold; to be hanged.
- پهانک (H) phānk, n. f.: A piece; a slice; a bit.
- spade; a hoe; a mattock; a shovel.
- ration; ornament; grace; charm; beauty; embellishment; comeliness.
- پهبتې (H) phabil, n. f. : Pleasantry; jost; fun.
 - پهبتی آزانا ، کسنا phabil upana, kasna, v. :To say something in pleasantry; to make a fun of.
- A blister; a bubble; vesicle.

 A blister; a bubble; vesicle.

 المجاول بهورنا phaphole phormā,

 المجاول بهورنا
 المجاول بهورنا

- دل _ passion. (also used with حلے dil ke or جلے jale as pref.)
- ندی (H) phaphundl, n. f. i Mildew; mould on fruit, bread, etc. from damp.
- الهاه (H) phapphas, adj. fat; flabby.
- sound of a slap or thump.
 - Cracking sound of any machine.
 - crack a whip; to lash; to rail at; to upraid; to reproach; to earn money; to wash clothes by beating.
- single; unmatched.
- پهنگار phi!kār n. f.: Curse; contempt.
 - بهنکار برسنا phitkar barasna,
 v.: To be accused; to be showered down upon (curses).
- Curse; malediction. (2)
 Fiel; shame!; curse (on you)!
 - بهت پهت کرنا phi! phi! karna,
 v.: To curse; to rail at;
 to sneer at; to treat with
 contempt.

- (1) Torn; broken; rent; fissured. (2) Slit; crack.
 - pauk arand, prov. : To put one's finger in another's pie; to interfere unnecessarily.
- phuikal, adj. : Lonely ; individual ; single; odd; uneven; separated; sundry; miscellaneous.
- پهنگری (H) phiţkarl, n. f. :
- to sift grain; to separate; to knock off; to strain.
- chaff or husk; siftings.
- fowler's net; a cage; a long rope tied to a rattle to frighten birds.
- undissolved matter of any soluble thing; spot; stain; speck.
- to burst; to turn sour; to break up; to be clarified (milk, oil, etc.).

- quaintance; recognition; knowledge; experience; discernment; mark; indication; sign; token.
 - cognise; to know; to experience; to discern; to indicate; to mark; to identify; to discriminate; to understand.
- skip; to jump; to leap; to hop; to dance about (in delight).
- of flight of birds.
 - بهر سے آڑنا ، اُڑ جانا phur se upnā, up jānā, v. : To fly suddenly.
- Again; then; afterwards; although; in that case; now. (2) And; but.
- of time consisting of three hours; a watch.
 - watch; time.
 - المنا المنا pahrā blihānā, v. :

 To place a guard (over).
 - pahrā denā, v. : To keep a watch ; to guard.

- whirl; to wheel; to make something go round; to roll; to shift; to wind; to turn; to return; to send back; to shift.
- بهرتی (H) phurtl, n. f.: Alertness; agility; briskness; activity; promptness; nimbleness; alacrity.
 - پهرتيلا phurtlia, adj. : Active;
 brisk; nimble; smart;
 agile; quick.
- الله بهر (H) phir jand, v.: To return; to go against; to become crooked; to back out; to become blunt; to turn against.
- thing that turns on an axis; a spindle; whirligig.
- to walk about; to circulate; to whirl; to ramble; to diverge; to back out; to revolve; to wander; to become distorted or crooked; to suffer from giddiness.
- نهريرا ، پهريرا ، بهريرا ، بهريرا ، بهريرا ، بهريرا (H) pharahrā, "harairā, adj. ; Dry ; half-dried.

- پهريري 'پهريري (H) phurahri, phurairi, n. f. : (1) Tremor; shiver; shudder. (2) A flock of cotton.
 - ישנירט ליין phurairi lena, v.:

 To shiver; to tremble;
 to be excited.
 - (H) phar. n. f.: (1) Gun carriage; the pole or shaft of a carriage. (2) A sambling house.
- To flutter; to shake; to shiver; to struggle; to move with convulsive motion; to be restless.
- vibrate with convulsive involuntary motion; to flutter; to twitch; to writhe; to quiver; to throb; to palpitate; to pulsate; to yearn or long for.
- (H) phus, n. f.: A soft hissing sound; whispering.
 - Weak; loose; flabby; spongy; slack; flimsy; crambling; rotten.

- المحسلي (H) phisadel, adj.:

 Idle; lagging behind; last
 (in order, degree or time);
 late.
- n.f.; Whispering: tete-a-tate.
- A sitting pose on the ground with crossed legs; squatting.
- entice; to coax; to humour,; to fondle; to flatter; to seduce; to amuse.
- eriness; a slip; error.
- to slide; to incline (towards); to err; to be attracted; to be misled.
- Raillery; absurd talk; indecent language; low and coarse jestings
 - on who indulges in low and obscene language; an indecent prater.
- (1) To burn; to suffer from

- high fever; to be squandered (money); to be inflamed. (2) Bladder.
- phukni, n. b.: A blow-
- (H) pahal, n. m. & f.: (1) A flock of cotton (2) Beginning; commencement; precedence
- Jet (H) phal. n. m.: Fruit:
 result; profit; effect; yield;
 progeny; harvest; reward;
 a blade; the iron head of
 an arrow or any pointed
 weapon, instrument etc.;
 ploughshare.
 - بهاري phal phalarl, n.
 f.: Fruits of assorted kind.
 - پنا مال دینا phal dena. v. To bear fruit.
- (H) pahla, adj.: The first; original; primary; chief.
- well; to puff up; to inflate; to distend; to make proud.
- نهلانگ (H) phalaeg, n. f.: A leap over; a jump over; a crossing by jumping.
 - leap over; to cross by jumping; to stride.

- جهاجهای (H) phuljhapl. n. f.:

 A kind of firework; (fig.)

 anything leading to mischief or quarrel.
- نهلکا (H) phulkā n. m.: A small inflated loaf of bread.
- fruit; to prosper; to have pimples or blisters on the skin
 - phaina phaina v: To prosper; to blossom forth; to thrive.
- (P) pahlil, n. m.: Side: flank of an army; point of view; wing; advantage; direction; manner; style; front.
 - بهاو بجانا pahin bachana, v.:

 To keep aloof; sidetrack; to save one's skin.
 - pahlū badalnā, v. :

 To change the direction;

 to evade; to turn to
 another side.
 - بالودّبي كونا pahlū tihl karnā.

 v.: To avoid; to postpone; to evade; to decline; to refuse; to shirk;
 - יאלע pahlū dār, adj.: Having facets or sides.
 - pahlu dabānā v.: To press on (enemy's) flank;

- to overpower; to sit closely.
- pahlu garm karnā v.; To embrace; to
 ait side by side.
- رالنا pahlu nikālnā, v. :

 (1) To find an opportunity; to discover ways and means for success. (2)

 To sound a fresh note; to take a new line.
- پهلواڙي ، پهلواري (H) phulwārl, phulwārl,: n.f.: A flower garden.
- پہلوان (P) puhlwān, n. f.: A wrestler; a stout person; a strong healthy person.
- چهلوگا (H) pahlaujā, adj First born.
- cld Persian language; the Royal family of Iran.
- of peas or shell of any leguminous plant; a bean.
- پهلی (H) phull, n. f.: A white speck in the eye.
- لهاي (H) pahil, adj.: First.
- بهلیے (H) pahle, adv.: At first; in the beginning; in ancient or former days; sooner; before; chiefly; already; originally.

- For the first time; in the beginning.
- 아 (H) phulel. n m.: Scented oil; perfumed essence of flowers.
- panded hood of a snake.
 - bite isnake; to strike the hood (snake) against something.
- to be extremely angry.
- to dress; to cause to put on.
 - garment; fashion of clothes
- بهنائی (P) pahnāl, n. f : Extent; range; breadth.
- extent; range; capacity; access; sagacity; power.
- convey; to escort; to conduct; to accompany; to bring; to see one to a

- place; to transmit; to bring to pass; to cause to arrive.
- A person close to God; a holy person: a pious man.
- arrive; to reach; to have access to; to attain; to receive; to come. to get to the meaning (of).
- forearm; the wrist.
- kind of bracelet. n. f. ▲
- noose; a net; a trap; a snare; grasp; clutches; perplexity; difficulty.
 - بهندا بزنا ، لكنا phanda parma, lagna, v.: To get
 entangled; to get into
 difficulty; to be on the
 point of strangulation
 (while eating and drinking through the wrong
 passage of food or drink).
 - phande men and, parna, phunsna, v.: To fall into a teap; to be involved in

some difficulty; to be caught in a snare.

- نهندن (H) phuhdna, n.m.: A tassel.
- into trouble; to be entangled; to be entrapped.
- pimple; a pustule; a small boil.
- لهنكار (H) phunkār, m. f.: Hissing sound (snake).
 - phunkārnā, v. : To hiss (snake).
- (H) phanki, n. f.: A doze of powdered medicine.
- topmost part of a tree; tip of a bough or of the nose; peak; summit; projection.
- to clothe; to wear (clothes, shoes); to put on.
- shower of rain; a slight drizzle.
- بهن بهن (H) phuphā, phuppā n. m.: Husband of father's sister.
 - بهو بهی ' بهی phuphi, phuppi n. f. ; Father's sister.

- sion; discord; split; breach; quarrel; hatred; malice; break; crack; fragments; pieces; gap. (2) A kind of rainy season fruit.
 - wall) to break by the flow of water; to gush forth (tears); breaking and flowing of abscess.
 - phu: parnd, v.: (1)

 To be divided in opinion; to arise (dissention);
 to have discord; to burst asunder; to be on terms of enmity.
 - ke rond, v.: To weep bitterly; to lament excessively; to burst into tears.
 - sow seeds of discord; to cause dissension (between two persons).
 - To errupt; to appear; to suffer from boils; to over flow (liquid); to be leaked out (secret); to flow forcefully.

- نا پهوننا (H) پهوننا (H) پهوننا shattered ; be to burst; to split : to sprout or come out; shoot up; to germ nate; bud: to to appear ; to become blind (eye); to be out; to be separated; to gush out; to be diffused: to leak out.
 - pha!! taqdlr, بهو أي تقلير ، قسمت pha!! taqdlr, qismat, n. f.: Misfortune; bad luck.
- المولی کوڈی phut kaufl, n.m.
 (Barest) minimum amount of money.
- abscess; a boil; a sore; a tumour.
- burst open; to break; to split; to shatter; to divulge; to perforate
- n. m.: Straw or dry grass; anything weak, frail or decaying; anything catching fire easily.
- ال يهو سزا (H) phaspa, n. m.: Loose threads of worn out clothes or string.
- (I) Refuse; dross; dreg;

- remnant of a thing from which juice has been squeezed out. (2) Hollow; un-substantial.
- (H) phul, n.m.: (1) Flower; embriodery on cloth; any light thing; blossom. (2) Prayers on the third day of a Muslim's death (3) Double-di-tilled liquor. (4) (W) Menses.
 - offer prayer for the soul of the dead (on the third day of a Muslim's death.)
 - phal pattl, n. f.: Embroidery; flowery carving, knitting or painting.
 - swell; to become fat; to be angry; to be adamant.
 - drop flowers (of rhetoric); to give, spark; to scintillate.
- To place flowers (on a grave as a mark of respect).
- پهول سونگه کے رهنا phul sungh ke rahna, v.: To eat very little.
- phill khilma, v.: To

bloom; to flower.

phūl gobhl, gobl, n. f.: Cauliflower.

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لهولا (H) phūlā, adj.: Swollen;
puffed up; blossomed.

기억 기억 phūlā phalā, adj Prosperous; fruitful; successful; bloomy.

phirna, v.: To be in high spirits; to be care-free.

phūlā na smānā,
v.: To exault; to be overjoyed: to be delighted,

بهونا (H) phulnd, v.: To blossom; to swell; to be puffed up; to be inflated; to flourish; to be prosperous.

الهلنا بهلنا phūlnā phalnā, v.:

To be green; to be prosperous; to succeed.

بهوتک (H) phūnk n. f. : Breath; blow; blast; puff.

phūhk phūhk ke qadam rakhnā, id.: To waik cautiously; to think well before acting.

phūnk dena, بهونكدينا 'مارنا phūnk dena, mārnā.: To puff up; to blow out; to put out; to breathe out air; to burn; to reduce to ashes; to

inspire; to spread; to give publicity.

النا بهونگاذالنا phunk daind, v.:

To burn completely; to breathe out air on the sick

بهونک نکل جانا phūak nikal jānā,
v.: To expire; breath or
air to come out; to be in
great difficulty.

out; to breathe out; to kindle; to burn the dead body (Hindus); to inspire; to torment; to instigate; to expend lavishly.

Slovenly; stupid; undisciplined. (Mostly used for a housewife not managing things well.)

پهوهڙ کا منال هنس هنس کنها مے phuhar ka mal hans hans khai, prov : Fools make feast and wise men eat.

پهو ٿياں (H) phū'lyān, n. f., pl: (W) Drops; drizzle; fine dense drops of rain. (s. بهوئي phū'i).

لهيا (H) pahyā, n. m. : A wheel. الهيهورا (H) phephyā, n. m. : Lung.

- پهيئا (H) pheid, n. m.: A small turban.
- نهيئنا (H) pheind, v.: To beat-up (eggs); triturate; mix by constant rubbing.
- turn; maze; coil; fold; trick; winding; revolution; dilemma; misfortune; difference; circle.
 - שׁת אָלֵיוֹ pher parnd, v.: To be involved in circum-locution; to have difference.
 - pher phar, n. f.:
 Change over; turning
 over; tricking; manipulation.
 - pher dend, v.: To return; to refund; to restore; to change direction.
 - pher meh بهير صين آنا ، برزنا ana. purna, v.: To be tricked; to be in difficulty; to suffer loss.
 - oil; turn; circuit; wandering; visiting; dropping in; perambulation.
 - pherna, v.: To turn;

- to return; to twist; to change direction; to polish; to train a horse; to change the mind; to reverse; to reject; to perverse the meaning
- and going repeatedly; hawking.
- y pheri wālā, n.m.: A pedlar; hawker.
- faint : dull; pale; insipid; colourless; light.
- نهيلانا (H) phailana, v.: To spread; to expand; to diffuse; to publish; to circulate.
- نهيلي (H) paheli. n. f.: A riddle; an enigma.
 - paheli būjhnā, v. : To soive a r ddle.
- throw; to fling; to waste;

 to hurl; to spill; to squander; to scatter; to let fall;
 to make (horse) run fast;
 to shoot (arrow).
- پی، پیا (H) pl, plyd, n. m.: Husband; lover; beloved.

- eکیا(P) plyāda(h), n. m.: A footman; a foot soldier; a pawn at chess.
 - piyada (k) fauj, n. f.: Infantry.
- 가송 (H) plyar, n. m.: Love; affection; fondness; friend-ship; kiss.
 - plyārā, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Dear; beloved; favourite; pleasing; loveable.

 (2) A darling; a sweetheart.
 - ال كرنا pivār karnā, v.: To love; to caress; to fondle; to kiss.
- جباز (H) piyaz, n. f.: Onion.

 piyazi, adj.: Colour resembling an onion;
 pinkish.
- چیاس (H) piyās, n. f.: Thirst; craving; desire.
 - longing for water.

- well, not the well to the thirsty.
- piyas bujhana, v.:

 To quench thirst; to satisfy a desire.
- piyās lagnā, v.: To feel thirsty.
- للم (H) payal, n.m.: Straw; dried grass used as mattress by the poor.
- 지나는 (P) piyāla(h) n. m.: A cup; a gobiet; beggar's bowi.
 - براله بهر جانا ptyala(h) bhar jana v.: To be filled (a cup) to the brim; to be numbered (one's days).
 - piyāli, n. f.: A small cup; a tea cup.
- age; news; advice; intelligence; directive.
 - payambar, payāmì, n. m.: A messenger; a carrier of verbal message.
- جمائی (H) piyd'ü, n. m. : A community place for drinking water.
- ખન્ને (H) pip, n. f.: Pus; purulent discharge; matter from abscess.

- have pus in the abscess or boil; to suppurate.
- لَمِينَ (H) pipā, n. m.: A cask; a barrel.
- 나타는 (H) pipal, n. m.: A large tree sacred among Hindus; a medicine.
- affection; attachment.
 - ان بیت کی ریت نرالی pit ki rit mirali, prov.: Strange are the ways of love.
 - jāne jāt kujāt, prov. :

 Love does not know caste or creed.
- بيترا (H) paitra, n. m.: Tactical movement in wrestling.
- پيتل (H) pisal, n. m.: Brass.
- (H) pītam, n. m. : Beloved; sweetheart; husband.
- belly; (fig.) pregnancy; womb; livelihood interior of a thing; cavity; capacity; hunger.
 - عور الها الهام pet apharna, v. : To suffer from flatulence.

- hai, prov.: (lit.) The stomach is a dreadful plague; stomach is above every thing.
- pe! bara hona, v.:

 To have a big paunch;

 to be excessively greedy.
- per bhard, adj.:

 Prosperous; well satisfied; rich; care-free; independent.
- pe! bharnd, v.: (lit.)
 To fill the belly; to satisfy hunger; to eat whatever is available.
- patthar bandhna, patthar bandhna, id.:

 patthar bandhna, pe!

 chapati ho jana.

 To suffer from extreme hunger.
- بيت جانا per chalno, id.: To suffer from diarrhoes.
- paun (bähar) nikalna, id.:

 (lit.)To permit one's feet

 to wanton free; to show

 one's claws; to go beyond

 bounds; to transgress.

- pe! se hond, id.: to be pregnant.
- pet kāinā, id.: To starve one's self; to deprive one of livelihood; to eat less than required.
 - pe! kā halkā, adj.:

 (One who is) unable to keep a secret.
- pe! ki ag بمثائی آگ بجهانا bujhana, v.: To appease hunger; to keep wolf from door.
- پیٹ کرنا per girad v. : To abort; to misscarry.
- بیت میں آنت ند مند میں دانت per men ant na(h) munh men dant, prov : A very old decrepit person; an extremely servile person.
- pei men پیٹ میں چو هے دوڑنا chuhe daurna, id.: To feel extreme hunger.
- ward string of a kite; cavity; middle portion of a thing: the bed of a river; breadth of a river; details of an account under one head; entrails of animals; text of a book; the middle

- portion of a page; circle; circumference; estimate.
- to punish; to lament; to pound; to strike; to broaden by beating; to earn with ease; to win a point in chess.
- بينو (H) petū, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) A glutton; a gourmand;

 one who cats much. (2)

 Gluttonous; fond of eating.
- لينه (H) pith n. f.: Back; the back part; help; support.
 - pherna, dikhana, morna, v.: To turn the back; to withdraw; to flee; to depart; to be a turncoat; to take to flight; to be defeated; to run away.
 - the absence of; behind one's back.
 - الكهنا بيراكهنا بيراكهنا pith pichhe
 burd kahnd, v: To backbite; to speak ill of a
 person in his absence.
 - pith thokna, v.:

 (lit.) To pat on the back;

to encourage; to instigate; to embolden.

- بينه سيدهي كرنا pith sidhi karna, v.: To take rest; to lie down (for a while).
- وينها (H) petha, n. m.: A kind of gourd of which sweet-meat is made.
- جيئي (H) peṭī, n. f.: (1) A beily band; a belt. (2) A box; a box for keeping ammunition.
- جماعة (P) paijāma(h), pā'ijāma(h) n. m.: A pair of trousers. (See باجامه pā-jāma(h).)
- ्रिक्रे (H) plch, n. f.: Boild rice water.
- a twist; a curve; a fold; a coil; deceit; difficulty; complication; a sleight in wrestling; pain in stomach; entangling of kites; a thin fold of a turban.
 - (lit.) Fold after fold; coil

- after coil; most complicated thing.
- complicated; to become intricate; to face difficulty; to be entangled; atring of one kite to fall on that of the other.
- plicated; intricate; difficult; twisted.
- pech dena, v.: To twist; to complicate; to deceive.
- create complications; to make matters worse; to interlace the string of a kite for cutting it; to play a trick; to succeed by deceit.
- interface string of one kite with that of another.
- Pech-u-tab, n. m.:
 Restlessness; perplexity;
 agitation; vexation; indignation.
- الب كهانا به الله pech-u-lab kha-na, v: To be restless; to be indignant; to be vexed; to writhe with anxiety.

- et pech-u-kham, n. m.:
 Intricacy; curve; perplexity; trouble.
- try; gripes; evacuation of stomach with colic.
- چيې (P) pechak, n. f.: A ball of thread.
- پيچ کش (P) pech kash, n. m. :
 A screw driver.
- P) pechwän, n. m.:

 A kind of huqqa(h) with longflexible pipe; a huqqa(h) snake.
- hind part; the back side; the rear; following; pursuit.
 - lend, v.: To follow a thing or person doggedly: to pursue resolutely; to chase; to press; to vex.
 - v.: To shake off; to get rid of; to do away.
 - Behind; in the rear; afterwards; after the death of; subsequently; consequently; in the absence of.

- To pursue a person or thing resolutely; to vex a person constantly to satinise; to demand constantly, to expose.
- Behind; following; accompaying; in succession: one after the other.
- v.: To leave behind.
- pichhe lagā denā,

 .: To set (a person)
 aginst somebody; to
 incite.
- follow: to pursue; to accompany.
- בּאִבּאָג (P) pechidagi, n. f.:
 Intricacy; complication;
 twisting.
 - plicated; entangled; difficult.
- الخبية (P) paikhāna(h), n.m.: A lavatory; a privy; faeces; excrement of bowels. (See منانب)
- (P) paida, adj. : Manifest; clear; discovered; born; created.

- paldā karnā, v.: To produce; to earn; to manifest; to create; to acquire; to find; to get; to procure; to invent; to breed.
- born; to be earned; to be produced.
- paidawar, n. f.: Product; produce; result; income; out-turn; profit; fruit.
- paida'ish, n. f.: (1)

 Birth; creation; production; earning. (2) The
 First Book of the Old
 Testament (Bible); Genesis.
- بطائشی paidā'ishī, adj. : Natural; inborn; original; innate.
- ليدل (H) paidal, n.m. & adv.: (1)

 Foot soldier; infantry; the lowest piece in the game of chess. (2) On foot.
- پير (U) Monday.
- (P) pir, adj. & n. m.; (1) Old; aged. (2) An old man; a spiritual guide.
 - پیران نمی پرند مریدان می پرانند piran nami parand muridan mi paranand,

- prov.: Keeping the reputation of somebody alive by false propagands.
- plr sho biyamoz, prov.: Learning has no age limit.
- guide of fire worshippers; a clever person; spiritual guide; saint; the owner of a wine house.
- plr-i-nabaligh, n. m.: An old fool.
- پير (H) pair, n. m.: The foot; footstep.
- پيراک (H) pairāk, n.m.: A
 - pairaki, n.m.: The art of swimming.
- جامراهن (P) pairāhan, n. m.: A long shirt; a garment; dress.
- جبرایه (P) pairāya(h), n. m.:

 Style; conduct; manner;
 behaviour.
- to flow; to be current; to cross; to be expert in some art; to cut across.

- ਭाइत (P) pairo, n.m.: A disciple; a follower.
 - pairokār, n. m.: One engaged in seeing through a law suit in court.
 - following up; hunting after; obedience.
- الم (H) pairoh, adv.: On foot.
 - אַנפט אָלט pairon parna, v.:

 To entreat; to pay respect; to supplicate.
- אָנט (P) pirl, n. f.: (1) Old age. (2) The status of a spiritual guide.
 - piri wa ad a'ib, prov.: Old age is the source of a lot of troubles.
- إيمار (H) per, n.m. : A tree.
- 13点 (H) pera, n.m.: A kind of sweetmeat.
- (H) peru. n.m: The pelvis; the belly below the navel; the pubes.
- جيزهي (H) pirhl, n.f.: (1) A small stool. (2) Generation; pedegree
 - يراهي در پيراهي الم plyhl dar plyhl, adj.: hereditary; traditional.

- بيزار (P) paizār, n f.: A slipper; a pair of shoes.
- copper coin; 1/100th part of a rupee; cash; wealth.
 - الهانا paisā uṭhānā, v.:
 To spend money
 - paisā uṛānā, v.:
 To spend money extravagantly.
 - بيسا جوزنا palsā jornā, v.:

 To save money; to be stingy.
 - paisā dubnā, v.:
 To lose money or wealth;
 to suffer loss.
 - hath ka mail hae, prov.:

 Money or wealth does
 not stay permanently in
 one's hand; undue importance should not be
 attached to wealth.
- to reduce to powder; to gnash (teeth); to suffer (hard labour); to rub down; to torment; to afflict.
- ييش (P) pesh, n. m. & prep. : (1) Front; fore-part. (2)

In front of; before.

- pesh and, v.: To happen; to come to pass; to step forward; to behave; to negotiate.
- wawailā, prov.: To be-moan a misfortune before its occurence.
- pesh imam, n. m.:
 The person who leads
 congregational prayer.
- بيش بندى pesh bandl, n. f.:

 Foresight; management

 10 meet a possible situation.
- pesh blnl, n. f.: Foresight.
- برش با أفتاده pesh pā uftāda(h), adj.: Commonplace.
- pesh jānā, v.: To be effective; to have control.
- peshtar, adv. : Before ; first.
- pesh <u>kh</u>ema(h). n. m.:

 Baggage sent in advance;

 prelude; any preventive
 action.
- pesh dasti kar- پیش دستی کرنا na, v.: To forestall; to

- deal (with) before the regular time.
- pesh rau, n. m.: Advance guard; forerunner; precursor; leader.
- پیش قبض pesh qabz, n. m. : A dagger.
- pesh qadmi, n. f.;
 Advance; stopping forward; activity; agression; forward march.
- بیش کار peshkār, n. m.: Agent; manager; head clork of a magistrato.
- submit; to put up (before); to put up papers or witnesses (before the magistrate); to make a present; to produce.
- peshkash, n. f: A gift; a present; a tribute.
- peshgi, n. f.: Advance or carnest (money).
- المبشك (P) pesha(h), n.m.: Profession; calling; trade; office; means of living.
- بيشاب (P) peshāb, n. m.: Urine; (al.) sperma hominis.

- peshāb karnā, v.:

 To make water; to urinate; to depreciate a thing.
- پیشاب کی دهار پر مازنا peshāb kł dhār par mārnā, id. : To despise; to condemn; to degrade.
- head; front; fate; title of a chapter; headline; part of document left blank on the top.
 - peshānl بیشانی پر بل ، شکن پڑنا peshānl par bal, shikan parnā id.: To express anxiety or anger.
 - بیشانی رکزنا peshanl ragarna,
 v.: To supplicate; to entreat; to flatter abjectly.
- إيشوا (P) peshwa, n.m.: Leader; a guide; title of the ancestor of the Mahrattas.
- P) peshit, adj.: Ancient; former; old.
 - بيشنگوئی peshingo'i, n. f.: Prediction; foretelling.
- P) paighām, n. m.: Message; advice; mission; offer

- of marriage.
- paighambar, n. m.: A messenger.
- palghambar, n. m.: Prophet; a messenger of Divine injunctions.
- palghambari, n. f.:
 Prophethood; the office
 of a prophet.
- n. m.: Difficult times; hard days; time when one is a broke.
- المحتزي (P) paik, n.m.: A courier; a messenger; a runner.
- of the betel leaf chewed and spit out.
 - plk dan, n. m.: Spittoon.
- پیکار (P) paikār, n. f.: War; contest; confrontation.
- pointed head of an arrow; any pointed missile.
- إيكر (P) paikar, m. m.: Body; face; front; shape; form; visage; appearence; countenance.
- ليل (H) pel, n. f.: Push; tumblt; (fig.) crowd; abundance. (Used with بيل rel eg. ايل)

- back; to extract oil; to grind in a mill; to crush; to press; to insert; to practice a gymnastic exercise (called Lis dand).
- the bishop in the game of chess.
 - pilban, n.m.: An elephant keeper; the trainer or driver of elephant.
 - in which legs become swollen; elephantisis.
 - pil pāya(h), n. m.: A column; a pillar.
- المجابة (H) pllā, adj & n. m.: (1)
 Yellow. (2) Bishop of chess.
- جيمان (P) paimān, n.m.:
 Agreement; accord; treaty;
 convention; solemn promise.
- بيمانه (P) paimāna(h), n. m. : Measure; a cup; a bowl; a goblet for drinking wine.
 - paimāpaimā, paimā, labrez
 honā, id.: To be full
 (cup of life, patience).

- پيما تش (P) paimā'ish, n. f.: Measurement; survey.
- پیمبر (P) payambar, n. m.: A messenger of God; a prophet. (See بیغمبر.)
- to quaff; to smoke; to suck; to absorb; to su ppress one's anger or feelin g to suffer; to bear.
- پينتاليس (H) paihtālis, adj.: Forty five.
- پينٽيس (H) paihtis, adj.: Thirty five.
- بيندا (H) pehdā, n. m.: Bottom of a vessel or box etc.
- پیلس (H) pinas, n. f.: A litter; a palanquin.
- پينسٽه (H) painsaih, adj.: Sixty five.
- پینک (H) pinak, n f.: Drow-siness by opium-eating.
 - pinak met honā, v.: To be senseless; to be indifferent; to be in a state of torpor.

- بینگ (H) peng, n. m.: Swing;
 vascillation; the rope of a swing.
 - بینگ بڑھانا peng barhona, v.:

 To swing very high; (fig.)

 to advance intimate
 relationship; to become
 more friendly.
- جيوست (P) paiwast, n.m. & adj.: (1) Joint; union; connection; (2) Joined.
 - paiwast karnā, v.:

 To solidify; to join; to fit in; to absorb; to attach.
 - paiwasta(h), adj.: Joined; continuous; permanent; near; old; close; sticking.
 - چيوند (P) paiwand, n. m.:

 Patch; addition; joint;

 transplantation; graft; near
 relations.
 - پيوندلگانا paiwand lagănă, v:

 To graft: to transplant;

 to pa ch; to add.
 - tantly; closely together; successively.

- 15 (H) tā, intj.: Look! see! hallo! (Loving communication between parents or elderly relations and children.)
- Till; until; upto; as late as.

 (2) Upto the time (when).
 - تابه کجا ، تا کجا . تابکے ، تاکے ، تاکے ، تاکے ، تاکی ، نقل م لفظ ، نقل م نقل به نقل
 - تابه مقدور ، اسكان اشكان المكان rā ba(h)
 maqdūr, imkān, adv.: As
 far as possible.
 - تاوقتیکه tā waqte ki(h), adv.:
 As long as; unless; until.
 - تاكد tā ki, conj: So that; in order that; with a view to.
 - tā ham, conj.: Still; yet; none-the-less; notwith-standing.
 - اقاب (P) tāb, n. f.: (1) Lustre; light; splendour; refulgence. (2) Power; endurance; toleration.

- الان tābān, adj.: (1) Refulgent; shining; gloriously bright. (2) Twisted; curled.
- تأبش tābish, n. f.: (1) Brightness; splendour; light; gleam of sunlight. (2) Heat; warmth.
- تابلانا tāb lānā, v.: To endure; to bear; to face.
- تابناک ، تابنده tābnāk, tābinda(h), adj.: Bright; shining; sparkling.
- تابندگ tābindagi, n. f.: Brightness; splendour; lustre; luminousness.
- تاب و توان tāb-u-tawān, n.m. & f.: Strength; authority; power; ability; capacity; courage; endurance.
- تابؤتور (H) tābartor, adj.: Incessant; one after the other; successive.
- Obedient; dependent; dutiful; subordinate; yielding; henpecked. (2) A follower.
 - تابع داری انته ازی tābi'dāri. n. f.:
 Submission; obedience;
 dependence; allegiance;
 compliance.

- تابع مهمل tābi' muhmal, n.m.:

 Any word rhymed with
 another having no separate meaning, e.g. نابع مهمل
 sach much, truely.
- تابعين tābi'in, n. m., pl.:

 Those Muslims who had seen one or more of the companions of the Holy Prophet Mohammad.

 (s. تابع.)
- روت (A) tābūt, n. m.: A coffin; bier; a model of the mausoleum of Imam Husain carried in procession during Muharram.
- ناپنا (H) tāpnā, v.: To warm one's self over a fire or in the sun.
- Beating time in music or dancing; a word spoken or expressed through the palm of hand by musicians or dancers to adhere to beating time.
- الأثاري (A) tāṣir, n. f. : (lit.)

 Making an inclsion; effect;

 influence; impression; result; fruit.
 - الثير كرنا المين الثير المين الثير المين الثير المين
- قاح (A) täj, n. m.: A crown; a crest; the comb of a bird; a suit in cards.
 - זוקנו זוקנו זוקנו tājdār, tojwar,
 n. m.: A crowned head;
 a king.
- دَاجر (A) tājir, n. m.: A trader; a merchant.
 - اند اند زقبر اند زقبر اند زقبر اند (lit.)

 Merchant like; commercial.
- تاخت (P) الله (P) الله (P) الله (P) الله (P) الله (P) attack; incursion; invasion.
 - تاخت تاراج القرائة الخت تاراج تاراج تاراج Destruction; devastation.
- اخبر (A) المخبر (A) المخبر (A) المخبر (A) procrastination; postponement
 - تاخير كرنا اخير كرنا To delay; to defer; to retard.
- ching of language and literature (2) Admonition; correction.
 - تادیبخانه iādib khāna(h), n.m.:
 A reformatory.

- ال (P) اقد, n. m. & adj.: (1)

 Thread; string; wire; series;

 (fig.) hair; the warp; telegram; (W) part of ornaments. (2) Dark; dreary.
 - تارتار tār tār, adj. & n. m. (1)

 Tattered; torn to pieces.
 (2) (W) Entire jewellery;
 all the ornaments.
 - interrupted, checked, hin-dered.
 - از کش tar kash, n. m.: A drawer of gold or silver wire.
 - tar kashi, n. f.: Wire drawing; making of brocade cords; a kind of needle work; profession of wire drawing.
 - تار کهر tār ghar, n. m.: Tele-graph office.
 - تارنفس tār-i-nafas, n. m. (lit.)

 The string of breath;
 life.
 - تاروپود ناروپود tar-u-pud, n.m.: The warp and woof.
 - اراً tārā, (H) n. m.: (1) Star; planet; meteor. (2) The pupil; the apple of the eye; spark appearing be-

fore the eye from the internal state of that organ.

تارا نونتا المراقة ال

تاراچىكنا tārā chamaknā, v.:

To rise; to progress; to be exalted.

rārā dubnā, v.: To set (a star or planet).

tārā ho jānā, honā, v.: (1) To be sky high. (2) To appear as small as a star.

تارون بهری رات tāron bharī rāt, n. f.: A starry night.

تاروں کی جہاوں tāron ki chhāun, (W) Light of the stars; dawn; day break.

تاریخ تو زنا tare torna, v.: (W)
(1) To perform an impossible task. (2) To deceive; to be fraudlent.

ilر کد کهائی دینا tare dikhāi denā, v.: (1) To have lights dancing before one's eyes (from a bruise or internal state of the pupil). (2) To be under extreme distress.

تارك كننا rāre ginnā, v.: (lit.)

To count the stars; to have no sleep; to remain wakeful.

تاراج (P) sārāj, n. m.: Plunder; destruction; devastation.
(See تاخت tākht.)

قاريخ (A) tārikh, n. f.: Date; day of the month: epoch; era; chronicle; history; chronogram.

تاریخ نهبرانا tārīkli thahrānā,
v.: To fix a date.

البخ وار tārlkh wār, adr.:

According to date;

datewise; periodically.

تاریک (P) tārik adj.: Dark; dreary; blaok; sombre; swarthy.

تاریکی rārlkl, n. f.: Darkness; dreariness.

تاڑی (H) tār, n. m.: A palm tree. تاڑی tārī, n. f.: Palm juice; toddy.

to measure; to perceive; to make out. (2) To see through; to dive into; to penetrate.

تاز (P) tāz, n. f.: Running;

race; attack. (Used in Comp., é. g. تكوتاز tag-u-tāz, effort.)

- انزگی (P) tāzgi, n. f.: Freshness; renewal; greenness; tenderness; renovation; revival.
 - تازه، تازی افته المza(h), tāzī, adj.:

 Fresh; new; latest;

 young; plump; fat;
 recently bathed.
 - ا تازه به تازه نوبنو اظ عاره نوبنو الم تازه نوبنو اظ za(h nau ba nau, adj.:

 Fresh and new; latest;

 hot from the press
 (publication).
 - تازه دم taza(h) dam, adj.: Refreshed; active; smart; vigorous; lively.
 - ازه وارد tāza(h) wārid, adj.:

 Recently arrived; new comer.
 - be fresh and hot (food);
 to be green; to take
 rest; to become fat; to
 flourish.
- ازی. (P) اقازی, n. m. & f.: (1)

 An Arab horse; a hound.

 (2) The Arabic Language.

- تازیانه (P) tāziyāna(h), n. m.: A whip; cane used for whipping the criminal.
- تاسف (A) taassuf, n. m.: Sorrow; grief; concern; self-reproach.
- اسیس (A) tāsls, n. f.: Establishing; laying foundation.
- تاش (H) tāsh, n. m.: (1) Brocade. (2) Playing cards.
- ناشه (H) tāsha(h), n. m.: A hemi-spherical drum.
- of soft buttered bread baked in the oven.
- تاک (P) tak, n. m. & f.: Grape; also its bush; vine.
- look; stare; watch. (2)
 Aim; direction. (3) (W)
 looking after.

 - ا تاكىلينا اقلا look after; to take care (of).

تا ک میں رھنا^ت

تاكسون رهنا القله men rahnā, v.: To be on the look out; to lie in wait (for).

- star at; be on the watch.
- كاكبد (A) tākīd, n. f.: An injuction; order; reminder; emphasis; compulsion; force.
 - تاكيد كونا د تاكيد كونا To enjoin strictly; insist on; urge; press.
 - تاكيداً tākidan, adv. : Strictly; urgently; emphatically; positively; peremptorily.
 - تاكيدى tākidi, adj : Emphatic; positive; absolute.
- ناکا، دهاکا (H) اقام، dhāgā, n. m.: A thread; cord.
 - النا دونا، دالنا القيرونا، دالنا النا dālnā, v.: To thread (a necdle).
- Jان (H) t a l , n, m. & f.: (1) A pond; tank; pool (.alab تالاب (2) Lense; pebble of an eyeglass. (3) Clapping of the

- hands together (according to musical measure): beating time (in music).
- تال دينا tāl denā. v.: To beat time.
- honā, v.: To be out of. tune: not to follow beat of time.
- الميل الميل المال الما ny; concord: friendship; amity.
- نالأب (P) tālāb, n. m.: Pond; pool; tank; reservior of water. (See الله القرارة المالة القرارة القرارة المالة القرارة القرار
- الله (H) tālā, n m.: A lock.
- The seed of the Solanum Indicum; a medicinal herb.
- $\mathfrak{gl}^{\mathfrak{G}}(H)$ $t\bar{a}l\bar{u}, n. m.$: The palate; the ridge or slit in the roof of the mouth.
 - تالو آنا tā/ū ānā, v.: To have swelling in the palate.
 - zubān na lagnā, v.: To talk ceaslessly.
- قالي (H) $t\bar{\alpha}li, n.f.$: (1) Key. (2) Clapping of the hands together

- تالی ایک ماته سے نہیں بجشی ایک ماته سے نہیں بجشی täli ek häth se nahlh bajti, prov.: It requires two hands to clap; it takes two to make a quarrel.
- تَالَى بِجِانَا دَالَى بِجِانَا دَالَى بِجِانَا دَالَى بِجِانَا دَالَى بِجِانَا دَالَى بِجِانَا دَالَى بِجِانَا clap one's hand; to rejoice.
- الى يىج كئى القائة baj gal, prov.:

 Used when one becomes
 a broke or is scandalised.
- ing together; joining together in friendship.

 - talif karnd v.: To compile; to bring together.
- نامجهام، قانجان (H) tam jham, tan jan, n. m.: A kind of sedan chair carried by two men.
- قام چينې (S) tam chini, n. f.:

 Enamelled copper or ison.

 Job (A) taammul, n. m.: Mo-

- ditation; deliberation; hesitatian; cautious procedure; delay; pause; suspense.
- تامل کرنا taammul karna, v.:
 To meditate; to reflect;
 to deliberate; to hesitate.
- ادمون (E) tam lot, n. m.: A drinking vessel (originally of copper). (Cor. of tumbler).
- نان (H) اقام, n. f.: A tone; a tune; the pitch or keynote in music.
 - ان آزانا الم القال الم القال - ان بينا ، لينا tan bharna, lena, v.: To pitch or to catch the keynote.
 - beat time; to come to the refrain. (2) To taunt; to end up (conversation etc.) with making fun of some body.
 - النانان الله denā, v. : (1) To stretch; to hang (curtain).
 (2) To instigate; to work up.
 - Lib ian ke, adv.: In a tight minner; in a stretched way.

- the threads extended lengthwise upon a loom.
 - نانانان عَمْمَة tānā bānā, n. m.; Warp and woof.
- GIS (H) tānā, v.: To heat; to raise heat (by blowing with hellows etc.); to melt; to test.
- نانيا (H) tānbā, n. m.: Copper.
- ثانت (H) tant, n. f.: Catgut; fibre; a loom; string of a musical instrument.
 - انتیا ، تانتیا ، تانتیا ، تانتیا ، تانتیا adj.: (W) Lean and thin like a catgut.
- line; row; series.
 - To form a row; to collect or assemble in the form of a line.
- till (H) tānnā, v.: To stretch out; to tie; to fasten; to bind; to bring a charge (against); to despatch; to send to prison; to instigate.
- البث (A) tānis, n. f.: The feminine gender.
- of heating; heat; fusion.

- (2) Rage; passion. (3) Sheet of paper.
- اودینا tau dena, v.: To heat up; to fuse; to melt; to twist (moustache etc.).
- ناو کهانا ، مین آنا زطّ دهانا ، مین آنا meh and, v.: To be inflamed, enraged, excited.
- ذاوان (P) tāwān, n. m.: (1)

 Penalty; damages; fine; indemnity. (2) Atonement; compensation.
 - تاوان بهرنا زام tāwān bharnā v.:
 To pay fine, indemnity.
- اويل (A) idwil, n. f.: (1)
 Interpretation; explanation.
 (2) Faise argument; idle excuse.
- interpret; to elucidate; to give a differet sense of the obvious meaning of words.
- ing; founding a family.
- טְטׁ (H) tāyā, n. m.: Father's elder brother; uncle.
 - نائی ta`i, n. f.: Wife of father's elder brother.

- بائب (A) tā'ib, adj.: Repentant; penitent.
- ائيد (A) tā'ld, n. f.: Support; help; assistance; strengthening; corroborating; partiality; partisanship.
 - تائيد كرنا زمان المرازية المر
- تاب P) tah, n. j. . (Abbr. of تاب tap.)
- نب (H) tab. adv.: Then; at that time; thereafter.
 - tab se, adv.: Since that time; * then \$=; thence-forward.
 - تب تک tab tak, adv.: Till then; until.
- تبادله (A) tabādila(h),

 n. m.: Transfer;

 change; substitution; ex
 change; consideration

 given; compensation;

 alteration.
- race; family; dynasty; tribe.
- تبارک (A) tabārak, adj.:
 Hallowed; blessed: magnified. (Used for God with الله تبارک و تعالی e.g. تعالی Allāh-u-tabārak wa t'ālā,

- God the hallowed of magnified and exalted.)
- قبا شير (P) tabāshīr, n. f. : Manna of bamboo; a medicinal sugar.
- قباه (P) tabāh, ad).: Ruined; wretched; depraved; in a bad shape; miserably poor or low.
 - تباهی tabāli, n. f.: Misery; wretchedness; depravity; destruction: ruination.
 - تباهی آزا tabāhī ānā, v.: To
 be ruined.
 - ياهي كامارا يراهي كامارا abāhi kā imarā, adj.: Wretched; rtined; afflicted.
 - قباین (A) tabāyun, m m.:
 Opposition; difference;
 divergence; contrast; distinction.
- Being like a river; penetrating with the depths of science; being prefoundly learned.
- تبختر (A) tabakhtur, n. m.: Walking with a proud gait; strutting.
- تبخير (A) tabkhir. n. f.: Evaporation; light fever.

- تبدل (A) tabaddul, n. m.: Becoming changed or altered; change.
- تبدیل (A) labdil, n. f.: Change;
 alteration; modification;
 substitution; replacement;
 transfer.
 - rabdil-i-ab-u-hawa, n. f.: (lit.) Change of climate; changing place or town for the purpose of benefitting from a better climate.
 - تبدیل کرنا tabdll karnā, v.:

 To change; alter; transfer.
 - تبدیلی tabdill, n. f.: (sl.)

 Transfer (of a servant from one place to another).
- تبر (P) tabar, n. m.: A hatchet; an axe.
- تبرك (A) tabarruk, n. m.:
 Benediction; a gift from a saint or holy person; sacred relies.
- تبرید (A) sabrid, n. m.: Cooling; refreshing; a cooling or refreshing drink; a refrigerant (in medicine).
- نبسم (A) tabassum, n. m.: Smiling; a smile.

(A) tabsira(h), n. m.:

Review; critique of book
etc; critical essay or notice.

- قبع (A) taha', n.m.: Follower; following; imitating.
 - تبع تأبعين taba' tābi'in, n.m.:

 Followers of the successors of the Holy Prophet

 Mohammad's companions.
- ing Islam; carrying the me-sage of Islam.
- (P) tap, n. f.: Fever; heat; warmth. (See تب tab.)
 - تبخالد تبخالد تبخالد لا _{tapkhāla(h)}, tab khāla(h), n. m. : A blister or pimple on the lips after fever.
 - تبانا ، چڑهنا tap ānā. charhnā,

 v.: Fever to come on:

 (fig.) to fear; to tremble.
 - ته آدرنا shake off fever; to get rid of fever.
 - riq, n. f.: Consumption; tuberculosis; hectic fever.
- تباک (P) tapāk, n. m.: Cordiality; warmth; affection;

love; zeal; solicitude of friendship.

- تيان (P) tapāh, adj.: Growing hot; trembling; restless; palpitating; becoming agitated.
- تيانا (H) tapānā. v.: To heat; to warm; to test (metal); to cause to glow.
- نيائي (H) tipā'l, n. f.: (lit.) A small table with three legs; a teapoy.
- نيشيا ، تيسيا ، تيشيا (H) tapasyā, tapashyā, n. f.: Devout austerity; religious penance; devotion.
- تيش (P) tapish, n. f.: Heat; warmth; restlessness.
- تيک (H) tapak, n. f.: Throb; burning; palpitation.
 - تيكنا tapaknā, v.: To throb; to burn; to palpitate.
- نينوه (P) tapancha(h), n. m.: A pistol; a revolver.
 - tapancha(h) تينچه چلانا ، سر كونا chalānā, sar karnā, v.: To fire a pistol.
- تتا (H) tattā, adj.: Hot; warm; (fig.) furious; angered.
 - rattā tawā, n. m. : (lit.) A hot baking-pan; (fig.) a quarrelsome fellow.

- tatiā honā, v.: hot; to be in become anger.
- tatte parnā, v.: (W) To be nick-named: tobecome notorious.
- tatte tawe ki تترتو مرکی بوند bund, prov. (lit.) Drop on a baking-pan; a dropin the ocean; small income for a large household (does not count).
- نتبع (A) tatabbu', n. m.: Following; imitating; copying; pursuing.
 - تتبع كونا tatabbu' karnā v.: To follow; to copy; toimitate.
- تتر بتر (H) titar bitar, adj.: Scattered; dispersed; out of order; thrown into confusion; helter-skelter.
- تتلا (H) tutlā, adj.: Lisping; stammering.
 - نتلانا tutlānā v.: To lisp; to stammer; to speak indistinctly (as a child).
- تتلي (H) titll, n. f. : (1) A Butterfly; (fig.) a belle. (2) A medicinal grass.

- نتهبا (H) titambā, n. m. : (W)

 Complicated affair; dispute;

 mess; strife etc.
- (A) tatimma(h), n. m.:

 Appendix; supplement;

 residue; balance; remainder.
- نتو تهمبو (H) tatto thambo, n.f.: (W) Checking; preventing; patching up a quarrel.
- نتين (H) tataiyā, n, f. & adj.:

 (1) A kind of wasp. (2)

 Very shrewd; extremely clever.
- dividing into three parts; dividing into three parts; division of God-head into father, son and Holy Ghost (according to Christians); a trine (the aspect of the planets).
- تجار ب (A) tajārib, n. m., pl.: Experiences; experiments; trials. (s. تجربه tajriba(h).)
- commerce; purchase and sale of articles as a profession or carreer.
- tijārāt-i-barāmad, n. f.: Export trade.

tijārat-i-dgrāmad, n. f.: Import trade.

- tijārat karnā, v.:

 To trade; to be in commercial business.
- tijarati adj.: Mercantile: commercial.
- تجاوز (A) tajāwuz, n. m.:
 Transgressing. surpassing;
 excess; deviating; offending.
- ing ignorance; connivance; pretended ignorance.
 - tajāhul-1ārifāna(h), n. m.: Feigning ignorance of a known thing; wondering over a known fact.
- נְבְּגני (A) tajaddud, tajeddd, n. f: Renewing; renewal, novelty.
- تجربه (A) najriha(h), n. m.: Experience, trial; probation: examination.
 - تجربه کار tajriba:h) kār, adj.:

 Versed (in); experienced;

 expert; skilful.
 - تجربه کرنا (tajriba(h) karnā, v.: To experiment; to make trial; to try.

- تجرك (A) tajarrud, n. m.: (lit.)

 Denuding oneself; cut
 ting oneself off from
 society; solitude; celibacy;
 bachlerhood.
- نجريد (A) tajrīd, n. f.: Separating (a thing from another); separation; solitude.
- (A) tajzia(h), n. m.: Analysis; distributing; dividing; separating.
- ذجسس (A) tajassus, n. m.: Searching carefully; examining; investigating; curiously prying (into); search; enquiry; inquisitiveness.
 - تجسس کرنا To enquire (into); to search; to pry (into); to investigate.
- النجلي (A) tajalli, n f.: (lit.) Brilliancy; becoming clear; lustre; splendour; glory; manifestation.
- نجهل (A) tajammul, n.m.:

 Dignity; pomp; magnificence; parade of splendour.
- نجنا (H) tajnā, v.: To relinguish; to give up; to abandon; to forsake; to leave.

- تجنیس (A) tajnis, n. f.: Resemblance; analogy; pun; alliteration.
- تجوید (A) tajwid, u. f.: (Proper manner of) reading Holy Quran; uttering the letters through proper organs.
- نجويز (A) tajwīz n. f.: Proposal;.
 plan; resolution; view;
 opinion; judgement.
 - tajwīz karnā, v. !
 To propose; to opine;
 to give judgement.
- (A) tajhiz, n. f. 1 Arranging; expediting; carrying to the grave; burial.
 - rajhīz-u-takfīn, تجهيز و تكفين n. f.: Interment; burial.
- نجائف (A) taḥā'if, n. m., pl.: Gifts; presents; rarities. (s. تحفه tuḥfa (h).)
- The under part; the inferior part; possession; subjection; authority; influence. (2) Bolow; under.
 - taḥt-us-sarā, n.m. & f.: The lowest part of the (moist) earth; nether regions.

- taḥt ush sha'ūr,
 n.m.: (Mod.) Sub·consciousness.
- تحت اللفظ taḥt-ul-lafz, adj., adv., & n.m.: (1) Verbal; literal.
 - (2) Verbally; literally.
 - (3) Recitation of verses without melody.
- نجمانی (A) taḥtāni, adj.: (Mod.)

 Lower; primary; inferior; placed below.
- ذیحریر (A) thrir, n.f.: Writing; a written statement; manuscript; document; line; pencilling; painting; musical tone.
 - تحریر کرنا taḥrīr karnā, v.:
 To write; to record; to describe in writing.
 - تحریر هونا taḥrir honā, v.: To be written or recorded.
 - נאל נונט. iaḥriri, adj.: In writing; documentary.
- قحريس (A) taḥris, n. f.: Making greedy; instigation; stimulation; temptation.
- نحریف (A) taḥrif n. f.: (Deliberate) alteration (of a word or text to change its

- meaning); falsification; inversion; transposition; clerical error.
- Putting in motion; movement; agitation; excitement; temptation; stimulation; broaching a subject. (2)
 Cold and cough; movement of air.
 - تحریک کرنا الله taḥrik karnā, v.:
 To move; to put forward a resolution; to initiate; to instigate.
- לבילת ליין (A) taḥrīm, n. f.: Forbidding; prohibition; assumption of a pilgrim's garb; honour.
 - نحريمه tahrīma(h), n. f.: Saying "Allah-o-Akbar" at the commencement of prayer.
- نجسین (A) taḥsin, n. f.: Praise; applause; appreciation; approbation; acclamation.
 - tahsin-i-nāshinās,

 n. f.: (lit.) Applause of

 the unacquianted; praise

 by a person who does

 not know about the

 particular subject.

- نحشيه (A) taḥshiya(h), n. m.;
 Writing of marginal or foot notes.
- (A) taḥsil,n. f. (1) Getting; acquiring; collecting; gain; profit; attainment; learning. (2) The revenue jurisdiction or court of a Tahsildar.
 - iaḥsildār, n. m. : An official of the department of revenue; a sub-collector of revenue.
 - تحصیل کرنا : تحصیلنا taḥsīl karnā, taḥsīlnā v.: To receive; to collect.
- (A) taḥaffuz, n.m.: Preservation.
- (A) tuhfa(h), n. m. & a.j.:
 (1) Gift; present: a choice or pleasing thing. (2) Rare; wonderful; uncommon.
- ing contemptible; contempt scorn; disdain.
- تحقیق (A) taḥqiq, n. f.: Ascertaining; research; enquiry; investigation; verification; exactness; certainty.
- (A) taḥakkum, n. m.

- Commanding; ruling; control; power; authority; high-handedness; oppression.
- ving; reducing; solubility; solution; digestion; concoction; assimilation; (W.) dying.
 - taḥlil karnā, v.: To disolve; to digest.
 - taḥlil-i-nafsī, n. f.: (Mod.) Pycho-analysis.
- تحمل (A) taḥammul, n. m.:

 Toleration; forbearance;
 endurance; patience.
 - تحمل کرنا taḥammul karnā, v.:

 To forbear; to endure;
 to be patient.
- Trust; deposit; funds; cash.

 (2) (Astronomy) Passing of the sun, moon or a planet from one sign to a n o t h e r. (3) Change; renovation; transfer.
 - taḥwildār, n. m.: cashier; trustee; treasurer.
- tonishment; amazement; wonder.

- (P) takht, n. m.: (1) A low seat; stage; platform.

 (2) Throne; Capital; seat of government; kingship.
- بنهانا بنهانا بغیر بنهانا بنهانا بنهانا بنهانا بنهانا به تخت پر بنهانا به تخت په تخت پر بنهانا به تخت پر به تخت
- الغت چڑهنا (W) (1) To occupy bed for rest or sleep; (Ir.) to take rest; to sleep. (2)
 To be married; (bride) to sit on the bed.
- انا جهورنا اغت چهورنا rakht chhorna, v.:
- ال takht-i-rawan, nm.:

 A throne on which kings used to be carried;
 a flying car of fairy tales;
 the throne of. Solomon
- تخت طاؤسی takht-i-tā'ūsī, n. m.:

 The famous peacock throne of Shah Jahan,

 MoghalEmperor of India.
- ات دات الم takht ki rāt, n. f.:

- The bridal night; consummation of marriage.
- المختاباتخت takht yā takhta(h),

 prov.: (lit.) Throne or

 plank; either victory or

 death. (Spoken when one
 is engaged in a desperate
 bid)
- (P) takhta(h), n. m.: A plank; board; deck; a bier; a bed (of flowers etc.); garden plot; a piece of ground; a sheet of paper.
 - To overthrow (Government etc.); to devastate; to ruin; to destroy.
 - تختم بند takhta(h) band, adj. :

 Confined; shut up; imprisoned.
 - تخته بندی takhia(h) bandi, n. f.:
 Boarding; wainscot; arranging flowerbeds.
 - takhta(h)-'i-siyāh, n. m.: Blackboard.
 - takhta 'i mashq,
 n. m. : (lit.) A practiving
 board; a prey; victim.
 - تختد هوجانا takhta(h) ho jānā,
 v.: To become hard
 (a body); to become stiff.

small plank; a small wooden board on which children practise writing; a tablet; (W) breast, waist and shoulders (taken together); charm; grace; shape; body; figure; structure.

- نخریب (A) takhrīb, n. f.: Demolition; devastation; destruction.
- تخصيص (A) takhṣiṣ, n. f.: Appropriation; speciality; peculiarity; particularity.
- viating; curtailing; reduction; remission; abridgement; decrease; mitigation; retrenchment.
 - تخفیف کرنا اakhfif karna, v.:
 To retrench; to mitigate;
 to reduce.
- גיבוש (A) takhalluş, n. m. : Pen name ; poetic name ; nom de plume.

- المُعَلَّمُ (A) takhliya(h), n. m.:

 Privacy; aloofness; evacuation.
- تخم (P) tukhm, n. m.: Seed; origin; progeny; sperm.
 - tukhmpāshī, rezī, n. f.: Scattering seeds (for sowing purposes); sowing.

 - ا تخبى sukhmi, adj.: Grown from seed (as against grafted).
- نخمه (P) tukhma(h), n. m.: Indigestion; dyspepsia.
- نخميناً (A) takhminan, adv.:

 More or less; approximately; nearly; about; at a guess.
 - تخميند takhmina(h), n. m.: Estimato; conjecture; guess.
- تخبيل (A) takhaiyul, n. m.: Imagination; fancy.

- instruments and means (to ward off harm etc.). Eu
 A) tadāruk, n. m.: Punishment (to prevent crime
 or mistake); remedy; provision (against); precaution;
 instruments and means (to
 ward off harm etc.).
 - تدارک کرنا tadāruk karnā, v.:

 To guard (against); to take precaution; to redress; to chastise; to oppose.
- ندبر (A) tadabbur, n. m.: Prudence; foresight; sagacity.
- تدبير (A) tadbir, n. f.: Deliberation; provision; measure; advice; expedient; effort; proposal; plan.
- تدبیر پیش جانا tadbir pesh jana,
 v.: The effort to succeed.
 (A) tadrij, n. f.: Gradation;
 scale.
 - تلزيجي tadriji, adv.: Gradual;
- تلزیس (A) tadris, n. f: Instruction by means of reading; educating; lecturing.
- ندفين (A) tadfin, n. f.: Burial ; interment ; funeral.
- تدقیق (A) tadqiq. n.f.: Deep attention; thought; pondering.

- تلوین (A) tadwin, n. f.: Putting together; compiling; collecting.
- تذبذب (A) tazabzuh, n. m.:
 Suspense; wavering; indicision; ambiguity; uncertainty; doubt.
- تذكره (A) tazkira(h), n.m.: Mention; memoir; biography; statement; rumour; memorandum; note.
 - זל ענו[†] tazkiratan, adv.: By way of reminding; by way of memoir; casually.
 - تلكره چهيزنا ، كرنا chhernā, karnā, v.: To mention; to speak (about); to discuss; to remind.
- ذَرُكِير (A) tazkīr, n. f.: (1) (lit.) Mentioning; recording; commemoration. (2) The masculine gender.
- تذلیل (A) tazlil, n. f.: Debasement; degradation; humiliation; bringing under subjection; depression.
- نو tar, adj.: (1) Wet; moist;
 damp; fresh; new; green;
 juicy; refreshed; soft;

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loose; relaxed; rich. (2) (Used as suf. to denote comparative degree, e. g. غربتر khūbtar, better.)

تربتر tarbatar, adj.: Completely wet; saturated; drenched; dripping.

تردامن tar daman, adj.: Criminal; guilty; sinful.

تركرنا sar karnā, v.: To wet; to drench.

ترى turi, n. f.: Dampness; moisture; freshness.

تراب (A) turab, n. f.: Dust; earth; ground.

ترابی turābī; adj.: Earthen; earthly; belonging to dust.

رازو (P) tarāzū, n. f.: Pair of scales; balance.

ترازو هوجانا tarāzū ho jānā, v.:

To be evenly balanced;

to go quite through; to
pierce; to hit the mark.

تراسی (H) tirāsī, adj.; Eighty three.

زراش (P) tarash, n. f.: (1) Cutting; hewing; clipping; shaving. (2) Cut; shape; form; fashion. (3) Invention; device.

تراش خراش الله sardsh khardsh, m. f.: Neatness of form; ele-

gance in dress; shaping and fashioning.

tarāshnā, v.: To cut; to clip; to shave; to prune; to carve; to slice.

تراهد iarasha(h), n. m. : Cutting; clipping; scrap; shred; chip.

ترانا sirana, v.: To make (one)

swim; (fig.) to cause the
salvation (of).

نرانوے (H) siranwe, adj.: Ninety three.

ترانه (P) tarana(h), m.m: Song; melody; symphony; tune; anthem.

تراندساز arana(h) rez, تراندساز tarana(h) saz, adj. & n m.;
(۱) Composing melodies
or songs. (2) A composer; singer.

راوت (H) tarawat n. f.: Freshness; humidity; dampness; greenness. (P. طراوت tara-wat.)

P) tarāwish, n. f.; (llt.)
Dripping; oozing; manifestation; appearance.

Special prayers offered by Muslims at night during the month of Ramadhan.

(8. ترويح tarwih.)

نراها (H) tirāhā, n. m.: Point where three roads meet.

- نرائي (H) tarāi, n. f.: Lands lying at the foot of a watershed or on the banks of a river : damp carth.
- تربت (A) turbat, n. f.: A grave : a tomb.
- ربوز (P) tarb\z, n. m. : Watermelon.
- ن (A) tarbiyat, n. f.: Bringing up; rearing; training; education; instruction.
 - sarbiyat dena, تربیت دینا، کرنا karna, v.: To bring up; to train; to educate.
- تريال (E) tirpāl, n. m. : Waterproof cloth of tarred canvas. (Cor. of tarpaulin.)
- پن نرچائي، ترچي (H) turpā'l, turpan, n. f.: Stitching; hemming; felling.
 - تربنا turapna, v: : To sew; to hem, to stitch; to fell.
- تريوليا (H) tirpolia, n. m. : A building with three doors; three adjoining gates on roads for procession etc. to pass through.

- (1) دريه♥ (H) tirphala, n. m.: A medicine composed of the three myrobalans. A knife containing three blades.
- ترت (H) turat, adv. : (W) Instantly; immed ately; without loss of any time.
- رتيب (A) tartib, n. f.: Setting in order; arrangement; classification; formation; disposition.
 - tartib dena. v.: To arrange; to assort; to compose.
 - ا: astib se, ترتیب سے tastib se, adv. ترتیب واد In order: methodically; consecutively.
- ترتيل (A) tartil, n. f.: Recitation (especially of the Holy Quran) in a clear and distinct manner.
- ترجمان (A) tarjumān, n. m.: An interpreter; a translator: commentator; annotator.
 - tarjumāni, n. f.: Interpreting.
 - . (lär jum a (h ترجمه n. m.: Interpretation; translation.

- ترجیح (A) tarilh, n. f.: Preference; precedence; preeminance; superiority.
 - ترجیح دینا tarjih dena, v.: To prefer.
 - ترجيعي tarjīhī, adj.: Prefe-
- ترجیع (A) surji', n. f.: Returning; recurrence.
 - الم tarji band, n. m.:

 A stanza in which one
 line occurs at stated
 intervals.
- نرجها (H) tirchha, adj.: Slanting; oblique; across; crooked; awry; inverted; transposed.
- ترحم (A) taraḥḥum, n. m. :

 Compasssion; pity; mercy;

 kindnesss.
- نردد (A) taraddud, n. m.:

 Wavering; vaciliation; indecision; irresolution;

 perplexity; anxiety; anxious consideration.
- قرديد (A) tardid, n. f.: Repelling; refutation; rebutment; contradiction; reversal.
- ترس (H) taras, n. m.: Mercy; fear of God; compassion.

- ترس آنا ، کهانا r.: To feel pity (for); to show mercy (to).
- ke dend, v.: To give in small quantities; to offer at intervals; to excite desire (of a thing) and then give (it) less.
- tarsānā, v.: To cause to thirst for, to tantalize.
- ترسنا tarasna, v.: To crave or desire earnesstly.
- ترس (P) tars, n. m.: Fear; terror; alarm.
 - ترسان tarsan, adj: Fearful; afraid; timid; fearing.
 - ترسناک tarsnak. adj.: Terrified; frightened.
- زرسا (P) tarsā, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) A fire-worshipper; a

 Christian (2) One who
 fears; whimsical.
- کرسٹھ (H) tirsaih, adj.: Sixty
- ترسيل (A) sarsil, n. f.: Sending; transmission; despatch; forwarding.
- زرش (P) tursh, adj.: Sour; angry; harsh.

- tursh ru'i, n.f.: Cynicism; ill-temper.
- ترشی turshi, n. f.: Sourness; acidity; harshness; surliness.
- قوشح (A) tarashshuh, n. m. & adj.; (1) Drizzling; dripping; exuding; distilling; small rain. (2) Manifest; apparent; evident.
 - ترشع هونا tarashshuh hond, v.:

 (۱) To drizzle. (2) To be apparent; to appear, seem.
- ترغبب (A) targhib, m. f.: Inducement; temptation; allurement; incentive.
- نرقی (A) taraqqi, n. f:
 Advancement; progress;
 improvement; promotion;
 increase.
- نرقيم (A) sarqim, n. f.: Writing; noting; marking.
- نرک (A) tark, n. m.: Abondoning; forsaking; setting aside; leaving; desertion; abdication; omission; neglect.
 - ترک کرنا ark karna, v.: To abondon; to leave; to set aside; to desert; to

discard.

- تركلكانا sark lagānā, v.: To arrange component parts; to set scattered pages in order.
- ترک (T) turk, n. m.: A Turk; an inhabitant of Turkey; a soldier; (fig.) a beantifulfaced person; a beloved.
- نرکاری (H) tarkārī, n. f.:

 Vegetables; pot-hurbs;

 meat (in this sense used by

 Hindus only).
- (P) tarkash, n. m.: A quiver.
- قركة (A) tarka(h), n. m.: A legacy; bequest; inheritance; estate of a deceased person.
- زرگی (P) turki, n.p. & m. & adj.;

 (I) Turkey; Turkish language; a horse of Turkish breed. (2) Of or belonging to a Turk; Turkish.
 - ابدینا الله ترکی جو ابدینا aurki jawab denā,
 عد: To pay in the same coin; to give tit for tat;
 to answer insolence with insolence.

- na v.: One's haughtiness or pride to come to an end; to be humbled to dust; to be ruined.
- تركيب (A) tarklb, n. f.: Combining; mixing; mechanism; plan; arrangement; method; make; form; contrivance; (gram.) parsing;
 - تر کیب بند arkib band, n. m.:

 A particular type of poetical composition.
- رم (H) turam, n.m.; A trumpet; a bugle. (Cor. of trumpet.) (See ترهی)
 - زم خان surram khāh, n. m.: (fig.) A boss er; br ggart.
- (1) Sensation of being dazzled; spark appearing before the eye (an internal state of the organ). (2) A spot of oil swimming on water.
- ترهيم) (A) termia., n. f.: Rectification; modification; alteration; amendment; improvement.
 - ترميم كرنا tarmim karna, v.:

 To rectify; to amend;
 to alter.

- نرنا (H) tirnā, v. : To float.
- ترنج (P) turanj, n. m.; An orange; a citron; an ornamental tissue, an embroidered work.
- ترنجبين (P) turanjbin, n.m.:
 Persian manna.
- نرنگ (P) tarang, n. m.: The sound produced by an arrow as it leaves the bow.
- ترنگ (H) tarang, n. f.: Emotion; ecstacy; wave; billow; conceit; whim; caprice.
 - ترنگی tarangi, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Fanciful; wavy;

 moving like a billow;

 capricious (2) A braggart; a whimsical person.
- زرنم (A) tarannum, n. m.: Singing; modulating; song; rythm.
- ترويج (A) tarnij, n. f.: Causing (a thing) to be in demand; being current; currency; prevalence; usage.
- ترهي (H) surhī, n. f.: A clarion; a trumpet; a bugle. (See ترم)
- نرئی (H) tura'i, n. f.: A kind of cycumber.

- ترى (P) tarl, n. f.: Freshness; juiciness; moisture; damp-ness.
- ترياق (A) tiryaq, n. m.: An anti-dote for poisons, snake-bites etc.; (fig.) opium.
 - الريوا) (H) tarera, n. m.: Continuous stream of water from height; continuous pouring of water upon bruise or wound.
- کریسته (H) tresath, adj.: Sixty three.
- יליש (H) tarap, n. f.: Restlessness; cagerness; agitation; palpitation; flutter; a flash (of lightening); glitter; jump; leap.
 - ترابنا tarapna v.: To be agitated; to quiver; to flutter.
- ちょ (H) tarka, n. m.: Early morning; break of day;
- نزك (T) tuzak, tuzuk, n. m.: (1)

 Memoirs written by a king. (2) Retenue; pomp; dignity. (3) Regulation; ordinance.

تزكيه (A) tazkiya(h), n. m.:
Purification.

- تزلزل (A) tazalzul, n. m.: Being shaken; commotion; agitation; an earthquake.
- تزويج (A) tazwlj, n. f.: Marrying; taking a partner or wife.
- ذرويو (A) tazwir, n. f.: Falsehood; deception; lie; deceit.
- َازِ نَيْنِ (Á) taz'in, n. f.: Adorning; decorating: dressing (oneself).
- (A) tasamuh, n. m.: Careless manner of expression.
- آساهل (A) tasāhul, n. m.: (lit.)

 To take (anything) casy;
 apathy: negligence: carelessness.
- Remembering God with purity; a rosary; a string or chaplet of beads.
- مِينَ (A) taskhir, n. f.: Conquering; subduing; captivating; subjugation; capture.
- نسكين (A) taskin, n f.: Soothing; tranquillizing; calming; appeasing; consolation;
 comfort; peace (of mind).

- تسكين دينا taskin dend, v.: To console; to appease; to pacify; to soothe.
- tinuation; continuity; succession; series; adhering as the links of a chain.
- أسلط (A) tasallut, n. m.: Domination; sway; absolute rule; occupation; possession.
- (A) lasalli, n. f: Consolation; solace; comfort.
 - : tasaill bakhsh, adj. تسلى بغش Comforting; consolatory.
- ting; greeting; salutation; accepting; surrender; resignation; recommending to the care or protection (of).
 - تسليم كرنا taslim karnā, v.:
 To salute; to accept; to admit.
- thong; a strap of leather.
 - rahnā, v.: Not to be severed completely.

- ving a name (to); pronouncing the name of God;
 saying bismillah, 'in the
 name of God.'
 - rasmiya(h) khwāni, n. f.: The ceremony of 'bismillah', first lesson of a Muslim child.
- coming or being a Sunni; following Sunnah i.e. the sayings and practices of the Holy Prophet Mohammad.
- قسنيم (A) tasnim, n. m. & f.:

 Name of a fountain in Paradise.
- تشبیب (A) tashbib, n. f.: Introduction of an ode.
- (A) tashbih, n. f.: Simile;. allegory; metaphor.
- (P) tasht, n. m.: A basin; a salver. (A) رشت إasht.).
 - tasht az bām honā, v.: To come to be known; to be revealed (a secret); to be divulged.
 - tashtari, n.f.: A..
 saucer; small plate.

- دَدُخِيصِ (A) tashkhiş, n. f.: Diognosis; appraisement; assessment.
- نشدد (A) tashaddud, n. m.: Intensity; aggravation; severity; hardship.
- (A) tashrih, n. f.: Explaining; expounding; elucidation; dissection; anatomy.
- شريف (A) sashrif, n. f.: Honouring; exalting; greatness; veneration; a splendid robe.
 - !ashrif awarl, m. f: Arrival (of a venerable) person (so spoken to exalt the visitor).
 - المريف لرِّجانا rashrlf le fand, v.: (A venerable person) to leave or depart.
- دشفر (A) tashoffi, n. f.: Consolution : satisfaction ; calmness; tranquillity; relief.
- Doubt; suspicion; leaving (some one) in doubt.

- نشنج (A) tashannuj, n. m.: Cramp; twitching; convulsion; spasm.
- جَشْنَاي (P) tashnagi n f.: Thirst; strong desire; longing; tumptation.
 - tashna(h), adj.: Thirsty; eagerly desiring; insatiable; greedy.
 - بلب دashna(h) kam, lab, adj. : Thirsty; unsuccessful.
- (A) tashnl', n. f.: Speaking ill (of); diparaging; slandering; taunt; reproach.
- شويش (A) sashwish, n. f.: Anxiety; care; perplexity; distraction; apprehension; griof.
- تشهينو (A) tashhir, n. f.: Proclaiming; publishing; public exposure (of an offender etc.).
- (A) tashaiyu, n. m.: Professing to be Shia(h), a school of thought among Muslims.
- tashklk, n. f.: poleas (A) taşādum, n. m.: Collision; conflict; clash; opposition.

- ير (A) taṣāwir, n. m.:
 Pictures; paintings; photos;
 portraits. (s. تصوير taṣwir.)
- (A) taṣḥiḥ, n. f.: Correction; rectification.
 - تصحیح کرنا taṣḥiḥ karnā, v.:
- تصدق (A) taşadduq, n. m.:
 Sacrificing; giving alms;
 offering (a person or thing
 for another); a charity.
 - تصدق کرنا raşadduq karnā, v. :
 To sacrifice.
- قصديق (A) tasdiq n. f.: Attestation; endorsement; confirmation; corroboration.
 - تعمليق كرنا rașdiq karnā, v.:
 To attest; to endorse.
- employment; possession; occupancy; diverting from proper use; turning; changing; amending.
- تصريبيّ (A) tasrih, n. f.: Clarifying; clarification; exposition; explanation.
- nution; lessening; (gram.) a diminutive noun.

- مَيْمَةِ (A) taşfiya(h), n. m.: Reconciliation; settlement; adjustment; decision; disposal (case etc.).
- wing a specious exterior; hypocrisy; fabrication; falsification.
- ting a book; literary composition; invention.
- aging or picturing (a thing) to the mind; imagination; fancy; contemplation; idea; conception.
- (A) taşawwuf, n. m.:

 Devoting (oneself) to contemplation; contemplation; mysticism.
- (1) Picture; painting; portrait; drawing; sketch. (2) Beautiful; charming
- انا ، هوجانا ، هوجان
- نضاد (A) tazād, n. m.: Contradiction; inconsistency; opposition.

ghing at; mocking; redicule; derision.

- corporating; including; inserting a verse (of another poet) into one's own poem (to complete the meaning intended).
- تضييع (A) tazyi', n. f.: Causing to perish; destroying; wasting; idling away (time.)
- نطابق (A) tatabuq, n. m.: Conformity; similarity; analogy; coherence.
- نطهير (A) sathlr, n. f.: Purification; sanctification; cleansing; purgation.
- نعارف (A) ta'aruf, n. m.: Knowing one another; mutual acquaintance; introduction.
- (A) ta'aqub. n. m.: Following; pursuit; chase.
- tance; mutual aid; cooperation.
- تعبير (A) ta'bir, n.f.: Interpretation; explanation (of dreams).

- نعجب (A) ta'ajjub, n. m.: Wondering (at); wonder; astonishment; amazement; surprise.
- bering; enumeration; computation; amount; sum.
- نعریف (A) ta'rlf, n. f.: Explanation; description; praise; praising; commendation; introduction (to a person).
 - ia'rif karse muhh sukhta hae, phr.: To praise very highly; to eulogize immensely.
- تعزيمة (A) sa'ziyat, n. f.: Condolence; consoling; lamentation.
- ناجزير (A) sazir, n.f.: Punishment; reprimand; reproof; penalty;
- المن (A) ta'x' a(h), n. m.: A represention of the shrines of Imams Hasan and Husain carried in procession during Muharram by Shia Muslims.
 - نعزید آنهانا sa'ziya(h) uthana,
 v.: To carry the ta'ziya(h) in procession.

- زنا کرنا دریا نهندا کرنا ta'ziya(h) thandā karnā, v.: To bury a ta'ziya(h) or submerge it into a river after the observance of Muharram.
- نعزیهٔ داری ta'ziya(h) dārī,
 n. f.: Keeping a ta'zia(h)
 during Muharram.
- المطلل (A) ta'ttul, n. m.: Deadlock; suspension of work; idleness.
- (A) ta'til, n. f.: A holiday; vacation; suspension of work; abondoning.
- نعظیم (A) ta'zim, n. f.: Reverence; respect; honour; treating with veneration.
 - ta'zim karna, v.:
 To respect; to honour.
- زهان (A) ta'affun, n. m. : Stink; fetidness; bad smell.
- attached (to); pertaining (to); dependance; relation; relationship; concern; reference; regard; illicit connection; employment; attachment.
 - ta'alluq i <u>kh</u>ātir, المن خاطر m. m.: Mutual attach-

- ment; inclination; affinity.
- To be connected (with); to be concerned with; to pertain (to).
 - ra'alluq ho jānā, v.:

 To be in employ; to fall in love; to have illicit connection.
- (P) sa'alluqa(h), n. m.:

 An estate; a district; a division of a province.
 - ta'alluqa(h) dar, n.m.:

 (lit.) A landholder;

 owner of an estate; incharge of a district.
- تعلى (A) ta'alli, n. f: Selfpraise; bragging; boasting.
 - تعلی کی لینا ta'alli ki lend, v.:
 To brag; to boast.
- tion; education; teaching; advice; tuition; exercise (in music, dancing etc.); training (horse).
 - ta'lim pānā, v.: To receive education, instruction.
 - ta'lim dena, v.: To educato: instruct.

- نعمق (A) ta'ammuq, n. m.: Penetrating; going deep (into); profoundness; thinking in depth.
- تعمير (A) ta'mir, n.f.: Construction; structure; building; repairing.
- المهل (A) taimil, n. f.: Compliance; execution; carrying out (order).
- تعوید (A) ta'wīz, n. m.: A charm; an amulet: a tomb-
- نعويق (A) ta'wiq, n f.: Delaying; suspending; averting; postponing.
- نعيش (A) ta'aiyush, n. m.: Rejoicing; leading a pleasant life.
- نعين (A) ta'aiyun, n. m.: Specifying; determining; appointment; establishment; determination.
- ا: (U) ta' in at, adj.:
 Appointed; deputed; fixed.
- تعیناتی (U) ta'ināti. n. f.: Appointment; deputation; posting.
- تغار (P) raghār, n. m.: A bucket; a mason's mud or lime pit; a pail; a platter.

- mindfulness; forgetfulness; megligence; inattention; indifference; carelessness.
 - تغافل شعار aghāful shi'ār, adj.:
 Unmindful; indifferent;
 careless.
- jغزل (A) taghazzul, n. m.; Composing an ode; versifying a love poem; lyricism.
- تغلب (A) taghallub, n. m.: Defrauding; misappropriation; breach of trust.
- تغير (A) taghaiyur, m. m.: Change; alteration; revolution.
- تف (P) suf, n. m. & adj.: (1)

 Spit; spray, foam; a curse.

 (2) Shame!; fie!; ugh!.
- تفاخر (A) tafākhur, n. m.: Glorifying; boasting; boast; vaunt.
- تفاوت (A) tafawut, n. m.: Distance; interval; difference; dissimilarity; disparity.
- יאיאָה (A) taftlsh, n. f.: Scrutiny; investigation; in-quiry.
- تفرقه (A) tafriqa(h) n. m. : Separation; division; difference; discord; disunion: distinction; dissention.

- تفرقه انداز ، پرداز afriqa(h) andāz, pardāz, adj.: Creator of dissentions.
- تفریح (A) lafrih, n f.: Recreation; rejoicing; gladenning; diversion; amusement; fun; jest; entertainment; pleasure.
 - تقریحاً tafriḥan, adv.: For the sake of pleasure, recreation; in jest; in fun; by way of amusement.
 - tafrih-i-taba', n. f.:
 Cheerfulness; hilarity;
 diversion of mind.
- افريط (A) tofrit, m. m.: Deficiency; shortness; narrowness.
- تَعُرِيقِ safrlq, n.f.: Separation; division; partition; distinction; classification: subtraction.
 - تفریق کرنا تفریق کرنا To subtract; to seperate; to classify, to discriminate; to distinguish.
- زفسهو (A) tafsīr, n. f.: Interpretation; commontry; explanation; exposition.
- لفصيل (A) tofṣil, n. f.: (lit.)

- Division; seperation; Details; particulars.
- تفصيلوار (A) tafşilwār, adv.: Distinctly; in detail.
- نفكر (A) tafakkur, n.m.: Reflection; meditation; anxiety.
- through which a thing is blown or propelled; a musket; a pop gun.
- تغنن (A) tafannun, n.m.: Diversion; relaxation; amusement; pastime.
 - tafannun-i-taba', n.m.:
 Entertainment or relaxation of one's mind,
 nature.
- بنان (A) safwiz, n. f.: Committing (to); consigning (to); handing over (to); placing in trust; depositing.
- ing (one) understand; teaching; informing.
- ing face to face; being drawn up in mutual opposition; confronting; comparing; collating.

- (P) taqāṣā, n. m.:

 Demanding payment (of a debt): demand; requisition; claim; need.
 - taque تقاضائے سن ، عمر 'umr, n. m.: Need or demand of (changed) time or age.
 - اضا کرنا iaqāṣā karnā, v:

 To demand (payment of a debt); to urge; to press.
- advanced to cultivators for sowing crops, digging wells. purchasing implements etc.
- (A) taqaddus, n m.: Purity; senctity; holiness.
- (A) taqaddum, n. m.: Priority; precedence; pre-eminence.
- تقدير (A) taqdir, n. f.: Divine decree; fate; luck; destiny.
 - تندير آز مانا taqdir dzmana,
 v.: To try (one's) luck.
 - تندير آلنا ، بگزنا aqdir ulaind, bigarna, v.: To face adverse circumstances; to fail on evil days.

- taqdir par chhorena, v.: (lit.) To leave (everything) to fate; not to make any effort.
- i تندير بهرجانا ، بهرنا jana, phirna; v.: To have a change in circumstances (from bad to good or vice versa).
- تقليد سے taqdir se, adv.: By chance: as it falls; without design.
- se zor nah!h chalta, prov.:

 (lit.) No one can fight
 with fate; whatever is
 destined must happen;
 what cannot be cured
 must be endured.
- تقدیس (A) taqdls, n. f.: Sanctity; purity; making pure or holy.
- تقرر (A) ragarrur, n.m.: Appointment; settlement; nomination; fixation; sanction.

ing; mentioning (anyone) to another before meeting; proximity; approach.

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تتريباً tagriban, adv. : Approximately; nearly; about.

نقرير (A) taqrir, n. f.: Speaking; discoursing; speech; lecture; declaration; recital; narration; exposition; discussion.

نقريظ (A) tagriz, n. f.: Review; appreciation; praise.

نقسیم (A) n. f.: Division; distribution; partition.

نقصير (A) tagslr, m. f.: Shortcoming; mistake; guilt; error; omission.

tion; scanning (of verse); pause in reading poetry; size.

taqtl' karna, v.1 To dessect; to scan (verse).

نقليك (A) taqlid, n.f.: Imitation; following; copying.

تقویل (A) taqwā, n. m.: Piety; fearing God; abstinence.

تقويت (A) tagwiyat, n. f.: Stron-

gth; vitality; support; aid; satisfaction; comfort; reliance.

تقویم (A) tagwim, n. f.: (lit.)

Regulating; adjusting;
settling; almanac; calendar.

taqwim-i-pārina(h),

n. f.: An old calendar;

an out of date hing; a

useless thing; (fig.) an
old wife.

تقي (A) taqī, adj.: Pious; God-fearing; devout.

نقيل (A) taqaiya(h), n. m.: (lit)

Fear of God; piety; caution; pious fraud; a secret not divuldged due to fear.

balance, a scale (fixed in the ground for weighing heavy goods).

(H) tak, prep. & conj.: Till; to: upto; until; which; owards; near to; as far as; to the extent of.

(H) tuk, n. m. & f.: A rhyme; rhymed prose; foolish prating; nonsense.

tuk bandi, n. f.:
Insipid poetry; nonsense.

- boil, 'a. m.: A slice; a piece of flesh; a steak
 - tikkā boṭī karnā, :

 * To cut to pieces; to chop into bits; (fig.) to divide; to apportion.
- (U) tukkā, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) An arrow with a knob
 at the end. (2) (fig.) (W)
 Simple; artless; gentle.
- تكان (P) takān, n. f.: Patigue; weariness; lassitude; languor.
- יבאנ (A) takabbur, n. m.: Pride;
 haugtiness; arrogance;
 loftiness.
- نكبير (A) takbir, n. f.; Declaring اتساكبر Allah-o-Akbar, God is great; praise of God.
- نكذيب (A) takzib, n. f.: Contradiction; accusing of falsehood; giving one the lie.
- تكرار (A) takrar, n. f.: Repetition; saying again and again; wordy warfare; altercation; controversy.
- تكوا، تكوا، تكوا، تكوا، تكوا، تكوا، تكوا، تكوا، علام (H) takṛā, tagṛā, adj.: Strong; robust; stout; fet.

- in the coffin; n. f.: Laying in the coffin; shrouding; sepulture.
- نكل (H) tukkal, n. f.: A small paper kite.
- n. m.: (1) A spindle. (2)
 An iron bar used for taking
 any food out of a frying
 pan
 - takle تکلے کے سے بل نکال دینا takle ke se bal nikāl denā, v:
 (W) To set (some one) right by beating (him) profusely.
- (A) takalluf, n.m.:

 Gratuitousness; observance
 of rules of etiquette; ceremony; formality; inconvenience; extravagance;
 trouble.
 - takalluf bar taraf, adv.: (lit.) Ceremony apart; without any formality; in a straightforward manner.
 - To be cremonious; to observe formality; to to be bashful; decorate.

- Speaking; talking; conversation; speech.
- الكليف (A) taklif, m.f.: Trouble; difficulty; affliction; ailment; hardship; inconvenience.
 - تكليف آنهانا taklif uthana, v.:

 To experience trouble;

 to suffer; to take pains.
 - inflict pain (on); to annoy; to put to inconvenience; to make a request.
 - takilf farmana, karna, v.: To
 take the trouble (to
 come); to oblige (somebody) with one's presence.
 - (P) sukma(h), n. m.: (1)
 A button; a loop; a button-hole. (2) A desease
 among pigeons.
 - تكميل (A) takmil, n. f.: Perfection; completion; accomplishment.
 - تكميل كو پېنهنا takm il ko
 pahuhchna, v.: To finish;
 to be completed.

- to gaze; to watch; to wait for; to expect.
- تكوين (A) takwin, n, f.: Creating; giving existence; causing to be.
- (P) takya(h), n. m.; (1)

 A pillow; prop; support;
 reliance. (2) The abode
 of a fakir. (3) Graveyard.
 - تکید کرنا takya(h) karna, v.:

 To rely upon; to depend upon.
 - n. m.: An expletive; a useless word or phrase introduced, by way of habit, while speaking (e. g. 'you see', 'sort of' etc. in English).
 - udau, n. f.: Running to and fro; striving hard; toil.
- نگذم (H) tigaddam, n. m. : A trio.
- Three fold; triple. (2)
 - tigni kā nāch تكنى كا ناج نجوانا nachwānā, id. : (W) To harass; to tease; to embarass.

تليث

- نل (H) til, n. m.: (1) An oil seed; sesamum indicum.
 (2) A mole or a black spot (on the face or body). (3)
 Pupil of the eye. (4) The least bit; a moment.
 - oi. prov. : Obviously difficult but easy in actual practice.
 - تل برابر ، تل بهر ill barābar, sil bhar, adj.: Very little; scanty.
 - A sweatmeat made by crushing sesamum seeds with sugar.
 - iii chāwii, n. m. de adj.: (1) Sesamum seeds mixed with rice. (2) Black and white; grey.
- tiloh meh کلول میں قبل ند هونا tiloh meh tel na honā, id.: To be of no benefit; to be intractable.
- ソジ (H) tald, n.m.: Bottom; sole (of a shoe).
- تلاش (T&P) talāsh, n. f.: Search: quest; pursuit; research.
 - salashī, n. m. d. f. : (1)

- One who searches. (2) Searching (a person or house for stolen property etc.).
- ialāhsī lenā, v.: To search (the person or house).
- (sea. river); dushing of waves; tumult; uproar.
- تالافی (A) talāfī, n. f.: Making amends; recompense; compense; compensation.
 - انات ialasi-i·masas, تلافی مافات n.f.: Making good the loss.
- نالمذه (A) talāmizah(h), n. m., pl.: Pupils; disciples; students; scholars. (s. تليذ talmīz.)
- ing, reciting (Ho: Quran).
- نلائی (H) tula'l, n. f.: Weighing; weighing charges.
- تلبيس (A) talbis, n. f.: Cheating; fraud; counterfeiting (coins).
- نليك (H) talpat, adj.: Turned upside down; destroyed; ruined.

- الجهينة (H) talchhat n. m. & f.:

 Sediment; dirt (accumulated at the bottom of a glass of water or wine).
- اللن (P) talkh, adj: Bitter; acrid; acid; unpalatable; unpleasant; acrimonious.
 - تلخ كرنا talkh karnā, v.: (lit.)

 To make (a thing) bitter,
 unpalatable, unbearable;
 to embitter; to aggravate.
 - talkh gol, m. f.: اللغ كوثى Harsh words; bitter talk.
 - تلخى talkhi, n.f.: Bitterness; acrimony; pungency.
- نلخيص (A) talkhls, n. f.: Preparing summary; summary; abbreviation; abstraction; purifying.
- (A) talaf, n. m.: Perishing; destruction; ruin; loss.
- (A) talaffuz, n. m.: Pronunciation; expression; utterance.
- لقين (A) telqin, n. f.: (1)
 Instructing; instruction (2)
 Funeral service (among Shia Muslims).

(A) talammuz. n m.: Being a pupil, disciple.

- تاميل talmīz, n. m.: A pupil; a disciple; a scholar.
- u) (H) tilmilānā, v.: To be restless; to toss about in anguish; to be tantalized.
- تلمين (A) talmiḥ, n. f.: A reference to some event or story in one's writing.
- (H) talna, v.: To fry; to roast.
- (H) tulna, v.: To be weighed.
- (H) tilanga, n. m.: (1) An inhabitant of Tilangana (Bharat), where first soldiers were clothed in European style; a soldier. (2) A kind of kite.
 - tilangl, adj.: Inhabitant of Tilangana; language of that area.
- (H) talwā, n. m.: Sole of the feet.
 - il ناوا کهجانا ، کهجلانا نام taiwā khujānā, khujlānā, v.: To itch (sole of the foot) considered an omen to go out on a journey.

- الواند لكنا talwā na ṭiknā, v. :

 Not to sit (at a place)

 steadfastly; to be restless; to be roaming
 about.
- تاویجالنا، حبالانا talwe chaina, sahlana, v.: (lit). To lick the soles of the feet (of); to flatter; to show servility.
- نلوار (H) talwar, n.f.: A sword.
 - hā i h rakhnā, v.: To touch (the hilt of) the sword (with intention to use it); to swear by the sword
 - تلواز چلانا salwar chalana, v.:
 To strike with a sword.
 - talwar تلوار سونتنا، کهینچنا علی الم talwar sukina, khlachna, v.: To unsheath or draw the sword.
 - تلوازكادهنى talwar kā dhanī, adj.: Brave; valiant; heroic.
- تلون (A) salawwun, n. m.: (lit.)

 Changing colour; variableness; fickleness; capriciousness; fidgetiness.

- نامی (H) tilli, n. f: (1) Spleen; milt. (2) Rape-seed; rape (plant).
- (H) tale, adv.: Below; down; under; beneath; at the foot, bottom (of).
 - تام اوبر tale upar, adv.: One after the other; topsy-turvy; upside down; regularly; continuously; successively
 - tale upar kl علم اوپر کی اولاد aulad, n. f.: Children born in succession.
- (U) tile dani, n. f.: (W)

 A small bag for keeping needles, thread etc.
- نم (H) tum, pron.: You.
 - تم آپ tum āp, pron.: You yourself.
 - تم جائو tum jāno, adv.: (lit.)
 You know; so to say;
 as it were; as though.
- نمهارا (H) iumhārā, adj.: Your; yours; at your service.
- تمهارے سر کی قسم tumhāre sar ki qasam, phr.: (W) (l) swear by your head.
- tumhare تمهار عمندمین کهی هکر muth men ghi shakar, phr.: (lit.) May ghee and

sugar (be) in your mouth.
(Said when one wishes
that the good words
spoken by the other person may come out to be
true.)

- traction; length of time; (law) limitation as to time which bars a civil prosecution.
- نمارض (A) tamēruz, n. m.: Feigning sickness.
- تمازت (A) tamāzāt, n. f.; Heat : intense heat.
- exhibition; a spectacle; entertainment; fun; pleasure; anything strange or funny; crowd; commotion.
 - تماشا بنانا tamāshā banānā, v.:

 To make a fool (of);
 to mimic.
 - تماشابنجانا tamāshā ban jānā,
 v.: To be in a condition
 worth seeing.
 - tamāshā <u>kh</u>ānam, n. f.: (W) A jocular or unique woman.
 - دماشا د tamāshā gāh, n. m.:

- A theatre; a circus; a place of show.
- tamāshā'i, n. m.: A spectator; a looker-on.
- tamāsh hīn, n m. : A sight-secr; a libertine.
- (A) tamām, adj.: Complete; perfect; full; finished.
 - تمام تر a m a m sar, adv.: Wholly; entirely; altogether.
 - tamām, karnā, v.: To finish; to complete.
 - tamāmī, n. f.: (1) Perfection; completion; end.

 (2) Brocade; tissue; cloth of gold.
- تمباكو ' تماكو (E) sambākū, samākū, n. m.: Tobacoo.
- نمت (A) tammat, v.: Completed; finished; brought to end.
- نمتع (A) tamattu', n. m.: Reaping advantage; gaining.
- نمتمانا (H) tamtamānā, v.: To flush; to glow; to flash; to become red (face, owing to fever, heat).
- تمثيل (A) tamsll, n. f.: Allegory; resemblance; parable; example; facsimile; fable.

- نمدن (A) tamaddun, n. m.: (ilt.)

 Residing in a town; way of living; civilisation.
- رهر (A) tamar, n. f.: Date; a ripe date.
 - تمر هندی tamar-i-hindl, n. f.:
 Tamarind; its tree.
- A) samarrud, n. m.:

 Resistence to order; disobedience; rebellion; stubbornness; obstinacy.
- (A) tamaskhur, n. m.: Bufoonery; jesting; joking.
- ناست (A) tamassuk, n. m.:

 Bond; receipt; a promisory note.
- النمة (P&T) tamghā, n. m.: A medal; a royal grant or charter; a diploma; trademark; a brand or mark on an animal; a tax on travellers.
- تمكين (A) tamkin, Power; vanity; endurance.
- نمکنت (A) tamkinat, n. f.: Dignity; grandeur; gravity; power; vanity; endurance.
- تملق (A) tamalluq, n. m.: Flattery; courting; overpraise; gratifying vanity (of).

- lioi (A) tamanna, n. m.: Wish; longing; prayer; supplication; carnest desire.
- (P) tamancha(h), n. m.:
 A pistol. (2) (fig.) A perky
 sweetheart.
- Agitation (of waves); billowing or fluctuation (of water).
- تمول (A) tamawwul, n. m.:

 Becoming or being rich;
 richness; wealth.
- نمبيد (A) tamhid, n. f.: Introduction; preface; beginning; preamble; preliminary.
 - نماید آنها نا tamhid uihānā, v. :

 To take up or to open (a subject).
 - نمبيد عيدان نمبيد عيدان camhldi, adj.: Introductory; preliminary.
- زمين (A) idmīz, n. f.: Discernment; discrimination; distinction; wisdom; etiquette; manners.
 - Possessing discernment; judicious; wise; clever; well-mannered; well-oonducted.

- تميز كرنا tamiz karne, v.: To distinguish; to discern; to discriminate (between).
- تن (P) tan, n. m. : Body; person.
 - تن آساك tan asāk, adj.: Indolent; self - indulgent; slothful; lazy.
 - ئن بدن san badan, n. m.: The entire body.
 - تن بدن میں آگ لکنا an badan men ag lagna, v.: To be extremely engry.
 - تن به تندير tan ba(h) taqdir, adv.: Leaving everything to fate.
 - کن تنها san-i-tanha, adv.:
 Alone; all by oneself.
 - تندرست tandurust, adj.: Heal-
 - کن دهی tan dihl, n. f.: Exertion; great labour; diligence.
 - ن سن san man, n.m.: Body and soul.
 - : . tan-o-tosh, n. m قن و توش Body and vigour.
 - نن (H) tin, n. f.: Grass used in thatching.

- نن پهن (H) sun phun, n. f.: Anger; irritation; vanity; irritated talk.
- لنا (U) tend, n.m.: Trunk of tree.
- تنازع (A) tandzu', n. m.: Dispute; contention; strife; wrangling. (sl. منازع tandza'a(h).)
 - ranazu' lil baqā,
 m m.: (Mod.) Struggle
 of life
- (A) tandsub, n. m. : Proportion ; relation : ratio.
- Transmigration; passing of a soul into another body after death (Hindu belief); metempsychosis.
- تناسل (A) tanāsul, n. m.:

 Begetting; breeding; un-interrupted descent through
 a series of generations.
- افر (A) tanafur, n m.: (1)

 Mutual repugnance or aversion. (2) Putting together
 words which hamper
 fluency of speech or reading.
- ing; taking food.

- تناول فرمانا tandwul farmana,
 v.: (Polished way of saying) to eat.
- تنبو، تمبو (P) tambil, n. m.:

 A large tent; canopy;
 pavilion.
- ننبور ، تنبور (H) tambar, tambara(h), n. m.: A kind of mandoline; a guitar.
- خبولی (H) tamboli, n. m.: A betel-leaf seller; a caste dealing in this business.
- ننبیهٔ (A) tambih, n. f.: Warning; admonition; reprimend.
- Pomp; din; uproar; fame; sway; power. (Cor. of (A) Aihib tantana(h).)
- ا تنځو (P) tankhwah, n. f.: Salary; pay; wages.
- انند (P) tund, adj. (1) Swift; brisk; active. (2) Hot-spirited; stern; severe; violent; furious. (3) Bitter; acrid.
 - violence; sternness; bitterness; pungency; lust; heat.
- تندیل، توندل (H) tundail, tondal, adj.: (1) Pot-bellied; fat;

- stout. (2) A pot-bellied person. (See also توندیل tondail.)
- النزل (A) tanazzul, n. f.: Decline; descent; decay; falling of.
- تن زيب (P) tanseb, n. f.: Muslin; a fine variety of cloth.
- ing to alight; revelation (of the Holy Quran); descent.
- رَيْسَتَ (A) tansikh, n. f: Abrogation; concellation; revocation.
- ging; ordering; organisation; administration.
- تنفس (A) tanassus, n. m.:

 Breathing; respiration;
 heaving a deep sigh.
- ascrtaining; purging; investigation; inquiry; issue.
 - الب النفيح امور تصفيد طلب ا-umar-i-tasfiya(h) talab,
 n. f.: Framing of the issues (for dicision).
- نهمان (A) tanqld, n. f.: Criticism; review.
- النت (A) takqiya(h), n. m.: (lit.)

 Cleaning bewels; decision;
 settlement.

- تنک (P) sunuk, adj.: Little; small; slight; weak; delicate.
 - تنک مزاج tunuk mizēj, adj. :

 Touchy: irritable; fretful; peevish.
- a blade of grass; rubbish; any insignificant thing.
 - tinkā toṛnā, v. : (W)

 To do a trivial job; to undertake work of no consequence.
 - tinkā ādason men, muhh
 men lend, v.: To admit
 superiority; to ask for
 quarter.
 - rinkā na(h) rahnā,
 To be robbed, dispossessed of every thing.
 - tinke chunna, v.: To be stupefied; to be distracted; to be in a state of consternation.
 - tinke ka thsan, n. m. : Slight obligation; ordinary favour.
 - inke ka sahara تنكي كا سهارا لينا lena, v.: To catch at straw.

- ko pahar kar dikhana, v.:
 To make mountains out
 of mole-hills; to elevate
 an ordinary person; to
 exaggerate.
- tinke ki of pahar, prov.: (W) (lit.) A mountain hidden behind a straw; (sometimes) difficult things prove easy to deal with (by slight efforts).
- (P) tang, adj. & n. m.: (1)
 Tight; close; contracted;
 narrow; distressed; poor.
 (2) A horse belt; girth.
 - amad ba(h) jang Emad,
 prov.; A tormented person takes recourse to
 fight.
 - rang and, v.: To be troubled or vexed; to have ones' patience exhaused; to be sick (of).
 - انگ دمت sang dast, adj.: Poor; penniless.
 - تنگ نستی tangdasti, n.f.: Poverty; destitution.

- iang dil, adj.: Narrow-hearted; miserly; nig-
- تنگ کرنا takg karnā, v.: (lit.):

 To narrow; to tighten;
 to vex; to pester.
- tighten the girth (of a saddle).
- iong nā-i', n. f. : (lit.)

 A narrow place or passage; a strait.
- تنگی tangi, n. f.: Narrowness; scantiness; poverty; want.
- tangi turshi, n. f.:
 (W) Frugality; thrifty
 management; economy.
- تنور (P) tanur, n. m. : An oven.
- ننوع (A) sanawwu', n. m.:

 Variety; being of different kinds.
- تنوسند (P) tanumand, adj. :

 Robust; well built.
- للبنة (P) tankā, adj. & adv.:
 (1) Solitary; alone; single;
 singular; unique. (2) Privately; Only.
- (H) to, conj. & adv.: Then; therefore; in that case;

- at any rate, moreover; so; so what; yes; well.
- to bhi, adv. : Even then; still; yet; nevertheless.
- توسلى to sahl, adv.: Certain-
- نو (H) اتر, pron. : Thou; Thee.

- ני לע ייט ייט të të mala maia, n.f.: Wrangling; altercation; reciprocal abuse.
- (H) tawā, n. m. & adj.: (1)

 Griddle; an iron plate on
 which bread is baked; a
 shard placed over tobacco
 in جلّي chilam (a pot which
 holds tobacco and fire in
 a smoking pipe). (2) Jet
 black.
 - توے کی بوند tawe kl band, n. f.:

 (lit.) A drop of water from off a griddle; a trifle; a fleeting thing.
- (A) tawarud, n. m. 1
 Occurring of one and the same idea to two persons.
- قوارین (A) tawārīkh, n. m., pl.:

 Dates; histories, annals;

 stories; chronicles. (s. تاریخ tarīkh.)

- قوازن (A) tawāzun, n. m.: Counter balance; equilibrium.
- زواضع (A) tawazu', n.m. ۱ Civility; courtesy; hospitality; entertainment; compliments.
- (A) tawālud, n. m.: (See ...)
- ing in succession; continuation.
- زوام (A) tauam, adj. & n. m;
 (1) Being one of; growing in pairs. (2) A twin.
- توالا (P) tawānā, adj.: Strong; robust; powerful; healthy.
 - iawānā'l, n. f.: Strength; power; health; ability.
- توانگر tawangar, adj: Powerfull; (fig.) rich; wealthy.
 - توانگری sawangari, n. f.: Richness; wealth.
- قوبه (P) tauba(h), n. f.: Repenting; penitence; renouncing; abjuring.
 - tauba(h) bulwa قوبه بلوا دینا dena, v.: (W) To vex;

- to pester; to force one to surrender.
- توبدتلا sauba(k) tillā. n. f.:

 (W) Repenting; bewailing; lamentation.
- توبدتو ڈنا tauba'h) tornā, v.:

 To go back on one's word; to break one's yow.
- The door of repentance to close; the time for penitence to pass. (According to Muslim belief, the door of repentance would close on the Day of Judgement. Repentance can be accepted by God only before resurrection.)
- وبه هے tauba(h) hai, phr.:

 (i) (l) repent. (2) It is impossible; how can it happen?
- לפינים: (A) taubikh, n.f.: Speaking harshly (to); reproach; admonition; rebuke.
- توپ (T) top, n. f.: Cannon; mortar; howitzer; (fig.) a fat person.

- توپ ہر رکہنا sop par rakhnā, اللہ اللہ sop dam karnā, اللہ sop dam karnā, v. : To blow away from a gun.
 - topchl, n.m.: A cannonier; a bombordier.
 - توپ خانه top khāna(h), n. m.:
 Artillery; an arsenal.
- to conceal; to cover.
- a pet; darling; a term of endearment applied to children.
- totā pālmā, v.: (lit.) To foster a parrot; to nurse a sore.
 - توتا چشم نادی : 101d chashm, adj.: (lit.) Parrot-eyed; faithless; treacherous.
 - توتا چشمی totā chashmi, n. f.: Faithlessness; becoming indifferent (to).
 - iole ur توتے آڑجانا (هاتھوں کے) fanā (hāihoh ke), v.: To be flabbergasted.
- توتلا (H) totla, adj. & n. m.:

 (۱) Articulating imperfectly;
 lisping. (2) Stammerer.

- توتى (P) الاذا, n. m. A small singing bird, Loxla rosea.
 - النا توتى بولنا be on top in fame; to have attained perfection in any art or science; to attain authority; to be close to some high authority.
- تموتی کی آواز نقار خانے میں tHil kl awaz naggar khane men, prov.: Views
 of an ordinary person
 in the company of big
 men.
- تو تيا (P) الله تو تيا (P) تو تيا of copper.
- توثبيق (A) tausiq, n. f.: Ratification; Confirmation.
- زوجه (A) tawajjuh, n. f.: Attention; regard; inclination; care; kindness.
- توجيه (A) taujih. n. f.: Illustration; argument; accounting for; explaining why; a descriptive roll.
- توحيد (A) tauḥid, n. f.: Believing in only one God; unity (of God).
- توده (P) Mada(h), n. in.; Heap; mound; stock.

- تورع : n. m: Piety;
 abstinence.
- (W) The divine way of religion; Mohammadan law; equity; royal order. (2) A tray of various meals distributed on the occasions of marriage etc.
- break; interruption; fracture; rupture; force of current; defence; counteraction; refutation; whey; irrigation (by breaking down a dam etc.); the distance of a gun shot.
 - توز پر هونا rop par hona. v.:

 To be about to finish; to be at full force.
 - نور بهور زمور tor phor, n. f.: Destruction; damage.
 - ior jor, n.f.: (lit.)

 Breaking and joining;

 conspiracy; trick; strategem; deceitfulness.
 - tor karnā, v. 1 To bargain; to settle accounts.
 - زوز لینا tor lend, v.: To pluck; to win over; to separate.

- (H) tora, n. m.: (1) Scarcity; deficiency, loss. (2) A purse (containing money). (3) A ploughshare. (4) A gold or silver chain used as an ornament by women. (5 A mode in dance. (6) A piece of rope.
- to demolish; to discontinue; to break into; to separate; to pluck; to win over; to plough; to remove; to attempt; to kill (birds etc. by a cat).
- E) tos, n. m : Toast.
- لوسط (A) tawassuf, n. m.: Moderation; middle; means; resource.
- زوسل (A) tawssul, n.m.: Means; recommendation.
- توسی (P) tausan, n. m.: An unmanageable horse; a horse.
- توسیع (A) tausi', n. f.: Extention; enlargement; spaciousness; prolongation.
- توشک (T) toshak. n. f.: Matress; a bedding.
 - توشک خانه toshak khāna(h),
 n. m.: A'store-room; a
 ward-robe.

- نوشه (P) tosha(h), n. m.: Provisions; supplies; food (for a journey).
 - توشد دان sha(h)dan, n. m.:
 Tiffin carrier.
- (A) tauṣif, n. f.: Commendation; praise; merit; virtue.
- زوضيح (A) tauzīḥ, n. f.: Making clear; an exposition; explanation.
- قو فيق (A) taufiq, n. f.: Divine guidance; ability; power; means; resources.
- توقع (A) tuwaqqu', n. f.: Hope; expectation; wish; reliance.
- ذو قف (A) tawaqquf, n. m.: Stopping; pause; delay; suspension.
- زوكل (A) tawakkul, n. m.: Trust in God; resignation to Divine will.
- تول (H) taul, n. m.: Weighing; weight or quantity measured by the balance.
 - تولنا taulnā, v.: To weigh; to test; to estimate.
- تولا،
- iolā māshā, adj.: عولاما شا Infirm; irresolute.
- توليا (PR) tauliyā, n. m. & f.:
- intendence (business, property etc.).
- قولمد (A) taulid, n. m.: Birth; production; growth.
- تومنا (H) تقسمة, v.: To seperate cotton with fingers (before combing).
 - توم ڈالنا تریم فالنا abuse roundly; to pull (one) to pieces; to rake bitter memories.
- نونبا (H) التوافظ, m. m.: The hollow gourd, in a dry state, used by medicants as a bowl or guitar.
- نوند (H) tond, n. f.: A large belly; a pot-belly.
 - tondail, adj. & n. m.:
 - (1) Having a pot-belly.(2) A pot-bellied person.
- زوهين (A), tauhin, n.f.: Insult; defamation; disgrace; scoffing.
- 45 (P) tah, n. f. & prep.: (1)
 Surface; layer; bottom;

fold; plait; depth; allusion; sutleness. (2) Beneath; under.

n. m.: A cloth worn round the waist.

do full justice with the food; to eat well. (2) To empty the well.

To pile or arrange one upon another. (2) To eat over and over again.

ته خانه tah khāna(h), n. m.:

A room under ground;
cellar.

scrapings of a pot, particularly that in which بالاؤ pulāu (rice cooked in soup with meat, spices etc.) is prepared. (These scrapings, the burnt part of victuals that sticks to the bottom, called کهرچن khurchan, are very rich and tasty.)

ته دار tahdār, adj.: Having depth; profound; subtle.

ته کرنا ، تهانا tah karnā, tahā-

 $n\bar{a}$, v.: To fold; to give up.

ته و بالا arranged; upside down; topsy-turvy.

نهالی (H) thālī, n. f.: A platter; a small flat dish.

prov.: (lit.) A brinjal (kept) in a platter (cannot maintain its balance); a time-server; one who pleases every person for gaining the latter's favour.

to support; to prop; to stop.

for horses, elephants etc.; grass strewn under-neath the horse. (2) Cloth, silk etc. in the piece; (fig.) breed; stock.

vilai (H) thana(h), n. m.: A police station.

thāni(h) dār, n. m.:

Incharge of a police station.

- (H) thah, n.f.: Bottom; depth; ford; end; motive; purport.
- تهائی (H) tiha'i, adj.: One third.
- نهيز (H) thappar, n. m.: A slap; a blow.
- pat; to pat (a child) to sleep; to soothe, pacify.
- buffet (of waves); gust; blast (of wind).
- نهتر (H) tihattar, adj.: Seventy three.
- (A) tahattuk, n. m.: Disgrace; infamy; brawl; wrangle.
- نبجد (A) tahajjud, n. m.: (lit.)
 wakefulness; a prayer
 offered by good Muslims
 after mid-night.
- نهجي (A) tahajji, n. f.: Spelling; orthography. (Letters A, B, C or المان ب alif, be, te are called حروف تهجي hurufi-tahajji.)
- تهذیب (A) tahzib, n. f.: Purifying; correcting; polish; refinement; civilization.

- تبدیب یافقه tahzib yāfta(h), adj.: Refined; polished; civilized.
- نهر تهرانا ، تهر تهرانا ، تهر تهرانا (H) tharrana, thartharana, v. 1 To tremble; to shudder; to shiver; to quiver.
 - تهراهت ، تهرتهراهت ، تهرتهری tharrāhat, thartharāhat, thartharāhat, thartharī, n. f.: Trembling; tremor; throb; vibration; shivering.
- نبری (H) tahri, n. f.: A rice dish.
- الكور (H) thur dild, adj.: (W)

 Narrow-hearted; miserly;

 cowardly.
- Spitting (at, on); disgrace; shame. (2) An expression of disgust etc. e.g. ah!; fie!; for shame!
 - :. thurl thurl, intj تهڑی ، تهڑی Shame (on you, him etc.).
- آپس نیس نیس نیس الله (H) tahas nahas. adj.:

 Destroyed; ruined; overthrown; topsy-turvy; confused.
- (H) thakkā, n. m.; Clod; lump; anything congealed.

اللهة (H) thakā, adj.: Tired; wearied; fatigued; exhaustcd.

- thakā mārnā, تهكا مارنا ، تهكانا thakana, v.: To tire; to weary; to harass; to exhaust.
- -thakan, thaka wat, n. f.: Tiredness; weariness; exhaustion.
- thaknā, v.: To be exhausted; to be wearied; to tire; to be fatigued.
- بنهكا فضيحته (H) thukkā fazihati, n. f.: (W) Disgrace; abuse; quarrel.
- (H) thigll, n. f.: (W) (1) تهكلي A patch; a graft. (2) A cottage; a small place to live in.
 - نهكلي لكانا shigli lagana, v.: To patch; to put a patch (in).
- (H) thal, n. m.: Land; site; spot; desert; a lion's flowers of den; round brocade.
 - thal berā, n.m.: Ford تهل بيوا or boat; place of abode; whereabouts of a person.
 - thal thal, adj.: Loose; flabby; fat.

- تيلكه (A) tahlaka(h), n. m.: Panic; agitation; alarm.
- (H) thamana, تهمانا تهمادينا thamā denā, v. : (1) To get (one) to hold (a thing); to put (a thing) into one's hand. (2) To stop; to restrain; to postpone.
- (A) tuhmat, n.f.: Allegation; false accusation; aspersion; slander.
 - تهمت جوڑنا ، دهرنا ، رکهنا ، لگانا tuhmat jornā, dharnā, rakhnā, lagānā, v.: To accuse; to slander; to calumniate.
- نهمنا (H) thamnā, v.: To stop; to cease; to be restrained; to wait; to be silent.
- نهن (H) than, n. m.: Udder; teat.
- تبنیت (A) tahniyat, n. f.: Congratulation; wishing well (of others).
- تهو (H) thu, n.f. & intj.: (1) Sound made in spitting; imitation of that sound. (2) Fie!; tut!; tush!
 - thū thū karna, v.: To be repeatedly spitting; to spit in scorn; to scorn.

نهوار ، تيوهار (H) tihwar, tiwhar, n. m.: A festival.

- نهو بوا (H) نهو بوا (H) تهو بوا (En contempt) Mouth.
- نهو پنا (H) thopnā, v.: (1) To heap; pile; to cover; to mount. (2) To plaster.
- نهو تهنی (H) thūthnī, n. f.:

 The mouth or snout of an animal; the mouth of a man (scorn).
- نهو ز ا (H) thora, adj.: Little; some; scanty; narrow; trifling; scarce.
- نهو ک (H) thūk, n. m.: Saliva; spittle.
 - بهوک کے چا لنا به د thuk ke chaind,
 v.: To swallow one's
 own words; to retract or
 re-call a promise: to
 break one's words.
 - thūk mithā المونا karnā, v.: To eat some sweets.
 - تهو كنا thūknā, v.: To spit; to treat with utter contept; villify.
 - نهوك (H) thok, n. m.: Mass; heap; total sum; ready

- money; company; lot; holding; tenure; local division; junction of boundaries.
- نهونی (H) thūnī, n.f.: Pillar; column; post; prop.
- نبى (P) tihī, adj.: Empty; void; vacant; vain.
 - tihi dast, adj. ; Empty-handed; poor.
- نهيلا (H) thailā, n. m.: A large bag; a sack.
- (P) tahaiya(h), n. m.: Preparation: readiness; determination.
- الیار (A) taiyyar, adj.: Ready; alert; willing; prepared; ready-made; finished; plump; fat (animal etc.); ripened (fruit).
 - raiyyār karnā, v.: To make or get ready; to prepare; to train; to fatten.
 - taiyyūrī, n. f.: Readiness;

 preparedness; preparation; arrangement; magnificence; plumpness;

 fatness.
- نيتاليس ' تينتاليس (H) tetālis, teħtālis, adj.: Forty three.

- نبتر (H) titar, n. m.: The partridge.
- نيترى. (H) titri, n. f.: (1) A female partridge. (2) A butterfly. (See نتلى titil.)
- نينتمس، تينتمس (H) tetis, tehtis, adj.: Thirty three.
- تير (P) tir, n. m.: (1) An arrow.

 (2) A beam; mast. (3) The planet Mercury. (4) The fourth solar month of the Persian year. (5) (fig.) Taunt; sneer.
 - ılr andāz, n. m.: An archer; a bowman.
 - tir andazi, n. f.: Archery.
 - تير به هدف. iir ba(h) hadaf, adj.:

 (lit.) An arrow to the mark; hitting the mark; to the point; efficatious.
 - تیر درازو هونه tir tarāzu honā,
 v.: Arrow to stuck up,
 not to pass through.
 - اندر سا tir st., adj. & adv.: Dart like; as by an arrow.
 - tir karna, kar تير كرنا، كردينا dena, v.: To put out of

- sight; to hide; to make away with.
- تير (H) tair, adj.: Passed; spent (time).
 - تير كرنا tair karnā, v.: (W) To pass; to spend (time).
- نيرا (H) tera, pron.: Thy; thine.
 - terā merā, ئير ميرا، تير مير ter mer, n.m.: Angry thy-ing and my-ing; altercation.
- نيراك (H) tairāk, n. m.: A swimmer (See بيراك pairāk.)
 - tairākī, m. f.: The art of swimming.
- تيرگي (P) ilrgi, n. f.: Darkness; gloom; obscurity; (fig.) malice.
 - وره tirah, adj : Dark.
- نيرنا (H) tairna, v.: To swim; to float; to swim over or across; to go through; to become familiar (with).
- نيره (H) tera(h), adj.: Thirteen.
- تبرهواں (H) terhwan, adj.: Thirteenth.
- تبز (P) tez, adj.: Sharp; keen; acute; piercing; acrid; hot; pungent; fiery; swift;

!

- بيزرفة ال تيزرو ، تيزرو ، تيزرو ، تيزرو ، تيزرو ، تيزرفة ال ، تيزرو ،
- تیز کرنا tez karnā, v.: To whet; to sharpen: to irritate; to increase.
- تيزى tezi, n. f. & m.: (1)

 Swiftness; pungency;

 bad temper; fury; dearness; high price; quickness; heat. (2) (W) Hijri month of Safar.
- تيزاب (P) tezāb, n. m. : An acid; aqua fortis.
- اليز پات ' تيج پات (U & H) tezpāt, tejpāt, n. m.: Cassia; bay-leaf. (Used to improve the flavour of rice dish غلار pulāu.)
- نيس (H) tls, adj.: Thirty.
 - زخان مار خان tis mār khāh, n.m.: (lit.) Killer of thirry (opponents); a brave person (Ir.).
- تيغ (P) tegh, n. f.: A sword; dagger.

- يغ بكف tegh ba kaf, adj.:
 Sword in hand.
- regh-i-do dam, n. m.:

 A double-edged weapon;

 a sword sharpened on
 both the sides.
- تيغزن regh zan, n. f.: A swordsman.
- تيغزنى tegh zani, n.f.: Use of the sword.
- curved sword broadening towards point; a scimitar.

 (2) A walled up arch. (3)
 A trick in wrestling.
- نيقن (A) tayaqqun, n. m.: Knowing for certain; ascertaining; ascertainment.
- sprightly; spicy; fine; piercing; pungent; elegant; fine; shrill, high (sound or tone).
- نبل (H) tel, n. m.: Oil; grease; greasiness; fat.
 - بالكنا الكنا tel parna, lagna, v.: Oil to be applied (hair etc.).
 - تيل پيلنا 'tel pelnā, v.: To extract or express oil.

- tel tilon hi se nikālā jatā hai, prov.: (lit.) Oil is extracted from oil seeds only; the amount of expenditure comes out of income.
- tel تيل د يكهو تيل كي دهار ديكهو dekho tel ki dhār dekho, prov.: One should wait and see before starting any work.
- تيل نكالنا tel nikālnā, v. : (lit.)

 To extract oil; to take hard work; to put to hard task.
- reli, adj. & n. m.: (1)
 Relating or belonging to oil. (2) An oil manufacturer; (fig.) an unclean and dirty fellow.
- تیلی کا بیل ieli ka bail, n. m.:

 An oilman's ox; (fig.) a hard working wretch.
- تيمار (P) timār, n. m.: Care; attention; looking (after); treatment.
 - timār dārī, n. f.:

 Nursing; attendance (on the sick).
- (A) tayammum, n. m.: Purifying (oneself, by rubbing the hands, face etc. with

- sand) before prayer, (where water cannot be had).
- نين (H) iln, adj.: Three.
 - tln chār, adj.: (lit.)
 Three, four; few; not many.
 - تبن پانچ tin pānch, n. f.: (lit.)
 Three, five; altercation;
 squabble; dispute.
- تين تيره tin tera(h), adj.: (lit.)

 Three, thirteen; scattered; ruined; distracted.
 - tin harf, n. m.: (lit.)

 (The) three letters (of the word لعن la'n, meaning curse, scorn, abuse).

 (Used when an oblique reference to condemnation is desired.)
- تينتاليس (H) tehtalis, adj.:
- ight; vision. (1) Eyesight; vision. (2) Darkness before the eyes (due to shock etc.); giddiness; peculiar expression of the eyes; look; aspect; countenance.
 - تيورانا tewrānā, v.: To be giddy; to stagger; to faint.

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تيور بدل جانا tewar badal jānā,
(1) The expression of the eyes to change; to turn

away (one's) regard or affection. (2) To change (one's expression at the time of death).

نيورى (H) tewrī, n. f.: A contracted brow; a frown; scowl.

تيورى چڑھانا tewri charhand,
v.: To contract or knit
the brow.

تيئس (H) tels, adj.: Twenty

رط

ابجد e, n. f.: The fifth letter of Urdu alphabet which does not occur in Arabic and Persian. Value, according to ابجد abjad system, is the same as that of ite, i.e. 400.

(H) tāpā, n. m.: A heneoop; a bell-shaped covering of bamboo work for
placing over fowls; a kind
of boat.

or beat the ground in search of food (horse); to stamp (in impatience, pain or despair); to be impatient or agitated; to tramp about; to leap or spring over.

לוֹבֶּע (H) וְמֹּחְשׁ, n. m.: Island; any dry stretch of land surrounded by water.

しら (H) jāj, n. m.: Sackcloth; canvas (made of hemp); carpet on which a banker sits.

الثنا ألثنا jāi ulainā, v.: To become bankrupt.

いっぱ (H) tāl, n. f.: (1) A place where firewood is stored and sold; a stack. (2) Evasion; putting off; deferring.

iāle se na(h) ialnā, v.: Not to move from the place. to put off; to reject; to elude; to avoid; to evade; to deter; to obviate.

- to conjecture; to walk aimlessly; to go about at random.
- a needle-full of thread or as much as would be used in one sewing; solder; join; stitch of wound.
 - انكا بهرنا، لكانا إمهدة إلى الكانا إمهدة إلى الكانا إل
- to join; to solder; to attach; to eat up; to gulp down.
- cutter's chisel; a small piece scooped out (as of a melon) to examine the taste of the fruit; a venereal cancer.
 - t إِمَّهُ أَنْكَى لَكَانَا إِمَّةُ أَنْكَى لَكَانَا أَنْكَى لِكَانَا To cut a small piece of

- a firuit to find out its quality.
- النگ، ثنگوی (H) tang, tangri, n. f.: The leg (from the hip to the foot).
 - interfere unnecessarily; to be officious.
 - انگبرابر!ang barābār, adj.:

 Small; of no consequence (said of a boy or a person, in scorn).
 - إنانگ بهنستا <u>tāng phansnā</u>, v.:

 To be involved, entangled; to have a share; tobe bound.
 - انگ لینا !ang lena, v.: (lit.)

 To seize or bite the leg.
 (a dog etc.); to admonish
 severely.
- טאל (H) tāngan, n. m. : A hilk
- by a string; to suspend.
- לוניט לוניט לוניט לוניט פֿת (U) tāih ṭāih fish, prov.: Much talk but no result.
- ثبر (H) tabbar, n. m.: (W). Family; household; number of dependents; expendents; expenditure; responsibility...

لب (H) tap, n. m. & f.: (1) The hood of a carriage. (2) Sound of dropping (rain); patter; drop.

- ينائب ئي لي إمرية إمور مين الله إمرية إمر
- range (of a ball, bullet etc.);
 a long stitch (in sewing);
 post office; a mode (music);
 a small division of a country; leap; jump.
- لیسی (H) tippas, n. f.: Footing; alliance; claim; interest.
 - ippas jamānā, lagānā, v.: To obtain footing; to secure the interest (of); to make out a claim.
- (H) japkā, n. m.: (1) Continous dropping; dripping; dripping; dripping; dripe (mangoe).
 - iapkā parnā, v.: To drop; to be revealed; to be evident.
 - الكالكنا tapka lagnā, v.: To drip; to become leaky; to leak.

- نيكانا (H) tapkānā, v.: To cause to drop or drip.
- (H) japaknā, v.: To drop (as a liquid or ripe fruit); to be evident.
- نثيونجيا (H) tatpūnjyā, n. m.:

 A trader of limited stockin-trade; a bankrupt; a
 businessman of s m a 1 1
 means.
- نامر (H) tattar, n. m.: A bamboo frame work used as a shutter, screen etc.
- לאתפט לפט (H) נאתפט לפט לפט (H) tuṭrun ṭun, n. f. do adv.: (1) The cooing of a dove. (2) Alone; all forlorn.
- ثلو (H) taite, n. m.: An under
 - taiwani, n. f.: A pony mare.
- ناول (H) tatol, n. f.: Feeling; touching; searching.
 - اللو لنا إajolnā, v.: To pass (the fingers) over; to feel; to touch; to grope; to test; to find out a secret.
- work of bamboo to form an enclosure; a fence; a

- hiding place; latrine; (fig) long beard.
- (H) !uchcha, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) A low or mean fellow;
 a blackguard. (2) Mean;
 wortheless; base,
- hopper; (fig.) a thin fellow.
- للاً ي (H) ṭiḍḍi, n. f.: Locust.
 - tiddl dal, n. m.: A host or cloud of locusts.
- ر (H) tar, n. f. & m.: (1) Croak of a frog; (fig.) frivolous talk; bragging; a fair or feast after I'd festival.

 (2) A large heron.
 - לג לע iar tar, n. f.: Silly talk jabber; croak.
 - أرهانكنا jar hanknā, v.: To indulge in fruitless talk; to brag.

- لراً (H) tarrā, adj.: Impudent; obstinate; unruly; harsh-spoken.
- ثر ا الله tarrānā, v.: To speak harshly; to talk impudently.
- لرالي (E) trali, n. m.: Trolley.
- لَّرَ خَاناً، كُوكَاناً (H) tarkhānā, tarkānā, v.: To evade; to do a thing half-heartedly; to put off.
- لسر (H) tasar, n. m.: A coarse silk.
- ألس سے هس نه هو نا (H) jas se mas na honā, v.: Not to move (even slightly); not to feel; to remain adamant, unmoved; to remain frozen, hard.
- or throbbing pain.
- or crocodile tears. (H) jaswe, n. m.: Falso
 - taswe bahānā, v.:
 To shed crocodile tears.
- (H) tuk, adj. & adv.: (1) A little. (2) A little while.

Pakistani currency a copper coin equal to two pice or six pies; (fig.) money; ready money; cash; rupee.

- iakā sā jawāb denā, v.: To reply in a cavalier manner; make a point blank refusal.
- take gaz ki chāl, n. f.: (1) Walking on foot; slow speed; moderate way of life. (2) Trickery; artfulness.
- to billet; to give a blow or slap.
- (E) tikat, n. m.: Ticket (railway etc.); postage stamp; a visiting card; a pass; a label.
 - ika! lagānā, v.: To paste postage stamp on a letter.
- الكائك (H) *iakiakl, n. f.*: Fixed look; stead fast gaze; stare.
 - إمانك هير iakiaki bāndhnā, v.: To gaze steadfastly.

- takṭakl lagnā, v.:
 To remain staring or
 wide open (the eyes).
- gular frame to which military offenders were fastened and whipped.
- or knocking (against); collision; impact; shock; concussion; equality; resemblance; match; loss; damage.
 - لكر جهيلنا _{iakkar jheln}a, v.: To suffer a blow; to endure hardship.
 - تكركهانا _{takkar khānā}, v.: To run or knock against; to come into collision with; to be dashed against.
 - takkar lend, v.: To confront, contend with.
 - لكر مارنا إملان إ
- نكران (H) takrānā, v.: To knock, dash against; to bring into collision; to clash; to fight.

- نكراتا بهرنا takrātā phirnā, v.:

 To run about in search

 (of); to go wandering about; to be unsettled.
- (H) tukrā, n. m.: A piece; a part; a slice; bit of bread; subsistence; clause; paragraph; section; scrap.
 - tukṛā toṛ, tukṛā sā jawāb denā, v.: To give a curt, point-blank reply.
 - tukṛā denā, v.: To give a scrap or morsel of bread; to dole out.
 - tukron par parna, tukre
 tornā v.: To live on
 another's dregs; to be
 dependent (on) (in bad
 sense).
 - iukar gadā, n. m.:

 One who begs for scraps

 or morsels of food;
 a beggar.
- small piece; a glass piece; cloth etc. in the piece (2) A party; a flock (of birds); a corps (of

- army); a formation (of arcoplanes).
- لكسال (H) taksal, n. f.: A mint.
 - taksāl bāhar, adj. & n. m.: (1) Not bearing. the mint stamp (coin); unchaste, obsolete (word, idiom). (2) A coin not stamped at a mint.
 - إ taksāli, adj. & n. m.:
 - (1) True; genuine; chaste.
 - (2) Master of the mint.
- round piece of ornament worn on the forehead; any small round piece of metal, paper etc.
- to be studded with gems.

 or embroidery.
- (H) tiknā, v.: To stay; to stop; put up; to wait.
- (H) takor, n. f.: (1) Push; blow; thrust; knock. (2).

 A hot cloth applied to an afflicted part; fomentation.

 (3) Sound of a drum.
- ثكياني (H) takahāi, n. f.: A. cheap call girl.

ٹکی ، ٹکیا

- کیا (H) tikkī, tikyā, n. f.: A small cake of bread or of anything.
- いりはい (H) tighhlana, v.: To liquefy; to melt; to dissolve; to soften.
- لكهانا (H) tighalna, v.: To be fused ar melted.
- じ光 (H) talānā, v.: To put off; to evade; to cause to disappear.
- نلنا ' ثل جانا (H) إلى ثلنا ' ثل جانا To move; to stir; to be displaced; to make off; to disappear; to vanish; to pass off.
- رمية (E) jamjam, n. f.: An open carriage of horses in harness (one behind another). (Cor. of tandem.)
- نا الله (H) timtimana, v.: To give a faint light; to glimmer.
- ننتا (H) tanta, n. m.: Wrangling; altercation; quarrel.
- ننڈ (H) tindā, n. m.: A kind of vegetable.
- (1) ننڈ! (H) tungā, adj. & n. m.: Handless; born without hands. (2) A person who is without hands.

لندر (E) ţandar, n. m.: (Mod.) An application or estimate for a contract; a tender.

- لَمُدُّيلِ (E) jandail, n. m.: A petty officer of laskars. labourers etc. (Cor. of tindal)
- لنكمي (E) janki, n. f.: Tank; tub; a closed metal basin for holding water.
- دگری (H) jangyl,: n. f.: Leg; thigh. (dimin. of Sit tang.)
- لنكنا (H) tangna, v.: To be hung; to be suspended.
- ep, n. m.: A largo روب (H) ورب cap (lined with cotton!) which covers the and back of the head (worn in winter); a steel headpiece.
- لويا (H) topā, n. m.: (W) A long stitch; seam.
 - topā bharnā, v.: To put a stitch, pass a stitch (through).
- لو چي (H) topi, n.f.: A hat; a cap, cap (of a gun); head or top (of a thing).
 - topi utārnā, v.: To disgrace; to dishonour.

- الوبي أجهالنا topi uchhālnā v.:

 (1) To be extremely happy; to dance with joy.
- topi badalnā, v.: To establish brotherhood, close relationship. (See pagri badalnā.)
- - - بهوٹ بهوٹ بهوٹ بهوٹ Pieces; fragments; breakage.
 - لوٹ ٹوٹ کے برسنا <u>بَسَا</u> بَ<u>سَا</u> ke barasnā, v.: To rain cats and dogs.
- لُونًا (H) إِلَّالِيَّةَ, adj.: Broken; damaged; shattered; decayed.
- damage; lack of income; shortage.

- نونکا، ځونکا، ځونکا، ځونکا، ځونکا، ځونکا، ځونکا A charm; spell; superstitious remedy.
- to rush in; to be won overby opposite party (witness); to feel feverish; to pine.
- (H) إَوَّكُ (H) إلَّهُ (H) إلَّهُ (H) إلَّهُ (H) إلَّهُ وَكُلُّهُ (H) particle.
- فوک (H) tok, n. f.: (W) Influence of an evil eye; questioning; hindrance; parole.
- أخوكرا (H) tokrā, n. m. : A large basket; a small boat; (fig.)-
- tion; to check; to prevent; to challenge; to hinder; to censure; to regard with an evil eye; to point out a mistake.
- (H) tolā, n. m.: A quarter of a town (inhabited by men of one class); group; a large pebble; a complete assortment.
- فولی (H) toli, n. f.: A group of selected persons; a body; a heavy stone.

- دُونْدُی (H) jonii, n. f.: A spout; a water tap.
- أونكنا (H) إَسَّ mgnā, v.: To peck; to nibble; to eat in small quantities.
- خو[•] (H) toh, n, f.: Searching; search; quest.
 - toh rakhnā, v.: (W) To remain in search (of).
 - toh lagānā, lenā, v.: To find out; to search (for); to take up the trace (of); to track.
- An idol; a diety; a chief; az amindar; a reudal noble (in Bengal written as Tagore) a form of address for a barber; a wealthy person.
- solve; to settle or fix (in

- mind): to be intent on; to set the heart upon.
- لَّهِياً (H) thappā, n.m.: A stamp; die; impression; printing; broad silver lace.
 - ihappā lagānā, v.:

 To stamp: to make an impression; to stitch the lace.
- ر المعنى المعنى (H) إلمان المعنى الم
- لا فهنها (H) thattha, n. m.: (1)

 A burst of laughter. (2)

 Fun; pleasantry; humour;

 (Mostly هنسی نهنها hansi
 thattha, in sense No. (2).)
 - thaiiha karnā, v.:
 To jest (with); to trifle
 (with); to make fun (of).
 - thaṭṭhā lagānā, mārnā, v.: To crack a joke; to radicule.
 - ihaiihe men urānā, v.: To turn off in a jest; to make fun (of); to ridicule.
- th) thi:harnā, v.: To be chilled (with cold):

to be frozen; to be stopped (growth).

ن الله غلال (H) thitak, n.f.: The state of stopping suddenly.

إلى المنهوليا ا

לשלאל! (H) thatera, n. m.: A maker of hardware or metal pots and pans.

ihaiere jhaiere ihaiere jhaiere badlai, prov.: A bargain between two people equally acute or knowing; 'diamond cut diamond'.

chin. (2) A grain though parched yet not crisp and remaining hard.

thuddi meh لهذي على ماته دينا hath denā, v.: (W) (lit.) To touch (another) one's chin by hand; to flatter; to coax; to beg; to appease.

לאנ (H) thir, n. f.: Extreme cold; frost.

(H) tharre, n. m.: (1) An inferior kind of intoxicating liquor. (2) A kind of shoe worn by villagers. (3) A brick not properly baked. (4) (W) Springs of bodice.

hard; compact; dull; thick-headed; slow-witted; worthless; idle; good for nothing; unserviceable.

لاهما (H) thassā, n.m.: (1)

Pride; vanity; ostentation.

(2) (sl.) Die; stamp; print.

(۱) کهسک (H) thasak, n. f.: (1) کهسک (H) thaskā, n. m.: Pride; dignity; pompousness; affected gait. (2) Slight cough; tightness ar sense of oppression (arising from cold); a cold.

نهسنا (H) ihusnä, v.: To be stuffed or crammed.

- نهسوانا (H) thuswand, v.: To cause to stuff or cram.
- residence; address; site; place; track; clue; source; reliance; confidence; limit; boundary.
 - thikānā karnā, v.:
 To stay; to find a place
 (for); to make room
 (for); to give in marriage; to arrange.
 - به الكانا !hikāne se lagānā, v.: To put at or convey to a proper place; to cause to be employed
 - ihikāne kā بنهكانے كا آدمى hikāne kā قطستَّ, n. m: A sensible or reasonable person; a man of good taste.
 - thikane lagana, v.:

 To dispose of; to despatch: to kill; to consume; to spend; to bring to a successful end.
- لا فهكرا (H) thikrā, n. m.: A broken piece of earthenware (usually the lower half of a pitcher); (fig.) old and useless hardware or ornaments.

- لَّهُ كُوالَا (H) !hukrānā, v... To kick against; to trample upon; to spurn; (fig.) to give up.
- beaten; to be punished; to penetrate; to pierce; to be thrown on the back (wrestling); to be defeated; to suffer a loss; to be imprisoned; (sl.) to be filed (a case in a court of law).
- (H) thag, n. m.: A robber; a deceiver; an imposter; one of a gang who strangle travellers.
 - نهگائی thagāi, n. f.: Robbery; cheating; swindling.
 - thagnā, thag lenā, v.: To cheat; to deceive; to dupe.
 - thagi, n. f.: (1) The business of a thag; robbery. (2) The department for suppression of thags.
- ظهل (H) tahal, n. f.: Service; duty; (sl.) walking to and fro; round

tahal jānā, v.: To move away; to be off; to die.

- tahal lagānā, نهل لگانا ، كرنا karnā, v.: To dance attendance (on).
- tahalnā, v.: To take a walk; to depart; to seperate; to die.
- tahlā denā, v.: (1) To make away with; to hide. (2) To put of; to defer; to remove.
- il Kris tahlana, v.: To cause to walk to and fro or up and down; to put off; to remove; to dismiss.
- (H) thalwā, adj. & n. m.: (1) Out of employment; idle. (2) An idle fellow.
- لهليا (H) thilyā, n. f.: A small earthen pitcher.
- ل نهمري (H) thumrī, n.f.: A species of amorous composition; a metre of music.
- دُهِندٌ (H) thand, n. f.: Coldness;
- thandā, adj.: Cold; frozen; refreshed; cold-hearted; dead; appeased;

- quiet; mild; dull; inactive (market).
- thandā parnā, v.: To become cold; to abate.
- thandā rakhnā, v.: To keep happy; to give comfort.
- إلى إلى إلى إلى إلى إلى إلى المعامل ا cool: to freeze; to extinguish (light etc.); to pacify; (W) to break (bangles after husband's death); to bury (a تعزیه ta'zia(h); to kill.
- thande, thande, adv.: While it is cool; in the cool of the day; in the morning or evening. (Ir.) Happily.
- بُهُمُدُّائِي (H) إِلَّهُ إِلَى اللهُ (H) تُهِمُدُّائِي n f.: (1) Refrigerent medicine; any medicine; a cooling drink. (2) Hemp; intoxicating potion the made of hemp (bhang).
- (H) thandak, n.f.: Coldness; cold; refreshing sensation; calmness.; solace.

- thundak paina, v.:

 To be cooled; to be appeased: to be avenged; to be gratified (desire for revenge etc.)
- give forth a sound; to jingle; to clink; to tinkle; to throb, beat, shoot (pain).
- نهنکنا (H) !hinaknā, !hunaknā,
 v.: (W) To sob; to cry; to
 fret (child); to whimper;
 to worry (for a thing).
- دُّهُنی (H) !āhnl, n. f.: A twig; a small branch.
- spot; place; residence.
- رئيوري (H) thori, n.f.: The
- خُ**هُوس** (H) *thos, adj.*: Solid; compact; brainy; hard; heavy.
- تبوكا (H) cahokā, n. m.: Spur; nudgo; jog.
 - إنه المهورة المهورة المهورة المهورة المهورة إنها المهورة إنها المهورة إنها المهورة ال

- of stumbling; tripping or striking the foot against anything; kick; beating time with the foot; shock; loss.
 - ألمو كر ير مارنا إhokar par mārnā, v.: To kick away; to
 spurn; (fig.) to despise:
 to deem contemptible.

 - أهو كر كهانا thokar khānā, v.:

 To stumble; to suffer loss; to take a false step.
 - بهو كرين كهانا thokaren khānā.

 v.: To be kicked and knocked about; to suffer loss or misfortune; to commit mistakes.
- לאף לאו , לאף לאו , לאף לאו , לאף לאו (H) !hoknā, thonknā, v.: To hammer; to thrust with the finger; to beat; to pat; (sl.) to file (a suit in law-court); to make (a lock) secure.

- يجاك بيجا ك thok bajā ke,

 adv.: (llt.) After striking

 and sounding; after

 close examination or

 scrutiny.
- (of an arm, branch etc.); an amputated hand or arm; a stunted tree.
- - in; to wad; to eram; to stuff; to fill to the brim; to devour.
- لانهونگ ، گهونگ (H) thong, thonga, n. f.: A beak or bill; act of striking with the beak; striking with the finger.
- انا، گهبرانا، المهبرانا، المهبرانا، المهبرانا، المهبرانا، المهبرانا، المهبرانا، المهبرانا، المهبرانا، المهبران (Hairānā, v.: To cause to stand or stay; to accomodate; to establish; to settle; to prove; to determine; to adjudge; to fix; to appoint; to constitute; to conclude.
- نامون (H) thaharnā, v..: To stand; to stay; to stop;

- to be stationary; to wait; to stagnate; to be settled; to be agreed upon.
- וואס לאבל (H) thiyā, thihā, n. m.: Place; boundary; a seat; support.
- طلبية ، تهيئ (H) thet, theth, adj.: Real; genuine; chaste; idiomatic.
- لُهُمْسِ (H) thes, n. f.: Slight knock or injury; a push; tripping.
- Right; correct; precise; exact; firm; accurate; proper; reasonable; fit; genuine; convenient; appropriate. (2) Yes; oh! yes; quite; quite so; exactly; precisely; very true.
 - نهاک نهاک نهاک نهاک نهاک نهاک نهاک ihik !hak, adj.:

 In good form; wellarranged; well dressed.
 - thik karna, v.: To correct; to adjust; to square; to mend; to cure; (fig.) to bring one to his senses; to beat.
- لُهيكا (H) thekā, n. m.: (1)

 Monopoly; contract;

lease; piece-work; responsibility. (2) Place of stay; meeting ground; rest (after fatigue). (3) Accompaniment, in a particular way, of a musical instrument with the singer.

iheke dar, n. m.: A contractor; a lease-holder.

ken piece of earthenware; (fig.) any broken vessel or ornament; dilapidated land, house or any property.

thikrā phornā, v.:

To slander; to defame;

to accuse.

نهيلا (H) thelā, n. m.: A trolly; a wheel-barrow.

to move forward by pushing; to propel.

لَّهِ اللهِ (H) thenga, n.m.: (1) The thumb. (2) A stick; a club.

انهینگادگهان thengā dikhānā,

v.: (lit.) To show the
thumb (in token of refusal); to refuse; to deny.

thenge se, id.: Who cares!

ربية (H) tip, n. f.: A slap; a rap (usually on the head): the third couplet of a six-line stanza; lime or cement jointing (in a building); the highest pitch of the voice (particulary in music); any high or shrill note; a bond; a promisory note; batallion of an army; an ornament; pomp; show.

לאלף! לאלף! לאלף! לאלף! לאלף! לאלף! (H) !ētwā, tehtwā, n. m.: The windpipe; the throat; the neck.

לאל (H) terhā, adj.: Crooked; bent; deformed; cranky; obstinate; opposing; displeased; offended.

گیس (H) tis, n. f.: Shooting pain; throb.

לאַב ، לאַב (H) tek, tekan, n. f.: Pillar; prop; support.

- ieknā, v.: To support; to rest; to lean upon.
- شبخ (H) tikā, n.m.: An ornament worn on the forehead; a small round mark made on the forehead and between the eyebrows (usually of coloured earth) for ornamental pruposes; vaccination; inoculation; stain; blot; (fig.) peculiarity; speciality.
- لفيلا (H) tilā, n. m. : A mound; hillock; rising ground.
- قبنی (E) teni, adj. & n. f.: (1)

 Small, little. (cor. of tiny.)

 (2) A breed of small fowls;

 cross-bred hens.

رئ

Urdu alphabet and fourth and fifth of Arabic and Persian alphabets respectively. Numerical value, according to Arabid system = 500. In Urdu and Persian, it occus only in words borrowed from Arabic.

- Lasting; enduring; remaining; fixed; strong; stable; substantial; valid; correct.

 (2) Proved; established; certified; confirmed. (3)

 Star which does not revolve.
 - ily sabit qadam, adj.:

 Immoveable; firm;

 stable; steady; resolute;

 staunch; unflinching;

 determined; persevering.
 - ي أبت هونا sābit honā, v.: To be proved; to be confirmed.
- trating; brilliant; gleaming very brightly; (fig.) famous; exalted.
- ثالث (A) salis, adj. & n. m.; (1) Third. (2) A third person; a mediator; an arbitrator.
 - يَّ الثَّ بِالخَير sālīs bil khaer, n. m.: An impartial arbitrator.
 - غالث نامه يقاني nāma(h), n.m.:
 An arbitration award.
 - يَّالَّتُي salisi, n. f.: Arbitration; mediation.

- Second. (2) A second; an equal; a match.
- تانیاً غانیاً غانیاً sāniyan, adv.: Secondly; in the second place.
 - غانيه saniya(h), n.m.: A second; a moment.
- تبات (A) sabāt, n. m. : Stability;
 permanence; firmness;
 steadfastness; determination: validity; constancy.
- ثبت (A) sabt, n. f.: Writing; impression; inscription; a seal.
 - impress; to inscribe; to affix (signature); to write.
- (A) subut, n.m.: Proof; testimony; evidence; affirmation by facts.
- روت (A) sarwat n. f.: (1) Wealth: affluence: richness. (2) Authority; influence. state. dignity.
- ادریاً (A) suraiva, n. m.: The Pleiades cluster of small stars in Taurus: (fig.) brilliant group of persons or things.

- ثقات (A) siqāt, n. m., pl.: Confidants; trusty friends; reliable persons. (ي. متنه siqah.)
- نقل (A) siql, n. m. : A load or burden; a weight.
 - تقل سماعت <u>siql-i-samā'at, n.m.:</u>
 Hard hearing.
- ثقيل (A) saqll, adj.: (1) Heavy; hard to be borne; burdensome. (2) Indigestible.
- (A) suls, n m.: (1) A third part or portion. (2) A kind of Arabic handwriting.
- (A) <u>samar</u>, n. m : (1) Fruit; produce. (2) Profit.
- (A) <u>samara(h)</u>, n. m.: Result; reward; return; compensation.
- ندا (A) sanā, n. f.: Praise; eulogy; commendation; applause.
 - يناخواك sana khwan, n. m.:
 One who praises.
- رواب (A) sawāh, n. m.: Recompense; requittal reward (especially of obedience to God).
- وابت (A) sanābit, n.m., pl.: Fixed stars. (See المناء)
- (A) saur, n. m.: (1) A bull (2) The constellation

3

Taurus, one of the sign's of Zodiac. (3) Name of a mountain near Mecca.

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- of Urdu and fifth and sixth respectively of Arabic and Persian. Numerical value according to abjad=3.
- (U) jā, intj.: Be off!; be gone!; away!.
 - اترنا jā utarnā, v.: To alight; to lodge; to reside; to get down.
 - front; to oppose; to face.
 - jā rahnā, v.: To stay (somewhere after going there).
 - jā lenā, v.: To arrest; to catch (some one) from behind; catch up.
 - jā nikalnā, v.: To reach by chance.
- locality; room; space. (2)
 Occasion.

- ja ba ja, adv.: Here and there; every-where.
- in place or out of place; right or wrong; at all times; indiscriminately.
- با كهنا jā be jā kahnā,
 v.: To rebuke; to reproach; to censure.
- jā zarūr, n. m.: (W).
 (1) A privy; latrine.
 (2) Excrement.
- jā nashīn, n.m.: A deputy; a successor: a vice-gerent.
- jā namāz, n. f.: Mat or carpet on which prayers are said.
- אָנְג (A) jābir, adj. & n. m.:
 (1) Despotic; tyrannical. (2)
 A despot; a tyrant.
- 以 (H) jāpā, n. m.: Childbirth; delivery; period of confinement during childbirth.
- الله (H) jātā, part. adj.: Going: gone.
 - $j\bar{\alpha}i\bar{\alpha}$ rahnā, v.: To be gone (for good); to pass

away; to vanish; to be lost; to continue going.

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اكرا (H) jātrā, n. f.: Going on a pilgrimage; pilgrimage; religious festival or fair (Used mostly by Hindus).

jātrī, n. m.: Pilgrim; one journeying to a religious festival or fair.

(U) jate jate, adv.: Gradually; while going.

باتی دنیا دیکهی jātī dunyā dekhī, id.: (Came, saw etc.) Rarely, once in a blue moon.

A tribe of Rajputs; a Hindu tribe; a member of the tribe.

جاكمرا تب جانثے جب تيرهويں

jāṭ mārā tab jāni'e jab
terahwin hojāi, prov.: A
mischievous person, even
though removed or out
of sight, can be a source
of trouble.

ted floor-cloth; a chequered linea cloth spread over a carpet.

enchantment; charm; conjuring; juggling.

jādū bāyān muqarrir, n. m.: An en-chanting speaker.

jādū jagānā, v.: To practice magic with a view to finding its effect; to experiment enchantment.

jādī karnā, v.: To conjure; to practice magic.

jādūgar, n. m.: A magician; a wizard.

jādū woh jo sar pa charh
ke bole, prov. : Good
planning is that which
meets with success and is
praised even by an opponent.

P) jādah, n. m. ; Way; road.

جاذب (A) jāzib, adj. & n. m.: (I) Absorbent; soaking; alluring; attractive; (2) Blotting paper.

P) jarob, n f: A broom.

- jārob kash, n. m. : A sweeper.
- جاری (A) jārī, adj.: Running; flowing; continuing; prevalent.
 - jārī honā, v.: To flow; to issue; to be issued; to be current.
- (H) jārā, n. m. : Coldness; the cold season; winter.
 - jāṇā paṇnā, v.: To be cold; winter to set in.
 - jāṇā charhnā, v.:
 To be attackeā with cold

 or shivering fit.
 - jārā lagnā, v.: To feel cold.
 - jare kī chāndnī,
 n. f.: (lit.) Moonlight of
 the winter (season); a
 beautiful thing which
 cannot be appreciated;
 an out of season enjoyment.
- جاسوس (Ä) jāsūs, n.m.: A spy.
 - jāsūsī, n. f.: Spying; espionage; the act or duty of a spy.

- ن (E) jākaṭ, n. f.: A jacket.
- taken from a shop for approval; conditional purchase.
 - jākar lenā, v.: To purchase a thing subject to approval.
- ing watch throughout the night; wake; waking up suddenly; wakefulness. (2)
 Alarm in a time-piece.

 - jāgti jot, n. f.: Miraculous power or ready virtue (in a person or medicine).
 - rahnā, v.: (1) با كتے رهنا To remain awake. (2) Watchman's call at night.
- باکنا، جگنا (H) jāgnā, jagnā, v.: To waken; to be awake; to be watchful; to keep vigil; to brighten.
- جاكبر (P) jāgīr, n. f.: Land given by a government or

a king as a reward for services; a rent-free grant; a fief.

- jäglr dar, n. m.: Holder of a jāgir; possessor of an estate.
- ال (P & U) jāl, n.m.: (1) A tree of which tooth-brushes or dentifrices are made. (2) Net; snare; net-work; (fig.) deceit; artifice. (cor. of جعل *ja'l.*)
 - jāl bichhānā, جال بجهانا ، يهيلانا phailana, v.: To lay or set a trap; to spread a net.
 - -jāl men phansā جال میں پھنسانا nā, v.: To entrap; to ensnare.
 - jaliyā, n. m.: A cheat; rogue; vagabond; swindler.
 - جالي $j\bar{a}l\bar{i}$, n. f. & adj.: (1) Net-work; net; a net for holding strawetc.; an oxmuzzle; a lattice; trelliswork; lace; bobbinet; he which in intigument a foctus is enveloped; the coating of a fruitseed (as that of a mango). (2) (sl.) Forged; counterfiet; spurious.

- $\forall \mathbf{H}$) jālā, n. m.: Web; a spider's web; cob-web; a speck (eye); cataract; mildew.
 - الينا jālā lenā, v.: remove the cob-web.
 - jāle lenā, v.: (W) (fig.) To move about aimlessly; to waste time.
- جام (P) $j\bar{a}m, n.m.$: (1). A wineglass; a goblet; bowl; cup. (2) (sl.) guava.
 - -iam-i جام صعت بينا ، تجويز كرنا seķat pinā, tajwiz karnā, To drink to the health (of): to propose a toast.
 - jām charhānā, v.: To revel in drinking.
 - jām labrez honā: جام لبريز هونا id.: (lit.) Cup to be filled to the brim; to be near one's end; to be dying.
- (A) jāmid, adj; & n. m.; (1) Congealed; incapable of growth; (gram.) underived; primitive. (2).A word not derived from any root, nor from it any word is derived.

- cloth in which flowers are woven (generally muslin); a portmanteau; a small gold-laced bag (اید baiwā), with folds for holding betelnut etc).
- (A) jāmi, adj. & n.m. & f.:

 (1) Comprehensive; collective; comprehending; universal; comprising. (2)

 Collector; compiler; compriser.
 - jāmi'masjid, n. f.:

 The congregational mosque; the mosque in which
 Friday prayers are offered.
 - jāmi'iyyat, n. .f:

 Comprehensiveness; versatility.
- (H) jāman, n. f.: (1) A blue-coloured sour berry; also its tree. (2) Sour milk used to prepare curds.
- garment; costume; robe; gown; special dress (which used to be) worn by bride-groom at the time of marriage.

- jāma(h) zeb, adj.: Graceful looking in any costume.
- jāme sebahar honā, id.: To be
 unable to control oneeslf
 owing to happiness or
 anger; (fig.) to be self-conceited.
- men phūlā na samānā, id.:

 To be distended or swollen with joy; to be selfconceited.
- jāmewār, n. f.: A. kind of high class flowery cloth.
- (H) jān, n. f.: Knowing; knowledge; discernment; opinion.
 - jān būjh kar,.

 a d v .: Intentionally;

 knowingly; deliberately.
 - jān pahchān, n. f.: Acquiantance; a known person.
 - جان نه پهچان برای خاله سلام jān na pahchān barī khā-

la(h) sālām, prov.: (W)
Used when an un-acquianted person wants to
become unncessarily
familiar with another
person.

soul; vitality; breath of life; vigour; pith; essence; a word denoting respect and love (e. g. اباجان abbā jan, respected and dear father) (2) A beloved; a darling child.

jāh āfrīh, n. m.: (lit.) Creator of life; God.

جانات، جانات، جانات، جانات، جانات، جانات، جانات، جانات، جانان، جانات، ج

jān bāz, adj. & n. m.:

(1) Venture-some; daring. (2) A daring person.

jān bachī lākhon pāe prov.;

(lit.) Life saved is equal to getting lacs of rupees. (Used when one is able to get rid of a terrible situation.)

jān bar honā, v.:

به حق هونا jān ba(h) huq hanā, v.: (lit.) Life to be surrendered to God; to die; to expire.

جان به لب jān ba(h) lab, adj.:

(lit.) Life to be on the lips; to be dying; on the point of death.

ان بر بسا jān par bannā, v.:

To be in extreme agony;
to be in danger of losing
life.

jān par khelnā, v.:

To risk one's life; to run the hazard.

بران پرای هو نا jan parl hone,
v.: To be earnestly longing (for), thinking (of).

jan جال جو کھوں ، جو کھم jokkon, jokham, n. f.: Risk of life; danger; misery; trouble.

jān churānā. v To shirk; to escape trom).

jan maisaknā, v.:
(lit.) To prinkle (water en

of) life; to display great affection; to endear; to be passionately in love (with).

جان سن سے هو جانا jān san se hojānā, v.: To be frightened; to be horrified.

jān wikhnā, v.: To feel vexed or annoyed; to be grieved or distressed; to be terrified.

بر هونا jan suli par honā v.: To be in fear (of); to be dreading; life to be in danger.

بال کنی ' کند تی ' جال کنی ' کند تی ' گند تی ' گند تی ' گند تی ' گند تی ' kandanī, n. f.: The agony of death; the last breath; expiration.

jān ke lale paṛnā, v.: To be in imminent risk of life; to lose
hope of life.

jān hai to jahān hai, prov. : Life is full of fun (only) as long as one is in good health.

jāni, adj. & n. m.: (1)

Darling; beloved; of or

relating to the life or soul; deadly; aiming at life. (2) Beloved; sweetheart.

(H) jānā v.: To go; to march; to depart; to pass; to pass away; to get out of the way; to be lost; to disappear; to go on; to continue; to separate; to enter; to reach; (W) to die; to cohabit; to take ill.

jane do, phr.: Let it go; leave it; never mind; pardon.

بانب (A) jānib, n. f.: Side; part; direction.

jānibdār, adj. & n. m.: (1) Partial; taking a side. (2) A supporter; a patron.

janib kar, n.m. & adj.:
(1) (W) Acquiantance. (2)
Known; acquianted.

tion; trial; enquiry; appraisement; valuation.

into; to verify; to test; to ascortain; to examine; to appraise.

- ظی، جانگ، جانگه (H) jāng, jāngh, n. f.: The thigh.
 - jāṅgyā, n. m.: Short drawers reaching the thighs; a wrestler's breeches.
- جانگلو (H) jānglū, adj.; Wild; savage; uncivilised; rustic.
- انناج (H) jānnā, v.: To know; to apprehend; to discuss; to understand; to recog جايدائ (P) jāidād n. f.: Pronise; to ascertain; to judge; to become aware (of); to be convinced (of); to be responsible (for).
- جانور (P) jānwar, n. m. : (lit.) (One) having life; an animal; (fig.) a blockhead; fool.
- باودان، جاويد (P) jāwidān, jāwed, adj.: Everlasting; eternal; perpetual.
- جاه (P) $j\bar{a}h$, n. m.: Dignity; rank: high position; greatness.
 - باه و جلال jāh·u-jalāl, n.m: grandeur; splendour; magnificence; pomp.
- (A) jāhil, adj.; Illiterate; I

- ignorant; (fig.) rude: rough.
- -jāhili yat, n. f.: (1) Igno جاهلیت rance; paganism. (2) Period prior to Islam (when people worshiped idols and images).
- ياج (H) jāyā, n. m.: (W) son; boy.
 - جائی $j\bar{a}'\bar{i}, n. f.:$ (W) Daughter,
- perty; estate; land; assets; funds; standing corp.
 - jāidad-i-ghair $manq\overline{u}la(h)$, n. f. : Immovable property; land; house; village.
 - بايداد منتوله jāidād-i-manqula(h), n. f.: Movable property; personal effects; goods; chattels.
- ز (A) jā'iz, adj.: Lawful; right; allowable; valid; just; authorised; according to religion.
 - jā'iz rākhnā, v.: to admit as right; to allow as valid; to concider rightful, correct.

- vey; review; analysis; examination; checking; muster.
 - jā'iza(h) denā, v.:

 To render an account;

 to hand over charge.
 - jā'iza(h) lenā, v.:

 To examine; to check

 (account); to take charge.
 - (H) jab, adv. & conj.:
 When; at the time when;
 as soon as; in case; since;
 then; as and when; at
 whatever time.
 - ب تک jab tak, adv.: Until; until and unless; so long as; till such time as.
 - jab se, adv.: Since; since that time.
 - jab kabhi, adv.: Whenever.
 - (A) jabbār, adj. & n. m.;
 (1) (lit.) Operessor; omnipotent; mighty; overbearing. (2) Almighty God.
 - (A) jahr, n. m.: (1) Compulsion; force; violence; oppression; coersion. (2) (Arith) Reduction of fractions to integrals.

- jabran, adv.: By force; forcibly.
- : .jabr-u-t'addi, n. f. جبروتعدی Violence and oppression.
- jabr-u-muqābla(h), n. m.: Algebra.
- jabri, adj.: Compulsory; forced.
- جبروت (A) jabrūt, n.f.: Omnipotence; greatness; a quality of God.
- jaw; upper and lower portion of the mouth.
- جبل (A) jabal, n. m.: A mountain; hill.
- جبلت (A) jibillat, n. f.: Natural disposition; original quality; temperament; instinct.
 - جبلي jibilli, adj.: Natural;
- A jubha(h), n. m.: A long robe; a loose vest.
- (P) jabh(a), n. m.: The forehead.
 - jabh(a) sā'i, n.f.:

 (lit.) The act of rubbing

the forehead (on the ground); beseeching; entreaty.

- ሁሉም (A) jabin, n. f.: The forehead.
- (H) japnā, v.: To whisper (one's prayers or spell); to count (one's beads).
- to be known; to warn; to remind; to make a show of (affection etc.).
- ا جتوانا ، جتوانا ، جتوانا ، جتوانا ، متوانا ، مقر (H) jitānā. jitwānā, v.: To cause to conquer
 or win.
- ing; tillage; cultivation.
- (H) jatan, n. m.: Device; effort; plan; scheme.
- as; as many; whatever; so much; as much.
 - chhāno utnā hi kirkirā, prov.: The more you strain the more grit you get.
 - jinā جتنا گؤ ڈالو اتنا هي سيٹها guṛ ḍālo utnā hi miṭhā,

prov.: (lit.) The more sugar you put in the cake the sweeter it will be; for achieving best results one has to spend enormous amounts; spend much enjoy much.

باتین باتین باتین باتین باتین باتین باتین باتین باتین باتین utnl bātain, prov.: Every one talks according to his own standard of knowledge.

jitne men, adv.: In as much (time) as.

ed (as an ox to a plough);

to be attached (to); to labour; to drudge.

יביפונו (H) jutwānā; v.: To cause to be yoked; to have (a field etc.) ploughed.

crowd; gang; a flock; a multitude. (2) Also used with جمع jama' e.g. جمها, capital, wealth, stock, etc.

with shoe (considered an act of great degradation).

tresses of hair twisted or braided together; a knot or fillet of hair. (2) A thick rope. (3) Beard of the Banyan tree.

- n. m.: (1) Wearing matted or braided hair.

 (2) One whose hair is matted; a Hindu mendicant or ascetic wearing such hair.
- engage in close fight; to stick fast; to copulate (with).
- لان جنهانی (H) jithānī, n. f.: Husband's elder brother's wife.
- (A) jussa(h). n. m.: The corporal form or figure; the body.
- client; customer; a person who used to have heriditary barber, washerman etc. (in the old social order in Indo-Pak. sub-continent).
 - jajmānī, n. f.: The status and the occu-

- pation of a جعمان; the stipend paid by a جعمان.
- woman who has recently given birth to a child (so called until the 40th day of delivery.) (Cor. of P. مجن zacha(h))
 - jachchā giryāh, n. f., pl.: (W) Songs on the occasion of child-birth. (s. jachchāgirī.)
 - (A) jaḥīm, n. m.: Hell.
- אבּג וֹאבּג (A) jad(d), jadd-iamjad, n. m.: Grandfather; ancestor.
 - جدى jaddi, adj.: Ancestral.
- اجد (A) jid(d), n. f.: Effort; labour; toil: exertion. (Used with λ_{f} , jahd, e. g. λ_{f}).
- (P) judā, adj.: Separated; separate: apart; different; distinct.
 - iudā judā, judā judā, judāgāna(h), adv.: Separately: severally: one by one.

- judā'i, n. f.: Seperation; parting; absence.
- ر (A) jidāl, jadal, n. f.: Contest; conflict; fight. (Used with جنگ jang, e. g. رجنگ وجدال e. g. رجنگ وجدال
- A) jadwal, jidwal, n. f.:
 Marginal lines (on the page of a book).
- ルシュ (H) jidhar, adv.: Where ever; where wither.
 - jidhar tidhar, adv.: Here and there; all about; in all directions.
- אָגע (A) jadīd, adj.: New; recent; modern.
 - jadidiyai, n. f.: (Mod.) Modernity.
- بذام (A) juzām, n. m.: Leprosy.
 - juzāmi, n. m.: A leper.
- جذب (A) jazh, n. m.: Absorption; sucking up; allurement; attraction; condition peculiar to those much given to divine meditation;

- suck up; to absorb; to draw (as a plaster etc.)
- جذیه jazba(h), n.m.: Passion; violent desire; (W) fury; rage.
- جذر (A) juzr, n. m.: A root; origin; (Arith.) the square root.
- (A) jor(r), n. m.: Drawing; attracting: dragging: lifting.
 - jarr-i-şaqil, n.m.: Heavy lifting; mechanics of it; difficult task.
- (A) jurrāb, n. m.: Stock-ings; socks.
- ברוים (A) jur'at, n. f.: Courage; boldness; valour; audacity.
- جراڤيم (A) jarāsim, n. m., pl.: Germs; bacteria (s. جرثوسه jarsūma(h).)
- בליך (A) jarrāḥ, n. m.: A surgeon: one who dresses wounds.
 - jaraḥal, n.f.: A wound; a sore.

- jarrāhī, n. f.: Surgery. جراحی jarrār, adj: Numerous; multitudinous (army); war-like; brave.
- (A) jarā'im, n. m., pl.:

 Sins; crimes; offences:

 faults. (s. جريمه jarīma(h).)
- Wound; sore; scar. (2)
 Argument; cross-examination.
- rung at the time of a carvan's march; a gong.
- جرعه (P) $jur^{i}a(h)$, n. m.: A gulp; a draught.
- tribe; assembly; gathering; company; herd; circle.
- (Used mostly in connection with astronomy, mineralogy etc.). (2) Crack in a precious stone.
- (A) jurm, n. m.: Sin; crime: offence; fault; guilt.
- (P) jurmāna(h), n. m.:
 Penalty; fine; forfeit.

- (A) jari, adj.: Brave; valiant; bold.
- בניליט (A & P) jarayān, jiryān.

 n.m.: (1) Flowing; running
 (of water, blood, etc.); (2)
 Gonorrhoea; gleet; a desease in which white discharge comes out of the genital organ.
- measuring chain for land, corn etc. (2) A t a ff; goad; cudgel.
 - jarih dalna, v.: To measure or survey with جریب.
- مريد (A) jarida(h), n. m. & adj: (1) An official journal; a government gazette; any journal; volume; book: account book. (2) Solitary; alone; separate; unencumbered: unattended (while traveiling).
- origin; foundation: basis.
 - jar ukhernā, kāṭnā, v.: To root out; to pull up the root (of).

jar bunyād. n. f.: Root جڑبنیاد and branch; the whole.

- jar pakarnā, v.: To take root; to be firmly rooted.
- jar se جڑ سے بیر ، پتوں سے یاری bair patton se vari, prov.: Enmity with ancesters and friendship with their progeny.
- jaṛilā, adj.: Having a root; fibrous.
- (H) jaṛānā, joṛwānā, r.: To have (jewels etc.) set or studded; to get a thing mounted (with silver or gold).
 - jarā, adj.: Set (as a jewel, a stone in a ring etc.)
 - jaṛāū, adj.: Set or studded with jewels; jewelled.
 - . jāṛa'i, jaṛwā'i جڙائي ، جڙوائي . n. f: The act of setting jewels etc.; the price of it.
- اول (۱۱) jarāwal, n. f.: Winter clothes; warm clothing.

- $U \hookrightarrow (H) jarna, v.: (1) To fix,$ set (jewels); to stud; to mount (with silver or gold); inlay. (2) To beat with hand or stick. (3) To tell tales. (4) To file (a suit).
- $\mathbf{U} \Leftrightarrow (\mathbf{H}) \text{ jurn} \bar{a}, v.: (1) \text{ To be join-}$ ed: to be attached, to join; to unite; to copulate. (2) To be obtained; to be yoked.
- ا جاوال (H) jurwān, adj. & n.m.: (1) Joined together. (2) Twins.
- jaṛi, jaṛi būṇi, جڙي بوڻي n. f.: Medicinal root, herbs, drugs etc.
- $j \rightarrow (P) j \overline{u}z$, prep. & udv.: Besides; except. (Also به جز bajuz.) (abbr. of جزو juzw.)
- $j \rightarrow (P)$ juz, n. m.: (1) Part; ingredient; particle. Section of a book (consisting of eight leaves); a printer's sheet.
 - juz bandl, n f.: stitching the parts of a book together; book binding.
 - juzdān, n m: A cloth in which books are wrapped; a port-folio.

juz ras, adj.: Penetrating; frugal; thrifty.

- juzwi, adj.: Relating to a part; trivial; petty.
- (A) jazā, n. f.: Repayment; reward; recompence; compensation; (gram.) an apodosis.
 - jazāk Allah, intj.: (lit.) May God bless thee!; bravo!
- (A) jazā'ir, n. m., pl. : جزائر jazīra(h).
- (P) jiz biz, adj.: Put out; offended; displeased.
- ノj (A) jazr, n. m.: The ebb-tide.
 - jazr-u-mad(d), n. m.:
- (A) jazm, n.m.: (1) Deciding; rescripg; determination (2) Orthographic sign over the final consonant of all shut syllables and serving, when another syllable follows, to separate the two.

- جزیه (A) jizya (h), n. m.: A capitation tax; toll; duty.
- force; power; stamina.

 (3) Merit; virtue; accomplishment.

 (3) Healing; efficacy; effect.

 (4) Reputation; renown.

 (5) Blessing; prosperity; auspiciousness.
- (H) jis, pron.: Whom; which; that; what.
 - jis par bhī, adv.:

 Upon which even; notwithstanding which;
 even then; still.
 - jis tis, pron.; Everyone; whomsoever; all and sundry.
 - jis jis, pron.: whichever; whomsoever.
 - jis se, adv.: From which; whereby.
 - jis tarah, adv.: According to; in whatever manner; as.
 - jis qadar, adv.: As much as; to what degree or extent; whatever.

- jis ki جس کی لاٹھی اس کی بھینس اھزhi us ki bhaits, prov.: Might is right.
- (P) jasārat, n. f.: Boldness; daring; courage.
- (P) jasāmai, n. f.: Corpulency; bulk; body; diamension.
- (P) jast, n. f.: Leap; jump; spring.
 - jast mārnā, v.: To leap; to jump.
- (H) jast, n. m.: Zink.
- enquiry; investigation; quest.
- (h), adv.: From here and there; little by little; selected.
- body (with limbs).
- (A) jism, n. m.: The body; material substance.
 - jasim, adj.: Bulky; fat; large.

- tion; festivity; rejoicing.
 - jashn manānā, v. : To celebrate (a happy) occasion; to enjoy; to lead a happy life.
- P) ja'fari, n.f.: (1) The purest kind of gold. (2)
 A yellow flower. (3) A wooden or iron latticework; a bamboo frame: a sort of screen.
- جهل (A) $ja^{i}l$, n.m.: Fabrication; counterfiet; forgery. (See جال jal.)
 - karnā, v.: To fabricate; to forge; to bring a false case (against).
 - ja'l sāz, jā'llyā, n. m.: A forger: a swindler.
 - ja'l sāzi, n. f.: Forgery; fabrication.
 - ja'li, adj.: Counterfiet; forged; fabricated; spurious.
- (A) jughrāfiya(h), n.m.: Geography.

جغرافيائي jughrāfiyā'i, adj.: Geographical.

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لخب (A) jufā. n. f.: Violence; oppression; cruelty.

المشد jofā pesha(h), غايمشد jafā j \overline{u} , a d j. jb la= jafā kār. & n. m.: (1) Oppressive; tyrannical; cruel. (2) An oppressor; a tyrant; (fig.) a beloved.

- jafa kash, adj.: Hard working; energetic.
- رين (P) just, n. m. A pair; a couple; an even number; a pair of shoes.
 - : juft sazi : n. f. : Shoe-making.
 - jufta(h), n. m., & adj.: (1) A wrinkle: crease; (2) wrinkled.
 - jufii, n. f.: Pairing (of animals); coupling.
 - lilas , sie justi khānā, v. . To copulate.
- $j \in (\Lambda)$ jafar, n. m.: The art of prediction, of making amulets or charms.

- ಅಳ್ಳು (H) jakārnā, v.: To tighten; to hind; to pinion.
 - jakar band, adj. & n. f.: (1) Tight; fast bound; well-strung. (2) Tightness; rigidity; strictness.
 - jakar jānā, v.: To become stiff.
- (H & E) jag, n. m.: (1) جگ World; universe; mankind. (2) A jug.
 - jag bitī, n. f.: A tale جگ بیتی depicting the experiences of others.
 - jag haħsā'ī, n. f.: Public ridicule.
- $\mathcal{L} \hookrightarrow (H)$ jug, n. m.: (1) An epoch; a period; a cycle; an age; every one of one of the four fixed periods of life (according to Hindus); a very long time. (2) A thread in brocade-working.
 - jug jug, adv.: Always; for ever; for a very very long time.
- (H) jugail + f: Chew-

to rouse from sleep; not to allow (one) to sleep; to kindle; to ink faint writing.

- world; The universe. (2)
 Ring of a well.
 - jagat ustād, وجكت استاد، كرو gurū, n.m.: A renowned teacher: a well-known master of his art; a mentor.
- ingenuity; wit: pun; alliteration.
- (fig.) spirit: courage: pluck; heart; life: darling; a son.
 - jigar afgār, edj.: Heart-broken; troubled in mind.
 - jigar band, n. m. : ('it.)

 A piece of the liver;
 a son.
 - بانی هونا جگر پانی هونا v.: To be disheartened; to lose courage.

- جگر پر پتهر ر که لینا jigar par patihar rakli lena, v.:

 To control: to restrain: to be patient.
- igar jigar digar, prov.:
 Your own is your own
 while a stranger is a
 stranger.
- jigur se dhuhwān uthnā, jigur munh ko anā v.:
 To be shocked beyond words: to be excessively grieved.
- ing to the liver; closest; most intimate: dearest.
- לאנו (H) nigrā, n.m.: (W) courage; boldness.
- は死亡 (H) jagmagānā,

 いんこうにして、これでして、

 (H) jag mag jag mag

 karnā, v.: To give a

 dazzling light: to glitter.

 to shine.
 - Splendour; brilliance: dazzling light; glitter.

- ire-fly; glow-worm. (1) A ornament worn (by women) about the neck.
- ornament worn about the neck. (2) A famous song of the Punjab.
- station; locality; vacancy; post; fit occasion; space.
- jagah jagah, adv.: Every where; at places.
- جل (H) jul, n m.: Trickery; deceit; fraud; duplicity.
 - jul dend, v.: To cheat; to deceive.
- J? (H) jāl, n. m.: Water.
 - Cups half filled with water which produce music when their edges are beaten with stick; musical glasses or harmonicon.
 - jal thal, n. m.:

 Broad sheet of water
 levelling up all hollows,

- ponds etc. during the rains.
- (A) jal(l), adj.: Great; glorious; eminent.
 - jalla jalaluhu جل جلاله. جل شانه jalla jalaluhu jallashā nuhu. phr.: Eminent is His glory.
- メン (H) jilā, n f.: Polish; brightness; lustre.
 - jilā denā, karnā, جلادينا، كرنا v.: To polish; to brighten.
- (A) jalā, n. f.: Expulsion from one's country; leaving one's home land.
 - jalā watan, n.m.:

 A person who has been banished from one's country.
- (A) juliāb, n. m.: A purgative.
- burning; jealousy; anger; spite.
 - jalājil, n. m, pl.: Cymbals; brass or bronze plates struck together to

make ringing sound. (s. juljul.) جاجل

- ンメニ (A) jāllād, n. m. & adj. : (1) One who flogs; an (2) Cruel; executioner. merciless; (fig.) beloved.
- メメラ (A) jalāl, n. m. : } Greatness: dignity; majesty; awe; awfulness; anger.
- リソウ (H) jalānā, v.: To burn; to kindle: to light; fire; (fig.) to excite fury, jealousy etc. to vex; to exasperate etc.
 - الله المالكة jalbalānā. (W) To become furious; to become (suddenly i enraged; to be indignant.
 - : aikukkar, adi.: Under subjection to rage.
 - jaian, n. f.: Burning: throb; (fig.) envy; icalousy.
- お対文 (H) jiiānā, v. To give life (to): to restore to life; to foster; to give freshness.

- لاها جلاها (H) julāhā, n. m.: A weaver; (fig.) a blockhead.
- (A) jalb, n. m.: Getting: acquiring; deriving.
 - jalb i manfa'ai. n. m.: Deriving profit.
- (A) jald, adj. & adv.: (1) Swift: quick; brisk rash. (2) Without delay; quickly; briskly.
 - jald hāz, adj.: Hasty: impetuous.
 - joldi, n. f.: Quickness; speed: haste: hurry; expedition.
- (A & P) jild n. j.: (1) The skin; hide. leather. (2) Binding (of a book); a volume: a book.
 - بند jild saz. hund, n. m.: A book binder
 - جالای jildi, adj.: Of or pertaining to the skin
- جله (P) ialsu(h), n. m.: A sitting: a meeting an assembly; a social gathering posture; situation; feast dance.

- (H) jalnā, v.: To burn; to be burnt; to be on fire; to be kindled; to burn with love, jealousy etc.; to suffer from grief; to wither (crop, plant).
 - jal uịhnā, v.: To blaze up.
 - jal bujhnā v.: To burn to ashes.
 - jale phapho-le phoṛnā, v.: To give vent to (one's) ill feelings (by having a recourse to distateful or taunting words).
 - jale tan, adj. : (W) III empered; jealous; envious.
 - jalī kaṭī, n. f.: (W)

 Taunting, sneering
 (words).

 - T) jilau, n. f.: A horsebridle; rein (of a bridle); retinue; following; equipage; pomp; splendour.

- جلوت (A) jalwat, n. f.: Congregation; crowd; common place. (opp. of خلوت khulwat, solitude.)
- جلوس (A) julūs, n. m.: Accession (to a throne); state; pomp; procession.
- (A) jalwa (h), n.m.: (1)

 Manifestation; display;

 splendour; appearance;

 view. sight; (2) A ceremony

 (among Muslims) when the

 bridegroom for the first

 time sees his wife's face

 in a mirror, after reciting a

 passage from the Holy

 Quran.
 - jalwe kā glt, n.m.: Epithalamium; music sung on the occasion of علوه; nuptial song.
 - jalwa(h) gāh, n. f.:

 Place of manifestation,

 display; theatre; nuptial
 throne.
 - jalwa(h) gari, n. f.:

 Splendour; appearance;
 show.
 - (A) jali, adj: Conspicuous; distinct; written in large

letters. (opp. of يَخْني <u>khafī</u>, imperceptible.)

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(A) jalis; n. m.: A companion; comrade; chum.

(A) jalil, adj.: Great; glorious; illustrious.

abbr. of جمشيد jamshed, an ancient king of Persia; also used for Prophet Soloman and King Alexander the Great.

(H) iamā juthā, n. f.:
(W) Savings: capital; funds;
stock in trade: wealth.

Things which are incapable of growth or increase: stones; minerals etc. (s. 21-2-jamad.)

copulation. m. : Coitus;

company; body; party; assembly; society; gathering; row (of Muslims assembled for prayers).

(A) jamāl, n. m. : Beauty; elegance; prettiness.

نا جمال گونا (H) jamāl gojā, n. m.:
A purgative nut.

a cohesion (between two or more things); to congeal; to consolidate; to cause to take root; to flx; to lay down; to begin (work, business); to cause (one's words) to impress (a person); to amass; to be intent on; (W) to apply or rub (missl, a powder for tinging the teeth of a black colour); to give (a slap).

jamāu, n, m.: (1) Cohesion; consolidation. (2) Multitude; crowd: mass; gathering.

jamā huā, adj.: Settled; firmly placed; congealed.

رهاهی (H) jamāhi, n.f.: Yawning; gaping.

jamāhi anā, v.: To yawn; to gape.

- (W) (1) Always; for ever; constantly. (2) May (you) be blessed!; good fortune may attend you!; hail!.
- tion; accumulation; conjunction; total; amount; whole; addition; plural (of a word); capital; assets; outlay; credit side (in an account book); assemblage; revenue.
 - jama' bandi, n f.:

 Assessment, settlement

 (land revenue etc.); proceeds of land; government revenue; yield;
 rent roll.
 - jama'(h) dār, n.m.:

 (1) The head of a body

 of men; a petty officer

 (in army, customs, police

 etc.). (2) Sweeper; watercarrier.
 - jama' karnā, v.: To collect; to amass; to make up an account; to add together.

- (H) jum'arat, n. f.: (lit.) Friday-eve; Thursday.
- the day on which Muslims offer prayers at the great mosque of the town; Friday prayers.
 - jum'a tul widd',
 n. m.: Last Friday of
 Ramadan, when Muslims
 bid farewell to this holy
 month of fasting.
 - Assemblage; party; group of persons (2) Peace of mind; composure; tranquility.
 - jam'iyat-i-khātir, جمعیت خاطر n. f.: Peace of mind.
 - A) jamm-i-ghafir, n.m.:

 A large concourse; a multitudinous assembly.
 - فيه (H) jamghat, } n. m.:

 A dense mass; a crowd.
 - reckoning of the works according to مال مفار abjact (system).

رُهُ (A) jamal, n. m.: A camel.

- (A) jumla(h), n. m.: (1)
 The whole; total; all. (2)
 A sentence; a clause.
 - jumla(h)-i-mu'tarizah, n. m.: A parenthetical sentence or
 clause; a sentence or
 clause added to the main
 talk even without which
 the sense is clear.
- jānā v.: To take root; to grow; to become set; to consolidate; to be settled; to be frozen; to adhere; to stick; to have a firm hold.
- dation of a well; ceremony held on the occasion of completing the foundation of a well.
- ness; inaction; deadlock; stalemate; indolence; laziness.
- A large sand-heap; masses; the people.

- jamhūriyai, n. f.: Democracy; government of the people.
- A) jami', adj.: All; the whole; in a state of collection.
- جميل (A) jamll, adj.: Beautiful; elegant; comely; handsome.
- honour; your eminence;
 Sir; respected Sir.
- بناب (A) janāb, n. f.: Threshold; a place to which one repairs for refuge.
- الجنادت (A) janābat; n. f.: Pollution; dirtiness; loss of sperm.
- (A) janāza(h), n. in.: A bier; a funeral; a corpse.
- جناں (A) jināh, n. m., pl.: Gardens; regions of paradise. (s. جنت jannat.) Also used as s. in P. & U.

- janāi, n. f.: A midwife; wages of the assistance extended in child birth.
- P) jumbish, n. f.: Movement; motion; vibration.
 - A) jambah, n. f.: Side; aspect; corner.
 - jambah dārī, n. f.:
 Taking side; support;
 favour; partiality.
- (A) jannat, n. f.: Paradise; garden of Paradise.
 - jannat nasib, adj.: (lit.) Paradise-fated; deceased; late (lamented).
 - jannati, adj.: Of paradise; heavenly; (fig) simple; innocent.
- (۱) A calendar: an almanac. (2) A perforated steel plate for drawing wire. (3). A conjurer; a wizard; an imposter.
 - לי (H) janjāl, n.m.: Entanglement; worry;

- Existence; life. (Cor. of زندگی zindagi.)
 - jundṛi gunwānā, بندری گنوانا v.: To sacrifice (one's) life: to die (for).
- kind; gender; sex; stock; goods; merchandise; grain; ornaments.
 - jinsiyāt, n. f.: Sex-ology.
- (P) jahg, n. f.: War; combat; battle; fight.
 - jangjū, adj.: Contentious; war-monger; quarrelsome.
 - rad, prov.; (lit.) War has possibilities for both the contesting parties; in war it is difficult to say which side would win.
 - بنگ زرگری jang i zargari,
 n. f.: (lit.) A goldsmith's
 quarrel; a collusive dispute between two parties
 to defraud a third.

- jangāh, n. f.: Battle field.
- jangi, adj.: Of or belonging to war; martial; military; warlike.
- forest; a wood; waste land; a wild or uninhabited part of land; long grass or weeds grown on land, garden etc.
 - jungal ka titar, بنگل کا تیتر n. m.: (lit.) A wild part-ridge; a timid person.
 - jangal men جنگل سونا mangal honā, v.: To have festivities in a harren land.
 - جنگل سین سور ناچا کس نر دیکها؟ jangal men mor nāchā kis ne dekhā, prov. : (lit.) The danced in peacock jungle but who was there to appreciate the dance; wasting one's sweetness in the desert air; leading life away [a luxurious from one's dear and near ones(who could feel happy over it).

- jangli, adj.: Wild; untamed; uncivilised; uncouth.
- MRia (H) jangla, n. m.: (1) A fence; a railing. (2) A musical mode. (3) Woody country.
- birth; transmigration of soul; habit; nature.
 - بهوم janam asthān, جنم استهان ، بهوم janam asthān, bhūm, n. m.: Birth place.
 - י אָל אָל janam bhar, adj.:
 Throughout life.
 - jananı patırd. جنم بترا ، بتری jananı patırd. patıri, n. m. & f.: Horo-scope.
 - ن janani din, n. m. ..
 Birthday.
- لنب (H) jannā, r.: To givo birth (to).
- جنوب (A) janub, n. m.: The South.
- nity; madness; loss of reason; ardent desire; frenzy; fury; (fig.) love.

- ch) janin, n. m.: An embryo; a foetus; the child in the womb.
- (1) yo. pron. & conj.: (1) Who; which; that; what.
 (2) If; that; in that; in-as-much; since.
- $j \Rightarrow (P) j \overline{u}, n. f. : A rivulet;$ brook; stream.
- (P) jū, adj. & n. m.: Seeking; seeker; (Used in comp., e.g. جنگجو jang jū, quarrel seeking.)
- (H) jau, n. m.: (1) Barley; a grain of barley. (2) A jot.
- of garlic; barley; a figure or mark resembling barley or garlic; a stitch in needlework of the shape of barley or garlic.
- (H) juwā, n. m.: (1) A yoke; the yoke of a carriage or plough. (2) Gambling; playing with dice; hazardous undertaking or attempt.
 - juwārī, n. m.: A gambler.

- wer; reply; response; retort; rejoinder; counter part; pair; return; dismissal; refusal; rejection.
 - jawāb-i-sāf. n. m.:

 A flat refusal by way
 of answer; a categorical
 answer.
 - jawāb, talab جواب طاب كرنا karnā, v.: To call for an explanation; to call to account.
 - na rakhnā, na honā, v. نه هونا To be un-matched; to be unique.
 - jawābī kārd, n. m.:

 Reply (post) card; a

 blank (post) card attached to the written one for prompt answer.
 - bountiful; generous; beneficent.
 - bourhood; neighbourliness.

- Flood tide; flood. (2)
 Maize.
 - juwār bhājā, n. m.: Ebb and flow of the tide.
- A) jawārih, n. m., pl. :

 Limbs of man or of a carnivorous animal. (s. جارحه jāriḥa(h).)
- (A) jawārish, n. f.: A tasty digestive medicine.
- جواز (A) jawāz, n. m.: Validity; propriety; legality; justification.
- (S) jwālā, nf.: Fire; flame; light.
 - jwālā mukhī, n. m.: A volcano.
- جواله (A) jawwāla(h) adj.:

 Fast spinning; fast revolving.
- (P) jawān, adj. & n. m.:

 (I) Young; Youthful; in the prime of youth. (2) A young man.
 - jawān bakht, adj.: (lit.) Of blooming prospects; fortunate.

- jawān mard, adj.: Manly; gallant; brave.
- jawān جوال سرگ ، جوانا سرگ jawān marg, jawānāmurg, adj.:

 Dead in the prime of youth.
- jawānī, n. f.: Youth; adolescence: age of discretion.
- jawāni جوانی دیوانی ، دوانی jawāni diwāni, prov.:

 (lit.) Mad youth (so called because in the season of youth, one does not care for the ups and downs of life).
- جواهر، جواهرات (A) jawāhir. jawāhirāt, n.m., pl.; Gems; jewels; precious stones. (s. جوهر jauhar.)
- of youth; beauty; a state of beauty; freshness; elegance; charm; splendour; well-developed breasts.
- brilliancy; lustre; a glance of the eye; the faculty of seeing; soul; spirit. (2)

 The strap that fastens the

yoke of the plough to the neck of the ox; a yoke; ploughing; cultivation; cultivated land; holding of a cultivator; the rent paid by a cultivator; the string which suspends the scale of a balance.

- jot jagānā, v.: To light a lamp; to brighten the atmosphere; (fig.) to spread knowledge.
- (H), jūtā, n. m.: A shoe; a slipper; a pair of shoes, slippers.
 - julā chalnā, v. : (One party) to beat (the other) with shoes; to indulge in shoe-beating; to fight in an uncivilised manner.
 - jute kā yār, n. m.:

 One kept in submission
 through the dread of
 the shoe.
 - slippers; shoes.
 - بيزار جوتي بيزار jutl paizār, n. f.:
 A fight with shoes; a
 general scuffle.

- juli par mā:nā, بر سارنا v.: To spurn; to disdain; despise.
- respect (to one's teacher); to show humility (to one's mentor). (Practice was for the pupil to place the shoes of his mentor in front of him, in the right direction, when the latter left the lecture hall on conclusion of the lesson, to make it easy for him to wear the same.)
- men dal baina, v.: To have a serious domestic quarrel; to fall out; to have discord.
- بوتش (H) jotish. n. m.: Astronomy; astrology.
 - jotishi, n. m.: An as- نامی jotishi, n. m. : An as- نامی tronomer; an astrologer.
- to cultivate; to yoke oxen to a carriage or to a

plough; to force one to do a thing.

- うう (A) jūd, n. m.: Munisicence; generosity: liberality.
- (A) jaudat, n.m.: Intelligence: sharpness of mind; ingenuity; quickness of apprehension.
- جور (A) jaur. n. m.: Oppression; tyranny; violence.
- جورو (H) jor \overline{u} , n. f.: Wife.
 - jorā جورو نه جاتا الله ميال سے ناتا na jātā Allah miyan se nātā, prov.: (lit) (He) has neither a wife nor anyother acquaintance, he is related (only) to God; an unmarried person.
- (H) jor, n. m.: Joint; soldering; joining; seam; sum; total; addition; intrigue; slander; pair; mate; match; contender (of a wrestler).

- jor tor, n. m.: Contrivance; device; intrigue; mechanism.
- jor jor, n. m.: Every joint (of the body etc.).
- לוֹף (H) jūṛā, n.m.: The hair done up in a knot behind; plume of the nightingale; ring of twisted grass placed as a support under a round bottomed jar; the hinder part of a turban.
- (H) jornā, v.: To join; to attach; to patch; to cement; to stitch together: to set (bone etc.); to add up; to collect; to save (money etc.); to yoke; to harness; (W) to compose (verses etc); to befriend; to accuse falsely.
- رُى (H) jūṛi, n f.; A shivering fit; malarial fever with cold, hot and sweating stages
- jor bithānā, v.: To جوڑ بنهانا جوڑ بنهانا (in) a join; to dovetail. (H) jorī, n. f.: A pair; couple; match; equal; mate; partner; concert.

- jorī hanknā, v.:

 To drive a pair; (jest)

 to have two wives.
- (A) jauz, n. m.: A nut: nutmeg.
- n m.: Boiling; excitement;
 passion; emotion; lust;
 fervour; zeal; vehemence;
 frenzy, religious prejudice.
 - josh par ānā, v.: جُوشَ پُر آنا To surge; to well up; to burst forth.
 - josh denā, v.: To boil.
 - josh جوش کهانا ، مارنا به josh khānā, mārnā, الله josh men ānā,

 To be overcome with emotion; to be agitated; to bubble up; to overflow; to be inspired.
 - (P) joshāhda(h), n. m.:
 A decoction.
 - (P) jaushan, n. m.: (1) A coat of mail; armour. (2)
 م A gold or silver ornament worn by women on the arm

- \mathcal{E} (A) $j\overline{u}$, n.f.: Hunger; appetite.
- (A) jauf, n. m.: Cavity; a hollow; belly.
- جوق (A) $j\bar{u}q, n. m.$: Company of men; a body; troop.
 - جوق در جوق الرجوق jūq dar jūq, adv.:
 In large numbers.
- jokhon, n. f.: Risk; danger; misfortune; a hazardous undertaking; property; valuables; insurance.
- picious or fortunate moment. (2) Union of stars. (3)
 Abstract contemplation;
 religious devotion; penance. (4) The roga system of philosophy.
 - jog lenā, v.: To renounce the world; to become ascetic.
 - jogan, n. f.: A female devotee or performer of jog.
 - jogi, n. m.: A hermit; an ascetic; one who

performs the excercise called jog.

- jogiyā, adj, & n. m.: (1)

 Reddish-yellow; of the colour of red chalk. (2)

 A musical mode.
- יר (P) jolān, n. f.: Fetter; irons (fastened to the legs of criminals).
- Moving about; wandering up and down; springing; ringing or lounging (a horse).
 - ילים jaulān gāh, n. f.: A place of exercise (for troops or horses).
 - jaulāni, n. f.: Swift-ness; acumen; strength.
- a thing as small as a louse.
- (H) $j\bar{u}h$, adv. & prep.: As; like; such as.

קפט דפט בא jun tuh,

ב jūn tūn, jūn tūn kar ke,

adv.: Some how or the other; any how; by

some means or the other; with great difficulty.

- אַנָּט אַ גֿפָט $j\bar{u}\dot{n}$ $k\bar{a}$ $l\bar{u}\dot{n}$, adv.:

 As originally: the same as before; in the same condition as it was.
- jūn hī, adv.: As soon as; the very moment: no sooner.
- לפני (H) jūn, n. f.: Birth; existence; life; transmigration; body.
- (H) jūnā, adj.: Old; worn; decayed.
- ful of grass for scrubbing vessels.
- جونبور کا قاضی (U) jawnpur kā qāzī, n. m.: (lit.) A Jaunpur judge; (fig.) a foolish person.
- (H) jonk, n. f.: A leech.
 - jonk patthar جونک پتهر میں لگانا men lagana, prov.: To use an ungracious or

miserly person to one's advantage.

jonk lagānā, v.: To apply leeches.

jonk ho kar جونک هو کرلیشنا lipainā, v.: To stick like a leech.

a pearl; essense; absolute or essential property; secret or hidden virtue; skill; knowledge; accomplishment; merit; grain of well-tempered sword; brightness of a mirror; an atom.

(P. قرهر gauhar arabicised.)

jauhar dikhānā, بوهر د کهانا v.: To show one's hidden qualities; to prove one's mettle.

jauhar-i-fard, n. m. :
An unrivalled person.

jauhar khulnā, v.:
One's abilities or faults
to come to light.

jauhari, n. m. & adj.: (1) A jweller; an appraiser of precious stones. (2) Relating to a jewel; atomic.

جوهرى توانائى jauhari tawānā'i,
n. f.: (Mod.) Atomic
energy.

or tank in which rain water etc. collects.

جوهی، جوٹی (H) $j\overline{u}h\overline{l}, j\overline{u}'\overline{l},$ u.f.: Jasmine.

joyān, joyanda(h), adj & n. m.: (1) Seeking; inquiring (for or after). (2) A seeker; an inquirer.

joyanda(h) بنده يا بن

n. m.: A ladle; a narrow-mouthed basket; a chande-lier.

(A) jihād, n.m.: A religious war waged by Muslims; a crusade; supreme effort.

لا جهاؤ (H) jhār, n. m.: (1) A bush; brushwood. (In comp. used with

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jhankār e.g. رُجِهَارُ جِهَارُ اللهِ (2) A chandelier: a kind of fire work.

Search. (2) (Hindus) Excrements; stool.

לני (H) jhāṛan, n. m. ; A duster.

to sweep; to clean; to shake off: to admonish. to repeat spells or charms over.

e⇒ (H) jhāṛū, n. f. , A breem; a comet.

jhāṛū buhārū, n. f.:
Sweeping and dusting.

جهاڑو بهرجانا jhā; u phir jānā, v.:

To be swept clean; to be cleaned out; to be left with nothing.

jhāṛū denā, v.: To sweep; to clean.

(H) jhāṇi, n. f.: A shrub; brushwood; thicket.

(A) jahāz, n. m. & adj.; (1) Ship. (2) (fig.) Large; wide; huge. 「(中) //hāg, n. m.: Foam; froth.

(as of pepper); joining or solder (of metals); a large basket: emotion.

pungent; to solder; to season.

rain: sudden showers falling (on one spot only) and passing off quickly.

rance: imperfect know-ledge; illiteracy.

الو (H) jhālar, n. f.: A fringe; frill.

رهان (P) jahān, n. m.: The world; inhabitants of the world.

n. f.: (1) World-adoring. (2) Name of a
famous Moghal princess,
daughter of Emperor
Shah Jahan.

- jahān āfrīn, n. m.: Creator of the world; God.
- n. m.: (1) World-protecting. (2) His Majesty.
- jahān dīda(h), adj.: Widely travelled; seasoned; experienced.
- n. m.: (1) World-subduing. (2) A great conqueror; Emperor Jahangir son of Akbar.
- which place; in which place; whenever; where ever.
 - jaliān tak, adv.: As far as possible.
 - יבאוט באוט jahān tahān, adv.:

 Here and there; all about.
- (fig.) A person of no consequence.

- ### (H) jhāħjh,: (1) Fury; anger: rage; quarrel. (2) Impatience (of hunger, smoking etc.) (3) A hollow tinkling anklet; cymbal.
- البانا (H) jhānsā, n. m.: Hoax; deception; trickery.
- peep (into); to look (through a hole); to put (one's) head out (of a door, window); (fig.) to pay a flying visit.
 - $jh\bar{a}nk\bar{i}, n. f.: A peep-show.$
- Pumice stone; vitrified brick used to clean the body (while taking a bath).
- tion; dark spot in a lookingglass; black spot on the face (due to impurity of blood).
- יניט האוניט (H) jhāin jhāin,
 n. f.: Altercation; argument; dispute.
- (H) jhap, n.m. & adj.: (1)

 Quickness; rapidity...

 (2) Quick; brisk.

- jhapā jhap, adv.: Quickly; briskly.
- (H) jhapat, n. f.: Leap (as of an assault).
 - jhapatiā, n. m.; Swoop (as of a bird of prey); gush (of wind).
 - fly at; to make a sudden attack; to run with all speed.
- fulness; shyness; winking; blinking; nod; flash.
 - jhapki, n. f.: Drowsiness; a nap or doze; wink; blink.
- reason; mode.
- به الناهج (H) jhuralnā, v.: (1) To pollute victuals by tasting; to touch or taste food. (2) To belie. (See ان الناهة)
- (H) jhuipujā, n. m.:
 Twilight; dawn; dusk.
- jerk; a twitch; a mishap. (2)

 An animal slaughtered by

- having the head cut off (in the Hindu or Sikh way).
- jhaikā denā, v.: To shake; to jolt; to pull with a jerk.
- jhaṭak jānā, v.: To become thin; to be reduced; to be pulled down.
- shake (cloth etc.); to jerk; to snatch or jerk away.
- belie; to prove (a statement etc.) to be false. (See
- 本語 (H) jhijak, n. f.: Fear; alarm; shyness.
- A) jahd, johd, n. f.: Effort; end-avour; labour.
- (H) jhirjhirā, adj.: Thin; badly woven (cloth).
- The shivering that precedes fever.
- المحارة (H) jhurmat, n. m.: A large gathering; a crowd.
- spring; a waterfall; a cascade. (2) A perforated skimmer.

- ن (H) jhuinā, v.: To fade; to wither; to become thin.
- (H) jharokā, n. m.: A lattice; a window; skylight.
- (H) jhiri, n. f.: A fissure; crevice; slit.
- (H) jhurri, n. f.: A wrinkle: a fold.
- پنج (H) jharap, n. f.: Fight; skirmish; flame; acrimony.
- (H) jhiraknā, v.: To rebuke; to scold; to chide.
 - snub; chiding; threat; rebuke; rebuff.
- to fall off; to be swept clean; to be dusted; to be spent (in coitus); (Hindu) to be saved (money).
- nued rain; showers.
- (H) jhak, n. f. & adj.:

 (1) Babble; foolish murmuring. (2) Bright; shining: white.

- jhakki, n. m. : An idle talker; a chatterer.
- bend; to cause to stoop; to bow; to nod; to tilt.
- n. f.: Wrangling; altercation.
- (H) jhakkar, n. m.: A sudden blast; gale.
- ling; strife; quarrel; brawl; contention; dispute.
 - jhagṛālu, adj.:
 Quarrelsome; contestant;
 contentious; wrangling.
- dispute; to argue: to insist upon; to quarrel.
- cottage made of reeds.
- (A) jahl, n. m.: Ignorance: stupidity.
 - ignorance even about the fact that one is ignorant.

- rock (a cradle); to keep one a long time over any thing; to dangle.
- pse: glitter; brightness; lustre: reflection.
 - to glisten; to glitter; to flash; to be reflected (from); to be gleaned.
- twinkle; to flicker; to flash; to glimmer.
- ناه (H) jhalnä, v.: To fan; to be soldered.
- adj.: Heavy and continuous (rain); glittering (dress etc.).
- cluster or bunch of flowers; the bell shaped pendant of an earring; Ursa Major; the Pleiades.
- Mana (H) jhamelā, n.m.: Mess; imbroglio; trouble; difficulty; bother; entanglement; obstacle: quarrel;

- tumult; chattels; goods; a complicated affair: botheration.
- (H) jhunjhunā, n. m.:
 A child's rattle; a toy.
- an ensign; a standard; a flagstaff; a banner; a streamer.
 - jhandā gārnā, v.:

 To hoist the flag; to conquer: (fig.) to make a name.
 - بهند م پر چڑهانا جهند م بر چڑهانا charhānā, v.: To render infamous: to defame; to expose.
- Clank; clink: crash; tinkling.
- $c^{-1}e^{\frac{c}{2}}$ (A: jahannum, n. m.: Hell: inferno.
 - jahnnum men jā'o, intj.: Go to hell!
- jhohprā, n. m.: A hut; a thatched roof or shed.
- 当身会争 (H) jhūṭ, n. m.: A falsehood; a lie.

- بولنا جهو^ط بولنا jhūt bolnā, v.: To
- jhū! pakarnā, v.:
 To detect a falsehood.
- jest; for nothing at all.
- (1) False; untrue; insincere; inconsistent; counterfeit; alloyed; base; feigned; hypocritical; tasted (food); defiled. (2) A liar; one who makes false promises; a story-teller.
 - jhūjā bānānā, v.: To belie; to falsify.
 - jhūṇan, n. f.: Leavings of food crumbs.
- kā, n. m.: Blast; blow; gust of wind; swaying (on the approach of sleep); swinging; weight (of long hair); turn (of a balance in weighing).
- J (H) jhol, n. m.: Pucker; crease; contraction; a hatch; a birth.

- jhol jhāl, n. m.:
 Shaking; weakness; delay;-contention; worry,
 squabble.
- jhol nikālnā, v.:

 To take out the crease;

 to smooth; to give birth.
- (H) jhūl, n. f.: Clothes or covering for cattle etc.; trappings.
- المجهود (H) $jh\overline{u}l\ddot{a}$, n. m.: A swing; a cradle; a swinging rope.
 - jhūlā jhūlnā, v.:
 To swing.
- (1) A bag; a cold wind which dries up the ear of wheat; paralysis. (2) Loose; slack; baggy.
- swing; to sway to and fro; to dangle; to wait long for fulfilment of a promise.
- ornament worn on the topknot over the head; a gathering; assembly; dance

in which (women) dancers join hands; a kind of song sung by women in concert.

- shake or sway to and fro or from side to side; to droop; to nod; to reel; to hang; to move with stately steps; to gather (as clouds).
- Motion of a swing. (2) Coil of a woman's hair.
- نج (H) jhonj, n. m.: A bird's nest.
- inclination; leaning; curve; bulge.
- jhonk denā, jhonknā, v.: To pour; to feed a fire; to risk; to stake; to throw away.
- jher (A) jahez, n. m.: Dowry; the paraphernalia which a bride brings to her husband's house.
- a pool; a marsh; a swamp.

- to suffer; to endure.
- jhenp, n. f.: Shyness; modesty; shame.
 - بهينيا ، جهينيا ، جهينيا ، جهينيا ، جهينيا ، بهينينا ، بهينينا ، بهينينا ، جهينيا ، جهينيا ، جهينيا ، جهينيا ، جهينيا ، جهينينا ، جهينيا - bemoan; to cry; to whine; to whimper; to lament; to grieve.
- shrimp; a prawn.
- ricket. (H) jhlngar, n. m.: A
- cies of small barley.
- a respectful form of address; ye, Sir; yes, Madam.
 - ji hān, inij.: Quite so, Sir; Quite so, Madam; true; very good.
- (H) ji. n m Soul; spirit; self mind; any living

thing; disposition: temperament: courage.

ji ā jānā, v.: To fall in love

jl uchā! honā, v.:
To be bored; to be tired;
to be apathetic.

ji ulainā, v.: To be disturbed in mind.

ji bāgh bāgh bāgh honā, v.: To be happy.

ji burā honā, v.:
To feel nausea; to vomit;
to feel hatred (against).

ji barhānā, v.: To encourage; to animate; to inspire with confidence.

be moved to tears; to choke with emotion; to be sad.

i bhar jānā, v.:
To be fed up; to be full
or satiated

ii bahlānā, v.: To divert the mind; to amuse one's seif.

ان سے قربان میں بان میں jī jān se qurhān, adj.: (W) Devoted heart and soul.

ji chalnā, v.: To desire; to venture; to feel like doing a thing.

jī churānā, v.: To shirk; to run from work.

ji chhūṭnā, v.: To loose heart; to be disheartened; to be discouraged; to be exhausted.

ji ko mārnā, v.:
To repress one's desires.

بى كه پانا ji khapānā, v.: To work to death.

ji men and, v.: To occur to; to come into mind.

جيب (A) jeb. n. f.: Collar; a pocket; (fig.) possession.

jeb kharch, n. m.:
Pocket money.

jeb katrā, n. m.: A pickpocket.

- jebl, adj.: Pocket size; belonging to the pocket; small.
- (H) jlt, n. f.: Victory; gain; success; advantage.
 - ing. (2) Something over and above; more.
 - jitā jāglā, adj.: Alive and well; healthy; prosperous.
 - jite ji, adv.: For life; during one's lifetime.
- succeed; to conquer; to beat; to defeat; to overcome; to carry a point; to triumph.
- (H) jeth, n. m.: (1) The husband's elder brother. (2) A Hindimonth (May-June).
- جيد (A) jaiyyad, adj.: Great; strong; powerful; comprehensive; spacious; monumental; good; fertile; excellent.
- (H) jaisā, adv.: Such as; in like manner; according as.
 - jaise taise, adv.: Somehow or other.

- jaise chāho, adv.: As you please.
- A) jaish, n. m.: An army corps.
- جيل جيل خانه (E) jel, jel khāna(h)
 n. m. : Jail ; a prison ; gaol.
- (H) jīnā, v.: To live; to exist; to enjoy life.
- (H) jiwat, adj. & n. m.;

 (I) Brave; spirited; couragous. (2) Courage; valour.
- (H) jiwrā, n. m.: Life; soul; heart; spirit; (fig.) beloved.

- eighth of Urdu. It does not occur in Arabic. Numerical value according to معال عليه المعال ا
- جابک (P) chāhuk, n. m. & adj.:
 - (1) A whip; horse whip.
 - (2) Active; alert.
 - يابك دست chābuk dast, adj.:

 Quick at work; nimble;
 clever.

- جابک سوار chābuk sawār, n.m.:

 A skilled rider; one who
 breaks in horses; a
 jockey.
- جادي (H) chabi, n. f.: A key.
- چاپ (H) chāp, n.f.: Sound of soft foot-steps.
- (P) chāplūs, n. m.: A flatterer; a sycophant.
 - cāhplūsī, n. f.: Flattery; sycophancy; fawning.
- جائے (H) chāṭ, n. ſ.: A lick; relish; longing; craving; habit; a spicy eatable.
 - chā! paṛnā, v.: To acquire a taste or craving for.
 - chā! jāna, v.: To lick up; to lap; to devour; to consume.
 - cha! denā, v.: To allure; to tempt; to entice.
 - chāina v.: To lick; to lap; to consume; to eat; to taste.

- چاچا (H) chāchā, n m.: (Hindu al.) uncle.
- a bedsheet; a veil; a tablecloth; a mantle; a metal or iron sheet; a cascade.
 - بادر چڑهانا chādar charhānā,
 v.: To spread a sheet of
 cloth or flowers over the
 tomb of a saint (as
 offering).
 - chādar چادر دیکه کر پاؤل پهیلانا dekh kar pāun phailānā,
 v: To live within means;
 to economise.
 - (P) chār, adj.: Four; (fig.) few.
 - جار آئينه chār ā'īna(h), n. m.:

 Iron armour; armour

 plate; breast plate.
 - safāyā, n. m.: Shaving of the head, beard, eyebrows and moustaches. (sign of a recluse).
 - چارپائی (H) chār pā'ī, n. f.: A
 beadstead.
 - چار پیسے char paire, n. m.: (lit.) four chips; consi-

- derable amount of money.
- جارچاندلگنا char chānd lagna,
 v.: To be enhanced in beauty.
- جار چو^ئ کی مار chār cho; ki mār, n. f.: Excessive beating; good thrashing.
- chār khāna(h), n.m.:

 Check; cloth etc. ornamented with squares;

 central four squares in a
 chess board.
- chār harf, n. m. : A curse; abuse.
- char din, n. m.: (lit.) Four days; (fig.) a few days.
- chār gunā, adj.: Four-fold.
- چاروں شانے چت chāroh shāne چاروں شانے چت chit, adj.: On one's back (fall).
- chār yār, n. m.: The four companions and successors of the Holy Prophet Muhammad viz.

 A b u B a k r, U m a r, Usman and Ali.

- fodder; food for cattle; bait for fish.
- (P) charah, n. m.: Remedy; cure; redress.
 - چاره جوئی chārah jū'i, n. f.:
 Seeking remedy.
 - جاره ساز ، چاره کر charah saz, chara(h) gar, n.m.: One
 - chār o nāchār, adv.: Perforce; willy nilly; of necessity.
- (P) chāshi, n. f. & m.:

 Time between morning and
 noon; meals of that time;
 breakfast.
- جاشنی (P) chāshnī, n. f.: A mixture of sweet and sour; any slight mixing; flavour; taste; a taste by way of a sample; a specimen; relish; light tinge of sour; viscous state of syrup; tasty syrup.
 - يانىدار chāshnī dār, adj.: Sweet and sour; tasty.
- dy; erect; virile; muscular;

bold; active; spirited; sturdy; in spirits; agile; nimble; vigorous.

جاق چو بند chāq chauband, adj.:

Hale and hearty.

a pen-knife.

(P) chāk, n. m & adj.: (1) جاک A slit; a fissure; a cut; a rent; a cleft. (2) Slit; torn.

chāk karnā, v.: To tear; to slit; to cut open; to split.

(H) chāk, n.m.: A potter's wheel; a wheel; ring of earth or wood (well); a mill-stone; a pully over which the well-rope passes; a round vessel in which sugar or candy is manufactured.

vant; an under servant; an attendant; a handmaid; a menial.

chākri n. f.: Service; duty.

(H) chāksū, n. m.: A small black seed used in eye diseases.

(H) chāl, n. f.; (1) Motion; movement; gait; speed; conduct; fashion; method; way; (2) Trick; cheating.

chāl bāz, adj.: Artful; fraudulent; treacherous; crafty.

chāl chalan, n. m.:

Conduct; character.

ture. (2) Bride's going to and returning from her parent's house to her husband's house at short intervals after marriage; bride's so going and returning four times after marriage. (3) Auspicious moment for starting on a journey.

astute; active; smart; clever; artful; tricky; treacherous; expert; alert; fleet; nimble.

chālāki, n. f.: Clever-ness; tactfulness: alac-

rity; strategem; wit; sharp practice; trickery; fraud.

invoice; list of goods despatched; way-bill; a memorandum of money received and invested; a remittance; a criminal case sheet sent up to the Magistrate by the Police; a pass; a pass-port; bill of lading.

to prosecute; to send up a prisoner for trial; to forward an invoice.

باليس (H) chalis, adj.: Forty.

n. m.: (1) Fortieth. (2)
The fortieth day after death when prayers are offered for peace of the departed one's soul and food is distributed to the poor (among Muslims).

لثاري (H) chānṭā, n. m.: A slap.

جاند (H) chātd, n. m. & f. : (1)

The moon; a lunar month;
a white spot on the fore-

head of cattle; an ornament like half moon; the bull's eye; a crown; a target; (W) sonny. (2) The crown of the head.

The crescent and a star; the emblem of Pakistan and Turkish flags; (also) a Muslim emblem in general; a kite marked with moon and a star; a kind of muslin with moon and star worked on it; an ornament.

chānd rāt, n. f.: The first night of the lunar month; the night of the new moon.

chānd kā tukṛā,
n. m.: A beautiful face
or person; a beloved.

chānd mārī, n. f.: Target practice.

Moonlight; moonbeam. (2)
A white flower. (3) Large
white cloth spread over a
carpet or durree to seat a
gathering etc.

- جاندنی چوک chandni chauk,
 n. m.: A famous bazar
 of old Delhi (Bharat).
- چاندی (H) chāndī, n. f.: Silver; wealth; riches; profits; gains; perquisites; bribes; advantage.
 - n. m.: Thin silver leaf used as medicine or for decorating eatables in dishes.
 - chāndī hond, v.:

 To gain advantage; to have a good time.
 - (H) chāo, n. m.: Wish; desire; gusto; relish; cordiality; warmth; affection; coquetry; pleasure.
 - (H) chāwal, n. m.: (1) جاول (Rice. (2) One-eighth of a رتى raiti, a weight averaging 2½ grains.
 - جاڦِ ش (P) chā'ūsh, n. m.: A sergeant.
 - 이 (P) chāḥ, n. m.: A well; a pit.
 - "chāh-i-zagan چاه ذقن ، زنخدال

- zanakhdan, n. m.: The dimple of the chin.
- جاه کن را چاه در پیش chāh kan rā chāh dar pesh, prov.:

 He who digs a pit for others falls into it.
- love; liking; affection; longing; want; necessity; urgency; demand.
 - chahat, n. f.: Desire; wishing; love; affection; volition.
 - chāhnā, v.: To like; to love; to choose; to want: to long for; to intend; to demand: to call for; to wish for; to require; to pray.
- جائے (H) chā'i, n. f.: Tea.
 - چائے دان ، دانی chā'i dān, dānī, n. m. & f: A tea pot.
 - جائے بانی chā'i pānī, n.m.:

 Refreshment; entertainment; a tea party; (fig.)
 an il'egal offering,
- to musticate; to gnaw; to bite.

جباجبا کے بات کرنا

- جباچبا کے بات کرنا ke būt karnā, v.: To mince words; to speak with study; to boast; to brag
- (H) chibillā, adj.: Childish; uncouth; unpolished; peurile.
 - chibilla pan, n. f.: Childishness; puerility.
- (H) chabutra, n.m.: A platform; a raised terrace or mound; a police station; raised square for prayers or lounge.
- بهنائي (H) chubhnā, v.: To be pricked; to feel the sting of; to be struck with; to be disagreeable.
 - chubhan, n. f.: Pricking; pinch; colic.
- prick; to pierce; to stick into; to sting; to penetrate.
- (P) chap, adj. & n. f.: (1) جيب (P) Left (side); of two colours. (2) A two-coloured kite.

- chup, n.f, adj. & intj.;

 (1) Silence; stillness; quietness. (2) Silent; wanting in speech; mum. (3)

 Silence!; peace!; shut up!
 - جب چاپ chup chāp, adv. & adj.:

 (1) Silently; secretly;

 quietly. (2) Silent;

 mute.
 - چې چې د chup chup, adj.: Speechless; sad; remorseful.
 - چپچپاتے chup chupate, adv.: Secretly; quietly; soundlessly.
 - chup rahnā, sādhnā, v.: To remain silent.
- (H) chappā, n. m.: A small span of land.
 - ehappā chappā, adv.:

 Every inch of ground;

 every hole and corner.
- چېاتې (H & P) chapāti, n. f.: A round thin bread of flour.
- (P) chapāwal, n. m.:
 Guerilla warfare.

- جبت (H) chapat, n. m.: A slap; a thump; a cuff.
 - chapat rasid kar-چپت رسید کرنا nā, v.: To slap.
- (H) chaptā, adj.: Flat; levelled; flattened; compressed.
- to embrace; to hug; to come or remain near about; to adhere; to cling to.
- جَيْجِي (H) chipchipa, adj.: Adhesive; gummy; glutinous; sticky.
 - chipchipānā, v.: To be clammy; to be sticking; to be viscous.
 - chipchipāha!, n. f.: Clamminess; adhesiveness; viscosity; glutinousness.
- چپراس (H) chapras, n. f.: The badge of peons.
 - جبراسی chaprāsī, n. m.: A
 peon; an orderly.
- جبو جبو (H) chapar chapar, n. f.:

 The sound of lapping; the sound made in eating,

- to grease; to rub over with butter or cream etc.; to butter.
 - chupṛi, adj.: Oiled; oily; greasy; rubbed over with butter etc.
 - chupṛi aur do do, جيڙي اور دو دو دو دو chupṛi aur do do, prov.: (lit.) (How nice!)

 Buttered breads and two at a time; a hearty feast; an unusual success.
- (T) chapqalish, n. f.:

 Crowding; throng; want

 of room; noise; a row;

 altercation.
- چېل، چېلى (H) chappal, chapli, n. f.: Slippers; sandals.
- a small lid of a pot; a saucer; knee-pan.
- (H) chappū, n. m.: An oar; a paddle.
- طیبیٹ (H) chapei, n. f.: A sudden blow; misfortune; loss; damage.
- lying flat on the back; prostrate.

chit karnā, v.: To چت کرنا throw an adversary on his back in wrestling; to win.

- نې (H) chitwan, n. f.: A look; a glance; brow.
- ا بي جيم (H) chithrā, chi thra, n. m.: A rag; a torn piece of cloth.
- (H) chitti, n. f.: A spot ; a speck; a scar; a stain; a freckle; mildew or rot (in cloth etc).
 - chitti dar, adj.: Spotted; speckled; stained.
- ふ (H) char, adv.: Instantly; promptly; at once; quickly.
 - chai pui honā, v.: چٹ پٹ ھونا To happen suddenly; to die suddenly.
 - -chai kar ja چٹ کو جانا ، کونا nā, karnā, v.: (1) To eat up; to devour. (2) To swindle; to withhold (money etc.) wrongfully.
- \Leftrightarrow (H) chit, n. f.: A scrap of paper or cloth; a slip; address slip; a rag.

- (H) chiția, adj.: White; fair.
- (H) chatan, n. f.: A large block of stone; a rock: rocky ground; flat stony tract; a plot of hard ground; a boulder.
- نائلي (H) chaiana, v.: To cause to lick; (fig.) to give a bribe; to whet; to sharpen (a blade).
- جنائي (H) chaṭā'i, n. f.: A mat; a mattress.
 - chu! pu!, n. f.: (W) (1) چځ پځ Sundry or miscellaneous expenses; petty expenditure. (2) Ordinary but efficacious medicines.
- ا يُي ڪي (H) cha! pa:ō, adj.: Spicy; pungent; hot.
- نغاره (H) chaikhāra(h), n m.: A clack made by the tongue against the palate to indicate the excellence of the thing tasted or eaten.
- ناخثي (H) cha<u>ikh</u>ānā, cause to crack; to break with a crack; to snap the fingers; to split.

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- بينخنى (H) chatkhani, n f.: The bolt (of a door).
- چٹر پٹر (H) chutur putur, n. f.:
 (W) Miscellaneous items of expenditure.
- Pun; witticism; pleasantry; humour; a joke or trick.

 (2) A specific cure.
- pinch; a handful; a snap of fingers. (2) A medicinal powder; a small doze; a portion of the grain given as weighman's wages. (3) A twist given to the lace.
 - جنگی بجانا chuiki bajānā, v.:

 To snap the fingers; to fillip with the fingers to the tune of a song.
 - chuiki bajate چنگی بجاتے میں chuiki bajate men, adv.: Before one can snap a finger; in the twinkling of an eye; in a trice; in a moment.
 - chutki bharnd, چنکی بهرنا ، لینا lend v.: To pinch; to throw out provoking insinuations; to taunt.

- chuikiyon meh عنكول مين آزانا chuikiyon meh urānā, v.: To turn into ridicule; to turn off in a joke; to put one off with a joke.
- المجاليلا (H) chatkilā, adj.: (1)

 Bright; shining, glittering; splendid. (2) Tasty; pungent.
- or knot binding hair on the back of the head; ribbon to bind hair.
- a pickle; state of being, mashed.
- (H) chatorā, adj.: Toothsome; extravagant in taking extra and tasty food; greedy; one who feeds on dainties; an epicure.
 - chatorāpan, چٹور اپن ، چٹور پن chatorāpan, chatorpan, n. m.: Toothsomeness.
- note; rough account; a memorandum; a list; a schedule; a day book; balance sheet; servant's pay or rations; a register of

daily wages; a pay sheet; rent roll.

- a note; a chit; correspondence; a certificate; an order; a pass; a draft.
 - chiṭṭhi rasāħ, n. m.:
 Postman.
- چئيل (H) chaiyal, adj.: Barren; grassless.
 - جائيل سيدان chaiyal maidān,
 n. m.: Desolate tract of land.
- (H) chachā, n. m.: Paternal uncle; father's brother.
 - پهوڙنا کے چهوڙنا کے چهوڙنا کے چهوڙنا ke chhornā, v.: To leave (one) after thoroughly castigating him.
 - جهازاد، چهرابهائی chchāzād, chacherā bhā'i, n.m.: Paternal uncle's son.
- (H) chakh, n. f.: Discord;
 rupture; altercation;
 uproar; strife.
- جُدٌ هي (H) chaddhi, n. f.:

 Mounting or riding on an animal or a man's back.

- chaddhi lend, v.: To ride on the back.
- duced in tearing cloth or breaking a branch; a ford; a shoal; an island or sand bank formed by current of a river; a large oven; a digestive medicine for animals.
- (P) chiragh, charāgh, n.m:
 A lamp; a light.
 - chirāghān, n. m.: A display of lights; illumination.
 - چراغبڑهانا، ٹهنڈا کرنا، گل کرنا

 chirāgh barhānā, thanḍā

 karnā, gul karnā, v.: To

 put out a light; to extin
 guish a lamp.
 - chirāgh pā honā.

 v.: To stand on legs (a horse); to get angry.
 - har, sahari, n. m.: (lit.)

 Lamp of the morning; declining flicker of lamp;

 (fig.) one on the point of death; a decaying person

- chirāgh se چراغ جلانا جلانا جلانا جلانا chirāgh julānd, v.: (lit.)

 To light from another light; to learn from others.
- chirāgh le چراغ لے کر ڈھونڈھنا chirāgh le kar dhūndnā, v.: (lit.)

 To search with a light; to make an earnest effort; to beat every bush.
- chirāghi, n. f.: Offering; coins offered to the keeper of a saint's tomb; present made to sooth-sayers.
- جراگاه (P) charāgāh, n. f.: Grazing ground; pasture; a meadow.
- (H) charānā, v.: To graze; to feed; to pasture; (fig.) to make a fool (of).
- to commit theft; to embezzle; to conceal; to hide away; to absorb; (sl.) to suck in.
- the sound as from tearing cloth: to throb: to smart.
 - جُوالْد : جَراهُمُد (में) chirānd. chirāhind, n. f.: The smell

- of burning leather, hair, fat, etc.
- לע) (P) charb, adj.: (1) Fat; bulky; plump. (2) Greasy; oily. (3) Sharp; active; quick.
 - charb dast, adj.: چرب دست Dexterious; ingenious.
 - charb zabān, adj.:
 Oily; smooth-tongued;
 flattering.
- (P) charba(h), n.m.: A. tracing in thin paper; a print on transfer paper in lithography; a copy.
 - يديد اتارنا charba(h) utārnā, v.:
 To trace; to copy.
- چربی (P) charbi, n. f.: Fat; grease; tallow.
- جر پرا (H) charparā, adj.: Hot; spicy; pungent; acrid; biting
 - چربراهٹ charparaha!, n.f.:

 Pungency; smarting;

 acridity; sharpness.
- چرڌر، چلتر (S) charittar, chalattar, n. m.: Wiles; tricks; woman's ways.

(H) charchā, n. m.: Rumour; gossip; (popular) talk.

- (H) charcharāha!, n. f.: A cracking sound; sharpness; pungency; pain.
- celestial globe; the sky. (2) Potter's wheel; a wheel; a lathe. (3) A hawk. (4) a hyena.
 - ביב charku-I-barin, n,m.: high heaven; the seventh heaven.
- (P) charkha(h), n. m.: A spinning wheel; a reel; the axis of a pulley; (fig.) a worn out carriage or car.
 - charkhā(h) kātnā, v.: چرخه كاتنا To spin.
- $\boldsymbol{\varphi}$ (H) charas, n. m. : (1) A large leather bucket for drawing water from wells. (2) An intoxicating drug.
- (H) churas, n. f.: A crease; a wrinkle.
 - churas parna, v.: To چرس پؤنا be wrinkled.

- (H) charka, n. m.: A slight cut or wound (of a sword); a scratch; a burn from a hot iron etc.; (fig.) damage: loss; fraud; trick.
- (P) chirm, n. m.: Leather; hide; skin.
 - chirmi, adj.: Made of جرمي leather.
- (1) بير نا (H) charnā, v. & n. m.: To graze; to eat the grass; to feed upon. (2) Halftrousers.
- نا (H) chirna, v.: To be split; to be torn.
- P) charand, cha-چرند، چرنده randa(h), n. m.: An animal that grazes; a quadruped; beast.
 - .charand-o-parand چرند و برند n.m.: The beasts and the birds.
- P) churandam چرندم خرندم khurandam, n. m.: Act of eating and drinking.
- (H) chirwana, v.: cause to split on tear: to get (wood) split, to get (cloth) torn.

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- cause to be stolen; to help in stealing.
- جروانا (H) charwana, v.: To send cattle for grazing; to permit grazing.
- (H) charwāhā, n. m.:
 A grazier; a herdsman; a
 shepherd.
- (H) chari, n. f.: Fodder; (fig.) extra meals (for men).
- کو ' چو (H) chir, chirh, n. f.: Vexation; irritation; jeer.
 - chirhana, v.: To mock; to jeer.
- (H) chirā, n.m.: A cock-sparrow (fem. چڑی chirī.)
- ا چۈچۈ (H) chirchirā, adj.: Fretful; peevish; cross.
- Rice parched and pounded.

 (s. غروا churwa.)
- lift; to raise; to drink; to quaff; to magnify; to exalt; to praise up to the skies; to offer; to dedicate; to cause to ascend; to string (a bow); to lead an army (against).
 - charhāwā; n. m. : An offering; a sacrifice.

- charhā'i, n.f.: Ascent: invasion; attack; assault.
- نه (H) charhat, v.: To ascend; to climb; to advance; to rise; to mount; to ride; to soar; to fly; to be high up in the air; to rise or swell (a river); to rise (in price or value); to rise in. the mind; to stand upright; to be strung up; to be raised; to be raised (the voice); exalted; to be offered; to be sacrificed: to embark; to go on board; to top; to pair (as birds); to be put in the scale; to. be superior; to excel; to get to the head; to take: effect (poison, spirits); tobe spread over; to be coated; to be wrapped; to bepainted or gilded; to beput down; to be inserted; to be put in hand; to fall into one's clutches; to be added on; to increase; to fall in arrears; to be inflated (the currency); to. advänce.
- ילנט אילנט (H) chiri, chiryā.

 n. f.: A bird; a fowl; a.

 hensparrow.

- chiri mar, n. m.: A bird-catcher; a fowler.
- جلياكهر chirya ghar, n. m.:
- چۈيل (H) churail, n. f.: A hag; a female ghost; a dirty or ugly old woman.
- or give to suck.
- sive; sticking; applicable; fitting; fixed; affixed; viscous.
- close; fit; compact; smart; well set; active; adroit; clever; lively; alert.
 - chusti, n. f.: Alertness; adroitness; schilt; dextesity; smartness; skill; dextesity.
- (H) chasak, n. f.: (1) A throbbing pain; pain; pain; pang.
 (2) Ornamental stitch of gold lace.
- relish; zest; gusto; habit; ardent desire.

- chaskā parnā, v.: To acquire or have taste (for); to crave (for).
- draught; a gulp; a sip; a pull at a pipe.
- (P) chashm, n. f: The eye; hope.
 - chashm i-bad dur, intj.: (lit.) Far be the evil eye!; God preserve us from the evil eyes!
 - chashm poshi, n. f.:

 Conniving at; overlooking; pretending not to see.
- chashm numā'i, n. f. ; جشم نمائی Reproof; rebuke; reprimand; scolding; warning.
- Winking; a wink; misunderstanding; unpleasantness; rivalry.
- A spring; a source. (2)

 Spretacles; eye-glasses.
- (fig.) an idiot,

- جغلی (P) chughll, n. f.: Backbiting; tale bearing.
- (P) chaqmaq, n. m.: A flint or steel for striking fire.
- (P) chuqandar, n.m.: Beet; beet-root.
- pain in the back or loins.

 (2) A hanging screen made of split bamboos. (See thilman.)
- n. f.: A dazzling sensation; the effect of sudden and strong flash of light on the eyes.
- A fiddle with a couple of wire and horse's hair for strings. (2) A small buck.
- off; to repay; to settle the price; to complete; to finish.
- بهبری (H) chak pheri, n. f.: Revolving or encircling motion.
- (H) chakat, n. f.: A bite.

- (H) chuktā, adj.: Settled; conclusive; whole-sale.
- round slice; a round spot (on the body); a bite.
- circle; a wheel; a disk; circumference; a circular road; a whirl; a whirlwind; a whirlpool; a circular cuit; rapid rotation; the course of time; giddiness; swoon; perplexity; difficulty; a misfortune; amazement.
 - chakkar and, v.: To be-
 - chakkar men and, v.:

 To be entangled in difficulties; to be in for trouble.
 - chakkar men dalna. v.: To perplex; to
 involve one in difficulties;
 to lead astray.
 - (H) chakrana, v.: To feel giddy or dizzy; to be perturbed; to be worried;

- to be confused; to be puzzled.
- (H) chakle, adj. & n.m.:

 (1) Broad. (In comp. used with المجود chaura. e.g.

 (2) A mill for grinding pulse etc.; a round piece of wood on which bread is rolled; a division of a district or town; a prostitute's quarter.
- trick; a fraud; loss; damage.
 - chakmā chalnā, طحما الله chakmā chalnā, denā. v.: To trick; to defraud; to cause loss or damage
- (T) chikan, n. f.: Embroidered muslin; needlework.
- greasy; polished; glossy; smooth; silky; sleek; slippery; flashy.
 - chiknā chuprā. adj.:
 Oily; greasy: (fig.) well
 fed; groomed; finely
 dressed.

- chiknā gharā, n. m.: (lit.) A greasy vessel; a shameless per on.
- chikna'i, n. f.: Grease; fat; f t of meat; glossiness; smoothness: polish; beauty.
- settlement (bargain, contract); settlement of debt.
- cause to taste; to give a specimen of some eatable; to give a foretaste; to inflict; to cause to suffer or inflict punishment (on).
- te; to relish; to enjoy.
 - chakhautiyan, n. f.,
 pl.: Dainty dishes; dedelicacies.
- (H) chakki, n. f.: (1) A mill-stone; mill; a hand mill; grindstone. (2) The kneepan.
- to peck; to feed the young

chicks; to cause fowls to pick up food with the beak; to take fowls out to pick up food.

- to pick up food with the beak; to feed.
- (H) chul, n.f: (1) Itchiness; restlessness; uneasiness; scratching. (2) Lust; heat; sexual passion.
- (H) chille, n. m.: The string of a bow; egg or any paste fried; gold threads put in the border of a turban; thread or string tied as a vow or charm on a tomb or a tree; the period of forty days after child-birth; the forty days of winter when cold is severe.
- to scream; to cry out; to make a noise; to bawl; to yell; to cry for help; to wail; to flare or howl at.
- in motion; to set agoing; to stir; to agitate; to impel; to drive; to direct; to urge; to conduct; to

manage; to administer; to guide; to advance or lend (money); to hasten; to issue; to make current; to enforce; to pursue; to prosecute; to spread; to disseminate.

- P) chulāo, n. m.: (A dish of) rice fried in کهی ghee or butter; a kind of پلاؤ pulāu without meat.
- الجلبل (H) chulbulā, adj.: Restless; fidgety; gay; sportive; coquettish.
 - chulbula pan, n. n:

 Fidgetiveness; restlessness: sportiveness; liveliness.
- بهرت بهرت (H) chalat phirat, n./.: Action; activity; agility; gesture; gait; revolution.
- ل كاچلان (H) chilchilana, v.: (1)

 To be very hot (the sun).

 (2) To scream; to shrick

 (kite); (fig.) to bawl uselessly.
 - chilchilati dhup, چاچلاتی دهوپ n. m.: Blazing sun.
- ناچلانا (H) chulchulana, v.: To itch.

- shaped basin in which tobacco and fire are kept for smoking purposes.
 - chilam bardar, n. m.:
 One who prepares chilam
 for smoking purposes.
- (T) chilamchi, n. f.: A wash-hand-basin of metal (with or without a cover).
- ging screen made of split bamboos strung together horizontally to keep out glare etc. (See محمد chik.)
- custom; way of life; conduct; character; habit; course; procedure; currency; frugality.
 - chalan se chalnā, جلنا على سے جلنا r.: To live economically; to be frugal.
- move; to go; to go on; to pass (as coin); to stir; to go round; to proceed; to be in vogue; to be in demand; to flow; to blow; to sail; to have influence; to go off

(gun); to be effective; to be in force; to go ahead; to be in season or in the market; to climb; to rise; to die; to be torn; to thrive; to begin; to be used; to practice (trickery); to be fired; to last; to endure; to hang on; to succeed; to prevail; to be deciphered (writing).

- chal basnā,v.: To die.
- chal parna, v.: To start; to set out.
- chal jana, v.: To arise چل جانا (a quarrel).
- chal denā,: To go away: to slip away; to disappear; to run away; to decamp; to march; to leave.
- chale jana, v.: To go on; to keep going; to dep
- جانی ، چهانی (H) chainl, chhalnl, n. f.: A strainer.
- of hand hollowed for holding liquids.

- chullu bhar, adj.: A handful (of any liquid).
- chull عجاوبهر بانی میں ڈوینا chull a bhar pāni meh dūbnā, v.:

 To be greatly ashamed.
- (P) chilla(h), n. m.: A period of forty days; a forty days' fast or religious seclusion.
 - chilla(h) khinchna, بينجنا v.: To retire for prayer and fast for forty days.
- (P) challpa, n. f.: A cross; any crooked or bent thing.
- (H) chamār, n. m. : A cobbler; a man of low caste (among Hindus); an untouchable; (fig.) a dirty fellow.
 - chamar chaudas, عبار چودس n.f: A festival of cobblers; a meeting of cobblers to settle their disputes; (fig.) a noisy brawl.
- (H), champa, n. f: A white and yellow fragrant flower.

- champa kali, n. f.:

 A necklace whose pieces
 resemble buds of champa.
- chompa'i, adj.: Yellow; golden.
- (H) chimṭā, n. m. : Tongs; pincers; nippers. (fem. چمٹی chimṭl.)
- embrace; to hug; to adhere; to fix; to paste.
- to; to be pasted; to clasp; to stick to; to take in close; to follow close at the heels of.
- n. m.: One who sticks like a leech; a bore.
- (T) chamcha(h), n. m.: A spoon; a ladle.
 - A spoonful.
 - spoon.
- نجمرخ (H) chamrakh, n. f & adj.:
 (1) A piece of leather

attached to a spindle. (2) Thin; lean; weak.

- (H) chamras, n. m.: A sore in the foot caused by friction of a boot.
- (H) chamṛā, n. m.: Hide; skin; leather.
- (H) chamak, n. f.: Flash; gleam; glitter; brilliance; spiendour; glare.
 - chamak uihna, v.: To flare up; to get angry; to be brightened; to become famous.
 - chamat dar, adj. : Shining; glittering; brilliant.
 - chamak damak, جمک دمک n. f.; Glitter; splendour; decoration; brilliance.
 - chamkārā, n.m.: Glimmer; glare; shine (as of the sun).
- (H) chumkarna, v.: To make a kissing sound with the lips; to coax or quiet children; to speak kindly to; to fondle.
- الله (H) chamkanā, v.: To brighten; to polish; to ex-

- cite; to stir up; to hail up; to make famous; to cause to glitter or glow.
- (H) chamakna, v.: To shine; to beam; to glow; to flash; to be polished; to glitter; to be startled; to be frightened; to be famous: to flare up; to run fast (horse); to increase suddenly (cold etc.).
- (H) chamkl, n. f. : Spangle; tinsel.
 - chamkila, adi.: Bright: shining; glittering.
- خمگادر (H) chimgādar. n. f.: A bat; a flying fox.
- جمل (H) chammal, n. m.: A small bowl of beggars in they keep their which (chamil.) چملی food.
- (P) chaman, n. m.: A flower bed; a flower garden
- (P) chimigoivan, چمیگونیاں n. f., pl.: Whisperings; whispering compaign; gup; gossip. (From P phrase What do you چه مي کوئي؟ say? In Urdu used only as pl.).

- نج (H) chanā, n. m.: Gram.
- (P) chandr, n. m.: Poplar tree.
- P) chunan chunin, جنان چنين (P) chunan chunin, n f: Argument; disscussion; flaws; blemish; defects.
- P&H) chamber, چنبر، چمبر n. m.: A cover; cover for chilam; orbit.
- چنبیلی (H) chahbell, n.f.:
 Jasmine.
- ا جنجل (H) chanchal, adj.: Restless; changing; fitful; wanton; vivacious.
- بنج (P) chand, adj. Some; a few; a little; several.
 - chand dar chand, adv.: Many times; manlfold.
 - chandrozo(h), adj.:
 Temporary; transitory;
 unstable; unsteady.
 - chande, adv.: For some time.
 - chande afiab chande mahiab, adj.: (W) (lit.)

 Sometimes like the sun
 sometimes like the moon;
 most beautiful; extremely
 fair.

moon. (Also called mames, chanda mames, uncle moon, by children.)

- Subscription; contribution; donation.
- The scalp of the head; a small cake for the children.
- (H) chandal, adj. & n.m.:

 (1) Low-born; miserly. (2)

 A wretch; a miscreant.
 - جنڈال چو کڑی chandal chaukṛl, n. f: A company of miscreants.
- جنری (H) chunri, n. f.: A coloured and flowery scarf of a female.
- المحنكي (P) chang, n.m. & f.: (1) A lute; a tambourine (2) A term in منجنة ganjfa (game). (3) A kite flown in the night by means of a fire-balloon.
- healthy; cured. (In comp. also used with Mer bhall, c. g. Kir Mer.).
- جنگاری (H) chingārī, n. f.: A spark (of fire).

- بنگاری ذالنا chingarl dalma,
 v.: (lit.) To throw a firebrand; (fig.) to sow dissentions.
- claw; a clutch; a handful of anything dry.
- Trumpeting of an elephant; clamour; scream.
 - chinghārnā, v.: To scream; to roar; to trumpet.
- chungi, n. f.: Terminal tax; customs duty.
- basket for flowers etc.; a tray cover.
 - changerl, n. f.: A small basket for keeping bread.
- (H) chunna, v.: (1) To select; to elect; to pick; to choose; to pick up with beak; to pick out unwanted stuff from grain. (2) To crimp (cloth). (3) To lay (dinner on the table). (4) To build a wall; to wall in.

- chunā'i, n. f.: Masonrywork; brick and mortar work.
- holder of lime which is eaten with betel leaf or tobacco.
- (H) chau, n.m.: In comp. used for four.
 - chaubls, adj.: Twenty-four.
 - quadruped; a beast; an animal.
 - four doors (left open);
 wide open; blank; spoiled; desolate; destroyed; failen.
 - One fourth part; fourth day of a month; a tax charged by Marathas.
 - fourth.
 - mony among Muslims held on the fourth day of marriage at the house of the bride.

chauda(h), adj.: Fourteen.

- chaurāhā, n. m.: A cross-road.
- chauras, adj : Rectangular; levelled.
- chaukanna, adj.: Cautious; watchful; scared; far-sighted.
- chaukor. adj : Four cornered; square; (fig.) fat.
- chaumukhā, adj : چومکها Having four faces; having to attend to all the چومکهی .four sides. (fem. چومکه chaumukhi.)
- chaumukhi, چوسکهی لوائی لونا lara'l larna, v.: To fight in all directions; to attack from all sides; to defend (one self) from every side.
- يجواليس (H) chawalls, adj.: Forty-four.
- ې (P) chob. n. f.: Wood; timber; astick; a club; a post; a staff; a mace; pole of a tent.

- نجوك (H) choi n f.: A hurt; a bruise: a blow: (fig.) loss (in trade).
 - cho! karnā, v.: To جوٹ کرنا hurt; to sting; to wound; to cast aspersions; to taunt; to befool.
 - cho! khānā, v.: To جوٹ کھانا be hurt or wounded; to receive a blow; to suffer loss or damage.
 - (H) choil, n. f.: Top; summit; peak; apex; a coil or lock of hair braided by women; (Hindus) a single lock of hair left on a shaven head; the crest of a bird.
 - chori gundhna, v.: چولی کوندهنا To braid the hair.
 - (H) chochla, چونولا، چونولا chonchla, n. m.: Fondling: playfulness; coquetry; pleasantry; airs; affectation; sport; luxury.
 -) בפנ (H) chor, n. m. & adj.: (1) A thief; a pilferer; robber; a secret outlet; a كنجنه card in the game of ganjfā concealed as a trick; an ulcer; suspiciousness;

- doubt; mistrust. (2) Hidden; sly; treacherous; false.
- chor bāzār, n. m.: چود بازاد (Mod.) Black market.
- چور بازاری chor bāzārī, n. f.:
 Black-marketing.
- chor darwäza(h),

 n. m.: A secret back

 door; trap door.
- concealment.
- Secretly.
- sina(h) zori, prov. : (lit.)
 To be bold after committing theft; to be cheeky instead of expressing regret on one's misbehaviour.
- powdered; done up to pieces; intoxicated.
- (H) chara, n.m.: Powder; bruised grain; sawdust; filings.
 - chard karnd, v.: To reduce to pieces; to powder; to break to bits.

- جوراسی (H) chaurasi, adj.: Eighty-four.
- (H) chaurannawe, adj.: Ninety-four.
- (H) chaura, adj.: Broad; wide; expanded.
 - جوڑائی جوڑائی chauran, chaura'i, n. f.: Breadth; width.
- らう (H) churi, n. f.: A bangle.
 - churiyah چوڑیاں ٹھنڈی کرنا thandi karnā, v.: To break bangles (on the death of husband).
- (H) chūza(h), n. m.: A chicken; (fig.) a young boy or girl.
- جوسته ، جونسه ، جونسه chaunsain, adj : Sixty-four.
- game (of dice and conical pieces).
- to absorb; to exhaust; to drink in.
- main market of a city; a quadrangle; a square.

جوكؤى (H) choukṛl, n.f.: A carriage and four; a bound (as of a deer); a bounce; a company of four.

- chaukri bharna, جو کڑی بهرنا v.: To bound; to bounce; to spring; to leap.
- chaukri bhūlnā, جو کڑی بھولنا v.: (lit.) To forget (one's) bound; to lose (one's) alertness; not to remain as active as before; to be perplexed.
- نجو کس (H) chaukas, adj.: Watchful; alert; careful; active; intelligent; clever; cautious; vigilant; diligent.
 - chaukasl, n. f.: Vigiwatchfulness; lance: . alertness.
 - chaukasi karna, چو کسی کرنا v.: To guard; to keep watch on; to be on the alert.
- نهن (H) chaukhaṭ, n. m.; A door frame; threshold; entrance.
- ليو كها (H) chaukhaṭā, n.m.: A frame of picture or mirror etc.; any frame.

- (H) chauki, n. f.: (1) A police post; an outpost; a guard's post. (2) A frame to sit on; commode; privy. (3) A band of musicians.
 - چوکی بدلنا chauk! badainā, v.: To be relieved (a guard).
 - chaukidar, n m.: A چوکی دار watchman; a guard; a sentinel.
- בף או (P) chaugāh, n. m.: The game of polo; bat or stick (to play the game'.
- (H) choll, n. f: The body of a coat; bodice; a small jacket.
 - choli daman جولي دامن كا ساته kā sāth, prov.: A close attachment or adjunct.
- ني ومنا (H) chumna, v.: To kiss.
- نجون (H) chawwan, adj.: Fiftyfour.
- U چو (H) chanā, n m. & adj.: (1) Lime; quick lime. (2) Sour; acrid. (In comp. used with the khaffa e. g. (. كهنا جونا
 - chanā lagāmā, v.: (1) چونالكانا To apply lime in betel leaf. (2) Deceive.

- (H) chand, v.: To drip; to leak; to ooze; to drop slowly.
- چونتیس (H) chauntls, adj.:
 Thirty-four.
- جونٹی ، چیونٹی (H) chuhil, chiuhil, n. f.: An ant.
- tibij; (H) chaukkānā, v.: To startle; to awaken; to rouse.
- be startled; to wake up; to be awakened; to be ogle: to be roused (from sleep).
- (H) chuha, n. m. & adj.:

 (I) A rat. (2) (fig.)

 Drenched.
 - chuhe dan, n. m. 1 جو هے دان A rat trap.
- 🛟 (H) chhe, adj.: Six.
 - n. f.: (1) Six-monthly; half-yearly. (2) Half-yearly payment; also a ceremony (of offering prayers for the dead).
- サーキ (H) chhāp, n.f.: A stamp; an impression; print; seal.

- to stamp; to publish.
- impression; seal; printing; the press. (2) Attack; a night or surprise raid.
 - chhāpā mārnā, v.:
 To make a surprise
 attack.
 - chhape khāna(h),
 n. m.: A printing press;
 printing office.
- ناهج (H) chhātā, n. m.: An umbrella.
- (H) chhāti, n. f.: (1) The breast; chest; bosom.
 (2) Courage; spirit; enterprise.
 - patthar rakh lenā, v. : To bear quietly; to endure patiently.
 - جهائی پر سائپ لوثنا chhātī par sāhp loinā, v.: To burn with jealousy; to recall with grief.
 - chhāti pur چهاتی پر سونگ دلنا māng dalnā, v.: To annoy (someone) openly.

- جهاتی بهنها chhātl phaṭnā, v.:

 To be broken (the heart);

 to be unable to bear.
- chhāti se lagānā, چهانی سے لگانا v.: To hug; to embrace; to fondle; to caress.
- winnowing fan.
 - chhājon barasnā, برسنا v.: To fail (torrents of rain).
- 44-ኡ ነፋ-ኡ (H) chhāchh, n. f. : Buttermilk ; whey.
- (P) chahar, adj. : Four.
 - chahār dahum, adj.: Fourteenth.
 - chahar shambah, n.m.: Wednesday. (In Hindi called ها، budh.)
- (1) جهاگل (H) chhāgal, n. f : (1) A leather bag for water. (2) A foot ornament.
- (H) chhāliya, n.f.:
 Betelnut.
- to cover; to shade; to roof; to overspread; to overspread; to overspread; to overcast (clouds).

- to chip; to lop off; to shear; to crop; to thin; to prune; to cut out (clothes); to clear (land); to cut down; to cut short; to retrench; to select; to weed; to purge; to reject; to dismiss; to kill; to butcher.
- sift; to strain; to filter; to search; to investigate; to analyse.
- (H) chhāon, n. f.: A shade; a shadow.
- cantonment; barracks or huts for soldiers.
- figure; personal charm; shape; form.
 - (1) Having a well formed bust; shapely; graceful; lovely; sprightly; gay.

- (2) A comely person. (fem. چهبولی chhablli.)
- (H) chabbls, adj.:
 Twenty six.
- hide; to conceal; to keep secret; to cover; to veil.
 - chhupā rustam, n. m.:
 An undiscovered genius.
- thatched roof; a shed; a hut; a cottage; (fig.) a heavy load.
 - kar denā, v. : (For God Almighty) to bestow favours in a miraculous manner.
 - chhaparkhai, n. m.:

 A bedstead with canopy
 and curtain; a tent bedstead.
- splash of water; a small net for catching pigeons; an ornament worn on the forehead; an iron-catch (for locking).
- زيّا) chhipkall, n. f.: A. lizard.

- (H) chhappan, adj.: Fifty-
- To hide; to lurk; to be concealed; to clude or escape observation; to veil; to put on a mask; to observe purdah; to set (the sun, moon or stars).
- printed; to be stamped; to be published.
- cause to print; to get printed.
- a ceiling.
- (H) chhatar, n. m.: A large umbrella (held over kings).
- umbrella; the hood of a carriage; hood or covering of a bed; an ornamental pavilion or dome built over a building; a bamboo frame for pigeons to settle upon.
- H) chhattls, adj.: Thirty-six.

- بهانی، پنا بهانی، پنا بهانی، پنا بهانی، پنا بهانی، پنا pana, n. m.: childhood; infancy.
- (H) chhaṭā, adj.: Sixth.
- cause to be separated; to relieve from bondage etc.
- Sixteenth part of a seer, equal to two ounces.
- (H) chhurkārā, n. m.:

 Liberation; release; discharge; deliverance; liberty;
 exemption; leisure; spare
 time.
- scattered; to be sown; to shine.
- from; to escape from; to get loose; to drop; to hang loose; to be left off; to be separated; to be liberated; to be acquitted; to be discharged; to be dismissed; to be redeemed (a mortgage); to cease; to stop; to be given up; to be left out; to be left behind; to spout; to flow; to gush; to be set in motion (train);

- to start; to go off; to be fired; to come off (as colour from cloth).
- (H) chhutti, n. f.: Holiday; leave; vacation; discharge; dissmissal; liberation; release; permission.
- sixth day ceremony after child-birth.
 - chhaii kā dedh yād ana, v: To remember good old days (in adversity); to meet a misfortune after having enjoyed life; to face a most difficult situation.
- balcony; a protruding cornice; portico; a sun shade.
- 134343 (H) chhichhrā. chhichhrā, n m.:
 Scraps of meat; the unuseable part of flesh.
- chirp; to sing; to warble; to chatter in high spirit.
- Manage (H) chhichhia, adj.;
 Shellow.

Showy; childish; shallow; puerile; trifing; mean.

- chhichhorāpan, n.m.: Meanness.
- m.f.: (1) The musk rat; a mole. (2) A equib (firework).
- Blame; accusation; slander. (2) Objection.
 - (W) To remove the cause of a complaint; to do a thing without showing much interest; to go away soon after visiting some one.
 - chhudda rakhna, v.:
 To blame.
- (H) chhidra, adj.: Thin; sparse; not closely woven; wide apart.
- (H) chhurā, n. m. : A large knife; a dagger. (fem. چهری chhurī, a table knife.)
- shot; shot; pebble.
- *** (H) chihra(h), n. m.: Face; countenance; portrait; miniature; a mask.

- To become pole; to be downcast; to weaken.
- (H) chharerā, adj. ; Lean; thin; light weight; thin and tall. (fem. جهريرى chhareri.)
- (H) chhar, n. m.; A long pole or bamboo; a fishing rod.
- (1) Alone; lonely; solitary; single; unmarried.

 (2) An ornament for the feet.
- chhurwana. v.: To cause to be released; to get delivered or discharged.
- (H) chhiraknā, v.: To sprinkle; to water.
- (H) chhirmā, v.: To commence; to begin; to be played (on).
- ing stick; a cane.
- burn; blistering. (2) A layer of bricks.

- uke (H) chhakana, v.: To satisfy fully.
- two wheeled bullock cart; a goods cart; a ramshackie.
- (H) chhaknā,-v.: To be filled; to be satiated.
- chirp or sing (birds); to chatter joyfully.
- جهل (H) chohl, n. f.: Quips and pranks; pleasantry; mirth.
 - chohl karna, v.: To make merry.
- (P) chihil, adj.: Forty.
 - چبل قدسی chihil qadm!, n. f.:

 Walking up and down;
 a stroll; ramble.
 - tieth day of mourning.
- 大会 (H) chahlā, n. m. t · Mud ; mire; slime.
- لَهُولَ لَهُولَ (H) chahal pahal, n. f.: Life; stir; bustle; activity; merriment; mirth.
- skin; husk; crust; shell; peel; soales; bark.

- نارنا chhilka utarna, v.:
 To peel.
- UKIA (H) chhalkana, v.: To cause to spill.
- be spilt; to fill to the brim; to be about to overflow.
- (H) chhllori, n. f. 1 A blister; a whitlow.
- Jingle of ornaments or bells.
- of water falling on a hot plate; tinkle of small belia; sound of falling metal on a hard surface; clink of supees, pebbles, gravel etc.
- twinkling of an eye; a moment.
- of frying or roasting; sound of bells; sound of falling anything in hard-boiling butter or oil.
- To be strained; to be sifted; to be scrutinized. (2)
 A strainer.

- Wrested; to be snatched.
- grow thin; to be extracted or separated; to be pruned.
- The little finger.
- بهوارا، چهوهارا (H) chhuwara, chhuhara, n. m. 1 Dried date.
- contamination; defilement; pollution; infection.
 - chhūt chhāt, n. f.: Untouchability.
- tion; detachment; divorce; relinquishment; exemption; release; injunction; remission of revenue; reduction in assessment; leaving; licence; striking off-hand; radiance or splendour of jewels.
- less; common; low; mean; paltry; narrow; low-minded; contemptible; younger; junior; minor.
 - (W) Bodice; corset.

- free; to be released; to escape; to be set free; to get loose; to be dismissed; to be abandoned; to pair (animals).
- chhokrā, n. m.: A boy; a a lad. (fem. چهوری چهوکری chhokrī, chhokrī.)
- give up; to abandon; to desert; to forsake; to divorce; to leave; to spare; to pardon; to abdicate; to let go; to abstain from; to release; to resign; to evict; to discharge; to fire (gun); to shoot; to set aside; to quit.
- (H) chholdari, n f.:

 A small canvas tent; a

 pavilion (for servants,
 sepoys etc.).

- to feel; to handle; to meddle with; (fig.) to take in one's lap.
- season with spices etc. (by frying).
- (H) chhihattar, adj.: Seventy-six.
- (H) chhi, inif.: Fy!; Pooh!;
 Tush!
- جهياسته (H) chhiyānath, adj.: Sixty-six.
- جهیاسی (H) chhiyasi, adj.: Eighty-six.
- بجهياليس (H) chhiyālis. adj.: Forty-six.
- و ع (H) chhiyānnawe, adj.: Ninety-six.
- loration or spots on the skin; a skin disease; an inferior palm fruit; leather strap for buckling on the saddle; a fishing rod; rod with a bag at one end for flying pigeons.
 - (H) chahitā, adj.; Darling; dear; endeared;

- beloved; favourite. (fem. chahīsī.)
- an aperture; an opening; on orifice.
 - hole; to perforate; to bore.
 - handling; laying one's hand on; fillip; stimulation; provocation; irritation; annoyance; joke; flirtation.
 - chhār, chher khāni, n. f.:
 Provoking or exciting;
 starting (quarrel); cutting joke; wordy warfare.
 - to tickle; to spur; to give a fillip; to joke with; to make fun of; to irritate; to vex; to disturb; to tease; to pester; to molest; to stir up; to commence; to start (singing).

- gay young fellow; a dandy; a fop.
- to peel; to scrape; to erase; to scratch.
- Sprinklings of water; a stain; a blot. (2) Chintz; a printed cloth.
 - splash. (2) A shower; light rain. (3) Fraud. (4) A puff of opium. (5)

 Taunt; aspersion.
 - chhinton men چهینتول مین آنا ana, v.: To be tricked; to be deceived.
- Sneeze. (H) chhiak, n. f.: A
 - chhīnknā, v.: To suceze.
- to wrench; to take forcible possession (of).
 - chhin چهين جهينا جهينا جهينا jhapai, chhina jhapil, n. f.: Snatching; taking

- by force; a quarrel;
 scramble.
- whth (H) chep, n. m.: Gum; paste; pus; viscosity; stickiness.
 - chepi, n. f.: Slip pasted on.
- ther; a small hunting leopard.
- recollection; thought; imagination; attention.
 - interested; to take interest; to concentrate (on); to pay close attention.
 - To be disinterested; to be unable to concentrate.
- ceive; to think; to wake up; to be warned; to advise; to fiare up (lamp).
- anxiety; concern; craving
 - chetak lagna, v.: To feel anxiety for; to crave for.

pox.

جبچک (H) chechak, n. f.: Small

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جيست (H) chihk, n. f. 1 A scream; a shrick.

chikh pukār, n. f.:

Calling aloud; noise;

shriek; outcry.

chikh marna, v.: To scream; to cry out.

shrick; to cry out; to roar; to yell in anger).

(H) chir, n. f.: A tear; a cut; rent.

putation; a surgical operation; dissection.

to tear; to cleave; to cut open; to break through (crowd or line); (fig.) to steal.

eهبره (H) chira(h), n. f. : Overpowering; getting upper hand.

chira(h) dasti, n. f.:
Oppression; violence.

المجاز (P) chiz, n. f.: A thing; an article; commodity; an

item; ornament; a precious thing; a poem; a song.

نان (P) chistan, m. f.: A riddle; an enigma; a puzzle.

جيل (H) chll, n. f.: A kite.

chil andā چول اندا چهو د کی هے chil andā chhoril hai, prov.: (lit.)

The kite refuses to hatch (said of unbearably hot weather).

جين (H) chain, n. m.: Rest; repose; relief; peace; contentment; comfort; tranquility.

get better; to be comforted; to feel satisfied or eased.

chain urānā, karnā, v.: To enjoy; to be at ease or comfort; to make oneself comfortable.

(P) chia, n. m.: (1) A wrinkle; a gather; crease; fold. (2) China.

chia boinā, bol jānā, v.: To admit defeat.

- جبين به جبين chin ba fable, adj.:

 Having a frown on the forehead.
- chiuhiā, n. m.: A large black ant. (fem. چينځی چيونځی chiaji, chiuhii).
- (1) White sugar. (2) Of or belonging to China; Chinese language.

ح

- he, n. f.: Called المائي المائي ha'i muhmalah, it is the ninth letter of Urdu and sixth of Arabic alphabets. It does not occur in Persian, but certain words have been allowed to be spelt with this. Numerical value, according to abjad=8.
- chief noted for his generosity; (fig.) any generous person.
 - الم كى قبر بر لات مارتا الم كى قبر بر لات مارتا kl gabr par lat marna, v.:
 (fig.) To be more generous then Hatim; (for a

- miser) to indulge in a chance generosity.
- φο (A) hājib, n. m.: (1) A doorkeeper; a chamberlain.
 (2) A curtain.
- Need; requirement; necessity; want. (2) Call of nature.
 - اجت رفع کرفا hājat rafa' karnā, v. : (1) To help some body. (2) To go to the privy.
 - hajaimand, adj. & n. m. : (1) Needy ; indigent. (2) A needy person.
- has performed pilgrimage to Meoca. (fem. بعنه hajjan.)
- ضاکت (A) hādis, adj.: (1) New; just begun; recent. (2) Non-eternal; mortal. (opp. of تديم qadim, ancient.)
- Accident; calemity; a sad event; misfortune.
- جادق (A) haziq, adj.: Perfect; skiiful; proficient (physician).

- ار (A) hār, udj.: Hot; heat-
 - ماره harrah, adj.: Torrid.
 - (A) haris, n.m.: A cultivator.
 - בור (A) hārij, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) Obstructer; hinderer;
 an obstacle; obstruction;
 hindrance. (2) Obstructive.
 - حاسد (A) hasid, n. m. & asij.:
 (1) An envious person;
 enemy (2) Envious.
 - ulty of perception or feeling.

 - (A) hāshiya(h), n.m.:

 'Margin; border; hem; a

 marginal note; footnote;

 commentary; commentary

 of a commentary; retinue.
 - بردار hāshiya(h) bardār, n.m.: A satellite; a servant; a dependent.
 - hashiya(h) charhana, v.: To write a

- marginal note; to lengthen or improve a story; to magnify; to exaggerate; to write a commentary.
- بر الماميد ال
- out-turn; return; produce; revenue; effect; inference; consequence; result; product; gain; acquisition; object; a tax; a duty; customs; crop.

 - امل ضرب hāṣil zarb, n.m.: Multiple; the product (in multiplication).
 - acquire; to gain; to produce; to collect; to learn.
 - الام hāşil kalām, n. m. & adv.: (1) Substance; meaning; motive; sense.
 (2) In short; to sum up; concluding.
 - ماصل نه حصول به معول به معول adv.: Without profit or gain; usclessly.

حاضر (A) ḥāzir, adj.: Present; in attendance; prepared; willing; ready at hand; (gram.) the second person.

- إمرات إمرات إمرات إمرات إمرات إمرات إمرات cation of spirits; commanding or imprisoning demons etc.
- ی hazir bash, n. m. & حاضر باش adf.: (1) A regular or constant attendant. (2) Constant or regular (in attendance).
- جواب إمر جواب إغر جواب المرجواب (lit.) Ready with an answer; quick - witted; impudent.
- hazir karna, v. : To present; to bring; to Cause to appear; to produce.
- haziri, n. f.: (1) Presence; attendance; rollcail; appearance. (2) Breakfast (Europeans). (3) An offering of food for a departed soul; a funeral feast sent to the household of the deceased.

- (A) ḥāfiṣ, adj. & n. m. : (1) Preserver; protector; guardian. (2) One who has learnt the whole of the Holy Quran by heart; Poet Hafiz of Shiraz.
 - hafiz-t-haqiqi, n. m.: (lit) The real Protector: God.
 - ḥdfiza(h), n.m.: Memory; retentive faculty of the mind.
- Siz (A) hakim, n. m : A ruler; one invested with authority; a governor; a master; a magistrate; an official.
 - ailas hakimāna(h), adj. de adv.: (1) Authoritative, (2) Authoritatively; judicialty.
- ال (A) hāl, n.m.: (1) Condition; state; situation; posttion; circumstance; present; present tense; affair; case; story; husiness; statement; narrative; life; vitality. (2) Ecstasy; exalted state of feeling; rapture.
 - لاً مال آكا hāl ana, v.: To be thrown into ecstasies. .

- ال ألكة hai anki, adv.:

 Though; although;

 however; whereas; on

 the contrary.
- بقلا هونا بقلا هونا hāl patlā honā, v.:

 To be in a sorry plight;
 to be miserable; to be in
 great fear.
- ال كهيانا مال كهيانا مال كهيانا مال كهيانا roll or toss about from ecstasy or restlessness (after listening to the music).
- ال و الل الله hal-o-qal, n, m.:

 (1) State; condition. (2)

 Ecstasy of dervishes

 (after listening to the music).
- haliya(h), adj: (Mod.)

 Current; recent.
- stance; state; condition; strength; position of one's affairs.

 - hālat-i-naza', n. f.:

 Dying state; last gasp.

- (A) ḥāmil, n. m.; A bearer; a porter.
 - hamila(h), adj,: Carrying; pregnant.
 - hāmila(h) honā, v.:

 To conceive; to be pregnant.
- A) ḥāmī, adj.: Supporter; protector; patron.
- the upper hand; getting within one's grasp; being all in all; perfect; skilled.
- ing; interposing; hindering; preventing; obstructing.
 - رمونا ha'll hond, v.: To come in the way; to impede; to hinder; to interrupt; to disturb.
- ب> (A) hub(b), n.f.: Love; affection; desire; friendship.
- (A) hab(b), n. f. : A piil; a tablet.

- حباب (A) ḥabāb, n. m.: A bubble.
- جبس (A) habs, n. m.: Imprisonment; confinement; prison; suffocation; choking.
 - habs-i-beja, n. m.: Wrongful confinement; unlawful detention.
 - habs i dam, n. m.:

 Retaining the breath for a long time; breath-control; asthma.
 - habs-i-dawam, n. m.:
 Transportation for life.
- حبل (A) habl, n. f.: A rope; a cord; (fig.) alliance; unity.
 - جبل المتين hablul mailn, n. f.:

 Strong rope; reliable support; (fig.) Holy

 Quran; Islamic teachings.
- (A) habba(h), n m.: A grain; a pill; a jot; a pie; a small piece or portion.
 - habba(h) bhar, adj.:
 Very little.
 - habba(h) ḥabba(h),
 n. m.: Every pie; every
 slight portion.
- friend; a lover; a beloved; a comrade.

- (A) hatte, prep. & conj.;
 Until; as far as; so that; to
 the extent of; up to; in
 such a manner, and thus;
 even to; in order that; to
 such a degree that.
 - hatid ki, adv.: In-as-much as; even; in con-sequence.
 - متى الاسكان hattal imkān, adv.:

 To the best of (one's)
 ability; as far as lies in
 (one's) power.
- permanent; definite; certain.
- to M.cca (on due time and as directed).
- tain; a veil; modesty; bashfulness.
 - be lifted (a veil or curtain); to be free; to become shameless.
 - hijāb karnā, v. 1

 To cover; to observe

 pardah; to feel
 shame.

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function of a barber; shaving; hair - dressing; a shave; (fig) plunder; robbery.

hajāmat banānā,

v.: To shave; (fig.) to

plunder; to rob; to cheat.

ment; contention; discussion; objection; disputation; altercation; proof; reason; pretext; excuse.

hujjat karnā, v.: To dispute; to discuss; to contest; to argue; to challenge; to plead; to demur; to adduce an argument; to bring forward a presext; to raise an objection.

hujjat länä, v.; To adduce argument; to prove.

(A) hajar, n. m.: A stone.

hafar-i-aswad, n. m.:
The black stone fixed in

the wall of the Ka'bah in Mecca.

• A) hujrah, n. m.: A cell;
a closet; a small chamber;
a prayer-room; a cabin in
a mosque.

(A) hajlah, n. m.: An ornamented pavilion or chamber with curtains for a bride; the marriage-bed.

(A) hajam, n. f.: Thickness; volume.

boundary; limit; a landmark; the utmost point of
degree; the maximum;
extremity; extent; term;
bar; restriction; ordinance
of God and punishment for
its non-observance.

جا بنادی had(d) bandl, n. f.:

Fixing the boundaries;

determining; defining.

باهر ملسيباهر had(d) se bahar, adv.: Beyond limits; out of bounds.

براهنا براهنا had(d) se barhna,

v.: To go beyond the limits; to overstep; to transgress; to exceed one's power.

- امل فأصل had(d)-i-fāṣii, n. f.: A
 partition.
- بط کرنا had(d) karna, v.: To reach the utmost limits; to go beyond bounds; to push anything to extremity.
- مل کے اندر had(d) ke andar, adv.: Within limits or bounds.
- أ مدعائد كرنا، حد لكانا به مدعائد كرنا، حد لكانا أ a'id karnā, ḥad(d) lagānā, v.: To prosecute; to charge:
- باروك hudud, n. f., pl.: Boundaries; the limits.
- hudud-i-arb'a (h)

 n. m.: The four boundaries; the four sides.
- (A) hiddat, n. f.: Vehemence; heat; (fig.) acrimony.
- ings and doings of Holy Prophet Muhammad.
- رز (A) hozar, n. m.: Caution; vigilance; prudence; care; fear.
 - المركرنا hazar karna, v.: To be careful; to avoid.

- حذف (A) hazf, n. m.: Omission; deletion; rejection: dropping.
 - ملف کرنا ملی hazf karna, v.: To omit; to drop; to cut off.
- s> (A) hur(r), adj.: Pree:
 free-born.
 - hurriyat, n. f.: Freedom.
- (A) harārat, n. f.: Heat;
 warmth; a slight fever;
 passion; vehemence; fervour; burning; ardour;
 zeal; anger.
 - جرازت غریزی harārat i gharlzi, n, f.: Natural heat of the body.
 - of heat; natural heat; a calory; rage; sharpness; anger; emotion; fraud.
 - harāra(h) denā, v.:
 To defraud; to cheat.
- charge; care; watch; guard; escort; imprisonment; a lock-up.
 - irasa 1 men إحراست مين لينا lena, v.: To take into custody; to detain.

- harraf, adj: Tricky; deceitful; clever; cunning. (fem. عرافه harrafa(h).).
- (A) ḥarām, adj. & n. m:

 (I) Illegitimate; adulterous; unlawful; forbidden; wicked; wrong; nefarious; sacred; inviolable. (2) Unlawful act; adultery; illicit intercourse.
 - n. m.: (1) Faithless; corrupt; living on wages of inequity; taking bribes.

 (2) An idle or lazy fellow; one who does not perform his duty and yet receives his pay; a corrupt person; a usurer; one who lives on the wages of inequity or unlawful gains.
 - da(h), ḥarāmi, ady. & n m.:
 (1) Illegitimate; bastard;
 villain. (2) A wicked person; a rascai; a villain.
 (fem. حرام زادى ḥarām zādī.)
 - عرام کردینا haram kar dena,
 v.: To make unpalatble, unbearable (life).

- haram karnā, v.: (1)
 To forbid; declare
 unlawful. (2) To commit
 adultery.
- harām maghz, n. m. t بغز The spinal marrow.
- בעי (A) harb, n. f.: Warfare; battle; fight; conflict.
- (A) harba(h), n. m.: (1)

 War weapon; a dart. (2)

 Attack; assault; invasion;
 a thrust.
- حرج (A) haraj, n. m.: Loss; waist of time; delay; respite; dearth.
- (A) hliz, n. m. : (1) A fortified place; an asylum; a place of refuge. (2) A charm or amulet.
- covetousness; avarice; ambition
- of the alphabet; a particle; a word; blame; censure; reproach.
 - stigmatised; to suffer reproach; to be under chade.

- المنا harf ashna, n. m.:
 One who can just read;
 a literate person.
- حرف به عرف harf be harf, adv.: Word for word; literally.
- جرف جار harf-i-jar, n. m.: A preposition.
- حرف کیری harf girl, n. f.: Criticism; finding fault.
- برفندا بarf-1-nida,; An interjection.
- harf o hikayat, n. f.: Intimate discourse or conversation.
- حرفت (A) hirfat, n. f.: (1)

 Trade; industry; craft; art;
 skill. (2) Artifice; wickedness; cunning.
 - برفتی hirfatl, adj.: Crafty; cunning; artful; intriguing.
 - برفه hirfa(h), n. m.: A craft;
 a handicraft.
- Action; motion; movement; commotion; gesture. (2)
 Wicked act; a mischief; misdemanner; fault:

- crime. (3) The vowel or discritical points.
- (A) haram, n. m. & f.: (1)

 The sacred circuit round the Holy Ka'bah; a sanctuary; woman's apartments. (2) A female slave or concubine.
 - برم سرا haram sarā, n. f.: A seraglio; harem; wo-men's apartment.
- appointment; failure; despondence.
 - برمال نصيب hirman neslb, adj.: Disappointed; lost; unlucky; unfortunate.
- Dignity; sanctity; honour; reverence; reputation; chastity; esteem. (2) Being unlawful.
- ير ير (A) ḥarlr, n. m. : Silk.
- مرير (A) harira(h), n. m.: A sweet caudle; a concoction of almond and spices; a preparation of sugar, milk and مريب عمراً (fine granules of flows) generally given to invalids for chronic details.

- A) haris, adj.: Greedy; avaricious; covetous; gluttonous.
- (A) harlf, adj. & n. m:

 (1) In the same profession.
 - (2) A rival; an adversary; an opponent; an enemy.
- (A) huzn, n. m.: Sorrow; grief; mourning; affliction; sadness.
 - أنان hazin, adj.: Sad; sorrowful; melancholy, grieved, afflicted.
- Sense; sensitiveness; imagination; sympathy; sentiment.
- Accounts; computation;

 calculation; arithmetic;

 rate; price; method; way;

 economy; measurement;

 standard; estimation; opinion.
 - bebag, pak kurna, v.: To settle an account; to pay up the arrears; to pay off or adjust a debt; to clear accounts.

- dostan dar dil, prov.:

 (lit.) Account between
 friends (is kept) in
 hearts; give and take
 between friends cannot
 be counted in terms of
 money.
- hisāb denā. v.: To give or render account.
- hisāb lagānā, v.:
 To calculate; to reckon;
 to estimate.
- (A) hasvās, adj.: Sensitive; sentimental; shrewd.
- (A) husām, n. f.: A sharp sword
- formity with; according to; considering.
 - برشاد، حکم برشاد، حکم hasb-i-irshad, hukm, adv.: As ordered;
 as directed.
 - According to condition;
 as circumstances demand;
 appropriately.
 - hasb-i-zail, adv.: As follows; as mentioned below; as under.

- hasb i maydur, adv.: According to means; as far as possible.
- hasb i m'amūl, adv.: As usual; according to custom.
- (A) hasab, n.m.: Pedigree; lineage.
- المسك (A) hasad, n. m.: Envy; jealously; malice.
 - hasud karnā, v.: To feel jealous.
- أمرت (A) hasrat, n. f.: Longing; desire; wish; grief; regret.
- (A) hasan, adj. & n. m.:

 (I) Fine; good; noble; worthy; praisworthy. (2)

 Name of the elder son of Hazrat Ali, the fourth Pious Caliph, and brother of Hussain, the martyr of Karbala.
- (A) husn, n. m.: Beauty; elegance; loveliness; grace; goodness; comeliness.
 - A lucky chance; good luck.

- برست husn parast, n. m.:
 An admirer of beauty.
- husn-i-zan, n. m.: A favourable opinion of a person; a good opinion.
- husn-o-qubh, n.m.: Merits and demerits; good and bad points.
- الب husn-i-talab, n.m.:
 Indirect request; asking in metaphor.
- some; beautiful; graceful; elegant; comely; charming.
- (A) hashr, n. m.: Resurrection; the end; doomsday; the consequence; tragic end; tumult; lamentation.
 - nā v.: To raise hue and cry; to make noise.
- (A) hasham, n. m.: Equipage; suite; train; pomp.
- nity; equipage; retinue; state; wealth; affluence; eminence; nobility; riches.
- (A) hashw, n. m.: Rubbish; trash; nonsense; irrelevant; redundant.

حشو و زواثد

- hashw-o-zawa'id, n. m.: Padding and superfluities.
- (A) hashish, n. f.: Hemp; an intoxicating beverage.
- (A) hisār, n.m.: An enclosure; a fortification; a fort; a castle; a bulwark; ramparts; fence; bastion.
- (A) haşr, n. m.: Surrounding; dependence; reliance.
- (A) husul, n. m.: Acquisition; realisation; profit; gain; produce; advantage; achievement; attainment
- (A) hissa(h), n. m.: Share; lot. dividend; quota; portion; limited quantity of food, sweets etc. (for distribution); room; class; part of book; area; department.
 - hissa(h) bakhra(h),

 n. m.: Part of food;

 relationship of exchanging food etc. between
 friends.
 - hiṣṣi(h) dār, n. m.: A co-sharer; a co-partner; a share-holder.

- hissa (h) rasadi, n. m.: A proportional or equal share.
- hiṣṣa (h) karnā, v.:
 To share; to divide; to distribute; to apportion.
- (A) hasin, adj.: Secure; strong; fortified.
- (A) hazrat, n. m., intj.:

 (I) (lit.) Nearness; threshold; (fig.) Holy Prophet
 Mohammad; (Ir.) an artful
 fellow. (2) Your worship!;
 Your Highness!; His Holiness!
 - huzur, n. m. & intj.: (1)

 Presence; august presence; attendance. (2)

 Sir!; Your Honour!;

 Your Highness!
 - huzūrī, n. f.: Presence; attendance; audience.
- delight; enjoyment; flavour; taste; gratification.
- tection; safety; security; preserving; care; custody; charge; defence.

- i <u>kh</u>ud i<u>kh</u>tiyāri, n. f.: Self-defence.
- hifāzat karnā, v.:
 To guard; to be on one's
 guard; to defend; to preserve; to keep.
- (A) hifz, n. m., adv. & adj.: (1) Care; custody; protection; memory; learning by heart; regard; consideration. (2) By heart. (3) Memorised.
 - hifz karnā, v.: To commit to memory; to learn by heart.
 - hifz-i-mā-taqqaddum, n. m.: Precaution; foresight; forearming.
 - hifz-i-maratib, n.m.: Respect for one's rank or position; observance of etiquette.
- tor; defender; guardian; an appellation of God.
- (A) haq(q), adj. & n. m.;

 (1) Just; proper; right;

 true; real. (2) God; right;

 equity; justice; merit;

 propriety; truth; reality;

- fact; privilege; claim; title; duty; obligation.
- به الداكرنا به haq add karnd,

 »: To render one his due; to perform a social or domestic duty; to do justice to; to fulfil one's obligations.
- haqq-ul-'ibad, n. m.:
 The duty of man to man.
- haqq-ul-lah, n. m.:
 The duty of man to God.
- haq ba jānib, adj.: Deserving; justified.
- haqdar rasid, prov::
 (lit.) Right (thing) went
 to the right man; justice
 done.
- بوت منيف haqq-i-tasnif, n.m.:.
 Copyright.
- haq talfi, n. f.: Violation of right; depriving one of his right.
- حق حلال haq ḥalāl, n. m.:
 Lawful right.
- بعق خلمت haqq i khidmat,
 n. m.: Right earned by
 service.

- haqq i khud irādiyat, n. m.: (Mod.)
 Right of self-determination.
- بائے دھی haqq i ra'i dihi, n. m.: Right of vote.
- بق شفع haqq·i-shuf 'a, n.m.: Right of pre-emption.
- بهنهنا حق کو پهنهنا chnā, v.: To obtain one's right.
- ادنا به haq mārnā, v.: To usurp one's right; to defraud.
- ناحق ناحق به haq nā ḥaq, adv.: (W)

 Wrongfully; unjustly;

 arbitrarily; for nothing.
- tempt; scorn; disgrace; disdain; affront; baseness.
 - برت کی نظر سے دیکھنا hiqārat ki nazar se deklina, v.:
 To look down upon.
- (A) huqna(h), n m.: An enema; a syringe.
- (A) huqqa(h), n.m.; (1) The hookan; the hubble-bubble.

 (2) Jwellery box; a casket.
 - hugqa(h) taza h) مقد تازه کرنا kaina, v.: To change the

- water of and moisten the hookah.
- Right; claim; title; share; interest. (2) Holding; property.
- cant; thin; lean; vile; despicable; base; abject.
 - haqir janna, v.: To despise; to condemn; to hate.
- fact; the truth; circumstances; case; reality.
 - إمان حقيقت بهن، حقيقت الموازم - جقيقى ḥaqīqī, adj : Real; true; just; genuine.
 - ing; scratching out.
 - Officers; authorities; rulers; governors; magistrates; commanders. (s. احاكم أبقاء
- story; a tale; narration; romance; fib.
 - بنا حکایت کرنا hikāyat karnā, v.:
 To relate; to narrate.
- pire; an arbitrator; a mediator.
- (A) hukm, n. m.: (1) Order; judgement; rule; injunction; instruction. (2) The club of cards.
 - hukm bajā lānā,
 v.: To obey an order;
 to carry out instructions.
 - hukm chalana, v.:

 To exercise authority; to govern; to rule with iron hand.
 - nā, v.: To give or pass orders; to order; to command; to direct.
- hukm rah, n. m. : A rulor.
- hukm 'udali, n. f.:
 Disobedience; infringment or violation of an
 order.

- A written order; a writ; a decree; an injunction; a process.
- 'A) hukamā', n. m., pl.:

 Philosophers; sages; physicians. (s. hakim.)
- Tact; diplomacy; ingenuity; wisdom; knowledge; philosophy. (2) The function of a physician; skill; cleverness; mystery; device.
 - hikmat i 'amali, n. f.: Practical s k i 11; policy; expediency.
- Power: rule; administration; government; sovereigntly; dominion; authority.
 - hukūmas jitānā,
 v.: To show off (one's)
 authority.
 - hukumat karna, v.:
 To rule; to govern.
- (A) hakim, n. m.: Philosopher; a man of learning; a sage; a physician; a doctor.

- (A) hal(l), n. m.: Solution; grinding: dissolving; analysis; working of a sum.
 - امل کونا hal karnā, v.: To solve; to dissolve; to dilute; to liquify; to grind.
- المكال (A) halāl, adj.: Legal;
 lawful; right; having
 religious sanction; lawful
 to eat; lawfully carned;
 admissible; legitimate.
 - halāl khor, n. m.:

 (1) One whose earnings

 are legitimate. (2) A

 sweeper.
 - ال كرنا المالك - woman who re-marries her divorce by second husband.
 - بال الملال به halali, adj.: Born in wedlock; legitimate.
- کلاوت (A) halāwai, n. f::

 Sweetness; deliciousness;

 taste; relish.

- (A) halaf, n. m.: Swearing by what is sacred.
 - بهانا جلف ألهانا halaf uthana, v.: To take an oath; to swear.
 - ملف دروغی halaf daroghi, n.f.: Taking a false oath.
 - مان لينا مان إينا ما
 - امه halaf nāma(h), n. m.:

 A declaration upon oath;
 an affidavit.
 - ملق ، حلق ، حلق ، حلقوم (A) !!alq; halqum,
 n. f.: The throat; the windpipe: larynx.
 - ي اروغه halq ke darogha(h), n. m.: Greedy children (always present to share parents' meal).
 - (A) halga h, n. m.: A circle; a circuit; a ring; a loop; the loop of a button hole; an assembly; fraternity; group of persons sitting in a circle for spiritual exercise; the pupils; the followers; area; district.
 - halqa(h) ba gosh,
 n. m.: A disciple; a devoted follower.

- (A) hilm, n. m.: Mildness; forbearance; gentleness; affability.
- (A) halwa, n. m.: A sweetmeat of some grain or fruit; anything soft or easy.
 - halwā-'i-be-dūd, n. m. : A fruit ripend on the tree; dry fruit; soft and delicious sweetmeat.
 - khurdan rā rū'e bāyad,
 prov.: One must have
 desert or capacity to possess something; skill is
 necessary to win a prize;
 ability is a pre-condition
 for respect.
 - halwā samojhnā, v.:
 To regard something as
 very easy; to consider
 (one) weak.
 - halwā'i, n. m.: A confectioner; a sweetmeat seller.
 - جلوائی کی دو کان داداجی کی فاتحد

 halwa'i ki dūkān dādājī
 ki fatihath), prov.: Cocks
 make free with horses'
 corn; spending other's
 riches freely.

- (A) ḥalwān, n. m. & adj. :

 (1) A kid; a lamb. (2) Soft

 (meat).
- (A) hulul, n. m.: Entering; penetrating.
- (A) hulla(h), n. m.: Robe; garment; dress.
- (A) hallm, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Mild; forbearing;

 humane; gentle. (2) A dish

 prepared from wheat, meat,

 spices etc. (mostly during

 muharram).
- tures; personal appearance; description of a person; a descriptive roll; distinctive marks; identity.
- (A) himāqat, n. f.: Folly; stupidity.
- المحمال (A) hammal, n. m.: A porter; carrier of burdens.
- bath; a Trukish bath.
 - men sab nange, prov.:

 (lit.) All (are) naked in
 a bath (spoken where
 most men suffer from the
 same evil.)

(A) himā'il, n. f.: (1) حمائل Holy Quran printed on a small size. (2) A necklace; anything suspended to the neck.

- ا الماليت (A) himāyat, n. f.: Support; patronage; protection.
 - جمایتی himayati, n. f.: A supporter; a partizan; a patron; a defeuder.
- A) hamd, n. f.: Praise of God.
- \triangle (A.) hamal, n. m.; (1) Load; burden. (2) Pregnancy: state of being pregnant; an embryo. (3) Transportation; conveyance. (4) The first sign of the Zodiac (Aries).
 - إن المهرنا ممل لهمرنا ممل لهمرنا ممل لهمرنا To become pregnant; to conceive.
- **♣** (A) ḥamla(h) n.m.: Attack; assault; aggression; invasion; stroke.
 - To attack; to invade; to assault; to storm; to assail.

- ميت (A) ḥamīyat, n. f.: Sense of honour; self-respect; zeal (for one's religion, nation etc.).
- ميل، A) hamid, hamida(h), adj.: Praised: laudable; glorious.
- (A) hina, n. f.: Myrtle; henna.
 - حنابندي hinā bandi, n. f.: Applying henna to hand, hair_etc; making red; the منهدى ceremony, called minhdi, of sending or administering henna to the bride or bridegroom, before marriage.
 - منائي hinā'ī, adj.: Having the colour of henna; red.
 - 192 (A) hawwā, n. f.: Eve; the mother of mankind.
- (A) ḥawādiṣ, n. m., pl.: Incidents; accidents; occurences; misfortunes. (s. hādlsa(h).) مادئه
- (A) ḥawārī, n. m.: An associate; a disciple; follower; a companion or apostle of Jesus Christ.
- (A) hawas, n. m.: The senses; presence of mind.

- باخته ḥawās bakhta(h),

 adj.: Out of one's senses; distracted; crazy;
 stupefied; nervous.
- (A) ḥawāshī, n. f., pl.:

 Margins; borders; attendants. (s. ماشيه ḥāshiya(iı).)
- موالات hawalat, n.f.: Custody;
 a lock-up.
- Reference; quotation; allusion; commitment; charge; custody; care; possession.

 - المادينة /ḥawala(h) denā, v.:
 To give reference; to cite;
 to quoto an authority.
 - الم كونة lawale karnā, v.:

 To make over; to surrender; to give in charge;
 to consign; to entrust;
 to delegate.
- (P) hawali, n. m.: Suberb; environ.
 - (A) hawa'ij, n.m. & f., pl. 1 Wants; necessities;

- requirements. (s. ما جت الم
- Deauty of heaven (promised to every pious Muslim by God); a huri; (fig.) any beautiful woman.
- (A) hausala(h), n. m.:

 Courage; ability; capacity;
 ambition; desire; spirit;
 boldness; pluck.
 - برنا جوصله کرنا /nausala(h) karnā,
 v.: To take courage.
 - حوصله مند hausala(h) mand, adj.: Courageous; ambitious; enterprising; bold; daring.
 - بر ماله نكالنا بر nikālnā, v.: To satisfy one's ambition; to do one's best.
- (A) hauz, n. m.: A tank; a cistern; a reservoir.
- مويلى (A) hawell, n. f.: A big house; a mansion; a large and spacious building
- (A) hayā, n.f.: Modesty;

 decency; bashfulness;

 shame; shyness.

- retiring; sensitive to one's self-respect.
- (A) ḥayāt, n. f.: Life; existence; biography.
 - میات مستعار میات مستعار میات مستعار میرند. n. m.: (lit.) Life borrowed (from God); transitory life; mortal life.
 - hayāt i dawām, n. m.: Eternal life; life after death.
- Capability; capacity; ability; means; resources; status; position; appearance; nature; rank; condition of life; prestige.
 - haisiyat-i-'urfi, n. f.: Reputation; character; established position.
- cd; perplexed; confounded; worried; distracted; at a loss; anxious; astonished; amazed; disturbed.
 - hairān karnā, v.:
 To confound; to worry;
 to tease; to harass; to

- amaze; to astonish; toperplex.
- amazement; astonishment; confusion; distress; worry; distraction.
- astonishment; amazement; consternation.
 - hairat zada(h), adj.:

 Astounded; amazed;

 aghast; thunderstruck;

 wonderstruck; astonished.
- بيص بيص hais bais, n.f.:
 Argumentation.
- (A) haiz, n. m.: The menses; the monthly course.
 - بيم هونا جيض بيم هونا haiz se hond, v.:
 To have the menses.
- ديمك (A) hi tah, n. m.: An enclosure; a boundary.
- جيف (A) haif, intj. & n. m.: (1)

 Alas!; alack! (2) Inequity; pity; oppression.
- shift; trick; excuse; pretext; a deception; a disguise; a device; (W) work; job; employment.

جیلهباز، ساز، کر hila(h) baz, saz, gar, adj.: Artful; wily; fraudulent; deceitful.

hila(h) ḥawāla(h), n.m.: Chicanery; evasion, pretence.

bahane maut, prov.:

As there are means of livelihood, so is there a cause of death. every death must be due to some cause.

جين (A) hin, n. m.: Time; space; period of time.

جین حیات اife-time: for life.

animal; a brute; a beast; a living being; (fig.) a fool; an idiot.

haiwan - i - nātiq. n. m.: (lit.) A speaking animal; a man.

haiwaniyat, n. m.: Zoology

جيو انيت. haiwāniyat. n. f.: Brutalīty; beastliness; animal nature. خ

خ khe, n. f.: The seventh letter of Arabic alphabet, ninth of Persian and tenth of Urdu. It has no equivalent in Hindi or English. Numerical value according to ابجد abjud == 600.

ادّم (A) khātim, khātam, n. f.:
A ring; a seal.

خاتم (A) <u>khātim</u>, adj. & n. m.: (1) Terminator. (2) One who brings to conclusion.

خاتم النبيين khātimun-nabiyyin, adj., & n. m.: (1) Torminator of all prophets. (2) The last (Holy) Prophet Mohammad.

khātimah, n. m.: End; finish; conclusion; (fig.) death.

h m.: Happy ending or conclusion; (lit.) death in peace; death as a faithful Muslim.

<u>khātimah lionā, v.:</u>
To end; to die.

לפני (T) khātūn, n. f.: A noble woman; lady; madam; a common termination of Muslim feminine names.

- غاتون اول khatun i awwal, n. f.: (Mod.) The First Lady (of a state).
- <u>kh</u>ātūn i jannat, n. f.: (lit.) The lady of Paradise; Hazrat Fatima, daughter of the Holy Prophet Mohammad.
- (A) khadim, n. m : A servant: an attendant at a shrine; a form of speech for first person singular. (fem. 4.21& khādima(h).)
- ر (P) kha, n. m.: A thorn; prickle'; thistle, a cock's spur. (fig.) jealousy; grudge,
 - ل خارپشت، یشتخار <u>k h</u> a r pusht, pusht khar, n. m.: A hedge-hog; a porcupine.
 - خار دار <u>khār dār, adj</u>.: Thormy; barbed.
 - خارزار <u>kh</u>ār zār, n. m.: A thicket; a thorny place.
 - لا خار کهانا <u>kh</u>ār <u>kh</u>ānā, v.: To feel jealous; to envy.

- <u>khār i mughllān,</u> n. m.: Thorn of the acacla tree.
- خارا (P) khārā, n. m.: A hard stone; granite.
 - خارا شگاف <u>kh</u>ārā shigāf, adj.: Stone - splitting; strong and sharp.
- خارج (A) khārij, adj.: Excluded; separated (from); except; exempt; rejected; ousted; outcaste.
 - خارجاز آهنگ خارجاز آهنگ Thung, adj.: Out of tune.
 - خارج از بعث kharij az bahs, adj.: Out of the question: irrelevant.
 - khārij karnā, v.: To excrete; to expel; to exclude; to strike off; tothrow out; to cast off; to reject; to dismiss (a. suit).
 - <u>kh</u>arija(h), adj & n. m.: (1) External; exterior. (2) What is excluded or excepted.
 - בּוֹלָ <u>kh</u>ārijan, adv.: Externally; outwardly; by report; according to rum-OUL.

- <u>kh</u>ārija(h) خارجه حکمت عملی hikmat-i-'amall, n. f.: (Mod.) Foreign policy.
- khāriji, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) A schismatic; a sect
 which recognizes only
 the first three Pious
 Caliphs. (2) Extraneous.
- ارشت (P) <u>kharish</u>, <u>kharish</u>, n. f.: The itch; scabies.
- خازت (A) <u>khāzin, n. m.</u>: A treasurer; custodian; cashkeeper.
- الشاك. (P) <u>kh</u>āshāk, n.m.;

 Dust; sweepings; rubbish;

 trash.
- (A) khās, adj.: (1) Private; personal; specific; special (2) Peculiar; particular; distinct; definite; extraordinary. (3) Pavourite; loved; elect; chief.
 - Food for kings and nobles; horse used by kings and nobles. (2: Good; tolerable; pretty; fair; average; ordinary; neither good nor bad; of medium quality.

- <u>kh</u>āsdān, n. m.: A betel-pot with cover.
- خاص کر khas kar, adv.: Especially; particularly.
- A) <u>khassa(h)</u>, n, m.: (1)
 Disposition; habit; nature.
 (2) Property: attribute.
- (A) <u>khāsiyat</u>, n. f.: Quality; peculiarity; attributo; natural disposition.
- הולת (A) khāṭlī, n. f.: (1) The heart; mind; whatever occurs to the mind; inclination; choice. (2) Affection; esteem; regard favour; pleasure; gratification; thought; memory.
 - خاطرجمع khasir jum'a, n. f.:
 Satisfaction; composure;
 confidence; assurance;
 tranquility.
 - To (one's) satisfaction; to (one's) heart's content; according to (one's) wishes; as desired.
 - <u>khā tirdāri</u>, a. f.:

 ntertuinment: hospitality; cordiality

- Dust; earth; land; grave; useless thing; ash. (2) Little; nothing whatever; valueless.
 - khāk urānā, v.:

 (lit.) To raise dust; to

 wander or roam idly;

 to roam about (in search
 of); to destroy.
 - tiؤاكان <u>khāk uṛnā</u>, v.: To be ruined; to be reduced to poverty; to be shrouded in gloom; to be deserted.
 - khāk dalnā, v.: To forget and forgive; to abandon; to bury.
 - خاکروب <u>kh</u>ākrob, n. m.: A sweeper.
 - khāksār, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Most humble; low;

 poor. (2) (Your) humble

 servant (written at the
 end of a letter).
 - <u>khāk men milā-</u>
 nā, v.: To crush or kill;
 to waste; demolish;
 destory.

- <u>khaknā'i, n. f.: An</u>
 isthmus.
- khākī, adj. & n. f.: (1)

 Dusty; of the dust; of the colour of earth; earthly; terrestrial. (2) Uniform of soldiers; soldiers who wore it in 1857 war of independence (India).

 (3) A kind of arrow.
- (P) <u>kh</u>ākistar, n.m.:
 - خاكسترى <u>khākistari</u>, adj.: Of the colour of ashes; ashy; gray.
- outline; a sketch; caricature; a delineation; a plan; a draft.
 - <u>kh</u>āka(h) utārnā, v.: To trace; to sketch.
 - خاكدازانا <u>khāka(h) urānā, v.</u>:

 To caricature; to make jest (of); to ridicule.
- طنه (P) <u>khāgina(h)</u>, n. m.: A dish of fried eggs and onions.
- tiny black spot on the skin; a small artificial black spot on the face made for ornamental purposes (women).

 (2) Maternal uncle.

- (A) <u>khāliş</u>, adj.: Pure; genuine; real.
- (A) <u>kh</u>aliq, n. m.: The Creator; God.
- Mother's sister; maternal aunt.
- (A) khālī, adj., adv. & m.: (1) Empty; void; hollow; vacant; blank; wanting; only; not full; exhausted; unoccupied; deserted; at leisure; having nothing to do; jobless; ineffective. (2) Alone; singly; idly. (3) (W) ذي قد ينام غير غيراً ad, the eleventh month of Islamic calendar (considered of ill omen by women).
 - <u>khāli</u> jānā, v. ; To faii; to miss.
 - <u>kliāli denā, v.: To</u> party.

- ripe; immature; imperfect; crude; unsound; puerile; inexperienced.
 - <u>khiam khiyāll, n. f.</u>:
 Whim; apprehension;
 i m m a t u r e thinking;
 wrong idea.
 - khāmi, n. f.: Rawness;
 weakness; unripeness;
 immaturity; fault; defect;
 infirmity; inexperience;
 imperfection.
- اموش (P) <u>khāmosh</u>, udj. & Intj.: (1) Silent. (2) Silence! <u>k k ā m o s h i</u>, n. f.: Silence.
- (P) <u>khāma(h)</u>, n. m.: A pen.
 - خاد هفرسائی <u>khāma(h) farsa'i.</u> n. f.: To pen: to write.
- יליט (P) <u>khān</u>, n. m.: A title of nobility; a chief; a common adjunct to the names of Pathans.

- خانم <u>kh</u>ānam, n. f.: Wife of a Khan; a lady; a woman of rank; a wife.
- خاندان (P) <u>kh</u>ōndān, n. m.: Family; descent; dynasty; race; house; household; lineage.
 - خانداني <u>k h</u>āndāni, adj.:
 - (1) Ancestral; hereditary.
 - (2) Of good birth; of a recognized family.
- خانسا هار, (P) <u>khānsāmān, n. m.:</u>
 A butler; a cook; a house steward.
- اهان (P) <u>khanmāń, n. m.</u>:

 House-hold furniture; every

 thing belonging to a home.
- Family; a distinguished family; dynasty; lineage.
- House; dwelling; division.

 (2) Receptacle; drawer; compartment; pigeon hole.
 - خاندآباد <u>khāna(h) ābād, intj.</u> & adj.: (1) May your house flourish! (2) Prosperous.
 - khana(h) abadi, خاند أبادي

- n. f.: Prosperity; marriage; presence of wife and children in the house.
- khāna(h) badosh, adj. & n. m.: (1) Nomadic; having no fixed residence. (2) A vagrant; a vagabond; a rover; a gipsy.
- <u>k</u> <u>h</u> ā n a (h) bar andāz, adj.: (lit.) Destroyer; upsetter of the house; (fig.) beloved.
- his khāna(h) barbādl, n. f: Destruction of a house or family (mostly after having been deprived of the lady of the house); breaking up of a home (due to wife's death).
- khāna(h) puri, n f.:

 (lit.) Filling in the blanks;

 making entries; formal

 disposal of any piece of

 work.
- خانه جنگی <u>khāna(h) jangī, n.f.:</u>
 Civil war; internal strife;
 family quarrel; domestic feud.

- غانه خدا <u>kh</u>ana(h) 'i <u>kh</u>uda,
 n. m.: House of God;
 a mosque.
- خانه داری <u>kh</u>ana(h)dari, n. f.:

 House-keeping; household management.
- خانه <u>kh</u>āna(h)zād, n. m.:
 One born of a slave; a slave.
- <u>k'kāna(h)sāz, adj.</u>:
 Home made.
- east; also used for the west; (now mostly used for) the sun.
 - <u>kk</u>āwari, adj.: Solar.
- خاوند (P) <u>kkāwaād</u>, n.m.: Lord; master; husband. (abbr. of <u>khudāwand.</u>)
- ed; afraid; timid. خاتف (P) khā'if, adj.: Frighten-
- خانی (A) <u>khā'in</u>, adj.: Defalcating; dishonest; untrustworthy; deceiver; traitor.
- جبانت (A) <u>khabāsat</u>, n. f.: (1) Impurity; dirtiness. (2) Depravity; baseness; wickedness; corruption.
- A) <u>khabar</u>, n. f.: News; report; advice; intelligence;

- information; care; awareness; watchfulness.
- khabardār, adj. & inij.:
 (1) Watchful; vigilant;
 careful; on guard; acquainted; having knowledge.
 (2) Take care!; be on (your) guard!
- خبردار کرنا <u>khabardar karna,</u>
 v.: To forewarn; to warn;
 to caution; to awaken.
- خبرال انا <u>khabar urānā</u>, v.: To spread a rumour; to carry tales.
- <u>kkabar rasāh</u>, n. m.: Messenger; informer.
- <u>kh</u>abar ras**ās**ejinsi, n. f.: (Mod.)
 News agency.
- خبر ركهنا خبر ركهنا خبر ركهنا To be well informed; to be wide awake; to be acquainted with; to be informed; to bear in mind; to be on the alert.
- خبرلينا <u>khabar lend</u>, v.: (1) To take care (of); to watch; to enquire; to enquire into; to look after; to trace; to get information;

to seek; to support; to feed. (2) To take to task; to punish.

- (A) khabj, n. m.: Derangement of mind; insanity; madness; foolishness; craze; fatuity; confusion; distraction.
 - <u>khabil</u>, adj.: Insane; mad; foolish; crazy.
- A) khaim, n. m.: (1) End; conclusion; termination; completion; finishing. (2) Ceremony of finishing the whole of the Holy Qurn; specific recitation of the Holy Quran for spiritual attainments.
 - kharm karnt, v.: To kill; to end; to conc lude; to complete; to finish; to terminate.
 - khaimul mursalin, me.: the last of the prophets; an appellation of the Holy Prophet Mohammad.
- khaina(h), n. m.: circum-cision.
 - khatna(h) karnā, v.:
 To circumcise.

- خجالت (P) <u>khajālat</u>, n. f.: Senso of shame; shame; feeling sorry.
 - khajil, adj.: Ashamed; abashed.
- خجسته (P) <u>k li</u> u j i s i a h, adj. ; Happy; fortunate; auspicious; blessed.
- H) <u>kh</u>achchor,' n. m.: A mule.
- the Supreme Being; lord; master.
 - خدا پرست <u>khudā parast, adj.</u>:
 God worshiper; Godly;
 pious.
 - khudā tars, adj.:

 God fearing; compassionate; sympathetic;
 merciful.
 - <u>kh</u>udā 'i s'ala n. m.: God Almighty.
 - khudā ḥāfiz, intj.:

 Good bye;! farewell;!

 Adieu!
 - khuda ra, adv.: For God's sake; for Heaven's sake.

- الله <u>kh</u>udā ki panāh, intj.: (I seek) God's protection; Heaven preserve (us)!
- خدا کی لائهی میں آواز نہیں khuda ki laihi men awaz nahih, prov.: God punishes the evil ones quietly
- خدا کی مار <u>kh</u>udā ki mār, n.m.:
 Divine wrath.
- خدالگتی <u>kh</u>udā lagtī, adj.: Truthful; just; right.
- خدشه (P) <u>khadsha(h)</u>, n. m.: Risk; anxiety; fear; danger; alarm; apprehension; solicitude.
- خدم (A) <u>khadam</u>, n. m.: Servants; domestics; attendants. (s. خادم <u>khādim</u>.)
- (A) <u>khidmat</u>, n. f.:

 Service; duty; function;

 charge; office; employment;

 appointment; use.
 - خدست گار <u>khidmat gār</u>, n. f.: A servant; an attendant.
 - <u>klidmat</u> guzār, n. m: A willing worker; a hard worker.

- .

- خدنگ (P) khadang, n. m.: The (white poplar) tree the wood of which is used for making arrows; an arrow.
- mighty king; a great prince; sovereign; title of Rulers of Egypt.
- بذرها صفاء دع ما كدر (A) kliuz mā safā wa da' ma kadir, prov.: Select what is good and leave what is bad.
- خر (P) <u>khar</u>, n. m. : A donkey; an ass; (fig.) a fool; a stupid person.
 - خردماغ <u>khar dimāgh, adj.</u>:
 Ill-tempered; boastful;
 proud; stupid.
- (A) kharāb, adj.: Bad;
 poor; broken down; ruined; spoiled; corrupt; unchaste; defiled; polluted;
 contaminated; unclean.
 - kharab karna, v.:
 To spoil; to ruin; to
 waste; to demoralise; to
 pollute; to contaminate;
 to make unclean; to violate (woman); to corrupt;
 to vitiate; to mar; to depopulate; to desolate.

- kharābi, n. f.: Defect;
 miscry; affliction; trouble; perplexity; destructlon; mischief; evil;
 ruin; desolation.
- خرابات (P) kharābāt, n. f., pl.:

 (Used as s.) (1) Wine shop;
 an abode of vagrants;
 tavern; brothel; bar. (2) A
 deserted land; devastation.

 (s. خرابه kharāba(h)).
- خرادًا (H) kharrāṭā, n. m.:
 Snoring.
 - <u>kharrate</u> lenā, v.: To snoro.
- راج (A & P) <u>kh</u>arāj, khirāj, n. m.: Tax; duty; revenue; tribute; impost; rent.
 - خراج تحسين <u>khirāj i taḥsla</u>,
 n. m.: Praise; tribute.
- خراد (P) kharād, n. m.: A lathe.
 - k h ar ad par charhna, v.: (lit.) To be put on the lathe; to be polished; (fig.) to move in high and polished society.
 - <u>kharāšh</u>, n. f. : Scratching; scraping; hurt.

- خرافات (A) <u>kh</u>urāfāt, n. f., pl.:
 (Used as s.) Nonsense; rubbish; idle stories; senseless or improper speech;
 obscene language. (s. خرانه <u>kh</u>urāfā(h).)
- أرام (P) <u>kh</u>irām, n. f.: Graceful walk; a beloved's walk; stately gait; pace.
 - khirāmān, adj.: Walking in a stately or graceful manner.
- خرانى (H) <u>kh</u>urrāni, adj.: Old; experienced; well-knowing; seasoned (rogue).
- خربوزه، خربزه (P) <u>kharbūza(h), kharbuza(h), n. m.</u>: The musk melon; the marsh-melon.
- a bag to carry luggage etc. on the back of animals.
- expenditure; outlay; consumption; spending; cost; the debit side of an account.
 - kharch uthand, v.: j To bear expenses; to maintain; to expend; to spend.

- kharch karna, v.: To spend; to use.
- خرجه <u>kharcha(h)</u>, n. m.: Costs; expenses; costs of a law-suit.
- نرچه دلانا <u>kh</u>archa(h) dilānā,
 v.: To award costs.
- kharchi, n.f.: The wages of a prostitute.
- خُرِ خُبُ (P) <u>kharkhasha(h)</u>, n.m.:

 Tangle; dispute; wrangling; botheration.
- اخرک (P' <u>kh</u>irad, n. f.: Wisdom; intriligence; intellect; sense; commonsense.
 - <u>kh</u>iradmand, adj.: Wise; intelligent; sagacious.
 - خردمندی <u>khiradmandi</u>, n. f.: Wisdom; intelligence; sagacity.
- خرد (P) <u>kh</u>urd, adj.: Small; young; little; minute; junior.
 - خرد بين <u>kh</u>urd bin, n. f.: A microscope.
 - خردسال خردسال khurdsäl, adj.: Of tender years; under age; minor; young.

- khurda(h), n. m.: (1)
 Anything small; a fragment; a fraction. (2)
 Droppings; leavings;
 residues. (3) Small coins.
 (4) Sale; buying and selling.
- khurda(h) farosh,
 n. m.: A retail dealer;
 a pedlar; a petty shopkeeper.
- غرده کيو <u>kh</u>urda(h) glr, adj.: Fault-finding.
- خرده کیری <u>khurda(h) giri, n f.:</u>
 Picking holes (into); seizeing on trifling faults.
- khurdl, n. f.: Smallness; littleness; minority; juniority; infancy.
- جُرس (P) khirs, n. m.: A bear.
- خرسند (P) <u>kh</u>ursand, adj.: Happy; contented.
- (A) <u>kh</u>urfa(h), n.m.: A kind of pot herb.
- خرق (A) kharq. n. m.: Tearing; breaking through.
 - غرق عادت <u>kharq-i-'adat, n.m.</u>:

 A miracle; an event out

 of the usual course of

 or contrary to nature.

- (A) <u>khirqah</u>, n, m.: A robe made of patches and shreds: robe of religious ascetics.
 - <u>khirqah posh</u>, n. m.:

 A religious ascetic; a
 mendicant.
- درگاه (P) <u>khargāli, n. m.</u>; Encampment; a city of canvass.
- خركوش (P) <u>kh</u>argosh, n. m.:
- (P) <u>khurram</u>, adj.: Glad; cheerful; merry; gay; happy.
 - <u>khurraml</u>, n. m.: Pleasure; delight; mirth; joy.
- (P) <u>khurma</u>, n. m.: A date (fruit); a date shaped sweetmeat.
- خرهن (P) <u>kh</u>irman, n.m.: A stock of unthrashed corn; harvest; a barn.
- dus; egress; up ising; excretion; eruption; issue; sally; attack; assault; rebellion; tumult; riot.
- P) <u>kh</u>urās, n.m.: A (home-bred) cock.

- مُروش (P) <u>kh</u>arosh, n. m.: A noise; cry; tumult; clamour.
- خرید، خریداری (P) <u>k harīd</u>, <u>kharīdārī</u>, n f.: Purchase; buying; the thing bought.
 - kharid-o farokhi, n. f.: (lit.) Buying and selling; shopping; business; commercial dealings.
 - kharidār, n. m.: Purchaser; buyer; a customer; (fig.) a lover: an admirer.
 - خريدنا <u>kharidnā</u>, v. : To buy; to purchase.
 - خريطه (H) <u>kharita(h)</u>, n. m.: A silk bag; a purse; a pocket; a letter-bag.
 - خريف (A) <u>kharif</u>, n. f.: Autumn; autumnal crops.
 - (P) <u>khizān,</u> n. f.: The season of falling leaves; autumn; (fig.) decay; old age; fall.
 - (A) <u>khazāna(h)</u>, n. m.: (1)
 A treasure; a treasury;
 government treasury; exchequer; a store. (2) A

magazine; a reservoir; an electric main; the chamber of a gun.

- <u>khazānchi</u>, n. m.: A cashier; treasurer.
- فزف (P) <u>khazaf,</u> n. f.: Broken piece of earthenware; potsherd.
- خزيك (A) <u>khazīna(h)</u>, n. m.: A treasure; preserved savings; a magazine; a godown.
- خس (P) <u>khas</u>, n. m. & f.: (1) Hay; rubbish. (2) A fragrant root of grass.
 - <u>khas-o-khāshāk</u>,
 Sweepings; litter; rubbish.
 - غس كم جهال ياك <u>k li as kam</u>

 jahān pāk, prov.: Relief

 from an undesirable

 object.
 - (A) <u>kh</u>asāra (h), n. m. : Loss; damago; harm.
- مَالَاه (P) <u>kh</u>isaada(h,) n. m.:

 An infusion of medicines
 (soaked in water).
- المحسنة (A) <u>khissat</u>, n. m.: Miserliness; stinginess; meanness.

- <u>khasis</u>, adj.: ..iserly; stingy; mean.
- ness. (2) Exhaustion; tiredness; sickness; ruination; being in straitened circumstances.
 - <u>khastath</u>), adj.: (1) Crisp.
 (2) Tired.
 - خسته خال Tired; broken; sick; in bad shape.
- (P) <u>kh</u>usur, n. m.; Fatherin-law.
- (H) <u>khasra(h)</u>, n. m. de f. 1 (1) A list of fields in a village with necessary details; a field book. (2) Chicken-pox; measles.
- or tile. (P) <u>kli</u>isht, n. f.: A brick
- Poppy seed; a measure of weight (9) khashkhash- khash- جاول chawal, rice).
- parched; withered; cynic; bore; without fringe benefits (pay).

- <u>kh</u>ushk sālī, n. f.:

 A year of drought or
 famine; dry season; scarcity of rains.
- khushki, n. f.: (1) Dryness; scarcity; dearth.
 (2) Scurf. (3) Flour scattered on the board to
 flatten bread. (4) Land.
 (5) Cynicism.
- خشک (P) <u>kh</u>ushka(h), n. m.:
 Boiled rice.
 - khushka(h), khāu.

 id: Be vanished; be off.

 (Said when refusing to accept an unreasonable request.)
- (P) khashm, n. m.: Anger; wrath; rage; fury.
- (A) <u>k h</u>ushū', n. m.: Humbling onself; humility.
- ture; disposition; quality; habits; peculiarity; talent.
- n. m., pl.: Special features; peculiarities; particular prints. (s. مصوصيت khusu-siyat.)

- Enmity; spite: strife; quarrel; wrangling.
- اب (A) <u>kh</u>iṣāb, n. m.: A hair dye; hair tincture.
 - <u>kh</u>iṣāb lagānā, v.:
 To apply hair dye.
- Name of a Prophet said to have drunk the nectar of life, guiding those who lose their way in forests or deserts (also called Khwaja Khizr); (fig.) a leader.
- A) <u>khuzū', n. m.: Hum</u>• · bling oneself; humility; lowliness.
- letter. (2) A line; a mark; handwriting; script; character. (3) Rumple; crease; scar. (4) First growth of moustache and beard in a youth.
 - <u>khat-i-istiwā</u>, n. m.:
 The equator.
 - خطبنانا <u>khat</u> bandnd, v.: To shave; to dress or trim the beard.

- <u>khat</u>-i-sartan, n. m.:
 The Tropic of Cancer.
- خط کتابت <u>khai</u> kitābai, n. f.;

 Correspondence; intercommunication.
- To draw a line; to underline; to strike out; to mark by making a line.
- <u>kliat</u> i mutawāzi, n. m.: Parallel lino.
- <u>khai i mustaqim,</u> n. m.: A straight line.
- <u>khai-i-nasi'allq</u>, n. m.: Nast'aliq script; Persian style of calligraphy.
- خطنسخ <u>khat i naskh</u>, n. m.:

 Naskh script; Arabic

 style of writing.
- lapse; a mistake; an oversight; sin; fault; failure.
 - <u>khat</u>a kar, war, adj.: Guilty; at fault.
 - <u>khatā karnā</u>, v.: To commit a mistako; to err; to sin.
 - <u>khata</u> poshl, n. f.:

 Overlooking a fault;

 execusing.

- speech; oration; conversation; talk; address. (2) A title.
 - khitabat, n. f.: Oratory; delivering a speech; the art of speaking; preaching; eloquence; rhetoric.
 - hhitab karna, v.: To address; to speak to; to accost.
 - khutba(h), n. m.: A public address; oration; a sermon (at congregation prayers).
- Occuring to or coming into the mind; thought; remembrance; recollection. (2) Imminent danger; peril; jeopardy; risk; hazard; difficulty.
 - خطرناک <u>khatarnāk, adj.:</u> Dangerous; perilous; hazardous; frightful.
- ger; risk; fear; apprehension.
 - <u>k li a f</u> r a(h) mol lenā, v.: To run the risk; to venutre.

خطرےمیں ڈالنا

- خطرے میں گالنا <u>kleatre men dal-</u>

 nd, v.: To endanger; to imperil; to expose to danger.
- (A) <u>khatmi</u>, n. f.: Marshmallow used medicinally.
- region; a district or plot of land; a zone; territory.
- who delivers a sermon; a public speaker; an orator.
- huge; great; important; honourable; dignified; large (sum).
- offended; voxed; enraged; excited; displeased.
 - khafagi, n. f.: Anger; displeasure; vexation; indignation.
- (A) <u>khifā</u>, n. f.: Concealment; secrecy.
 - endemonstrated; fine; small; thin; imperceptible; inaudible; obscure. (opp. of جلی jali.)

- bashfulness; disgrace; slight; indignity.
- tation; hysterics; feeling restless; craziness; a discase of the heart.
- petty; trivial; unimportant; light; of no weight or consequence; light of character; small; frivolous; undignified; insignificant.
 - be ashamed; to look small.
 - خفيفند <u>kh</u>af Ifā(h), adj. & n. m:

 (1) Small. (2) A smalle cause court.
- (A) khufya(h), adj. & adv.;
 (I) Hidden; secret. (2)

 Privately; secretly.
 - n m.: Criminal Investigation Department (C.I.D.).
- (A) <u>khalā</u>, n.m.: Vacuum; space (entirely devoid of matter); a vacant place.
 - Intimacy; intimate: friendship.

- <u>khalā</u> naward, n. m.: (Mod.) Astronaut.
- Abstract; substance; gist; summary; conclusion; precis.
 - khulāṣa(h) karnā,
 v.: To summarise; to
 abridge; to curtail.
- Exemption; immunity; relief; release; escape; deliverance; liberation. (2) khallāsl, n. m: A native sailor; a labourer (naval or railways etc.).
 - لفلاصي بانا <u>khalasi</u> pānā, v.:

 To be freed; to be discharged; to be released;
 to be liberated.
- (1) Opposite; against; versus; in opposition (to); contradictory. (2) Contrary to.
 - الم خلاف ضابطه ، خلاف قانون:

 القر: خلاف ضابطه ، خلاف قانون:

 القر: zāblia(h), khilāf-iqanen, adj : Contrary to

 procedure; illegal; irregular; against rule.

- <u>khillaf-i-m'amūl,</u>
 adj.: Out of the way;
 extraordinary; abnormal.
- khilāf warzī, n. f.: Infringement; violation; breach.
- خلاف وضع فطرى <u>kh</u>ilāf-i-waz'ifiiri, adj.: Unnatural (offence).
- office or dignity of a Caliph; deputyship: lieutenancy; viceregency.
 - خلافت راشد. <u>kh</u>ilāfas-i-rāshida(h), n f.: The period of the four Pious Caliphs.
- A) khallaq, n.m.: The Creator; God.
- المناف (A) <u>kh</u>ilāl, n. f. ; (1) A tooth-pick; straw (used as pick). (2) Defeat; over-throw (in game of منجنة ganjfa(h)).
- ش (A) <u>khalā'lq, n.m., pl.: Tho</u> masses; people; crowde; creatures. (s. خلق <u>khalq.</u>)
- ناجات (A) <u>kh</u>aljān, n. m. : Worry; anxiety.
- No (A) khuld, n. m.: Paradiso; heaven; eternity.

- اشمال خلا آشمال <u>Khuld ashiyan</u>, aaj.: Having abode in heaven; dead; deceased. (Used for kings out of reverence for them.)
- خاش (P) <u>khalish</u>, n. f.: (1) Sting; pinch; prick; pain. (2) Care; sore; anxiety; approhension; suspicion.
- الطان (A) <u>khalf</u>, n. m.: Mixture; jumble; medley; confusion.

 - <u>khall i mabhas</u>,

 n. m.: Unnecessary confusion.
- A) <u>khul'a</u>, n. m.: The act of a woman getting herself separated from her husband after relinquishing her right of dower debt.

 (opp. of ملكة اعام م بالكانة (divorce.)
- of honour thestowed by the ruling authority to an inferior as a mark of distinction).

- مَانَ (A) <u>kh</u>ulaf, n. m.: A son; an heir; a descriptiont; a successor.
 - <u>khalaf-i-rashld</u>, n.m.; Eldest son.
- Successors; Caliphs. (s. Aidis <u>khalifah.</u>)
 - خلفائے راشدین <u>Kh</u>ulaf a'-i-rashidln, n. m.: (The four) Pious Caliphs.
- (P) <u>Khalfishar</u>, n, m.:
 Perplexity.
- ness; affability; good manners or disposition; nature; habit.
- خلق (A) <u>khalq</u>, n. f.: Tho people; mankind; creation.
 - خلق الله <u>khalqullāh</u>, n. f.: God'screatures.
 - <u>khilqai</u>, n. f.: Creation;
 nature; natural constitution.
- rupture; interruption; misunderstanding; hindrance; disturbance; disorder; mischief; derangement.

- خلل انداز <u>kh</u>alal andaz. n. m.: An interioper; a disturber of the peace.
- <u>kh</u>alal dālnā, v.: To interrupt; to disturb; to interfere; to impede; to meddle.
- (A) khalwai, n. f.: Privacy; seclusion; retirement; solitude; a private apartment; female apartment; a bedroom.
 - khalwat karna, v.: To confer in private; to be closetted; to cohabit.
 - <u> الجيحة Kh</u>alwat i şaḥl ha(h), n. m.; Meeting of husband and wife in private; cohabitation between the two.
 - <u>kh</u>alwatl, n. m.: An intimate friend; a confidant.
- (A) <u>kh</u>ulūş, n. m.: Sincerity; cordialiy; integrity; friendship; affection.
- جَلْمِينِ (A) khallj, n. f.: A bay; a guif.
- فيلت khalifa(h), n.f.: (1) A Caliph; successor of Holy مر (A) khamr, n. f.: Wine.

- Prophet Mohammad; any successor; a deputy. (2) (sl.) A barber.
- (A) khaliq, adl.: Courteous; polite; affable; abliging.
- خليل (A) khalll, n. m.: A friend; a comrade; a sincere friend.
- (A) <u>kh</u>aliyah, n. m.: (Mod.) Cell (Biology).
- (P) kham, n. m & adj.: (1) A bend; a curve; a coil; a curl; a noose; ringlet; fold; the part of a noosewhich encircles the neck. (2) Curved; awry.
 - خم لهو كنا <u>kham thoknā, v.: To</u> challenge.
 - خمداد <u>Ich</u>am dar, adj.: Bent; curved; twisted.
- (P) <u>khum, n.m.</u>: A large jar.
 - ده کده <u>Khum Khānach</u>), kadah, n. m.: A tavern; a liquor-house; a bar.
- خمار (A) <u>kh</u>umār, n. m.: Drowsincss; langour; intoxicstion; sickness, headache etc. after drinking wine.

هس (A) <u>kh</u>ams, n. m.: Onefifth part.

- khamsa(h), n. m. & adj: (1) A stanza of five lines; the set of five tales in verse written by Poet Nizami and others. Pertaining to five.
- خميازه (P) <u>kh</u>amyāza(h), n.m.: (1) Consequence; effect of fatigue or drowsiness (2) Yawning. (3) Retribution; punishment; loss; damage.
- (A) khamir, n.m.: Leaven; yeast; earth; clay; constitution.
 - Chamir uthand, v.: To ferment.
 - khamirah, n. m.: (1) A thick syrup. (2) Fermented tobacco for smoking in حقه huggah.
 - (Symiri, adj. & n. f.: (1) Leavened. (2) Leavened bread.
 - gira (A) khunaq. n. m.: Deptheria; a dangerous throat disease.
 - هُ (A) <u>kh</u>unsā, n. m. : eunuch; the neuter gender.

- (A) khanjar, n.m.: A dagger; a double edged large knife.
 - To stab.
- اداك (A) <u>kh</u> and Ch, adj. 1 Laughing; smiling; joyous; merry.
- (A) <u>kh</u>andaq, n. f. 1 A ditch; a most.
- (P) <u>kh</u>anda(h), m. m.: Laughter; smile.
 - يشاني <u>الchanda(h) peshani</u> adj.: With smiling face; cheerful.
- خنزير (A) khinzir, n. m.: A swine; a pig; hog.
- خنگ (P) <u>kh</u>unuk, adj.: Cold; ceol.
 - <u>khunki, n. f.</u>: Coldness; chill; coolness.
- 9 (P) khū, n. f.: Habit; nature; manners; disposition; ways.
 - خوبو khū bū, n. f.: Behaviour; deportment; character.
 - خوكر <u>kh</u>ū gar, adj.: Accustomed; used to; habituated; addicted; acclimatiscd.

- خواب (P) <u>khāb, n. m.</u>: (1)

 Sleep. (2) Dream; vision.

 (opp. of يدارى bedārī,

 wakefulness). (3) Fancy;
 imagination.
 - خواب آلوده <u>Khāb ālūdah</u>, adj.:
 Drowsy; sleepy.
 - خواب أور <u>Khāb</u> āwar, adj.: Sporific; sleep producing.
 - خواب بريشان <u>Khāb-i-parīshān</u>.

 n. m.: A dreadful dream;
 disturbed sleep.
 - خواب خركوش. <u>khāb-i-khar-</u> gosh, n. m.: Deep sleep; negligence.
 - خواب دیکهنا <u>Kh</u>āb dekhnā, v.:
 To dream.
- خواب گاه <u>Kh</u>übgāh, n. f.: Bedroom; sleeping apartment; dormitory.
- خواقين (A) <u>kh</u>awātin, n. f., pl.:
 Pemales: ladies; women.
 (s. خاتون <u>kh</u>atūn)
- (A) <u>khawārij</u>, n. m., pl.: Heretica; schismatics. (u. <u>khārjī</u>.)
- (P & A) <u>Khawas</u>, n. m., (I) Personal attendants (especially mulds or female

- (P) khān, n.m.: A largo tray.
 - <u>kh</u>anposh, n. m.: A tray cover.
 - خوانچه <u>Khānchah</u>, adj.: A small tray; a bawker's tray.
- cated; able to read and write; literate.
 - cation; reading; literacy; recitation.
- comp. to imply desiring, requiring or demanding.
 - خواهی نخواهی نخواهی نخواهی نخواهی خواهی نخواهی <u>khah ma khah , khahi ma-khah , adv.</u>: Perforce: willy nilly: inevitable; usolessly.
 - ous; seeking; requiring; wishing for.

خوابش <u>khāhish</u>, n. f.: Desire; want; longing; wish; demand.

- <u>اندواهشمند [chāhish mand, adj.:</u> Desirous.
- <u>ichahlsh karnā</u>, v.:

 To desire; to request; to demand.
- خواهر (P) <u>kh</u>āhar, n. f.: A sister.
- (P) khūb, adj. & intj.: (1)

 Good; excellent; well;

 pleasant; beautiful; amiable; very good; very fine;
 wonderful. (2) Awfu!ly
 bad!; Grand!; bravo!; well
 done!; surprising!
 - <u>khūbī</u>, n. f.: Goodness; grace; excellence; elegance; beauty.
- خوبانی (P) <u>khubānī, n. f.</u>: An apricot.
- (P) <u>Ichojah</u>, n. m.: (1) A

 Muslim tribe; a follower of
 Agha Khan. (2) A eunuch.
- (P) <u>khod</u>, n. m.: A helmet.
- 39 (P) <u>kh</u>ud, n. m.: Self; ego.
 - خود آرا <u>kh</u>ud ārā, adj.: Solf-adorning.

- خود بخود <u>khud ba khud, adv.:</u>

 Spontaneously; automatically; voluntarily; of one's own accord.
- <u>khud bin, parast,</u>
 adj.: Self conceited:
 vain; proud.
- خوددار <u>Khud dar, adj.</u>: Selfrespecting.
- خود مسر <u>khud sar, adj.: Way-</u> ward; headstrong; arrogant; independent; stubborn.
- <u>khud gharaz, adj.:</u>
 Selfish; self-seeking; selfinterested.
- خود کار <u>khud kār, adj.: (Mod.)</u>.

 Automatic; self-working;
 self-propelled.
- خود کشی <u>kh</u>ud kushi, n. f.:
 Suicide.
- P) <u>khudi</u>, n. f.: Egotism; pride; conceit; presence of mind.
- P) <u>khurāk</u>, n. f: Daily food; diet; the capacity of eating diet; rictuals; provisions; dose; daily allowance.

- خورک (P) <u>Khurd, adj.:</u> (1) Small in age. (See نفرد) (2) Eating; drinking.
 - خوردسال <u>kh</u>urdsal, Young in age.
 - خورد برد کرنا <u>khurd burd kar-</u>
 nā, v.: (lit.) To eat and
 carry away; to spend
 recklessly; to embezzle;
 to misappropiate.
- خورونوش (P) <u>khur u nosh,</u>
 n.m.: Eating and drinking;
 victuals.
- خورسند (P) <u>khursand, adj.</u>: Happy; contented; pleased.
- خورشید (P) <u>kh</u>urshld, n. m.: The sun.
- happy: glad; merry; well; well-off; elegant; willing; good; fine; pleasing; gay; amiable; cheerful; content; delighted; pleasant; healthy.
 - خوش آئند <u>khush ayind, adj.</u>:
 Good; pleasing.
 - خوش آمدید <u>kh</u>ush ämded, Intj.: Welcome (you are)!
- kahnā, v.: To welcomo.

- khush andām, adj.: Well formed; having attractive appearance.
- khush bush, adj.: At ease; happy; well-to-do; rich; noble; in good humour; unrestrained; merry; cheerful.
- khushbu, n. f.: Perfume; fine odour; fragrance.
- <u>kh</u>ush ḥāl, adj.: Well-to-do; prosperous; fortunate.
- خوش خبری <u>khush khabarl, n.f.:</u>
 Glad tidings; good or
 happy news.
- <u>kh</u>ush dāman, n. f.: Mother - in - lew; wife's mother.
- خوش ذائله <u>kh</u>ush zā'iqah, adj.:
 Testeful; savoury; highflavoured; palatable.
- <u>khu h rahnā</u>, v.: Te remain happy.

- خوش فهمی <u>kh</u>ush fahml, n.f.: Vain imagination.
- خوش تسمت <u>Khush qismai</u>, adj.:
- <u>kh</u>ush karnā, v.: To please; to delight; to amuse; to gladden; to satisfy.
 - <u>khush mizāj, adj.:</u>

 Having a pleasing temperament; jolly; jovial.
 - <u>kh</u>ushnudl, m. f.: Pleasure; good offices.
 - <u>kh</u>ush nawls, n. m. :
 A fine pen-man : a caligrapher.
 - لان <u>Kh</u>ushā, intj.: How good!; How lucky!; hail!; welcome!; blessed!
- P) <u>kh</u>ushāmad, n. m.: Flattery; boot - licking; fawning.
 - <u>khushāmadī</u>, n. f.:

 A flatterer; a sycophant;

 toady; boot-licker.
- ear of corn; a bunch (of grapes etc.).

- <u>kh</u>oshah chia, n. m.:

 A gleaner; (fig) a
 recipient of one's favour.
- joy; happiness; pleasure; enjoyment; gaiety; mirth.
- thought or meditation; contemplation; consideration; search; attention.
- فوف (A) <u>khauf, n. m.</u>: Fear; anxiety; fright.
 - خوف دلانا <u>Khauf diland</u>, v.: To frighten; to terrify; to threaten.
 - <u>k h</u> a u f nāk, adj.: Fearful; frightful; terrifying; dreadful.
- خوک (P) <u>khuk</u>, m.f.: Hog; swine; pig.
- ي خول (P) khol, n.m.: A hollow; a cover; case; sheath.

- (P) khan, n.m.: (1) Blood.

 (2) Murder; killing; slaughter; homicide.
 - خون آلود <u>hkun</u> alad, adj.:

 Smeared with blood;

 blood-stained; bloody.
 - خون آنکهوں میں آثرنا <u>k h ii</u> n ankhon men utarna, v.:
 To be bloodshot with anger.
 - نونبار <u>khua bār, adj.</u>: Shedding blood.
 - Blood-money; compensation for murder paid to the relations of the deceased.
 - <u>kh</u>un bahana, v. : To shed blood.
- غون خشک ہونا <u>khūn kh</u>ushk honā, v.: To be frightened.
- <u>kh</u>uh <u>kh</u>ar, adj.: Blood - sucker; bloodthirsty; ferocious.
- بونا سفيد بونا خون سفيد بونا <u>kh</u>iin safed hond,
 v.: (lit.) Blood to become white; to be wanting in natural affection;
 to be callous.

- khun kā dabāu, n. m.: (Mod.) Blood pressure.
- khunab, n. f.: Bloody water; torrent of blood.
- (P) khesh, adj. & n. m.:

 (I) Own; self. (2) A kinsman; close relation; sonin-law.
- خيابان (P) <u>khayābān, n. m.</u>: A flower garden.
- لان (A) khalyyāţ, n. m.: A tailor.
- أكثيال (P) <u>khayāl</u>, n. m.: (1)

 Fancy; thought; vision; imagination; idea. (2) Suspicion; conception. (3)

 Opinion; notion; whim; apprehension. (4) Care; concern; regard; respect; consideration. (5) A tune in music.
 - نجال خام <u>khayal-i-khām</u>,
 n. m.: Vain hope or desire; ridiculous idea.
 - خيال سے الرنا <u>khayāl se utarnā</u>,
 v.: To be forgotten.

Khayāl karnā, v.:

To imagine; to think; to fancy; to reflect; to consider; to care; to observe; to obey; to look forward; to mind; to care for; to have a regard for; to favour.

خيانى <u>khayāli</u>, adj.: Imaginary; fanciful; visionary; fantastical.

نجالی پلاو <u>Khayali</u> pulau, n. m.: (lit.) castles in the air; vain speculation.

كيالت (A) <u>khiyanat</u>, n. f.:

Breach of trust; misappropriation; embezziement.

مان (A) Khair, adj., n. m. & adv.: (1) Good; best; well; safe. (2) Goodness; welfare; charity; piety; health and happiness. (3) Well; very well; never mind; very good; yes; that will do.

خير البشر <u>Khair-ul-bashar</u>, n.m.:
(lit.) The best among
men; Holy Prophet
Mohammad.

<u>Kh</u>airandesh, adj.: <u>Kh</u>airandesh, adj.: Well - Wisher; devoted; sincere.

خير و هافيت <u>Kh</u>air - u - 'āfiyat, n. f.: Wei /e: wellbeing.

خير ملام <u>Kh</u>air maqdam, n. m.: Welcome.

خمرات (A) <u>kheirā</u>s, n. f.: Alms; charity.

خبرگ (P) <u>kh</u>iragi, n. f.: State of being dazzled; stupification.

ويره (P) <u>khirah</u>, adj.: Dazzled; dark : stupisied ; obscure.

خيريت (A) <u>kh</u>airlyat, n. f.: Safety; peace; welfare; happiness.

المن (A) <u>Khalmah</u>, n. m.: A tent; a pavilion.

ن

of Arabic alphabet, tenth of Persian and eleventh of Urdu.

Numerical value, according to abjad = 4

sure: weight; force;

awo: power: authority;

control; restraint; (printing) impression; one hundred sheets of paper.

- jamānā, v.: (1) To frighten; to over-awe; to bring under control. (2) (Printing) To give full impression.
- (A) dab, n m.: Custom; manner; habit; the act of driving vehemently; forcefull propulsion.
- (P) dāb, n.m.: Ostentation; magnificence; pomp; pride.
- to massage; to suppress; to squeeze; to bury; to restrain; to hug.
- Giver; benefactor; donor; patron; God. (2) Liberal; generous.
- ing; penetrating; included in; arriving; entered; inserted; registered; filed.
 - اخلخارج dakhil kharij, n.m.: Mutation; registration (of land transfer); proceedings of the transfer

- of property to the new proprietor.
- Filed with the record; postponed indefinitely; struck of the file of a judicial officer.
- اخل کرنا dakhil karna, v.:

 To incorporate; to include; to insert; to enter.
- Admission; entrance. (2)

 Payment; receipt of payment.
- اخلی dakhili, adj.: Interior; internal; inclusive; inherent; contained.
- 이 (H) dād, n. m.: Ringworm.
- 565 (P) dad, n. f.: Praise; applause; justice; redress; complaint; appeal; equity; punishment.
 - petitioner for justice; a claimant for redress; a complainant; a plaintiff.
 - الددينا dad dena, v.: (1) To do justice; to redress. (2) To applaud.

- دادو دېش dad-u dihish, n. f.:

 Bounty; beneficence;

 lavishness; liberality;

 charity.
- Monetary dealing; giving and taking; transaction; buying and selling; settlement of accounts.
- دادند فریاد dad na(h) faryad,
 n. f: Injustice; tyranny;
 high handedness.
- 1313 (H) dada, n. m.: (1) Paternal grand father. (fem. dādī.) (2) A wise man; an extra clever person.
- 1)313 (H) dadra, n. m.: A kind of light song.
- ار (P) dar, n.f.: Gibbet; gallows.
 - دار بر کهنتهنا dar par khlachna,
 v.: To hang; to execute.
 - לונפילונ dar-u-madar, n.m.:
 Dependence; basis.
 - دار و کیر dar u glr, n. f.:
 Tumult; conflict; general
 arrest.

- Jis (A) där, n. m.: A house; a dwelling; abode; habitation; country; place.
 - בונציכי dar-ul-akhirat, n.m.:
 The next world.
 - abode of eternity; the next world.
 - The land of war; an enemy country; a country inhabited by in fidels where Muslims are forced by the former not to observe Islamic way of life.
- ار (P) dar, suf.: Used in comp. e g. آبدار abdar, in-charge of drinking water, hissedar, partner.
- دارچينې (P) dar chini, n. f.: Cinnamon.
- לותפ (P) dārū, n. f.: Medicine; drug; remedy; cure.
- ارو (H) dārū, n. f.: Spirituous liquor; wine; (sl.) gun-powder.

inspector; a superintendent; an overseer; a keeper; a sub-inspector of police; the prefect of a town or a village; the headman of an office.

- אלונה (H) darh, darh, darh, n. f.: A jaw tooth; grinder.
- داؤهي ، ڏاؤهي (H) dāṛhì, ḍāṛhì, n. f. : Beard.
- داستان (P) dāstān, n. m.: A story; a fable; a tale; an epic; a romance.
 - داستان کو dāstān go, n. m.: A story-teller.
- up; keeping.
 - dashta(h), n. f. & adj.:

 (1) A keep; a concubine;
 an unlawful wife. (2)

 Kept; taken care of.
- اعی (A) da'i, n. m.: One who invites; a host; a convener; propagandist; claimant; plaintiff.
 - a plaint; pretention; petition; demand; cause; desire; wish.

- داغ (P) dagli, n. m.: (1) A spot;
 a scar; a speck; a mark; a
 stain; a blemish; a brand;
 a stigma. (2) A sore; a
 wound; calamity; sorrow;
 loss; disappointment;
 misfortune.
 - اغيل ما dagh bel, n. f.: A mark on ground; demarcation; a beginning; marking out the lines of a road with a spade.
 - Spotted; branded; stained; marked; scarred; damaged; burnt.
 - cauterize; to scar; to brand: to burn; to mark by burning with a hot iron. (2) To disappoint; to cause bereavement.
 - be branded; to be damaged; to be burnt (food etc); to get a bad name.
 - (explosive); to fire a gun; to brand; to cauterize; to mark by burning with hot iron.

epulsing; driving away.

- JID (A) dal, adj.: Indicative; significant; expressive; typical.
 - cate; to point to.
- JID (H) dal, n. f.: The split pulse; a crust; a scab; name of the present alphabet; yellow of egg.

 - se to be boiled soft; (fig.) to have effective voice (in matters); to avail; to be listened to.
 - hond. v.: To be something amiss; to smell rat
- الان (P) dālān, n. m. : An open hali; a colonnade; a verandah.
 - دالان در دالان در دالان در دالان n. m.: A double hall; an outer hall.

- ام (A) dam, intj.: May (it) be perpetuated or last for ever!
 - ام ظلد، dam zilluhu, intj.:

 May his shadow (cover, protection) continue for long!
- ام (P) dam, n. m.: A snare; a net; a conpsiracy.
 - נוץ יייני ענו dam mea land, v.:
 To ensuare; to entrap.
- כוֹק (H) dām, n.m.: Money; price; value; cost.
 - ام بهرنا dam bharna, v.: To pay the price; to pay the penalty.
 - دام پىڭ جانا dam po! jana, v. :
 Price to be settled.
- ואט (P) dāmād, n. m.: A son-in-law.
- راهان، داهن (P) dāmās, dāman,
 n. m.: (1) The skirt of a
 garment; an apron. (2)
 The side; the foot of a
 mountain; the sheet of a
 sail; a lap.
 - امن بکونا daman pakarnā, v. :

 To come under one's protection; to seek one's mercy; to hold a person (on

bis way) to satisfy a claim; to be a claimant or accuser; to be a plaintiff; to take refuge; to become a follower.

- امن بهیلانا daman phailana, v.:

 To beg; to supplicate;
 to petition.
- uihad, v.: To rise after leaving everything behind; to go away without taking anything (from the house); to shake off all connection with a person or place.
- ن چهرانا daman chhurana,
 v.: To get rid of; to escape from; to shake off.
- grant; charity; an offering; donation; dowry.
 - زن دهيز dan dahez, n. m.: (W) & (sl.) Dowry.
 - ان دینا dān denā, v.: To make a gift or grant; to give alms.
- UID (P) dand, adj.: Wise; learned; knowing.
 - ing and seeing; experienced and well-versed.

- افاتی dana'l, n. f.: Wisdom; sagacity.
- tusk. (2) Covetousness; longing. (3) A notch.
 - مانت کائی رو ئی dani kāji roji,
 n. f.: Close friendship;
 hand and glove.
 - انت کھٹے کرنا dant khatte karna, v.: To frustrate; to defeat; to baffle.
 - دانت نكالنا dant nikalna, v.: To cut teeth.
 - ungli denā, v.: To be wonder struck; to be shocked.
 - have an eye (on); to covet; to desire. (2) To be enimical.
- tooth of a comb, saw etc.; cog (of a wheel).
 - الكل الما danid kilkil, n.f.:

 Domestic quarrel; constant squable; wrangling.
- on; view; knowlege.

- danistah, didah u danistah, adv.:

 Knowingly; willingly;

 deliberately; with open
 eyes.
- دانش (P) danish, n f.: Wisdom; wit; knowledge; sagacity; thinking power; learning; science.
 - الش کا danish gāh, n.m.:

 Centre of learning; university; faculty; college.
 - دانش مند danish mand, adj.:

 Wise; sagacious; learned;
 intellectual.
 - انش مندی danish mandi, n. f.:

 Sagacity; tact; cleverness;

 learning; wisdom.
- measure of weight; 1/6th part of anything; portion.

 (2) Direction; side.
- n.m.: Turn; innings; opportunity; strategem; trick.
- 415 (P) dāna(h), n. m.: A grain; a corn; seed; (fig.) food; pimple; small-pox; chickenpox.

- Food and drink; victuals; subsistence; livelihood; destiny.
- دانه دار dane dar, adj.:
 Granulated.
- اور (P) dawar, n. m.: The great judge; God; sovereign; a just prince.
 - dāwar-i-maḥshar,
 -n.m.: Sovereign of (the day of) resurrection;
 God.
- ایاں (H) dahnā, dāyān, adj.: The right (side, hand).
- in process; running; current; under consideration.
 - اگر کرنا dā'ir karnā, v.: To file (a suit); to establish; to set up.
- A circle; a ring of persons; an orbit; a monastry; an institution; a mohallah.

 (2) A kind of drum.
- Always; continual; permanent; ceaseless; eternal.

 (2) Perpetually; continuations.

- المي da'imi, adj.: Perpetual; lasting; permanent.
- دائی ، دایه (P) da'i, daya(h), n. f.:

 A midwife; a wet nurse.
 - ائی جنائی da 'i jana'l, n.f.: Midwife.
 - chhupānā, v.: (lit.) To conceal the belly from a midwife; to conceal something from one who has reason to know it.
 - בונג كرى daya(h) garl, n. f.:

 Midwifory; nursing.
- دباغت (A) dabaghat, n.f.:

 Curing of skin; tanning.
- to suppress; to repress; to force; to massage; to sow; to squeeze; to keep under; to subdue; to crush; to check; to bury.
- לטְפּ (H) dabāu, n.m.: Pressure; constraint; influence; power; authority.
 - لاباو خالنا dabāu dalnā, v.:

 To press; to influence;

 to bring pressure to bear

 upon.

- לְגְגְיִאָ (P) dabdaba(h), n. m.: Majesty; dignity; power; awe; pomp.
- دبستان (P) dabistan, n. m.: A school (for children or of thought).
- to shrink from fear; to lie in ambush.
- الان (H) dubla, adj.: Lean; thin; meagre; poor; weak. (fem. دبلی dubli.)
- to be cancealed; to be kept down; to be pressed; to be squeezed; to be crushed; to yelld to force; to be overcome; to be overcome; to be overawed; to fall short; to be cowed; to give way; to be quelled; to be withheld.
 - الای dabe pauk, adv.:

 With silent steps; treading softly.
- النك (H) dabang, adj.: Bold;

 presumptuous; forward;

 courageous; fearless; sturdy; dauntless; outspoken.

- دبوچنا (H) dabochna, v.: To strangle; to seize; to pounce upon; to squeze; to seize by the throat.
- دبير (P) dabir n. m. : A writer ; a scribe ; a secretary.
 - دبیرفلک dabir-i falak, n. m.:
 The planet Mercury.
- (P) dabīz, adj.: Thick; guff; coarse.
- אַלָּגְ (H) dabel, adj.: Subordinate; weak; inferior.
- Running; gallop; race. (2)
 Frown; rebuke.
 - to gallop.
 - dapains, v.: To rebuke; to menace.
- ادتگار (H) duikār, n. f.: Reproof; rebuke; reprimand.
 - ارنا duikārnā v.: To reprove; to drive away; to rebuke; to reprimand.
- دخان (A) dukhān, n.m.: Smoke; steam.
 - du <u>kh</u> an i jahāz, n. m. : A steamer; steamship.

- رختر ، دختر ، دختر ، دختر ، دختر ، دختر ، دختر . (P) dukhtar, dukht,
 - الخترز dukht i-raz, n.m.: (lit.)

 The daughter of the grape; wine; grape-juice.
- entrance; entry; occupancy; admission; possession; skill; proficiency; knowledge; interference; medling; the influence of an evil spirit; possibility.
 - المعلولات dakhl dar ma'quiat, n.m.: Uncalled for intrusion; unnecessary interference; interruption.
 - المخول duhkūl, n. m.: Entrance; penetration.
 - ing; possessing; interfering; admitted; allowed entrance; exercising influence.
 - 133 (H) dada, n.f.: A maidservant; a nurse.
 - small swelling or lump (from an insect bite).

- ر ، ددهیل (H) dudhār, dudhel, adj.: Milch; milkgiving.
- ال کدهیال (H) dadhyāl, n. f.:

 Paternal family or lineage;

 house of the grandfather.
- ر (P) dar, n. m.: A door; an entrance; exit; gate.
 - בּנְאַנֹי dorban, n.m.: A doorkeeper.
 - לנישנ dar badar; adv.: From door to door.
 - دربار بهرنا dar bedar phima,
 v.: To go from door to
 door; to wander about.
- ر (P) dar, prep.: In; into; at; inside; with; to; about; by.
 - درآمك dar amad, n. f.: (lit.)

 Coming in; receipts; imports.
 - درآمد برآمد dar amad bar amad, n.f.: Import (and) export.
 - to enter by force.
 - انداز dar andaz, adj. : latezlopers meddies; speiles.

- درحايات dar ḥaqlqat, adv: In reality; in fact.
- دنے dar pai, adv.: In pursuit of.
- دربش dar pesh, prep.: In front; on hand; under consideration.
- ارکاد dar kar, adj.: Necessary: required; wanted; desired.
- בר לננ dar guzar, m. f.: Passing by or over; overlooking; excusing; foregoing.
- ر (H) dar. m. m.: Prico; rato; value.
-)> (H) dur, intf. : Be off!; stand-away!
- β (A) dur(r), π.m.: A pearl; an ear-ring.
 - ارشبوار dur-i-shahwar, n.m.:

 A pearl worthy of a king

 or a prince; a large pearl.
 - لازناسفته dur-i-ndsufia(h), n.m.:
 Unpiesced or unbored
 pearl; (fig.) a virgin.
 - pearl found alone in the shell; a very precious pearl.

- ارا (P) dirā, n. a.: A bell.
- اراج (A) durrāj, n.m.: A partridge.
- اراز (P) darāz, adj.: Long; tall; extended.
 - دراز دمت daraz dast, adj.; (lit.) Long-handed; oppressive; tyrannical.
 - לנוֹנ אָפְטֹ darāz honā, v.: To lie down; to take rest.
 - درازی darāzi, n. f.: Length; extension; tallness.
- اراز (E) darāz, n. m.; Cor. of drawers (of a shelf or table etc.).
- לתוני לתונ (H) daraz, darar, n. f.: A rift; a rent; a crack; a fissure.
- לרלות (P) darbar, n. m.: Court; levee; royal audience. (2)

 Hall of audience. (3) The executive government of native states.
 - בנאונט darbar dari, n. f.:

 Waiting upon; presence
 at court; dancing attendance on; (fig.) flattery.
 - دربارعام darbār-i-'ām, n. m. :
 Public audience.

- درباری darbari, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Belonging to a court.

 (2) A courtier; one entitled to a seat in the levee.
- ارچن (H) darpan, n. m.: A looking glass; a mirror.
- (A) darj, n. m. & adj.: (1)

 Registration; entry (into a register etc.). (2) Enrolled; registered; entered.
 - ادرج کرنا darj karna, v.: To record; to enter; to insert; to write; to register; to copy.
- رجن (E) darjan, n. m.: Cor. of a dozen.
- الرجه (A) daraja(h), n. m.:

 Grade; degree; class;

 compartment; rank;

 category.
- درخت (P) darakht, n. m.: A tree.
- الرخشان (P) darakhshan, adj.:

 Bright; shining; illumined;
 brilliant; flashing; resplendent.
- درخواست (P) darkhāst, n. f.: A petition; an application; entreaty: a request.

- درخواست کرنا darkhäst karna,

 v.: To apply; to request;

 to beg; to submit; to

 seek; to entreat; to ask

 for.
- کرک (P) dard, n. m.: pain: ache; sympathy; pity; affliction; compassion.
 - dardnak, adj.: Painful; pathetic; touching; distressing; piteous; compassionate.
 - وردزه dard-i-zih, n. m.: Labour pain; throes of child birth.
 - ache; (fig.) trouble; worry; vexation.
 - ادرد مند dard mand, adj.: Compassionate; pitiful; sympathetic.
- کرک (P) durd, n. f.: Sediment; leaving; dreg.
- split; a breach; seam.
- (P) darzī, n. m.; A tailog. (fem. درزن darzan.)
- الرس (A) dars, n. m.: A lesson;
 a lecture; teaching; instruction.

- לניש dars u tadrls,
 n. m.: Teaching; profession of teaching.
- בנישלם dars gah, n. f: School; college; educational institution.
- درس لینا dars lend, v.: To receive education; to sit at the feet of a teacher.
- درسی darsi, adj.: Textual; pertaining to lesson.
- fit; correct; accurate; true; proper; appropriate; sound.
 - correct; to set right; to repair; to arrange; to adjust; to put in order; to rectify; to mend; to restore.
 - durustagi, n. f.: Fitness;
 soundness; exactness;
 accuracy; adjustment;
 correction; amendment;
 repairs.
- درشت (P) durusht, adj.: Harsh; rude; hard; terse; stern; offensive; oppressive.

- درشتی durushtl, n. f.: Harshness; roughness; soverity.
- دشن (H) darshan, n. m.: Appearance; interview; visit.
 - درشنی darshani, adj.: Worth
 seeing (face, sight);
 beautiful; sightly; handsome
 - درشنی هندی darshani hundi, n. f.: A bank draft payable at sight.
- ارک (P) dark, n.m.: Knowledge; skill; understanding; intuition; feeling; perception; comprehension
- shrine; tomb of a reputed saint; a royal court; threshold.
- رمان (P) dorman, n. m.: Remedy; relief; pulliative medicine; cure; drug.
- درمین (P) durmut, m. m.: A rammer; a pounder (for pavements).
- الرنگ (P) dirang, n. f.: Dilemma; hesitation; delay; evasion.

- الروازه (P. darwāzah, n. m.: A door; an exit; an entrance; a gate.
- lngs; benediction; salutation (esp. to Holy Prophet Mohammad).
- زوغ (P) darogh, n.m.: A lie; falsehood.
 - darogli halfl, n. f.: کروغ حلفی
 Perjury; false swearing.
 - دروغ کوئی darogh go'i, n. f.: Lying; telling falsehood.
- جرویش (P) darwesh, n.m.: A dervish; a religious ascetic; mendicant.
 - درویشی darweshl, n. f.: Spiritual way of life; mendicancy; poverty; beggary.
- o) (P) durrah(h), n. m.: A whip.
- נס ، כנס (P) darra(h), dara(h), n. m.: A valley; a glen between two hills; a mountain pass.
- ری (H) dari, n.f.: A cotton carpet.
- U.33 (P) darya, n. m.: A river.

- دریابرد darya burd, m. f.:

 (Land) carried or washed
 away by the encroachment of a river; anything
 lost for ever; diluvion.
- دریادل daryā dil, adj.: (lit.)

 Having heart like a river;
 large-hearted; generous;
 bountiful.
- ادریا میں رہنا اور مگرمہ سے ابین daryā meh rahnā aur magarmachh se bair, prov.: To reside in Rome and quarrel with the Pope.
- دریائی darya'l, adj.: Aquatic; maritime; pertaining to river or water; marine; riverian.
- دریائی کهوڑا daryā'i ghorā,
 n. m.: The hippopotamus.
- دریا ہے' شور darya-'i-shor, n.m.:
 The sea; the ocean.

- كريائي (H) daryā'i, n. f.: (1)

 Swing (given) to a paper
 kite. (2) A kind of silk
 cloth; satin. (Cor. of
 P. دارائي darā'l).
- ادریافت (P) daryaft, n. f.: (1) Enquiry. (2) Discovery; detection; finding out.
- دريبه (H) dariba(h), n. m.: A betel stall; a betel market.
- window; a casement; a small door or porch; an opening in the wall.
- دریده (P) darida(h), adj. : Torn; split; open.
 - دريده دين darida(h) dahan, adj.: Open mouthed; (fig.) insolent; rude.
- בניפני (P) darywzah, n. m.: Begging; beggary.
 - בר אפ daryazah gar, n. m.:
 A beggar; a mendicant.
- ンうン (P) duzd, n. m.: A thief; a robber.
 - The white spot left in the palm of hand etc. after applying myrtle.

- دزدیده duzdida(h), adj. & adv.:
 (1) Stolen; secret. (2)
 - Stealthily.
- اه duzdida (h)

 nazar, nigāh, n. f.:

 Secret look; side glance;

 shy look; looking

 through the corner of

 the eye.
- دس (H) das, adj. : Ten.
 - daswak, adj.: The tenth; tenth part.
- دساتير (A) dasāilr, n. m., pl.:
 - (1) Rules; customs; constitutions. (s. دستور dastur.).
 - (2) An ancient book of Parsis.
- (H) disāwar, n. m.: A foreign country; foreign market.
- claw. (2) Loose motions; diarrhoes.
 - انا dast and, v.: To have loose motions.
 - الدازى dast and&zl, m. f.: Interference; meddling; encroachment; intrusion; cognizance of a crime.

- دست بدست dast ba dast, adv. :
 (From) Hand to hand.
- urpation; plunder; embezzlement; power; aggression; superiority.
- اری dast bardarl, n.f.:

 Relinquishment; renunciation; withdrawal.
- دست بند dast band, n. m.: A string of pearls or other gems worn by women on the wrist; a wristlet.
- dast panāh, dast panāh, daspanā, n. m.: A pair of tongs.
- ture; initial; endorsement.
- دست درازی dast darāzī, m. f.: Excess; outrage; assault; violence.
- المستكار dasikār, n.m.: A

 handicraftsman; an artizan; a manufacturer.
- اری dast kāri, m. f.: Handiwork; handicraft; art; manufacture.

- المستكيري dast girl, n. f.:

 Assistance; protection;
 relief; patronage; aid;
 help; support; friendship.
- المتنگر dast nigar, adj:
 Dependent; poor; indigent; needy; wanting; in need.
- لاستار (P) dastār, n.f.: A turban.
 - Che ceremony of wearing a turban on succession or completion
 of academic studies.
- 4 کستا (P) dastānah, n. m. : A glove; a gaunt(st.
- زیز (P) dastawez, n. f.: A deed; a document; a bond; a note of title-deed; certificate.
- n. m.: A piece of cloth spread on the floor on which food is served.
- الاستك (P) dastak, n. f.: Clapping of hands; making a call; knocking at the door;

- summons; process; tax; commission; passport.
- دستک دینا dastak denā, v.: To knock at the door; to clap.
- perfume; a treatise by Poet Ghalib on the events in the Indo-Pakistan subcontinent during the War of Independence (1857).
- Constitution; statute; convention (2) Custom; rule; manner; usage; fashion; common practice; an established order; a customary fee.
- dasturul 'amal,
 n.m.: Rule of procedure;
 rule of conduct; regulations; a hand book;
 a code; modus operandi.
- asimbli, n. f.: (Mod.)
 Constituent assembly.
- دستوری dasturl, n. f.: Broker's commission; perquisites; fees.

- handle; a hilt; a pestle of mortar; a bouquet. (2) A quire of paper. (3) A division of an army; a contingent; a brigade; a group.
- الشت (P) dasht, n. m.: A desert; wilderness; forest; an arid plain.
- دشمن (P) dushman, n. m.: An enemy; a rival; a foe.
 - dushmanl, n. f.: Enmity; hatred; hostility.
- ادشنام (P) dushnām, n. f.: Abuse; eourrility; invective.
- کشنه (P) dashna(h), n. m.: A .dagger.
- cult; hard; arduous; troublesome.
 - dushwāri, n. f.: Difficulty; hardship.
- blessing; prayer; invocation; supplication.
 - a blessing; to pray for.
 - du'ā salām, n. f.:

 Compliments and good
 wishes.

vitation; a call; a feast; entertainment; treat; banquet; repast.

- d'awat-i-shlrāz, n. f.: A simple and unceremonious feast.
- d'awat-i-walima(h),
 n. f.: A marriage feast
 at bridegroom's house.
- iawsuit; claim; pretension; charge; demand; title; accusation; proposition; theory; contention.
 - laintiff; claimant. Plaintiff; claimant.
 - file a suit; to claim; to pretend; to profess to; to demand.
- (E) (P) daghā, n. f.: Deception; deceit; cheating; fraud; treachery; disloyalty.
 - زا) Deceitful; fraudulent; treacherous. (2) A cheat; a swindler; a

- roque; a traitor; a knave; betrayer; impostor.
- nā, v.: To defraud; to play false; to betray; to cheat; to deceive; to act treacherously.
- دغابازی daghā bāzi, n.f.: Cheating; treachery; villainy; disloyalty; deceitfulness; fraud.
- خَلَفَا (A) daghdagha(h), m. m.:

 Alarm; fear; perturbation;
 worry; apprehension; disturbance; awe; confusion.
- (1) كغل (A) daghal, n. m.: (1) Cheating; fraud; treachery. (2) Impure gold or silver.
 - دغل نصل معلى المجال المجال المجال المجال (W) Duplicity; double dealing.
- ف (P) dof, n. m.: (1) A drum; a small tambourine
 (2) Warmth; enthusiasm; noxious property; poison.
 - daf marna, v.: (Noxiousness) to subside.
- resistance; repulsion.

- Office; an establisment. (2)
 A register; a roll; a long
 story; a lengthy report; a
 large volume; record; an
 account-book.
 - خورد بونا daftar gā'u khurd honā, v.: An establishment to be closed; in titution to become defunct.
 - المانية daftari, adj. de n. m.;
 (1) Related to or about an office. (2) A book-binder;
 a packer; a stationery clerk; an office stationer.
- کفتی (A) daftl, n. f : Cardboard. (Cor. of P دفتیں daftih.)
- فع (A) dof'a, n. m.: Repelling; preventing; driving away; sending off.
 - daf'a karnā, v.: To repel; to ward off; to avert; to dispel.
 - دفع الوقتى daf'ul waqtl, n.f.:

 Beguiling the time; a pastime.
 - daf'iyah, n m.: Repulsion; prevention; cure; remedy; warding off

- Section; paragraph; clause. (2) Time; turn; class; article.
 - tion of law. lagana, v.:
- کفی (A) dafn, n. m.: Burial; internment; concealment.
 - دفنانا، دفن کرنا ا dafnānā, dafn
 karnā, v.: To bury.
- کفیله (A) dafina(h), n. m.:
 Buried treasure.
- (A) diq(q), n. f. & adj.: (1)
 Chronic fever; hectic fever;
 consumption; tuberculosis.
 (2) Vexed; troubled; tormented; distressed.
 - ادق کرنا diq karna, v.: To worry; to torment; to tease; to harass; to irritate; to plague; to vex.
- ذلك (A) diqqat, n. m.: Difficulty; trouble; worry; diligence; intricacy; a subtle or minute thing; a delicate affair.
- دقيق (A) daqiq, adj.: Nice; subtle; delicate; fine; thin; slender; abstruse; difficult

- to understand; minute; deep.
- ال ال ال (A) daqiqa(h), n.m.: A moment; a minute. (2) A subtle question; nicety; a particle; a trifing matter; anything small.
 - Penetrating; discorning; quick of apprehension; intelligent; subtle; able to tackle delicate questions.
 - uihā na rakhnā, v.: To leave no stone unturned; to do (one's) utmost.
 - じじょ (P) dukān, n. f.: A shop.
 - ان برهانا dukān barhānā, v.:
 To close a shop.
 - לטנון dukān dār, n. m.: A shop-keeper.
 - لا كان كرنا dukān karnā, v.: To keep a shop; to run a shop.
 - (H) dukh, n. m. : Suffering; distress; pain; grief.
 - د کهبنانا ملاه مین dukh bajānā, v.: To share one's sorrow; to sympathise.

- undertake trouble; to labour; to suffer misfortune.
- torment; to cause sorrow or distress; to give
 pain or trouble.
- sharik, n. m.: A partner in (one's) pains and griefs; (fig) consort.
- الله ملكه الله dukh sukh, n.m.: (lit.)

 Pains and pleasures: ups
 and downs of life.
- of woe.
- dukhyā, dukh yārā, adj. & n. m.: (1) Unfortunate; pitiable. (2) An unfortunate person; a pitiable wretch.
- ن کهان (H) dikhānā, v.: To show; to exhibit; to point; to display.
 - dikhāwā, n. m.: Show; display; pretence; ostentation; parade.
 - د کهائی دینا dikha'i denā, v.:

 To be seen; to be sighted; to appear.

- hurt; to cause pain.
- to pain; to smart.
- علام الركاني (P) dugāna(h), dogāna(h), n. m.: (1) Two prostrations (for thanksgiving to Almighty). (2) (Mod.) Duet. (3) A double or twin thing or fruit.
- עלי טאַלע (P) digar, digar, adj.: Other; others; another; next.
 - دگرگون digar gua, adj. : Of a nother complexion; changed in form or figure; topsy turvy; upside down.
- JO (H) dal, n. m.; (1) Thickness; solidity; corpulence.
 (2) A large army; crowd.
 - دل بادل dal badal, n.m.: (1)

 A mass of clouds. (2) A large pavilion; a large army.
 - לט בונ dal dar, adj.: Thick; fleshy; full of flesh.
- JO (P) dil, n. m.: Heart; mind; concience; soul; courage; wish; inclination; generosity.

i الجات بونا dil uchā! honā,
v.: To be disgusted; to
be weary or tired; to feel
mentally disturbed.

- כנולן dilaram, n. m.; (lit.)

 Comfort of the heart; a sweet-heart.
- dil ulaina, v.: To be shocked.
- دل باغ باغ بونا dil bagh bagh
 hona, v.: To be highly
 pleased.
- دل بيلهنا dil baithna, v.: To feel depressed; to droop; to have a sinking feeling.
- Satisfaction; security; ease of mind; peace; assurance; confidence.
- Seeking to gain (some body's) heart; making every effort to please; attention; sympathy.
- esting; entertaining; pleasing; alluring; charming; delightful; pleasant.
- ct-دوز dildoz, adj.: Heart-piercing; heart-rending.

- oblige; to comfort; to conciliate; to encourage.
- دل ریش dil rish, adj. : Heartwounded.
- الرنا se utarna, v.:

 To be banished from

 (one's) heart; to be disliked.
- khilmā, v.: To secure the desired wish; to come to happiness.
- dil khash, adj.: (lit.)

 Heart winning; alluring; pleasant; charming.
- ko dil se rah hoti hai, id.:

 (True) love receives response from the other side; in love, both the hearts best in unision.
- ال کها کرنا dil khaitā karnā,
 v.: To displease; to
 offend; to discourage; to
 make one unhappy.
- dil khinchnä, v.: To attract; to win over.

- dil ke phaphole phorna, v.: To get
 relieved of one's grievance etc.; to take
 revenge; to pay off old
 scores.
- courage; bravery.
- dil lagi, m. f.: Amusement; fun; attachment.
- ال دل مملاكرنا dil maila karna,

 v.: To cloud the heart

 (with grief, disappointment etc.); to be grieved.
- dil men rāh دل میں راہ بیدا کرنا ail men rāh paidā karnā, v.: To be near one'e heart.
- ال كاروالا dil wala, adj. & n. m.:
 (1) Generous: liberal;
 spirited. (2) A generous
 person.
- دل هی دل میں dil hi dil meh, adv.: Secretly; in one's heart.
- dil hat jānā, v.: To be averse to.
- lation; encouragement; comfort.

- sign; indication; evidence; (W) awe; pomp; show.
- り込う (A) duldul, n. m.: The black and white mule presented by the ruler of Alexandria to the Holy Prophet Mohammad, who gave it to Ali, his son-in-law, and later, the fourth pious Caliph.
- لدل (H) daldal, n.f.: Marsh; quagmire.
 - daidal men caught in a quagmire.
- كالق (A) dalq, n. f.: A patched garment worn by dervishes or sufis.
- لكى (H) dulki, n. f.: Trot (of a horse or dog); (fig.) brisk, steady movement.
- いい (H) dalnā, v.: To grind coarsely; to split (pulse).
- ولها (H) dulha, n. m.: A bridegroom. (fem. دلهن dulhan.)
- (a)) (H) dalyd, n. m.: Coarselyground grain; such a wheat taken with milk and sugar as porridge.

دلير (P) diler, adj.: Fearless; bold; brave; daring; courageous.

- خابرى dileri, n. f.: Bravery; boldness; valour.
- لاليل (P) dalll, n. f.: Argument; proof; reason.
 - دليل لانا dalil lana, v.: To argue; to put forward reason or proof.
- (A) dam, n. m. : Blood.
 - damwł, adj.: Related to blood.
- P) dam, n. m.; Breath; life; soul; self, energy; strength; spirit; time: moment; deceit; charm; draw of hugga; edge (of a sword); point (of a spear); cooking on slow fire.
 - dam ulatna, v.: To be دم النا distressed or disturbed in mind; to be perplexed; to be dismayed; to . lose one's mind, reason or senses; to be suffocated or choked; to breathe one's last.

- دمباز dambāz, adj & n.m.:
 - (1) Treacherous; artful.
 - (2) A treacherous person; a smoker (of a ḥuqqa).
- دم بغود dam bakhud, adj.: Stient: struck dumb; 'confounded; aghast.
- בק אבק dam ba(h) dam, adv.: Constantly; successively; incessantly; repeatedly; minute after minute.
- בק אנט dam bharna, v.: (1) To speak of one incessantly; to love in depth; to sing the praises of some one. (2) To boast (of); to make a claim; to profess. (3) To have faith; to seek the support (of).
- dam pukht, n. m.: Any dish cooked in steam.
- dam kham, n. m.: کم خم Strength; senses; sharpness (sword, dagger).
- دم ماز damsāz, adj. & n. m.: (1) Intimate; familiar; consenting. (2) A friend; a companion; (fig.) a life partner (wife).

- دمقدم dam qadam, n. m.: Life; existence; safety.
- المحن dam-i-wapsin, n. m.:

 The last breath; dying hour.
- (P) dum, n. f.: Tail; end; extremity.
 - dum chhalla, n. m.: A constant follower.
 - בק בונ dumdār, adj.: Having a tail.
 - בק בון זון dumdar tara, n.m.:
 A comet.
 - dum dabā kar bhāgnā, v.: To turn back (in fear like a dog) with tail between the legs; to turn tail; to run away.
- brain; head; mind; intellect; wisdom; conceit; haughtiness; patience; endurance; bearing; senses.
 - dimagh دماغ آسمان بر بونا dimagh di
 - دماغ جهزنا dimāgh jharnā, v.:

 (lit.) To have the conceit

taken out of one's head; to come to senses.

- jand, v.: (1) To think too much of one's self.

 (2) To become mentally unhinged; to become mad.
- dimā gh chāṭnā, khāll karnā, khānā, v.: To disturb the peace of mind by incessant foolish talk.
- karnā, na(h) milnā, v.:

 To be haughty or vain;
 to think no end of one's
 self.
- A mound; a raised battery; an entrenchment.
- ومزی (H) damri, n. f.: ‡ th part of the old paisa (when Re 1/- was = 64 ps.)
 - د مڑی کے تین تین damṛl ke tin tin, adj.: Extromely cheap.
 - دمسڑی نہ جائے چاھے چمڑی جائے damṛl na(h) jā'i chhāhe chamṛl jā'i, prov.: Whatever the difficutly; nothing

should be spent; saving at all cost. (Spoken about a miserly person.)

- しい (H) damak, n.f.: Brilliance; glow; glitter; bloom; flush.
 - دمكنا damaknā, v.: To glitter; to glow; to shine; to bloom; to give forth heat.
- لمك (P) dama(h), n.m.: (1) A pair of bellows. (2) Asthma.
- نَان (H) din, n. m.: (1) Day; day - time; morning. (2) Fate; lot; circumstances. (3) Scason; weather; period of time; age.
 - دن به دن din ba(h) din, adv.: Daily; every day; gradually.
 - din bhar, adv.: Through-out the day.
 - לט din parnā, v.: To fall on evil days; (W) (fig) to become a widow.
 - طرحانا دن بهار موحانا din pahar hojana, v.: The day to be unbearably long.

- دن بهرنا din phirna, v.: The days to take a (favourable) turn.
- din charhna, v.: (1) دن چوهنا The sun to rise; the day to be far advanced. (2) (W) Due time (of menses) to pass; to be delayed; to be overdue.
- din danā دن دونا ؤات جو گنا rāt chaugnā, adj.: (lit.) Twofold during the day, (and) four - fold during the night; by leaps and bound; unusual; extraordinary.
- رویمبر دن دهاؤے ، دن دویمبر dihare, din dopahar, adv.: Openly; in broad daylight.
- دن کو اونی اونی رات کو چرخمه din ko oni oni rat ko charkha(h) poni, prov.: (W) To waste the best part of time in doing nothing and start working when no time is left.
- lii دن کننا din ginnā, v.: (lit.) To count days; to expect or await (one) anxiously.

- oneself airs; to think no end of oneself; to forget one's evil days.
- tare nazar and, v.: (lit.)
 To see stars by day-light;
 to find oneself in extreme difficulty.
- טיبل (P) dumbal, n. m.: A boil; an abscess.
- لندار (P) dandan, n.m.: A tooth.
 - دندان ساز dandan saz, n. m.:
 - دندان شکن جو اب dandan shikan jawab, adj.: (lit.) A tooth-breaking reply; crushing rejoinder.
 - دندانه dandana(h), v.: A notch; a jag.
- נוניטט (H) dandanana, v.: To enjoy oneself; to sing for joy; to live at ease.
- النكل (P) dangal; n. m.: A wrestling arena, match; an amphitheatre; a tumultous assembly.
- ل نيا (A) dunyā, n. f.: The world; the people of the world;

- the life or state of existence.
- (1) Worldly; wordly minded. (2) One absorbed in wordly affairs.
- انياساز dunya saz, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Showy; formal; cunning; erafty. (2) A cunning fellow; a formal person.
- n. f.: The world and whatever is in it.
- dunya hal دنیا هم اور اپنامطلب aur apna maslab, prov. 1
 The world is selfish.
- ور (P) do, adj.: Two; a pair; one plus one; a few.
 - do āba(h), m. m.: Land between two rivers.
 - do ātasha(h), adj.: Of two fires; twice-distilled; strong (wine).
 - לפאכל do bol, n. m.: (lit.)

 (Mere) two words; brief talk; (fig.) nuptials; matrimony.

- dupatiā, n. m · A sheet of cloth thrown by women over their head and shoulders, covering the breast.
- دوینا بدلنا (W) (lit.) To exchange (their) sheets of cloth, signifying establishment of close friendship.
- الرى، دوپلى dupalṛi, dupalll, n. f.: A light cap of muslin consisting of two pieces.
- do pahar, n. f.: Twelve o'clock of the day; noon-time.
- cut; decisive. Clear-
- ادوچند do chand, adj.: Double; two-fold.
- do dil rāzī to kyā kare
 qāzi, prov.: (lit.) Two
 hearts joined together in
 love cannot be seperated
 (even) by a court judge;
 if two persons conspire
 to do a job, no power
 can prevent them from
 completing it.

- الو د لا do dilā, adj.: Wavering; oscillating; whimsical.
- دو دو چونجیں do do chonchen,
 n. f.: An altercation;
 an argumentation.
- دورسا durasa, n. m.: A mixture of two kinds (tobacco).
- دو زانو بینهما du zanū baithnā,
 v.: To sit cross legged;
 to sit on the hams; to
 squat.
- الم dushāla(h), n. m. : A shawl of two lengths.
- دوشنبه do shamba(h), n.m.:

 Monday.
- دوشيزه dushīza(h), n. f. & adj.:
 (1) A virgin (girl). (2)
 Virgin.
- الا du manzila(h), adj.:

 Double-storeyed (building); of two decks (ship);
 double decker (bus).
- دونالی do nāll, adj.: Doublebarrelled (gun).
- ing with both hands together; a slap given with both hands.

- لاوتی du'l, n. f.: Duality; disunion; separateness.
- n.f.: A medicine; a remedy; a cure.
 - دواخانه dawā khāna(h), n. m.:

 A medical hall; dispensary.
 - دواساز dawāsāz, n. m. : A chemist; a druggist; a dispenser.
- (A) dawāt, n. f.: An inkpot.
- کوالوش (P) dawā dawish, n. f.: Effort; running after; toil and trouble.
- Ylو diwālā, m. m.: Bankruptcy; insolvency.
 - خوالیه diwalla(h), n. m.: A bankrupt; an insolvent person.
- (1) Permanency; eternity; infinity. (2) Perpetually; always; continually; eternally.
 - dawami, adj.: Permanent; lasting; constant; continual; continuous; incessant; perennial.

- (H) dab, n. f.: A fine soft grass.
- טעט (P) dūd, n.m.: Smoke; mist; haze; vapour.
 - دودکش dūd kash, n. m.: Chimney.
- ילפל טוט (P) dudman, n. m.:

 Family; race; generation;
 high family; a noble household.
- (White) juice of certain plants.
 - hānā, chhurānā, v.: To wean.
 - دودهد دوسنا dudh duhna, v.:
 - دودهد کا دودهد پانی کا پیانی dudh kā dudh pani kā
 pāni, prov.: God's justice.
 - دوده كاجلا چهاچهه پهونک پهونک
 - dudh kā jalā chhāchh phuak phuak kar pitā
 hai, prov.: Once bitten
 twice shy.
 - nahūo pūton phaho, intj.:

 (W) May you prosper in

wealth and children. (A benediction from senior ladies to young wives

and mothers.)

- (A) daur, n. m.: Circulation; circuit; orbit; revolution of time or heavenly bodies; reign; period; circumference; course; cycle; turn.
 - Sway; rule; influence; popularity.
 - الور (P) dar, adj.: Far; distant; remote; away; a long way off.
 - دوراندیش خوراندیش خوراندیش Far-sighted; prudent; penetrating; sagacious; wise.
 - دور بين dur bin, adj. & n. f.:
 (1) Far-sighted; prudent.
 - (2) A telescope; a spyglass.
 - دوررهنا dar rahad, v.: To remain at a distance; to keep at arm's length; to abhor.
 - خور سے سلام کرنا dar se salam karna. prov.: To remain aloof (from); to detest.

- suhane, prov.: (lit.) Distant music is pleasing; things seen from far appear beautiful (even though they may not be so).
- دور کی کوڑی dur ki kauri, m. f.: A far fetched idea; (fig.) a funny thought.
- durl, n. f.: Distance; remotences; absence; separation.
- زران (A) dauran, n. m.: Cycle; circulation; period; time; age; duration; pendency.
- cuit; an inspection tour; revolution.
 - daura(h) karnā, v.:
 To go on tour; to
 review.
 - دور و برنا daura(h) parnā, v.: To experience a fit.
- jes (H) daur, m.f.: Running;
 race; extent; effort;
 struggle; endeavour;
 aggression; raid; asault;
 military expedition.

- دوزدهوپ daur dhup, n. f.:

 Toil and bustle; running about.
- tifbel (H) daurana, v.: To cause to run; to send post haste; to give wings (to thought).
- to go fast; to make haste; to gallop; to rush at; to attack; to spread.
- לפנל (P) dozakh, n.f.; Hell; inferno; (fig.) belly.
 - دوزخی dozakhi, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Hellish; infernal.

 (2) (lit.) A dweller in hell; a great sinner.
- ع (P) dost, n.m.: A friend; a lover; a paramour.
 - دوست رکهنا dost rakhnā, v.:
 To like; to hold dear;
 to love.
 - دوستی dossi, n. f.: Friendship; Intimacy: affection; amity; attachment.
- Second; next; other; duplicate; another; separate; different. (fem. دوسری dusri.)

- (P) dosh, n. m.: Shoulder.
 - دوش بدوش مosh-ba-dosh, adv.: Shoulder to shoulder.
 - doshinah, adj. : Of last night.
- کوشیزه (P) doshlzah, n. f.: A virgin; a maiden; spinster.
 - ادوشیدگ doshizagi, n. f.: Virginity; maidenhood.
- churned milk. Curd;
- لوغلا (H) doghlā, adj.: Crossbreed; mongrel; not of pure breed; mixed. (fem. وغلی doghlī.)
- دولاب (A) dulab, n.m.: A wheel for drawing water with.
- الولت (A) daulat, n. f.: Wealth; fortune; empire; state; country. (fig.) (W) Progeny; offsprings
 - ار daulat-i-bedar, m.f.: Wealth which may be used for profitable purposes.
 - daulas <u>khāna.h),</u>
 n. m.: A mansion; a
 palace; a polite term.

used for another's dwelling, as غريب خانه <u>gh</u>arlb <u>kh</u>āna(h), a poor man's house, for one's own.

- دولت مند daulat mand, adj.: & n. m: (1) Rich; wealthy; opulent. (2) A wealthy person.
- دلها dalhā, n.m.: Seo دلها dulhā.
- boasting; vanity. (2)
 Double of the stipulated
 emount of gamblers' loss
 or gain. (3) Raising of the
 voice in singing. (4) Valley.
 - انا، لينا طينا مونكي الرانا، لينا dun ki urana, lena, v.: To boast; to brag.
- (A) dun, adj.: Base; vile; mean; contemptible.
 - دون بست den himmat, adj.:

 Coward; weak; lowspirited.
- اونگوا) (H) dongrā, n m.: A heavy shower of rain.
- let; a verse-form; distich.
- (H) duha'l, n.f.: Complaint; crying out for help.

- درهنا (H) duhna, v.: To milk.
- ال د ، ديهه (P) dih, deh, n. m.: A village.
 - head of a village.
- ob (P) dah, adj.: Ten.
- ral oro; metal. (2) Semen.
- sharpness. (2) Current; stream.
 - دهار رکهانا dhār rakhānā, v.:
 To get (knife etc.) sharpened.
- (H) dhārā, n. f.: A torrent; a current; a stream.
- دهاری (H) dhārl, n. f.: A line; a streak; a stripe.
- fame; awe; fear; pomp; glory; terror.
- لاهي (به) dhāga, n.m.: Thread. الرونا dhāgā pironā, v.: To thread (needle).

- na(h), n. m.: The mouth; opening; an orifice.
- وهان (H) dhan, n. m.: The rice plant; rice in the husk; paddy.
 - نبان dhān pān, adj.: Lean; thin; thin as a wafer; delicate.
- عانی (M) dhānl, adj.: Light green.
- (H) dhāwā, n. m.: An attack; raid; asault.
 - dhāwā bolnā, mārnā, v.: To make a sudden attack; to undertake an expedition.
- دهبا (H) dhabbā, n. m.: A blot; a stain; a spot; a stigma.
- of driving away; putting off; evasion; trick; deception.
 - turn out; to cheat; to turn one away.
- למישלנט (H) dhutkārnā, v.: To drive out; to reprove.

- (H) dhaj, n. f.: Shape; form; fashion; appearance.
- of cloth or paper; a shred; a rag; tatter.
 - uranā, bakherna, v.: To tear into bits; to beat black and blue; to expose one to infamy; to disgrace.
- jerk; a jolt; shock; (fig.) loss.
 - الكنا كمجكالكنا dhachka lagna, v.:

 To receive a shock; to suffer loss or handicap.
- אנ (A) dahr, n. m.: The world; time; an age.
 - dahriya(h), n. m.: An atheist.
- An (H) dhurā, n. m.: An axle; axis.
 - دهریت، دهریك dhurpat, dhurpad, n. f.: A tune in Hindi music.
- دهرتبي (H) dharsi, n. f.: Earth; soil; land.

- نا کھر نا (H) dharnā, v. & n. m.: (1) To put down; to place; to have; to possess; to put in one's charge; to pledge; to stake. (2) The act of sitting at the door of the debtor to enforce payment of the debt; dunning.
 - charna dena, v.: To sit doggedly at the debtor's door or causing obstruction for forcing payment of debt.
- (1) The body; the trunk. (2) A bump; an imitative word for noise.
 - dhara dhar, n. m. : Repeated bumps.
- (H) dhafa, n. m.: Balancing a weight; weight.
 - dhara karna, v.: To balance; to equipoise.
- 5 you (H) dharka, n. m.: (1) Alarm; fear. (2) Palpitation.
- کھوکن (H) dharkan, m. f.:
 Palpitation; heart bent; Palpitation; turobbing.

لهو كنا dharaknā, v.: To beat; to throb; to palpitate.

- (A) dahshat, n. f.: Fear; terror; alarm; awe; dread.
 - دهشت: ده dahshat zadah, adj.: Terrified: panicky; frightened; soared.
 - دهشت کهانا dahshar khana, v.: To be panicky; to be scared.
 - dahshat gardi, دهشت کردی n. f.: Terrorism.
- ناقهای (A) dihqan, n. m.: A villager; a husbandman.
 - دهقاني dihqānī, adj. & n. m.: (1) Boorish; rude; slovenly; rustic. (2) A villager.
- UKBS (H) dahkānā, v.: To raise (a fire); to fan (live coal); to cause to blaze.
- 以ためン(H) duhaknā, v.: To blaze up.
- لهكيلنا (Hı dhakelnā, v.: To . push, to drive out.
- رهل (P) duhal, n. m.: A drum.
- ن المرجان (H) dahalnā, dahal jānā, v.: To trem-bie with fear; to shake; to be shocked.

- UMAS (H) dahlana, v.: To strike terror: to cause to tremble; to scare; to frighten.
- UXAン (H) dhulānā, v.: To cause to be washed; help in washing.
 - dhulā'i, n.f.: Washing; wages of washing.
- رهاين (P) dihliz, n. f.: Threshold.
- مهم (H) dham, n. f.: A thud.
- **どしあ**り (H) dhamākā, n. m.: An explosion; a report; bang; crash; thud.
- Jلمكا (H) dhammal, n. f.: (1) Leaping; dancing frantically. (2) A musical mode.
- نکمک (H) dhamak, n.f.: The sound of thumping; throbbing; noise of footsteps overhead.
- ناكمكنا (H) dhamakna, v.: To throb; to shoot; to make a raid; to shoot with pain (headache); to palpitate.
- دهمكي (H) dhamki, n. f.: Threat; menace.
- ුකිර (H) dhun, n. f. : (1) Tune: key - note. (2) An absorbing thought.

رهي (P) dahan, n. m.: Mouth. (See دهان dahāh.)

- نهنا (H) dhunnā, v. : To beat ; to pound; to thrash.
- لهند (H) dhund, n. m.: Mist; fog; haziness; thick cloudy weather.
 - المندلا dhuadla, adj.: Dim; foggy; misty; dull.
 - دهندلاين dhundlapan, n. m.: Dimness: cloudiness; mistiness.
 - dhundalkā, n. m. ۱ دهنداکا Early morning; mist; light darkness.
- (1) A (H) dhanak, n. f. (1) rainbow. (2) Thin and narrow lace.
- دهوان (H) dhuwan, n. m.: Smoke.
 - دهوال دهار dhuwandhar, adj.: Smoky; dark; vigorous; of spirit; (fig.) full torcential (rain).
 - dhuwen urana, ۲۰۱ دهویس از انا To tear into bits; to impoverish.
- دهوجي (H) dhobl, n m.: A washerman.

- د هوبى كاند كهركاند كهاك كا dhobl kā kuttā na(h) ghar kā na(h) ghāt kā, prov.: One cannot serve two masters; a dog who runs after two bones catches neither.
- عوب (H) dhup, n. f.: The sun; sunlight; sunshine; heat of the sun.
 - באפ שול i) אל dh np parna, nikalna, v: To be suany.
 - دهو پهاول dhūp chhāua, n. f.: Light and shade (together); a cloth of mixed shades.
 - دهوپ کهانا dhūp khānā, v.: To
 - men bal safed karna, v.:
 To become old and gain
 no experience; to pass
 (one's) life in ignorance.
- tion; deceit; doubt; disappointment; false appearance; delusion; blunder; a mirage.
 - cheat; to deceive; to make believe.

- khānā, dhoke men ānā,
 v.: To be misled; to be
 deceived; to be taken in;
 to be deceived by appearance.
- لهول (H) dhal, n. f.: Dust.
 - دهول اوا دینا dhūl urā denā,
 v.: To destroy; to obliterate; (fig.) to finish
 food etc. entirely.
 - ال الحمول الرانا dhūl uṛānā, v.: To raise or throw dust; to wander; to disgrace; to make earnest effort.
 - באפט ולט dhal urna, v.: To be ruined.
- المول (H) dhaul, n. m.: A slap; a thump.
 - دهول دهیا An exchange of thumps and slaps; a row.
 - jarnā, lagāna, mārnā, v.:
 To slap; to thump.
- שפס (H) dham, n.f.: Noise;
 uproar; bustle; tumult;
 name; fame; rumour.
 - اموم دهام dhum dham, n. f.:

 Pomp and show; bustle.

- To create an uproar; to make a stir; to become famous.
- نهون (H) dhond, v.: To wash; to clean; to cleanse; to forget; to efface.
- שלפני (H) dhowan, n. m.: The water in which anything has been washed.
- دهونس (H) dhauns, n.f.:
 Bullying; threatening;
 black mail; trick.
 - na, dena, v.: To cheat; to hold out a threat; to bully.
 - نا میں آنا dhauns men and,
 v.: To be tricked or cheated; to submit to threat.
- blow the bellows; to fan the fire.
 - دهونکنی dhaunkni, n. f.:
 Bellows.
- Persevering; assiduousness.
 (2) Exhalation; fumigation;

- a fire lighted by Hindu fakirs near which they sit by way of penance.
- دهونی دینا dhūni dena, v.: To fumigate.
- الله دهونی رمانا chanl ramand, v.:

 (lit.) To light a fire like mendicants; to sit down firmly; to stick to a place.
- دهونی لینا dhanl lend, v.: To undergo fumigation.
- دهي (H) dahl, n. f.: Curd; coagulated milk.
- tion; observation; thought; memory; regard; meditation.
 - دهیان بنانا خطان بنانا Chiyan baiana, v.:
 To distract attention; to amuse.
 - Chiyan rakhna, r.:

 To keep in view; to think about; to bear in mind.
- الكرها (H) dhima, adj.: Slow, slight (fever); moderate; dim; mild; gentle. (fem. dhimi.)

- نا دهیما پؤنا be calmed; to become mild.
- لاهيلكا (H) dhlaga, adj.: Strong; stout; robust.
 - dhìngā mushtì, n. f. : A fight; souffie.
- light; lantern.
 - diya sala'i, n.f.: A match-stick.
- עָטַ (A) diyar, n. m.: (1) A country; region; province.
- לيانت (A) diyanat, n. f.: Honesty; integrity; justice; plety; virtue.
- (P) dibācha(h), n. m.: Proface; introduction; proambic.
- money; compensation for man-slaughter.
- (P) daijur, adj.: Derk; pitch dark.
- בעלע (P) didār, n. m.: Appearance; sight; sight of a holy man or a beloved.

- ديك (P) didah, adj & n. m. : (1)

 Seen. (2) The eye; pupil of the eye.
 - שליי נאלט dldah rezl, m. f.:

 Work which strains the eye; fatiguing to the eye; working hard at embroidery etc.
 - tah, adv.: Deliberately; with open eyes; wilfully; knowingly.
 - dide kā pāni ديده كا بانى خملنا dide kā pāni dhalnā, v.: To become shameless.
- בָּלֵל (P) dair, n. m.: A temple; a shrine; a church.
- パン (P) der, n. f.: Delay; tardiness; slowness; a long-time; some time.
 - durust dyad, prov.: (lit.)
 Good schemes take time
 to materialize; the longed for object is welcome
 when it comes at last.
 - durable. Lasting;

der karnā, lagānā, v.: To delay; to be slow.

- خيرينه derina(h), adj.: Old; experienced; of long standing; ancient.
- نيكهنا (H) dekhnā, v.: To see: to look at; to behold; to observe; to mark; to search; to take care; to look for; to expect; read; to study.
 - dekhne men, adv.: Apparently; to all appearance.
 - dekhne men ana, ديكهنرمين آنا v.: To appear; to be noticed; to be visible.
- 近り (P) deg, n. f.: A large culinery copper vossel; cauldron.
 - deghcha(h), n. m.: A small cauldron.
 - degchi, n. f.: dimin. of دیکیه: a kettle.
- ريتر، د کر (P) digar, digar, adj. & n. m.: (1) Next; other. otherwise; not this; another. (2) The other one.

- ليمك (H) dimak, n.f.: White ant.
- ين (A) dla, n. m.: Faith; roligion; next world; way of life.
 - نينودنيا din-u-dunya, n. f.: This world and the next.
- کين (P) dain, n.m.: A debt; a liablity.
- كين (H) den, n.m.: Gift; giving; bestowing.
- لينا (H) denā, v.: To give; to give forth; to confer; to endow; to impart; to assign; to allot; to yeild; to pay; to liquidate; to give as a gift; to offer; to impose; to inflict; to grant; to produce; to lay (egg); to let; to put.
 - de mārnā, v.: To dash against; to stamp.
- **契**込 (P) dew, n. m.: A gaint; a monster; a demon; a devil. (fem. ديوني dewnl.)
- ليوار (P) dlwar, n. f.: A wall.

- (P) diwan, n. m.: (1) A royal court; a court of audience. (2) A minister; a finance minister; a financial accretary; chief officer of a state; a tribunal. (3) A book of lyrical poems arranged alphabetically according to endings of lines. (4) A large armiess cushioned sofa.
 - diwan-i-khas, ديوان خاص m. m.: Hall of private audience.
 - diwan khana(h), ديوان خانه n. m.: Chamber of audience; drawing room.
 - ان عام diwan-i- 'am, n. m. : Public hall of audience.
 - الله (P) diwana(h), adj. do n. m.: (1) Mad; insano; lunatic. (2) A mad person. (fem. دیوانی diwanl.)
 - ાં માં માં diwana(h) pan, n. m.: Madness; insanity; lunacy.
 - (P) dlwanl, n. f.: A civil court.

- 5 dal, n.m.: Twelfth letter of the Urdu alphabet; has no corresponding sound of character in Arabic and Persian. Value, according to abjad, the same as that of a dal, i. e. four.
- باڭ (H) dab, n. f.: (1) Sword belt. (2) A kind of grass used in making ropes. (3) n. m.: Unripe cocoanut.
- كَاكَ (H) dai, n. f.: (1) Cork; a stopper. (2) An arch; a keystone.
 - الكا كان الكالا dai lagana, v.: (1) To cork; to put a stopper. (2) To arch.
 - 배호 daina, v.: (1) See 비디스니스 (2) To stuff; to fill to capacity. (3) To dress up well.
 - 15 (H) darh, n. f.: A jawtooth; grinder.
 - ARTH Barm خاڑھ کرم کرنا karna, v.: To cat; to have a snack; (fig.) to take bribe.

- # كَالْ هيس مار كر رونا mar kar rona, v: (lit.) To knash the teeth and weep; to cry bitterly.
- لاً على (H) طِعَرِهُمْ (H) طُعَرِهُمْ (H) خُارُهُمْ whiskers.
 - يعت مين بونا طرقهي يهت مين بونا darhi pe! meh honā, v.: To be wise promaturely.
 - خَارُهي ر كَهنا dārhī rakhnā, v.:
 To grow beard; not to shave beard.
- اک (H) dak, n. f.: Post; mail; relays of men or horses for the post.
 - الكانا، لكانا مُرَّهُ الكَ بِلْهَانَا، لكَانَا مُرَّهُ الْكَ بِلْهَانَا، لكَانَا الْمُرَامِّةُ مِنْ الْكَانَاءُ لكَانَا الْمُرَّفِي الْمُرَامِّةُ الْمُرَامِينَ الْمُرَامِينَ الْمُرَامِينَ الْمُرَامِينَ الْمُرَامِينَ الْمُرَامِينَ الْمُرَامِ الْمُرَامِينَ الْمُرَامِينَ الْمُرَامِينَ الْمُرامِنِينَ الْمُرَامِينَ الْمُرامِينَ الْمُرامِينَ الْمُرامِينَ الْمُلِمِينَ الْمُرامِينَ الْمُرامِينَ الْمُرامِينَ الْمُرامِينَ الْمُ
 - اک بنگله dāk bangla(h), n.m.:

 A dak bungalow; a resthouse.
 - غاند، کهر غاند، کهر غاند، کهر ghar, n. m.: Post office.
 - Letter-carrier; postman.
- (H) dākā, n.m.: Dacoity; robbery; an attack by a gang of bandits.
 - dākā parnā, v. 1 To

- be attacked by bandits; dacoity to take place.
- dakū, n.m.: A bandit; a robber; a dacoit.
- branch of tree. (2) A basket to throw up water from a low level. (3) Irrigation by lifting water thus. (4) A sword without handle.
 - Ripened on the tree (fruit).
 - branch of tree. (2) An open basket. (3) A prosent (of fruits or flowers in a try) from an inferior to a superior.
- to throw; to drop; to cast; to cover; to pour; to let fall; to miscarry; to vomit; to fling; to put on; to shed; to put thread (in needle); to thrust in; to lay before one; to keep a mistress; to scatter; to lay on; to sow.
 - ال جانا غال جانا غال جانا dai jana, v.: To leave behind.

- خال دينا خوال دينا throw away; to cast away; abandon.
- أل ركهنا dāl rakhnā, v.; To put aside; to shelve; to detain; to sleep over.
- انس (H) dānt, n.f.: Threat; snub; menace; rebuke.
 - خَانَتْ كَهِتْ As abovo.
 - لاانثنا danina, v.: To threaton; to snub; to menace; to browbeat.
- خانوان ځول (H) danwan dol, adj: Wandering: wavering; undecided; unsteady; unsettled.
- of5 (H) ¢āh, n. f.: Heart-burning; jealousy; envy; malice; spite.
 - خَاكَن ﴿ مَ ' in, n. f. : An old woman with an evil eye; a female goblin; a witch; an ugly old woman; a hag
 - راً) (H) ¢ a b, n. f. & m.; (1)

 Pocket; neck; strength;

 power; authority. (2)

 The leather of which oilpots are made.

- أكب سين و كهنا، كونا dab men rakhnā, karnā, v.; To pocket.
- box (2) A children's disease.
- لَابِنَا H) dubānā, v.: See لَبِنَا dubonā.
 - أول أي duba'u, adj.: Enough
 (weter) to drown; deeper
 than man's height.
 - لَيْدُ بِانَا dabdabana, v.: To be filled with tears (eyes).
 - خبكي (H) dubki, n. f.: A dip; a dive; a plunge; the sound made by a plunge in the water.
 - لَيكَى لَكَانَا dubki laganā, v.:

 To take a dip. to dive;

 to take a plunge.
 - to immerse. to cause to sink; to dip; to submerge; to flood; (fig.) to spoil; to destroy; to ruin; to waste.
 - لجي، ځېي، ځېي، ځېي، ځېي، ځېي، ځېي، A small box, (dimin. of 45 dibbā).

- أيمن ألا كُوبِي أَمْ الْمُعْرِينِ مِنْ الْمُعْرِينِ أَمْ الْمُعْرِينِ أَمْ الْمُعْرِينِ أَمْ الْمُعْرِينِ أَمْ الْمُعْرِينِ الْمُعْرِينِ أَمْ الْمُعْرِينِ الْمُعْرِينِ الْمُعْرِينِ أَمْ الْمُعْرِينِ ال
 - はら dapaina, v.: (1) To gallop; to run fast; to shout; to attack. (2) To snub; to threaten; to rebuke
- ناب في الله في (H) dainā,

 dui jānā, v.: To stop; to

 stay; to stick; to remain

 firm; to put a bold front;

 to oppose face to face.
- (H) dar, n. m.: Fear; terror; awe; dread; fright; apprehension.
 - کُرپوک darpok, adj.: Timid, coward.
- لُّرُنُّ (H) darad, v.: To fear; to be frightened; to be terrified; to be seared; to apprehend.
- to alarm; to daunt.
- اراوا) أَراوا (H) durawa. v.: Threat; intimidation
- (snake): to sting (venomous animal).

- ظای ⁵ (H) dafli, n. f.: A small tambourine,
- - لَّ اللهِ اللهِ إِلَّا اللهِ المِلمُلِي المِلمُلِي المِلمُ المِلمُلِي المِلمُ المِلمُلِي المِلم
 - خ كارلينا daker lend, v.: To beich; to bellow.
 - خَارِنَا dakārnā, v.: (1) To bellow; to belch. (2) To roar (lion).
 - بنا من المنا dakār na(h) lend,
 v.: Not to make the least
 sign; not to divuigo.
- dacoit; a bandit; a highway robber; a brigand; a pirate.
 - ظميتى dakaiti, n. f.: Dacolty; highway robbery; piracy.
- ک (H) dag, m.m.: A paco; a step; a stride; a measure.
- UK IP 5 (H) dogdagand, v.: To drink in large draughts.

- (H) dugdugi, n f.: (1) A small kettle-drum used by jugglers; a small drum used for proclamations. (2) Proclamation by drum.
- 5·(H) dagar, n. f.: A track; a track between the fields; a path; a road.
- حكى (H) dagmag, adj.: Trem. bling; quivering; unsteady.
 - خ كىكانا غ dagmagānā, v.: To reel; to stagger; to totter; to walk or move affectedly.
- للا على (H) dignā, v.: To be displaced; to be dislocated; to be shaken; (fig.) to yield to temptation.
- (H) duggi, n. f.: A proclamation or announcement by beat of drum.
- ¥5 (H) dalā, n. m. t A large lump; a clod.
- Y 5 (H) dalāu, n.m.: A dunghill
- ພຣ (H) daina, v.: To be thrown or cast; to be put.
- لل (H) duli, n. f.: (1) Betel nut. (2) A piece; a bit; a little clod.

ليا کٌ (H) ḍalyā, n. f.: A small basket.

- ڭنتهل (H) danthal, n. m.: A stalk; a stem.
- ئدُ (H) dand, n. m.: (1) The arm above the elbow. **(2)** An athletic exercise. (3) Damages; ransom; fine; compensation for injury; penalty; tax
 - غند بهرنا dand bharnā, v.: To pay damages; to compensate.
 - لنا يولنا dand pelnā, v.: To perform the exercise called Lis; (fig.) to be carefree.
 - ندًا کُندًا (H) danda, n. m.: A club; a cudgel; a rod; a staff; an ensign-staff.
 - dande bajate کُنڈے بجاتے بھرنا phirna, v.: To wander about: to do nothing; to have easy time.
 - لأى (H dandi, n f.: Beam of a pair of scale; a handle; a stem; (fig.) the male organ.
 - غندى مارنا dandi mārnā, v.: To give short weight; to cheat.

- 5 (H) dank, n.m.: sting of poisonous insects like scorpion, wasp etc.
 - خنک، مارنا dank mārnā, v.: To sting; (fig.) to cause injury by secret methods; to stab in the back.
- **ば**ら (H) dankā, n.m.: A kettle-drum, (fig.) notoriety; fame.
 - خنكا بجنا ل خنكا بجنا ل dankā bajnā, v.: To be famous.
 - dake ki ڈنکے کی چوٹ کہنا cho! kahnā, v.: (lit.) To proclaim by beat of drum; to speak out in public; to proclaim fearlessiy.
- (H) طُووا، دُوا ، دُوا ، دُوا ، دُوا ، دُوا n. m.: A large wooden spoon or laddle. (fem. (١٠٠٠ کوئي
- (1) خوب (H) طob, n. m.: (1) A dip (of pen in ink); dipping of cloth (in water or colour); profuse perspiration. (2) Long stitch.
- لوبنا، ڈوب جانا (H) طِول (H) ڈوبنا، ڈوب جانا (H) گوبنا، ڈوب جانا $d = b \quad jana, v : (1)$ To be drowned; to be immersed;

- to set (sun); to sink. (2) To be absorbed; to be engrossed. (3) To be lost; to be ruined.
- عاقله کا وہتے کو تنکے کا سہارا ko tinke ka sahara, prov.: A drowning man oatches at a straw.
- dubi hu'i ragam, . خوبی بوثی رقم n. f.: An irrecoverable sum.
- ور (H) dor, n.f.: A string; thread; a cord.
- (H) dora, n.m.: Throad; line; edge of a sword; snarc.
 - dorė dalna, v.: To کورے ڈالنا stitch (quilt); (fig.) to lay a snare; to spread a net; to attract.
- رول (H) daul, n. m.: Shape; form; appearance; scheme; model; mode; manner; figure; plan; plot; pattern.
 - daul dalma, v.: To کول کالنا lay the foundation; to
- or leather bucket used to draw water from a well.

- خُولَچی dolchi, n. f.: A small bucket for drawing water.
- Y j 5 (H) dola, n. m.: An old conveyance used by ladies of rank; a bride's palanquin.
- ولى خ (H) doll, n.f.: A small sedan.
- (H) dom, n. m.: A professional musician. (fem. domni.)
- trough. (2) A canoe; a boat. (3) A large covered dish for holding soup etc. at the table.
 - دونگی dongl, n.f.: A small boat.
- ظارس (H) dhōras, n. f.: Patience; fortitudo; solace; encouragement.
 - خهارس دینا dhāras denā, v.:

 To encourage; to console;

 to comfort; to animate.
- tree with bright red flowers, the wood of which is used as fuel or converted into charcoal.

- رات غماک کے تین بات pāt, prov.: (1) A poor man has no resources; a helpless person; a fruitless effort. (2) Also used for an obstinate person.
- ن (H) dhāl, n. f.: (1) A slope; an incline; a gradient. (2) A mould; manner; mode; fashion. (3) A shield.
- ن (H) dhālnā, v.: (1) To cast (metal); to mould; to shape. (2) To pour out. (3) To taunt; to mock.
- ناهی (H) dhānā, v.: To knock down; to bring (calamity) upon one; to raze; to demolish; to pull down.
- نهانكنا ، گهانينا ، گهانكنا (H) dhānpnā, dhānknā. v. To cover; to canceal; to shield; to hide.
- رُهاني (H) dhānch, dhānchā, n. m.: A frame; a frame-work; a skeleton.
- style; habit; mode; way; fashion; kind; conduct; knack.

dhab par charhnā, v.: To be moulded
(to one's will); to be
brought under the influence or power (of).

dhab se, adv. : Properly; in a suitable way.

الْ مثاني (H) dhitā'i, n. f.: Obstinacy; wilfulness; shame-lossness; audacity.

كُمْدُو (H) dhaddo, n. f.: (1) A noisy gregarious bird. (2)
A wanton woman; a hag.

لُمرا (H) dharra, n. m.: A course; mode; usage; manner.

نهكن (H) dhaknā, v. d. n. m. :

(I) To cover; to hide; to

conceal. (2) A cover; a

lid (fem. ذهكني dhakni.)

لَّ مُكُوسِلا (H) dhakoslā, n. m.:

Frivolous talk; affectation;

deception; delusion; fable;

fib.

Jlad. فهلان ، فهال (H) dhalan, dhel. n. f.: Slope ظائی، ڈھلوائی (H) dhula'i, dhulwā'i, n. f.: Act of lifting or carrying a load; the wages to be paid for it.

ענגונגל (H) dhalkana, dhulkana, v.: (1) To spill, to pour out. (2) To send down; to cause to roll.

tun down; to flow; to be spilt or poured out; to roll.

دُهلوان (H) dhalwan, adj.: Sloping; slant; descending; steep.

نهلوان (H) dnulwana, v.: To cause to be carried or transported.

demolished. v.: To be demolished.

لَ هَنْدُورا (H) dhiadora, n.m.:

The drum beaten for public proclamation; such a proclamation.

dhindora shahr men lurka bughul men, prov.: (lit.)
The boy (is) under the arm pit (but) is being searched by beat of drum; searching a thing here and there when it is already near by.

dhindorchi, n. m.:
One who proclaims by
beat of drum.

נאניאט (H) dhanknā, v.: To cover; to shield; to close.

שלאל (H) dhang, n.m.: Manner; method; tact; behaviour; breeding; mode.

نْعول (H) dhol, n.f.: A large drum.

jhel ke andar غمول کے انسر ہول dhel ke andar pol, prov. : (lit.) A drum (is) hollow from inside;
a cheap show; no solidity.

غهولک، کهولکی dholak, dholkl, n. f.: A small drum.

שלים (H) dholnd, n. m.: A small silver or gold ornament of the shape of a drum hung in the neck.

(A tiny edition of the Holy.

Quran is also kept inside it by some.)

ن هولی (H) dholl, n. f.: A bundle of 200 betel leaves.

ن (H) dhona, v.: To carry; to lift.

ת (H) לאפנגט לאפנגאט (H) dhuhdna, dhahdhna, v.: To search; to look for.

ناهونگ (H) dhong, n.m.: Delusion; feigning; fraud; a mere show.

ناهيرك (H) dhlt, adj.: Obstinate: impudent; insolent; snameless.

رُهير (H) dher, n.m. & adj.:

(1) Heap; accumulation.

(2) Much; abuncant.

الْ فيبل (H) dhll, n. f.: (1) Looseness; slackness: laxity; laziness (2) Latitude; delay; inattention.

dhil dend, v.: To loosen; to relax; to let go; to give a long rope.

لاهيلا dhila, adj.: Loose; dabby; slack; slow; lax; lazy; slovenly; impotent.

كُمْيلا (H) dhelā, n m.: A clod of earth; a lump of clay, ch.ik oto.; eye-ball.

نهيكلى، تهينكلى (H) dhekli, dhekli, n. f: A long beam used for drawing water from a well (by putting a

weight at one end of it and fixing a rope and a bucket at the other); a crane. (2) Oblique seam. (3) Somersault. (4) A pestle.

لاً (H) dera, n. m.: (1) A tent; a temporary dwelling. (2) Stay. (3) A landlord's house in his village.

أيراكالنا dera dalna, v.: To linger; to encamp; to pitch a tent; to prolong one's stay unusually.

مُيوه (H) derh, adj.: One and a half.

أين أين أين أو المنظم أو

کیل (H) dll, n. m.: Body; bulk; staturo; size.

ڭىنگ (H) diag, n.f.: Boast;

بارنا، هانكنا خينگ مارنا، هانكنا hankna, v.: To boast; to brag.

كروزهي (H) diurhi, n.f.:

Porch; threshold; a covered entrance; part of the house close to the main door; shrine of some reputed saint.

ذ

(A) zāt, n. f.: Nature; essence; substance; self; birth; kind; breed; caste.

בודיום zat pāt, n. f.: Tribe; lineage.

ذات الشريف <u>zāl-l-sharīf</u>, n.m.: (Ir.) A consummate knave.

ين بنالكنا <u>zāt men baṭṭā</u> lagnā, v.: To get a bad name; to losc honour.

يَّ <u>z</u>ātī, adj.: (1) Personal; private. (2) Real; intrinsic; constituent.

(A) <u>zākir</u>, adj. & n. m.: (1) Talking; praising; mentioning. (2) One who gives a talk or relates events particularly of Karbala, in Moharram.

- sense of tasting; the palate; flavour; savour; smack; relish
- ذبح (A) zabh, n. m.: Slaughter; killing an animal according to the prescribed form of Muslims.
 - zabh karnā, v.: To laughter; to kill en animal according to the prescribed form of Muslims.
 - slaughtered according to the prescribed form of Muslims.
- ذبره (A) zakhira(h), n. m.: Store; treasure: collection; nursery of garden plants.
- ازر) (A) zarā, adv.: A little.
 - ذرا ذرا by little; in small quantities.
 - خراکی ذرا <u>zarā ki zarā</u>, adv.:
 Just for a while.
 - خرا.ين _{zarā men, adv.}: In an instant; in a while.

- زه (A) zarrah, n.m.; A particle; a jot; an atom.
- ذريت (A) zurriyat, n.f.:
 Progeny; offspring; stock.
- زيعه (A) zarī'ah, n. m.: Medium; means; intermediary; agency; way.
 - خریعه پیدا کرنا zarī ah paidā karnā, v.: To provide means; to find a way.
- ذقن (A) zaqan, n. m.: The chin.
- Acuteness; penetration: intelligence; sensitiveness; acumen.
- mention; report; recital; reference; account. (2)
 Glorification of God; recitation of the Holy Quran; supplication.
 - zikr i khair, n. m:

 Appreciative mention of

 some one who is absent.
 - i zikr karnā, v. (۱) To relate; to talk (about); to mention; to repeat; to recite. (2) To glorify God.
- sharp; clever; intelligent; sensitive; ingenious.

ذلت (A) zillat, n. f.: Insult; disgrace; indignity.

- ذلت الهانا <u>zillat uṭhānā</u>, v. : To be insulted.
- ذليل (A) zalīl, adj.: Contemptible; low; mean; abject.
 - ذليل كرنا <u>zalīl karnā</u>, v.: To insult; to put to shame; to disgrace; to dishonour.
- (A) zam(m), n. f.: Censure; reproach; demerit.
- (A) zimma(h), n. m.: Charge; trust; responsibibility; duty; security.
 - ذبه لينا <u>zimma(h) lenā</u>, v. : To take the responsibility; to undertake a charge; to take upon oneself; to be surety for.
 - خبدداری <u>zimme darl</u>, n. f.;

 Responsibility; trust;

 charge; liability; obligagation. (خبدواری zimme
 wāri is absolutely wrong)
- Muslim subject of a Muslim country.
- (A) zauq. n. m.: Taste; relish; enjoyment.

- نهانت (A) zihānat, n. f.: Acuteness; intelligence; shrowdness.
- نهن (A) zihn, n. m.: Mind; understanding; sagacity.
 - ذبن كند بونا zihn kund honā, v.:

 To be dull; to have no intelligence.
 - خېننشين کرنا <u>zihn nashla kar</u>nā, v.: To impress on one's mind; to instil.
 - خابتی zihni, adj.: Related to mind: intellectual; menjal.
 - زيون zihîn, adj.: Intelligent; ingenious; sagacious; sharp-witted.
- ذيل (A) zail, n. f.: (1) Train; trail; sequel; that which follows (2) Unit; category; group.
 - غيل دار <u>zalldār</u>, n.m.: Incharge of a unit (of villages).
 - غيل مون zail meh, adv.: As follows; as below; following.

ر

jre, n. f.: Tenth letter of Arabic, twelfth of Persian and fourteenth of Urdu alphabets.

Numerical value according to عبدا abjad=200.

راب (H) rab, n. f.: Molasses; uncrystallized syrup drained from raw sugar.

رابطه (A) rabitah, n.m.: Connection; union; relation; friendship; liaison.

رات (H) rāt, n. f.: Night; night-

رات بولنا rat bolna, v.: Night

بهاری بونا rat bhārī hona,
v.: To have a long and
wearisome night; to pass
a difficult night.

יוי rat bhar, adv.: The whole night.

رات بهيكنا rat bhignā, v.:

Night to become cold

(late after sunset and before midnight).

rāt din, adv.: Day and night; without break; always.

رات دن ایک کرنا rat din ek karna, v.: To work day and night; to work very hard.

רוד א cat ki rat, m.f.:

One night only; for the night.

רובט כוד raton rat, adv.:

During the night; just for a n i g h t; within one night.

راثب (A) rātib, n. m.; Ration; allowance or food for dogs, elephants etc.

government; rule; administration; ruling power. (2)
State; realm; dominion.

(3) Domination; sway;
currency. (4) Mason; bricklayer.

اجبوت rajput, n.m.: (lit.)

A king's son; a military
caste among Hindus; a
n a t i v e of Rajputana
(Bharat).

- caj dulāri, n. f.: A universally adored girl; a lass who is the apple of the eye in a household.
- raj kumār, n.m.: A واج كمار prince. (fem. راج كمارى raj kumāri.)
- rāj dhānl, n.f.: Capital; seat of government.
- rāj karnā v.: (lit.)

 To rule (over); to lead
 a happy life; (W) (for a
 wife) to be the apple of
 (her) husband's eye.
- راج بنس raj hans, n.m.:
- اجا rajā, n. m.: A (usually)

 Hindu ruler or prince;

 (fig.) (W) a fiance; a
 beloved.
- راجا کے گھر مسوتیسوں کا کال
 rājā ke ghar motiyon kā
 kāl, prov : (Por) a king
 to be without pearls!
 (Said when things are not
 available with a person
 according to his status.)

- rājā Indar راجا اندر کا کهارًا kā akhārā, n. m.: (fig)
 A galaxy of comely women.
- happiness; peace; repose; felicity; tranquility; response; pite; rest; case; relief; pleasure.
 - raḥas ṭalab, adj.: Ease loving.
- (P) rāz, n. m.: Secret; secrecy; mystery.
 - caz dar, n m.: A confidant; one who is entrusted with a secret.
 - رنا _{rāz fāsh karnā, v.:}
 To betray a secret; to expose (one).
 - rāz u niyāz, n. f : Confidential talks; secret messages; amorous conversa ion; loving prattle.
- رازق (A) raziq, n. m.: (lit.)

 Giver of food; sustainer;

 Providence; one of the attributes of God.
- (A) rds, n.m. (1) The head; chief. (2) Origin;

foundation. (3) (Geog.) Cape. (Geom.) Vertex; apex (angle).

- rās ul māl, n.m.;
 Principal; capital; stock.
- راس ورئيس rās-u-ra'ls, n. f.: (lit.) Chief and headman; a noble man.
- (1) (P) rās. n. m. & adj.: (1) Head of cattle. (2) Auspicious; agreeable.
 - ras ana, v.: To be auspicious; to agree with (climate etc.); to suit.
- of the zodiac. (2) Fortune; prosperity. (3) Reins. (4) A heap of husked grain.
- إراست (P) rast, adj: (1) True; just; honest; sincere; correct; straight; direct; unerring. (2) Right (opposite of left).
 - رامت باز rast baz, adj.: Truthful; honest; upright; frank; righteous; trustworthy.
 - راستی rasti, n. f: Veracity; truth; uprightness; candour; integrity; honesty; truthfulness.

- (P) rāsta(h), n. m.: (1) Way; road, street; path; lane. (2) Manner.
 - راسته دیکهنا rasta(h) dekhna,
 v.: To wait for one; to
 watch.
 - راسته کترانا rāsta(h) katrānā,
 v.: To evade; to dodge
 or turn a side; to slink
 away.
- راسن (A) rāsi<u>kh</u>, adj.: Strict; strong; firm; sincere; durable; solid; steady; established.
 - راسخ العليده rasikh-wi-'aqidah,

 A man of strong faith
 and convictions.
- راشل (A) rāshid, adj.: Follower of right path; holding right beliefs; pious; orthodox.
- راشی (A) rāshī, m. m.: One who takes bribe.
- داضی (A) rāzī, adj.: Contented; satisfied; agreed; willing; pleased.
 - راضی بد رضا razī ba(h) razā, adj.: Resigned to the will (of God).

- راضی کرنا rāzi karnā, v : To prevail upon; to persuade, to win over; to gratify; to satisfy; to reconcile; to conciliate.
- rāzī nāma(h), n. m.:

 A deed of compromise

 or agreement.
- (A) rā l. n. m.: A shepherd; a pastor; guardian; a ruler; keeper of cattle.
- to; leaning (towards). desirous; eager.
- (A) rāfizī, n. m. 1 A heretic; a secedor; a deserter; a schismatic; a dissentor; a شیعه shi'a(h) sect.
- Writer; correspondent. (2)
 The writer i. e. I, first person, singular.
- (H) rakh, n. f.: Ashes.
- of the six modes in elassical music; music in general; song.
 - راك الإبنا rag alapna, v.: To sing; (fig.) to go on repeating a tedious story; to blow one's own trumpet

- راک رنگ rag rang, n.m.: (lit.)

 Music and merriment;
 fostivities; revelry.
- ragni, n. f.: A subdivision of a musical mode.
- (H) ral, n. f.: (1) Fragrant exudation of a plant; resin; pitch. (2) Saliva; spittle; dribbling.
 - رال بهنا rai bahaa, v.: To flow (saliva).
 - ral japakna, v.: To water (mouth); (fig.) showing keen desire to possess.
- (P) rām, adj.: Sub dued; tamed.
- نا) (P) ran, n. f.: The thigh.
- out; condemned; rejected; expelled; undesireable; outcaste.
 - adj.: Disgraced; shown out; accursed by heaven.
- 川) (H) rānd, n. f.: A widow.

- اند کا حاند اند کا حاند اند کا حاند اند کا حاند ماند rand ka sand, n m.:

 An irresponsible fellow;
 a contemptible youth; a spoilt child.
- رانگ (H) rāngā, إ m. m.: Pewter; الگا (H) rāngā, { tin.
- (A) rawl, n. m.: Narrator; historian; reporter; messenger.
- ol (P) rāh, m. f.: Path; road; means; way; method; custom; manner; access; (means of) access; journey; fashion.
 - راه بتانا rah batana, v.: To guide; to show the way; to show the door; to turn out.
 - rähbar, rahbar, n. m: A guide; a conductor.
 - find one's way; to adopt the desired path.
 - rah takna, dekhna. v.: To wait for one; to expect.
 - רום בונט rah dari, n. f: Tolls; transit duties.

- rahdari ka parwana(h), n. m.: A passport.
- rah denā, v.: To make way for; to allow to pass.
- راهرو ، رهرو ، راه کیر ، رایس rāhrau, rahrau, rāhgir, rāhi, n. m. : A traveller; a wayfaror.
- ינייי, פני rāhzan, rahzan, n m.: High-way man; a gang robber.
- rāh se be rāh honā, v.: To leave the right path; to go astray.
- راه کهولی کرنا rāh khoṭī karnā,

 v.: To stop on way; to

 delay the start (of any

 work); to interrupt; to

 interfere.
- sue one's course; to cease meddling with other people's affairs; to leave (one) alone.
- to go one's way; to set out.

- rah nikalna, v.: To find a way (out of a difficulty); to devise a (new) mode of conduct; to open or make a (new) road.
- rāhnumā, rahnumā, n m.: A conductor; a leader; a guide; a pilot
- אלי) ' אלין) rāhbar, rahbar, n. m.: A guide; a leader.
- راهب (A) rāhib, n. m.: A monk; a hermit; a Christian priest.
- により(H) ra'itā, m. m.: A salad; crushed vegetable mixed in curds.
- رائج) (A) ra'ij, adj.: Current; customary; usual; common; in fashion; in force; in use; in vogue.
- راتگان (P) ra'igan, adj.: Wasted; fruitless; vain.
- رائی (H) ra'l, n. f.: Mustard seed; particle.
 - ائی کا بہاؤ بنانا ra'i kā pahār, banānā, v: To make a mountain out of a mole hili; to exaggerate too much.

- (A) rā'l, n f.: Opinion; counsel; advice; vote; judgement.
 - ra'i zani, n.f.: Expression of one's opinion.
 - ra'i shumarl, n. f.:
 Polling; counting of
 votes.
- (A) rab(b), n. m.: God; sustainer; master; protector.
 - رب العالمين rabb ul 'alamin, m. m. : Sustainer of worlds; Lord of the Universe.
 - प्रभागे rabablyat, n. f.: The quality of being a preserver.
- עי (A) riba', m. m.: Interest;
- עוֹפּט (A) rubā'i, n. f.: Quatrain; a stanza of four lines.
- البار (A) rab!, n. f.: Connection; relation; bond; friend-ship; contact; consistency.
 - Intercourse; intimacy; communication; coordination.

- נוּכ (A) ruba', n.m.: A quarter; one-fourth.
 - ruba' i maskūħ,

 n. m.: The inhabited

 quarter of the earth (the
 remaining three-quarters
 being water).
- ربيع (A) rābi', n.m.: Spring season; the vernal harvest; rabi.
 - ראב וצפל rabi'-ul-awwal, n m:
 Third month of Muslim
 Calendar.
 - rabi' ul akhir, {

 rabi' us ganl, }

 rabi' us ganl, }

 n m.: Fourth month of Muslim Calendar.
- ورياي (E) rapat, n m.: (1) Report. (2) Slipperiness.
 - tile,) rapiand, v.: To cause to run; to cause to slip.
 - rapainā, v.: To slip; to run; to slide.
- שט (H) rut, n.f.: Scason; weather.
 - rut badalna, v.: To be changed (the season)
- נים (H) rat, n. f.: Night. (dimin. of رأت). (Used in comp. as below.)

- rat jagā, m. m.: A vigil; a wake; a night of social enjoyment (by women); a night of wakefulness for prayers.

 (Also called خدائی رات khudā'i rāt, n i g h t of God)
- رتالو (H) ratālū, n. m. ; Yam; a vegetable; a large tropical esculent root.
- رقبه (A) ruiba(h), n. m.: Rank; dignity; status; prestige; importance; distinction; class; grade.
- (H) rataundhā, n.m.: } د تو ندها (H) rataundhī, n. f.: }

 Night blindness; nycta-

lopia.

- رتی (H) ratil, n. f.: Measure for weighing gold equal to eight barley corns; red seed of a pea used as weight (about 1.3125 grains)
 - رتی رتی رتی رتی رتی رتی رتی رتی رتی و ratil ratil, adv.: To a
- لا) (H) rat. n. f.: Repetition; persistent demand.

- the same thing over and over again; to go on asking for.
- recite over and over again.
- (A) rijā, n. f.: Hope; optimism.
 - rija'i, adj.: Optimist.
 - رجائيت rija 'lyai, n.f.:
 Optimism.
- (A) rijāl, n. m., pl.: Men. (s. رجال rajul.)
- رجب (A) rajab, n. m.: Seventh month of Muslim Calendar (in which it is unlawful to wage war).
- (A) rujḥān, n. m: Inclination; tendency; preference.
- (A) rajaz, n m.: Stirring verses read at the battle-field to arouse the martial spirit of soldiers.
- ing; going back; reversion; reaction; remarrying a

- divorced wife (in the prescribed way among Muslims).
- raj'as pasand, adj.: Reactionary.
- raj'at i qahqari, رجعت قباقری n. f. Inverse progress; decline; fail; retracing one's footsteps.
- (A) rujū', n. f.: Turning (towards); return; bent; inclination; leaning; reference; appeal.
 - לנוֹ turn (t. wards); to return; to have recourse to; to refer: to appeal; to lay before; to bring into court; to incline; to consult (a doctor).
- رجولت، رجوليت (A) rujulat, rujuliyat, n f.: Manly power; vorility; sexual strength.
- (H) rijhānā, י: To enchant; to captivate; to ravish; to charm.
- (H) rachana, v.: To make merry: to decorate; to celebrate; to perfume; to stain with انت hind, myrtle.

rachawas, n. f.: Absorption; decoration; flush of redness of hind in the hand; absorption of the smell of something in the other. (Also رچاو rachau, n. m.)

- ان rachnā, v: To be absorbed; to be digested; to accustomed to: to practice; to be intimate with; to be tamed; to become familier: to be painted red with vermilion, myrtic, or betel leaf, to be scented; to hormonise; to celebrate; to decorate; to compose; to string together; to fabricate; to produce; to be held (marriage).
- رحل (A) rihl, n.f; A stand to hold the Holy Quran.
- رحلت (A) rihlas, n. f.: Passing away; removal; departure; departure to the other world; death.
- (A) rahm, n. m.: (1) Mercy; compassion; kindness; tenderness. (2) A sweetened round lump of moistened rice (an offering by Muslim women). (3) The womb.

- رحم دل rahmdil, adj.: Merciful; compassionate; kindhearted.
- rahm karna, رحم کرنا، کهانا khānā, v.: To have pity; to be touched with compassion.
- رحمن raḥmān, adj.: All merciful; an attribute of God.
- rahmat, n. f.: Divine mercy; (fig.) rains
- raḥim, adj: Most merciful; an attribute of God.
- ナ (P) rukh, m m.: (1) Face; aspect; side; inclination. (2) The castle in chess.
 - رخ کرنا رخ کرنا رز کرنا turn the face (towards); to proceed (towards); to lean or incline (towards); to countenance.
 - رخت (P) rakht, n m.: Goods and chattels; property; clothes; apparatus; luggago.
 - rakht 1 safar رخت سفر باندهنا bandhnā, v.; To pack up for journey; to depart; to set off.

زخسار (P) rukhsar, n. m.: Cheek; (fig) face.

- (P) rakhsh, n m.: (1) رخش Light; lightning. (2) Horse; name of Rustam's horse. (3) Red and white mixed colour
 - رخشان rakhshāh, adj: Dazzling; resplendent; shining; bright; refulgent.
- (A) rukhsat, n. f.: Leave; permission; furlough; discharge; dismissal; departuro.
 - , rukhsai-i-ittifaqi رخصت الفاقي n f. . Casual leave.
 - -rukhsat-i-ri'aya رخصت رعایتی il, n. f.: Privilege leave.
 - رخصت كرنا رخصت كرنا To see or send off; to permit; to dismiss; to give leave; to bid farewell; to discharge.
 - rukhsail, n. f.: Departure of bride (from her | arents' house); money given to her at the time of her departure.

- (P) rakhna(h), n. m.: Breach; gap; crevice; obstacle; holo; a crack.
 - rakhna(h) dalna, v.: To put obstacles in the way; to obstruct.
- (A) rad(d), n. m. & f.: Refutation: rejection; casting off; counteraction; returning.
 - رد و بدل rad(d)-u-badal, m. m. : Change; alteration.
 - נב و قلاح rad(d)-u-qadah, n. m.: Altercation; argument; dispute; controversy.
 - rad(d) karna, v.: To refute; to reject; to return; to refuse; to oppose; to disprove; to abrogato (a law).
 - (5) raddi, adj. & n. f.: (1) Rejected; thrown away; useless; wasie; worthless. (2) Waste paper.
- (P) radda, n. m.: A layer of bricks (on a wall).
 - دار کهظ radda rakhna, v.: To lay down a layer; (fig) to cat over again; to accuse.

- (worn by dervishes); a cloak (put on when going out); a sheet.
- ing word of a poem; arrangement of words or verses according to مايجد abjad system.
- رذيل (A) razīl, adj.; Vile; mean; of low caste.
- j) (P) raz, s. f.: Vine; grapes; vineyard.
- (A) razzāq, n. m.: (lit.)
 Provider of daily bread;
 sustainer; Providence; God.
- رزق (A) rizq, n. m.: Daily bread; food: livelihood; support; subsistence.
- رزم (P) razm, n. f.: Combat; war; fighting; battle.
 - رُفِيهُ razmiyah, adj. & n m.:

 (1) Pertaining to war.

 (2) (Mod.) An epic poem.
- رس) (H) ras, n.m.: A liquid or fluid; juice; sugar-cane juice; broth; softness; caseace; sweetness; metody; flavour; passion; pleasure; beauty; grace.

- rasāwal, n f: Sugarcane juice and rice mixed together and boiled; a sweet dish.
- ישאלו . ניישאל ras bharā, rasīlā, adj. : Juic ; ta toful.
- יש ליש או ras tapakna, v.: (lit)

 To be overflowing with juice; to be just mature.
- ras ghoinā, v.: To be sweet tongued.
- رس لینا ras lenā, v. : To extract pleasure (from); to enjoy.
- rasya, adj & n. m.: (1)
 Addicted to pleasure. (2)
 An epicure.
- (P) rasā. adj.: Reaching (object); penetrating; sharp; active.
 - rasā'i, n. f: Reach; appr. ach; access.
- رسالت (A) risālai, n f.: Prophethood; apostleship.
- (P) risala h, n. m.: (1)

 Treatise; pamphlet; tract;
 periodical; magazine. (2)

 Troops; cav-lry; a troop
 of horses; squadron.

- risāldār, n. m.: Commander of a troop of horses; a cavalry officer. (Cor. of رساله دار risāla(h) dar.)
- رستغيز (P) rustkhez, n. m.: The last day; the day of resurrection; doomsday.
- رستگاری (P) rastgārī, n. f.: Deliverance; escape.
- رسلا (P) rasad, n. f.: Share; supplies; grain; rations; food supplies.
 - رسلای rasadl, adj.: Proportionate; progressively increasing or decreasing.
- رمال (A) rusul, rusl, n. m. : (1)

 Prophets. (s. رسول rasūl.)

 (2) Sending messages.
 - rusl o rasa'il,
 n. m.: Communication;
 correspondence.
- (A) rasm, n. f.:

 Convention; ceremony;

 practice; custom; fashion;
 rite.
 - rasmul-khat, n.m.; Script; mode of writing.

- امم و داه) rasm-u-rāh, n f.: (1)

 Friendship; acquaintance.
 (2) Custom.
- rasml, adj: Conventional; formal; ordinary; customary; usual.
- (With water or perspiration).
 - wet (with water or perspiration).
- رسن (P) rasan, n. f.: Rope; cord; string.
- (H) rasna basna, v.:

 To reside; to inhabit; to settle happily
- to exude; to be discharged through the pores.
- رسوا (P: ruswā, adj.: Dishonoured; disgraced; infamous; ignominious.
 - ruswa karna, v.: To disgrace; to slander.
 - ruswā'l, n. f.: Disgrace; ill reputation; infamy; disrepute; ignominy.

- (A) rus u <u>kh</u>, n. m.: Access; reach; influence; reliance; confidence.
- رسول (A) rasul, n. m.: A messenger; a messenger of God; a prophet.
 - رمول الله rasululah, n. m.:

 (lit.) Prophet of God;

 Holy Prophet

 Muhammad.
- (H) rasaull, n. f.: Tumour.
- رسی (H) rassī, n. f.: Rope; card; (W) (fig. at night) snake.
 - jal ga'l bal nahih gaya,
 prov.: (Ir) To dream of
 g o o d old days in
 adversity.
 - رسی دراز بونا rassi darāz honā, prov.: To get a long rope; to enjoy long life.
- رسید (P) rasid, n. f.: Receipt; acknowledgement.
 - رسيد بهي rasidbahi, n. f.:

 Receipt book.
 - رسيار دينا to issue an acknowledgement.

- زسيد كرنا rasid karna, v.: To give (a slap).
- رسيدى لكئ rasidi tikat, n. m.: Revenue stamp.
- رشته (P) rishta(h), n. m.: String; chain; thread. (2) Relationship; connection; alliance; kinship; (fig.) marriage.
 - rishta(h) karna, v.:

 To form an alliance; to

 marry.
 - rishte dar, n. m.: Relative; kinsman.
- (P) rashk, n. m.: Envy; .
 jealousy; grudge; malice.
 - rashk karnā, v.: To be jealous.
- (A) rishwat, n. f.: Bribe; illegal gratification.
 - rishwa <u>Kh</u>or, n. m.: One who accepts bribe.
 - rishwat sitani. m. f.:
 Taking bribe, to extort
 bribe.
- رصدگاه (A) raşadgāh, n. f.: Observatory.

- (A) rizā, n. f.: Consent; assent; will; pleasure; approval; permission.
 - rizā jo'i, m. m.:
 Asking for leave; seeking
 the good pleasure or
 approbation of.
 - rizā kār, n. m.: A volunteer.
 - riçamand, adj.: Willing; consenting; a greeing; permitting.
- (H) razā'at, rizā'at n. f.: Fosterage; suckling.
 - raṣā'i bhā'i, n. m.: Foster brother.
- رضائی (P) raṣā'l, n. f.: Quilt; a coverlet.
- (A) rizwan, n.m.: (1) Name of the door-keeper of paradise. (2) Consent.
- رطب (A) rath, adj.: Moist; sappy; juicy; fresh; green. (opp. of خنک khushk, dry.)
 - رطب اللسان raibul-lisan, adj:

 (lit.) Refreshing of the tongue (by montioning); celebrated; frequently praising a person.

- رطب و يابس ratb-u-yabis, adj.:

 (lit.) Moist and dry;

 hotch potch.
- رطوبت rusubat, n. f.: Moisture; humidity; dampness; exudation; saliva.
- زعان (A) ri'aya, n. f., pl.: Subjects; peasants; tenants; common people. (s. رعيت ra'lyat.)
- رعایت (A) ri'dyat, n. f.: Favour;

 partiality; bias; concession; leniency; indulgence.
 - ri'ayat karnā, v.:

 To be lenient; to show
 favour or partiality; to
 give concession.
- رعب (A) ru'b, n. m.: Awe; fcar; dignity.
 - ru'b jamānā, v.: To frighten; to terrify.
 - رعب میں آنا ru'b meh ana, v.:

 To be over-awed.
- (A) ra'd, n. m.: Thunder.
- رعنائی (A) ra'na'l, n. f.: Gracefulness; grace; loveliness; beauty; delicacy; tenderness.

- رعونت (A) ra'Anat, n. f.: Haughtiness; arrogance; pride
- رغبت (A) raghbat n. f.: Inclination; desire; wish.
- رفافت (A) rafāqat, n. f.: Companionship; partnership; loyalty.
- رفاه (A) rifāh, n. f.: Welfare; benefit; good; tranquility; comfortable state of life.
 - rifah i 'ām, n. m.:
 Public welfare.
- رفتار (P) raftār, n. f.: Speed;
 pace; progress; walk.
- (A) rafraf, n. m.: Conveyance of Holy Prophet Muhammad on the ascension night.
- رفع (A) rafa', n. m.: Removal; settlement; suppression.
 - رفع کرنا، رفع دفع کرنا، رفع دفع کرنا، rafa' karnā, rafa' dafa' karnā,
 v.: To set at rest; to dispose of.
- (A) rafa't, n. f.: (1) Elevation; height; dignity; exaltation; altitude. (2) Eminence; nobility; honourableness.

- رفو (A) rafu, n.m.: A darn; darning.
 - رفو کرنا rafu karnā, v.: To darn.
 - رفوكر raf≡gar, n. m.: A darner.
- رفيع (A) rafl', adj.: High; elevated; lofty; exalted; eminent; noble; glorious.
- رفيق (A) rafiq, n.m.: A companion; an associate; a comrade; a pai; a partisan; a friend.
- (A) raqabat, n. f.:
 Rivalry; competition;
 antagonism.
- رقاص (A) raqqās, adj. & n m.:
 (1) Dancing. (2) A dancer.
 (fem. رقاصه raqqāsa(h)).
- رقص (A) rags, n.m.: Dance; ball; dancing.
- رقبه (A) raqba(h), n. m.: Area; extent of land; a stretch of land.
- תפֿים (A) riqqat, n. f.: Liquidity; melting of the heart; pity; tenderness; weeping.
- (A) ruq⁴a(h), n.m.: A letter; a chit.

رقم كرنا raqam karnā, v.: To note; to mark; to write; to enter.

(A) raqlq, adj.: Liquid; soft.

رتيق التلب raqiqul qalb, adj.:

(A & P) rikāb, n. f.: A stirrup; royal horse; (fiig.) rotinue.

רלי בון rikabdar, n. f.: (1)

A chef; a cooking
expert. (2) An attendant
when riding.

رکابی (A) rikābi, m. f.: A dish; a plate; a saucer.

rukāu, n. f.: Hindrance;
prevention; hesitation;
obstacle.

(A) rak'at, n. f.: (lit.) Bending; standing, bowing and lying prostrate at prayers.

(A) rukn, n. m.: A pillar; a prop; a foot of a verse; a member; a worker.

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ر کن ر کین rukn-i-rakln, n. m.:

The main prop; the most important member.

to wait; to hesitate; to keep aloof; shun.

(H) rukwana, v.: To cause to be stopped.

(A) ruk#', n. m.: (1)

Bowing the head and the body in prayer. (2) A section of the Quran.

رکهانی (H) rukhā'l, n. f.: Dryness; indifference; coldness.

put down; to keep; to apply; to place; to put on; to put aside; to leave alone; to lay before; to present; to put up; to lay by; to deposit; to invest; to leave in trust; to lodge; to bury; to mortgage; to pledge; to protect; to preserve; to save; to employ; to take into service; to have; to have

(a mistress); to hold; to contain; to possess; to own.

- ركيك (A) raklk, adj.: Mean; disgraceful; indecent; insignificant.
- (P) rog, n.f.; An artery; a vein; fibre; sinew.
 - rag rag رگ رگ سے واقف ہونا se waqif hona, v.: To know throughly.
 - rag u resha(h),
 n. m.: (lit.) Vein and
 muscle; (fig.) every
 detail.
- (H) rugar, n. f.: Slight wound; friction; rubbing.
 - ر کولکنا ragar lagnā, n. f.: To be grated; to be rubbed.
 - ragaṛnā, v.: To rub;
 to grate; to grind; to
 rub against the ground;
 to polish; to punish.
- (H) ragrā, n. m.: Scratching; grinding; rubbing; polishing; quarrelling; trouble.
 - ר כלו האלנו ragrā jhagrā,
 n. m.: Dissentions; argument; alteroation;
 quarrel.

- (H) rulana, v.: To cause to weep; to cause pain or sorrow; to delay (payment of dues etc.); to vex; to displease.
- لل) (H) rulnd, v.: To be ruined; to be scattered.
- رمال (A) rammāl, n. m.: A fortune teller; a sooth-sayer; a conjurer.
- (A) ramz, n f.: A secret; a hint; a mystery; an enigma; a riddle.
 - رمزشناس ramz shinās, adj.:
 One who takes a hint
- (A) ramadan, ramazan,
 n. m.: The ninth month of
 Muslim calendar which is
 observed by fasting and
 prayers.
- رمـق (A) ramaq, n. f.: The last gasp; the departing spirit. (fig.) a shadow; very little.
- (H) ran, n. m. (1) War; battle; battlefield. (2) Wilderness; an uninhabited place; wood.
 - ان بولنا ran bolna, v.: The battlefield to make a rumbling noise; wilderness to howl.

battle.

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رنج (P) ranj, n. m.: Sorrow; grief; sadness; affliction; distress; anguish; pain;

suffering; hardship.

- رنج کرنا ranj karna, v.: To grieve; to be sorry; to lament over; to take offence.
- grieved; afflicted; displeased; vexed; offended; chagrined; sorrowful.
- رنجش (P) ranjish, n.f.: Unpleasantness; vexation; taking offence; enmity; grief; coolness.
- رنجک (H) ranjak, n. f.: Priming-powder; priming pan; the touch-hole of a gun.
 - رنجک چاٺ جانا ranjak chā!
 jānā, v.: To end in smoke; to flash and fume.
- e free-thinker; a gentleman

- at large; an irreligious person; a rake; a libertine; a black-guard; a vagabond.
- tious; profligate; dissolute; impious; intemperate; rakish; like a debaucher.
- rindi, n. f.: Drunkenness; profligacy; debauchery; lewdness.
- رنده (P) randah, n. m.: A grater; a planing tool; a shaping machine; a carpenter's plane; a rasp.
- hue; shade; dye; paint; pigment; tint; complexion.

 (2) A suit (cards). (3)

 Aspect; look; manner; mode; sort; fashion: style; characteristic; nature. (4)

 Condition. (5) Beauty; bloom. (6) Dance and song; pleasure; enjoyment; merriment.
 - rang utarna, رنگ اترنا ، الرنا ، الرنا ، الرنا ، الرنا ، و بر مراه ، الرنا ،

- رنگبدلنا rang badaina, v.: To change colour; to be fickle; to turn coat.
- rang bharna, v.: To apply colour to; to colour; to fill gaps in a story or account
- rang jamana, v.: To charm; to bring under influence.
- رنگدار rangdar, adj.: Coloured; painted; gay; showy.
- رنگ دُمنگ rang dhang, n.m.:
 Aspect; character; conduct; ways; appearance.
- رنگ رلیاں rang ralyān, n. f.:

 Peast; fun; revelry;

 merriments; rejoicing;

 sports; pastime.
- رنگروپ، rang rup, n. m.:

 Appearance; bloom;

 colour; complexion.
 - رنگ ريز rangrez, n. m.: A dyer.
 - rang faq hond, v.:
 To grow pale from fear
 or astonishment; to change colour.

- rang land, v.: To present colourful appearance; to bloom; to result (in); to play trick; to wrangle.
- رنگ میں بهنگ rang meh bhang, id.: Unpleasant-ness in a fun.
- rangd'i, rangwa'i, n. f.: Wages for colouring, dying, painting etc.
- رنگت rangai, n. f.: Colour; hue; complexion.
- رنگنا rangna, v.: To colour; to.

 dye; to paint; to tint.
- rangwana, v.: To cause to be or to get dyed.
- رنگيلا rangilā, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Gay; merry; addicted to pleasure. (2) A man of pleasure; a rake. (fem. رنگيلي rangili.)
- رنگین rangln, adj.: Coloured;
 painted; gaudy; florid;
 embellished; gay; lively.
- rangini, n. /.: Gaudiness; showiness; liveliness; florid (style).
- (P) rau, n f : Current: stream; torrent.

- Proceeding. (Used in comp. at the end, as peshrau, fore-runner.)
- 9) (P) ru, n, m.: Face; countenance; surface; front.
 - ונאנג rū barā, adv.: Face to face; in front of; before.
 - נפאל[©] ra posh, adj.; In hiding; absconding; underground.
 - r#siyah, adj.: (lit.)

 Dark-faced; infamous;

 disgraced; criminal.
 - ra shinds, n. m. de adj.: (1) An acquaintanco. (2) Known.
 - ramal, n.m.: A handkerchief; a towel; a napkin.
- (H) rawd, n. m.: Wheat flour in fine granules; a grain of dust; sand of gunpowder; gold or silver filings.
- (P) rawā, adj.: Permissible; admissible: allowable; worthy; proper; approved; right; lawful.

- روابط (A) rawābīṭ, n.m., pl.: Relations; connections. (s. بط rabṭ.)
- נפוֹס (A) rawāj, n. m.: Custom; usage; practice; fashion.
 - נפודאיט rawaj pana, v.: To become prevalent; to be current; to be in vogue.
 - rawāj denā, v.: To give currency to; to introduce; to issue; to propagate.
- (A) riwaq, n.m.: A portico; a palace.
- going: current; in force; flowing; moving; fluent; rythmical; expert; sharp; quick; active; brisk.
 - (ا) Moving and running; wandering; moving about; in motion. (2) Ruined; miserable.
- עפונט (H) ruāh, n. m.: (1) The hair of the body. (2) Wool; fur.
- departed; despatched; sent.

- rawana(h) karnā, v.: To send: to despatch.
- روانگي (P) rawangi, n.f: Departure; despatch; going; running; flowing; setting out; passing; travelling.
- روانی (P) rawani, n. f.: Flow; fluency.
- (A) riwāyat, n. f.: Narranarrative; story; tion: history; tradition; legend.
- (P) rūbāh, n. f. : A fox.
- روپ (H) $r\overline{u}p$, n, m.: Face; countenance; appearance; mode; manner; condition; feature
 - روپ دهارنا روپ دهارنا rup dhārnā, v.: To play the part (of); to personate; to assume the role (of).
 - روپ نکالنا rūp nikālnā, v.: To beautify (one's self): to look fresh.
- (1) (H) r#pā, n. m. : (W) Silver. (2) The musk-rat; a mole.
 - rupakli.)

- (H) اروپیا، روپیه (H) ruplya, n. m.: A rupee; coin; money; riches; wealth.
 - rupiyā روپيدبهنانا، تؤانا bhunana, surana, v.: To change a rupee for smaller coins.
- و ثي (H) roṭi, n. f. : (1) A loaf; a bread. (2) Sustenance; maintenance; food.
 - roil kaprā, n.m.: (lit.) Food and raiment; maintenance
 - : ، rosiyan torna, v. نوونا To eat the bread of idleness; to loaf; to be a hanger-on.
 - روليال لكنا rotiyan lagnā, v.: To swell; to look big or fat.
 - و كهنا (H) rū!hnā, v.: To be offended or displeased; to sulk; to be cross; to be angry with.
- ארני אין rupahlā, adj.: Silvery; נפין (A) rupahlā, n. f.: Soul; spirit; silvered. (fem. روبهلی) essence; life; the vital principle.

- ענים ווע rūḥullāh, n. m.: (lit.)
 The spirit of God; Jesus
 Christ.
- روح برو از کرنا، نکلنا rah parwāz karnā, nikalnā, v.: Life to depart; to die.
- ruh kanpna, v.: To tremble with fear.
- روحانی raḥani, adj.: Spiritual; of or concerning the spirit.
- (P) rad, n. f.: A canal; a river; a torrent; a stream; flowing water.
 - nel; a place abounding in rivers and streams.
- روداد، رونداد (P) radad, ru'ldad, n. J.: Proceedings (of a meeting, court case etc.); minutes; narrative; report.
- לפנו (H) rora, n. m.: Brickbat; stone; pebble; boulder; obstacle; (fig.) old resident.
 - rora aikānā, v.: To obstruct; to put a stumbling block.

- נפלט rorl, n. f: Piece of broken stone or brick (used in the foundation of a builing or road); pebble.
- روز (P) roz, ruz, n. m.: Day; daily wages.
 - rozana(h), adv. : daily.
 - * rozmarra(h), adj. & n.
 m.: (1) Customary; usual;
 every day. (2) Words
 in common use.
 - לפל נפל נפל או roz roz, adv.: Every day; always.
 - A diary; a day book; daily account.
 - daily newspaper.
 - wages; daily allowance; a stipend; daily earnings.
- (P) rozgār, n. m.; (1)
 The world; the times. (2)
 Means of subsistence;
 employment; service;
 business.
- ن روزن (۹) rozan, n.m.: A hole: a window.

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(P) roza(h), n. m.: A fast; fasting.

- roza(h) rakhnā, v.;
 To fast.
- روزه الخطار كرنا ، كهولنا iftar karnā, kholnā, y.:
 To break a fast.
- pait; mode. (2) Course; law; fashion; custom; practice; behaviour; conduct; character; habit. (3) A foot path in a garden; avenue; passage; way.
- روشن (P) roshan, adj.: Bright; shining; luminous; conspicuous; evident; manifest.
 - روشن چوکی roshan chauki, n. f.: A band of pipers playing in accompaniment of small tabors.
 - reshandan, n. m.: روشن دان A skylight; a ventilator.
 - roshan karnā, v.:

 To light; to illuminate;

 to kindle; to make manifest.
- روشناكي (P) roshnā'i, n. f.: Ink.
- روشنی (P) roshni, n. f.: Light; a lamp; illumination; eye-sight.

- roshnī i taba', n. f.: Acuteness; sagacity.
- روضه (A) rauzah. n. m.: A garden; a mausoleum; a shrine.
- روغن (P) raughan, n. m.: (1) Grease; fat; oil; butter. (2) Varnish; pelish.
 - روغن قاز raughan-i-qāz, n. m.:

 (lit.) Grease of goose;

 (fig.) flattery.
 - raughan i qaz
 maina, v.: To indulge
 in fulsome or service
 flattery.
 - روغنی raughani, adj.: Greasy;
 oily; polished; buttery;
 fried in کهی ghi.
 - vention; stay; restriction; hindrance; obstruction; restraint; support; shelter; bar; interruption; obstacle.
 - rok thām, n. f.:

 Precaution; temporary
 remedy; patching up a
 quarrel; barrier; obstacle;
 resistance; hindrance;
 prohibition; obstruction.

- روک لوک rok tok, n. f.:

 Restriction; obstruction;
 opposition; resistance.
- rok to karna, رو کانوک کرنا v.: To take exception to; to check.
- obstruct; to prevent; to detain; to ask to stay; to delay (payment); to check; to occupy; to hide; to screen; to enclose.
- روكز (H) rokar, n. m.: Cash; ready money; valuable atock.
- 445 روکهه (H) rūkh, n. m. : A tree.
- rough; un-sympathetic; blunt; insipid; unseasoned; cold; indifferent; apathetic; formal.
 - رو کها بن rūkhāpan, n. m.:

 Dryness; roughness; indifference; unfriendliness.
- ness; disease; disorder; botheration; defect; fault;

- infirmity; a bad habit. (2) Difficulty; entanglement; embarassment.
- روكبالنا ، لكالينا ، الكالينا ، الكالينا ، الكالينا ، المورد و ال
- לפטל (P) rumal, n. m.: A handkerchief; a napkin.
- (E) raman, n. m.: Cor. of romance.
- (1) To weep; to cry; to mourn; to lament; to be melancholy; to recite one's sorrowful tale. (2) Weeping; grief; lamentation. (3) Addicted to crying; rueful.
 - be wept over; to complain (against the shortage or absence of).
 - n. m.: (1) To be bathed in tear; to weep copiously. (1) Weeping and wailing.

- rona rona, v.: To selate one's tale of woe.
- روند (E) raund, m. f.: Cor. of round; patrolling; the round of guards or watchmen at night.
- روندنا (H) raundna, v.: To ride over; to trample on.
- elegance; beauty; colour; brightness; splendour; grace; dignity; liveliness; refulgence; freshness.
 - افروز بوفا raunaq afroz honā; v.: To grace or honour by one's presence.
- of the body; fine wool.
 - rong!e رونگئے کھڑ نے ہونا khare honā, v.: To be frightened.
- رونی (H) re'i, n. f.: Cotton. روئی دهنکنا ، دهننا ، دهننا ، دهننا ، دهننا ، مننا ، مننا ، مننا ، مننا ، دهنا ، مننا ، دهنا ، مننا ، دهنا ، ده
- رونداد، روداد (P) rū'idād, rūdād, m. f.: Proceedings; record in a case; minutes of a meeting.

- رو ئيدگي (P) ro'idagi, n. f.: Vegetation; verdure; growth of plants.
- روي (A) royā, n.m.: Dream; sleep; a vision.
- נפוְאב (A) וּ אַעְּמוֹ, m. f.: Seeing; sight; view; appearance.
- رويه (A) rawiyah, rawaiyah,
 n. m.: Attitude; manner;
 custom; rule; law; behaviour.
- (P) rah, n. m: Path; road; way. (Contr. of اراء rāh.)
 - ربير، ربنما rahbar, rahnuma,
 n. m.: Leader; guide.
 - נאנט rahzan, n.m.: A highwayman; a robber.
- رهائی (P) rihā i, n. f.: Escape; freedom; exemption; acquittai; discharge.
 - الأي بانا rihā'i panā, v.: To be released; to be discharged; to be set at liberty.
- رهبانیت (A) ruhbāniyat. n. f.:

 Living in seclusion; retirement from life; isolation
 (as of monks).

(A & U) rahn, rihn, n. m.: A mortgage; a pledge.

- rihn rakhna, v.: To دان د کهنا mortgage; to pledge.
- rihn nāma(h), n. m.: A mortgage deed.
- (H) rahnā, v.: To live; to dwell; to remain; to be left; to pass one's days; to last; to continue; to be postponed; to wait; to be unable to get through.
 - ر الله الله rah jana, v.: To tarry or remain behind; to be left unfinished: to be omitted; to fail.
 - 5 .) .) rah rah ke, adv.; Again and again; after every short while.
 - to 1) raha saha, edj.: Remained; escaped; left OVET.
 - رينا سبنا rahnā sahnā, v. & n. m.: (1) To pass one's days; to live; to exist. (2) Way of life; mode of living.
- (P) rahwar, n.m.: An ambling horse.

- ر تيس (A) ra'ls, n. m.: A prince; a chief; a nobleman; head of a department.
- الِي (A) riyā, n. m.: Hypocrisy.
 - נו לנ rivā kār, adj. & n. m.: (1) Hypocritical; deceitful. (2) Hypocrite.
- でり、しい (A) riyaḥ, rìḥ, n. m. & f.: Wind (in the stomach); flatulence.
- י בושיי (A) riyāsat, n. f.: State; government; dominion; sway; rule; nobility.
- رياض (A) riyāz, п. т.: (1) А garden. (2) Hard work; labour.
- رياضت (A) riyazat, n. f.: (1) Labour; toil; hard work. (2) Austerity; devotion to prayers and fasts; discipline; abstinence.
- (A) riyazi, n. f.: Mathematics.
 - دان riyazi dan, n.m.: A mathematician.
- ريب (A) raib, n. m.: Doubt.
 (H) ret, n. f.: Sand.

- ريت (H) rlt, n. f.: Custom; practice; local usage.
- ريتنا (H) retnā, v.: To file; to rasp.
- ريتي (H) retl, n. f.: (1) Sandy soil; sand on the shore of a river. (2) A file.
- 46% y (H) richh, n. m. : A bear.
- ريخته (A) rekhta(h), adj. & n. m.: (1) Scattered; mixed. (2) Original name of the Urdu language or verse.
 - rekhti, n. f.: The feminine language or dialect; verse written in the language of women.
- ליגל (H) righ, m. f.: The backbone; the spine.
- ريزش; (P) rezish, n. f.: A running at nose; dripping; pouring out; scattering; flowing in small quantities; effusion.
- ريزگارى (P) rezgārī, n. f.:
 Small coins (in exchange of a higher-value coin);
 change.
- etom; a particle; a bit; a scrap; crumb. (2) A piece (of cloth).

- rezah rezah karnā, v.: To break into bits.
- ريس (H) ris, n. f.: Emulation; copying; equality.
 - עני ris karnā, v.: To vie with; to be envious of; to rival; to copy.
- يس (E) res, n. f.: Race.
- ريش (P) rish, n. f.: Beard.
- ريشي (P) resham, n. m.: Silk.
 - ريشمى reshmī, adj.: Silken; woven of silk.
- ریشه (P) resha(h), n. m.: Fibre; string of mango etc.; vein; tissue; roots.
- رياً ، (P) reg, n. f : Sand.
 - ریکستان registan, n. m.: A large sandy tract of land; a desert.
- נيل (E) rel, n m.: Rail; (fig.) railway train.
- ريل (E) ril, m. f.: Reel; spool; a bobbin.
- رين (H) rain, n. f.: Night.
 - رين بسمرا rain baserā, n.m.:
 A night's halt.
- ريس ريس (H. ren ren, n. f.: constant crying (of a child); sound of any stringed instrument.

ريندى (H) rendl, n. f.: Sec ارندى arandl.

رينگنا (H) reagna, v.: To creep; to crawl.

לאָפָל (H) rewar, n.m.: A flock of cattle.

נאלט (H) rewrl, n. f.: Sugar drops coated with sesame seeds.

rewri
ke pher men and, v.: (1)
To be involved in some
difficulty due to greed.
(2) To be wonder-struck.

و

Jre, n. f.: Fifteenth letter of Urdu. Since no word starts, although many end, with this letter, hence no words can be given under it. According to عبداً abjad, the numerical value of the letter like that of re = 200.

ز

j ze, n. f.: Eleventh letter of Arabic, thirteenth of Persian

and sixteenth of Urdu alphabets Numerical value, according to $4 \times 1 = 7$.

Sij (P) zād, adj.: Born of; birth.

לוב אפן zād bām, n. f.: Birthplace; native land.

(A) zād, n. m.: Provisions; food.

ترادراه، سفر zad-i-rah, safar,
n. f.: Provision for use
in a journey.

زار (P) zar, adj.: Weak; feeble.

زار زار ، زار و تطار zar zar, zar zar, zar-u qatar, adv.: With great lamentations; with abundance of tears; bitterly.

زار و نزار zār - u - nizār, adj.: Lean; weak.

زادی zarī, n. f.: Wailing; lamentations; groaning.

(P) zāgh, n. m. : A crow.

زانو (P) zānū, n. m. : The thigh; the knce.

zānয়-1-adab زانوئے ادب که کرنا zānয়-1-adab tah karnā, v.: To sit at the feet (of); to be a pupil (of).

- (1) (A) zāwiya(h), n. m.: (1) An angle. (2) A corner.
- (A) zāhid, n.m. & adj.: (1) A devout man; a pious person. (2) Pious; devout.
- (P) zāicha(h), n. m.: A horoscope.
- above; increased; extra; surplus; superfluous; vain; redundant.
- زائر (A) zair, n. m. : A pilgrim;
 a visitant.
- زبان (P) zabūn, n. f.: Tongue; language; way expression; promise; (fig.) flame; also sword.
 - زبان بندی zabāh bandi, n. f.:

 (1) Rendering speechless;
 h u s h hush; gaz. (2)

 (Law) Written testimony;
 affidavit.
 - נאטאר zabān par lānā, v.:

 To utter; to mention.
 - زبانچلانا zabān chalānā, v.:
 To talk insolently; to talk much.
 - زبان حال zabān i ḥāl, n. f.:

 Self evident state of affairs.

- zabān i <u>kh</u>alq ko naqqāra(h) - i - <u>kh</u>udā samjho, prov.: What all men say always proves to be true.
- زبان دراز zabāh darāz, adj.:

 Laquacious; impudent;
 abusive; one having a
 long tongue.
- יל בוט בוט zabān dān, n. m.:

 One well versed in the language; a linguist.
- زبان دینا zabān denā, v.: To promise; to give one's word.
- زبان کهولنا zabān kholnā, v.:
 To speak out.
- زبانی zabānī, adj.: Oral; verbal; by word of mouth; viva voce.
- زبانی جمع خرج zabānī jama' <u>Kharch</u>, n. m.: Empty words; all talk and no substance.
- best of anything; cream; selected one.

- (P) zabar, adj.: (1) Big; great; larger; superior.
 (2) Vowel mark representing short 'a'.
 - לאנישי zabar dast, adj.: Highhanded; opperessive; vigorous; violent; overbearing; superior.
 - לאניעני¹ zabar hond, v.: To have the upper hand; to have an advantage; to be superior (to).
- לאר (A) zabarjad, n. m.: A precious stone; jasper; topaz.
- לאפנ (A) zabūr, n. m.: The psalms of David.
- ازبون (A) zabūn, adj.: Despicable; pitiable; bad; infirm; fallen; faulty; mean; unlucky.
- زگل (H) zaṭal, n. f.: Nonsense. زلل قافید zaṭal qafia(h), n. m.:
 Nonsenscial poetsy.
 - زللی zaṭallī, n. m. : One who talks nonsense; name of a noted jester in Urdu.
- زجاج (A) zujāj, n. m.: Glass; wine-glass.

- زجروتوبیخ zajar, zajar-utaubikh, n. m. : Chiding; threatening; forbidding harshly; rebuke.
- mated; vexed; teased; helpless.
- (P) zacha(h), (U) zachcha(h),
 n. f.: A woman in confinement; a lying-in woman.
- زحمت (A) zaḥmat, n. f.:
 Trouble; pain; botheration;
 strain.
 - زحست الهانا zaḥmat uṭhānā, v.:

 To undergo hardship:

 to do a bit of hard

 work; to endure.
- زخم (P) zakhm, n.m.: A wound; a sore; a cut; a gash.
 - رخم پر نمک چهڑ کنا zakhm par namak chhiraknā, v.:

 (lit.) To sprinkle salt on a wound; to afflict the afflicted.
 - تم برابونا zakhm hard hond,
 v.: To be renewed (a
 wound); (fig.) to be reminded of a loss or
 beceavement.

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- زخمی za<u>kh</u>mi, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Wounded; hurt;

 injured. (2) A wounded

 person.
- زخمه (P) zakhmah, n. m.: The plectrum with which a lute or guitar is struck or played.
- Stroke; blow.
 - زدو كوب. zad·u-kob, n. f.:

 Beating; battering;
 assaulting; thrashing.
- (P) zar, n. m.: (1) Gold; riches; money; cash; currency; wealth. (2) Pollen; anther dust; powdery substance in flowers.
 - زرخيز zarkhez, adj.: Fertile; rich; productive.
 - j zardozi, n.f.: Embroidery.
 - زر کر zargar, n. m.: Gold-smith.
 - زرنگار zarnigār, adj.: Gilded; worked with gold; golden.

- zari, n. f.: Anything woven with gold threads; gold brocade.
- culture; oultivation. f.: Agri-
- زرن (P) zard, adj.: Yellow; pale; brown.
- (P) zardah, n. m.: (1)
 Seasoned tobacco for chewing. (2) Sweet rice dressed
 with saffron. (3) A horse
 of yellow colour.
- chain armour.
- زشت (P) zisht, adj.: Evil; ugly; hideous.
- زعفران (A) za'frān, n f.: Saffron.
- Presumption; assertion; vanity; pride.
- زغن (P) zaghan, n. f.: A kite.
- مند (P) zaghand, n. f.: A jump; a leap. (Also منة zaqand, Cor. of مندن)
- (A) zifāf, n. m.: (lit)

 Departure of the bride to

 her groom's house; consummation of marriage;

- first private meeting of kurtised send wife.
- زک (A) zak(k), n. f.: Humiliation; insult; defeat; repulse; loss.
 - زكدينا zak denā, v.: To humiliate; to defeat; to cause a loss.
- לא (A) zukām, n. m.: Catarrh; cold.
- (A) zakāt, n. f.: (1) Regulated poor-rate to be given every year compulsorily according to Islam. (2) Charity to purify possessions.
- زلزله (A) zalzala(h), n.m.: An carthquake.
- زك (A) zulf, n.m.: A lock of hair; tress.
- زهام (A) zamām, n. f.: Rein; bridle.
- زمان (P) zamān, n. m.: Time.
- period; whether; age; people; the world.
 - زمانه ساز zamāna(h) sāz, n. m.:

 A time-server; a turncoat.

- zamana(h) رمانه نازک بونا nazuk hona, v.: Times to be difficult.
- زمانه بوا zamāna(h) huā, id.:
 It was ages; much water
 passed under the bridge.
- (P) zamurrad, n. m: An emerald.
- زهره (A) zumrah, n. m.: Company; group; category; class.
- (P) zamzamah, n. m.:
 Song; chant; medulation
 of voice.
 - زمزمه پرداز zamzamah perdaz,
 n. m.: Musician.
- زمهرير (A) zamharir, n. m.: Region of ice.
- زهين (P) zamin, n. f.: (1) Land; soil; earth; ground; site; estate; region. (2) The base of a figure; the ground of a picture.
 - زمین آسمان کافرق zamin āsmān kā farq, n. m.: A world of difference.
 - زمین آسمان کے قلابے ملانا asmān ke quliāhe milānā, v.: To tell great lies; to exaggerate.

- زمين دار zamlādār, n. m. : A land holder.
- زموں دوز zamindoz, adj. 1

 Level with the ground sub-terran.
- زمین سخت آسمان دور zamik
 sakht asmak dur, prov.:
 Expression of (one's)
 helplessness.
- زمين سر بر الهالينا uihā lenā, v.: To make hell of a noise; to shout liko a bull.
- زمین کا پیونل ہونا zamin ka paiwand honā, v.: To mingle with the dust; to die.
- زمین کا گز zamin kā gaz, n. m.

 A regular traveller; a way farer.
- زمون مين كؤجانا zamin men gar janā, v.: To be greatly ashamed.
- زن zan, n. f.: A woman; a wife.
 - زن ريك zan murid, adj. & n. m.: (1) Henpecked.
 (2) A henpecked husband.
 - زناهوئى zana sho'i, n. f.: Relationship of wife and husband.

- zanāna(h), adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Effaminate; womanish; (fig.) impotent. (2) A
 female apartment; an
 impotent person.
- Uj (A) zina, n. m. : Adultery.
- زنبور (P) zambar, n. m.: (1) A wasp; a bee; a hornet. (2) Pincers; forceps.
- زنبيل (P) zambil, n. m.: A bag; a wallet; basket; a purse.
- زنجير (P) zanjir, n. f.: A chain.
- زنجيره (P) zanjlrah, n.m.: Chain stitch.
- زندان (P) zindāh, n. m.: A prison; a jail.
 - zindagānī, zindagī, n. f.: Life; existence; the entire life.
 - zindagi talkh رندگی تلخ ہونا zindagi talkh hona, v.: Life to be sick, to be intolerable.
 - زندگی سے تنگ آنا zindagi, setang ānā, v.: To be tired of life.
 - زنده zindah, adj.: Alive;
 - ive. تنده ربنا zindah rahnā, v.: To

- زندیق (A) zindiq, n. m.: An infidel; a fire-worshipper.
- زنگ (P) zang, n. m.: Rust.
- زنگی (P) zangł, n. m.: A negro.
- زنگار (P) zangār, n. m.: Verdigris; rust.
- (1) Never; by no means; on no account, (2) Beware!; mind (you)!
- زوال (A) zawāl, n. m.; Decline; fall; decay.
 - زوال پذير zawal pazir, adj.:

 Declining; decaying;
 fading.
- (A) zauj, n. m.: A consort; a spouse; husband or wife.
 - zaujah, n. f.: A wife.
- ازوک (P) عظر, adv. & adj.: Quickly; swiftly. (2) Quick; swift.
 - زودرنج zad ranj, adj.: Sensitive; touchy.
- (P) zor, n. m.; Strength; force; power; inertia; vigour; energy; effort; stress; emphasis; influence; authority.

- i زور آزمانا zor āzmānā, v.: To measure strength.
- زور آزمائی zor āzmā'i, n. f.:
 Trial of strength.
- zor-i-bāzī se, adv. s By dint of (one's own) hard work.
- zor chaina, v.: To have authority or influence.
- נפر ^{בו}נ zor dar, adj.: Powerful; forcible; emphatic.
- iliغ zor dālnā, v.: To bring pressure to bear upon; to coerce; to press.
- Abj (A) zuhd, n. m.: Piety; abstinence.
- Poison; venom; (fig.) fury; rage; anger. (2) Bitter; disagreeable.
 - زبراكلنا zahr ugalnā, v.: To speak ill of; to backbite.
 - zahr alad, alada(h), adj.: Poisonous.
 - زبرخند zahr <u>kh</u>and, n. m. : A laugh due to anger, shameor unpleasontness; a forced laugh.

- زبرلگنا zahr lagna, v.: To be as hateful as poison.
- زبرمار کرنا zahr mār karaā, v.:
 To gulp down (as poison); to swallow reluctantly.
- zahrīlā, adj.: Poisonous; harmful; enimical. (fem. زهريلي zahrīlī.)
- (1) Considerably; extremely (2) Much; more; excessive; surplus; ample; a great deal.
- زیادتی (P) ziyādatī, n.f.: (1)
 Increase; excess; abundance; addition; surplus.
 (2) Intensification; force;
 oppression; injustice;
 tyranny; violence.
- زبارت (A) ziyārat, n. f.: Visit (of a shrine or sacred person); pilgrimage; the honour of seeing.
 - ziyārai karnā, v.:

 To have the honour of seeing; to perform a pil-grimage; to visit (a shrine, holy man or a person in high position)

- ילים אוני ziyaratgah, n. f.: A shrine; a place of pilgrimage.
- الن (P) ziyāh, n. m.: Loss; damage; harm.
- زيب (P) zeb, n. f.: Grace: elegance; beauty.
 - zebian karnā, البائن كرنا zebian karnā,
 v.: (lit.) To use as a grace for the body; to put on.
 - zeb-u-zinat, n. f.:

 Decoration; ornamentation; elegance; adorning.
- زيبا (P) zebā, adj.: Graceful; comely; adorning; becoming.
 - zebā'ish, n. f.: Ornament; decoration; embellishment; beauty.
- נאָל (P) zīr, n. f.: Low voice; under-tone; smallest string of a lute.
 - zir-u-bam, n. f.: Low and high notes.
- (P) zer, adv., adj. & n. m.:
 - (1) under; below; beneath.
 - (2) Inferior; lower. (3) Persian term for the short vowel.

- زيربار zer bār, adj.: Burdoned; loaded; (fig.) indebted, financially crippled.
- נא אונט zer barl, n. f.: Expenses; liabilities; burden; indebtedness.
- zer pā'i, n.f.: Slippers (esp for women).
- زبردست zer dast, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) A subordinate; an under-dog; a subject; a vassal. (2) Weak; inferior; powerless.
- زيرسايد zer · i sayah, adr.:
 Under (one's) protection
 or patronage.
- زير كرنا zer karna, v.: To defeat; to subdue; to overpower.
- נא פ לא er u zabar, adj.:

 Topsy turvy: upside

 down.
- زيرك (P) zirak, adj.: Intelligent; acute; wise.
- existence.
- grace; decoration.

- زينه (P) zina(h), n. m.: A ladder; steps; stairs.
- ניפנ (P) zewar, n. m.: Ornament; jewellery.

7.

- زائے فارسی zai farsi, is the seven-teenth letter of Urdu alphabet and 14th of Persian. It has no corresponding letter in Arabic. Numerical value according to المجدد abject abject.
- 41; (P) zhāla(h), n.m.: Hail; frost; dew.
 - zhala(h) bārī, n. f.: Hail-storm.
- روف (P) zharf, adj.: Deep; penetrating; acute (of mind).
 - زرفنگایی zharf nigahl, n. f.: Keenness of intellect; seeing in depth.
- عن (P) zhand, n. f.: Old Persian; a sacred book of the fire-worshippers.
- ژولبدگي (P) zhaulidagl, n. f.:
 Confusion; pesplexity; entanglement; distress;
 intricacy.

- zholldah, adj.: Confused; entangled; dishe velled; distressed; intricate.
- zholidah mu, n.m.: Entangled hair; uncombed hair.

س

- sin, n. m.: The twelfth letter of Arabic. fifteenth of Persian, and eighteenth of Urdu alphabets. Numerical value, according to ابجد abjad = 60.
- سابق (A) sābiq, adj.: Former; past; preceding; foregoing.
 - sabiqa(h), n. m. & adj.:

 (1) Friendship; intimacy.
 contact; acquaintance.
 (2) Previous; past.
- யிய் (H) sat, adj.: Seven.
 - چناب الله sat panch, n. f.: Trickery; deceit.
 - ات بانچ کرنا sāt pānch karnā,
 v.: To quarrel; to dispute; to wrangle.

- مات بانچ کی لائهی ایک جنے کا sat pānch kl lāthi ek

 jane kā bojh, prov.:

 Several persons can

 jointly help complete one
 man's difficult job.
- sāt pusht, n. m.:

 (lit.) Seven generations;

 forefathers; the entire
 lineage; pedigree.
- sat samundar, n. m.:

 (lit.) Seven seas or oceans;

 the whole world.
- sāt samundar pār, adj.: Over the seven seas; far away.
- (H) sāth, adv. & n. m.:

 (1) With; alongwith; together; in company. (2)
 Society; friendship.
 - join; to associate with; to help.
 - الهرهنا sāth rahnā, v.: To live together
 - nion; comrade; supporter.
- ھاڭھ (H) ھائھ (H) ھاڭھ

- الها saina, n.m.: A sixty-yearold man.
- A young man in sixtles.
- نساجها (H) sājhā, n. m.: Association; joint concern; partnership; share.
 - ciato; a partner; a share holder.
- sajhe ki handi, ماجهے کی بانڈی ...
 n. f.: A joint concern
 (which does not filourish).
 - ceremony on the day before marriage, when the
 bridegroom sends presents
 to the bride and vice versa.
 - ر (A) sāḥir, n m.: A magician; a conjurer.
 - اساحل (A) sāhil, n. m.: The sea-shore; the coast; beach.
 - manufacture; structure; shape; construction.

- Manufactured; sophisticated; made. (2) Unnatural; artificial; surreptitious.
- sakhia(h)

 pardakhia(h), adj.:

 Made up; planned;

 devised.
- Syeds; descendants of the fourth pious Caliph, Hazerat Ali. (s. App. saiyed.)
- راكي (P) sadgl, n. f.: Simplicity; frankness; sincerity; want of ornament.
- este (P) sadah, adj.: Blank; unwritten (paper); unstamped; simple.
 - اله علامة sädah pur kär, adj.: (lit.) Simple (yet) artful; saucy; wanton (beloved).
 - sādah pan, n. m.: Simplicity.
 - sāde kar, u. m.: A goldsmith: a worker on gold or silver.
 - working in gold or eilver.

- sādah lauh, n. m.: A simpleton; a fool.
- stop; to hold; to support; to control; to restrain; to pacify; to polse; to balance.
- ال) الله (H) sārā, adj.: All; the whole; entire; gross; complete. (fem. راه sari.)
- ساردان (P) sārbān, n. m.: A camel driver.
- (A) sāriq, n. m.: A thief.
- musical mode; a note; a species of large bee.
- سارنگی (H) sārangī, n. f.: A fiddle.
 - sārangiyā, n. m.: A fiddler.
- ساری ، ساڑھی (H) sārī, sārhi, n. f.: A piece of long cloth worn by women and wrapped around the body passing over the head.
- sārhā, n.m.: Husband of wife's sixter.

- instrument. (2) Equipment; ornament. (3) Concord; harmony. (4) Conspiracy.
 - مازش مازش sazbaz. sazish, n-f.: Conspiracy; intrigue; combination
 - sāzbāz, ساز باز ، سازش کرنا sāzish karnā, v.: To conspire; to plot.
 - הול לונ sazgar, adj.: Harmonizing; agreeing; auspicious; favourable; in accordance with.
- who plays a musical instrument; a fiddler or drummer.
- ساس (H) $s\bar{a}s$, n. f.: Mother-in-law.
- hour; a minute; a moment. (2) Time; fixed time; watch; clock.
- sa'ld, n. f.: The fore-arm.
- (A) sā'i, adj. & n. m.; (1)
 Eager; assiduous. (2) One
 who endeavours.

(P) sāghar, n. m.: A winc cup; a bowi; a goblet.

- ساق (A) saq, n. f.: The shank; leg from the ankle to the knee.
- لَّهُ اللَّهُ (A) sāqit, adj.: Dropped; lost; fallen; out of uso; obsolete; rejected.
 - sāqit karnā, v.: To cast away; to reject; to eliminate; to degrade; to lose value.
- (A) sāqī, n. m.: One who gives to drink; a cupbearer; also one who prepares and offers was huqqa; (fig) a sweet-heart; the beloved.
 - sagiyā, intj.: O cupbearer!
- (A) sākit, adj: Silent; quiet; mute; soundless; at rest.
- ساكن (A) sākin, adj & n. m.: (1) Quiescent (icter); motionless; at rest; mute. (2) An inhabitant; a resident; a consonant not foilowed by a vowel.

- (H) sakh, n. f.: Credibitrust; reputation; testimony.
- لساك (H) sag, n. m.: Herb; pot herb; edible vegetable; greens.
- ساگر (H) sāgar, n. m.: The sea; the ocean.
- الس (P) sāl, n. m. : A year.
 - ال به سال به سال به سال به سال به سال به سال Year by year.
 - salgirah, n. m.: Birthday.
 - sāl nama(h), n. m.: (Mod.) A year book; annual issue of a journal.
 - sāl-u-māh, adv.: (lit.) Years and months; always; at all times.
 - الما المالية sal, adv.: For years; year after year; long time.
- اللاز (P) salar, n. m.: A chief; a head; a leader; captain; commander (of an army); a general.
- الک (A) salik, adj.: Traveller; a mystic devotec; a secker of God who also leads a truthful domesticlife.

- اللم (A), sālim, adj.: Safe; sound; whole; perfect.
- سالن (H) sālan, n. m.: Cooked meat; meat, fish or vegetable curry.
- سالوقری ، سلوقری ، سلوقری (H) salotari, salotri, n. m.: A veterinary surgeon.
- سالوس (P) salzs. n. f.: Hypocrisy; trick; fraud; deceit; a fraudulent person.
- الی (H) sāll, n. f.: Wife's sister; sister-in-law.
- שוסוט (P) sāmān, n.m.: Things;
 requisites; luggage; furniture; provision necessary
 for any occasion;
 arrangement; sign; token;
 apparatus; tools; custom;
 habit.
 - ان کرنا saman karna, v.:

 To make preperation;
 to provide for.
- hearer; listner; audience.
- sense of hearing; audition.

- frontage; opposition; encounter; confronting.
 - samna karna, v.:
 To encounter; to face;
 to confront; to oppose.
 - samme, adv.: In front; facing; before; opposite; in presence of.
 - samne and, v.: To confront; to oppose; to come in front (of).
 - samne se, adr.: Before one's face.
- سامی (A) sāmī, adj.: High; honourable.
- امانی (H) sami, n. f.: An arable land.
- سانبهر (H) sānbhar, n. m.: (1)

 Salt from lake Sanbhar in

 Rajputana (Bharat). (2) A

 kind of deer.
- سانپ (H) saap, n. m.: A snake; a scrpent.
 - انه سونگه جانا sanp sungh jana,

 v.: To be dumb founded; to be motionless;

 to be dead ellent.

- kā kāṭā rassī se dartā hai, prov.: (lit.) One bitten by a snake dreads (a piece of) rope; a burnt child dreads the fire.
- mare na(h) lāṭhī, ṭūṭe,

 prov.: To proceed in a

 cautious and intelligent
 manner.
- رساني (H) sānch, n. f.: Truth; reality.
 - عانج کو آنچ نهیں sanch ko anch nahln, prov.: Fire does not harm the truth; truth has nothing to fear.
- لياني (H) sānchā, n. m.: A mould.
 - sanche men sanche men dhāina, v.: To mould; to shape.
- انته (A) sāhiḥa(h), n. m.:
 Incident; occurrence; event;
 a sad event; a tragedy.
 (pl. sawānih).
- سانڈ (H) sāṇḍ, n. m & adj.:

- for breeding purposes; an uncastrated bull. (2) Strong-bodied; robust; pleasure-loving.
- سانڈنی (H) sāndnī, n. f.: A female camel; a riding camel.
 - sandni sawar, n.m.:
 A camel rider or driver;
 a messenger who comes
 on a camel.
- سانس (H) sāns, n. f. & m.: (1)

 Breathing; breath; vapour.

 (2) Fissure; a crack.
 - sans phulna, ocharhna, v.: To be short of breath; to gusp; to pant.
 - sans rukna, v.: To feel suffocated.
 - stop breathing; to hold breath.
 - sans lena, v.: To breathe.
 - انس نه لينا sans na(h) lend, v.:

 (lit.) Not to breathe

 (wen); not to speak a

 word; to remain quiet.

- swang, n. m.: Acting; imitation; farce; drama; play; disguise; impersonation.
 - sang bharna, v.: To represent a character; to pretend; to disguise; to act the part of
- to mix up; to defile; to implicate; involve; to smear.
- نسانولا (H) sāmwlā, adj.: Darkish; swarthy. (fem. سانولی sāmwali).
- (H) sāwan, n. m.: The fourth month of the Bik-rami calender (July-August).
 - sawan bhadon, sawan bhadon, m. m.: Sunshine and rain; a kind of latticework.
 - sawan hare na(h) bhadoù sawan hare na(h) bhadoù sakhe, prov. : (lit) Flourishing in summer (and) not fading in autumn; remainig ever the same.

- ماون کے اندھے کو ہر اہی سوجهتا sāwan ke andhe ko harā hi sūjhtā hai, prov.: Everything appears yellow to a jaundiced eye.
- ساونت (H) sawant, n. m.: A hero; a warrior.
- שואף לאנ (H) sāhākār, n. m. : A money lender; a banker.
- سائی (H) sā'i, n. f.: Earnest money; advance.
- سائبان (P) sā'lbān, n. m.: A canopy; sun shade.
- ىدائىس (A) s'āis, n. m.: A groom; a horse keeper.
- لسائل (A) sā'il, n.m.: A questioner; a beggar; a petitioner; an applicant.
- الله (PR) sāyā, n. m.: A petticoat; a gown.
- Shelter; protection; shadow. (2) Influence of an evil spirit.
 - saya(h) parna, v.: To come under the influence (of).

- cast a snadow; to afford shelter; to show favour.
- (H) sab, adj.: All entire; whole; total; undivided.
 - sab ras, n. m.: A combination of all juices.
- ببب (A) sabab, n. m.: Cause; ground; reason; means; motive; relationship.
- السبحة (A) subhāh, n. m.: A rosary.
- السبك (P) sabad, n. m.; A basket; a bunch.
- سبز (P) sabz, adj. : Green; raw; unripe; fresh.
 - sabz bagh dikhanā, v.: To deceive (by raising false hopes); to practice deception.
 - sabz qadam, adj.: Ill omened, unlucky.
- (۱) النبزه (۹) sabzah, n. m.: (۱) Grass; herbage; verdure.
 (2) (W) A green stone for ear rings. (3) An iron grey (horse); nut brown or dark complexion; an incipient beard, down on the cheek.

- sabzāh zār, n. m. : A place abounding in verdure; a meadow; a lawn.
- Sym sabzi, π. f: Greenness;
 pot herbs; vegetables;
 hemp.
- سبع (A) sab'a adj. : Seven.
- نسبق (A) sabaq, n. m.; A lesson; lecture; an experience.
 - sabaq dena, v.: To teach a lesson; to admonish; to instruct.
 - sabaq lenā, v.: To take a lesson; to learn.
- نسبقت (A) sabqat, n. f.: Precedence; superiority; surpassing.
 - sabqat le jana, v.:

 To surpass; to excel;

 to take the lead.
- سبک (P) subuk, adj: (1) Light; soft; nimble. (2) Trifling; delicate; unsteady; futile; (fig.) debased.
 - subuk dosh, adj.:

 Relieved; dis-encumbered; lightly laden.

- ببک دوش ہونا subuk dosh hona,
 v.: To be relieved of a responsibility.
- subuk rau, adj.: Fleet; soft or light footed; easy going.
- سبک سر subuk sar, adj.: Unsteady; contemptible; mean.
- be held cheap or in contempt.
- سبكى (P) subki, n. f.: (1)

 Lightness; loss of weight.
 (2) Insult.
- نسبكى (H) subki, n. f.; A sob.

 subkiyān lenā, v.:

 To sob.
- עייף (P) sabu, n.m.: A jar; a cup; a glass; a tumbler.
- Course; way; process; means; mode; manner. (2)
 Water or other drink distributed to the thirsty in the name of Hussain, the martyr of Karbala, during Moharram.

- نسپاٺ (H) sapāṭ, adj.: Flat; level; smooth; blank; even.
- ندیاره، سیباره (P) sipāra(h), sipāra(h), m. m.: One of the 30 parts of the Quran.
- سپاری (H) supari, n. f.: Betelnut; (fig) glans; penis.
- دىبپاس (P) sipās, n. f.: Thanks; praise.
 - sipas namā(h), n.m.:
 An address of welcome.
- دسیاه (P) sipāh, n. f.: An army; a military force; troops.
 - sipah salar, n. m.: Commander-in-chief.
 - sipāhī, n. m. : A soldier; a brave man.
- سير (P) sipar, n. f.: A shield.
 - sipar andāz, adj.:
 One throwing away the shield; one who surrenders.
- کسپرد (P) sipurd, adj.: Delivered; cd; consigned; given in trust.

- sipurd karnā, v.: To entrust; to give in one's custody; to make over (for trial to the sessions).
- very; surrender; consigning; entrusting.
- دىبىستان (P) sapistan, n. m. : A glutinous fruit used medicinally.
- سينا (H) supnā, n. m.: A dream.
- سپوت (H) sup#t, n. m. : A dutiful son; a worthy child.
- the sphere; the celestial globe.
- (A) sattar, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Concealing; covering

 (an attribute of god). (2)

 One who covers the failings

 (of).
- ستاری (A) siter, n. m.: A kind of guitar. (fem. ستاری (sitari).
- انتثاره (P) sitarah, n. m.: A star: fate; destiny; a kind of firework; a small gold or silver piece resembling a star used as an ornament.

- sliarah buland hona, sitarah chamakna, v.:
 To be very fortunate; to prosper.
- sitārāh shinās, n. m.: .
 An astrologer; an astro-
- silārāh سقاره گردش میں ہونا sardish mea honā, v.: To be in adversity; to have been failen on evil days.
- ستأنسي (H) satāsī, adj.: Eighty seven.
- to torture; to harass; to annoy.
- ستانوے (H) satiānve, adj.:
- استاون (H) sattāwan, adj.: Fifty seven.

ستره (H) sattarah, adj.: Seventeen.

- ستي (P) sitam, n. m. : Tyranny; cruelty; oppression; injury; outrage; injustice; vexation.
 - sitam Ijād, n. m.: (lit.) One who invents (new froms of) teasing; a very cruel person.
 - sitam zarlf, adj.: Ingenious in tyranny.
 - stiam gar, n. m.: Tyrant; a cruel beauty.
- مستوده (P) situda(h), adj: Praised: laudable; glorious; celebrated.
 - situda(h) sifat, adj.: Of laudable qualities.
- ستون (P) sutāh, n. m.: A pillar; a column.
- نستهرا (H) suthra, adj.: Neat; clean; tidy; clear; pure; beautiful; elegant.
- لسُّه (H) sațța, n. m.: A mercantile transaction; speculation.

- نائيتُانا (H) saipaiānā, v.: To be taken aback; to be confounded; to be surprised.
- ىىئىريئى (H) saṭar paṭar, n. f. : Petty affairs; trifling things.
- نستي (H) sițti, n. f. : The senses; presence of mind.
 - siti gum hona, v.: To lose one's senses; to be at wits end; to be confounded.
- هاكم (A) sajjādāh, n. m.: (1) Prayer mat or carpet of Muslims; a place where one prostrates in prayer. (2) Seat of a sufi saint.
 - sajjādāh nashīn, n. m.: One who occupies the seat of a sufi or a saint after the latter's death; a successor of a religious person.
- * Jaw (A) sijdāh, n. m.: Prostration (in prayer); bowing so a to touch the ground with the forehead in adoration of God Almighty.

mental language; meaningful use of proper names in poetry or prose.

- سجل (H) sijal, adj.: Good;
 polished; level; right;
 well arranged.
- (H) sach, adj & adv.: (1)
 Truth; true; genuine. (2)
 Truly; surely.
 - to one's word; truthful; sincere; fair; just; faithful; loyal; close fitting; correct; honest; pure; full (weihgt). (fem. مسجى sachchi).
- بنتهاب (A) saḥāb, n. m.: Cloud.
- (A) sihr, n. m.: Magic; cnchantment; fascination.
- رسحر (A) sahar, n. m.: The dawn; morning.
 - Food taken before dawn by Muslims while fasting. (2) Of or relating to dawn.
- نسخاوت (A) sa<u>kh</u>awat, n. f.: Generosity; charity.

- hard-hearted; stiff; strong; inflexible; firm; stubborn; rigid; strict; sevens; harsh; violent; cruel.
 - sakht sust kahna, v.: To use harsh
 words; to reproach; to
 scold; to abuse.
- Word; speech; language; (fig) hesitation; refusal; objection. (2) poetry.
 - sukhun dän, adj. & n. m.: (1) Skilled in language; eloquent. (2)

 A scholar; one with poetic taste.
 - su<u>kh</u>un sāz, n. m.;
 One who invents stories;
 a flatterer.
- سخى (A) sakhi, adj.: Generous; bountiful; liberal.
- نسخيف (A) sa<u>kh</u>if, adj.: Absurd; foolish; obscene; fruitless.
- الله (P) sada, adv.: Always; ever; perpetually.
 - sadā bahār, adj.:
 Evergreen; ever happy;
 perennial.

- سادره (A) sidrah, n. m. : A tree in the seventh sky beyond which no one, not even Angel Gabriel ever went except the holy prophet Mohammad on the night of Ascention.
- سلُولُ (H) sidol, adj. : Well shaped; graceful; properly moulded or cut; elegant.
- نتبر (H) sur, n. m.: Nasal sound or twang; a note; a tune; a drone.
 - surlia, adj: Musical; سريلي .melodious. (fem surill).
- נאע (P) sar, n. m.: Head; plunacle; top; crown; intention; aim; origin; face; end; point; beginning; commencement.
 - sar amad, adj : Distinguished; top most.
 - sar ankhon par, سر أنكهول ير adv.: By all means; with great pleasure.
 - ear par سر پر بهوت سوار ہونا bhat sawar hone, v.: To be mad in anger.

م مر برياؤں رکھ کو بھاکنا par pauh rakh kar bhagna, v. : To run away.

- sar pur charhand, سرير جڑھانا v.: To spoil (a child or servant); to make an inferior person bold; to be over-indulgent (to).
- sar par khak سرير خاک ڏالنا . daina, v.: To mourn; to lament.
- sar par rakhnā, v.: To respect; to venurate.
- sartabi. m. f.: Disobedience; rebellion.
- sar jor ke سرجوڑ کے بیٹھنا balthnā, v.: To assemble for consultation; to hold a council or meeting; to discuss an important matter.
- :. sarchashma(h), n. m سر چشمه Fountain head; source; spring.
- سرحك sarhad, n. f : Boundary; border; frontier.
- sarkhat. n. m.: A written agreement; a lease deed.

sarkhail, n. m.: Head of a clan; leader.

- sar se kafan مرسم کنن باندهنا sar se kafan handhna, v.: To engage in a desperate undertaking; to make a desperate bid; to be prepared to die in a venture.
- ار کرنا sar karnā, v.: To win; to succeed; to accomplish.
- الركش sarkash, adj.: Rebellious; disloyal; refractory.
- sar khapana, v.: To make a sustained effort.
- سر کلشت sarguzashi, n. f.: A narrative of events.
- اولے ہڑنا sar muhdute hi ole parna, prov.:

 To suffer a set back at the very outset.
- ندرهون sar hond, v.: To insist; to pester.
- دسر نه پيير sar na pair, adv.:

 Without head or tail;
 groundless: baseless.
- سراب (A) sarab, n.m.: The mirage; illusion.

- (۱) A head to foot (description of the beloved).

 (2) From head to foot; totally.
- السراج (A) sirāj, n. m.: A lamp; a candle; the sun.
- Bewildered; amazed; confounded; panicky; confused.
- نسراغ (P) surāgh, n. m.: Trace; track; ciue; search; sign.
 - suragh, rasani, n. f.: Tracing; searching; tracking; detection; discovery; spying.
- نسراهنا (H) sarāhnā, v.: To commend; to applaud; to praise.
 - sard'e n. f.: An inn; travellers home; caravanserai; house for temporary stay; (fig.) this mortal world.
- نسرایت (A) sardyas, n. f.: Penetration; permeation; infusion; contamination.
- שת جيون (H) sarjiwan, adj.: Evergreen; imperishable.

- سرخ (P) skrkh, adj.: Red; the emblem of U. S. S. R.
 - שני (lit.) sur<u>kh</u>rū, adj.: (lit.)

 Red faced; successful;
 buoyant; honoured.
- سرخاب (P) sur<u>khāb,</u> n. m.: A red feathered water fowl; a red goose.
 - surkhab ka par lagnā, (Ir.): To be something wonderful or sare.
- שת (P) sard, adj.: Cold; cool; icy; damp; (fig.) lifeless.
 - w sard khāna(h), n.m.: (Mod.) Cold storage; refrigerator.
 - sard mehr, adj.: Cold or lukewarm; frigid; apathetic; indifferent,
 - sardi, n. f.: Cold; cold season; coldness; dampness; catarrh; chill.
 - sardi khānā, v.: To catch chill.
 - سرسام (P) sarsām, n. m.: Delirium; frenzy; inflammation of brain.

سر سری (P) sarsari, n. f.: Summary; cursory; hurried.

- سرسوں (H) sarson, n. f. t Mustard; sesame.
- سرشت (P) sarisht, n. f.: Temperament; disposition; nature.
- سرشته (P) sarishtah, n. m.:

 Office; department; establishment; usage; rites. (cor. of سرشته sar rishta(h)).
- نسرطان (A) satan, n. m.: A crab; cancer; fourth sign of zodiac.
- יאر איני (A) sur'at, n. f.: Speed; velocity; quickness; rapidity; haste.
- دسرقه (A) sarqah, n. m.: Theft; robbery; plagiarism.
- sarker, n. f.: Master;
 lord; government; the
 king's court; a sub-division of a province; an
 estate; a title of respect
 given to a superior or of
 love to sweet-heart.
 - sarkārī, adj.: Official;
 belonging to government
 state or any superior
 authority.

- remove; to put on one side; to push aside; to move from its place; to shift; to put off; to postpone; to give away.
- سرما (H) sarmā, n. m.: Winter.
- بدرمایه (P) sarmāyak, n. m.:

 Stock; resources; capital;

 principal; funds; stock
 in trade.
 - sarmāyah dāri, m. f.: Capitalism.
 - sarmāyah kāri, سرمایه کاری sarmāyah kāri,
- (P) surmah, n. m: Antimony grounded to fine powder used to black line the eyes and as a medicine for diseases of the eye; collyrium.
 - surma'i, adj.: Dark grey; greyish.
- السرنگ (H) surang, n.f.: A tunnel; a sub-terranian passage; an underground passage.
- (P) sarw, n. m.: The cypress tree.

- sarw qamat, qad, adj: Tall and straight as a cypress.
- a song; a melody; a kind of guitar with catgut strings; a lyre.
- (A) surur, n. m.: Slight pleasure; intoxication; exhibaration; cheerfulness.
- cP) sarwar, n. m.: A leader; a chief; a master.
 - sarwar · i kā'inā!,

 n. m.: The chief of created beings; an epiteth

 of the Holy Prophet

 Mohammad.
 - ship; chiefship; sovereignty.
- دسروش (P) sarosh, n.m.: An angel; a heavenly voice.
- السرهان (H) sarhana, n. m.: The head side of a bed or tomb.
- (2) A tune of Hindi classical music. (3) (fig.) temperament; behaviour.

- sirl pa'e n. f.: The head and trotters of slaughtered goat, sheep etc. for eating purposes.
- שת (P) sarir, n. m.: Throne; royal seat.
 - שנאל sarir ara, adj.: Ornament of the throne; honouring the royal seat.
- ىسرين (P) surln, n. m.: Buttocks; hips.
- crack of a whip.
- سوک (H) sarak, n. f.: A road; a street.
- اسز (P) sazā, n f.: Punishment; chastiment; compensation, liablity; penalty; reward.
 - sazā denā, v.: To punish; to award or inflict a punishment; to chastise.
 - sazā wār, adj.: Liable; proper; suitable; worthy; descrying; befitting.
 - تزاوار بونا sazā wār honā, v.:

 To deserve; to suit; to agree; to be liable; to merit.

- sazā yaftah, n. m.:

 An old offender; one
 who has suffered (jail)
 punishment.
- slothful; slack; slow; inactive; sluggish.
 - be lazy; to be sluggish; to be dejected.
 - susti, n. f.: Laziness;
 slowness; langour;
 slothfulness; inaction;
 idleness.
- سستا (H) sastā, n. m. & adj.: Cheap; low-priced; slack (market); (fem. مستى sasti).
- to recess: to lie down for a while.
- سسر (H) susar, n. m.: Fatherin-law,
 - susrāl, n. f.: The father-in-law's family or house.
- induce a child to urinate by making a husing sound.
- (H) siski, n. f.: Sobbing.

- siski bharna, v.:
 To sob; to sigh.
- to sigh convulsively; to linger.
- (geom.) a plane.
- שלע (A) satr, n. f.: A line; a row; a series.
- majesty. (A) sigwai, n. f.: Awe;
- المعادت (A) sa'ādai, n. f.: Virtue; good fortune.
 - sa'ādat mand, adj,:
 Dutiful; virtuous.
- cffort; endeavour.
 - ان معى لا حاصل sa's in hayil,
 n. m.: A futile effort;
 fruitless endeavour.
- or duties of ambassador; embassy.
 - safir, n. f.: An ambassador.
- (P) sifarish, n. f.: Recommendation; intercession.

- رها (A) saffāk, adj.: Very cruel; tyrannical.
- النهال (P) sifāl, n.m.: Earthen tile; pot-sherd; earthen-ware.
- سفر (A) safar, n.m.: Travel; journey; voyage.
 - مفرخری safar <u>Kharch</u>, n. m.: Travelling allowence or expenses.
 - safar namah, n. m.:
 The travels; an account
 of travelling.
- Cor. of sappers and simers.
- 4kw (A) siflak, adj.: Ignoble: mean; contemptible; low born.
 - sifiah parmur, m. m.:
 Apatron of the base.
 - sufuf, n. m.: Powder; milled medicine.
- المفيد (P) safed, adj.: White; clean; blank.
 - safed par jana, v. :
 To turn white, pale.
 - safed posh, adj. & n. m.: (1) Dressed in white; neatly dressed.

(2) A gentleman in white clothes; a middle class man.

- white wash; white of an egg; the dawn of morning; (fig.) light.
- دسفینه (A) safinah, n. m.: A boat; a vessel; a ship; a blank bosh.
- دسقه (A) soggah, n. m. : A water carrier.
- سقر (1) sagar, n. f.: Hell; holl-fire.
- to be shrivelled.
- רבי (A) sukut, n. f.: Silence; peace; quiotness.
- שאכט (A) sukān, n. m.: Calmeness; contentment; peace.
- Residence, dwelling; home.
- a stamp.
 - sikkah biṭhānā, v. :

 To establish one's authority or influence.
 - مکه بنانا sikka(h) banānā, v. :
 To coin money.

- sikka(h)-i-ral'jul-waqt, u.m.: A logal tender.
- teach; to instruct; to coach; to tutor; to advise.
- لسک (P) sag, n. m. : A dog.
 - bāsh biradar-i-khurd ma
 bāsh, prov.: (lit.) you
 might rather be a dog
 than a younger brother;
 a junior has got to carry
 out the behest of a
 senior.
 - plished; skilful; resourceful; elegant.
 - sughrapa, n. m. : Skillfulness; accomplishment.
 - שאלק (A) Silāh, n. m.: Weapons; arms; implements of war.
 - ملاح خاند silāh khānah, m.m.:
 An armoury; an arsenal;
 a magazine.
 - خالان (H) salakh, n. f.: An iron bar; an ingot of gold or silver; a bar of any metal.

- plicity; lucidity; smoothness.
- tation; compliments; farewell; goodbye. (2) Salutation at the conclusion of the prayers of Muslims. (3) A form of poetry dealing with the tragedy of Karbala or ethical and moral subjects.
 - אל ה' אל salām karnā. v.; (1)

 To salute; to bid goodbye. (2) To declare refusal. (3) (Ir.) To accuse; to blame; to charge.
- به (A) salāmat, adj. & adv.: (2) Safe; well. (2) Safely; securely.
 - salamai sawl, n.f.:
 Good management; good
 behaviour; moderation.
 - salamati, n. f.: Security; safety; peace; health; conduct; life: well-being.
 - salami, n. f.: (1) Salutation; reception; presentation of arms; a salute

- of guns. (2) A present or gift given to the brideg-room.
- سلائی (H) sala'i, n. f.: A large needle used for applying collyrium to eyes; knitting needle.
- يبلاني (H) silä'l, n. f.: Sewing; stitching; seam. tailor's fee or wages.
- سلب (A) salb, adj. : Depriving: removing : negation.
 - salbī, adj. : Negative.
- الاهجان (H) suljhāna, v.: To disentangle; to solve; to settle (a dispute); to clear the difficulties.
- disentangled; to be acttled; to settle with; to be solved; to settle.
- ندلسبهال (A) salsabli, n. f.: A fountain in the Paradise.
- دساسله (A) silsila(h), m.m.: Series; chain; succession.

- adj.: (1) In serial order.

 (2) Consecutive; unbroken; continuous; classified; arranged
- monarch. (A) sultān, n.m.: A sove-
- empire; a kingdom; a state; a government; dominion: realm.
- سلف (A) salaf, n.f.: Forbears; predecessors; byegone days; past.
- to fire; to strike a light; to incite; to rouse.
- (A) sullk, n. m.: (1)

 Behaviour; treatment. (2)

 Seeking nearness to God;

 quest for truth.
 - sulāk karnā, v.:
 To behave well; to treat
 kindly; to oblige; to
 patronize.
 - سلوی (A) salvā, n. m. : A kind of quail,
 - سليس (A) salls, adj.: Simple;

- المالية (A) saligah, n. m.: Good taste; dexterity; tact; skill; orderliness; observance of rules of etiquette.
 - sallqah shi'ar, سليقه شعار ، منك sallqah shi'ar, mand, adj.: Discerning; tactful; skillful.
- المانيم) (A) salim adj.: Sound; healthy; moderate; affab'e.
 - salim uj tab'a, adj.:
 Right minded; sound;
 sensible.
- ρω (A) samm, n.m: Poison; venom.
- (horse etc.). A hoof
- Ulam (H) saman, n. m.: (1)

 Time; season. (2) scene;
 landscape. (3) Occasion.

 (4) Exquisite at a te (of heart or mind); bliss;
 enjoyment.
- ·law (A) sam&', n. m.: Sky.
- congress; association.
- اجت (A) sam@jat, n. f.: Bntreaty; solicitation.
- ning (music or any beautiful voice, tune.).

- samd'at, n. m.: Power of hearing.
- to fit; to fill; to occupy space.
 - space; accomodation of too many in a small space.
- direction.
- shrink; to shrivel; to be contracted.
- prehension; commonsense; judgement; discernment.
 - Understanding; sensibility; intellignce.
 - make one understand; to explain; to impress on the mind.
 - understand; to comprehend; to think (much) of one's self.

- Samjhautā, n. m.:

 Compromise; an understanding; an agreement.
- هماهی (H) samdhī, n. m.:

 Father in law of one's
 son or daughter. (fem.
 نماه ماه ماه ماه ماه ماه ماه ماه عمل ماه.
 - samdhiyānā(h), n. m.: Family of parents-in-law of one's son or daughter.
- Steed. (P) samand, n. m.: A
 - samand i naz ko ik aur taziyānah hua, prov. : An excuse for the beloved to be more wanton or perky.
- Salamander; a kind of lizard supposed to live in fire.
- سمندر (H) samandar, n. m.: Sea; ocean.
- inner part of wheat.
- ريمور (A) samur, n. m.: Pur.
- A small three tornered pie

(with minced meat or vegetable inside). (2) A scarf or shawl doubled diagonally and thrown over the shoulders.

- pertilential wind; an unusually hot wind blowing from a desert.
- ننمون (H) samond, v.: To mix cold water with hot water; to make luke-wram.
 - samoyā huwā ممويا بدوا ياني samoyā huwā pānī, n. m.: Luke-warm water.
- gather; to roll up; to wrap up; to accumulate; to complete or finish a job.
- دين (A) sin, n. m. : Year; ago.
 - من رسيله sin rasida(h), adj.:
 Advanced in years; old.
- (H) san, n. m.: (1) Flax or hemp. (2) Whizzing sound.
 - whiaz; rapidity; all at once.
- سن (H) sun, adj.: Numb; without sensation.

- rumbling of wind or rain at a distance; howling wilderness; a lonely or dreary spot; state of consternation or surprise.
 - men ana, rah jana, v.:

 To be struck dumb; to be stunned.
- smith. (fem. ناری 'سناری 'سناری 'سناری 'سناری 'سناری عساری ' سناری '
- سنان (P) sināh, n. f.: Spearhead.
- to narrate; to speak out; to chide; to scold; to announce; to proclaim; to say or repeat a lesson; to give a performance of music.
- sunāuni, n. f.: News of death (received in a foreign land.
 - Yانبهه (H) sahbhālā, n. m.:

 Vision improvement in a

 patient's condition before
 his death.

- up; to assist; to help; to set right; to check; to support; to arrange; to sustain; to maintain; to manage; to take care; to curb; to punish.
- recover (from a fall or illness); to be supported; to be settled; to be set right; to be firm.
- tions of the Holy Prophet,
 Mohammad, his sayings
 and doings; ancestral custom or way of life; circumcision; prayers offered by
 the Holy Prophet (i. c.
 besides those ordained by
 the Almighty) which Muslims also offer as essential.
- سنجاب (P) sanjāb, n. f.: Ermine; fur; fur of the squirrel.
- البنجاف (P) sanjāf, n. f.: Border; hem; frill.
- (P) sanjidagi, n. f.:

 Gravity; dignity; solemnity; scriouaness; considerateness.

- e سنجيد sanjidah, adj.: Grave; considerate; serious; balanced; dignified.
- a certificate or diploma; charter; proof; precedent; a document.
 - سند لانا sanad lānā, v.: To quote precedent or authority.
 - sanad yeftah, adj.: Holding a certificate or diploma.
- ناننان (H) sansanānā, v, : To hiss; to simmer; to feel a tingling sensatian.
 - sansanāhat, n. f.:
 Simmering; hissing;
 tingling.
- ندانسای (H) sansani, n. f.; A tingling sensation; excite-
- دلنس (P) sang, n. m. : A stone; a weight.
 - sang dil, adj.: Stonehearted; cruel; mercilese.
 - sangsār, adj.: Stoned to death.

- منگ ساز sangsöz, n. m.: (lit.)

 A worker on stone; one who makes correction on a lithographic stone.
- نعكلان sanglākh, adj.: Stony; rocky.
- sakg-i-marmar, n. m.: Marble.
- singhar, n. m.: Adornment; toilet; dress; decoration; embellishment; beautifying.
 - sola(h) singhar, n. m.: (lit.) sixteen
 appliances for decorating
 oneself in a female toilet;
 complete ornamentation.
- juction; confluence of rivers.
- النالهازا (H) singhārā, n. m.: Water caltrop; any triangular piece.
- نافِکَیّه (H) sunghanā, v.: To cause to smell; to make one smell.
- رستگین (P) sangin, adj.: (lit.)

 Made of stone; strong;

- grave; serious; henions; hard.
- سنگين (P) sangin, n. f.: A bayonet.
- to listen; to heed; to comply with; to redress.
 - ين كن «sungun, n. f: Secret news; unreliable news; unconfirmed report.
 - sund'i bai, منى سنائى بات sund'i bai,
- embellish; to decorate; to adorn; to improve; to correct.
 - sahwar, n. f.: Rectification.
- (A) san(h), n. m.: Year; era.
- اهل سنت و الجماعت ahl i
 sunnat wal jamāa't; An

 orthodox Muslim (believing

 in the rightful succession

 of the four Pious Caliphs).
- المنيجي (H) sanichar, n. m.: (1) Saturday. (2) Saturn: (fig.) penury; ill-luck.

9w (P) su, n. f.: Side; direction.

- sū basū, adv.: On every side.
- (H) so, conj & adv.: Therefore; because; hence; so; so that; thereupon; accordingly.
- (H) sau, adj.: Hundred; cent.
- المواد (H) sawad, n. m.: Taste; relish; flavour.
- (P) sawdri, n. f.: (lit.)

 Horsemanship; amount;
 any thing on which one rides; a conveyance; a passenger; a rider; a trick in the wrestling.
- (A) sawal, n. m.: Query;
 question; application;
 request; begging; asking;
 demand; requisition; problem; petition; proposition.
 - sawāli, n. m. & f.: A begger; a petitioner.
- pl.: Occurrences; incidents; events. (s. معنات saniha(h)).
 - n. s.: The incidents of one's life: a biography.

- sawānih nigā ar, n. m.: A biogragher.
- nowing fan; a scoop suspended in a frame for throwing up water for irrigation.
- שפיי, שפט (H) sot, sota, n.m.:
 A spring; a stream; water flowing away from a main stream; source of a river.
- yarn; a measure of one sixteenth of an inch.
- سوت، سوت، سوتن n. f.: A co-wife; sival wife.
 - sautiyadah, n. f.:

 Keen jealousy or malice

 of a rival wife.
- عبوتبلا (H) sautela, adj.: From a different mother or father; (fem. سوتيلي sauteli.)
- ing; an inflamation. Swell-
- visible; to appear; to occur
 to one's mind; to seem.

- الدجي (H) علاجي (H) الدجي (H) الدجي (H) lated flour ground from the heart of the wheat.
- think; to deliberate; to consider; to imagine; to ponder.
- שאפל (H) süd, m. m.: Interest: usury; profit.
 - sūd <u>khār, kh</u>or, n. f: A usurer.
 - s u d m a n d, adj.:

 Advantageous; useful;

 benificial; good.
- Melancholy; fronzy; madness; insanity; ambition; craze. (2) Trade; traffic; marketing; bargaining; goods; wares; fruits.
 - sauda sulf, n m.:
 Goods; wares; purchased commodities.
 - soudagar, n. m.: A merchant.
- سوديشي (H) swadeshi, adj.: (Mod.) of onc's own country; indigenous.
- שענוה (H) swaraj, n. m.: Self-government; home rule.

- שענוֹי (P) sarākh, n. m.: A hole; a passage; orfice; inlet.
- שנני (A) surat, n f.: A chapter or division of the Holy Quran.
- سرر (H) suraj, n. m.: The
 - שענה לאני ' אני suraj, girahn, gahan, n. m.: The solar eclipse.
- ing; heat: passion; inflammation; vexation; heart burning. (2) An elegiac poem (particularly on the events of Karbala).
 - weight soz-u-gudaz, n. m.:

 Burning and melting (of heart); an impassioned style in poetry.
- سوزن (P) sozan, adj.: A needle.
 - sozan kārl, n. f: Needle work; embroidery.
 - sozani, n f A small embroidered carpet; quilted linen.

- سوغات (P) saughāt, n. f.: A present; a gift; a rarity.
- سوفار (P) sufar, n.m.: Notch (of an arrow); eye (of a needle).
- Leisure; opportune moment; riddance.
- سوق (A) sūq, n. m. 1 Bazar; market.
 - suqiyana(h), adj.: Of the market; common; low or vulgar (language).
- (1) Dry; parched; withered; without profit; shrivelled; juiceless; thin. (2)

 A disease of children; a dry year; famine.
 - aukhe dhanon par pani parna,
 v.: Hope (to be revived);
 to succeed (in the face of despair).
 - sukhnā, v.: To dry; to wither; to fall away.
- Mourning; lamentation; grief; sorrow; anguish.

- sog karnā, manānā, v.: To grieve; to mourn.
- sog war, adj.: Sorrowful; afflicted; mourning.
- مدو گنگ (P) sougand, adj.: An oath; a vow.
- السوله (H) solah, adj.: Sixteen.
- structure on which criminals are hanged; (fig.)
 torture; constant fear
 - hona, v.: To be in constant fear; to suffer severe torture.
- Pyw (P) som, adj.: Third.
- iches (H) sond, n. m.: Gold;
 - ga(h), adj.: Adding to beauty or elegance.
 - sona jane kase admi jane base, pir.: As gold's worth is known only after rubbing it with a touchstone, so is a man's worth known after socially mixing with him.

- sone ki chirya, سونے کی چڑیا sone ki chirya,
 n. f.: (lit.) A golden bird; a rich person; (fig.)
 a rare beauty.
- sone ka waraq, n. m.: Gold leaf.
- اسو U سو اH) sona, v. : To sleep.
- unoccupied; lonely. Void; سونا (H) عتا n &, adj.: Void; empty; desolate; deserted;
- (H) sondha, adj.: Sweet smelling; forgrant.
- نسوند (H) sund, n. f.: The trunk of an elephant.
- سونف (P) sauhf, n. f.: Aniseed;
- السوئى (H) sāl, n. f.: A needle; hands of a watch or clock; the pointer of a compass.
- نسویاں (H) sivalyan, n. f. pl. : Vermicelli. (s. رئیں siwaln.)
- אנונגן (A) suwaida, n. m: The black part or grain of the heart; the heart core.
- يهو يرا (H) sawerd, n. m.: Early morning; dawn; day break.

- third day of passing away of a person when the Holy -Quran is recited, prayers offered and alms given to the poor.
- 4.w (P) sih, adj.: Three.
 - sih shambah, n. m.: Tuesday.
 - sih mahl, adj: Quarterly; once in three month.
- tance; aid; help; support; prop; reliance; association; dependance.
- to be patient. To tole-
- السهاك (H) suhāg, n.m.: The happy and auspicious state of wifehood: to conjugal state; a marriage song; auspiciousness; good fortune; mutual love between wife and husband.
 - Suhāg purā, n m.:

 Beautiful packet containing cosmetics, articles of perfumes etc. sent by the

- bridgeroom to the bride at the time of marriage.
- suhäg rāt, n. f.:
 The nuptial night.
- suhāgan, n. f.: A married woman whose husband is alive; a woman loved by her husband.
- (H) sihrā, n. m.: A bridal wreath worn on the head by the bride and bridegroom; a marriage song or poem.
- gently; to caress; to tickle; to titillate.
- (P) sahm, n. m.: Fear; dread; alarm.
 - sahmnā, v.: To be frightened; to be shocked.
- to suffer; to endure.
- (A) ashw, n. f.: Forgetfulness; oversight; fault; error; omission; negligence.
- (A) suhElat, n. f.: Ease; facility.

- ously; inadvertently; by mistake; by oversight.
- so; very well.
- from; of; since; at; out of; through; than.
- (۱) A traveller; a pilgrim; a tourist. (2) Travelling; touring.
 - siyahat, saiyyāhì, n f.: Tourism; pilgrimage; voyage; journey.
- Leadership; being a Syed i. e. a descendant of the Holy Prophet Mohammad; sovereignty; rule.
- المياره (A) saiyyarah, n. m.; A planet.
- Politics; statecast; rigous; management; government; punishment; chastisement.
 - المن دان siyasat dan, n. m.:
 A politician.

سياق (A) siyāq, n. m. ; (1) Account keeping. (2) Reference: sense; meaning (of the text).

- siyaq u sabaq, سياق و سياق m. m.: Context; coherence; connection.
- سيال (A) saiyāl, adj.: Fluid; liquid; flowing.
- سيانا (H) siyanā, adj.: Clever; wise; intelligent; artful; shrewd; sly; grown up; sagacious.
- سیاه (P) siyāh, adj : Black; dark; inauspicious; unfortunate.
 - siyah bakht, adj.: Unfortunate; unlucky.
 - siyah kar, adj.: Sinful; wicked; bad.
 - siyāh mast, adj.: Dead drunk.
 - siyahi, n. f.: Blackness; darkness; black spot; ink; a stigma.
 - سيب (P) seb, n. m. : An apple
 - سينهه (H) seth, n. m.: A capitalist; a millionare; المهاني banker; (fem. ينهاني sethāni.)

- جيس (H) sej, n.f.: A bed; bed for husband and wife.
- نينين (H) sinchna, v.: To irrigate; to water.
 - slacha'l, n.f.: Irrigation; the cost of irrigation.
- ட்டிய (P) slkh, m. f : A spit; a skewer.
 - sikh pa hona, v.: To be extremely upset; to be in rage.
 - sikh ka kabab, سيخ كا كباب n. m.: Mince meat roasted on a spit.
 - سيدها (H) sidhā, adj.: Straight; direct; gentle; simple; artless; right (opp. of left).
 - اكرنا sidhā karnā, v.: To straighten; to make straight; to make smooth; to correct; to tame; to train; to teach; to level (a gun); to take aim; to chastise; to thrash.
 - sidhe subhau, adv.: سيد هے سبهاؤ In all honesty.

- munh bas na(h) karnā, v.:

 To be proud; to over estimate oneself; to be elated.
- A) sair, n. f.: Walk; excursion; recreation; amusement.
 - sair karna, v.: To stroil; to take a walk; to make an excursion.
 - sair u shikar, n. m.:
 Shooting and hunting.
- אָאָע (P) ser, adj.: Full; satisfied; satisfied; tired; contented.
 - n. m.; (1) Generous; contented; satisfied. (2)
 A generous person.
 - ser ḥāsil, adj.: Fertile; productive (land); very detailed (review).
 - Saw seri, n. f.: Satiety; satisfaction; content-ment.
- weight of sixteen chattake.

- watered; well-irrigated; moist; fresh; blooming; fertile; satisted.
- ter; way of life; biography; conduct; quality; nature.
- السيزهي (H) sīrhī, n. f.: A ladder; steps; degree; staircase.
- 4-4w (H) sisah, n. m.: Lead.
- سيف (A) saif, n. m.: A sword.
- الليكي (H) slkh, n. f.: Advice; lesson; admonition.
 - to learn by experience; to acquire (knowledge); to pick up; to work as an apprentice.
- سيل (H) sīl, n. f.: Dampness; moisture.
- سيلن (H) silan, n. f.: The state of being moist.
 - damp or moist.

- سيل (A) sail, n. m: A flowing; a flow of the water; a current; a torrent; a flood.
- اسیلاب (P) sailāb. n. m.: A flood: a deluge; inundation; a torrent.
 - sailāni, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Wandering; wandering or going about for amusement; having no set object. (2) A moody person.
- დგა (P) sim, n. f.: Silver.
 - sim tan, adj.: Silver-bodied; fair; beautiful.
 - white.
- bean; water logging.
- برماب (P) slmdb, n. m.: Mercury; quicksilver.
- tipes (H) sing, v.: To sew; to stitch; to darm; to stitch together.
 - sinā pironā, m. m.: Needle work; stitching.
- to sit on eggs.

- سينتاليس (H) saintells, adj.: Forty-seven.
- سینتیس (H) saintls, adj:
 Thirty-seven.
- ندينك (H) senk, n. f.: Fomentation; warming; warmth.
 - seaknā, v.: To foment; to warm.
- الله (H) sling, m. f.: A horn.
- the breast; the bosom
 - adv.: (lit.) Breast to breast; decending from one to another (generation).
 - سيني (P) sīnī, n. f.: A tray; a trough.
 - سيون (H) sivan, n. f.: A seam.

ش

shin, n. m.: Thirteenth letter of Arabic, sixteenth of Persian and nineteenth of Urdu alphabates. Numerical value according to عبداً abjad = 300.

- بناب (A) shab, n. m.: A zenith; one in the prime of manbood.
- نتاداش (P) shābāsh, intj.: Bravo! Well done!
 - shabashi, n f.: Applause; praise; appreciation.
- stalk; horn (deer etc.); section; a branch (family, society, doctorine or philosophy); something unique.
 - shākh dar shākh, adj: Branched out or diffused: ramified; entangled.
 - Sprouts; (fig.) a sequel; calumny; cavil; dilemma; obstacle.
- كَانُّ (P) shād, adj.: Happy; pleased; rejoicing.
 - cessful; prosperous; fortunate.
 - shadl, n. f.: (lift.) Happiness; matriaga. (W) Child-birth.

- ناداب (H) shādāb, adj.: Wellirrigated; fresh; verdant; green; thriving.
 - shadabl, n. f.: Verdure; greenness.
- الله (A) shaz, adj.: Uncommon; rare; exceptional.
 - ادر نادر shaz u nadir, adj. :
 Very rare; most unusual
- commentator; one who writes notes or explanations.
- الله (A) shār'e, n. m.: (1) A law giver. (2) A path.
 - shar·'i-'am, n. m.:
 A public road; a high-way.
- A chess-player. (2) Smart; cunning; clever.
- عراعي (A) shā'ir, n. m.: A poet.
 - shā'irl, n. f.: The ast of poetry; poetry.
- د الله (A) shafah, n. m.: An enema.
- jim (A) shaq, adj.: Painful; tedious; difficult; irksome; heavy; oppressive.

- ای کررنا shaq guzarna, v.: To lie heavy on one; to be very irksome.
- رند (A) shakir, adj.: Grateful; thankful; resigned; content.
- لِينَ (A) shāki, adj.: Complaining; grumbling.
- pupil; a student; an apprentice; a disciple.
 - shāgird, pesha(h), n. m.: Domestic servants; outhouses (for servants).
 - shagirdi, n.f.: Pupilage; apprenticeship.
 - ناك (P) shal, n. f. : A shawl.
 - shawl weaver; a fine red wooden or cotton cloth.
 - شام (A) sham, n. p.: Syria.
 - shaml, adj.: Belonging or related to Syria.
 - شامی کباب shami kabab, n. m.:
 A kind of roasted meat
 cake (from syria).

- head or ring of a wooden stick or umbrella.
 - evening: twilight; last hours (of day or life).
 - ننامت (A) shamat. n. f : Curse; ill-luck; adversity.
 - shamat i 'amāl, n. f.: Consequences of evil deeds. misery
 - shāmat ānā, v.: To come upon one (evil).
 - zadah, shmāt kā mārā, adj: Cursed; wretched; unfortunate.
 - rising: including; included; comprehending; extending to; united; associated; attached; blended; connected with.
 - shamil i-hai, adj.:
 Similarly circumstanced.
 - include; to annex; to mix; to incorporate; to link.

- الله الله (P: shāmiyānah, n. m. : A canopy; a tent; an awning supported on poles.
- نائن (A) shān, n. f.: State; condition; eminence; glory; occasion; dignity; power; style; elegance.
 - shāndār, adj.: Splendid; grand.
 - shan men battā lugnā, v.: (W) To lose respect; to be derogated.
- Shoulder; part of dress which hangs on the shoulder. (2) Comb.
- A king; a title assumed by faqire; the king of chess or cards. (2) Principal; excellent; great.
 - shah rāh, n. f.: A principal street; a highway.
 - shāhzādah, شهزاده، شهزاده shahzādah, n m.: A

 prince. (fem. شهزادی shahzādi, a princess).

- shāh kār, m. m.:
 (Mod.) A master-piece.
- ا shahinshah, n. m.: King of Kings; Emperor.
- الله (A & P) shāhid, n. m.:
 - (1) A witness; a deponent.
 - (2) A beloved; a beauty.
 - shāhid-i-'ainī, n. m.: An eye-witness.
 - shāhid i bāzūrī, i n. f: A prostitute; a public woman.
- (P) shāhīn, n. m. A falcon.
- بنائبه (A) shā'iba(h), n. m.: Mixture; taint; contamination.
- الله (P) shāistagi, n. f.:
 Suitableness; affability;
 politeness; good manners;
 culture
 - منائسته shāistah, adj.: Courteous; polite; well-bred; worthy; decent.
- تنائع (A) sha'l, adj.: published; broadcast; issued.
 - sha'i, karnā, v.: To publish; to propagate.

- تنائق (A) sha'iq. adj.: Desirous; zealous; ardent.
- ປປູເພື່ (P) shāyān, adj.: Worthy; becoming; desirable;
- پناید (P) shayad, adv.: Perhaps; probably; possibly.
- بشب (P) shab, n. f.: Night.
 - شب بغير shab ba khair, intj.:

 May (you pass) the night
 well! good night.
 - shab i barat, n. f.:

 A Muslim festival of prayers for the dead.
 - shab bedar, adj.: Waking all night.
 - shab khan, n. m.:

 (lit.) Blood-shed at night;

 night assault.
 - shab deg, n. f.: A dish of meat and turnips cooked all night.
 - shab i zifāf n. f.:
 The first conjugal night.
 - s'iab-i-qadr, n. f.: A night in the month of Ramadan most probably 27th when the first verse of the Holy Quran was

- revealed to Prophet
 Muhammad celebrated
 by Muslims by keeping
 awake and offering
 prayers.
- شباب (A) shabab, n. f.: Youth:
- نشباهت (A) shabāhat, n. f.: Likeness; similarity; resembleness.
- (A) shibh. n. m.: An image; resemblence; likeness.
- مبه (A) shubha, n. m.: Suspicion; doubt; demur; uncertainty.
 - shubha karnā, v.: To doubt; to suspect; to distrust.
- اشبه (A) shabih, n. f.: (1) Resmblance; likeness. (2) Image; picture; portrait.
- شپوه ، شپو (P) shappara(h), shappar, n. m.: A bat; a nightflier.
 - shappara(h) chashm,
 n. m.: One who cannot
 see in the day (like a
 bat).

- شتاب (P) shitāb, adv. : Quickly; hastily; directly.
 - shitābī, n. m.: Haste; speed; colerity; (sl) perplexity; restlessness.
- نستر (P) shutur, n. m. : A camel.
 - shutur-i-bemuhār,
 n. m.: (lit.) An uncontrollable camel; a person
 who cannot be subdued
 and brought under
 control.
 - shutur <u>gh</u>amzah, n. m.: Vulgar coquetry; affectation.
- عاج) (A) shujā', adj.: Brave; valiant.
 - shujā'at, n. f.: Bravery; valour.
- (A) shajar, n. m. : A tree.
 - shojarah, n. m.: A genealogical tree or table of succeeding members of a family.
- (P) shahnah, n m.: A superintendent of police; a Kotwal.
 - shakhs, n. m.: A person; an individual.

- shakhsi, adj. : Personal.
- shakhslyyat, n. f.: Individuality; identity; personality; (fig.) vanity; pride.
- شدت (A) shiddas, n. f.: Severity; vehemence; acuteness.
- شدنی (P) shudani, n. f. & adj.:

 (I) (lit.) What is to be;
 an accurrence; inevitability; a happening. (2) Inevitabile; incidental.
- מגעה (A) shadid, adj.: Heavy; grave; heinous; vehement; intense; violent.
- (A) shar, n.m.: Vice; mischief; violence; incitement.
 - shar uihana, v.: To cause breach of peace; raise a quarrel.
 - shar angez, adj.: Stirring up mischief.
- شراب (P) sharāb, n. f.: Wine; spirits; liquor.
 - sharabi, adj & n.m.:
 (1) Drunk. (2) A drunkard.

(U) sharabor, adj.: Drenched; dripping; wet.

- (A) sharār, n. m., pl.: A sharāra(h).). شراره sharāra
- (A) sharārat, n. f.: Mischief; naughtiness; wickedness; vice; villiany.
- (A) sharāfai, n.f.: Nobility; gentlemanliness; high breeding; civility; good manners.
- (A) shard'it, n. m., pl.: Conditions; stipulates; terms; provisions. (s. m. shart.)
- (A) sharbat, n.m.: Concoction of sugar or syrup and water used as a cold drink; sweetdrink; beverage.
- تر ح (A) sharh, sharah, n. f.: (1) Explanation; commentary. (2) Rate; price; Resessment.
- شرر (P) sharar, n. m.: Spark; flame.
 - sharar bar, adj.: Fiery; violent.

- (A) shart, m. f.: Condition; stipulation; provision; provisio.
 - -shar! bandh شرط باندهنا ، لكافا na, laganā, v.: To bet; to contract an obligation.
 - shariyah, adv.: Certainly; undoubtedly.
 - (A) shar'a, shari'at, n f.: Muslim roligious law; the sharl'at.
 - shar'a Muham- شرع محملي madi, n. f.: Muhammadan law.
 - شرعي shar'i, adj.: Logal; conformable to religious law.
 - (A) sharaf, n. m.: Precedence; dignity; honour; exellence; eminence.
 - شرق (A) sharq, n m.: East. sharqi, adj.: Eastern; of the East.
 - (A) shirk, n. m.: Polytheism; belief in the plurality of God.
 - (A) shirkat, n. f.: Partnership; confederacy; a trade company.

- شرم (P) sharm, n. f.: Shame; modesty; shyness; respect; consideration.
 - sharmānā, v.: (1) To be ashamed; to feel shy; to blush. (2) To put one to shame.
 - sharm rakhnā, v.:
 To protect one from
 being shamed or subjected to indignity.
 - sharmsār, adj.: A-bashed; ashamed.
 - sharmnāk, adj.: Causing shame; disgraceful.
- sharmindagi, n. f.:

 Shame facedness; state

 of feeling ashamed.
- sharmindagi u; hānā.
 sharminda(h) honā. v.:
 To be ashamed; to feel
 humble; to be sorry; to
 look small.
- sharminda(h), adj.:
 Ashamed; apologetic;
 sorry.
- A) shuru', n. m.: Beginning; commencement.

- shuru 'karna, v.: To begin; to start; to commence; to initiate.
- يشريان (A) shiryān, n. f.: An artery.
- شرير (A) sharir, adj.: Mischievous; wicked; naughty; evil; bad; corrupt.
- شریف (A) sharlf, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Noble; dignified; scared; sanctified. (2) The titlle of the ruler of Mecca during the Turkish Caliphate.
- شريفه (P) sharifa(h), n. m.: Custard-apple.
- شریک (A) sharik, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) United; joined. (2) A

 co-sharer; a co-partner; a

 confederate.
- نشش (P) shash, adj. : Six.
 - shash jihat, n.f.: All the six directions (right, left, front, behind, up and down); all sides of the Universe.
 - shashum, adj.: Sixth.
 - shash-u-panj, n.m.: Uncertainty; hesitation.
- (A) shatranj, n. m.: Chess.

- shatranji, n. f: (1)

 A chess player. (2) A

 carpet of cotton; a

 chequered double cloth.
- (A) shi'ar, n.m.: Habit, custom. (Also used in comp. e.g. الماعت شعار shi'ar, obedient.)
- a ray of the sun.
- eighth month of Islamic calender, 14th day of which is celebrated as a festival called شعبان shab-i-barāt.
- شعبده (P) shu'badah, n. m.: Sleight; juggling; trick.
 - shu'badah bāz, n. m.!
 A juggler; a conjurer.
- لمجية (A) shu'ba(h), n. m.: A branch or section of an organization.
- نتعر (A) shi'r, n.m.: A verse; a couplet.
 - shi'r go'l, n. m.:

 Composing verse; art of poetry.
- ننعله (A) shu`lah, n.m.: A ffame.

 shu`lah rū, n.m.: (Bt.)

- A flame faced (person); a blazing beauty.
- sagacity; comprehension; discernment; discretion; insight.
- pation; employment; work; pastime; amusement; religious contemplation.
 - indulge in; to employ oneself; to be occupied.
- دنن (A) shifā, n. f.: Healing;
 cure; recovery; convalescence.
 - shifa <u>kh</u>āna(h), n.m.:
 A hospital.
 - Recommendation; intercession; mediation.
 - Shafā'ai, karnā, v.:

 To intercede; to recom-.

 mend; to mediate.
 - نشاف (A) shoffāf, adj.: Transparent; clear.
 - رَّهُ (A) shafaq, n. f.: Redness of the sky between sunset and nightfall; evening twilight.

- shafaq phulna, v.:
 Twilight to appear
- Affection; kindness; favour: compassion; mercy.
- (A) shafi', n. m.: Intercessor; mediator.
- ننغيق (A) shafiq, adj.: Affectionate; kind.
- نسُق (A) shaq, n. m.: A crack; a cleft.
 - shaqq-ul-qamar, n.m.:
 Splitting of the moon (by
 Holy Prophet Muhammad).
 - shaq honā, v.: To crack.
- شق (A) shiq, n. f.: Part; clause; kind; sort.
- ראב (1) A royal order; a communication from a superior. (2) Flag.
- scepticism; suspicion.
 - shak karnā, v.: To doubt; to suspect.
 - shakki, adj.: Sceptical;

- ينكار (P) shikār, n. m.: Hunting; game; (fig.) a victim.
 - shikar karna, v.: To hunt; to entrap; to bag; to bring under one's clutches.
 - shikār khelnā, v.:
 To go a hunting.
- shikārī, adj & n. m.:

 (1) Belonging to the chase. (2) A sportsman;
 a hunter.
- ننگایت (A) shikāyai, n. f.: A complaint; an ailment; illness.
 - shikāyat karnā, v.:
 To complain; to grumble.
- پښکريه (A) shukr, shukriya(h), n. m.: Thanks; gratitude.
- شكر كرنا ، بجا لانا shukr karna, bajā lānā. v.: To thank; to be grateful.
- بالماري (P) shakar, n. f.: Sugar.
 - shakar khord, n. m.:

 (1) Name of a small bird. (2) One who is fond of sweets.
 - shakar qand, n. f.:
 Sweet potato.

- shakar lab, adj. & n.m:
 (1) (lit.) Sugar lipped;
 sweet tongued. (2) A
 Sweet-heart.
- (P) shikast, n. f.: (1)

 Breach; breakage; fracture;

 defeat; repulse; rout. (2)

 A running hand; a scribble.
 - shikası <u>khurdah,</u> adj.: Defeated; routed.
 - shikası denā, v.: To defeat; to put to flight.
 - shikastah, adj.: Broken; damaged; impaired.
 - shikastah ḥāl, adj.:
 In bad shape; distressed;
 impoverished.
 - shape; features; formation; figure; mode; way. (2) (Math.) A proposition; a diagram.
 - bolly; abdomen.
 - shikam parwar,
 n.m.: One who is seeking his own interests;
 a slave to his belly: a
 glutton.

- shikam ser, n. m.:
 A satiated person.
- شكن (P) shikan, n. f.: A fold; a crease; a ruffle; a rumple.
- A book binder's press; a clamp; rack; torture; stocks (for the legs).
 - meh khinchnā, v.: To put in a clamp; to torture; to entangle from all sides.
 - grievance; a complaint.
 - شکوه (P) shikoh, n f.: Pomp; majesty; grandeur.
 - الشكيل (U) shakil, adj.: Handsome; well featured
 - فَاللَّهُ (P) shigāf, n. m.: Split; slit; crack.
 - A bud; a blossom. (2) A fabrication.
 - shigufah شگوفه جهورنا، کهلانا chhorna, khilana, v.: To let off a squib; to produce something novel.

- ينگون، نشگن (P) shagun, shagun, n. m.: An augury; an omen.
- شل (A) shal, adj.: Tired; fatigued; exhausted.
- شلجم، شلغم (A & P) shaljam, shalgham, n. m.: Turnip.
- (H) shalūka, n. m.; A waist-coat; a bodice.
- نشمانت (A) shamatat, n. f.:

 Happiness over others'
 misfortune.
- الشمار (P) shumār n. m.: Numbering; counting; calculation.
 - shumar karna, v.:
 To count; to enumerate.
- الأسمال (A) shimāl, n. m.: The north.
 - shimāli, adj.: Northern.
- (A) shamā'il, n. f.. pl. ·

 Habits; qualities. (s. شميله shamīla(h)).
- نثمس (A) shams, n. m.: The
 - shamsi, adj. : Solar.

- الشمش (P) shamshad, n. m.:

 The box tree; a tall and upright tree; (fig.) height of a beloved.
- عِيْمَ الْمُعْمِينِ (P) shamshir, n. f.: A sword.
- يشمع (P) shama', n. f.: A candle.
- همنان (A) shamma(h), n. m.: An atom; a particle; small quantity.
 - Shamma(h) bhar, adj.:
 A little.
- ణుండు (A) shamim, n. f.: Odour; scent; scented air.
- تنماخت (P) shinākht, n. f.: Recognition; identification.
 - shinākht karnā, v.:
 To recognize; to identify.
 - Shināsā, n. m. & adj.; (1)
 An acquaintance; a friend. (2) Acquainted; knowing.
 - shindsā'i, n. f.: Acquaintance.
- (P) shināwar, n. m.: A Swimmer.
 - shindwari, n. f.: swimming.

(P) shanawa, adj.:

(I) Having the quality of hearing. (2) A hearer; a sympathiser.

- shanawā'l, n. f.: Hearing; paying attention to; attending.
- نشنید، نشنیده (P) shanld, shanldah, adj.: That which is heard; hearsay.
 - شنیدنی shanidani, adj.: Worth hearing.
- الشوال (A) shawwal, n. m.: The tenth month of Arabic calender; the month after Ramadan the first of which is the festival Eid.
- (A) shob, n.m.: The act of washing; a wash.
- نثوخ (P) sho<u>kh</u>, adj.: Mischievious; saucy; playful; bright; bold.
 - sho<u>kh</u> chashm, adj.:

 Wanton-eyed; coquetish.
 - sho<u>kh</u>l, n. f.: Mischief; wantonness; boldness; sauciness; coquetry.

- cry; calmour. (P) نشور (P) نشور
 - shor sharābā, n. m.:
 Tumult; noise; disturbance.
 - shor karna. v.: To make a noise.
 - shor-i-nushar, n. m.:

 (lit) Tumult of the day

 of resurrection; the great

 tumult; extra-ordinary

 noise.
- نسور (P) shor, adj.: Saline; brackish.
- پښورېا (P) shorbā, n. m.: Soup; broth.
- تنبورش (P) shorish, n. f.:
 Disturbance; breach of peace; excitement.
- بنبوره (P) shorah, n. m.: Saltpetre; nitre; nitrate of potash.
 - shora(h) pusht, adj. :
 Unruly; quarrelsome.
 - shorlyyat, n. f.: Brackishness; saltness.
- نسُونسه (P) shosha(h), n. m. : A stroke; (fig.) a mischief.

شوق (A) shauq, n. m.: Desire; taste; fancy; zeal; cagerness.

- : .shauqin, adj. & n. m شوقين (1) Fond (of); devoted (to). (2) An amateur.
- شوكت (A) shaukat, n.f.: Magnificence; grandeur.
- بنهم (A) shum, adj.: Unlucky; miserly.
 - shumi, n. f.: Bad luck; misfortune.
- شوهر (P) shauhar, n.m.: Husband.
- ش (P) shah, n. m.: (dimin. of Shah) A king.
- shahana(h), n.m.: Red bangles; marriage suit (of clothes); a matrimonial song or tune.
 - shahbaz, n. m.: A royal شهباز falcon; a big falcon.
 - shahtir, n. m.: A beam.
 - shahrag. n. f.: The great artery: the aorta.
 - shah sawar, n.m .:

- shah surkhi, n. f. t (Mod.) Banner headline in a newspaper.
- shahinshāh, n. m.: An emperor.
- shahnashin, n. fo: (IIt.) A royal seat; a raised dias; a balcony.
- 4 شن (P) shah, n. f.: A check to the king in chess; incitement; instigation.
 - shah dena, r.: To checkmate; to instigate; to incite.
- شهاب (P) shahab, n.m.: A red colour.
 - shahābi, adj. & n. f.: (1) Of red colour. (2) Glare; reflection (of light); a kind of firework.
- نشها*ب* (A) shihab, n. m.: Meteor; a falling star.
- (A) shahādas, n. f.: (1) شیادت Evidence; testimony. (2) Martyrdom.
- تنهتوت (P) shahtūt, n.m.:
- A good rider; a cavalier. A wi (P) shahd, n. m. : Honey.

- shahd kī makkhī, n. f.: A bee.
- shahd lagā ke chāṇa, v.: (Ir.) To keep a useless thing very carefully.
- ننهر (A) shahr, n. m. : Month.
- ناس (P) shahr, n. m.: A city;
 a town.
 - shahr ashob, a.m.: Elegy of a ruined city.
 - shahr bedar, adj.:
 Banished; expelled (from town or country).
 - shahr i <u>Kh</u>amoshan, n. m.: (lit.) City of the quiet; a grave yard.
 - shahr-panah, n. f.: The wall round a city; rampart.
 - shahr <u>kh</u>abrā, n. m.:
 One who has all the news of a city.
 - (1) Of or belonging to a city. (2) A citizen.
 - אר געל shahryār, n. m.: A prince; an absolute ruler.

- shahriyai, n.f.; Citizenship; civility; urbanity.
- تثبرت، نثبره shuhrat, shuhra(h),
 w. f.: Celebrity; fame;
 publicity.
- شهوت (A) shahwas, n.f.: Lechery; lust; sexual desire.
- شبيد (A) shahid, n. m.: A martyr.
- نسّے (A) shai, n. f.: A thing; an object.
- نسيب (A) sheb, n. f.: Old age. خبيت (A) shaikh, n. m.: A vener
 - able old man; a chief; a guide; a master; one of the four classes of Muslim society.
 - shekhi, n. f.: Boast; vaunting: bragging.
 - شیخی باز ، خورا she<u>kh</u>! baz, <u>khorā, n. m.</u>: A boaster; a braggart.
- شير (P) shlr, n. m. : Milk.
 - shir biranj, n f. 1 A dish of rice, milk and sugar.
 - shìr <u>kh</u>wār, n m. : A suckling; an infant; a babo.

- shir garm, adj.: Lukowarm.
- shirmal, n.f.: Bread kneeded with milk and baked.
- shir-u-shakar, adj.:
 (lit.) Milk and sugar;
 thoroughly mixed;
 intimate.
- شير (P) sher, n. m. & adj.: (1)
 A tiger; a lion. (2) (fig.)
 Brave; strong; cougrageous.
 - sher hond, v.: To get the upper hand; to bully; to oppress.
- نشيرازه (P) shirāza(h), n. m.:
 The link; the ends of the stitching of a book.
 - shīrāza(h) bikharnā, v.: To disrupt; to scatter.
 - shirāza(h) bandi, n. f.: The binding of a book; joining together; union.
- شبيريں (P) shìrìn, adj. & n. m. : (1) Sweet; honeyed. (2)

- Wife of King Khusro Parwez, beloved of Farhad (in Persian romance).
- shīrin zabān, adj.:
 Sweet tongued.
- شيرين بيان shirin bayan, adj.:
 Eloquent; charming (at speech).
- shirini, n. f.: Sweet-meat; sweets.
- طشینت (P) shīshah, n. m.: (1) Glass; glassware; a looking glass. (2) A bottle; a wine glass.
 - shish mahal, n.m.:
 A room whose walls are
 inlaid with pieces of
 looking glass.
 - shishi, n. f.: A phial; a small bottle.
 - shī she men utārnā, v.: To win; to charm; to captivate; to appease.
- نثيطان (A) shaijān, n. m.: The devil; saten.
 - shalfan ki anı, n. f.: Anything very long; a long, unending story.

هينه (A) shl·a(h), n.m.: (lit.) A supporter; (fig.) a Muslim who believes that Ali was the only rightful successor Holy Prophet Mohammad.

- نسمغته (P) sheftah, n. m.: A lover; one distracted with love.
- ບາງເພັ່ (P) shewan, n. m.: Grief; lamentation
- عِيْنِهِ (P) shewah, n. m.: Conduct; habit; usual manner (of a person).

- sad, swad, n. m. & f.: The twentieth letter of Urdu, fourteenth of Arabic and seventeenth of Persian alphabets. Numerical value, according to ابجد abjad == 90.
- (A) sābir, adj.: Patient; content; persevering; enduring.
- (A) sābun, n. m.: Soap. (Cor. of whee saban.)
- (A) ṣāḥib, ṣāḥab, n. m : A companion; an associate; owner; possessor;

- chief; governor; gentleman; a European getleman; an honorofic title added to names of equals and صاحبه . superiors. (fem. sāhiba(h)).
- sāḥib i 1Khtiyār, صاحب اختيار n. m.: One invested with authority or power.
- sahib-i-ja'idad, صاحب جائيداد n. m.: A landholder; a man with property.
- sahibkhana(h), صاحب خانه n m: A house - holder; a host.
- saḥibdil, n. m. : A godly man; an spiritually enlightened person; a generous man.
- sahib salamai, صاحب سلامت n. f.: Exchange of greetings; salutation; acquaintance.
- sāḥibo, intj.: Gentlemen!; form of addressing audience.
- sahib 'alam, n. m.: Title of Moghal princes
- sāhibāh, n. m.: Name of the heroin of a Punjabi folk tale.

- Sho (A) sād, swād, n. m & f.:
 - (1) Name of an alphabet.

- (2) A chapter of the Holy Quran. (3) Sign of approval, appreciation or receipt of anything.
- بهاد كرنا mark with letter بهقط (as a sign of acceptance or approval); to endorse; to approve; to signify correctness; to sanction.
- (A) sādir, adj.: Proceeding; issued; passed.
 - sadir karnā, v.: To issue; to pass.
- (A) sādiq, adj: True; veracious; faithful; applicable.
 - جادقالتول sādiq-ul-qaul, adj.:
 True to one's word.
 - şādiq anā, v.: To be applicable; to come true.
- (A) şā'iqa(h), n. m.: Thunderbolt; lightning.
- (A) saf, adj.: Clear; clean:
 fair; unspotted; unadulterated; lucid; apparent;

- open; frank; distinct; direct; straightforward; even.
- بهاف دل saf dil, adj.: Openhearted.
- چ ماف شفاف به چ ق shaff af, adj.:
 Clear and transparent.
- ر ماف نكل آنا saf nikal ana, v.:

 To come out uninvolved, unscatched.
- clearly; plainly; expressly; in plain terms; frankly; openly; without reserve.
- الله عافا، صافا، صافا، صافا، صافا، صافا، صافه n. m.: (1) A turban. (2)
 Ab tinence from food (bird or beast of prey).
- (A) safl, n. f.: A duster; a piece of cloth used as filter or strainer.
- righteous; sound; proper. (fem. مالحه ṣāliḥa(h)).
- (A) sāni', n. m : A manufacturer; the Creator.

- صانب (A) به (A) عانب right.
- (A) sa'im, n.m.: One who is fasting.
- (A) şabā, n. f.: The (morning) breeze; a gentle wind.
- sabāḥ, n. f.: The dawn.
- جت (A) şabāḥat, n. f.:
 Fairness of complexion;
 beauty.
- (A) şubḥ, n. f.: Morning; dawn; daybreak.
 - şubḥ dam, n. f.: Early morning.
 - subḥ-i-ṣādiq, n. m.: (lit.) The true dawn; the dawn of day.

 - subh sham karna, مبتح شام کرنا v.: To evade; to find excuses; to put off.
- (A) sabr, n.m.: Patience; perseverence; submission; resignation.

- مبرآنا sabr ānā, v.: To get over one's grief.; to endure.
- sabr parnā, v.: To reap evil; to be under a curse.
- sabr sameind, v.: To provoke divine wrath; to accuse falsely; to slander.
- sabr karnā, v.: To bear patiently; to endure; to wait; to have patience; to content oneself with; to put up with; to be disappointed.
- (A) saḥāba(h), n. m., pl.:

 Companions of Holy Prophet Muhammad. (s. جاهبه
- pany; society; meeting; association; sexual intercourse.
 - şuḥbat uṭhānā, v.:
 To be in one's company.
 - المتد بالمتد suhbat yāftah, adj. : Used to good company; well bred.

(A) siḥḥat, n. f.: (1) Correctness; correction; authenticity. (2) Health.

- siḥat bakhsh, adj.: Health giving.
- (A) saḥrā, n. m.: A sandy desert; a wilderness.
- (A) şaḥn, n. m.: A courtyard.
- المحنك (A) şaḥnak, n. f.: A small dish or plate; offering to Hazrat Fatima, daughter of Holy Prophet Muhammad of which only chaste women can partake.
- ريم (A) saḥiḥ, adj.; Correct; right; perfect; sound.
 - saḥiḥ un nasab, adj.: Of good family; of bonafide descent; legitimate.
 - saḥiḥ salāmāi, صحرح ملاست adj.: Safe and sound.
 - şahlh karnā, v.: To correct; to chastise.
 - (A) saḥifa(h), n. m.: book; a journal; letter.

- الماني، عبد فه أسماني، معتبقه أسماني، āsmāni, n. m.: A revealed book.
- (P) şad, adj.: Hundred.; cent.
 - مدآفرین şad āfrik, intj.: Well done!
 - şad sālah, adj.: Hundred years old.
 - sadi, n. f.: A century; centenary.
- (A) sada, n. f. t Sound; voice; tone; echo.
 - إينا دينا sadā denā, v.: Mendicant to cry; to call (someone); to give forth sound.
 - sada karna. صدا كرنا، لكانا lagano, v.: To cry as a mendicant; to beg; to cry out one's wares.
 - sada bandi, n. f.: (Mod.) Recording (some one's) sound.
- (A) şadārai, n. f. : Presidentship; chairmanship.
- (A) şadaqat, n.f.: Truth; honesty; genuineness; authenticity.

- sadāgai nāmah,
 n. m.: A certificate; testimonial; authentication
 certificate.
- yadr, n. m.: (1) The chest.

 (2) Courtyard or front portion of a house. (3) President; chief. (4) The highest seat; the central seat; top; topmost place; upper end of a table. (5) seat of government; a military cantonment.
 - şadr-i-a'zam, n. m.: Prime Minister.
 - جمار الصادور sadrussudür, n. m.;
 The chief judge; chancellor.
 - جمال أحين sadr amln, n. m. : A subordinate judge: civil judge.
 - جسريازاد sadr bārār, n.m.:
 - sadr diwan, n.m.: A chancellor.
 - جمار دیوانی sadr dlwanl, n. f.:

 A high court of judicature
- (A) sadrī, n m. A jacket; a waist-coat.

- (A) şadaf, n. f.: Mother of pearl.
- (A) sidq, n. m.: Truth.
 - şidq·i-dil se, مدق دل سے adv.: Sincerely; honestly.
- (A) sadga(h), n. m.: Alms; charity; a propitiatory pffering; sacrifice; a charitable gift.
 - الزنا مدتد آثارنا sadqa(h) utārnā, v.:

 To make a propitiatory
 offering (to ward off evli
 or sickness).
- blow; a shock; an sffliction; a hereavement; a sorrow; a loss.
- مدور (A) sudūr, n. m.: Arrival; issuance; happening.
- (A) siddly, adj & n.p.:
 (I) True; righteous. (2)
 Title of Hazrat Abu Bakr,
 the first pious Caliph.
- rification; elucidation.
- goblet; a pitcher with narrow neck.

- surāḥi dār, adj.:

 Gobiet-shaped; long.
- name of the bridge, sharper than a sword and thinner than a hair, over Hell which Muslim will be required to cross on the day of judgement.
 - şirāt-i-mustaqim, n. f.: The right way.
- (A) şarrāf, n. m.: A money changer; a banker; a shroff.
 - ing; money changing; exchange; money market; jewellery market.
- (A) sarsar, n. f. 1 A boisterous wind.
- (A) sar', n.f.: Epilepsy.
- (A) sirf, adj. de adv.: (1) صرف Mere. (2) (gram) Merely; only; solely; exclusively.
- cost. (2) (gram.) Etymology; conjugation.
 - spend; to expend; to consume; to make use of.

- صرف و نعو مرف و نعو Grammar.
- Expenditure; expenses. (2)
 Advantage; profit; utility.
- جرين (A) sarīḥ. adj : Clear; evident; palpable; manifest.
- نابر (A) saghir, adj.: Minor; junior; diminutive; small.
- (A) şaf, n. f.: Rank; file; line; order; row; parade.
 - saf ārā, adj.: Arrayed; marshalled.
 - saf bastah, adj.:
 Drawn up in a line or
 row.
- attribute; an adjective; a definition; praise; praise of God.
- Cleanliness; dusting; conservancy; smoothness; evenness; candour; innocence; settlement; adjustment of differences; reconciliation; destruction; ruin; artfulness; defence in a criminal suit.

- safā'l denā, v.: To produce defence in a criminal suit.
- safa'i karnā, v.:
 To sweep clean; to make clean work of; to pay off; to adjust a difference; to settle matters; to effect a compromise.
- quality; nature; praise; (gram.) adjective.
- صفت (P) sifat, adv.: Like.
- of a book; (fig.) surface.
 - بستى safḥa-'l-hastī, n.m.: (lit.) The page of existence; life.
- بر (A) safar, ^en. m.: The second month of Muslim year.
- A) sifar, n.m.: A cipher; a dot; zero; naught.
- (A) şafrā, n. m.: Bile.
- whistling; noise; singing (of a bird).

- Yeo (P) sala, n. m.: An invitation; a call or cry of an auctioneer.
 - sala 'i 'ām, n.m.:

 An open invitation or challenge.
- ness; harshness; severity; majesty; awe.
- ness; well being; prosperity; advice; consultation; counsel; choice.
 - جالاح دينا salāḥ denā, v.: To adviso; to counsel.
 - şalāh kār, m. m.: An adviser; a counsellor.
- Capacity; capability. (2)
 Mildness. (3) Daily report
 (police).
- cho (A) şulḥ, n. f.: Peace; reconciliation; truce.
 - ملح كرنا come to terms; to be reconciled.

- sulh kul, n.m.: A pesce loving person.
- sulh nāma(h), n.m.:
 Treaty of peace; a deed
 of compromise.
- رهامي (A) sal'am. phr.: Contr of على الله عليه وسلم sallallahu-'alaih-i-wa-sallam (blessings of God be upon him); blessings used for Holy Prophet Mohammad by Muslims.
- صلوات (A) sulawāt, n f., pl.:

 Blessings; benedictions;

 (fig.) strong words; abuse.

 (s. ملوة علاقة)
 - بهانا إلى سنانا şalawāteh sunānā, v.: To use strong language; to abuse.
- هلوة (A) salat, n. f.: Prayer.
- (A) sila(h), n. m: A return; a reward; remuneration.
 - sila(h) denā, v.: To remuncrate.
 - silu(h) 'l-raḥm. n m.:
 Treating one's relations
 well.
- or crucifix. A cross

- all needs; an epithet of God.
- Handiwork; art; craft.
- انع (A) ṣanā'i', n.m., pl. : Arts. (s. صنعت ṣan'ai)
 - sanā'i'-wa-badā'i', n. m.: Figures of speech; rhetorics
- o (A) şandūy, n m.: A box; a chest; a case; a coffer; a trunk; a coffin.
- skill: industry: work of art; figure of speech.
 - san'at kar, صنعت کر، صنعت کر san'at gar, n m.: An artist craftsman: artisan. industrialist.
- (A) sinf, n. f; Species; kind; sort.
 - sinf-i-nazuk, n f...
 Fair sex: woman-kind
- a sweetheart.
 - sanam <u>kh</u>āna(h), n.m.:
 An idol temple; n
 pagoda.

L'ABB V.

Calman Tarayon Lide Sa ...

- piety; rectitude; pious act; charity.
 - جواب دید sawabdid, n. f.:

 Expediency; descretion;
 advisability; good sense;
 sound policy.
- (A) şūbah, n. m.: A province.
 - ج موہد دار sabedar, n.m.:
 Governor of a province;
 a military officer equal
 to captain.
- clarion; the trumpet (of angel Israfil) which will mark the end of the world on the day of judgement.
- features; shape; appearance; form; guise; predicament; plight; sign; manner; mode; mood; means.

- چورت بهدا کرنا surat paida, v.:

 To plan; to manage; to devise means.
- رت حال surat i hal, n.m.: (lit.) Complexion of a case; facts; a statement of the facts.
- of Muslim devotees; a mystic.
- وموم (A) saum, n. m.: A fast.
- monastery; cloister; hermitage.
- hunter; a fowler; a bird catcher.
- hunt; an object of chase.
- dino (A) sighah, n. m.: Section; department; office; a recitation at a Shia Muslim marriage.
- لقين (A) şaiqal, n. f.: Polish; gilt.
 - şalqal karnā, عيقل كونا polish; to gilt.
 - مهبونيت (A) şeh∎niyat, n. f.:
 (Mod.) Zionism.

ض

- ifteenth letter of Arabic (In which it is pronounced as مراد duād) and twenty first of Urdu alphabets. It does not occur in Persian. Numerical value according to ابعباء abjad = 800.
- rian; prudent; restrainer; cautious; self-controlled.
 - zabinagi, n. f.: Following the rule.
 - Regulation; law; (judicical) usage; procedure.
 - برتنا zābiṭa(h) barainā,

 v.: To act occording to
 law; to take legal measures; to take shelter
 behind the law.
- بقائے خوانی علام دیوانی بقائے دیوانی wāni, n.m.ı Civil procedure.
- غابطه فرجداری خواری zabiża'-ifaujdāri, n. m.: Criminal procedure.
- (A) جقابلة, adj.: Satiriet; mocker; ridiculer.

- surety. (2) A piece of wood connecting the two tubes of a huqqa(h). (3) Sour milk used to coagulate fresh milk.
- غامن بونا zāmin honā, v.: To stand surety (for).
- (A) عَنَائع (A) عَنَائع (A) عَنَائع (A) عَنَائع
 - به نمائع کرنا به نمائع کرنا waste; to cause to perish; to lose.
- (A) zabţ, n. m.: Control; restraint; confiscation; taking possession of: seizure; discipline; watching over; regulation; administration; governing.
 - seizure; confiscation; forfeiture.
- (A) zakhāmai, m. f.:
 Thickness; bulk: volume.
 - ous; bulky; thick.
- sition; opposite; obstinacy; insistence, persistence, (2)
 Enmity; grudge.

- insist upon; to persist; to oppose.
- ziddi, adj. & n. m.; (1)
 Wilful; perverse; obstinate
 nate. (2) An obstinate
 person.
- ضرب (A) zarb, n. f.: A stroke; an injury; a hurt; a blow; stamp; impression (coin); (Math.) multiplication.
 - خربالمثل zarb-ul-masal, n. f.: A proverb; an adage; a common saying.
 - zarb parna, v.: To receive injury; to get hurt.
 - zarb denā, v.: To multiply.
 - (A) zarar, n. m.: Injury; wrong; damage; hurt; harm.
 - zarar pahunchand, ضرر يهنجانا v.: To injure; to hurt.
 - خبر رسان zarar rasāk, adj.: Causing harm; injurious; harmful.
 - ضرور (A) zarar, adv.: Certainly; eccessarily; without fail.

- (A) zarīrai, n.f.:
 Necessity; need; requirement; want; lack.
 - ijad kl man hai, prov.:

 (Mod. Borrowed from E.)

 Necessity is the mother of invention.
 - zaruras parna, v.:
 To be in need (of); to have occasion for.
 - غرورت مند zaruras mand, adj.: Needy; poor.
 - sary; urgent; important; essential; indispensable; incumbent; obligatory; imperative.
 - (A) zwj, n.m.: Weakness; debility; infirmity.
 - (A) za'lf, adj.: Infirm; fceble; weak.
 - عتقالا عنقالا عنقالا عنقالا adj.: Credulous; superetitious.
 - become old; to become feeble.

يفيفي za'lfl, n. f.: Old age; infirmity.

- tract of a country under the jurisdiction of a Collector or Deputy Commissioner. (2) Side of a triangle. (3) Wordpunning.
- (A) zam(m), n. m.: Subjoining; coalescing.
 - join; to coalesce.
- Ment; plaster.
- ضمانت (A) zamānat, n. f.: Security; bail.
 - غمانت داخل کرنا ، دینا و معانت داخل کرنا ، دینا dakhii karnā, denā, v.:

 To furnish security; to give bail.
 - ب بهورانت نے کر چهورانا kar chhorna, v.: To release on bail.

- who gives bail or security; one who stands surety.
- (A) zimn, n. m.: (1) A subsection; chapter; phrase.
 (2) Inclusion; participation; company.
- اضمير (A) conscience; volition; heart; motive. (2) (gram.) a pronoun.
- appendix 1 a supplement; supplement of a newspaper; an addendum.
- البط (A) zawabij, n. m.:

 Rules and regulations (s.

 Abija zābija(h).)
- (A) ziya, n. f.: Light; splendour.
- نجافت (A) ziyāfai, n. f.: Banquet; feast; entertainment.
- of spirit; distress; difficulty; worry.
 - بونا ، بونا عنی من پایا ، بونا hond, v.: To be vexed.

ط

Lioi. n. f.: Sixteenth letter of Arabic and twenty second of Urdu alphabets. It does not occur in Persian, although in some of its letters the alphabet is used for original — te. It has no equivalent in Hindi or English either. Numerical value according to applicabled = 9.

(A) jäbi' n. m.: Printer.

ing; over shadowing; overpowering.

prevail over; to overcome; to overshadow.

طاس (A) إقلام, n. m.: (A. form of P. تاس tās.) A large tray;
a kind of slik; a drinking cup; goblet; bowl

drum; a tambourine; (also tashā in H.).

ce; devotion; submission.

an epidemic. A) يَّقَاتِه, m. m. 1 Plague)

An arch; a recess in the wall; a niche; an odd number. (2) Unequalled; expert.

برر کهنا tag par rakhna,
v.: To lay on the shelf;
to shelve; to put aside.

اقنسیان <u>iaq-i-nisyan</u>, n. m.: (lit.) An arch of forgetfullness; forgetfulness.

force: might; capability; ability; energy.

taqaıwar, adj.: Powerful.

بالب (A) tallb, n. m.: A secker; an enquirer; a suitor; a lover.

ظالب علم ظالب علم طالب علم A student.

الله (A) إمّاله, n. m. & adj.: (1) Lot; destiny. (2) Rising; appearing.

نامخ (A) tami', adj.: Greedy;

- (A) اطاؤس (A) اطاؤس peacock.
- ماهو (A) tahir, adj.: Pure; chaste; clean.
- dish of rice sooked with spices, potatoe etc.
- (A) عائر (A) عائر (A) غائر
 - ja'irānah, adj.: Bird'soyo (view); gnenral.
 - الكر دوح إلى إلى إلى الماكر دوح الماكر دوح (lit.) The bird of soul; soul; life.
- de ilb (A) fa'ifa(h), s. m.: A corps; a gang; a company (usually of dancing girls and musicians).
- (A) إلله (A) إله (A) إلله (A) إله (A) إلله (A) إله (A) إله (A) إلله (A) إلله (A) إلله (A) إله (A) إلله (A) إلله (A) إلله (A) إلله (A) إلله (A) إلله (A) إله
 - Inc practice of medicine.
- Bamboo sugar; bamboomanna; a siliceous deposit in the joint of the bamboo used as a medicine.
- ونباع (A) tabbā' adj.: Intelli-

- Printing.
 - gence. fabba'l, n. f.: Intelli-
- (A) tabāq, n. m. : A large vessel or dish.
- - ازمائی saba' āzmā'i, n. f.:
 Trial of genius or skill.
 - البع زاد gaba'zād, adj.;
 Original; invented;
 production of genius.
 - ين المنظم المنظ
 - إ taba'l, adj.: Inherent; physical.
 - Physics.
- طبق (A) gabaq, n. m.: A layer; disc; a region; crust; a stratum; the world.

- طبقه (A) jabqah, n m.: A storey; n floor; a stage; class; an crder; rank.
- طبل (A) tabl., n. m.: A large drum.
 - ي طبل جنگ <u>tabl i jang</u>, n. m.: Martial drum.
 - open cut cover (of a bundle of papers or files).
 - (A) tablah, n.m.: (1) A small box, a casket, a tray on which fruits, perfumes etc. are sent as present. (2) A pair of kettledrums.
 - ي طبلجي jabalchi, n. m.: One who plays on drum.
 - ي طبله پر تهاپ پڑنا <u>table pur thap</u> parnā, v.: The drum to be played
 - (A) jablb, n.m.: A plysician.
 - jabib-i-ḥāziq, n.m.; An expert physician; ه good doctor-
 - طبیعت (A) tabliat, n. f.: Mind; disposition; nature; temperament.

- honā, v.: To recover from illness; to feel happy.
- إمانيعت بكونا يabl'as bigarna, v.:
- يمانيعت لكنا <u>tabi</u> at lagnā, v.:

 To take interest in; to
 be attached to.
- ي dhì 'i, adj.: Natural.
- المحال (A) !iḥal, n.f.: The splees.
- (A) jarrar, adj: Eloquent: fluent; sharp-tongued
- طرازه (A) turrarah, n.m.: Quickness; velocity.
 - أراد بهرنا jarrarah bharna, v.:
 To go at full speed; to read fluently.
 - darrari, n. f.: Fluency; eloquence; speed.
 - طراوت (A) Jardwai, n. f.: Moisture; humidity; freshness; coolness.
 - طرب (A) tarab, n.f.: Mirth; joy; cheerfulness.

- الرح (A) tarh, tarah, n. f.:

 Form; description; plan;
 design; mode; condition;
 method; manner; base;
 foundation; state; a verse
 set in which the poem is
 to be composed.
 - طرح آزانا garoḥ urana, v.: To copy: to sketch; to imitate.
 - לכונ daruḥ dar, adj.: Stylish; handsome; graceful
 - طرح دینا <u>taruh denā</u>, v.: To overlook; to pass over; to disregard.
 - الرح خالنا darah dalnā, v.: To lay the foundation; to initiate; to prepare the ground.
- طرز (A) tarz, n.m. & f.: Way; mode; manner; style; form; fashion.
- طرف (A) <u>taraf</u>, n. f.: Side; direction; flank; way; behalf; base; leaning.
 - n. m.: (1) Partial; supporter. (2) A party man.

- ي طرف داری <u>tarafdāri</u>, n. f.: Leaning; partiality; partizanship.
- ي طرف سيم garaf se, adv.: On behalf of; for; from.
- two concerned parties.
- (A) turfah, adj.: Extraordinary; novel; strange.
 - ي طرفه تماشا ، ماجرا ي urfah tamāshā, mājrā, n. m.: A wonderful spectacle or affair; something rare.
 - إناكي طرفكي يurfagi, n. f.: Wonderfulness; novelty; excellence.
- (A) furrah, n.m. & adj.:

 (I) A curl; a plume of feathers; a crest, an ornamental tassel worn in the turban; the cream of the joke; hemp leaf; a draught of liquid hemp.

 (2) Strange; surpassing; superior.
- (A) tailq, n. f: Way; manner; custom; fashion.
- طريقت (A) tariqui, n. f.: The devotional system of mystics ; mysticism.

- (A) railqah, n. m.:

 Method; manner; procedure; mode; system;

 form.
- basin for washing hands etc. (Sea تشت.)
 - إن بام tasht az bām, adj.:

 Bxposed; broadcast;

 well-known.
- (A) nashtarī, n. f.: A طشتری eaucer; a plate (See راتشتری)
- food.
 - subsistence; food.
- irony; blame. (Cor. of مناهن a'na(h).)
 - ي طعن تشنيع يa'n sashni', n. m.: Taunting.
 - da'n tornā, v.: To taunt.
 - رطمن ¿a'na(h), n.m.: (See طعنه
 - t'ana(h) tishna(h), (See بطعن تشنيع)
- (A) <u>tugh</u>ra, n. m.: An artistic design of a name

- or motto; (fig.) sign; emblem; symbol.
- Tyranny; oppression; violence.
 - tughyāni, n. f.: Flood; inundation.
- المفل (A) tift, n. m. : A child.
 - iffana(h), adj.:
 Childish
 - ی طفل مکتب یا lft-i-maktab. n. m.:

 (lit.) A school boy; a raw, inexperienced person.
 - ين طفوليت ين طفوليت النائل ملفوليت n. f.: Childhood.
- طفیل (A) zufall, n. m.; Mediation; means; instrumentality.
 - ي طفيل سے، مين tufail se, meh, adv: Through the agency or good offices (of).
 - ي مافيليا مافيليا مافيليا مافيليا ي مافيليا بي المنابع المناب
- メレ (A) titā, n. m.: (1) Gold; gilt, (2) A liniment.
 - ي طلاساز ، كار ي dla saz, kar, n.m.:
 A gilder.

- ila'l, adj.: Made of gold; golden.
- divorce. (A) talaq, adj.: A
 - ي نامه talāq nama(h), n.m.:
 A deed of divorce.
- اللاقت (A) talaqat, m.f.: Eloquence; glibness (of tongue)
- watch; night patrol of the army; round.
- اللب (A) talab, n. f.: (1) Seeking; requiring; wish; desire; craving; solicitation. (Used in comp. e. g. رام طلب aram talab, rest seeking, idio. (2) Salary.
 - لنب بجهانا jalab bujhānā, v.:
 To satisfy a craving.
 - talab karna, v.: To call for; to summon; to demand; to claim; to ask.
 - peons for serving a process; the fee payable to a witness; daily pay of constables etc.

- طلبه (A) talaba(h), n. m., pl.: Students; pupils. (s. نالب talib.)
- enchantment; a talisman.
 - llism bandi, n. f. : A magic show.
- rance; countenance; face; aspect.
- (A) tula', n. m.: Rising (of sun, moon, stars etc.).
- طمانچه (U) tamancha(h), n.m.: A slap.
 - ي المانجد سارنا ، جزنا ي مانجد سارنا ، جزنا mārnā, jarnā, v.: To give a slap.
- المانيت (A) jamaniyat, n. m. 1 Composure; satisfaction; ease of mind.
- طمطراق (P) tumtaraq, n. m.: Grandeur; magnificence; show.
- covetousness; greed; lure; sop; wish.
- اطناب (A) janab, n. f.: Rope of a tent.

عناز (A) tannāz, adj.: Mocking; satirist; coquettish.

- طلز (A) tanz, n. m. : A satire; a sarcasm; a taunt.
 - ي ملنز كرنا يanz karnā, v.: To
 - طنزآ anzan, adv.: Tauntingly; sneeringly; sarcastically; ironically.
- ing round and round; making a circuit of كمبه شريف K'aba(h) sharif.
- لوالت (A) jawalas, m.f.: Length; protraction; prolongation.
- طوائف (A) tawā'if, n. f., pl.: (lit.) Bands. (Used as s. in Urdu.) A dancing girl. (s. طائفه ta'ifah.)
 - n.f.: (lit.) Government by (various) bands of rulers; disintegration or division of a country; general upheaval; anarchy; lawicssness.
 - طوبی (A) tubā, n.m.: Name of a tree in Paradise.

- of Sinai where Prophet Moses was shown the Divine light.
- our; condition; mode; way.
- اطوع (A) jau', n. m.; Willingness; inclination; delight; pleasure.
 - اوعاً و كرباً au'an-wa-karhan, adv.: Willingly or unwillingly; reluctantly.
- storm of wind and rain; a deluge; a tempest; a flood; a riot; a noisy demonstration; a calumny.
 - الهانا الهانا الهانا الهانا الهانا To make a row or noise; to accuse; to cause flood; to shed tears.
 - ا كونا الدهنا، كهرًا كونا bandhna, khara karna.

 v.: To slander; to calumniate.
 - اطوق (A) يعسم, n. m.: A necklace; a collar; a badge of slavery.

- Job (A) tul, n.m.: Length; longitude.
 - ي طول بكونا pakarnā, v.: To be prolonged (a matter).
 - طولانی طولانی ed; verbose; lengthened.
- לפסות (A) ¿Amar, n. m.: A heap; a roll; a volume; a long or exaggerated story; a false statement.
- طويل (A) jawil, adj.: Long; tall.
- せっち (A) tawelo(h), n. m.: A stall; a stable.
 - ي طويلے كى بلا بندر كے سر ki bala bandar ke sar, prov.: (fig.) To make a scape goal; to throw blame on the weaker party.
- Purification; ablution; washing private parts after call of nature.
- 1946 (A) tahūr, adj.: Purest of pure.

- (A) tai, n. m.: (1) Settling; crossing; folding; solving.
 (2) A clan of Yemen.
 - tai shudah, adj. 1 Settled; crossed.
 - ي ملے كرنا decide; to settle; to dispose of; to cross.
- اطياره (A) taiyarah, n. m. s Aeroplane.
- サムb (A) ilb, n.f.: Willingness.
- שְׁהֵשׁ (A) taiyib, adj.: Good; pure; chaste.
- طيش (A) *taish*, n. m.: Rage; indignation.
- طبنت (A) finat, n. f.: Innate disposition; temperament.
- طير (A) عليور (A) طيور:
 Birda. (s. طير علير)

ظ

- letter of Arabic and twenty-third of Urdu alphabets. It does not occur in Persian or English. Numerical value according to and abjad = 900.
- A tyrant. (2) Cruel; bar-barous; wanton.

- evident; palpable; open; visible; patent; prominent; glaring.
 - ظابرا zahira, adv.: Apparently; ostensibly.
 - ظاہر دار zahir dar. adj.: Showy; ostentatious; formal; hypocrite.
 - show; ostentation; hypocrisy.
 - ظاہر کرنا gahir karnā, v.: To reveal; to disclose; to publish; to show; to make plain; to explain.
 - عابرى <u>zahiri</u>, adj.: Apparent; ostensible; external.
 - ظرافت (A) zarāfat, n f.: Wit; humour; pleasantry; fun.
 - ظریف zarif, adj. & n. m.: (1)
 Witty; humorous. (2) A
 wit.
 - ظرف (A) zarf, n.m.: A vessel; capacity; capability; content; forbearance; (gram.) an adverb of time and space.
 - ظفر (A) gafar, n. f.: Victory; triumph.

- ظل (A) zil(l), n. m.: Shadow.
 - ظل الله zill-ul-lāh, n.m.: Sha-dow of God; (fig.) a monarch.
- نالم (A) zulm, m. m.: Tyranny; violence; oppression; injustice
 - tornā, dhānā, karnā, v.:
 To tyrannise; to oppress;
 to be unjust.
- Darknesses: dark regions
 (where Alexander the Great
 is reported to have been
 taken by Prophet Khizr, in
 search of the water of
 immortality, and brought
 back unsuccessful). (s.

 zulmat.)
- (A) zanin', n. m: Guess; conjecture
 - zan(n)-i ghalib, n. m.1 Strong presumption; great probability.
- (A) zohr, n. m.; Mid-day and after; period immediately after noon; midday prayers.
- ظهور (A) zuhūr, n. m.; (lit.)

 Birth; manifestation; appearance; coming to pass.

ين أنا zuhūr meh ana,
y.: To come about.

tant; an ally; an associate.

ع

- E'aln, n. m.: Eighteenth letter of Arabic and twenty-fourth of Urdu. Its numerical value according to say! abjad is 70. In composition it signifies a hemistitch, a paragraph of the Holy Quran or abor. of the Holy Quran or abor. of plant also alaih is alaih, peace be upon him, a phr. added to the name of a prophet.
- عبالد (A) 'ābid, n.m.: A worshipper; a votary; a devotee. (fem. عابده 'ābida(h).)
- عاج (A) 'aj, n. m.: Ivory.
- jale (A) 'ājiz, adj.: Helpless; incapable; unable; crippled; overcome; baffled; frustrated; humble; submissive.

- submissiveness; holplessness; humility; supplication.
- عاجل (A) 'ajil, Speedy; quick; agile; hasty.
- practice. (A) 'adat, n. f.: Habit;
- ناكات (A) 'adil, adj.; Just; equitable; upright; judicious; impartial.
- accustomed; addicted; habitual; customary.
 - الای مجرم کالت نظرا mujrim, n. m.:

 Habitual offender or criminal.
 - be accustomed; to be addicted to.
- المارض (A) 'ariz n. m. & adj.:
 (1) Cheek. (2) Facing;
 intervening; occurring; barring; preventing.

- befall: to occur; to bar; to interdict.
- ارضه 'ariza(h), n. m.:
 Indisposition: disease;
 illness: disorder.
- ارضی 'arizi, adj : Temporary; incidental
- ارف (A) 'ārif, adj, & n m.: (1) Knowing; skilled in divine matters. (2) A holy man of spiritual knowledge
- ed; denuded (of); bereft
 or void of; incapable of;
 free from; helpless.
 - incapable: to be helpless; to be bereft of; to be destitute of
 - of a thing; temporary borrowing.
 - ariyasan, adv.: On loan.
- determining; bound (for a place).

- a pa amour; a suitor; a woner; an adorer; an admirer.
 - fall or be in love (with); to adore.
 - ن عاشلی 'āshiqi', n. f.: Love; the state of being in love.
- 'ashūra(h), n. m.: The tenth day of the month of Moharram; first ten days of the above-mantioned month.
- chaste; protected.
- A) 'āṣi, n m. & adj : (1) عاصى A sinner: a title of humility. (2) Sinner; disobedient.
- volence; patronage.
- افیت (A) 'āfiyat, n. f.: Security; comfort; well-being; health.
 - نگ کرنا مافیت تنگ کرنا karnā, v : To make uncomfortabe; to pester.

- رَّهُ (A) 'aq, adj.: Undutiful: disobedient; rebellious; not heeding parents' advice.
 - disown or disinherit a son; to sever relations with a son.
- hereafter; doomsday; future life.
 - adj.: Far sighted; discreet.
 - المَالِيَّةُ عَالَمِتُ بِكَالُونَا عَالَمِتُ بِكَالُونَا عَالْمِتُ بِكَالُونَا بِدُالُونَا بِدُالُونَا بِدُالُ v.: To risk the hereafter; to jeopardise life after death.
 - borye sameine, v.: (W)
 To die after dragging
 one's days; to prolong
 the old age.
- عاقل (A) 'aqil, adj.: Wise; clever; sensible.
- world; the universe; the people; the public; a particular state; a region; a scene.

- المبالا 'Alam-i-bala, m. m.:

 Heaven; the world above
 the heavens; the other
 world.
- الم خوال alam i <u>Khayāl</u>,
 n. m.: The world of
 thought; imaginary
 world.
- alam i sifil, n. m:

 The earth; the lower

 world.
- الم كير alamgir, n. m de adj:

 (1) (lit.) Conquerer of the world; title of Moghul Emperor Aurangzeb. (2)
 Universal; worldwide.
- (1) عالی (A) 'alim, adj. & n m.: (1) (lit.) Knowing; learned. (2) A learned man; a well informed person.
 - alim-ul-ghalb, n.m.: The Omniscient
- الى (A) 'ali, adj: Elevated; eminent; high; suolime.
 - الى جالى جالى الله عالى جاء ، ali jah, adj. : Of high rank.
 - Your Honour!: your highness!: a form of address to superioss.

- adj.: Of a high family:

 of noble birth: highly
 connected.
- did; magnificent: grand; majestic; stately.
- واه (A) 'ām, adj.: Common; general; ordinary; public.
 - Simple; intellegible; commonly understood.
 - (A) 'ami, n.m. & adj.: (1)

 A commoner; a member of the proletariate; a vulgar person. (2)
 Ignorant; related to commoners.
 - اند amiyānah, adj.: Vulgar.
- an authority; an executive; a revenue collector; a conjurer.
- الد (A) 'a'id, adf.: Alighting; befalling, liable.
 - impose; to make liable; to impose: to allege.
- ابد 'abā, n. f.: A cloack; a long loose coat.

- عباد (A) 'Ibad, n m., pl.: Slaves; servants. (s. عبد 'abd.)
- عبادت (A) 'ibādat, n. f.: Divine worship; prayer.
 - المت كرنا 'bādat karnā, v.:
 To worship; to offer prayers to God.
- عبارت (A) 'ibarat, n. f.: A passage of prose; a phrase; composition.
 - نارت أراثى 'ibarat ara'l, n. f.i

 Decorative writing; word

 painting; flourish of

 style.
 - ibārat honā, v.: To mean.
- عباسی (P) 'abbasi, adj.: Pertaining or relating to Hazrat Abbas, uncle of Holy Prophet Muhammad; Abbaside; of bluish red colour.
- اعبت (A) 'abaş, adj.: Purposeless; futile.
- نبد (A) 'abd, n.m.: A slave; a devotee.
- عبرانی، عبری (A) 'ibrānī, 'ibrī, n. f. & m.: (1) Hebrew language. (2) A Jew.

- عبرت (A) 'Ibrat, n. f.: Warning; admonition; reproof.
 - ibrat angez, adj.: Admonitory; serving as a warning.
 - 'bras pakarnā, v.: To take warning; to be warned.
- عبوديت (A) 'ubūdīyat, n. f.: Devotion; adoration; servitude.
- اعبو (A) 'ubar, n. m.: Crossing (a river); transit; mastery; proficiency.
 - ubër karnā, v.: To cross (a river).
 - Syst 'ubari, adj.: Transitional; interim.
- عتاب (A) 'ltāb, n. m.: Anger; displeasure; reproof; reprimand; rebuke.
 - ناب المي المهاب عتاب المي المهي عتاب المي Divine wrath
- Jac (A) 'ailq, adj : Ancient; antiquated; venerable; teyotod.
- with (A) 'aja'ib. m. on, of; I worker (A) 'adamor, w.f.; Wonders; euricoilles. (e. 4.6160° 340.1

- · ajā'lb khana (h), n. m.: A museum.
- بجت (A) 'ajab, adj. & n.m.:
 - (1) Astonishing; amazing.
 - (2) Surprise; amazement.
- jæ (A) 'ijz, n. m.: Humility; powerlessness; submissive-Dess.
- عجلت (۱) 'ijlat, 'ujlat, m. f.: Haste; speed; expedition.
- (A) 'ofam, n. m.: Iran; all people except the Arabs.
 - 'ajami, n.m.: An Iranian; a foreigner.
- A) 'adālas, n. f.: A court of law; a tribunal; a bench.
 - "adalas-i-dimani" عدالت ديواني n. f.: Civil court.
 - الت عاليد 'adalos-i.'āliyah, n. f: A high court of judicature.
 - -adalas i faultdarl, n. f.: A criminal ¢oun.
- Encity; hatrad; spine; mailes.

- period during which a divorced woman or a widow must wait for remarriage, according to Muslim Law.
- a whole number; a coefficient; one of any thing.
- Jac (A) 'adl, n.m.: Justice; equity.
- existence; nothingness.
 - adam adā'igī, n. f.: Non-payment.
 - Default; failure to pursue.
 - adam t'amil, n.f.:

 Non execution; non
 service; non-compliance.
 - adam tawajjuhi, n. f.: Inattention; indifference; disregard; neglect.
 - عدم موجودگی 'adam maujudagi,
 n. f.: Non presence;
 absence.
 - adam waqifiyat, عدم واقفيت n.f.: Ignorance.

- عدو (A) 'ada, n. m.: A foe; an enemy.
- jوکد (A) 'adml, n.m.: Refusing; declining.
 - Refusal to obey; insubordination; evading a legal order or process.
- اعديل (A) 'adil, n. m. & adj. : (1) One who dispenses justice. (2) Just; equal; alike
- عدیم (A) 'adim, adj.: Lacking; not to be found.
 - adim-ul-furșai, عديم الفرصت adj.: Having no leisure.
 - عديم المثال ' adīm ul misāl, adj.: Matchless.
- punishment; torment; pain; anguish; sin; botheration. (opp. of تواب sawab, reward.)
 - بينا مول لينا 'azāb mol lenā, v.: To invite trouble; to bring difficulty to oneself knowingly.
- jie (A) 'uzr, n.m.: Excuse; apology; plea; objection.

- uzr karna, v.: To offer an excuse; to apologise; to take objection; to contest.
- uzr-i-lang, n. m. : A lame excuse.
- عرس (A) 'urs, n. m.: Annual prayers day at the shrine of a Muslim saint.
- عرش (A) 'arsh, n. m.: The highest heaven; the throne of God.
 - arsh par acināgh honā, v.: To be proud; to take airs.
- (A) 'arsha(h), n. m. 1 Deck; roof of a ship.
- عرصه (A) 'arşah, n. m. : Space; time; duration: period; delay.
 - arṣa(h)-i-ḥayāt, n. m. : Span of life.
 - arşa(h) i daraz, n. m. : A long period.
 - hona, v.: To be in sore straits; to be in a tight corner.

- وخ (A) 'araz, n. m.: A contigent quality.
- عرض (A) 'arz, n. m.: (1)
 Breadth. (2) Solicitation;
 appeal: representation.
 - 'arzul-balad, n. m.: (Lines of) Latitude.
 - 'arzdāshi, n. f.: Petition; memorial.
 - request; to make an application; to submit; to suggest; to memorialise.
 - an application; a written representation.
- (A) 'urf, n. m.: A commonly known name other than the original; alias.
- اعرفات (A) 'arafāt, n. m.: A plain near Mecca where the pilgrims halt and offer prayers during Hajj.
- (A) 'irfān, n. m.;

 Knowledge; discernment;

 wisdom.
- day before a festival; ninth day of the month of خيالنجه zilhij when Hajj is offered.

- sap; spirit; water distilled from a medicine; sweat.
 - 'araq rezi, m. f.:
 Toil and sweat; sweat of
 one's brow; hard work.
 - v.: To perspire; to blush deeply.
- ascent; exaltation; rise; zenith.
- عروس (A) 'arts, n. m.: A bride.
- (A) عروض (A) عروض dy; meter; versification.
- عريان (A) 'uryāh, adj.: Naked; bare; nude.
 - uryāni, n.f.: Nakedness.
- عريض (A) 'arlz, adj.: Wide; broad.
- عريضه (A) 'arlzah, n. m.: A humble petition; a letter to a superior.
- بد (A) 'izz, n. f.: Glory; dignity; grandeur
- اغز (A) 'azā, n. f.: Mourning; condolence.

(A) 'izzai, n. f.: Honour;

- bigarnā, n. f.: To dishonour; to abuse; to insult; to ravish; to outrage.
- 'izzai dend, v.: To honour; to confer rank.
- izzat karnā, v.: To render honour to; to pay respect to.
- عزلث (A) 'uzlat, n. f.: Retiring; seclusion.
 - uzlat guzla, adj. :
 One who seeks seclusion.
- (A) 'azm, n. m. Intention; determination; resolve.
 - عزم بالجزم azm bil fazm, n. m.:

 Firm resolve; tenacity

 of purpose; determination.
 - 'azm karnā, v.: To resolve: to determine.
- اغزيز (A) 'azīz, adj. & m. m.: (1)

 Esteemed; precious; dear.
 (2) A relation; a relative;
 a title of ancient ruler of
 Egypt.

- 'azīzdārī, n. f.: Relationship.
- اکسرت (A) 'usrat, n. f.: Poverty; straitened condition.
- عسكر (A) 'askar, n. m.: An army.
 - askarī, adj. & n. m.:
 (1) Relating to army. (2)
 A soldier.
- (A) 'asal, n. m.: Honey.
- yers offered before sleep during the night.
- (A) 'ushshāq, n. m., pl. : Lovers. (s. عاشق 'āshiq.)
- (A) 'ashar, adj.: Ten.
- عشر (A) 'ushr, n.m.: A tenth part; a tithe.
 - ushr i 'ashlr, adj.:

 (lit.) One tenth part of
 tenth; a hundreth part;

 (fig.) very little.
 - ashra(h), adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Ten. (2) A decade;

 ten days; the first ten
 days of Moharram.
 - ashra(h) i mobashshira(h), n. m.: The ten companions of Holy

- Prophet Mohammad who were assured of being sent to heaven.
- (A) 'ishrat, n. f.: Pleasure; revelry; enjoyment.
- infatuation; passion; mania.
 - ان عشق باز 'Ishq baz, n.m.: A gallant; a rake.
 - ishq bazi, m. f.: Gallantry; amour.
- (A) 'Ishwah, n. m.: Ogling; coquetry.
 - ال عشوه ساز ، كر Ishwah saz, gar, m. m.: One who ogles; a coquette.
- Lac (A) 'asa, n m.: A sceptre; a staff; a club.
 - י عصا بردار asa bardar, n.m.:
 A mace bearer.
- Party spirit; partizanship; tribalism; (fig.) bigotry; prejudice.
- age; fourth quarter of the day; afternoon (prayers).

- 'aṣrāna(h), n, m.:

 (Mod.) An afternoon tea

 party.
- تعمم (A) 'Ismat, n. f.: Chastity
 - i s m a 1 farosh, n. f.: (lit.) A seller of chastity; a prostitute.
- (A) 'iṣyān, n. m. : Sin.
- المحله (A) 'azlah, n. m: Muscle; tissue; part of the body.
- انمون (A) 'azw, n. m.: Member; limb; organ of the body.
- Use (A) 'aid, n. f.: Bounty; benefaction; gift; a concession; a consideration.
- Jlbo (A) 'attar, n. m.: A druggist; a perfumer.
- ائی (A) 'aṛā'i, n. m.: One who is self-taught; a quack.
- مطر (A) 'lir, n. m.: Essence; extract; scent.
 - igr dan, n. m.: A scent box.
- (A) 'atash, n. f.: Thirst.
- junction in grammar.
- وطيك (A) 'atiyah, n. m.; A grant; a gift; an assignment.

- صفات (A) 'azmat, n. f.;
 Greatness; magnificence;
 dignity.
- grand; great; bulky.
 - adj.: Magnificent; adj.: grand.
- purity. Chastity;
- عنم (A) 'Ifrit, n. m.: A spectre; ogre; demon; apparition.
- forgiveness; remission of sins.
 - 'afw karna, v.: To pardon; to forgive.
- نست (A) 'ufunat, n. f.: Foul smell; stench.
- فيف (A) 'aflf, adj.: Virtuous; chaste. (fem. عنينه 'afl-
- eagle. (A) 'ugāb, n. m.: An
- Religious beliefs; articles of faith. (s. ماية 'aqlda(h).)

- (A) 'aqab, adv. & n. m.:
 (1) Behind; rear; after. (2)
 The rear; the heel.
- ريقي (A) 'uqba, n. f.: The next world.
- A tie; a knot; a string; marriage.
 - aqd karna, v.: To marry; to get married.
- ολέρ (A) 'uqdah, n.m: A hard knot or problem; a mystery; an enigma.
- عقرب (A) 'agrab, n.m.: The scorpion; the sign Scorpio; a quarrelsome person.
- reason; the faculty of reasoning; understanding.
 - patthar. parda(h) par fanda, v.: To be out of one's wit,; to become blind to reason.
 - aql ke nakhun عقل کے ناخت لینا lena, v.: To get sense; to see reason.
 - aql dang rah عقل دنگ ره جانا jānā, v.: To be astonished.

- aqi · i · sailm, n. f.:
 Sound reason; common-
- aql mari jana, الله 'aql mari jana, aql mari
- aql mand, adj.: Wise; intelligent; sensible.
- Punishment; torture; torment.
- علمت (A) 'aqidat, n. f.: Faith; attachment; allegiance.
 - عقيدت مند 'aqidat mand, adj.: Paithful; believing.
- المَّمِنَ (A) 'aqiq. n. m.: A cornellan; a precious red stone.
- Muslim cremony of shaving the head of an infant on the seventh day of birth and a sacrifice made. (The shaved hair is weighed in silver, which is given away in charity.)
- المقول (A) 'aqll, n. m.: A wise and intelligent man. (fem. مايده 'aqllah.)

ر (A) 'aks, n.m.: Reflection; the reverse; a counterpart.

- akkās. n. m. : A photographer.
- aks utārnā, v.: To عكس آتارنا take a photograph.
- akkāsi. n. f.: Photography.
- The (A) 'ilaj, n. m.; Medical treatment; medicine; cure; relief; reformation; punishment.
 - ilaj karna, v.: To کرنا cure; to render medical treatment; to be medically treated, to punish; to chastise.
 - A) 'uaqah, n. m.: Connection, relation; affiliation; affinity; bearing; relevancy; tenure; holding; an estate; a manor; an area; territory; state; province; circle; zone, jurisdiction.
 - نعلاته ركهنا 'ilaqah rakhna, v.: To be associated with; to be co-related.

- ا کالات (A) 'alālai, n. f.: Ailment; indisposition; illness; disease.
- المن (A) 'alamas, n. f.: A mark; sign; a symptom; a symbol.
- 46 MS (A) 'allāmah, n m. & f.: (1) A very learned man. (2) (lr.) An artful woman.
- ولالية (A) 'alaniyah, adr.: Openly: in public; before every body.
- ME (A) 'alawah, adv.: Besides; in addition to; barring; morcover.
- علت (A) 'Illai, n.f.: Cause; motive: occasion, a charge; a count of indictment; a discase; a bad habit; fault; vice; defect; flow; rubbish.
 - : . illat i gha'i, m. f. : Ultimate cause.
- Ale (A) 'ilm, n. m.: Learning; knowledge; science.
 - : ilm I <u>gh</u>aib, n. m. : Knowledge of the unseen; divine insight.

- ilm-i-qiyafah, n. m.:
 The science of physiognomy.
- Philosophy of religions; comparative study of religions: dogmatic theology; science of rationalising religion.
- ilm-i-ladunni, n. m.: د الماني 'ilm-i-ladunni'
- ilml, adj.: Literary; scientific.
- علميت 'ilmiyat, n. f.: Learning; erudition.
- (A) 'alam. n. m. : A banner; a standard.
 - 'alam-bardar, n. m.: Standard bearer.
- (A) 'ulu, n. m.: Height; eminence; sublimity.
 - 'ulwi, adj.: Celestial; heavenly; high; sublime.
- ماوی (A) 'alwi. adj.: A descendant of Hazrat Ali, the fourth Pious Caliph (but not thround Hazrat Fatimah).

- Separation: parting; leaving (a service or organization); break-up; isolation.
 - *alahidah, adv. & adj.:

 (1) Separate; a p a r t;
 asunder; away. (2) Disjoined; detached; separate; cut off; asunder;
 isolated, solitary; aloof;
 excluded; exclusive; shut
 out; distinct; different.
- (A) 'ulya, adj.: Eminent; high (fem of اعلی a'la.)
- الملک سلیک (A) 'alaik salaik,

 n. f.: Casual acquaintance;

 formal contact.
- مليل (A) 'alil, adj.: Ill; indisposed; out of sorts.
- op (A) am, n. m. : An uncle.
- عمارت (A) 'imarat, n. f.: A building; an edifice.
- or rider's seat with a canopy on an elephant.
- Jlac (A) 'ammāl, n. m. pl.:

 Governors; collectors;

 rulers; executives. (s. عامل 'āmil.)

4aloo (P) 'amamah, 'ammamah, n. m.: A turban.

- Jao (A) 'amd, 'amad, n. m.: Intention; resolution.
 - Isac 'amdan, adv.: Wilfully; deliberately.
- Sas (A) 'umdagi, n. f.: Merit; worth; excellence.
 - 'umdah, adj.: Good; choice; great; noble; fine; sound; major; sterunadulterated; ling: fresh; in good condition.
- yap (A) 'umr, n. f.: Age.
 - 'umr bhar, adv.: For life: life-long.
 - umr rasīdah, adj. & n. m: (1) Aged. (2) One of advanced years.
 - 'umr 1 nah, n.f: A life as long as Noah's (950 years.).
 - oyos (A) 'umrah, n. m.: Pilgrimto Mecca on days other than the Hajj.
 - عمق (A) 'umuq, n.m.: Depth; profundity.

- Jap (A) 'amal, n. m.: (1) Praotice; work; action; measure; time; process; procedure; execution; effect; administration. (2) enema. (3) Exorcism.
 - 'amal darl, n. f.: Jurisdiction; rule; government; reign; overlord-ship.
 - : .amal dakhl, n. m عمل دخل Possession; sway.
 - 'amal dar āmad, عمل درآمد m. m.: Practice; action; process.
 - Also (A) 'amlah, n m.: Staff of workers; establishment; office staff
 - اعمو (A) 'amūd, n. m.: Height; a perpendicular.
 - اب (A) 'unnab, n. m.: The jujube tree and fruit.
 - نابي 'unnabi, adj.: Chocolate red.
 - Suc (A) 'Inad, n. m.: Malice; enmity; grudge.
 - Ulic (A) 'inan, n.f.: Bridle; rein.
 - שועם (A) 'Indyat, m. f.: Favour; bounty; kindness.

- inayat karne, v.: To show favour; to be kind; to give; to grant.
- grapes.
- A) 'ambar, n. m.: A rich perfume; ambergris.
 - colour or odour of ambergris.
- ا عندلیب (A) 'andalib, n.f.: A nightingale.
- Motive; opinion; view.
 - ya(h) panā, lenā, m'alum karnā, v.: To ascertain the opinion (of).
- ا عنصر (A) 'unsur, unsar, n. m.: Element; origin.
 - to element; original.
- ביילפוני (A) 'unfuwān, ה. וא.:

 Beginning (of) a thing;

 prime; bloom.
 - unfuwān-l-shabāh, adj.: The beginning or prime of youth.

- A fabulous bird; the phoenix. (2) Rare; scarce; wonderful; hard to find.
- spider. (A) 'ankabū!, n. f. : A
- Headline; title; preamble.

 (2) Mode; manner.
- (A) 'awaqib, n. m., pl.: Consequences; aftermath. (s. عاتبت 'aqibat.)
- (A) 'awam, n. m., pl.: The common people; the masses; the populace. (s. die 'amma(h).) (opp. of khawas, gentry, top persons.)
- 390 (A) 'aud, m. m.: A return; a relapse.
 - get a relapse; to return to; to fall back.
- wood. (2) A musical instrument; a lute.
- female; a woman; a lady; a wife.

- tute; exchange; compensation; retribution; retaliation.
 - اله اله 'iwaz mu'awizah' عوض معاوضه n. m.: Exchange; tit for tat.
- (A) 'ehd, n. m.: (1) A pledge; an engagement; stipulation; promise; contract. (2) Reign; age; period; time.
 - ahd karna, n. m.: To make a vow; to abjure.
 - A treaty; a contract; a convention.
- الاه (A) 'uhda(h), n m.: Office; duty; charge; post.
 - hond, v.: To discharge a duty; to manage a task successfully; to fulfil an engagement or responsibility.
 - office holder; an official.
- Visiting a cick person to engure about his health.

- (A) 'alyār, m. m. & adj:
 (1) A knave; an impostor;
 a crasty person. (2) Crasty;
 cunning.
 - ture; deception; circumvention.
- test; standard; touch.
- (A) 'aiyāsh, adj. & n. m.:
 (1) Voluptuous; luxurious.
 - (2) A rake; a debauchee.
 - an imal gratification; debauchery.
- Jus (A) 'iyal, 'iyal, n. m.: A family; children; house-hold; domestics.
 - 'iyāl dār. n. m. t A man with a family.
- ا عيال (A) 'ayāh, adj.: Visible:

 distinct; clear; evident.
- (A) 'alb, n. m.: Fault; impersection; vice.
 - who looks out for faults; an adverse critic.
- festival; festivity.

- ان عيد كا چاند اd kā chānd, adj.: Rare; rarely seen.
- أكيسائى (A) 'Isā'l, n. m.: A follower of Jesus Christ; a Christian.
 - (1) Related with or pertaining to Christianity.
 (2) Christian (calendar).
- enjoyment; sensual enjoyment.
 - aish karnā, v.: To enjoy: to revel; to lead a luxurious life.
- יאָני (A) 'ain. adj.: Exact; direct; real; very.
- ره (A) 'ain, n. m.: Spring; fountain; name of an alphabet; eye.
 - glasses (for eyes).
 - aini, adj. : Ocular. عينى
 - aini shāhid. عمنی شاید، کواه ganāh, n.m.. An eyewitness.

غ

- غ ghain, n. m.: Nineteenth letter of Arabic, twenty second of Persian and twenty fifth of Urdu. Numerical value, according to ابجد abjad = 1000.
- ران (A) ghār, n. m.: (1) A grotto; a cave; a pit; den (of a wild beast); a hollow ground. (2) A deep gash or wound.
- افارت (A) ghārai, n. f. & adj.:

 Plunder; pillage; rapine;

 devastation. (2) Devastated; destroyed.
 - غارت كرنا <u>gh</u>ārat karnā, v.:
 To plunder; to ravage.
 - غارت کر <u>gh</u>ārat gar, n. m.;

 Plunderer: destroyer;

 a robber; (fig.) one who
 oppresses (lovers); a
 beloved.
- ed powder for the skin; a face powder.
- who fights against infidels;
 a religious warrior. (2)

Title of Muslim Kings. (3) (fig.) Horse.

- A nephew of Sultan Mahmud of Ghaznah, saint Masood Salar Ghazi, (d. 1033 A.D), buried in Bahraich (UP., India), annual ceremony at whose shrine is held in memory of his victories against infidels.
- usurpur; a plunderer; an unlawful possessor.
- Negligent; heedless; unmindful. (2) Asleep: unconscious.
- coming; overpowering; excelling; surpassing; predominant; paramount; triumphant; victorious.
 - غالب آنا ، بونا <u>ahallb</u> ana, hona, v.: To win; to excel; to surpass; to overcome; to conquer.
 - غالبة <u>ahāliban, adv.</u>: Probably; likely; very likely; in all probability.

- (A) ghall, adj.: Passing prescribed limits.
- غاليچه (P) ghālicha(h), n. m.: A smail carpet.
- invisible; vanished; lost.
 - غائب كرنا <u>ha'ib karnā</u>, v.: To cause to vanish; to remove stealthily; to steal.
 - one's absence; at one's back; invisibly; secretly.
- غائر (A) <u>gh</u>ā'ir, adj.: Deep; wide.
- ا غایت (A) ghāyat, n. f. & adv.:

 (1) Extremity; motive;

 ultimate object or purpose.

 (2) Very much; mostly;

 excessively.
- غبار (A) ghubār, n.m.: Dust; dust storm; impurity; grudge; bad blood; rancour; malice.
 - غبار نكالنا <u>ghūbār mikālnā</u>, v.:

 To give vent to passion;
 to take revenge.
- ارم غباره (۱۸) <u>ghub@ra(h)</u>, <u>ghubb@-</u> -a(h), n. m.: Baloon.

- غبن (A) <u>ghaban, n. m.</u>: Misappropriation (of money); defalcation; embezzlement.
 - غبن كرنا <u>ghaban karnā</u>, v. : To misappropriate.
- (A) <u>gh</u>abl, adj.: Dullheaded; Dunce.
- غدار (A) ghaddar, adj.: (1)

 Faithless; treacherous;

 perfidious. (2) Thickly

 populated (city).
 - غداری <u>gh</u>addārī, n. f.: Treachery.
- son; mutiny; disorder; revolt; anarchy. (2) First war of independence in India (1857 A.D.) which the British rulers called
 - غدر مجانا، كرنا <u>gh</u>adar machānā, karnā, v.: To raise a riot; to revolt; to cause confusion.
- غدود (A) <u>gh</u>udūd, n. m., pl. : Glands ; a granulous swelling (s. عده <u>gh</u>addah.)
- diet; sustenance; nourishment.

- غذائيت <u>ghizā'iyai, n.f.:</u> Nutrition; aliment.
- splendid; resplendent; famous; noted; well-known.
- A gargle. (2) Loose trousers; a parted skirt worn by women in Indo Pakistan sub continent.
 - غراره كرنا <u>gh</u>arara(h) karna,
 v.: To gargle.
- to roar; to express anger; to grumble.
- غرب (A) <u>gh</u>arb, n. m.: The West.
 - غربى <u>gh</u>arbi, adj.: Western.
- أمريت (A) ghurbat, n. f.: (1)

 Poverty; want; penury; humility; lowliness. (2)

 Alienness; state of being foreigner; being far from one's country and friends.
- غرض (A) <u>gharaz</u>, n. f.: Intention; motive; object; necessity; concern; self-interest.

غرض مند gharazmand, adj.: Needy; interested; selfish.

- غرض نكالنا gharaz nikālnā, v.: To have one's end served.
- gharaz ki, adv.: in short.
- (A) ghurfah, n. m.: Window; a lattice.
- غـرق (P) gharq, adj.: Drowned; immersed; sunk; absorbed; occupied with.
 - gharq karnā, v.; To drown.
 - gharq honā, v.; To غرق ہونا be drowned; to be absorbed; to be drunk.
 - غرقاب ghargab, adj. & n. m. : (1) Sunk; drowned. (2) Deep water.
- (A) ghurab, n. m.: Setting of the sun, moon or stars.
- رور (A) <u>gh</u>urar, n. m.: Pride; conceit.
 - غرور کرنا ghurur karnā. To be proud.

- غړه (A) ghurrah, n. m.: (1) First day of the moon; first day of any Muslim month; first of anything. (2) Missing meals or any item done daily; starving
- (A) <u>gh</u>arrah, <u>gh</u>arr**ā**, n. m.: Pride: vanity.
- غريب (A) gharlb, adj.: (1) Poor; destitute; humble; meek; mild; innocent. (2) Rare; unusual; extraordinary; foreign; strange.
 - غيريب السديار ، غيريب السوطن gharlb-ud-diyar, gharlbul-watan, n.m.: One away from home or in foreign land; a foreigner.
 - غريبامۇ <u>gh</u>aribā mau, adj.: Humble; poor; as befits a poor person.
 - غريب خانه gharlb khāna(h), n. m.: One's own (humble) lodging; one's house.
 - غريبي gharibl, n. f.: Poverty; penury; indigence; meekness; mildness; the state of being a foreigner.
 - غريزى (A) gharizi, adj.: Innate;

- غريق (A) gharlq, n. m. & adj.:
 (1) A drowning person. (2)
 Drowned; immersed.
 - غريق رهست <u>gkariq-i-raḥmat</u>, adj.: (lit.) Drowned in the grace of God; dead.
- غزال (A) ghezāl, n. m.: A gazelle; a buck; a young deer.
- غزل (A) <u>ghazal</u>, n. f.: An ode; a lyrical poem; a form of verse in Persian and Urdu.
 - غزل كو، سرا غزل كو، سرا ghazal go, sarā,
 m. m.: A composer of an ode; one who recites ode; (fig.) a musician.
- war fought against infidels to save Islam, in the company of Holy Prophet Mohammad.
- المنظ (A) <u>ghassāl</u>, n. m.: A washer (of the dead).
- غسل (A) ghusl, m. f.: Bathing; a bath; purifying by a bath.
 - غسل خانه ghusi Khāna(h), n. m.: Bathroom.
- غسل كرنا <u>gh</u>usl karnā, v.: To take a bath.

- غش (A) ghash, n.m.: A swoon; a stupor; fainting.
 - غش آنا، خارى بونا ghash ana, tari hona, v.: To fall into a swoon; to become unconscious.
- ful possession; misappropriation; embezzlement; usurpation.
 - غصب كرنا ghaşb, karna, v.:
 To misappropriate; to usurp.
- tac (A) ghussa(h), n.m.: Anger; rage.

 - ghussa(h) pl jana,

 * To suppress or control (one's) anger.
- To enrage; to put out of temper; to provoke; to irritate; to give offence.
- غصه کرنا ، بونا ghussa(h) karnā, honā, v.: To be angry; to lose temper.

بنغذ (A) <u>gh</u>azab, n. m. & adj.: (1) Anger; wrath; violence; rage; calamity; cataclasm; storm. (2) Heightened.

- ghazab dhānā, v.: To cause havoc; to tyrannise.
- غفار (A) ghoffar, adj.: Most forgiving; most merciful; an epithet of God.
- تفلت (A) ghaflat, n. f: (1) Neglect; inattention; carelessness; negligence. (2) A swoon; slumber; drowsiness; unconsciousness.
 - ghaflas karna, v.: To neglect; to disregard.
- Je (A) ghul, n. m.: Noise; clamour; tumult; outcry.
 - غياره ghul ghapara(h), n. m.: Uproar; yell; brawl; clamour; disturbance.
 - غل مجانا ghul machana, v.: To make a noise.
- كاظت (A) ghilazat, n. f.: Dirt; fith: dung; nightsoil.
- غلاف (A) ghilaf, n. m.: A case, a pillow case; a cover; . sheath; the fore-skin.

- ghilas charhana, غلاف جزمانا y.: To encase (pillow); to put on a sheath.
- No (A) ghulam, n.m.: A slave; a bondsman; a serf; an humble servant; a page; the knave at cards; (fig.) my humbie self.
 - غلام بنانا ghulam banana, ۲.: To enslave; to reduce to slavery; to lure into bondage; (fig.) to charm.
 - ghulam gardish, غلام کردش n. m. : Enclosed varandah of a tent for servants; a covered way round a building; a gallery.
 - غلامي غلامي غلامي غلامي bondage; thraldom; vassalage; enslavement: servitude.
 - غلبه (A) ghalba(h), n. m.: Victory; triumph; ascendancy; mastery; predominance; excess; overcoming; advantage.
 - غلبه پانا <u>gh</u>alba(h) pana, v.: To get the upper hand; to be victorious.

- غلبه كرنا <u>ghalba(h)</u> karna, v.:
 To overwhelm; to overcome; to mob; to attack
 en mass; to create a row.
- blc (A) ghelat, adj.: Wrong; erroneous; inaccurate; incorrect; untrue; false;
 mistaken.
 - v: To misconceive: to misunderstand; to misjudge.
 - Misunderstanding; misapprehension; misconception.
 - الله <u>ghalat</u> nāmah, n. m.: Erratum.
- sight; a slip; slip (of the pen); a fallacy; misstatement; inaccuracy;
 miscalculation; error;
 mistake; fault.
- غلطی کرنا <u>ghalati</u> karna, v.:
- ناطان (P) <u>ghaltan</u>, adj. : Wallowing; rolling about.

- adv.: Confounded; absorbed in thought.
- نامان (A) ghilmān, n. m., pl.:

 Handsome slave boys to

 serve the virtuous in paradise. (s. كُلُّهُ, slave.)
- (A) ghulu, n. m.: Excess (in belief, adoration etc.).
- Alc (A) ghalla(h), n. m.: Grain; corn; sale proceeds of the day; a box for daily cash sale proceeds.
- لله (P) <u>gh</u>ullah, n. m.: A pellet (shot from a pellet bow). (Contr. of غلوله <u>gh</u>ulālah.)
- bilic (A) ghallz, adj: Thick; dirty; filthy; foul; nasty; offensive; coarse; obscene.
- غليل (P) ghulel, n. m.: A pellet bow; a catapult.
- nc (A) gham, n. m.: Grief; sorrow; woe; concern; sadness.
 - gham khwār, gusār, adj. & n. m.: (1)
 Sympathiser; comforter; consoler. (2) A kind friend.
 - غمزد. <u>gh</u>amzadah, adj.: Afflicted with grief; sorrowful.

- nd, v.: To divert one's mind; to console; to solace; to forget one's grief or sorrow.
- غمی <u>gkaml</u>, n. f.: Death; demise; mourning.
- amorous glance; ogling; affectation; coquetry.
- wealth. (2) Indifference; unconcern; disregard.
- 'lic (A) ghina' n. m.: Singing; vocal music; a tune.
- bud; a rose-bud; blossom.
- لغندُ (H) ghunghund, ghinghind, m. m.: One who speaks or sings through the nose.

 (fem. غننني ghunghuni, ghinghini)
- Sopie (P) ghunudgi, m. f.:
 Drowsiness; nap.
- (A) ghunnah, n. m.: The nasal J, N.
- A rich person; an independent person; care-free person. (2) Rich; independent; indifferent.

- enemy.
- adj.: (1) Riches obtained without labour; a booty; spoils of war; a blessing.

 (2) Tolerable; tolerably good.
 - غواص (A) ghawwas, a. m.: A diver.
 - Close attention or care; reflection; deep thought; consideration; deliberation.
 - غور و برداخت ghaur u · pardakhi, n. f.: Bringing up; maintaining; attendance on; attention to.
 - غورطلب غورطلب Worth consideration; under consideration.
 - غور كرنا think; to consider; to reflect; to regard with attention.
 - meditation; a fit of absent mindedness; a swoon.
 - a dive; a plunge.

- To dip; to duck under water; to baptise; (fig.) to intermit; to be absent.
- غوطه مارنا ghoṭa(h) mārnā, v.:
 To plunge; to dive.
- cry; noise; clamour; hubbub; uproar.
- Spė (P) ghuk, n. m.: A frog; a toad.
- Joe (A) ghol, n. m.: Crowd; gang; mob; concourse; crew; throng.
 - غول بيا باند ghol-i-bayabani,
 n. m.: A mythical demon
 leading people astray;
 a kind of ghost.
- غيبت، غيبت (A) <u>gh</u>ayāb, **ghai-**bai, m. m. & f.: Absence.

 (opp. of مضور huz≡r,
 presence.)
- (1) Invisibility; mystery; the hidden world; things hidden from view. (2) Concealed; hidden.
 - ghaibānī, n. f.: (W) A shameless woman.
 - biting; slander.

- ghaib dan, n. m. & adj: [1) A seer; a diviner. (2) Omniscient; having knowledge of hidden things.
- invisible; heavenly.
- Stranger; another person; an alien; an outsider; a foreigner; rival. (2) Different; other; bad; foreign.
- Mithout; besides; except.
 - ghair abad, adj.: Unpopulated; uninhabited.
 - غير تربيت يالته ghair tarbiyat
 yaftah, adj.: Uncivilised;
 uneducated; ill bread;
 unmannerly.
 - غمر حاضر ghair ḥā z i r, adj.:
 Not present; absent;
 away.
- ghair mutaraqqabah, adj.: Unexpected; lucky.
- Unauthorised; unauthenticated; doubtful.

غيرمعمولي <u>gh</u>air m'amull, adj.: Unusual; extraordinary.

غيرممكن <u>gh</u>atr mumkin, adj.: Impossible; not feasible; impracticable.

<u>adj.</u>: Unsuitable; unbecoming; improper.

ghair manqulah, adj.:
Immoveable; fixed.

غمريت <u>ghairiyat</u>, n. f.: Strangeness.

غيرت (A) ghairat, n. f.: Shame; modesty; propriety; selfrespect; sense of honour.

غيرت مند ghairat mand, adj.: Modest; bashful; selfrespecting.

bic (A) ghaiz, n. m.: Rage; fury; anger.

(A) gha) ur, adj. & n. m.:

(l) High - minded; selfrespected. (2) An epithet
of God

fe, n. f.: Twentieth letter of Arabic, twenty-third of

Persian and twenty-sixth of Urdu. Numerical value according to ابجد = 80.

(A) fāliḥ, adj. & n. m.:
Opening; conquering. (2)
One who opens; a conqueror.

(A) fatiha(h), n. f.: (1)

Commencement; first part

of a thing; name of the

opening chapter of the

Holy Quran; prayers for

the dead or the saints.

(Also fem. of

برها fātiḥa(h) parhnā,

v.: To pray for the dead; (fig.) to give up a thing as lost.

فاتر (A) / atir, adj.: Weak; sluggish; idle; infirm; unsound; disturbed.

fatir - ul - 'aql, adj.: Having unsound mind.

(A) fājir, n. m. & adj.: (1) فاجر (A) sinner. (2) Sinful; unchaste. (fem. فاجره fājirah.)

indecent; immodest; foul;

9 2 90

evil; nefarious; (fig.) enormus; excessive. (fem.

- (A) fākhtah, n. f.: A dove.
 - الفتد آزانا fakhtah urana, v.:

 To enjoy life; to be prosperous: to do frivolous things.
 - ja<u>khta'l, n. f</u>: Dovecolour; fawn colour.
- أفاخر (A) fokhir, n m. & adj.: (1)

 A boaster; one who takes delight in boasting. (2)

 Precious; valuable. (fem.

 o fākhirah.)
- فارس (P) fars, n. m.: Persia; (Mod.) Iran.
 - الاسي farsī, n. f. & adj.: (1)

 The Persian language (2)

 Belonging to Fars (Iran)
- expert horseman; a great rider.
- فارغ (A) farigh, adj.: Disengaged; un-occupied; free; absolved; contented; at ease; discharged.

- ارغ البال farigh-ul-bal, adj.: البال Independent; in easy circumstances; free from care.
- للاغ خطى farigh khatl, farkhatl, n. f.: A deed of release or discharge; a deed of dissolution of partnership or marriage.
- who distinguishes between right and wrong; the title of Hazrat Umar, the second Pious Caliph.
- فاست (A) fāsikh, ādj.: Breaker: violator
- الساف (A) fāsid, adj.: Corrupt;
 vicious; depraved; perverse; wicked; wrong;
 guilty; culpable
- فاسق (A) fāsiq, n m. & adj: (1)

 Transgressor; sinner; a

 fornicator; an adulterer; a

 worthless fellow. (2) Impious. (fem. المناه fāsiqah.)
- in (P) fash, adj.: Apparent; manifest; known; notorious; gross; serious.
 - فاش غلطي fāsh ghalatl, v.: A gross or serious mistake.

فاش غلطي كرفا

- اش غلطی کرنا fash ghalail karnā, v.: To commit a serious mistake.
- اش کرنا fash karnā, v.: To disclose; to lay bare; to lay open; to let out; to divulge; to reveal; to discover; to betray.
- فاصل (A) fāşil, adj.: Separator; divider.
- ce; space; intermediate space; interval; gap; break; discontinuity; separation; duration.
- (A) fazil, adj. & m. m.:

 (1) Superfluous; over and above; more than enough; accomplished: learned; proficient; abundant; in excess; virtuous. (2) Surplus; excess (revenue); residue; an accomplished person; a scholar.
- Doing; operating; making.

 (2) Doer; maker; performer; operator; agent;

 (gram) subject.

- rative; efficient; effective.
- 4919 (A) faqah, n, m.: Starvation; (fig) want; poverty.
 - الله كرنا fāqah karnā, v.: To go without food.
 - adj: (1) A famished person; one who fasts from want of food. (2) Extremely hungry; famished.
 - One who starves but conceals his distress; one who is happy though in poverty.
 - Jié (A) fal, m. f.: Augury; omen: presage; spell.
 - To cause events to be foretold.
 - extra; surplus; over and above; redundant.
 - فالج falij, a. m. : Paralysis.
 - البح كرنا falij girnā, v.: To be paralysed.
 - acid fruit. A sub-

- kind of flummery pressed through a seive and mixed with sugar and milk.
- e) fanus, n. m.: Glass shade of candlestick; a lantern; a chandelier.
 - انوس خیال fānīs i <u>Kh</u>ayāl, m. m.: A magic lantern; phantasmagoria.
- (A) fanl, adj.: Mortal; perishable.
- profit; advantage; outturn; yield; benefit; interest; use; importance; utility; result.
 - To reap benefit or advantage (from); to utilize; to gain; to make a profit.
 - الله منك fa'idah mand, adj.:

 Profitable; advantageous;
 useful; efficacious
- الز (A) fa'iz, adj: Attaining; acquiring; reaching; obtaining
 - فائز المرام علام على المرام على المرام adj.: Successful; prosperous.

- فاق (A) fa'iq, adj.: Superior; excelling; excellent; surpassing.
- (A) fath, n, f.: Victory; success; triumph; conquest.
 - إنا، فتح بانا، فتح ياب بونا fath pānā, fathyāb honā, v.: To be victorious; to achieve victory, success.
 - fath karna, v.: To conquer.
- P) fiirak, n.m. & f.: Saddle straps.
- (A) fitma(h), n.m. & adj.: (1)
 Sedition; seduction; revolt;
 mutiny; pest; mischief;
 perfidy; temptation; name
 of an عطر 'ttr, perfume. (2)
 Wicked; naughty.
 - na, barpa karna, v.: To create disturbance; to raise a tumult; to revolt.
 - pardāz, adj. & n. m.: (1)
 Mischievous; seditious;
 turbulent. (2) A mischief-maker; an incendiary; a seditious person.

- Victories; conquests; gains; income received gratuitously. (s. فتوح fath.).
- (A) fut #hat, n.f., pl.:

 Numerous victories or

 conquests. (s. فتع.)
- unsoundness; infirmity; riot; discord; row; disorder; weakness; infirmity; quarrelling.
- order under Muslim law; decision of a تانى qūzi, a Muslim judge, in a particular matter; judgement; decision; award.
 - give a verdict according to Muslim law; to pass judgement in a matter of religious import.
 - (A) faillah, n. m.: A wick; a fuse.
 - fatll soz, m. m.: A brass stand having a cup on top for oil and wick, used as a lamp.

- ing; daybreak; dawn of day; early morning morning
- ness; immorality; debauchery.
- (A) fuhsh, n.m. & adj.:
 (1) Obscenity. (2) Obscene;
 indecent.
- nobility; just or proper pride; a thing to be proud of; boasting; egotism.
 - feel proud; to boast.
 - just pride; boastfully.
 - A) fida, n. m. & adj.: (1)
 Sacrifice; devotion; consecration; redemption; devoting one's self to save another; ransom; exchange.
 (2) Devoted; dying for.
 - sacrifice; to devote one-self or a thing (for or to).

- fida'l, m.m.: A lover; one who willingly hazards his life for a person or good cause.
- Devoted. (2) Your devoted servant (written at the end of a letter or application addressed to a superior).
- فديه (A) fidyah, n. m.: Ransom; consecration; sacrifice.
- glory; splendour; magnificence.
- فراخ (A) farākh, adj.: Spacious; extensive; wide; large; plentiful.
 - frakhi, m. f.: Wideness; roominess; prosperity.

 (Opp. of تنگ ۱ a k g, narrow.)
- ورار (A) firar, n.m.: Flight; running away; absconding
- فراز (P) faraz, n. m., adj. & adv.: (1) Ascent; height; elevation; acclivity. (opp. of نشيب nasheb, descent)
 (2) High; aloft; exalted; exalting; elevating; ascending; lofty. (3) Above;

- upwards; aloft; on top (of).
- فراست (A) firdsat, n. f.: Penetration; insight; perception; acuteness; discernment; wisdom; sagacity; understanding.
- or any bed on which to sleep; floor; pavement.
- (A) farrash, n. m.: A chamberlain; a bedmaker; a servant who spreads carpets, makes beds and lights lamps etc.; a tent-pitcher.
 - فراشی farräshl, n. f.: The business of a farrash; spreading carpets.
- إن التي سلام farrāshi salām, n.
 m.: (lit.) A bow or
 obeisance made down to
 the carpet; a most respeciful salute.
- engagement; leisure; repose; ease; freedom from
 care or business,

- Cessation (from labour or business); respite; breathing time; interval of rest; ease; comfort; convenience; sufficiency; disengagement; lessure; repose; call of nature; abundance; affluence; happiness; easy circumstances.
 - to obtain freedom (from); to have leisure.
- فراق (A) firāq, n. m.: Separation; absence; departing; anxiety.
- (P) faramosh, adj.: Forgotten; neglected.
 - فراموشی farāmoshī, n. f.:
 Forgetfulness.
- (P) firāwān, adj. Abundant; copious; plenty.
 - firāwānī, n. f.: Abun-dance; plentifulness.
- (P) faraham, adj.:
 Collected; gathered; accumulated; amassed;
 brought together.
 - أرابم كرنا farāham karnā, v.:
 To gather; to amass.

fardhaml, n. f.: Collecting; assembling together.

- فربه (A) farbih, adj.: Fat; plump; stout and strong; corpulent; fleshy.
 - לקיאט farbihl, n. f.: Fatness; corpulence.
- (A) farj. n. f.: Orifice of the external female organ of generation; private part of a woman (Also faraj, fissure.) (In U. also pronounced as furj.)
- (P) farjam, n. m.: End; conclusion.
- فرح (A) faraḥ, n. f.: Joy; gladness; pleasure; cheerfulness; amusement; recreation; diversion.
 - farḥān, adj.: Glad; picased; joyful; cheerful.
 - أرحت farḥat, n. m.: Delight;
 pleasure; joy; cheerfulness; recreation; diversion; amusement.
 - أرحت بخش farḥat bakhsh, adj.:

 Refreshing; pleasant;

 pleasure giving; entertaining.

- ליל (P) farrukh, adj.: Happy; lucky; fortunate; auspicious.
- فرخنده (P) farkhundah. adj.: Happy; fortunate; prosperous.
- (A) fard, n. m. & f.: (1)
 A single person; an individual. (2) A sheet of paper;
 a verse; a complet; outer fo ldof a quilt; list of invitees at a function.
- فرد (A) fard, adj.: Unique; incomparable; singular; one (and no more).
 - فرداً ورداً - ا فر (P) fards, n.m: Tomorrow.
- فودوس (A) firdaus, n. m.: Paradise; a garden.
- فرزانگی (P) farzangi, n. f.: Wisdom; learning.
- فوزاله (P) farzānah, adj.: Wise; intelligent; distinguished.
- spring; son; daughter.

- فرزندی farzandi, n f: Relation of an offspring to a parent; sonship.
- farzandl ment فرزندی میں لینا farzandl ment lent, v.: To adopt as a son or daughter; (fig.) to make (one) a son-in-law.
- وزيى (P) farzia, m. f.: The queen at chess.
- ورس (P) faras, n. m.: A horse:
- (P) forsang, فرسنگ، فرسنخ farsakh. n. m.: A distance of more or less three miles.
- ورسودگی (P) farsædogi, n. f.: Wear and tear; decay.
- (A) farsh, n. m.: Floor; a floor-cloth; pavement; carpet; mat.
 - farsh bichhana, y.:

 To spread; to cover with
 a carpet; to pave.
 - in Sersh fur Bish, n. m. :
 Beds and carpets.
 - farshi, adj. & n. m.: (1)
 Belonging to a floor or
 carpet, (2) A large
 broad-bottomed hugger.

فرشى سلام farshl salam: See .فراشي سلام

- ف شته (P) firishia(h), n. m. & adj: (1) An angel; a messenger; a missionary. (2) Simple.
- (A) furșat, n. f.: Leisure; freedom; opportunity; rest; leave; recovery; relief.
 - furşat pana, فرصت یانا ، ملنا milna, v.: To have time or leisure (for); to be at leisure; (fig.) to be discharged; to be dismissed.
 - furşat dena, v.: To allow time, occasion or opportunity (for); to give leave.
 - (A) farz, n. m.: Divine command; duty; moral obligation; responsibility; a statute; supposition.
 - farz ada karna, فرض ادا كرنا v.: To discharge one's duty.
 - farz karna, v.: To impose a duty or obligation; to grant; to suppose; to assume; to take for granted; to admit.

- farz-i-kifāyah, n. فرض كفايد m: A Divine command binding on all Muslims but, if performed by one a family member of regarded as having been performed by the entire family (c. g. i namaz-I-janazah, نما زجنا زه prayers for a deceased).
- فرضي farzi, adj.: (lit.) (1) Incumbent; obligatory; indispensable; imperative. (2) Supposed; fictitious; not real or essential; nominal; assumed; hypothetical.
- افرط (A) fart, n. f.: Excess; abundance.
- (A) fara', n. f.: A branch; a bough; (fig.) a side issue.
- (A) fir'aun, n. m.: (lit.) A corcodile; a monster; Pharaoh; Walid ibni Mus'ib, King of Egypt at the time of Prophet Moses, who claimed to be God Almighty; (fig.) a despot; a proud and arrogant person.
 - fir aun i be فرعون برسامان sāmān, n.m.: One who is proud despite poverty.

- أرعونيت fir'auniyat, n. f.:

 Pride; arrogance; despotism.
- (P) far<u>gh</u>ul, n. m. & f.: A great coat; a cloak; a quilted cloak; a mantle.
- (A) farq, n. m.: Difference; distance; partition; distinction; separation; interruption; intervening space; interval; defeciency; parting of the hair; the head; aummit; the top of any thing.
 - jana, par jana, v.:
 To become different; to
 be changed; to become
 impure; to have misunderstanding; to be discordant.
- inguish; to modify; to separate.
- فرقان (A) furqān, n. m.:
 Distinguishing truth from falsehood; (fig.) the Holy Quran.

- فرقت (A) furqat, n. f.: Separation (of lovers); disunion; absence.
- فرقه (A) firqah, n. m.: A sect; a class; a tribe.
 - irqah bandi, n. f: Caste system; sectarianism; factionalism.
 - أرقه پرست firqah parast, adj.:
 Sectarian.
- (F) farma, n. m.: (Cor. of forme.) Pages of type or stereotype plates arranged and fastened in iron frame for printing purposes.
- فرمان (P) farmāh, n. m.: A mandate; order; command edict; charter; a royal patent; grant.
 - فرسالاروا farmān rawā, n. m.:
 A sovereign; a commander.
 - أربانا farmānā, v.: To command; to order or say in polite terms; to deign.
- P) farmā'ish, n f.:
 Order or commission; anything commissioned or
 requisitioned.

- فرمائش کرنا farma'ish karna, v.: To place an order (with); to ask for.
- forma'ishi, adj. & n.

 forma'ishi, adj. & n.
- of French word Frank)
 Country of the Franks;
 Europe.
 - فرنگستان farangistān, n. m.: Europe.
 - فرنگی farangi, adj. & n. m.:
 (1) European. (2) A
 European.
- of ground rice, milk and sugar.
- (P) faro, adj.: Down; below; under.
 - فروكن faro ian, adj.: Lowly; submissive; depressed.
 - أروكني faro tani, n. f.: Humility; submission.
 - فرو کش faro kash, adj.: Staying; lodging.

- فرو كراشت faro guzāsht, n f.:
 Omission; negligence;
 error; lapse; fault.
- ignoble; sordid.
- ورخت (P) farokhi, n. f.: Sale; disposal.
 - فروخت كرنا farokht karna, ۲.:
 To sell.
- e) furoz, faroz, adj. & n.
 m.: (1) Illumining; enlightening; inflaming; (Used in
 comp. as دل فروز dil faroz,
 heart-inflaming.) (2) Splendour; brilliance.
 - أروزاك furozāk, adj.: Shining; luminous; resplendent; inflaming.
- e) farosh, adj.: Selling; seller. (Used in comp. as ملوه فروش halwa(h) farosh, sweet-meat seller.)
- فروع، فروعات (A) fur E', fur E-'at, n. f., pl.: Branches; subdivisions; ramifications; off-shoots. (s. فرع الم
 - فروعی furu'l, adj.: Collateral; indirect; additional.

- (A) farogh, n. m.; Brightness; splendour; light; illumination; glory; fame; honour.
- A dictionary; a lexicon; a glossary. (2) Wisdom; intellect; culture.
- افريان (P) faryād, n. f.: Complaint; charge; suit.
 - n. m.: (1) Redressing complaints. (2) A redresser of grievances; one who administers unadulterated justice; (fig.) God.
 - faryād rnsī, m. f.: Redress; succour; help.
- فریادی faryadi, n. m.: A complainant; plaintiff.
- ويب (P) fareb, n.m. & adj.

 (I) Deceit; deception;
 fraud; trick. (2) Deceiving; cheating; alluring.

 (Used in comp. عبد المالية المال
 - أريب دينا fareb denā, v.: To cheat; to deceive; to defraud.

- أريب كهانا fareb khānā, v:

 To be deceived; to be cheated.
- Diskonest; deceitful; cunning; (2) An impostor; a cheat.
- אל (A) farid, adj.; Singular; precious; incomparable; unique.
- فريضه (A) farizah, n.m: Divine command; duty.
 - أديشه ادا كرنا farizah adā. karnā, v.: To act up to commandment; to perform one's duty; to offer prayers.
- (P) farefia(h), adj.: Enamoured; charmed; fascinated.
 - فريفته كرنا furef a(h) karnā, v.:
 To fascinate; to charm;
 to delude
- فريق (A) farlq, n.m.: Company; section; troop; corps; a party in a suit.
- discord; outbreak; disturbance; dissension; quarrel; intrigue; mischief;

sedition; inequity; violence; wickedness; war; rebellion; horror

i المانا ، بربا كرنا ، كهزا كرنا ، المعانا ، بربا كرنا ، المعانا ، بربا كرنا ، كهزا كرنا ، المعانا ، بربا كرنا ، المعانا ، بربا كرنا ، المعانا ،

المادى جو fasad kl jar, n.f.:

Basic cause of trouble;
bone of contention.

vious; seditious: rebelliious, qurarelsome.

(P) fasanah, n. m.: A romance; a tale; a fable; a fiction.

(P) fasurdagi, n. f.: See انسردی afsurdagi.

فسق (A) fisq, n. m.: Impiety; obscenity; inequity; sin; falsehood; adultery.

fisq-u-fuiur, n. m.:

Wickedness; impiety.

P) fusünh, n. m.: See فسون a/sūh.

ing; pressing; compression.

fashār bigar janā, بگڑ جانا ۱.: To be perplexed, bewildered or embarassed.

(A) faṣāḥai, n.f.: Chasteness of language or speech; eloquence; fluency.

of a vein; bleeding; phlebotomy.

open (one's) vein; to bleed (one).

tion; partition; division.

(2) Section; clause; chapter. (3) Harvest; crop.

المار spring season; spring time.

faṣli, adj.: Belonging to the harvest or a season.

faṣil bukhār, n. m.:

The fever caused by change of season;
malaria.

(A) fașih, adj.: Eloquent.

فصيل (A) fasil, n. m.: City wall; a rampart; a wall of defence.

- (A) fazā, n. f.: Openness and extensiveness of place; atmosphere.
- (A) fazi, n. m.: Reward;
 grace; bounty; favours;
 superiority; increase;
 learning; wisdom.
- (A) fuzlah, n.m.: Remainder; redundance; leaving; refuse; residue; excrement; filth.
- (A) fuzul, adj.: Needless; useless; redundant; superfluous; extravagant; exuberant.
 - إلى المجاهزة المجامزة المجامز
- أفضيحت، فضيحت (A) المنابعة (A) إلى المعابقة (A) إلى المع
- (A) fazilat, n. f.: Excellence; perfection; proficiency; virtue; knowledge; learning; preference; superiority.

- fazilat ki pagri, n. f.: (lit.) A turban awarded at the time of completion of accademic studies; (fig.) robe of honour; a diploma.
- (A) fitr, n. f.: Breaking a fast.
- (A) fitrat, n.f.: (1)

 Nature; wisdom; sagacity;

 form: machination (2)

 Deceit; intrigue.
 - irail, adj: (1) Sagacious; wise; natural (2) Cunning; crafty; designing.
- (A) fiṭrah, n. m.: Alms given on 'Id-ul-Fitr' day.
- (A) fi'l, n m.: Action; work; deed; operation; feigning; pretence; pretext; an unnatural act; (gram.) the verb.
- tation; clamour; cry of pain or distress; complaint.
- (A) faq. adj: Lost; gone; faded; dismayed; pale.
 - أق برجانا ، بوجانا ،

فقدان (A) fuqdan, fiqdan, n. m.:

Loss; want; scarcity;

shortage; scantiness;

meagreness.

- (A) faqr, n. m.: Poverty; acceptance of life of poverty with resignation and content; the practice or vocation of a fakir or dervish.
- (A)- figra(h), n. m.: Part of a sentence; sentence; phrase; (fig.) artful talk.
 - ingre(h) baz, adj.: Glibtongued; artful; crafty.
- (A) faqat, adv. & n. m.;
 (1) Merely; simply; only;
 soley; alone. (2) End;
 finis.
- (A) fiqah, n. f.: (lit.) Knowing; understanding the science of Muslim law; Islamic jurisprudence.
- (A) faqlr, n. m. & adj.: (1)

 A beggar; a mendicant; a

 dervish; one who leads a

 holy life. (2) Poor; indigent; penniless; needy.
 - faqiranah, adv.: In the manner of a faqir; beggarly.

- Poverty; beggary; life of a dervish; indigence; humility. (2) Pauper-like.
- (A) faqih, n. n:.: A person well-versed in religious laws.
- ing two things joined together; splitting.
 - fak(k) · l · rihn, n m.:

 Redemption of mortgage;
 liquidation of a debt for
 which property had been
 pledged.
- A) fikr, n.m., & f.: Opinion; notion; imagination; idea; care; concern; anxiety; solicitude; counsel; advice; thought; reflection: consideration.
 - fikr karna, v.: To consider; to reflect; to think (upon); to be anxious; to care; to ponder; to contrive; to plot against; to be thoughtful about; to pine; to grieve (for.)

) (P) figür, adj.: Wounded; sore; afflicted; distracted; confused.

- (A) falah, n. f.: Betterment; prosperity; happiness; profit; safety; refuge.
- كلخن (P) falakhan, n. m.: A sling for throwing stones; catapult.
- فلاسفه (A) falāsifah, n. m., pl.: فلسفي .s. (على المالية Philosophers) falsafl.)
- であり (A) falakai, n.f.: Misfortune; adversity; disgrace; misery; the state of being fortune striken.
- ظزات (A) filizzāt, n.m., pl.: فلز .Mines; ores; metal. (s. فلز filliz.)
- (A) fals, n. m.: (1) A فلس pice; a copper coin. (2) Scales of fish.
- (A) falsafah, n. m.: Philosophy; science; (fig.) logic; argument.
 - فلسفياند falsafiy**a**nah, adj. Philosophical.
- (A) filfil m. f.: Pepper.
- فلک (A) falak, n. m.: Sky:

- heaven; firmament; fortune; fate.
- (U) falita(h), n. m.: (Cor. of P. Alai fatilah.) A wick; fuse; torch; a magic wick.
 - fallsa(h) denā, v.: To apply a match (to); to set light (to).
- (A) fam(m), n. m.: Mouth; opening.
 - famm-i-m'ldah, n.m.: Orifice of the stomach.
- فن (A) fan, n. m.: Art; science; skill; craft; artifice; technique.
 - fankar, n. m.: Artist.
- (1) (A) fanā, n. f. & adj.: Mortality; death; destruction. (2) Defunct; extinct.
 - fanā fillāh, adj.: Lost فنافى الله in (contemplation of) God; a Godly man.
- (A) finjan, n f.: A porcelain dish; a cup.
 - (A) fawwara(h), n. m.: A fountain; a spring.
- فوائد (A) fawā'id, n. m., pl.: Profits; gains; benefits; (s. فائده fā'idah.)

فوت (A) faut, m. f.: Passing away; being lost; escape; death.

- לפי faut honā, v.: To die; to be lost.
- (A) fauj, n. f.: An army; a multitude; a crowd.
 - faujdar, n. m.: Commandant of a military force; Chief Police Officer of a town; a kotwal; a magistrate; a high official who sat on the elephant after the driver facing the Moghul emperor.
 - فوج داری faujdarl, n. f.: A criminal court; a criminal case.
 - faujl, adj.: Military.
- (A) faur, n. m.: Haste; expedition; celerity.
 - forthwith; quickly; straightaway.
- bag; tax; revenue; testicle; the scrotum.
 - foṭa(h) <u>kh</u>āna(h), n. m.: A treasury.

- foiedar, n. m.:
 Treasurer; cashier;
 banker.
- (1) Loftiness; zenith; summit; highest point: altitude; superiority; excellence. (2) Above.
 - inug-ul-'ādat, adj.: Extraordinary; unusual.
 - أوناني fauqual, adj.: Superior; higher; upper.
 - أو قيت fauglyat, n. f.: Superiority; pre-eminence; supremacy.
- בעצי (P) faulād, folād, n. m.:
 Steel.
 - اولادی fouladl, adj. & n. f.:

 (1) Made of steel. (2) A
 pike-staff.
- inventory; a list; table of contents; a catalogue.
- (A) fahm, n. m.: Understanding; intellect; comprehension; perception.
 - ing one to understand; warning; giving instructions or directions; an order; explanation.

- fahlm, adj.: Intelligent; learned; knowing.
- (A) fl, prep.: In; into; among; of; to; with; by; for; for each; each; per.
 - أى البغايمة filbadih, adv.: Extempore; impromptu; readily; spontaneously.
 - i filḥāl, adr.: For the time being; presently; now.
 - ان کس fi kas, prep.: Per head.
- (U)fi, n. f.: Defect; fault.
 - fi nikālnā, v.: To find fault (with).
- enerous; beneficent; munificent; most bountiful.
 - sity; liberality; benevolence; munificence.
 - أياضي كرنا falyyūṣl karnā, v.:
 To be generous; to be liberal.
- فيتا (PR) firā, n. m.: Ribbon; pape.

- e) firoz, adj.: Victorious; prosperous; happy; fortunate.
- e) firozah, m. m.:
 Turquoise.
 - (1) Turquoise blue. (2) Victory: success: prosperity; fortune.
- (A) faişal, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Decided; settled. (2)

 Decision; decree: determination.
 - فيصل كرنا faisal karna, v.: To decide: to adjust; to settle.
 - settlement; decision; adjustment; arbitration.
- فيض (A) faiz, n. m.: Benefit profit; gain; beneficence; favour.
 - المنابخيانا faiz pahunchana,

 v.: To confer favours

 (on); to be generous

 (to); to give alms.
 - المِنْ اللهِ faiz yab, adj.: Benefited; blessed.

- أيضان faizān, n. m: Beneficence; munificence; generosity.
- לאָל (A) fll, n. m.: An elephant.

 fll bān, n. m.: An elephant driver.

ق

- of Arabic, 24th of Persian and 29th of Urdu alphabets.

 Numerical value, according to ابجد abjad = 100.
- الَّ (T) qāb, n. f.: A large plate.
- (1) Possessor; holder; occupant. (2) Possessing; holding; constipating; astringent.
 - تابض بوجانا qābiz ho jānā, v.:

 To take possession; to settle (on another's land).
- قابل (A) qabil, adj.: Worthy; qualified; able; competent.
 - gabil-i-i'tihar, adj.:
 Believable; authentic.

- a d j.: Objectionable; open to objection.
- adj.: Trustworthy; reliable.
- تابل تعریف qabil-i-i'arlf, adj.:
 Praisworthy; creditable.
- proficient or able; to be skilled; to be learned.
- abiliyat, n. f.: Ability; competence; efficiency; capability; erudition.
- الله (A) qābilah, n. f.: A midwife.
- قابو (A) qābū, n. m.: Grip; hold; control; command; the upper hand.
 - the upper hand; to bring under control; to suppress.
 - adj: Beyond one's control; uncontrolable.
 - one's control or power; in one's grip.

قاقل (A) qatil, n. m. & adj.: (1) A murderer; an assassin. (2) Deadly; fatal.

- اگار (A) qādir, adj.: Potent; capable; mighty; competent.
 - adir-i-muilaq, n. m.: The Omnipotent; God Almighty.
- (A) qarurah, n. m.: The urine of a patient (for medical examination); bottle for such a urine.
 - تاروره ملنا gararah milnä, v.: (sl) To be chums.
- (A) gari, n. m.: Ohe who reads; a person who recites the Holy Quran with proper intonation.
- ju (T) qaz, n. f.: A goose.
- P) qash, n. f.: A slice.
- (A) qaşid, n. m.: (lit.) One who intends (to); (fig.) a messenger; an envoy.
- (A) qaşir, adj.: Deficient; incapable; unable; failing
 - qāşir honā, v. To be قاصر بونا unable (to do a thing); to fail; to fail in a duty.

- (A) qāzi, n. m.: One who can satisfy desires; a judge or a magistrate; one appointnted perform to marriage among the Muslims.
 - . qazi ul ḥajaı قاضى الحاجات n. m.: (lit.) The satisfier of the necessities (of man); Providence; God.
- (A) qā ti', adj.: Cutting; silencing; decisive.
- مكدة (A) qā'idah, n. m.: Rule: regulation; law; formula; established order; maxim; principle; etiquette; method; (geom) the base of a triangle.
 - , gat'dak jarl قاعده جاري كرنا karnā, v.: To enforce a sule; to ordain.
 - اعلاه سے qu'ide se, adv.: According to rule; in a regulated way.
- (A) qaf, n.m.: A fabulous mountain; Caucasia.
- ଧ୍ୟତି (A) qofila(h), n. m.: A caravan; a body of travellers or traders.

- الأله مالاز qāfila(h) sālār, n.m.: Leader of a caravan.
- قافیه (A) qā fiyah, n. m.: Rhyme; ending of a line of poetry.
 - qafiyah bandi, n. f.: Rhyming.
 - q a fiyah paima'l,
 n. f.: To versify merely
 for the sake of rhyme;
 insipid poetry.
 - qafiya(h) tang karna, v.: To tease; to perplex; to confuse.
- (A) qalab, qalib, n.m.:

 Frame; body; mould;

 model; a cap shaped block

 for keeping the cap in

 form.
- carpet. (T) qalin, n.m.: A woollen
- (A) qāmat, n. f.: Height; stature; figure.
- (A) qāmūs, n. m.: Arabic lexicon; a dictionary.
- (A) qāni', adj.: Contented; satisfied.
- בּוֹלְפָני (A) qānūn, n. m: (1)

 Canon; law; legislative act. (2) a harp.

- تانون بنانا qānun banana, v.:
 To make laws; to legislate.
- qānun dāh, n. m.: A lawyer; a jurist.
- تاون ساز qanen saz, n.m.: A legislator.
- تانون النون النون الزي aānun sāzi, n. f.: Legislation.
- تانون فوجداری qānun-i-faujdārī, n. m.: Criminal law.
- ing to law; legally; by law.
- A) qā'id, n. m.: A leader; a general
- (A) qa'il, adj: Convinced; conceding; acknowledging.
 - تاگل کرنا qa'il karna, v.: To convince; to silence (by, argument).
- (1) Standing; stationary; lasting: durable; perpetual.
 (2) A drawn game at chess.
 - وَأَنُّ وَالْمَالِ كَهِنَا ad'im rakhnā. v.: To maintain; to keep up; to preserve.

- set up; to erect; to establish; to institute; to instal.
- One acting in place of a n o the r; deputizing; officiating; a representative.
- qa'imah, n. m. & adj.:
 (1) Right angle. (2)
 Perpendicular.
- (A) qabā, n. m.: A long gown.
- (A) qabāḥat, n. f.:
 Defect; deficiency; detriment; objection.
- title-deed; a bill of sale (of a house).
 - qabālah nawis,
 n. m.: An scribe of deeds.
- قبائل (A) qabā'il n. m., pl.: Clans; tribes; wife and children; family. (s. آبيله qabiluh.)
- قبر (A) qubr, n.m.: A grave; a tomb.

- gabr kā بركامنهه جهانك آنا qabr kā muāh jhāāk ānā, v.: To recover from a very serious illness.
- i جو کے سردے آ کھاڑنا qabr ke murde ukharnā, v.: To renew old quarrels.
- men pā'on laikā'i bulihna, v.: Be on the point of death; to be nearing one's end.
- قبرستان qabristān, n. m.: A grave yard; a burial ground.
- (A) qabz, n.m.: Constipation.
 - qabşul wusıl, n. m.: Pay-roll; a receipt register.
- Anything in the grip of the hand; a handle; hilt; hinges; holding; occupancy; possession; tenure.
 - به بر با تهر کهنا qabze par hāth rakhnā, v: To touch the handle of the sword (indicating readiness for a fight).

- make over possession; to give delivery.
- تبضه و gabzah karnā, v.:

 To acquire; to get hold

 of; to step into; to

 seize; to usurp; to

 possess oneself (of).
- (A) qabl, adj. & adv.: (1)
 Previous; first. (2) Before.
 - marg wawaila, prov.: To worry too much about future; to cross one's bridges before coming to them.
- (A) qibla(h), n.m.: The house of Allah at Mecca, where Muslims perform Haj; the direction towards which Muslims face while praying; a title of respect er veneration; sire; (fig.)
 - m.: One to whom people turn for their needs; a patron.
- (A) qubur, n. m & f., pl , : (ا) Graves, (s قبر qabr.)

- Acceptance; acknowledgement; avowal; accord; concurrence; recognition; sanction; confirmation; ratification; approbation.
 - qubul surat, adj.: Comely; handsome.
 - qubal i 'ām, n. m. :
 Popularity; popular
 approval.
 - accept; to assent; to nod assent; to concur; to concur; to concede; to receive or entertain a petition; to grant; to allow; to acknowledge; to reciprocate
 - qubūlnā, v.: To confess; to make a confession.
 - qubuli, n. f.: A dish of rice and gram.
 - jaubūliyat, n. f.: Acceptance; approval; hearing (of prayer by God); the counterpart of a lease.
- قبه (A) qubbah, n. m.: A dome; an alcove; anything of the shape of a dome.

- قبيح (A) qabiḥ, adj.: Ugly; disgraceful; bad.
- قبيل (A) qabll, n. m.: Kind; class; sort; genus; category.
- قبيله (A) qabilah, n. m.: A tribe: a clan; a family.
- قتل (A) qatl, n. m.: Murder; assassination; bloodshed; massacre.
 - gatl-1-'amd, n. m.: Wilful murder; homicide.
 - gatl karna, v.: To murder; to assassinate; to slay; to massacre.
- قتيل (A) qatil, adj.: Killed; murdered.
- (A) qatlah, n. m.; A slice.
- (A) qaḥbah, n. f.: A whore; a prostitute.
- failure of the crops; want; dearth.
- (A) qad(d), n. m.; Height; stature; size.
 - gad(d) āwar, adj.: Tall; of commanding stature.

- (A) qadamai, n. f.:
 Antiquity; ancientness:
 old fashioned style.
 - adj.: Conservative; reactionary; opposed to reform.
- (A) qadh, n. f.: Tearing (eye); reproaching.
- قدح (A) qadaḥ, n. m. : A bowl; a cup.
- ر (A) qadr, n. f; Merit;

 value; honour; greatness;

 appreciation; quantity;

 degree.
 - تدردان، شناس qadr dan, shinas, n. m.: (lit.) One who recognizes values; an appreciator; a patron.
 - تدردانی qadr dani, n. f.:
 Appreciation of merits;
 patronage; favour.
 - تدر عافیت qadr-i-'āfiyat, m.f.:
 The pleasure of living satisfactorily

 - ندر تابل qadr.j.qall, adj.: A little; meagre; some what.

- قدرت (A) qudrat, n. f.: Nature; divine power; authority; capacity.
 - تلوثي qudrati, adj.: Natural; God - given; not artificial.
- (A) qadghan, n.m.: Injunction; ban; prohibition.
- A) qadam, n. m.: Foot; a pace; a step; a footstep.
 - تدم برهانا qadam barhānā, v.:

 To go forward; to proceed; to move on.
 - تدم جمانا qadam jamānā, v.:
 To secure one's footing;
 to establish oneself.
 - נין כניבוט אפנו qadam darmiyan hona, v.: To have concern; to be intermediary.
 - تدمر کهنا qadam rakhnā, v.:

 To set foot; to step in;
 to disembark.
 - gadam ranjah farmana, v.: To condescend to come; to honour by the visit; to take the trouble of coming.
- A) qadim, adj.: Old; ancient; antiquated.

- رابت (A) qarābai, n.f.:
 Relationship; nearness;
 family connection.
- tion of the Holy Quran (in proper Arabic accent).
- (A) qarār, n. m.. Quietude; patience; case; rest; a contract.
 - قرار آنا qarār and, v.: To be at rest; to be at ease.
 - قراد بانا qarār pānā, v.: To be settled: to be determined; to be agreed upon; to be established; to be laid down.
 - قرارداد qarārdād, n. f.:
 Settlement; engagement;
 understanding; resolution.
 - q a r a r d a d-imaqāṣid, n. f: (Mod)
 Objectives resolution;
 statement of aims and
 objects.
- (A) qurān, n. m.: The Holy Book of Islam revealed to Prophet Muhammad.
 - قران الهانا qurān uihānā, v.:
 To take oath on the Holy Quran.

- (A) qirān, n. m.: (lit.)

 Conjunction; conjunction
 of two planets.
 - n. m.: Conjunction of the two planets. Jupiter and Venus (considered to be auspicious); (fig) meeting of two intellectuals or distinguished persons.
- راول (T) qarāawi, n. m.: A vanguard; a mounted sentry; a picket.
- (A) qurb, n. m.: Nearness; proximity; neighbourhood.
 - قرب و جواز qurb-u-jawār, n.m.: Environs; suburbs; neighbourhood; vicinity.
- (1) آخربان (۱) مقربان (۱) مقربان (۱) مقربان (۱) sacrifice; victim; offering.
 - تربان کرنا qurban karna, v.:

 To sacrific,
 - وربان گه qurbān gāh, n. m.: An alter.
 - تربانی qurbānī, n. m.: A sacrifice; a victim.
 - gurbāni karnā, v.:
 To sacrifice according to
 prescribed rites.

- (A) qurbat, n. f: Proxie mity; vicinity; nearness; ... accessibility.
- a pill; the disc (of the sun).
- قرض، قرض، قرض، مرب (A) qarz, qarzah, n. m.: Loan; debt; liability.
 - ترض چکانا qarz chukānā, v.:
 To pay one's debt.
 - qarz-i-hasanah, n.
 m.: A debt bearing no
 interest and repaid at
 the pleasure of the
 borrower.
 - qarz khwah, n. m.: A creditor; one to whom a debt is to be repaid.
- (A) qiriās, n. m.: Paper.
- (A) qur'ah. n. m.: A die; a cast or throw of dice; ballot; lottery.
- قوق (A) qurq, adj.: Forfeited;
 distrained; attached;
 sequestered.
 - i gury karnā, v.: To attach; to take in execution.

- qurql, n.f.: Distress; attachment; warrant of attachment.
- رم، قرم ساق (۱) qurram, qurramsaq, n. m. A pimp; (fig.) a wicked person; a mean fellow.
- قرن (A) qarn, n.m.: A long period; many years; an age; a generation; a century.
- أرولي (T) qaraull, n. f.: A hunting knife; hunting the chase.
- قريب (A) qarlb, adj: Adjacent; near; neighbouring.
 - تریب قریب قریب قریب A b o u t; very nearly; almost.
- قرينه (A) qurinah, n. m.: Way; mode; method: system; arrangement; order; connection; general tenor.
 - arine se, adv.:
 Systematically; from the general tenor; by analogy.
- قریه (A) qaryah, n. m.: A village or town.

- قراق (A) qazzāq, n. m.: A robber; a brigand; a gangster; a free booter.
 - قزاتی qozzāqī, n f.: Robbery; brigandage.
- قبط (A) qist, n. f.: Instalment.
 - qistwar, adv.: By instalments.
- (A) qasam, n. f.: Oath.
 - qasam khānā, v.: (1)
 To swear; to take an
 oath. (2) To desist from.
- (A) qism, n. f.: Species; category; kind; sort.
- fate; lot; luck; section; a division of a province; category; simple division.
 - q is mat jāgnā,
 v.: To be fortunate; to
 have a good luck.
 - adj.: (lit.) The writ of destiny; fated; inevitable.
 - qismat kā dhanī, n. m.: A lucky person.
 - (P) qashqa(h), n. m.:

 Sandal mark on forehead

 (Hindus).

- (A) qaşşāb, n. m.:

 A butcher; one whose profession is to slaughter animals and sell meat;

 (fig.) a merciless person;
 a brute.
- (A) qiṣāṣ, n.m.: Retaliation; indemnity for blood; capital punishment.
- (A) qaşbah, n.m.: A small town; a large village.
 - ing to a small town; rustic; boorish.
- (A) qaşd, n. m.: Intention; purpose; aim; attempt; design.
 - intend; to aim; to attempt; to try.
- (A) qaşr, n.m. & f.: (1)
 Palacc. (2) Reduction:
 diminution; Muslim prayers reduced by half during travel.
- (A) quṣūr, n. m.: (1)

 Deficiency; defect; fault;

 mistake. (2) Palaces. (8.

 jaşr)

- (A) qişşa(h), n. m.: A tale; a story; a narration; (fig) a dispute.
 - rater; (fig.) to kill; to murder.
- Eulogy; a long poem in praise of some one.
- (A) qaṣā, n. f: (1) Death; predestination. (2) Omitting an appointed prayer or fast.
 - gaṣā-u-qadr, n. f:
 The Providence; predistination.
 - تضائے نا کہانی qaza-'i-nagahani,
 n. m.: Sudden death.
- pute; quarrel; a law suit; controversy; a proposition.
 - تضوم چکانا qaziyah chukana, v.:

 To settle a dispute.
- (A) qaṭār, n. f.: Row; string; line; range; train; a que.

- quiar bāndhnā, v.:
 To range; to take places
 in line: to stand in a
 row.
- qatār dar qatār, adv.. Line after line; in a procession.
- star; north pole; a great divine.
 - quth numa, n. m.:

 The magnetic needle:

 the mariner's compass.
- (A) quir, n. m.: A diameter.
- (A) qatra(h), n.m.: A drop.
- shape; form; fashion: style; manner.
 - qata'-u-burid, n. f.:
 (utting and clipping.
 - qata'-i-t'alluq, n. m.:

 Cutting off relationship; abandoning;
 estrangement.
 - cut (cloth etc); to clip; to fashion; to break with.

- gaṇa'-i-nazar, adv.:

 Irrespective of; at any
 rate; even so.
- (1) A detached portion; a plot of ground; a tract. (2) Fragment; a short poem.
- (A) q'ar, n.m.: Bottom: cepth (of a well, river).
- (A) qufl, n. m. : A lock.
- قفس (P) qafas, n. m. : A cage.
- (A) qufli, n. f.: A cup for ice-cream. (vulg. قالمي qulfi.)
- (A) qul, n.m.: The four chapters of the Holy Quran beginning with this word; (fig.) prayers for the dead or the saints.
- (P) qalā bāzī, n. f.: (Cor. of H. אלאונט kalābozī.) A somersault.
- the centre or main body of an army; the centre of anything.
- insufficiency; deficiency; want; scarcity.

- (A) quizum, n. m.: The (Red) sea; an ocean.
- (A) qal'a qam'a, n. m.: Annihilation; destruction.
- (A) qal'a(h), n. m.: A fort; a fortress; fortification; citadel; castle.
 - al'a(h) band, adj.: Fortified.
 - qal'a(h) bandi, n. f.: Entrenchment; fortification.
 - qal'a(h)dar, n. m.: Commander of a fort.
- (A) qal'ab, n. f.: Tin coating (of copper vessels); white wash; gloss; gilding
 - gul'ai ur jānā, v.: To fade out (the gilt or white wash).
 - qal'al karnā, v.: To white wash; to tin.
 - qal'ai khulna, v.: To be unmasked: to be found out; to be exposed.
- (A) qalyaih), n. m.: A meat قليه (A) qalyaih), n. m.: A meat sorrow
- (A) quiqui, n m. & f.: Gurgling.

- قلم (A) qalam, n. m.: A pen; a painter's brush; a graft; a crystal.
 - qalam قلم بهيرنا، قلم زد كرنا phernā, qalam zad karnā, v.: To strike out; to delete.
 - qalam dan, n.m.: A pen case; (fig) a portfolio.
 - qalam rau, n.m.: Domain; empire; dominion.
 - qalam lagānā, v.: To graft.
- (P) qalandar, n. m.: A carefree fellow.
- (A) qullah, n. m.: Top: summit.
- (T) quli, n. m.: A porter; a luggage carrier; a coolie.
- قليل (A) qalil, adj.: Scant: deficient; small; little; insufficient.
- dish; a curry.
- (A) qimār, n. m.: Gamb-

gambler. قمار باز gambler.

- (A) qamar, n.m.: The moon.
 - قمری qamari, adj: Lunar.
- (A) qumrl, n. f.: A turtle dove; a ring dove.
- (A) qamlş, n. f.: A shirt.
- screen (for surrounding a tent): a canvass enclosure.
- (A) qanā'at, n.f.:
 Contentment.
- قند (A) qand, n. f.: (1) Candy sugar. (2) A kind of rough red cloth.
 - adj.: Twice crystallised sugar: (fig.) repitition of a nice verse.
- قنديل (E) qindli, n. f.: Cor. of candle; a lamp.
- Rules; regulations; principles; methods; rules of grammar; parade; drill.

 (s. *Asli qu'iduh.)
- musician المرافق (A) وهوال (A) وهوال (A) مقوال (A) musician المرافقة والمرافقة (A) مقوال (A) مقوال (A) مقوال (A) مقوال (A) مقال (A) مقوال (A) مقال (A) مقوال (A) مقوال (A) مقال
- (A) quwwat, n. f.: Power; strength; vigour; energy; support.
- (T) qorma(h), n.m.: A seasoned meat stew; a Muslim dish.
- قوس (A) gaus, n. f.: An arc; a bow; the arc of circle.
 - ניש לנד qaus-i-quzaḥ, n. f.:
 The rainbow.
- قول (A) qaul, n. m.: Word;
 promise; saying; text;
 motto; a resolve; a vow;
 a quotation; stipulation.
 - quul dena, v.: To promise; to pledge one's word.
 - i qaul harnā, v: To pledge one's words; to be committed.
- e (A) qaum, n. f.: Tribe; race; community; nation; breed; a people.
 - قوسی qaumi, adj.: National; tribal: belonging to race.
 - توست qaumiyat, n. f.: Race; nationality.
- (A) qawl, adj.: Strong.

- قبر (A) qahr, n. m.: Wrath; fury; calamity; (fig.) a fire brand.
- (A) qahqaha(h), n. m: A burst of laughter; a hearty laugh.
- (A) qahwa(h), n. m.: Coffee.
 - ahwa(h) <u>khāna(h)</u> n. m: A coffee house; a restaurant.
- قياس (A) qiyās, n.m.: Guess; conjecture; estimate.
 - aiyāsi, adj: Conjectural; hypothetical; analogous.
- in prayer; a halt; stay; durability; permanence.
 - قيام كرنا qiyām karnā, v.: To stay; to lodge.
- (A) qiyamat, n. f. & adj.: (1) The resurrection; the last day; a great calamity: weeping and wailing; commotion; tumult; uproar. (2) Very great; heavy; oppressive.
 - qiyāmat barpā قيامت بربا كرنا karnā, v.: To make a hell of a noise.

- (A) qaid, n. f.: Bondage; custody; confinement; imprisonment; restriction.
 - qaid karna, v.: To arrest; to imprison.
 - gaidi, n. m.: A prisoner.
- (A) qif, n.m. & f.: A funnel.
- قیلوقال (P) qll-u-qal, n. f.: Dialogue; conversation; discussion; controversy.
- ing at midday; resting in bed after lunch.
- (A) qlmai, n. f.: Price: value
 - قيمتي qimti, adj.: Valuable;
 precious.
- (P) qlma(h), n. m.: Minced meat
- of) scissors. (Pair

کی

second letter of Arabic, twenty-fifth of Persian and twenty-eight of Urdu alphabets. Numerical value according to ابجد ubjad = 20.

cot; a pigeon hole.

אָפָש (A) kābus, n. m.: Nightmare.

לאני (A) kābin, n. m.: A dower: a marriage-portion; settlement on a wife.

امد kabin namah, n, m.:

A deed of dower: a
marriage settlement.

ist; a scribe; a writer; a calligrapher.

Wit (H) kaind, v.: To spin.

alash; an incision; cutting (cloth); disconnection; a bite; enmity; sharpness; damage; loss; quick move in kite flying; a countermove; rejoinder.

kā! chhān!, n. f.:

Cutting and clipping;

pruning; retrenchment; curtailing; scrapping; scratching; alteration; amendment; correction.

counter; to cut; to destroy; to make ineffective.

lif kāinā, v.: To cut; to cut off; to slice off; slash; to disjoin; to disunite; to clip; to cleave; to bite; to reap; to spend or while away (time) to divide; to sever: to fell; to open; to dissect; to mutilate; to mow; to deduct; to discount; to draw a pen across; to carve; to chisel; to strike out; to cancel; to nullify; to refute; to interrupt; to exclude.

ون (H) kāth, n. m.: Wood; timber.

الو kath kā ullā, n. m.:

(lit.) A wooden owl;

(fig.) an errant fool.

- الله كي باندى kaih ki handi, n. f.: (lit.) A wooden pot: (fig.) fraud; deception; falsehood.
- dle; (fig.) (W) body; frame.
- ا کاجل (H) kājal, n.m.: Lampblack (applied medicinally and as collyrium to the eyes).
- who sells pot herbs. (fem.
- خلا (P) kakh, n. m.: A palace; a villa; an imposing residential building.
- ن الخب (A) kāzib, n. m.: A liar.
- (P) kar, n. m.: Act; work; mission; function; duty; use: utility; employment.
 - kār azmudah, adj.: Experienced; tried.
 - ارآبد kār āmad, adj.: Useful; handy; applicable; conducive; effective.

- Employment; business: trade; commercial undertaking.
- اربند karband. adj.: Acting up to: observing; obedient.
- לנאכול kar pardaz, n. m.: A manager; an agent; a factor.
- ارخانه karkhānah, n. m.: A factory; a firm; a workshop.
- ارخانه دار karkhane dar, n. m.: A factory owner: an industrialist.
- خزروائی kārrawā'i, n. f.: Proceedings: operation: execution: action.
- ارساز kārsāz, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Helper; maker;
 benefactor. (2) God
 Almighty.
- کار کن karkun, n m.: An assignee; a manager; an attorney; a worker.
- לנונ kārguzār, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Well-serving. (2) A sagood worker.

کار کزاری karguzarl, n. f.:
Discharge of duty; efficiency; good service.

- ارنامه kārnāma(h), n. m.: An achievement; an accomplishment.
- اری کر kārigar, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Adept; expert. (2)

 A workman; an artisan;
 a skilled worker.
- لای کری karigari, n. f.: Workmanship; skill; art; artistic work; cleverness.
- (E) kārtus, n. m.: Cor. of cartridge.
- P) karwān, n. m.: A caravan.
- (P) kārī, adj.: Effectual:
- draw out; to extract. (2)

 To do needle work; to embroider; to make floral designs with a needle.
- **4.5** (P) kasa(h), n. m.: A cup: a bowl.
 - اسم سم kasa(h)-i-sar, n. m.:

 The skull.

- kāsa(h)-i-gadā'i,
 n. m.: A beggar's bowl.
- اسه لوس kāsa(h) lais, n. m.:

 (lit.) A pot-licker; a flatterer; a parasite.
- dwelling; small cosy house.
- tion; cultivated land: field; farm; holding: tenure (of land).
 - اشت کرنا kasht karna, v.: To cultivate; to farm out (land).
 - למים לול kāshikār, n. m.: A cultivator: a farmer; an agriculturist.
 - لاً کاشت کاری kāshtkāri, n. f.:

 Cultivation: tillage:
 agriculture.
- المَافِلُ (P) kāghaz, n m.: Paper: (fig) a document: a bond: a court stamp.
 - لغذسياه كرنا kāghaz siyāh
 karnā, v : To scribble;
 to write a great deal.
 - ke, kāghzi ghore, n. m.:

 (lit.) Paper-horses; active correspondence.

- kaghazī, adj. de n. m.:

 (1) Made of paper; thin;
 brittle; fragile. (2) A

 paper maker; a dealer in
 paper; a stationer.
- (A) kôfir, n. m. & adj.; (1)
 An infidel; an unbeliever.
 (2) Cruel; wanton; charming.
 - kafir n'imat, adf.: ungrateful.
- (A) kafār, n.m.: Camphor.
- (A) kāfi, adj.: Sufficient; enough; adequate; effectual.
- (E) kafi, n. f.: Coffee.
- (P) kākul, n. f.: A long curling hair.
- (E) kag, n. m.: Cor. of cork.
- **ぎぢ (H) kág, kágā, n.m.:** A crow.
- J5 (H) kal. n. m.: (1) Famine; dearth. (2) Death.
- YK (H) kālā, adj. & n. m.: (1)
 Black; dark; gloomy. (2)
 A black snake, a cobra.

- kālā pānī, n. m.:

 (lit.) Black water;

 (deportation) beyond the

 sea: transportation for

 life; (fig.) wine.
- الاكرنا (A) kālā karnā, v.: To blacken; (fig.) to scribble.
- الانهام (A) kalan'am, adv.:

 Beast-like; animal-like.
- kalbud, n. m.: The human body; a mould.
- kalak, n. f.: Blackness.
- (E) kalam, n.m.: (Mod.)

 Column: vertical division
 of page; part of newspaper
 devoted to a special topic.
- (H) kam, n.m.: (1) Work; job; business; engagement; employment; labour; task; use; service; duty; function. (2) Workmanship; embroidery.
 - kām ānā, v.: To be of help (to somebody); to be of service or use; to be used; to be spent; to be killed in a battle.
 - لاجانا kām par jānā, v.:
 To go on or join duty.

لام يؤنا kām parnā, v.: To have to do with.

- kam tamam kar- کام تمام کرنا na, v.: To put an end to: to kill; to despatch.
- اع چلاؤ kam chala'u, adj.: Barely serviceable.
- kām se kām کام ر کھنا rakhna, v.: To mind one's (own) business.
- לק בננ kamchor, n. m.: One who shirks his work.
- אקבונ kamdar, adj.: Embroidered.
- کامیاب kamyab, adj.: Successful.
- לאתוני , לים לנ kamran, kamgar, adj.: Successful; fortunate.
- kam rani, n. f.: Success; attainment of one's wishes; prosperity.
- ا کاهل (A) kāmil, adj. & n. m.: (1) Complete; whole; accomplished; proficient; positive; decisive; absolute. (2) A perfect man; a saint.

- لان (H) kamni, n.f.: A delicate and beautiful damsel: a loving or affectionate woman; a fragrant white flower or its tree.
- ر (P) kan, n. f.: A mine; a quarry; source.
 - کان کن کن kankan, n. m.: A a quarry: miner.
 - لن كنى kan kani, n. f.: Working in a mine: mining.
- نلا (H) kān, n.m. & f.: (1) An ear. (2) A curvature.
 - المثان ا To pull or twist one's ears; (fig.) to punish.
 - kan bharna, کان بهرنا ، بوردینا bhar dena, v.: To poison (one's) ears; to back bite.
 - kan كان يرجو ك نه رينكنا par juh na(h) rehgnā, v.: produce no effect; to disregard; to pay no attention to.
 - kan کان بڑی آو از ند سنائی دینا pari āwaz na(h) suna'l denā, v.: To be unable to hear because of noise.

- n. m.: A person easily influenced by hearsay.
- ان کهانا لهانا لهانا کان کهانا bother one by fruitless talk.
- کان میں کہنا kān men kahnā, v.: To whisper in one's ear.
- db kān honā, v.: To get a lesson; to learn by experience.
- لانا بهوسى kānā phūsī, n.f.: Whispering.
- UK (H) kānā, adj. & n. m.: (1)
 One-eyed. (2) A one-eyed
 person.
- کانینا (H) kanpnā, v.: To shake; to shiver; to tremble.
- (H) kanjā, n. m.: A thorn; a fishing hook; a fork; a pitch fork; a small weighing scale; dryness of the tongue.
 - إنا سا كهلكنا kāniā sā khajaknā, v.: To prick as a

- thorn; to rankle in the breast.
- انظے کی تول kane ki tol, adj.: Exact; neither more nor less.
- meh ghasitna, v.: To perplex by excessive attention or compliments.
- n. m.: Cor. of 'catching' or kine house; a cattle-pond; a lock up for stray or unclaimed cattle.
- lass(H) kandha, kandha, n. m.: The shoulder.
- n. m. & f.: Bell metal; any amalgum of zinc and copper.
- (H) kawā, n. m.: (lit.)

 Lounging a horse; a crafty
 scheme; subtlety.
 - لوادينا kāwā denā, v.: (lit.)

 To lounge a horse; to deceive; trick.

- P) kawish, n. f.: (1)
 Search; struggle. (2)
 Malice; enmity.
- (P) kāh, n. f.: Straw: dry grass.
 - لان kāhī, adj.: Light green.
- المشن (P) kāhish, n. f.: A decline; decay; pining.
- کاهل (A) kāhil, adj.: Idle; lazy; tardy.
 - کابلی kāhili, n. f.: Idleness;
- اکاهن (A) kähin, n. m.: Sooth-sayer; fortune teller. (fem.
- scum on stagnant water.
- The universe; the created world. (2) Stock capital; the entire contents or belongings.
- (H) kaiyan, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) A clever fellow. (2)

 Cunning; selfish; miser.
 - کا تیا بن kā'iyānçan, n. m.: Sharpness; cunning.
- کائیں کائیں (H) ka'in ka'in, n. f.:

- karnā, v.: To caw; (fig.)

 to make a noise; to
 chatter; to indulge in
 superfluous talk
- ub (A) kaya, n. f.: Form: body; shape.
 - كايابلك kaya palat, n. f.:
 Transformation
 - Restoring youth by means of certain medicines.
- ب (H) kub, n. m. : A hump.
- (H) kab, adj.: When; at what time.
 - کبتک kab tak, adv.: How long, till when.
 - kab se, adv.: Since when; from what period.
- soned) cakes of roasted meat; roast.
 - لباب كرنا kabāb karnā, v.:

 To roast (meat); to inflame; to cause heart to burn
- جال (H) kabār, n. m.: Broken furniture; miscellaneous wooden articles.

- who sells old or broken articles.
- (A) kibr, n. m.: Pride; sense of greatness.
- אנט (A) kibriyā, n. m.: Greatness; magnificence; a name of God.
 - kibriya'l, n. f.: Greatness (of God).
- کبڑا (H) kubṛā, adj.: Humpbacked.
- کبوتر (P) kabūtar, n. m.: A pigeon.
 - ر باز kabutar bāz, n. m.:
 One who rears pigeons;
 a pigeon fancier.
- time or other; sometimes; seldom; rarely; scarcely; ever.
 - kabhi, kabhi kabhar, adv.: Sometimes; now and then; occassionally; at times.
 - المن أجمى kabhl nahla, adv.:

 Never; by no means.

- Displeasure; distraction; depression; soreness.
 - kabldah, adj.: Displeased; ed; offended; distressed; distracted; depressed.
 - kabidah khāṭir, adj.: Depressed in spirits; offended; sore in heart.
- کبير (A) kabir, adj.: Great; senior.
- لياس (H) kapās, n. f.: Cotton.
- (A) kapai, n. f.: Ranc- our; malice.
- (H) kapṛā, n. m.: Cloth; clothing; raiment.
 - kapre, n. m.: Clothes.
 - kapre pahanna, v.:
 To.dress.
- (H) kutiā, n.m.: A dog; a hound; a cur; a term of contempt; the spring of a gun lock. (fem. کتی اکتیا kutyā, kutil.)
- (A) kitab, n f.: A book; a register.
 - دا kitāb ناب آسمانی ، الهی معالمی معالمی معالمی الم

revealed book; scripture; the Holy Quran.

اکیڑا kitab ka kira,
n. m.: A book worm;
(fig.) a voracious reader
(of books).

kitab <u>Kh</u>āna(h), n. m.: A library.

kitāb farosh, n.m.: A bookseller.

kitābi, adj.; Relating to a book: (fig.) long, oval (face).

ing; copying; calligraphy.

(P) katāħ, n. m.: Fine linen.

ing; charges for spinning.

(A) katabah, n. m.:
Inscription.

the high road; to steel away by paths; to go sideways; to dodge; to slink away; to avoid one.

to cut; to cut out; to prune.

kaiar bluht, m. f:
Cutting and shaping
(cloth); (fig.) saving (in
expenditure).

katran, n. f.: Clipping;
a small piece of cloth or
paper.

with teeth; to gnaw.

(H) kitna, adv.: How much; how many; what quantity; how great or small.

kiinā hl, adv.: How-sover; how-much-soever.

لتها (H) kattha, n. m.: Catechu.

small dagger. کثاری

(A) kaṭā'l, n. f.: Reaping (the harvest).

kaṭā'i karnā, v.:
To cut the crop; to reap.

(H) kattar, adj: Merciless; pitiless; strict; fanatic; puritan

(H) kairā, n.m.: A market place; a mart; a quarter.

(H) kaikhanā, adj. & n. m.: (1) Biting; fierce; nasty. (2) Dotted letter (to be filled in by one learning to write). (H) kuṭħā, n.m.: A go between; a pimp (fem. kuṭnī.)

ing; pandering.

(H) kuinā, v.: To be pounded; to be beaten; to be thrashed; to be husked.

count; deduction.

cup (of metal); a simile for large, round eyes of a beloved. (fcm. کثوری katori.) (fig.) the receptacle in bodice for the breast.

kaiordan, n. m.: A brass or copper vessel with a cover.

كَتْم ، كَنْم (H) kāṭh, kaṭh, n.m.: Wood.

kaih puill, n. f.: A puppet.

jack tree whose fruit is used as a vegetable.

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(H) kathin, adj.: Hard; difficult; severe.

(H) kathor, adj.: Hard; hard-hearted; harsh; cruel; severe; solid; stiff.

ed straw or fodder; papier mache. (2) A alienation; estrangement.

(A) kasāfas, n. f.:

Grossness; density; foulness; impurity. (opp. of الطانت latāfat, elegance, fineness.)

(A) kasrat, n. f.: Abundance; excess; multitude.

مثير (A) kaşlr, adj.: Much; numerous; plentiful; copious.

کثیف (A) kaslf, adj.: Thick; gross; dense; unclean; foul; impure.

(P) kaj, adj.: Curved; crooked; cross; perverse.

لج ادائی kaj ada'l, n. f.: Crossness (of a beloved); cold-shouldering. kaj baḥṣ, adj. & n. m.:

(1) Reasoning absurdly

or irrationally. (2) One

who uses crooked arguments.

kaj khulq, adj. & n m.:
(1) Uncivil; rough; rude.

(2) A rude person.

adj & n. m.: (1) Following crooked ways. (2) (lit) One who walks obliquely; an unprincipled person; one having perverse conduct.

kaj fahm, adj. & n. m.:

(1) Wrong headed; perverse. (2) A stupid person.

kaj kulāh, adj. 4 n.

m.: (1) (lit.) Wearing a

cap awry; showy. (2)

(fig.) A beloved; a

dandy; a fop.

kajl. n. f.: Bend; crookedness.

(A) kajāwa(h), n. m.: A camel's saddle (for accommodating women).

کجکول کهکول (P) kajkol; kachkol, n. m.: A begger's bowl; (fig.) a miscellany; an anthology or selection of verses.

ن (H) kajlanā, v.: To smoulder; to become mildewed.

uncooked; unbaked; clay built; weak; frail; not fast (colour); defective; deficient; green; inexperienced; alloyed; impure; below a certain standard (weight, measure); unauthenticated; unstamped; loose; fluctuating; vague; unsteady; fickle; slippery; irresolute; unreliable; rough; approximate; timid; yeilding; blind (boil).

kachchāpan, n. m.:
Unripeness; rawnesss;
greenness; inexperience.

kachchā sāth, n. m.:

A family with young children.

kachchā karnā, v.:
(1) To stitch wide. (2)
To put to shame.

kachchi sila'i, n.f.:

Tacking (as preliminary to regular sewing).

- kachchi golyan khelna, v.: To be
 inexperienced; to be raw
 (in tricks).
- kachehi nind, n. f.:
 Disturbed sleep.
- esculent root. (2) A salad.
- (H) kachrā, n. m.: (1)
 Unripe melon; any unripe
 fruit. (2) Rubbish.
- (H) kachar kachar, n.

 f.: (1) The sound made by
 chewing raw fruit etc. (2)
 Idle talk; chatter.
- (H) kichkichand, v.:

 To gnash the teeth; to sprout; to be very abundant; to throw out shoots from seeds.
- (H) kuchalna, v.: To crush; to quash; to beat severely.
- Flour cake filled with bruised pulse etc. and fried.
- (H) kachokā, n. m.:
 Pricking: lancing.

- Sliced mangoe or other fruit (for pickling); the pickle of the same.
- (1) A part; a little (2) Something; anything; somewhat; aught; ever so; whatever.
 - kuchh to, adj.: Just a little; something.
 - kuchh kuchh, adv:
 Somewhat; nearly.
 - kuchh na(h) kuchh,
 adv.: Something or other;
 somewhat; a little.
- (H) kachhar, n.m.:

 Moist low land by the river; alluvial formation; abode of a lion or tiger.
- 19635 (H) kachhwa, n. m.; A torioise; a turtle.
 - kachhwe ki chal, n. f.: Slow speed.
- (A) kuhl, n. m.: Colly-rium; antimony.
- (A) kad(d), n. f.: Effort; exertion; labour; persistence; insistence; prejudice; annoyance.

- kad-u-kāwish, m.
 f: Persistent effort;
 diligent search.
- kad ho jānā, v.: To bear malice; to be pre-judiced (against).
- JING (H) kudal, n. m. & f.: A kind of hoe or spade; a pickaxe.
- to jump; to dandle (a child).
- الکائی کدکڑے لگان (H) kudaknā, kudakre lagānā, v.: To skip about; to leap; to gambol.
- وكرو (P) kadu, n.m.: A pumpkin; a gourd.
- (A) kudHrat, n.f.:

 Foulness; impurity; hatred; malice; bad blood;
 grief.
 - kudurat rakhna, رکهنا v.: To bear malice.
- (H) kidhar, adv.: Where?; wither?; in what direction?; which side?
- نامب (H) kudhab, adj.: Ill-shaped; misfit; unseemly.

- Supernatural powers; a miracle performed by a saint. (2) Nobleness; greatness.
- نا کران (H) karānā, v.: To cause to be done.
- (H) kirānā, n.m.: Grocery; spices; condiment.
- (H) karāhnā, v.: To groan; to grieve.
- کواهیت، کواهیدی (A) karāhat, (W) karāhiyat, n. f.: Aversion; disgust; abhorrence.
- (H) kirāya(h), m.m.: Hire; fare; rent.
 - کرایه دار kirāye(h) dār, n.m.:
 A tenant.
 - kirāye(h)nāma(h),
 n. m.: A deed of lease.
- (A) karb, n. m.: (lit.)
 Weight on the spirits;
 grief; anguish; pain.
- (A) karbala, n. p. & f.: A place in Iraq where Imam Husain was martyred; the place where the taziyas are buried; (fig.) any place where water is not easily available.

رتب (H) kartab, n. m.: Performance; feat; skill; art; tactics; acrobatics; jugglery; sleight of hand.

- kartab dikhana,
 v.: To show acrobatics
 or jugglery.
- (H) kartūt, n. m.: (W) Arts; tricks; misdeeds.
- (P) kurta(h), n. m.: A kind of tunic; a shirt.
- (U) kurti, n. f.: A woman's bodice; a soldier's jacket.
- (H) karchha, n. m.: A sort of iron ladle or large spoon in which edible oil is heated; a scoop.
- رخت (P) karakhi, adj : Austere, rigid; hard; harsh; loud.
 - کرختگی karakhtagi, n. f.: Hardness; harshness; rigidity.
- (P) kirdar, m. m.:
 Character; quality; habit;
 nature; disposition;
 manner.
- (P) kirdger, n. m.: The Creator.

- (A) kursi, n. f.: A chair; a seat; a throne; a raised foundation; plinth; eighth heaven (being the throne of God); genealogy.
- (P) karishma(h), kirishma(h), n. m.: A phenomenon; a miracle; a charm; an a morous look or gesture; blandishment.
 - لاشمه د کهانا karishma(h)

 dikhanā, v.: To perform

 a miracle; to work

 wonders.
- کوکو (H) kirkirā, adj.: Gritty; sandy; spoilt.
 - کر کرا کرنا kirkira karna, v:
 To make gritty; to spoil;
 to mar.
- کوکو! (H) kurkura, adj.: Crisp; crackling; brittle.
- (P) kargas, n. m.: A vulture.
- P) kirm, n. m.: A worm.
 - kirm <u>Khurdah</u>, adj.; Worm-eaten.
- (A) karam, n. m.: Graciousness; benignity; bounty; kindness; putting under obligation.

- کرم نامه karam nāma(h), n.m.:
 A (graceful or gracious)
 letter.
- کرم کله (H) karam kalla(h), n.
 m: A cabbage; a dwarf cabbage.
- לעני (H) kiran, n. f.: A ray (of light); a beam; gold or silver tassel.
- کرنا، کردینا (H) karna, kar dena, v.: To do; to act; to work (sum etc.); to make; to perform; execute; to transact (business); to ply, use; wield (sword etc.); to commit (crime); to conduct; to carry on; to transact; to discharge; to contrive; to manage; to complete; to accomplish; to effect; to influence; to work upon; to begin; to establish; to prepare, do, dress (hair); to solve; to work out; to pick; to sift; to observe; to confer; to bestow; to put on; to wear; to engage; to wish; to insert; to put in; to penetrate; to thrust in.
- (H) karwai, n. f: One's side; one side of a body.

- روط بدلنا، لينا karwat badalnd, lend, v.: To turn
 to one's side or from side
 to side (in bed); to
 change side; (fig.) (times)
 to change.
- (H) karor, m. m.: Ten millions; one hundred lakhs.
 - karoppatl, n.m.: A multimillionaire.
 - karorgiri, m. f.: Customs; tax collection.
- (A) kurah, m. m.: Globe; orb; sphere.
- کری (H) kurel, n. f.: Gristle; cartilage.
- ا کریدان (H) kuredna, v.: To scrape or scratch up; to rake up; to poke; to scoop out (tube etc.).
- کریلا (H) karela, n. m.: A kind of bitter vegetable; momordica charantia.
- (A) karlm, adj. & n.m.: (1)

 Bountiful; (fig.) liberal;
 generous; noble. (2) A
 name of God.
- اکویه (A) karih, adj.: Disgusting; execrable; abominable.
 - karlh-ul-manzar, adj.: Ugly; deformed.

(H) kapa, n. m. & adj.: (1)

A bangle; a bracelet; an anklet; a massive ring (of gold or silver etc. on the wrists). (2) Hardy; flinty; adamant; inflexible; difficult; obdurate; rigid; strict; severe; harsh; inauspicious; unlucky; unyielding; rough; rude; violent. (fem. sin kapi; opp. of inarm.)

(H) karaka, n. m.: A crash; a thunder-clap; (fig.) severity; intensity (heat, cold, famine etc.).

n. m.: Very severe cold or winter.

اهی، کوهائی (H) krohl, karha'l, n.f.: A frying pan; (fig.) victuals fried in butter or oil.

kapahi chaphana,
v.: To make preparations
for a feast.

of thunder; a crash; swiftness of a horse.

karkā, n. m.: Thunder.

کوک (H) kurak, n. f.: A hen which does not lay eggs.

الاکوان (H) karkarana, v.: To

give a crackling sound as of boiling oil or butter; to fry.

cluck (hen); to cackle; to murmur; to grumble.

crack; to crackle; to crash; to thunder; to roar; to burst into a rage.

(H) karwa, adj.: Bitter; acrid; brackish; pungent; hot tempered. (fem. کڑوی karwi.)

karwa sel, n. m.: Mustard oil.

karwa kasela, adj.: Bitter and astringent; adverse.

לפואט karwapan, n. m.:
Bitterness.

to repine; to fret; to grieve; to feel for.

of flour of grams and curds, dressed with spices.

كڑى (H) karl, n. f.: (1) A link (of a chain); (2) A rafter; a beam. (3) Hardship; suffering. (4) Gristle; cartilage.

کویل (H) karyal, adj.: Bony; tall and strong.

- (P) kas, n.m.: (1) Tenacity; strength; labour; test; testing on a touchstone. (2) (2) Person; man; an individual.
 - kas-u-nā-kas, n. m.: Everybody; everyman; noble and plebeian.
- (H) kis, pron.: Who?; which?; what?
 - kis par, adv.: On whom?
 - kis se, adv.: From whom or what?
 - kis qadar, adv.: How much?; to what extent?
 - لسكا، كسك، كسك kis kā, kis kā, kis ke, adv.:
 Whose?
- كاسة (A) kasad, n. m. : Slump.
 - kasad bazarl, n. f.: A slump; duliness of the market.
- YLS (H) kasālā, n. m.: Labour; toil; trouble; sickness; indisposition.
- (H) kisān, n.m.: A farmer; a peasant.

- (A) kash, n. m.: Profession; occupation; art; achievement; skill.
 - kasbi, adj & n. f.: (1)
 Acquired by effort (art).
 (2) A prostitute.
- (A & U) kasr, kasar, n. f.:

 Breach; a fraction; damage; loss; defect; flaw; deficiency
 - کسرشان kasr i shan, n. f.:
 Loss of dignity.
 - كسرانكالنا kasar nikalna, v.:
 To make up a loss or deficiency; to take revenge.
- cise; athletic exercise; (fig.) practice.
 - kasrai karna, v.:
 To exercise; to practise.
 - kasrati, adj.: Athletic; developed by training (body).
- (H) kasak, n. f.: Slight internal pain.
- (A) kasl, n. m.: Sickness; indisposition; fatigue; depression; low spirits.
 - kasl mand, adj.:

 Depressed; tired; sick; indisposed.

- Ulman5 (H) kasmasanā, v.: To rouse or bestir oneself; to writhe in pain; to be weary (of).
 - kasmsāhai, n. f.:
 Restlessness.
- (H) kasnā, v. & n. m.: (1)

 To tie; to fasten; to strap;
 to gird up; to bind; to
 make tight; to press; to
 fry; to dry up; to rub
 on the touch-stone (gold,
 for testing); to load (a
 gun); to test; to examine;
 to enhance the price;
 to weigh dishonestly.

 (2) Braces: bed string;
 a pack-cloth; a small bag
 for betelnuts.
- kisbai, n. f.: A barber's case; the piece of leather or canvas worn by water carriers over their loins on which the water bag rests.
- لمولی (H) kasauil, n. f.: A touch-stone; a test; a proof.
- کسی (H) kisi, pron.: Some; any.

 kisi se, pron.: From

 any one or some one.

- kis I qadr, adr.:
 Somewhat; a certain quantity; any quantity.
- kisi na(h) kisi, adv.: Something or other; some one or other.
- Expansion; extension; extension; openness; spaciousness; span.
 - kushāda(h), adj.: Open; spacious.
 - kushāda(h) peshānl, adj.: (lit.) Having a broad forehead; (fig.) well-disposed; happy.
 - kushāda(h) dil, adj.:
 Open-hearted: frank.
- رهان کشان کشان کشان کشان کشان کشان عشان کشان Adv.: Being drawn or pulled.
- Expansion; enlargement; opening (of easy means or prosperity).
- (P) kashakash, n.f.: (lit.)

 Stretching and straining;

 tussle; struggle; straits;

 difficulties.

- (P) kishs, n. f.: A field; a check at chess.
- P) kusht-u-khun, n. m.: Slaughter; carnage.
 - (P) kushtam kushta, m. m.: Scuffle; contest; fight.
 - (P) kushtah, adj. & n.m.:

 (1) Killed; slain. (2) (lit.)

 One who is slain; a victim; a lover; killed mercury or any other metal (used as medicine).
 - (P) kushil, n. f.: Wrestling; scuffle.
 - لانا kushti larna, v.: To wrestle.
 - boat; a bark; an ark; a canoe. (2) A tray; a beggar's plate or pot.
 - (P) kashlsh, n. f.: Attraction; gravitation allurement; magnetism; Curve of a letter in writing.
 - کشش تنل kashish-i-siqi, n. f. : Gravity.
 - (A) kashf, n.m.: Manifestation; inspiration; knowledge of hidden things.

- (P) kishmish, n. f.: Raisin; a small dried grape without stones.
 - لشمشی kishmishl, adj.: Of the colour of raisin; dark brown tinged with green.
- (P) kashmakash, n. f.:
 Jostling; hustling; dilemma; struggle; overcrowding; suffocation.
- ر (P) kishwar, n. m.: A region; a country.
 - kishwar kusha'i, n. f.: Conquest of countries.
- (P) kashldagl, n. f.:
 Apathy; misunderstanding;
 strained relations; tension;
 displeasure.
 - kashldah, n. m. & adj.;
 (1) Needlework; embroidery. (2) Displeased;
 sullen.
 - kashidah kārhnā,
 v.: To do needlework.
- (A) ka'b, n.m.: (Arith.)

 A cube; a die (in game;)
 the ankle bone.

- (A) ka'ba(h), n. m.: The Holy Mosque at Mecca.
- ka'basain, n. m.: (1)

 The holy mosques at Mecca and Palestine
 The latter was the earlier

 at qtbla(h) of Muslims.

 (2) A game with two dice.
- (P) kaf, n.m.: (1) Froth; spittle; phlegm; mucus; foam. (2) The palm.
 - kaf-i-afsos malna, v.: To wring one's hands in sorrow; to grieve over a loss.
 - kaf i dast, n. f.:
 Palm of the hand,
 - kuf i dasi maidān, n. m.: A bleak, barren plain.
 - kafglr, n. m.: A ladle; a skimmer.
- (A) kaffāra(h), n. m.: Penance; atonement.
- security; responsibility; pawn; mortgage.
- كفايت (A) kifayas, n. f.: Sufficiency; savings; frugality.

- kifayat shi'ar. adj.: Economical. thrifty.
- kif ayal shi'ari, n. f.: Economy; frugality; thrift.
- kifayat karna, v.:
 To suffice; to save.
- کفر (A) kufr, n. m.: Paganism, infidelity! blashphemy, profanity.
 - kufr torna, v.: To convert (one); to over-come (one's) obstinacy. to break (one's) resolution.
 - kufrān-l-ni'mai.
 n. f.: Ingratitude.
- P) kafsh, n. f.: A shoe or slipper.
 - kafsh bardar, n.m..

 An attendant on shoes:

 a menial servant.
- (A) kafan, n.m.: A shroud; a pall.
 - لفن سر سے باندها لفظ kafan sar se
 bandhna, v. 1 To risk
 one's life; to court
 death; to make a firm
 resolve (to accomplish a
 mission).

النفة (H) kafnana, v.: To cover the corpse with a shroud; to lay out a corpse.

- کفیل (A) kafil, n.m.: A supporter; a surety or bail.
- (H) kakpl, n. f.: Cucumber.
- (H) kal, adj.: Contr. of Yb kala, i. e black. Used in comp. as in the following words:--
 - kal sibbha, n. m. : A with ominous person tongue. (fem. کل جبھی kal jibbhl.)
 - kal muhha, adj.: Having a black face. (fem. كل منهى kalmuhhi.)
- (H) kal, n.m.. Tomorrow; yesterday: (fig) day of resurrection.
 - ل کلال که kai kaiaa ko, adv.: In future; lest.
- (H) kal, n. f.: (1) Side; flank. (2) Rest. (3) A machine.
 - kal parna, v.: To be at casc.
 - kal dar bandug, کل دار بندوق m. f.: A gun with a trigger.

- (A) kul, adj.: All; aggregate.
 - -kull-u-lawll-un کل طویل احمق ahmaqun, phr.: All long statured men are fools.
 - -kull -u man کل من علیها فان 'alaiha fan, phr.: Everything on the earth is mortal.
 - kullahum, کلهم اجمعین kullahum ajma'ln, adv.: Wholly; altogether; totally.
- **が (H)** kallā, n. m.: (1) A bud; a sprout. (2) A component part of a lamp in which wick is inserted. (3) A dish.
- لابتو (T) kalā banā, n. m.: Silk or ordinary thread covered with gold or silver; silk and silver (or gold) thread twisted together.
- و کلابه کلابه (P) kalaba(h), kalawa(h), n. m.: Raw silk or thread wound on a reel or from the spindle; spotted red and raw thread.
- J光 (P) kalāl, n. m.: A casto of wine distillers; a wine seller; a tavern keeper.

- Word; speech; composition; poetical composition; objection; question; doubt.

 (2) Religious philosophy;
 a science in which beliefs are proved through reason.
 - لام الله، كلام الله، كلام الله، كلام الله، لا kalam-ullah, kalam majid, n m.: The word of God; the Holy Quran.
- (P) kalān, adj.: Large; great; superior; elder; bigger; major; taller.
- (H) kalāwant, n. m.:

 A professional musician;
 a bard.
- (H) kalā'l, n. f.: The wrist.
- كابلان (H) kilbilanā, v.: To creep; to crawl.
- الله (H) kulbulānā, v.: To move or turn in bed; to bester; to be restless; to writhe, wriggle (as a worm or snake); to occur to the mind (thought).
 - لبلا بك kulbulāha!, n. f.:

 Vermicular motion;

 wriggling; itchiness.

- (P) kulba(h), n. m.: A small dark house.
 - kulba(h) i aḥzāh,

 m. m.: (lit.) House of affliction; a distressed house or family.
- کلپ (H) kalap, n. m.: Starch.
- کلیانا (H) kalpanā, v.: To give pain; to make restless.
- har, n. m.: An earthen bowl; (fig.) a fat, stupid fellow.
- کلس (H) kalas, n. m.: The spire or ornament on the top of a dome; a pinnacle.
- the spire on the top of a dome; an ornament on a turban; the comb (of a cock).
- كلف (A) kalaf, n. f.: Starch. (See لله kalap.)
- ا کافت (A) kulfat, m. m.: Trouble; vexation; distress.
- Cry; a trumpet sound; shout; the shrick of a child or monkey.

11:

- کاکل (H) kilkil, n. f.: Wrangle; squabble; petty quarrel.
- كلمه (A) kalima(h), n. m.: (1) A word. (2) The Islamic confession of faith ما المالالة محمد الرسول الله الاالة محمد الرسول الله المالالة محمد الرسول الله and Mohammd is the apostle of God.
 - kalima(h) parhnā,
 v. & id.: (1) To recite
 the لما kalima(h). (2) To
 acknowledge one's superiority; to follow implicitly; to kiss the rod.
 - kalima(h) i kufr,
 m. m.: Blashphemy: profanity.
 - للمكو kalima(h) go, n. m.: A Muslim; one of the faithfuls; one who sings the praises (of).
- to stick charmed nails in a house to ward off evil spirits; to guard a place against black magic.
- کاونجی (H) kalaunfl, n. f.: A
 black seed used medicinally and in pickles.

- (H) kalauhs, n. f.: Blackness; (fig.) stigma.
- ソン (H) kallā, n. m.; (2) A bud: a sprout. (2) A dish.
- Ms (45 (P) kalla(h), kalla, n.
 m.: (1) The jaw; the cheek.
 (2) (fig.) (W) Foul language; high tone.
 - breaking; convincing; proving to the hilt.
 - kalla(h) thalla, adj.:

 (1) Strong jaws and cheeks; muscles. (2)

 Long tongue; impudence. (3) Pomp and splendour.
 - للمبيلاً kalla(h) jabrā, n. m.:

 The jaws and cheeks:

 (fig.) physical strength.
 - لاے دراز kalle daraz, adj:
 Noisy; abusive; impudent; saucy.
 - אשונט (H) kulhari, n. f.: An axe; a hatchet.
 - ليها (H) kulhiya, n. f.: A small earthen cup.
- a blossom. (2) Quick lime; wet lime. (3) A triangular

کم ترین

- side piece of cloth. (4) A kind of as huqqa(h).
- (H) kulll, n. f.: A mouthful of a liquid; a gargle.
 - kulli karna, v.: To gargle; to rinse the mouth.
- (human) liver or heart; (fig.) courage; spirit; magnanimity.
 - kaleje par کلیجے برسانپ لوٹنا saap loind, v.; To burn with envy or jealousy; to repine.
 - kaleja کلیجه قهام کرره جانا shām kar rah jānā; v.: To bear a shock patiently; to repress one's grief.
 - kalejā باهند ابونا kalejā باهند ابونا honā, v.: To be comforted; to be soothed; to be satisfied.
 - kalejā كليجا دهك سے ہوجانا kalejā dhak se ho jānā, v.: To be stunned (with grief or terror).
- kaleja muah کلیجا منهد کو آنا ko ana, v.: To be grieved

- beyond words; to be shocked most painfully.
- kalejā hāth کلیجا باته بهر کا بونا kalejā hāth bhar kā honā, v.: To be large hearted; to be magnanimous; to be courageous.
- kaleji, n. f.: The liver of animals (used as food).
- ا کلید (P) kalld, killd, m. f.: A key; index of a book.
- (A) kallsa, r. m.: A Christian church; a cathedral.
- (P) kam, adj: Little; less; few.
 - کم اصل kam aşl, adj.: Baseborn; low-bred.
 - kam bakht, adj.: Unlucky; wretched.
 - لم بختی kam bakhtl, n. f.: Ililuck: evil star; adversity; misfortune; calamity.
 - kam bakhtl ana,
 v.: To be overtaken by
 calamity.
 - kam tarîn, adj.: Least; most humble.

- لم حومله kam ḥauṣla(h), adj.:
 Unambitious; lacking in
 courage; small-minded.
- kam <u>kharch</u>, adj.: Economical; cheap.
- kam kharch bāla nashīn, prov. Maintaining good standard of life at small expense; less priced but of high quality; plain living and high thinking.
- kamzor, adj.: Weak; feeble; infirm; power-less.
- کم سن ، کم عمر kam sin, kam 'umr, adj.: Young; of tender age.
- kam sini, کم سنی ، کم عمری kam sini, kum 'umri, n. f.: Youth; minority; tender age.
- کم غارف kam zarf, adj.: Shallow; petty; mean; base; low.
- لم و المش kam u besh, adv.: More or less; about.
- אוץ kamyāb, adj.: Rare; scarce.
- کمی kami, n. f.: Shortage;
 want; deficit; deficiency;

- scantiness; paucity; dearth; scarcity; lack; loss; reduction; remission; relaxation.
- لمى بيشى kami beshi, n. f.:

 Deficiency and excess;

 profit and loss; fluctuation; inequality.
- ا كمال (A) kamāl, n m.: Perfection; proficiency; excellence; wonder; miracle.
 - ال د کهانا kamāl dikhānā,
 y.: To work wonders;
 to exhibit miraculous
 powers.
 - لمال كرنا kamal karna. v.:

 To succeed to perfection; to over reach; to outwit.
- (P) kaman, n. f. & adj.: (1)
 A bow; an arch; (fig.)
 rainbow. (2) Curved; bent.
- mand; exercise or tenure of authority especially naval or military.
- earn. (2) To dress tanned leather. (3) To clean a chamber pot. (4) To live by prostitution.

- لماؤ kama'n, adj.: Earning; bread-winning.
- نی kamā'l, n. f.: Earnings; income: profit; gains; perquisites.
- عمانی (U) kamānī, n. f.: Steel spring (of watch or carriage etc.).
- کمبل ، کمل ، کمل ، کمل ، کملی (H) kambal, kammal, kamll, n.m.: A blanket; a rug.
- stick or bamboo sticky at one end used by fowlers to catch birds.
 - kampā lagānā, v.:

 To catch birds with

 the sticky bamboo; (fig.)

 to entice one.
- P) kim<u>kh</u>āb, مخاب، كمخواب n.m.: Brocade.
- the loins; the middle: a belt.
 - kamar bandhna,

 v.: To gird up one's
 loins; to arm; to prepare; to be ready to
 start.

- كبرينك kamar band, n. m. : A girdle; a waist band; a long band tied round the waist to hold up trousers.
- کمر بندی رشته kamar bandl rishta(h), n. m.: Relation by marriage.
- kamar sidhi مرسياهي كرنا kamar sidhi karna, v.: . To lie down to take rest.
- لمركسنا، باندهنا kamar kasnā. bāhdhnā, v.: To gird up one's loins; to prepare for a journey or battle.
- کبر کمر kamar kamar, adr.:

 Up to the waist (water in river etc.).
- kamar men کر میں ماته ڈالنا hath dālnā, v.: To put the hand round the waist (of a friend etc.) with a view to embracing him.

- کمر کھ ، کمر خ (H) kamrakh, kamra<u>kh</u>, n. f.: An angular sour fruit; its tree.
- room; a chamber; an apartment.
- support; reinforcement.
- نکلون، کمهلان (H) kumlana, kumhlana, v.: To wither; to droop; to fade; to dry up.
- a slip-knot; a scaling ladder of rope.
 - kamand کنند پهينکنا، ڏالنا kamand pheħknā, dalnā, v.: To throw up a scaling ladder.
- potter; a manufacturer or dealer of earthen vessels.
 - kumhār kā chāk, n. m.: A potter's wheel.
 - potter's wife. (2) An insect which builds its house of clay.
 - کمین (A) kumalı, n. m.: A bay horse.

- الميلة (H) kamela(h), n. m.: A slaughter-house; an abattoir.
- المبنه (P) kamina(h), adj.: Ignoble; mean; vulgar; abject; vile: malicious.
 - kamīna(h) pan, n. m.:

 Meanness; baseness.
- کن (P&H) kan, adj. & n.m.: (1)

 Digging; excavating; carving. (2) Crumb; a granule.

 (Also used in comp. as suf., e.g. گورکن gor kan, a grave-digger.)
- کن (H) kan, n. m.: Contr. of کان kān, ear.
 - انکهیاں kan ankhiyan,
 m. m.: The corners of the eye.
 - كن پلى kanpaṭi, n. f.: The temple.
 - كن لوپ kan fop, n. m.: A night cap covering the ears.
 - لنرس، رسيا kan ras, rasya, adj.: A connoisseur of music.
 - (H) kin, pron.: Who; what; which.
 - which.

 which.

 kin ko, pron.: Whom.

- kin ka, pron.: Whose.
- P) kun, v. & adj.: (1)

 Be; the word of command used by God to create the world. (2) Making; doing. (Used in comp. as suf. e. g. کارکن kar kun, worker.)
- (P) kanārah, n. m.: Side; margin; coast; end; terminus; the fag end of a piece of cloth; edge; edging.
 - کنار کے کنار کے kanāre kanāre, adv.: Along the shore.
- or silver lace; edging.
- (A) kināyah, n. m.: A hint; an indirect reference.
 - كنايتاً kināyatan, adv.: Indirectly; obliquely.
- کنبه (H) kunba(h), n. m.: Family; kith and kin.
 - kunba(h) parwar, adj & n. m.: (1) Supporting one's family. (2) One who supports his kith and kin.
- P) kunj, n. m.: A groove; a corner; a quiet place.

- (H) kunjṛā, n.m.: A green grocer. (fem کنجزا kunjṛan, kunjṛi.).
- کنچشک (P) kunjishk, n. f.: Sparrow.
- (H) kanjūs, n. m.: A miser.
- كنجى (H) kunjī, n. f.: A key.
- (H) kanchan, n. m.: Gold. n. f.: The prostitute class.
- (H) kundan, n. m. & adj.:
 (1) Pure gold. (2) Bright:
 shining; pure; unalloyed.
- of wood; trunk of a tree; a block; an arm of a paper kite; a piece in trousers.
 - kunda(h)-i-nā-ṭa-rāsh, n. m.: A block-head; an idiot; an un-civilized person.
- engraved. (P) kanda(h), adj.: Dug;
 - kanda(h) karnā, v.:
 To engrave.
 - אנים אל kanda(h) kār, n. m.:
 An engraver.
- لندها ، كندها ، كاندها (H) kandha, kan-dhā, n: m.: The shoulder.

- لندهادینا kandha dena, v.:

 To bear on one's shoulders; to put one's shoulders to the wheel;
 to carry a dead body.
- كندها ذالنا kandhā ḍālnā, v.:
 To throw off the yoke;
 to lose courage; to be
 disheartened.
- let; the act of calendering (cloth); beating; cudgelling.
 - لندى كرنا kundi karna, v.:

 To calender (cloth); to beat; to cudgel.
- كنڈل (H) kundal, n. m.: A circle; a coil; a halo round the sun or moon.
- a ring; a hoop; a coil; a ringlet; a horoscope.
 - كنڈلى بنانا kundil banana, v.:
 To make a horoscope.
- کنڈی (H) kunḍl, n. f.: A door chain.
 - kundl lagana, v.:
 To put on a door chain;
 to shut and fasten the
 chain of a door.

- انڈی کھٹکھٹانا kundi khaikhaianā, v.: To knock at a door.
- coarse lime stone used in metalling roads etc. and making lime; gravel; pebble.
 - كنكرېتهر kankar patthar, n.m.:

 Pebbles and stones; rubbish; trash.
- ا كنكنا (H) kunkunā, adj.: Tepid:
- ا كنكو (H) kankawwā, n. m. : A paper kite.
 - kankawwe bāz, n.

 m.: One addicted to kite flying; an expert in kite flying.
- ا كنگال (H) kangāl, adj.: Poor; penniless.
 - (H) kanglā, n. m.: A beggar. (fem. كنكلى.)
- ناكن (H) kangan, n. m.: A bracelet; a bangle.
- string tied round the wrist at marriage.

- ا كناي (H) kanghā, n. m.: A large-size comb notched on one side used by men.
 - kanghi, n. f.: A small comb notched on both sides used by females.
 - kanghi choti کنگهیچونی کرنا karnā, v.: To dress or braid the hair.
 - كنگهي كرنا kanghi karnā, v.: To comb.
- ا كنمنا (H) kunmunānā, v.: To stir in bed; to be restless; to hasitate; to be unwilling.
- نوار! (H) kunwārā, n. m. & adj.: (1) An unmarried person. (2) Unmarried. (, کنواری .fem)
- H) kuhwāh, n. m.: A well; (fig.) the pit in the chin.
- لنول (H) kahwal, n.m.: The lotus; (fig.) the heart; a lotus like glass shade in which candle in burnt.
 - kahwal gaiṭā, n. m. :

- (H) kanl, n. f.: A piece of a diamond; broken ricc; grains of rice not fully cooked.
- (H) kanni, n. f.: A mason's کرنی tool (more correctly) karni) for mixing and applying mortar; trowel; a make - weight attached to the lighter side of a paper kite; hem; border; side; corner.
 - لني كالنا kanni kāṭnā, v.: To slink away (from): to avoid.
- کنبکت (A) kunyat, n. f.: A name derived from that of a father, mother or son e. g. ابن حاجب ibn-i-Hajib, ummul kisab, ام الكتاب Abul Hasan, ابوالحسن
- کنیز (A) kanlz, n. f.: A slave girl; a maid servant.
- 195 (H) kawwā, n. m: (1) A crow. (2) Throat membrane.
- (H) kiwār, n.m.: A leaf of a door; a door.
- The edible seed of the בפוצי (A) kawākib, n. m, pl.: lotus.

 Stars. (s. كوكب kaukab.)

- کوتاه (P) kotāh, adj.: Short; small; junior; narrow.
 - koiāh andesh, adj.: Short sighted.
 - خوتابی kotāhl, n. f.: Deficiency; fault; want; lack: narrowness.
- (P) kotal, n.m. & adj.:

 (1) A horse (having no rider) led for show. (2)

 Without a rider; spare; extra.
- chief officer of Police for a city or town; a kotwal.
 - kotwāll, n. f.: The chief Police station in town.
- (H) koila(h), n. m.: A fortress.
- لوكن (H) kūṭnā, v.: To pound; to crush; to beat.
 - لولنا بيسنا لا بيسنا لا بيسنا kūinā pisnā, v.: To
- upper story of a house; a store house; a barn; an inner apartment.
- کوٹھری (H) kothrl, n.f.: A

- small room or chamber; a closet; a cabin.
- מפלפט (H) kothi, n. f.: (1) A masonary house; a mansion; a store house; a granary; a barn; a factory; a banking house; a grocer's shop. (2) The chamber of a gun; the shaft of a well or mine.
- (A) kauşar, n. m.: A fountain in paradise.
- journey; exodus; (fig.) death.
 - march; to journey; to leave; to depart (from); to forsake; (fig.) to die.
 - (P) kacha(h), n. m.: A lane; a narrow street.
 - لوچه کردی kucha(h) gardi, n. f.: Wandering; strolling.
 - to leap; to bound; to frisk; to skip.
 - P) kor, adj.: Blind.
 - ور (H) kor, n. f.: Edge; margin; hem.

- kor dabnā, v.: To be under (one's) influence; to be subdued.
- (H) korā, adj.: Blank;
 new; unused; untutored;
 untaught; simple; stupid;
 poor; penniless; destitute;
 empty; void.
 - كورايندا korā pinḍā, n. m.:

 (lit.) Untouched body;

 (fig.) maidenhood; virginity.
 - korā jawāb, n. m.:
 Blank refusal.
- P) kornish, m. f.: Salutation; compliment; homage; devotion.
 - لورنش بجالانا kornish bajā lānā, v.: To salute; to pay respects.
- ings; rubbish.
- (H) korā, n. m. : A whip.
- (H) korh, n.m.: Leprosy.
 - korhl, n.m. & adj.:
 - (1) A leper. (2) Leprous.
- small shell once upon a time used as a coin. (2)
 The breast bone.

- kauri ada karnā, v.: To pay every penny.
- לפלאפט ב הפל kauriyon ke mol, adv.: Very cheap.
- kauriyā ghulām,
 n. m.: A wretched slave;
 a submissive servant.
- وز، کوز، (P) kuz, kuza(h), adj.: Hunchback.
- earthen cup or goblet. (2)
 Sugar crystallised in an earthen pot.
- of distance of about 2 miles.
- کوس (P) $k\overline{u}s$, n. m.: A bugle; a clarion.
 - لوس رحلت kus-i-riḥlat, n.m.:
 A call to death; a marching order.
- (H) kosna, n. m. d v.:
 - (1) Curse; malediction.
 - (2) To curse; to call down curses (on).
- (P) koshish, n.f.: Attempt; effort.
 - کوشش کرنا koshish karna, v.:
 To try; to attempt.

(P) koft, n. f.: Pain; anguish.

- (P) kofta(h), adj. & n. m.: (1) Pounded; bruised. (2) Pounded and spiced meat ball prepared into a delicious curry.
- **5** (H) kokā, n. m.: A small nail.
- وكب (A) kaukab, m. m.: Star.
- (T) kokaliāsh, n. m.: Foster brother of a king.
- (1) kuknā, v.: (1) To cry; to shriek. (2) To wind (a watch etc.)
- (T) koka(h), n.m.: A foster brother.
- (H) kokh, n. f.: The belly; abdomen; the ribs; a side the womb; body; (fig.) Progeny; children.
- kala, kalha, n. m.: The hip; buttock; haunch; the waist.
 - kile maikana, v.: To wanton with one's hips.

- (H) kolhū, n. m.: An oil press; a sugar-cane crushing machine.
 - kolh ka bail, n. کولهو کا بیل m.: (lit.) The ox driving an oil press; (fig.) a hard working man; a hard worker without initiative.
 - kolh# mea کولهو میں یلو ادینا pilwa denā, v.: (lit.) To get (one) crushed in a mill; (fig.) to torture to death; to give severe punishment.
 - (A) kaun, n. m.: Being; existence; nature.
 - kaun u makāh, کون و سکال m. m.: The universe; all creation.
 - نون (H) kaun, pron.: Who; which; whom; what.
 - نونا (H) kond, n.m.: Corner; side; angle.
 - (H) kuachi, n.f.: A mason's brush.
 - (H) kautdā, n.m.: Lightning.
 - (H) koundaa, r.: To flash; to lighten.

- (P) koh, n. m.: A mountain.
 - koh-1-atish کوه آتش فشان fishah, n. m.: A volcano.
 - kohisiān, n. m.: A hilly mountainous tract; mountain ranges.
 - koh kandan wa kāh bar āwur-dan, prov.: (lit.) Digging the mountain and bringing out (only) grass; a fruit-less effort; much ado about nothing.
- one; anybody; some one; somebody; some.
 - ko'i na(h) ko'i, adv.: Some one or other; any.
 - ko'i nahin, adv.:
- (H) ko'il, n. f.: The black cuckoo.
- (H) ko'lla, n. m.: Charcoal; coal.
- (P) ki(h), pron. & conj.: (1)
 Which; who; what. (2)
 That; or.
- (H) kahā, n. m.: Saying;

- remark; verbal instruction; bidding.
- ing; pleading; advice; words (fig.) improper language; fault.
- mu'af karna, v.: To forget and forgive.
- account; a ledger; a merchant's or banker's book.
- Sless (H) khad, n. m.: Manure; fertaliser; anything rotten or decayed.
- of Hindus employed for menial services; a palanquin bearer.
- ال کهار (H) khār, m. f.: Alkali; sait.
 - saltish. adj.: Brackish;
- دی (H) khāpī, n.f.: A creek; a bay.
- JUS (H) khal, n. f.: Hide; skin.
 - (lit.) To peel off the skin; (fig.) to beat severely.
- (H) kahan, adv.: Where; whither.

- خبان تک kahāh tak, adr.: How far; how long; to what extent.
- دماں سے kahan se, adr.: Whence; wherefrom.
- טון אוט אוט אוט אוט גאוט *kahāh kahāh*, adv.: Everywhere; at various or many places.
- To eat; to swallow; to bear up; to consume; to endure; to hold; to worry; to harass; to kill; to take (air, bribe, oath); to spend; to omit; to embezzie; to misappropriate. (2) Food; eating; dinner; supper; a feast.
- كهانـدٌ (H) khānḍ, n. f.: Sugar.
- کهانستا (H) khānsnā, v.: To cough.
- کهانسی (H) khātsī, n. f.: Cough.
- tale; (fig.) frivolous talk; false statement.
- کہاوت kahāwai, n. f.: A proverb; a saying; an adage.
- to cause to consume; to be absorbed or mixed up;

- to be wasted or destroyed.
- space; accommodation; sale; consumption.
- bamboo slip; a splinter; (fig.) anything very lean.
- (P) kihtar, adj.: Lower; junior; smaller.
- Field-wise record of a village; account book of land distribution.
- crash; collision. Tap; rap:
 - tinuous blows or knocks; (fig.) querrel; difference of opinion; enmity.
- (H) khaṭṭā, adj. & n. m.:
 (1) Sour. (2) A sour fruit;
 lemon.
 - khaias, n. f.: Sourness.
 - khaṭā'l, n. f.: Acidity; dried slices of raw mangoes used in seasoning curries.
 - khata'i men parna, v.: (lit.) To be put in an acid; to be laid aside or put in cold storage.

- Discordant notes in music.
 (2) Wrangling; quarrel; entanglement; mess; chattels.
- knock; a tap; a tick; a thud; a rattling sound; a bolt; a switch. (2) A mechanical device. (3) Fear; anxiety; care; concern.
- To knock (at a door); to tap; to make a demand; to remind.
- كهشمل (H) khaimal, n. m.: A bug.
- Small bed; a child's cradie.
- Scratch with finger nails; to itch; to feel itchy.
 - khujil, n. f.: The itch.
- date; date tree; a kind of sweetmeat.
- Crammed; crowded; stuffed.

- khichawai, n.m. & f.:
 Tightening; tightness;
 tension; reserve; aloofness;
 bitterness; discord.
- seasoned dish of boiled wheat, rice, meat, pulses etc. primarily for distribution among the poor, during Moharram, in remembrance of the Holy Martyrs' hunger.
- (1) Rice and pulse cooked together; a mixture; medley; black and white hair.
 (2) Secret counsels.
 - A plot to be hatched; secret counsels to be held to concoct a plan.
- dragged; to be tightened; to be reserved; to avoid; to shun.
- ging; engraving.
- The bubbling of a pot on the fire. (2) Concocting of a scheme.

کهدر (H) khaddar, n. m.: Course cloth

- אברוי בארכנו (H) khudrā, khurdarā, adj.: Rough; rugged; notched.
- hollow down a hill side; a pit.
- אני אנן (H) kohar, kohrā, n. f. & m.: Fog; mist.
- (H) kharā, adj.: Unalloyed; pure; good; honest; impartial; fair; straightforward.
- (H) kuhrām, n. m.: Weeping and wailing; lamentation.
- کهرب (H) kharab, adj.. A billion.
- Yellow amber; oriental anime. (2) Electricity (Magnetic).
- implement for removing grass; a weeding knife.
- Scrapings from the kitchen pot; a sweetmeat made of scrapings from the vessel in which milk has

- been boiled; (fig.) the last of the residue.
- khurachna, ندر خنا scrape; to scratch.
- tar; a boat shaped stone for grinding medicine.
 - kharal karnā, v.: To grind very fine.
 - scab or scale; the scale of a healing sore.
 - not moving; erect; upright; perpendicular; ready; prepared; remaining at call undissolved: half-cooked.
 - remain standing: to stay; to wait for. to expect.
 - rise; to get up: to stand:
 to stand up; to take
 leave; to be erected; to
 be built; to recover;
 to get well; to be ready;
 to be on the alert: to be
 established.
 - Wooden shoes; sandals.

- (1) To knock; to clatter; to rustle. (2) To scold; to warn; to disgrace; to put to shame.
- Window; a casement: a lattice.
- (H) khari, adj.: Standing; plain; upright.
 - kharī boll, n. f.:

 (lit.) Unpolished, unidiomatic language; old
 Urdu dialect.
- med med (H) khusar phusar, n. f.: Whispering.
- move; to slide; to push; to slip; (fig.) to steal.
- pull; to pluck; to tear; to plunder; to snatch; to gather; to exploit.
- be abashed; to grin; to be ready to cry; to blush.
- ا کہکشان (P) kahkashān, n. f.:
 The milky way.
- ble; difficulty; trial; botheration.

- (H) khulā, adj. Uncovered; open; naked; clear; fair; unrestrained; loose; untied; unlocked; expanded; broad; public; known; direct; manifest.
 - لهلا كهلا لهلا khulā khulā, adj.:

 Distinct; legible (writing);

 detailed; clear; straight.

 (fem. كهلى khuli.)
 - khule ban-don, khazane, adv.:

 Freely; openly; at large:
 at liberty; expressly.
- לכט (H) khilāri, adj. & n.
 m.: (1) Sportive; full of tricks; skilled in conjuring. (2) A juggler; a player; a sportsman.
- feast; to provide meal; to cause to eat; to give a dinner; to feed. (2) To brighten; to cause to flower. (3) To dandle; to charm; to amuse.
 - khilā'i, n. f.: (1) A nurse for a child; an old maid servant; a dry nurse. (2) Feeding: board.

- Hurry; hurly-burly; bustle; agitation; turmoil; commotion; disturbance; panic.
- ر هنسنا کهلکه کر هنسنا (H) khilkhilana, khilkhila kar hahsna, v.: To explode or burst into laughter; to laugh heartily.
- to open into a flower; to blow; to burst; to swell; to crack; to split; to be exhilarated.
- لهان (H) khulnā, v.: To be opened; to be opened out; to be solved; to be disentangled; to be unravelled; to be unfastened; to be unbuttoned; to be unfolded; to be let loose; to be set free; to be removed (restraint or obstacle); to be laid bare; to be analysed; to be cut open; to be cut (a passage or channel); to be expanded; to be widened; to be enlarged; to be exposed; to be betrayed; to be clear; to brighten up; to look well;

- to start; to depart; to be set up; to be instituted; to be established; to be renewed; to become intimate or familiar; to be encouraged; to be emboldened.
- نهاوان (H) khulwana, v.: To cause to be opened or exposed.
- cause to be fed; to make someone to feed.
- (H) khilaunā, n. m.: (1)
 A toy; a plaything; (fig.)
 any fragile or showy thing.
 (2) A buffoon; a jester.
- used as hair shampoo or fodder for animals.
- (H) khalyān, n. m.: A granary; a barn.
- الكهم، كهمبا (H) kham, khambā, n. m.: A column or pole.
- کہت ' کہنه (P) kuhan, kohna(h), adj.: Old.
 - لبن سال Kuhan sāl, adj.:
 Aged; old.
- (H) kahnā, v. & n. m.: (1) To speak; to say; to

assert; to call; to name; to advise; to admonish; to compose (verse); to put a question; to convey a message; to promise. (2) Saying; dictum; bidding; order.

kahnā sunnā, n. m. & v.: (1) Altercation; pleading; discussion. (2)
To instigate; to cause one to err.

kahnā mānnā, v.:
To obey.

(H) khandar, n. m.: A ruin.

(H) khanak, n. f.: A clink.

khankānā, n. f.: To clink.

khankar, khankhar, khankār, n. f.: Sound of clearing throat; rattling of throat

khankarna, khankharna, khankarna, khankarna, khankarna, khankharna, khankharna, khankarna, khankarna, throat.

(H) kohni, n. f.: The elbow; (fig.) a handle (angular).

kernel of a cocoanut.

لام کهو پری کهو پری (H) khopri, khopri, n. f.: Head; skull.

ألم كويزى كنجى كونا khopri ganji karnä, v.: (lit.) To beat to the extent of making the head bald; to beat severely.

defect; fault; flaw; failing; blemish; impropriety; looseness of morals; sin; a slip; a miss. (2) An alloy; adulteration.

kho! milana, v.:
To mix with a base
metal.

faulty; false; spurious; dishonest; fraudulent; spiteful.

khojā sikka(h), n. m.: A base coin.

trace; clue; inquiry.

khoj lagānā, v.:
To trace; to track; to
follow up a clue; to
search; to seek for.

- dig; to delve; to excavate; (2) To engrave; to carve.
- کهوکهاک (H) khokhia, adj.: Hollow. (fem. کهوکهلی khokhii.)
- boil; to cause to be boiled;

 (W) to cause to be grieved.
- boiled; to simmer; to burn mentally.
- to uncover; to untie; to release; to set free; to dissect; to cut open; to expose.
- to waste; to suffer a loss; to part with; to be lost or wasted.
- (H) kheniā, n. m.: A peg; a tent peg; a post for tying animals.
 - khunii, n. f.: A small peg; a hanger; roots of of the hair.
- (H) khonch, m. f.: A tear; a scratch.

- a cargo; shipment; an assortment.
- farm; land; a field of battle.
 - khet rahnā, v.: To be killed in battle.
 - khetl.n. f.: Sown land; corn field; crop; cultivation.
 - لهيتى بازى kheti bāri, n. f.:
 Cultivation; husbandry.
 - trap for catching elephants; hunt.
 - (H) khir, n. f.: A dish of rice and milk or milk and other ingredients with sugar.
 - khir chata'i, n. f.:

 The ceremony of giving
 a child rice-milk for the
 first time.
 - (H) khīrā, n.m.: Cucumber.
 - (H) khil, n. f.: Parched grain or rice; (fig.) a bit; a particle.

- game; sport; pastime; frolic; wonders (of nature).
 - khel bigārnā, v.:
 To spoil one's business,
 sport or plot
 - khel samajhnā, v. :
 To regard as easy.
- play; to play at; to frisk; to gambol; to romp; to sport; to amuse; to gamble; to act (2) To personate a character. (3) To nod one's head under the influence of a spirit; to go into e c s t a c i e s in a 'qawwali', a form of sufistic musical performance.
- אבט (H) kahin, adv.: Somewhere; anywhere; whereever.
 - المحدد كمون كمون كمون كمون كمون كمون كمون Here and there; at some places.
 - kahin, adv.: Some where or other.
- (H) khenā, v.: To row.
- (H) khinchnā, v.: To

- drag; to pull; to drag along; to absorb; to extract; to distil; to brew.
- record of village shares; a register of mutations.
- (H) ka'i, adj.: Several; some.
 - لثى بار ka'i bar, adv : Several times ; often.
- ع، لا (H) kl., ke, prep.: Of; belonging to.
- لَيْكَ (H) kyā, pron.: What; whether,
 - ا كيا كيا الله kyā kyā, inij.: What not; all sorts.
 - kyā muzā'iqa(h),
 intj.: No harm; what is
 the harm; it's alright.
 - happened: what became of it; what is the matter: no wonder.
- (H) kiyāri, n. f.: A bed (of a garden or field).
- کیتلی (E) keili, n. f.: Cor. of kett.e.
- ليج · كيچر (H) kich, kichar, n. f. & m.: (1) Mud; mire;

puddle; slime. (2) Mattery discharge which collects in the corner of the eye.

- kichar uchhalna, v.: To indulge in mud-slinging.
- unripe mango; a locket of the shape of a mango; needlework of this shape.
- an insect; a reptile; a vermin.
 - kirā lagnā, v.: To be worm-eaten.
- What like. (2) How; why; in what manner; on what account.
 - ر (P) kesh, n.m.: Creed; religion.
 - (A) kaif, n. m.: Intoxication; revel; exhilaration.
 - condition; situation; position; affairs; circumstances; statement; accout; report; case; story; narrative; return; remark.

- kaifiyai talab گرفیت طلب کرنا karnā, v: To call for remark or report.
- Spike; core of a boil; a nose-pin (used by women).
- كيلا (H) kela, n. m.: Banana.
- (A) kimtyā, n. f: Alchemy; chemistry.
- chli, kechli, kechul, n. f.:
 Slough (of a snake).
 - kenchil badaina,

 v.: (lit.) To put on new slough (snake); (fig.) to put on new clothes; to be entirely changed.
 - cour; spite; malice; vindictiveness.
 - لينه برور kina(h) parwar, adj.: Malicious: rancorous; spiteful.
 - (H) kewrā, n.m.: A plant which bears strong-scented-flower: the flower itself; exudation or essence of the flower.
 - (H) kion, adv.: Why; wherefore; weil; what.

kion na(h) ho, intj.:

Why should it not be so;
why not; undoubtedly.

ليون نهين kion nahin, intj.: Why not; certainly; surely.

گک

sixth letter of Persian and twenty ninth of Urdu alphabets. It does not occur in Arabic. Numerical value according to like that of kaf = 20.

(H) gā, suf.: Sign of the future tense (will, shall).
e g. المائة عالم تابع تا a'igā,
khā'igā, (you) will come,
will eat.

n. m.: (1) A leaf in the bud; unripe crop; half ripe ear of corn. (2) The inner portion of wood, liber, alburnum, sapwood, a fork of a tree. (3) Old cotton (taken out of a quilt).

ఆస్ట్ (H) gābhan, adj. & n. f.:

(1) Pregnant (cattle). (2) (sl.) A pregnant woman. (Also كيابهن gyābhan.)

(H) gāt, n. f.: (W) Bust (of a woman); formation of a woman's breasts; grace and comeliness of a beloved.

(H) gajar, n. f.: A carrot.

Of (H) gad, n. f.: Sediment; dregs; dirt settled in oil or liquor; dirty and thick oil at the bottom (of a canister).

(H) gārā, n. m.; (1) Kneaded clay or prepared mud for brick making or plastering. (2) A musical mode.

System (E) garad, n. m.: Cor. of guard; a police posse; police patrol.

ללט (H) gāṛnā, v.: To bury; to fix (nail, peg).

(H) gāṛhā, n. m. & adj.:

(1) Hand-woven or coarse cloth. (2) Thick.

gārhā pasina(h), n. m.: (fig.) Hard work or intense labour.

- gārhe di kamā'i, n. f.:

 Hard-earned livelihood.
- رَمَى جِهِننا gāṛhi chhannā, v.:

 (fig.) To be on intimate terms; to be fast friends; to be thick (with).
- לנט (H) gāṛi, n. f.: Carriage: coach; cart; any vehicle.
 - اڑیبان gāṇī bān, n. m.: Coachman; driver.
 - ازی کهسیثنا gāṛl ghaslṭnā, v.:

 To manage with difficulty (or somehow).
- ازر (P) gāzur, n.m.: Washerman.
- לע (H) gāgar, n. f.: A pitcher.
- リピ (H) gāl, n m.: Cheek.
 - charhnā, v.: To become fleshy (cheeks); to look buxom.
- YE (H) gaia, n. m.: A pad of separated cotton.
- (H) gāli, n. f.: Abuse; filthy language.
 - الى دينا gālī denā, v.: To call names; to use abusive language.

- P) gām, n. m.: Foot; step; pace.
 - أرزن gām zan, adj.: Treading; going forward; moving fast.
- Uf (H) gānā, v. & n. m.: (1) To sing; to chant; to praise.
 (2) Music; singing.
 - m.: To have vocal and instrumental music. (2)

 Concert; musical bout.
 - التے گاتے آدمی کلاونت ہوجاتا هے

 gate gate admi kalawant
 ho jata hal, prov.: (lit.)

 Contnuous singing
 makes one a master
 musician; practice makes
 one perfect.
- tie; a joint; a bale; bunch:
 (fig) misunderstanding:
 difficulty; snag
 - اندها له کا پوراعقل کا اندها kā pūrā aql ka andhā, adj.: (fig.) A wealthy fool.
- win over; to take into confidence; to take as

- accomplice. (2) To mend (shoes); to stitch slovenly.
- gandhi, n m.: A perfume-seller.
- (H) gāngan, n. m.: A morbid tumour with no orifice or opening.
- (P) ga'u, n. m.: (1) A bull; an ox; a bullock. (2) (U) n. f.: A cow.
 - Large size pillow which supports the back of a person sitting.
 - ال خور د بونا ga'u khurd hona,

 v.: To go waste; to be deteriorated or be destroyed.
 - وَدَم ga'u dum, adj.: Conical; tapering.
 - ga'udi, n m. & adj.: (۱)
 An idiot; a simpleton.
 (2) Of dull intellect.
 - gā'u kushi, n. f.: Cow-slaughter.
- age; a hamlet.

- times. (2) Place. (Used in comp., e. g. ارام کاه ārām gāh, a place of comfort.
 - gahe, gahe mahe, adv.:
 Occasionally; at intervals; once in a blue moon.
- tial (H) gāhnā, v.: To thrash corn.
- tomer; client. Cus-
- خ (H) gā'i, n. f.: (See فال (2).)
- میک (S) gāyak, n.m.: A singer; a musician.
- (P) gabr, n. m.: A fireworshipper; Zoroastrian; (fig) a non-believer.
- آبرو (H) gabrū, adj.: Goodlooking; presentable (youngman).
- البا کبها (H) gabbā, gabbhā, a. m.: A mattress; a bad-ding filled with cotton
- idle talk; prattle. (2) False report.

- gap urānā, می gap urānā, کپ بانکنا hānknā, v.: To brag; to indulge in idle talk or rumour-mongering.
- و کپ شپ gap shap, n. f.: Chit-chat.
- gappi, n. m.: An idle talker; a boaster.
- (H) gupt, adj.: Invisible; secrect.
 - gupt amdani, n.f.: Secrect income.
 - guptl, n. f.: A hidden sword; a sword-stick.
- (H) gupphā, n. m.: A tassel.
- (H) gat, n. f.: Plight; condition; deportment; tune; mode of dancing; funeral rites (Hindu).
 - gas bajanā, v.: To play a tune.
 - adopt a mode; to reduce to a miserable plight; to harass; to beat severely.
 - gat bharna, v.: To dance to a tune.
 - gat kā, adj: Fine; reasonably good.

- (H) gattā, n. m.: Card-board.
- (H) guth jana, v.: To come to grips; to clash; to grapple.
- knot; (fig.) a knotty problem.
 - gutthi parna, v.:

 Cropping up of a problem.
 - Straightening out of a knot or problem.
- (H) gațtā, n. m.: Ankle.
- pebble; a quaver or trill in vocal music.
 - gitkiri lena, v.: To give a trill to the voice (while singing).
- (H) gaṭṭhā, n. m.: A bundle (of grass etc.).
- (H) gaithar, n. m.: A (huge) bundle (usually of clothes). (fem. نظهری gaihrl, a small bundle.)
- stone (of mango etc.); hard boil or tumour.

(H) gajar, n.m.: Double strokes (of time bell) at 4,8 and 12 hours, (formerly only in the morning); gong strokes; an alarm.

- gajar dam, adv.: Early morning; before dawn.
- (H) gajrā, n. m.: A garland; a bracelet of flowers for women's wrist.
- of riches; accumulated money.
 - gajjhā mārnā, v.:
 To obtain a lot of wealth
 surreptitiously or deceitfully.
- bunch; a cluster; a constellation.
- (P) gada, n. m.: A beggar.
 - gadāgari, n. f.:
 Beggary.
- (H) gadda, n. m.: Soft matress or quilted bedding.
- الا (P) gudāz, n. m & adj:
 - (1) Softness; sensitiveness.
 - (2) Soft; sensitive.
- الدر (H) gaddar, adj.: Halfripe (fruit).

- gadrānā, v.: To reach ripeness (fruit); to approach puberty (girls).
- الدزى (H) gudri, n f.: A beggar's tattered quilt or cloak.
 - שנלט לעל gudri kā lāl, n.

 m.: A jewel in rags;

 talent in indigent environs.
- gudana, gudgudi karna, v.:
 To tickle; to touch lightly
 to provoke a laugh; to
 spur or egg on (horse).
- الله الله (H) gadlā, gandlā, adj.: Turbid; muddy
- ▲ スプ (H) gidh, n. m.: A vulture.
- لدها (H) gadha, n. m.: A donkey; an ass; (fig.) an idiot. (fem. گدهی gadhl.)
 - gadhā ghorā barābar, prov.: (lit.) The wise and the fools getting equal treatment; unrecognition of talent.
 - gadhon ke hal chaine.

 prov.: (fig.) Complete ruination (place, building).

gadhe ko

Khushka(h), prov.: Where

fools prosper: where for
tune favours the debased.

لدى (H) guddi, n. f.: Nape of the neck.

guddi se كدى سے زبان كهنچنا zabūn khinchnä, v.: To give exemplary punishment.

الذى (H) gaddi, n. f.: A cushion: a throne; sanitary towel; a pack-saddle or soft seat.

gaddl par balihnā,

*.: To ascend a throne:

to be installed.

ed up; assorted.

كذى (H) gaddi, n. m.: A sheaf; a little packet or bundle (of papers, vegetables).

لَّذَى (H) guddi; n. f.: A paper kite; bone-joints for gravy purposes.

(P) gar, conj.: (Sec اگر agar.) آور (H) garārī, n. f.: A reel گرادی

for twisting thread or string; any reel; any wheel for passing a rope or wire.

(P) girami, adj.: Respected; revered; esteemed.

(P) garān adj.: (1)
Heavy; insufferable; tedious; tiresome; intolerable;
burdensome. (2) Dear;
costly; high priced.

לרוט אָשן garān bahā. adj:
Costly; precious.

To lie heavy upon (one); to be unpleasant.

(P) garāni, n. f.: (1) Dearness; scarcity; dearth; rise in price. (2) Heaviness of spirits; indigestion.

(H) gliānā, v.: To let fall; to drop; to spill: to shed.

4) آر (P) gurba(h), n. f.: A cat.

gurba'i miskin,

n. f.: A meak cat;

(fig.) a wicked rogue.

(H) garaj, n. f.: Thunder; toar; bellowing.

ورجنا garajna, v.: To thunder; to roar; to bellow; to crack.

girjā, n. m. : A church.

- all round; surrounding.
 - gird-u-nowāh, n. m.:
 Environs; vicinity.
- کرد (P) gard, n. f.: Dust,
 - يرد آلود gard & l \ d, adj.:

 Covered with dust;

 dusty.
- اب (P) girdab, n. m.: A whirlpool.
- (P) gardish, n. f.: Revolution; course; vicissitudes of fortune; adverse luck.
 - کردش کرانا gardish karnā, v.:

 To revolve; to move or go round.
 - کردش میں آنا gardish men ana,
 v.: To fall on evil days;
 to be unfortunate.
- ردن (P) gardan, n. f.: The neck.
 - كردن برخون بونا gardan par <u>Khūn honā</u>, v.: To be guilty of the sin of shed-د ding blood.
 - کردن جهکانا v.: To bow one's head; to yeild; to submit.

- קלפט (P) gardan, n.m.: The firmament; the heavens.
- ارده (P) gurda(h), n.m.: Kidney: courage,
- (P) gurz, n. m.: An iron club; a mace.
- لرسنگی (P) gursanagi, n. f.: Hunger.
- رفت (P) giraft, girift, n.f.; (1) Grasp; clutch; handle. (2) Objection; criticism.
- گرفتار (P) girafiār, adj.: Arrested; seized; involveed; entangled; captivated; smitten.
 - ورفتار کرنا girafiar karnā, v.:

 To apprehend; to arrest;
 to capture; to seize.
 - girafiāri, n. f: Arrest: seizure; apprehension; captivity; imprisonment; bondage.
- کرک (P) gurg, n. m.: A wolf.

 gurg i bārān

 dida(h), n. m.: A crafty

 person; an experienced

 and worldly wise fellow.
- لَّوُ (H) gwgā, n. m.: An agent in vices.

كرگادى (H) gurgābi, n.f.: An old style shoe; pump shoe.

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لكر كمك (H) girgit, girgat, n. m:
A chameleon; a tree lizard.

girgi! كركٹ كى طرح رنگ بدلنا kī tarah rang badainā, v.: (lit.) To change colour as a chameleon; to be fickle-minded.

(P) garm, adj.: Warm;
hot; burning; glowing;
fervent; eager; excited;
lively; brisk.

رم بازاری garm bāzāri, n. f.:

Brisk demand; good sale;

(fig.) splendour; fame.

وم جوشی garm joshl, n. f.:

Warmth of affection;

cordiality; zeal: enthusiasm.

ورم بونا garm hond, v.: To become heated or excited; to be eager; to get angry.

Summer. (2) A sweet delicious fruit.

كرما كرم garmā garm, adj.:

Heated (discussion);

sprightly; sportive; new;

fresh.

garmā'i, n. f & adj.:
(1) Warmth. (2) Pertaining to summer.

garmi, n. f.: (1) Heat;
warmth. (2) The hot
weather; summer. (3)
Fervour; passion; rage;
anger; excitement. (4)
Syphilis.

ورسي برنا garmi parnā, v.: To be hot.

garmi dane, n.f.:
Prickly heat.

to drop; to come down; to perch or alight on; to descend; to fall upon; to befall: to betide: to tumble down. (2) To be lowered: to be depressed; to fall (price). (3) To assault; to fall in (one's) esteem; to be reduced (regard); to be degraded; to fall in battle; to catch (cold); to be overthrown; to miscarry.

(P) garok, n. m.: A party (of men); a company; a group; a gang; a class; an order.

P) girwi, n. f.; Pawning; mortgage; the thing pawned or pledged.

- girwi rakhnā, v.: To pledge.
- (P) girwldagl, n. f.: Admiration; attachment; adherence.
 - girwlda(h), adj.: Attracted; attached to; enamoured.
- (P) girah, n. f.: A knot; a joint; a tie; a complication; a hardened gland; a piece (of turmeric, ginger): one sixteenth of a yard.
- (H) girhan, n. m.: An eclipse.
- (H) girl, n. f. & adj.: (1) گېي The kernel; the seed pulp; a coconut. (2) Fallen. (.گرا fem. of)
- (H) garri, garāri, n. f: A reel on which a rope is twisted.
- P) giryān, adj.: Weeping; crying.
- ing; crying.

 (P) garebāh, girebāh,

 n. m.: Collar; neck of a garment.

 (H) garhā, n. m.: A pit

 or hollow.

 (H) guryā, n. f.: A doll.

- gareban pakarna, کریباں پکڑنا v.: To hold (one) by the collar; to seize by the neck.
- gareban كريبال مين منهد ذالنا daina. men munh (fig.) To search one's (own) heart.
- ين (P) gurez, n. f.: Escape; flight; a diversion; a digression; evasion.
 - gurezāh, adj.: Escaping; flying.
- (P) girya(h), n. m.: Weeping; wail.
- (H) gur, n. m.: Raw sugar: congealed juice of sugarcane: the produce of the first inspissation of the juice of the cane.
- 対 (H) garbar, n. m. & f.: Disorder; confusion; mismanagement; anarchy.
- U\$\$ (H) garna, v.: To pierce; to sink; to be ashamed; to be buried.

H) gaz, n. m.: A yard measure; a bow of fiddle; a rod for filling a muzzle-gun.

- P) guzārish, n. f.: Representation; request; submission.
- P) guzārnā, v.: (1) To pass (time); to live. (2) To lay before; to present (application).
 - guzāra(h), n.m: (1) An allowance; a dole; a maintenance; living. (2) Access; entrance. (3) Stay; abode. (4) A ferry; a toll bar.
- اگزر (P) gazar, n. f.: A carrot.
- اگزر (P) guzar, n.m.: A passage; an ingress and egress; access; a road; a way; n. f.: Bare living.
 - guzrān, n. f.: Living; course of life; livelihood.
 - تزران کرنا guzrān karnā, v.:
 To subsist; to pass one's
 days; to drag on one's
 days.
 - guzar gāh, n. f.: Pathway; a highway; public road.

- كزركشي كزران كيا جهو براى كيا guzar ga'i guzrān kyā jhopri kyā maidān, prov.: Towards the end of one's life it is no use thinking of how it passed.
- to happen to pass; to come before one; to elapse; to expire: to die.
- (H) guzarl, n. f.: (1) A roadside market. (2) A passenger; a traveller.
- وَشَتُهُ (P) guzishta(h), adj.: Past: elapsed; last; preceding.
- meat taken as relish (after wine).
- اگزند (P) gazand, n. f.: Injury:
- dent; audacious; rude; blunt.
 - gusiākhl, n. f.: Arrogance; audacity; insolence; rudeness.
- اگشت (P) gasht, n. m. & f.: The beat or round of a patrol; a stroll; a walk.

P guftar, guftga, کفتار، گفتار، گفتاو n. f.: Speech; talk; conversation; dialogue.

- flower; (fig.) a beloved. (2)
 The snuff of a candle. (3)
 Burnt tobacco left in the smoking pip.
 - لل اندام، بدن gul andām, badan, adj. & n.m: Delicate; slender. (2) A beloved.
 - gul afshani, n. f.:

 (lit.) Strewing flowers;

 charming talk; fascinating poetry.
 - gulbarg, n. m.: A rose leaf.
 - gulchharre, n. m.: Festivity; enjoyment.
 - gulchin, n. m.: A flower gatherer; a gardener; a florist.
 - לט בוט guldan, n. m.: A flower vase.
 - guldasta(h), n. m.:
 A bouquet.
 - gulkāri, n. f.: Embroidery; flowerpainting.

- To snuff a candle. (2) To trim flowers; to do something smart, something wonderful.
- gul karna, v.: To put out (lamp or candle).
- gul khilānā, v.: (1)

 (lit.) To cause to blossom; to do something novel. (2) To sow dissentions.
- gulgūna(h), n. m.: A cosmetic.
- (P) gil. n. f.: Earth; clay; mud.
- The throat; the neck; collar; voice (2) Ripe; over-ripe; boiled or cooked till soft (meat etc.).
 - الاآنا galā ānā, v.: To be sore (throat, tonsils).
 - galā baiihnā, parnā, v.: To become hoarse.
 - يلاكاننا galā kāinā, v.: To cut (one's) throat; (fig.) to defraud.
 - gale paṛṇā, v.: To be obligatory or incumbent.

- gale se utarna,
 v.: To go down the throat; to swallow.
- gale کلے سے لگنا ، کلے لگنا ، ملنا se lagnā, gale lagnā. milnā, v.: To embrace,
- gale kā hār, n. m.: A necklace; (fig.) a child who always clings to his mother's skirt; any one always kept near, in love.
- (P) gulab, n.m.: A rose; rose water.
 - ولابي gulābī, adj. & n. m.;

 (1) Rose coloured; rosy;

 pink. (2) Red wine;

 ruby wine; n. f.: A vial

 for holding wine.
 - gulabl jara, n.m.:

 Mild cold; close of winter and beginning of spring,
- قلاس (E) gilās, n. m. : A glass; a tumbler; a mug.
- いば (H) galānā, v.: (1) To boil or cook well; to soften. (2)
 To cause to rot; to waste.

- solvent; an ingredient which soft boils meat.
- glandular swelling or tumour.
- (P) gulshan, n. m.: A flower garden.
- waste away; to be boiled; to be cooked; to be lost; to be frost-bitten.
- (P) gula, m. m.: The neck: the throat.
 - gulā band, n. m.: A necklace; a scarf.
- pared and folded betel leaf (ready for offering or chewing).
- (P) gila(h), n. m.: A complaint; a grievance.
- (P) galla(h), n. m.: A flock.
- (H) gilahri, n. f.: A squirrel.
- (H) gall, n. f.: A lane; an alley.
- P) gum, adj.: Missing: distracted; absorbed; tost.

- gum sum, adj.: Quiet; still; silent; stunned; lost in surprise.
- gum karnā, v.: To lose; to hide; to steal.
- gum nam, adj.: Anonymous; unknown to fame; obscure; nameless.
- ا كمان (P) gumān, n.m.: Suspicion; probability; likelihood; pride; haughtiness.
 - و لا ي gumān karna, v.: To imagine; to fancy; to suspect; to mistrust.
- ا کما (H) gumra, n.m.: Swelling; lump; hump; tumour.
- لكة (H) zumak, gamak, n.f.: The sound of the drum; resounding; roaring.
- كملا (H) gamlā, n. m.: A flower-pot.
- نا) (H) gannā, n. m.: Sugar- الكنج (H) ganj, n. m.: Scaldcane.
- لكنا (H) ginna, v.: To count; to enumerate.
- (H) gunāh, n. m.: Sin; گنجان (H) gunjān, adj.: Thick; transgression; fault.
- (P) gumbad, n. m.: A dome.

- المال gumbad ki sada. m. m.: (lit.) An echo from a dome; recoil of one's evil words or deeds on himself; requital; return.
- ఆక్ (H) ginti, n. f.: Calculation; counting; estimation.
- کنج (P) ganj, n. m.: A treasure; a hidden treasure; a grain market; an emporium for grain; a pile; a stack; a heap.
 - ganj-1-shahidan, n. m.: The burial place of martyrs.
 - ganjūr, n.m.: A treasurer.
 - ganjina(h), n. m.: A. treasury; a magazine; (fig.) a dinner-wagon.
- head; baldness.
 - ganjā, adj : Bald; scaldheaded.
- close; dense.
- (P) gunjā'ish, n. f.: Room; accommodation;

vacancy; profit; taxable or revenue capacity (of a village).

- (P) ganjifa(h), n. m.: A game of cards.
- تندگی (P) gandagi, n f.: Stink; stench; filth; dirt; impurity.
- P) gandum, n m: Wheat.
 - gandumi, adj.: Wheat (colour); brownish yellow.
- polluted; dirty; filthy; stinking; obscene; indecent.
- (H) gandhak, n. f: Sulphur.
- (H) gandhār, n. m.: A musical mode.
- GR) gandhārā,
 n. m.: The name of Peshawar valley given by Indo-Greeks; art of that valley.
- (H) gaħwār, n. m & adj.: (1) A villager; a rustic; a stupid fellow. (2) Churlish; stupid.
 - ganwārpan, n. m.: Rudeness; stupidity.

- P) gawārā, adj.: Palatable; agreeable; tolerable.
 - gawārā karnā, v :
 To tolerate; to bear; to
 submit to.
- olg (P) gawāh, n. m.: A witness.
 - gawāhl, n. f.: Evidence; deposition; testimony.
 - gawāhi denā. v.:
 To depose; to give
 evidence; to bear witness to.
- (H) gobhi, n. f.: Cauliflower.
- or silver lace. (2) A preparation of coriander seeds, cocoanut and cardamoms etc. for chewing purpose.
 - gotā kināri, n. f.:
 Edging of gold or silver
 lace.
- لود، گودی (H) god, godi, n.f.:
 - god lenā, v.: To take in the lap; to adopt (a child).

- E) godam, n. m.: Cor. of godown; a warehouse; store.
- (H) godi, n. f.: A dock yard.
- ر (P) gor, n f.: A grave.
 - ورستان goristan, n. m.:
 Graveyard; cemetry.
 - gor i gharlban,
 n. m.: (lit.) Burying
 ground for strangers or
 for the poor; a common
 cemetry.
 - gor kan, n.m. : A grave digger.
- (۱) Fair; white; handsome; beautiful. (fem. gord.) (2) A European soldier.
- وری (H) gorl, n. f.: A beauty; a belle.
- jوق (P) goz, n. m.: A fart.
 - goz uṛānā, mārnā, v.: To fart; to break wind; (fig.) to pass time uselessly.
 - goz i shutar, n. m.:

 (lit.) A camel's fart;

- (fig.) an insignificant matter; anything not to be regarded seriously.
- کوسفلد (H) gosfand, n. f.: A sheep; a goat.
- (P) gosh, n. m.: The ear; (fig.) sense of hearing.
 - goshmāli, n. f.:
 Pulling the ears; chastisement; rebuke; reproof.
- (۱) An ear-ring; a large pearl. (2) An abstract of accounts; table of figures etc.
- وشت (P) gosht, n. m.: Flesh; meat.
- (P) gosha(h), n. m.: (1)

 Angle; side; privacy; (2)

 horn of a bow.
 - gosha-'i-'āfiyat, n. m.: A secluded abode.
- لَّولُ (H) gol, adj.: Round; circular; (fig.) vague; ambiguous.
 - gola'i, n. f.: Roundness; circuit.
 - gol māl, n. m.: A mess; a mix up; (fig.) embezzlement.

- gol ho jana. کول ہوجانا، ہور ہنا ho rahnā, v.: Not to give any answer.
- a bullet; a marble; a pill.
 - goli mārnā, v.: To shoot; (sl.) not to take notice (of).
- (H) gūnj, n. f.: (1) Echo; resounding; roar. (2) Point of ear or nose ring which is curved on one side.
- (1) Gum. (2) A preparation of dried fruits, gum, sugar etc. for lying-in-women as a tonic food.
- P) gauhar, guhar, guhar, n. m.: A pearl; a jewel.
- عويانى (P) goyā'i, n.f.: The act or power of speaking; eloquence; power of speech.
 - goyanda(h), n. m.: An informer; an approver; a spy.
- (H) gahrā, adj.: Deep; profound; deep-seated; close; intimate.

- gahim, gahmā gahmī, n. f.:
 A commotion; a stir; a
 bustle. (See also گهما گهمایمی)
- (H) gahan. n. m.: Eclipse.
- لامِنا (H) gahnā, n. m.: Ornament; jewellery.
- cradle; a swing; a seat; a centre.
- gem; artifice; manoeuvre; trick; ambush.
 - na, men rahnā, v.: To lie in ambush; to be on the look out.
- ing or landing place on the bank of a river; a dyke; a quay; a place for washing clothes on the river side.
 - ghā! ka pānī pīnā, v.: To see the world; to acquire wide experience.
- ciency; deficit; loss; damages.

- (H) ghāṭl, n. f : A valley. گهائی (H) ghās, n. f.: Grass.
 - ghās kāinā, v.: To cut grass; (fig.) to do anything in a slip-shod manner,
 - ghās khānā, khā jānā, v.: (lit.)
 To eat grass; (fig.) to
 lose one's wit.
 - ghās khodnā, v:

 (lit.) To cut grass; (fig.)

 not to do anything worth

 its while; to do a worthless job.
- (1) Old; experienced; shrewd. (2) A shrewd person.
- نافة (H) ghān, n. m. & f.: As

 much as can be thrown in

 at one time into a mill,

 frying pan etc.
- yound; sore.
- ed; (fig.) smitten with love.
- be perplexed, confounded or worried.

- وبرابخ ghabrāhai, n. f.:

 Confusion; perplexity;

 perturbation; worry;

 nervousness.
- Mid (H) ghapla, n. m.: Deception; fraud; discrepancy (in account); mess.
- (H) ghaid, n. f.: (Mass of) clouds.
 - ghaiā top, n. m. & adj.: (1) Covering of a palanquine. (2) Dense; thick; very dark.
- ilias (H) ghaṭānā, v.: To reduce; to deduct; to degrade.
- (H) ghuṭan, n. f.: Suffocation.
- rease; to abate; to come short; to be subtracted; to shrink.
- (H) ghuinā, v.: To be pounded; to be well boiled or cooked; to be polished; to be shaved clean; to be choked; to be suffocated.
- (H) ghuina, n. m.: The knee.

- (H) ghuianna, n. m.: Close fitting trousers with pleats above the ankles.
- gative given to new born infants.
 - ghuiil men parna, v.: To be used to
 anything from infancy;
 to become one's second
 nature.
- (H) ghar, n. m: (1) A house; a hole; a button hole; a nest; a den; a square (chess): a case; a holder; room: space; home; birth place; family; dynasty. (2) Source; spring; fountain head.
 - ghur hāi, n. m.:

 Family; household;

 household goods.
 - والم ghar baithe, adv.: At one's ease: without effort.
 - g har گهر پهونک تماشا دیکهنا phūnk tamāshā dekhnā, v.: To waste one's wealth in idle pleasures.
 - ghar karnā, v.: To manage a house; to

- make oneself at home; to have a family; to get a wife; to be accommodated; to fit into; to find favour with.
- ghai kl laundl.

 n. f.: (lit.) One's own
 slave girl; anything
 over which one has full
 control.
- ghar ki muṛghi dāl barābar, prov.: (lit.) One's own hen does not taste better than pulse (after cooking): a talented person is seldom recognized by his own people; one does not think much of his own treasures.
 - ghar ke log, n. m.: Wife: children and wife.
 - ghar men dalna,

 v.: To keep a woman

 (as a mistress).
 - ghar wāli, n. f.: Wife; house wife.
 - گهريلو ghareiu, adj.: Homely; domestic.
- (H) gharra, n. m.: The death rattle.

- be surrounded; to be encircled; to be besieged. (2)
 To gather (clouds).
- ghuraknā, v.: To frown (at); to browbeat.
 - ghurki ghurki,
 n f.: Frown: browbeating.
- (H) gharā, n. m.: A water-pot; a pitcher.
 - gharon pani کهڙول باني پڙ جانا gharon pani par jana, prov.: To be greatly ashamed.
- tilges (H) gharana, v.: To cause to be forged or shaped
 - gharā'i, n. f.: The workmanship or manufacture (of jewellery etc.); its charges.
- ر (H) ghargharāha!,
 n. m.: Rumbling sound.
- H) gharaunchi, n. f.:

 A wooden stand for waterpots etc.
- small period of time; time.

 (2) An instrument for measuring time; a watch.

- gharl kukna, v.:
 To wind a watch.
- آجويال (H) gharyāl, n. m.: (1) A gong; a large clock. (2) A crocodile.
- Friction; attrition. (2)
 Trick; fraud; evasion.
- H) ghis ghis, n. f.:
 Slow work; monotonous
 job.
- rubbed; to be worn away against a stone.
 - ghisā piṭā, adj.: Worn
 out.
- in; to force in; to rush in: to meddle: to enter into.
- drag along; to pull; to write fast; to scribble.
- ناميو (H) ghuserna, v.: To penetrate; to thrust into: to stuff; to insert.
- state of being unable to speak from fear etc.

- ghiggi bandhnā, v.: To be terror struck; be dumb founded.
- انایگه ghigyana, v.: To be unable. to speak (from shame, fear etc.).
- کھلا (H) ghula, adj.: Melted; dissolved; ripe; mellow (fruit etc.); flexible; soft.
- لكاه (H) ghulana, v.: To melt; to dissolve; to soften; to mingle; to cause to ripen.
 - ghulawai, n. f.: Melting; fusion; tenderness of eyes or look; softness; mildness.
- ناوح (H) ghulna, v.: To melt; to be dissalved; to be ripe; to be mellow; to be softened: to be mingled; to melt away.
 - ghul mil jana, v.: To become very intimate; to mix
- -gha (H) گهماگهم ، گهما گهم māgham, ghamāghamī, n. f.: A stir; a bustle; a commotion. (See also (.گهما كهم ,كهما كيهمي
- cause to revolve or turn;

- to cause to whirl round; to brandish.
- (H) ghamas, n. f.; Sultriness.
- ن (H) ghamsān, n. m. : (1) A crowd. (2) Slaughter; carnage.
- لَهُ عَلَى (H) ghamand. n. m.: Pride; conceit.
- ناه (H) ghun, n. m.: A weevil; insect destructive to an wood, grain etc.; the dust of decayed wood or grain; (fig.) any old desease decaying one's health: worry; grief.
- ظی (H) ghin, n. f.: Abhorrence; disgust.
- (H) ghana, adj.: Dense; close; thick.
- (H) ghanṭa(h), n. m.: A bell; a gong; a clock; an hour.
 - ghanta(h) ghar, n. m.: A clock tower.
- ghanṭl, n. f.: A small bell.
- tag; a cloth button.

- ghonina, v.: (1) To pound; to grind; to shave clean; to choke; to suffocate. (2) To read over again.
- שׁפּרנט (H) ghūrnā, v.: To wanton with one's eyes.
- horse. (2) The knight in chess. (3) The hammer of a gun.
 - mare. (2) A wooden machine for making vermicelli.
 - אפל בפל בפל ghor daur,
 n f.: A horse race.
- شهوسی (H) ghosi, n. m.: A milk man; a milk seller.
- to dissolve; to make thin or watery.
- turn round; to revolve; to walk; to stroll; to wander about.
- (H) ghānt, n. m.: Gulp; draught; a pull (at a pipe).
- لهونسا (H) ghuasā, n. m.: A blow with the fist; a blow; a shock.

- الكوونسلا (H) ghohslä, n. m.: A bird's nest; (fig.) a small house.
- ghonghā, n. m.: A small snail-shell.
- (1) The edge of a scarf or mantle drawn on the face by woman, denoting modesty; a veil; (fig.) purdah; shyness (2) A wall immediately inside the entrance of a house.
- (H) ghi, n. m.: Clarified butter.
 - ghl ke chirāgh jalānā, v.: (lit.) To
 burn clarified butter in
 lamps; (fig.) to be most
 happy; to be jubilant.
- ference; a circuit; a compass; a boundary; width; fulness (robe).
- المجارة (H') gherā, n. m.: A circuit; a boundary; a circlé; the rim: the brim; a fence; a siege; a blockade.
 - gherā dalnā, v.:
 To lay siegė; to bėsiege.

- ghernā, v.: To surround; to compass; to enfold; to encircle; to enclose; to fence; to hedge in; to rail in; to besiege; to blockade; to comprehend; to include; to fill; to occupy.
- (H) giyāra(h), adj.: Eleven.
 - giyarhwa, adj.: Eleventh.
 - sharif, n. f.: Eleventh day of the month of Rabi-us-Sani, being the death anniversary of Hazrat Abdul Qadir Jilani.
- (H) giyā(h), n. f.: Grass; green; herbage.
- کیمت (H) gli, n.m.: Song; a folk song.
- گيتي (P) geti, n. f.: Universe; world.
- گيدڙ (H) gidar, n.m.: A jackal. gldar bhapki, n. f.: Bullying; bluff; bravado.
- (P) gesū, n.m.: A ringlet; long curly hair; side locks.

- المجالة (H) gila, adj.: Damp; moist; humid; wet; liquefied.
- ليند (H) gend, n.m.: A ball (to play with).
- اکبندا (H) genda, n.m: The marigold flower; also its plant.
- لينڈا (H) gaindā, n. m.: A rhinoceros.
- לאיפ (H) gehūn, n. m.: Wheat.

ل

- Jiam, n. m.: The twenty-third letter of Arabic, twenty-seventh of Persian and thirt-ieth of Urdu alphabets.

 Numerical value according to ابجد abjad=30.
- Y (A) la, adv.: No; never; without; a negative particle in Arabic.
 - لا آبالي la ubāli, adj.: Careless; irresponsible; reckless.
 - not know; authorship not known, etc.
 - ا كابد lā bud, adj. & adv : (1)
 Unavoidable; inevitable;

certain; sure; positive; essential. (2) Infallably; assuredly.

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led; matchless.

الأجواب la jawab, adj.: Silenced; confuted; unequal; matchless.

الأجار lā chār, adj.: Helpless; disabled; pressed; poor. ناچار Correct form is) nāchār).

الأحول lā ḥāul, inij : Short form لاحول ولاقوة اللباالله of la haula wa la quwwata illa billah, 'There is no power, no authority but (only) in God', said to drive away Satan or to condemn a bad deed.

ש"ץ (H) lāt, n. f.: A leg; a kick. lat mārna, v.: To kick; to spurn; (fig.) to give up; to hold in contempt.

也》(E) lat, n.m.: Cor. of Lord.

الألف بالارى lā! pādrī, n. m.: The Lord Bishop.

لائم (H) الأطاء لائم (H) لاطاء لائم A pillar; a column.

لاقها: (H) lāthī, n f.: A club; a cudgel; a long stick.

 $\mathcal{Y}(H)$ laj, n. f.: (1) Shame; modesty. (2) Honour; good name.

الاعركهنا القاركهنا الاعركهنا العراكهنا protect one's honour.

צּבּפַנְל (P) lājward, n. m.: A precious stone; lapislazuli.

لاحق (A) lāḥiq, adj.: Adjoining; contiguous; attached; annexed.

lähiq hona, v.: To stick to; to adhere.

الأحقة المارة الأحقة المارة الأحقة المارة ا adjunct; an appendage; a suffix; a supplement.

USY (H) lādnā, v.: To load; to heap upon; to burden with.

الأدى ladi, n. f.: A small load; a heap; (fig.) a washerman's heap of clothes.

كُلا (H) lāḍ, n. m.: Fondling; caress; endearment.

الأككرنا läd karnā, v.: fondle; to caress; pamper.

- YSY lagla, adj.: Darling; dear, spoilt through much fondling.
- (A) lazim, adj.: (1) Compulsory; essential; inevitable; unavoidable; consequential. (2) Intransitive or neuter in grammar.
 - ולכן פעלפן lazim- u -malzem, adj.: Inseperable; correlative; necessary.
 - الأنى lazimi, adj.: Necessary; inevitable; what must be.
- لأشي (T) lash, m. f.: A dead body; a corpse. (In P. لاشه lasha(h).)
- لاغو (P) loghir, adj.: Thin; lcan; lank; lanky; emaciated.
- لاف (P) laf, n. m.: Boast; bravado.
- A hundred thousand; a lac; (fig.) heaps. (2) How-soever.
 - ghar khak karna, v.: To squander away a prosperous estate.

- g y () (H) lak, lakh, n. f.:
 Gum lac; sealing wax.
- dye; lip-paint; redness of the betel leaf (on lips).
- correlation; relevancy; bearing; relation; attachment; affection; love. (2)
 Animosity; ill-feeling; intrigue; plot. (3) Sleight of hand; trick; jugglery.
 - الت كالنك المالي log dan!, n. f.:
 Rivalry; competition.
- (H) lagat, n. f.: Cost price; outlay; expenditure.
- (1) (H) lāl, adj & n. m.. (1) Red; ruddy; inflamed; enraged; dear; darling.
 (2) An infant; a son; a little red bird.
 - An ignorant fool who pretends to know more than others: a wiseacre.

- (H) lalach, n. m.: Greed; avarice; covetousness; allurement; lure.
 - اللج كرنا lalach karnā, v.: To be greedy; to covet.
 - الألجى laichi, adj.: Greedy;
 avaricious; covetous.
- (P) lāla(h), n. m.: The poppy flower; a tulip.
 - לאני (ala(h) rukh, adj.: Tulip-cheeked; rosy-cheeked; beauty; beloved
 - garden of roses. A
- (H) الألى (H) الألى (H) الألى (H) الألى ruddiness; (fig.) lipstick.
- ing; desire, (2) Desperation; frustration
 - lale parna, v.: To hope against hope; to yearn for; to long for desperately.
- Feeling; touch; the sense of touch.
- bring forward; to fetch; to carry over; to introduce;

- to adduce; to usher in; to lead; to bring over; to import; to bring under; to include.
- (2) To produce; to yeild.
- (3) To purchase; to buy.
- الأو لشكر (A&P) la-u'-lashkar,
 n.'m.: (lit.) Army and its
 standard; a large gathering of men and their
 baggage.
- (E) lāwā, n. m.: Matter. flowing from volcano.
- (A) la'iq, adj.: Able; worthy; competent; eapable; fitting; well-mannered; well-read; skilled; adept.
 - الأنق بونا la'iq hona. v.: To deserve; to merit; to be worthy of; to be fit.
- (P) lab, n. m.: (1) Lip; brim; verge; brink: brow; the portion of moustache below the nose (2) Saliva.

 (3) Labia; lips of female pudenda.
 - لبريز lab rez, adj.: Full;
 brimful.
 - الب كهولنا ، بلانا lab kholnā, hilānā, v.: To speak.

- lab lagana, v: To apply saliva.
- lab-u-lahja(h), n.m.:

 Tone; modulation;

 accent.
- البالب laba lab, adj.: Full to
- (A) lub(b), n. m.: Pith; marrow; essence; summery; kernel.
 - الب لباب الماب الماب الماب الماب الماب الماب Iub(b)-i-lubāb, n.m.:

 The pith or quintessence (of anything).
- ماكم (P) labada(h), n. m.: A quilted cloak.
- لباس (P) libās, n. m.: Apparel; dress; raiment; vestment; costume; clothes.
- Ulgal (P) lubhana, v.: To allure; to entice; to charm; to seduce; to draw or win over.
- mation meaning 'I am here at your (beck and) call (recited by Hajis at Arafat during Haj).
- ليك (H) lepat, n. f.: Blow;
 blast; flame; blaze;
 warmth; glow; scent.

- المثانا (H) lipiana, v.: To embrace; to hug; to wrap; to fold; to intertwine; to entangle.
- لپ جهپ (H) lap jhap, n. f.:

 Dexterity; nimbleness;

 swiftness.
- (H) lapak, n. f.: A flash; (of lightning etc.); throb; palpitation; swiftness; dexterity.
- (H) lapka, n. m.: A habit (usually bad); fondness: relish.
 - اليكا برنا lapka paṛnā, v.: To be addicted to.
- (as lightning): to beat; to pulsate, to throb; to spring, to bound: to dart: to make haste, to run, to give chase: to spring upon: to attack; to catch (a ball); to seize; to grasp; to snatch; to clutch; to snap at; to hook; to claw.
- لقے (H) latte, n. m., pl.: Clothes: rags. (s. اِمَا latta.)
 - latte lenā, v.: To put to shame; to scold; to run down; to take to task.

(H) latar, n. f.: Cahstisement; scolding; humiliation; barking at.

- to humiliate; to put to shame.
- لترا (P) lutrā, n.m.: (Cor. of الترا (Lutrah) A tell-taler; a mischief maker. (fem. لترى lutri.)
 - ing tales; mischief-making.
- or ringlet of hair.
- wildly; to throw away.
 - luitas, n. f.: Plundering; ruining.
 - luțius mach.inā, v To plunder.
- (H) lotak, n. f. Hanging, dangling; an affected gait: a way: a habit.
- (H) laikā, n. m.: A simple remedy: a nostrum.
- to suspend; to delay; to put off: to defer: to keep waiting.

- للو (H) laita, n.m.: A top; a humming top; the governor of a steam engine.
 - laitā honā, v.: To be enamoured: to fall in love.
- لثان (H) lath, n. m.; A club; a cudgil; a long stick.
- لنها (H) laitha, n. m.: (1) Timber; beam; rafter; railway slippers. (2) Long cloth.
- (H) luiiyā, n. j.: A small metal pot for holding water etc.
 - luijyā dubonā, v.:

 To fail ignominously;

 to bring disgrace (on one self).
- ulal (H) lajānā, v.: To be abashed or ashamed; to blush.
- (H) lachar, adj.: Foolish; good for nothing.
- زيك (H) lachak, n. f.: Elasticity; flexibility.
 - lachak dar, adj.: Elastic; springy; flexible.

- lachaknā, v.: To bend; to spring; to be bent or bowed.
- (H) lachkā, n m.: Gold or silver lace; tinsel.
- sideration; deference; weight; importance. (2)
 Shyness; shame; modesty; respect.
 - have regard (for); to pay respect. (2) To heed; to side with.
- (A) liḥāf, n. m.: A quilt;
 a coverlet.
- (A) lahad, n. f.: The hollow of the grave.
 - which (A) langa(h), n. m.: A moment.
 - lahza(h) ba(h) lahza(h), adv.: Every moment.
- (A) laḥm, n. m.: Flesh; meat.
- لعمن (A) laḥn, n. m.: Voice; modulation.
- (P) lakht, n. m.: A slice.

- الغت جگر lakt:-i-jigar, n. m.:

 (lit.) 'A slice of heart;

 (fig.) son or daughter.
- (A) lakhlakha(h), h. m.:

 Perfumes smelt by patients
 for stimulating brain,
- نكا (H) ladna. v.: To be loaded or laden; to be carried.
 - لدا يهندا lada phanda, adj.:

 Loaded with and accompanied by paraphernalia.
- لذت (A) lazzat, n. f.: Flavour; savour; delight; pleasure; relish; felicity.
 - الايلا laziz, adj.: Delicious; sayoury.
- لر (P) lur, adj.: Stupid; foolish.
- לקנט (H) laraznā, v.: To shiver; to shake; to totter; to throb; to be in dread of.
 - لرز• larza(h), n.m.: (1) Shivering: shaking; quake.

 (2) An earthquake.
- (H) lar, n. f.: A string (of pearls etc.); a strand of rope or cord; a line; a series; a chain.
- لوائي (H) larā'i, n. f.: Contention; quarrel; brawl;

conflict; contest; skirmish; affray; wrestling; boxing; fighting; combat; battle; war; compaign; hostility; enmity.

- لڑائی کرنا larā'i karna, v.: To wrangle; to quarrel; to fight; to contend.
- لاِکَّ (H) laṛkā, n.m.: A boy; a son; a child; a youth. (fem. لاکی laṛkl.)
- الوكهوان (H) larkharanā, v.: To reel; to stagger; to be intoxicated; to stammer.
- to quarrel; to wrangle; to struggle; to contend; to eontest; to clash with; to go to war; to wage war; to give battle; to hit; to strike against; to collide with; to agree or coincide with; to be staked; to be risked. (2) To tally (accounts).
 - larākā, adj: Quarrelsome; riotous; fighting.
- لس (H) las, n. m.: Viscidity:
 gumminess; stickiness.
- لسان (A) lisān, n. f.: Tongue; language.

- lisān-ul-'asr, n. m. de p.: An eloquent speaker of his times; title of the famous Urdu humourous poet, Akbar Allahabadi.
- lisān. ul-ghaib, n. m. & p: Language; (voice) of the invisible world; title of poet Hafiz of Shiraz.
- لسان (A) lassān, adj.: Talkative; garrulous.
- (H) lassi, n. f.: Milk and water; diluted milk or whey.
- (P) lashkar, n. m: An army; a military force a camp; an encampment.
 - ing to an army; a soldier.
- ness; deliciousness; delicacy; elegance; grace.
 - الطف (A) lugg, n. m.: (1)

 Taste; pleasure; enjoyment; elegance; grace;
 kindness; benignity. (2)

 Wit; piquancy. (3) Cordiality; friendliness.

- lazif, adj: Subtle; fine; thin; light; delicious; savoury.
- latifa(h), n. m.: Pleasantry; jest; raillery; witticism.
- لعل (P) la'l, n. m.: A ruby.
- العن ، لعنت (A) la'n, la'nat, n.
 f.: Curse; anathema; reproach; objurgation.
 - la'n t'an, لعن طعن ، لعنت ملامت la'nat malamat, n. f.:
 Reproach.
- (A) lughāt, n.f., pl.: A dictionary; a lexicon; words; languages. (s. لغت lughat.)
 - lughāt jhārnā, v.:
 To use big words.
 - lughwi, adj.: Verbal; literal; according to the dictionary.
- الغايمت (A) laghayat, adv.:
 Inclusive; to the end of;
 upto.
- لغزش (P) loghzish, n. f.: A slip; a false step; a fault; a mistake; slipping; shaking; tottering.

- Iughzish karnā, v.:
 To slip; to commit a
 mistake; to take a false
 step; to blunder.
- لخو (A) laghw, adj.: Absurd; nonsensical; meaningless.
 - الغو بكنا laghw baknā, v.: To talk nonsense.
 - لغويت laghwiyar, n. f.: Nonsense; absurdity; frivolity.
- (A) lifafa(h), n.m.: An envolope; a wrapper; the cover of a letter: (fig.) outward show; gilding white-wash; a gloss; anything frail.
- لفظ (A) lafz, n. m. & f.: A word; a term.
 - Verbative: word for word.
 - lafzī, adj.: Literal.
- لفنگ (H) lufangā, n. m.: A vainglorious fellow; a braggart; a goonda.
- اقب (A) laqab, n. m.: A surname; a title; an appellation of honour; an alias.
- (A) luqma(h), n. m.: A morsel; a mouthful; a bit; a sop.

lugma(h) denā, v.: (lit.) To put a morsal in some one's mouth; to interrupt one while he is speaking or reciting; to bribe.

- (A) lag(q)-o-dag(q), adj.: Desolate; dreary; bleak and barren.
- (A) laqwe(h), n. m.: Paralysis of the face; distortion of the face.
- (H) lakkar, n. m.: Beam; log; timber.
 - الكرى lakri, n. f.: Wood; a staff: a stick.
- (A) luknot, n. f.: Stammering.
- Ligu (H) likhna, v.: To write: to put down; to compose; to execute a deed.
 - الكهائى Ilkhā'l, n. f.: Writing: the art of writing; the wages of writing.
- (H) lakhpati, n. m.: A millionaire.
- لكير (H) lakir, n. f.: Line; streak; stripe.
- pa (H) logam, n. f.: A bridle; reins.

- ن (H) lagān, n. m.: Land reut; assessment on land.
- 以**发**」(H) lagānā、v.: (1) To st. tach, to stick; to fix; to apply. (2) To plant. (3) To arrange; to put in order. (4) To sow dissensions; to create a quarrel; to backbite; to fan the flame.
 - lilه الكانا بجهانا الكانا بجهانا الجهانا المجهانا المجهانا المجهانا المجهانا المجهانا المجهانا المجهانا المجهانا To backbite; to tell-tale; to sow dissensions.
 - lagāo, n. m.: Connection; bearing; relationship; inclination; attachment.
 - lagawat, n. f.: Affection; intimacy; love.
- lagnā, v.: To touch; to come in contact with; to strike; to hit; to stick: to adhere to; to be attached or joined; to be appended to; to be fixed; to be planted; to be set; to be plastered; to be applied; to fit with; to suit; to be arranged; to be put in order; to be related to; to be entangled with; to feel: to perceive; to taste; to relish; to be galled: to be

sore; to affect; to be employed; to be engaged in; to be operative; to be set (on fire); to reach; to be bent upon; to take root; to shoot; to sprout; to seem; to be imposed; to be staked; to be valued at; to be sold; to be invested; to be displayed; to begin, to be used; to be spoilt; to be accused.

- lagan, n. f.: Attachment; longing; love.
- lagl, n.f.: Desire; longing; love.
- الكى ليثى المالية lagl lipil, adj.:

 Partial; prejudiced; involved; indistinct; equivocal.
- lage hāth, hāthon, adv.: At the same time; as a side business; by the way; in addition (to).
- الجالا (H) lalchānā, v.: (1) To long for; to hanker after. (2) To tantalise.
- (H) lalkar, n. f.: (1) Shout.
 (2) Challenge.

- الكارنا lalkārnā, v.: To shout; to challenge.
- (A) lim, n. f.: Real or latent cause; accusation; fault; defect.
- (H) lambā, adj.: Long; tall. (fem. لمبي lambī.)
 - المبائى lambān, lamba'l, n. f: Length.
 - ا لمبوترا lambotrā. adj.: . Longish; oval; oblong.
- لمبر (E & H) lambar, n.m.: Number; rank; turn.
- לבית כות (H) lambardar, n.m.:

 The (numbered) registered representative of a village-responsible for payment of Government revenue.
- امتها (A) lamḥa(h), n. m.: A minute; a moment. a trice.
- لمس (A) lams, n.m: The touch; feeling; the sense of feeling.
- (A) lam'a(h), n. m.: Light; a ray; b ightness.
- (P) lung. adj. & n. m.: (1)

 Lame. (2) Limping;
 lameness.
 - lang karna, لنگرانا انگرانا langrana, v.: To limp.

- Lame; cripple; limping.

 (2) A species of fine mangoes.
- Anchor; thick rope; cable; weight; load; (fig) dignity; prestige. (2) Free feeding; a public kitchen; alms (3) Pendulum of a clock. (4) Lower part of one's body.
 - انگر آنهانا langar uthānā, v.:
 To weigh anchor; to set
- نگوٹ (H) lango!, n. m.: Loincloth. (fem. لنگوٹی lango!!.)
 - انگوئی بندهوانا langoti bahdhwana. v.; To reduce to poverty; to rob every thing.
 - lango!l انگولی میں پہاک کھیلنا men phāg khelnā, v.: To riot and revel inspite of poverty.
- (H) lau, n. f.: (1) A flame (candle); any flame. (2)

 The lobe of the ear. (3)

 Attachment; longing; craving. (4) Hope; expectation.
 - lau lagānā, v.: To be

- intent on; to expect; to crave for.
- الولكنا (H) الله, n. f.: A hot wind.
 الولكنا التا lagna, v.: To get a
 heat-stroke.
- الواحقين (A) lawahiq, lawahiqin, n. m., pl.: Relations; kindred; appurtenance. (s. المانا ال
- (A) lawāzim, لوازمات (A) lawāzim, lawazimāi, n.m, pl.:
 Needs; necessities; ingrdients; baggage. (ع. إلازم (لازم الكالمة الكال
 - (A) lawāzīma(h), n.m.: Equipment; accessories.
- לפיטי (A) loban, m. m.: Benzoin; a kind of gum used for incense.
- (H) lut, n. f.; Booty; plunder; pillage; rapine; depredation; black mail; robbery; (fig.) unfair dealing; high charges.
 - be plundered; to be pillaged.
 - الوثنا lūṭnā, v.: (1) To plunder; to pillage; to ravage. (2)
 To extort; to riot.

لوٹ (H) lo!, n.f.: Rolling. about; wallowing.

- loina, v.: To roll about; to wallow; to sprawl; to lie down.
- lie down; to wallow.
- الونا (H) lota, n.m.: A small, round metal pot for general use.
 - (A) laus, n. m.: Contamination; pollution; adulteration; alloy; foreign matter.
 - (H) loch, n. m.: Flexibility; pliability; softness; delicacy.
 - lochdar, adl.: Soft; flexible; pliable; delicate.
 - (A) lauh, n.f.: A tablet; a plank; a board; first page of a book; title page.
 - n.m.: (lit.) The guarded tablet; a plank or plate on which, according to Muslim belief, all events and matters pertaining to this world are inscribed by God.

- a cradle song; a nursery rhyme.
- (P) lauz, n.f.: A kind of sweet-meat.
- (S) lok. n. m.: The universe; the world; region; country; the people of a region: folk; mankind.
 - lok gli, n.m.: (Mod) Folk songs.
- (H) luka, n. m: A flame; a fire; a piece of burning matter thrown out from a conflagration.
 - الوكا لكانا Inkā lagānā, v.: To set on fire; to burn; (fig.) to excite quarrels.
- (H) log, n.m: People; folk; public; family; caste.
 (See لوك)
- وموى (H) lompi, n. f: A fox; (fig) a cunning fellow.
- لون (H) lon, n. m : Salt.
- لوبا لوبا الوبا ا
- (H) laung, n./.: (1) لونگ Clove. (2) A gold nose pin

- lohā, n. m. : Iron.
 - lohā mānnā, v.: To acknowledge the superiority (of).
 - lohe ke chane لوہے کے چنے چبانا chabānā. v.: To perform a very difficult task.
 - lohār, n.m.: A blacksmith; a worker in iron.
- (H) الموثقي (H
- (A) luhja(h), n. m.: Tone; accent; modulation.
- (A) lihāzā, adv.: Therefore; consequently.
- billows; surge; an undulation. (2) Emotion; excitement; ecstacy; rapture.
 - arise (passion, emotion or ecstacy).
 - jti jti lahr bahr, n.f.: Prosperity.
 - البرانا lahrānā, v.: To wave; to undulate; to unfurl (flag etc.).

- לאנג^ן laharyā, n. m.: A waving pattern in embroidery; zigzag line.
- (H) lahsan, lahsun, (W) lassun, n. m.: (1)

 Garlic. (2) A blotch; freckle.
- (H) lahak, n. f.: Blaze; flash; glitter; quaver.
 - to blaze; to blow (as wind).
- (H) lahngā, n. m.: Skirts used by Hindu village women.
- (H) lah≅, n. m.: Blood.
 - lahu ānā, v.: Blood to flow, pass.
 - المو تهو كنا lahu thuknā, v.:
 To spit blood.
 - lah laga ke shahldon men shamil hona, v:

 (lit.) To smear eneself with blood and claim to be a martyr; to claim credit for doing practically nothing.
 - المولبان lah luhan, adj.: Weltering in blood.

- لبو ليو و لعب (A) lahw. lahw-ula'ab n m.: Frivolity; play.
- (H) lai, n. f.: A tone; an air; melody.
- בולים (A) Hyaqat, n. f.: Ability: capacity; efficiency: מולים merit.
- (H) lep, n.m.: Plaster; oin ment.
 - to gloss over; to conceal; to hide.
- (A) lais-u-la'al, n f.:

 Procrastination; evasion.
 - lais-u-la'al میں ڈالنا meh dalnā, v.: To delay; to dilly dally.
- לאליט (H) leṭnā, v.: To lie down; to lie prostrate; to rest.
- (H) lichar, adj.: Miserly; niggardly; slow in paying one's dues.
- ليس (H) lais, adj.: Prepared; ready; dressed.
- (E) lais, n. f.: Cor. of lace.

- البس (H) les. # 1.: (1) Stickiness; glue; gum (2) Plastering plaster.
- wheel track; rut; a cart road; (fig.) custom; usage; rule.
- (H) likh, n. f.: A nit; young lice.
- ليكن (A) lekin, conj.: But; on the contrary.
- P & A) lemun, lemun, a. m.: A lemon
- لين دين (H) len den, n.m.:

 Business; money dealings;
 banking.
- 나라 (H) lenā, n.m. & v.: (1) Money to be realised; credit. (2) To take; to obtain; to receive; to draw; to purchase; to buy; to borrow; to take on credit; to win; to extort; to exact; to conquer; to take possession (of); to seize; to take hold of; to pick up; to learn; to catch; to grasp; to take away; to take in: take in one's arms; to welcome; to arrive at; to reach; to take upon; to sustain; to partake of; to suck in; to

quote or take from; to make an extract; to adopt; to accept; to cut.

- lenā ek na(h) denā do, prov. & adv.:

 (1) Having nothing to gain or lose. (2) Unnecessarily; for nothing.
- lene ke dene لينے كے دينے پڑنا lene ke dene parnā, v: To be drawn into a difficulty; to sustain loss instead of profit; to be on the point of death; to lose hope.
- lene meh لینے میں ند دینے میں lene meh ma(h) de ne meh, id.:
 Unconcerned.
- (H) lehl, n. f.: Paste.

- fourth letter of Arabic, twenty eighth of Persian and thirty first of Urdu alphabets.

 Numerical value according to Appl abjad=40.
- (A) maāsir, n. m.: Glories; excellencies; traditions;

- memorable relics; good deeds. (s. ماثره māṣarah).
- رَّ (A) maāl, n.m.: End; result; aim
- Which; that which; what; whatever; why? wherefrom? how? (2) No; not; as long as; whilst; during; as much as; as far as.
 - māba'd, adj.: What comes after; following; subsequent.
 - mābaql, adj. & n. m.:

 The rest; remainder;

 balance; arrears.
 - النزاع mabihin nizā', adv. & n. m.: What is disputed. controversial matter; bone of contention.
 - mabain, adv.: In the middle or interim; between.
 - nate; dependent; lower; inferior.
 - māḥaṣal, n. m.: Inference; conclusion; sum and substance; outcome.

- māḥaṭar, adj. de n m.: (1) Ready at hand. (2) Simple food (19 offer).
- maḥaul, n. m.: Environments.
- māsabaq, māqabl, adj: Preceding; aforesaid; before mentioned; former.
- (P) ma, pron.: We; us; our.
- بان (H) n. f.: Measure. (See ناپ nap.).
 - ligle mapna, v.: To measure.
- رها (A) māt, n. f.: Defeat. checkmate; collapse.
 - مات دینا māt denā, v.: To defeat; to checkmate.
- ing; lamentation. Mourn-
 - ماكم پرسى mātam pursī, n. f.:
 Condolence.
 - mātam karnā, v.:
 To mourn: to mourn the
 martyrs of Karbala.
- ادها (H) māshā, n. m.: The forehead.
 - To have presentiment; to sense danger; to smell the rat.

- māihd rugurnā, v.:
 To supplicate humbly.
- event; a happening; an incident; a story.
- ماجهی مانجهی الجهی مانجهی mānjhì, n. m: A boatman.
- اخذ (A) mākhaz, n.m.: Source; origin; derivation.
- الخوذ (A) mākhūz, adj: Involved; implicated: taken from.
- 1314 (P) madar, n. f.: Mother.
 - mādar zād, adj.:
 Inborn; innate.
 - madori, adj.: Maternal: motherly.
 - mādarī zabān, n. f.: Mother tongue.
- ا هاده، هادين (P) māda(h). mādīn, n. i: A female. (Opp of نر nar, male)
- Matter. (2) Faculty; capacity. (3) A root or derivation. (4) Septic matter; pus.
 - سادى maddi, odj.: Material; substantial.

- (P) mar, n.m.: A snake; serpent.
 - مارآستين mār-i-āstīa, n. m.:

 An enemy in the shape of a friend.
 - مار گزیده از ریسمان می ترسد mar gazida(h) az resmāh mi tarsad, prov.: (lit.) One bitten by a snake dreads a rope; a burnt child dreads the fire.
- striking; a blow; a stroke.

 (2) Wrath; famine; curse; killing. (3) Lure; snare; cure.
 - mār piṭ, māṛ dhāṛ, n ſ.: Fight; scramble; assualt.
 - ار گالنا mar daina, v.: To kill; to slay; to murder; (sl.) to allure.
- (H) mārā, adj.: Struck down; smitten; killed; slain; destroyed.
 - ارا مار مارا مار (1) Bustle; jostle; scuffle; rush; excess; struggle; effort; running helter-skelter; oppression. (2) Successively; consequently.

- beat; to strike; to thrash; to knock down; to punish; to drive away. (2) To kill; to slay. (3) To mitigate; to conquer; to catch; to ensnare; to usurp; to defraud; to shoot; to discharge.
 - mare h مارون كهننا بهو لمي أنكه mare h مارون كهننا بهو لمي mare h ghuind pubic ankh. prov.:

 Said when someone utters words unsuitable for the occasion.
- meat. (H) mās, n. m.: Flesh;
- used as pulse. A bean
- الله (A) māshā 'Allāh. intj.:

 As God willed; excellent;

 bravo!
- ماشه māsha(h), n. m.: A weight equal to 1/12th of a tola or eight rattis.
 - ماهد تولد māsha(h) tola(h),
 adj.: Fickle; inconsistent;
 fragile.
- ماضى māzī, adj.: Past; past tense.
- (A) mākulāt, n. m., pl. : Edibles. (s. ماكول makul.)

- (A) māl, n.m.: Money; commodity; property; fund; stock; cargo; luggage; goods; assets; revenue; a prize; dainties.
 - الا مال mālā māl, adj.: Full; abundant; rich.
 - māldār, adj. & n. m.: (1) Rich; wealthy. (2) A wealty person.
 - mal gari, n.f.:
 Goods train.
 - māl-i-ghanimat,
 n.m.: Booty; spoils
 obtained in جهاد jihād
 (holy war.)
 - سال كذارى maiguzārī, n. f.:

 Land revenue; land tax;
 revenue department.
 - māll, adj.: Financial; relating or pertaining to revenue.
 - سمانیت maliyat, m. f.; Cost; value; capital; investment; assessment; wealth.
- Yta (H) mālā, n. m. &f.: A necklace; a garland; a Hindu rosary; a chaplet of beads; (fig.) a vocabulary or dictionary.

- (P) mallsh, n.f.: (1) Rubbing; massage; polish. (2) Nausea.
 - malish karna, v.:
 (1) To rub; to massage;
 - (2) To feel nausea.
- (A) mālik, n. m.: Owner; proprietor; master; lord; God; (fig.) a husband; an employer.
 - malik hona, v.: To own.
 - adv.: (1) Proprietory.

 (2) In the manner or capacity of an owner.
- والى (H) mali, n.m.: A gardener.
- wala (H) māmtā n. f: (Maternal) affection.
- of safety; place of freedom from fear.
- A) mamur, adj.: Ordered; appointed; posted.
- (A) maman, adj.: Safe; secured.
- (H) mamua, n.m.: Maternal uncle.

- Wha (H) man, n. f.: Mother.
- honour. Respect;
 - ان ر کهنا man rakhna, v.: To respect; to honour.
 - ka pan bahut hota hat,
 prov: A small thing,
 offered in token of respect to a person, is
 (indeed) a precious gift.
- paste of rice mixed with pounded glass applied to kite-string (to cut the string of another kite in a match).
- eclipsed; pale; dull.
 - mand par jana, v.:

 To be faded; to become

 dull; to be eclipsed.
 - mandagi, n. f.: Illness; fatigue; indisposition.
 - manda(h), adj.: (1) Remained; left. (2) Tired, fatigued; weary; ailing.
- of the hair; line where the hair is parted on the head.

- سانگ پائی mang paiil, n.f.:

 Dressing the hair; makeup.
- انگ نکالنا mang nikalna, v.:

 To part the hair on the head.
- requirement; demand; request.
 - to request; to demand; to beg; to pray; to solicit; to borrow.
- tile (H) manna, v: (1) To regard; to mind; to accept; to assent to; to consent; to acknowledge on a 'a superiority; to agree to, to allow; to admit; to comply with. (2) To submit; to obey; to yield. (3) To own; to take for granted; to assume.
- similar; just as.
- (A) manus, adj.: Attached; friendly; familiar.
- ela (P) mah, n. m.: The moon; a month.
 - Bvery month; monthly.

- (lit.) A piece of moon; a handsome person; a belove.
- rū, lagā, wash, adj.:

 Having a face as beautiful as a moon.
- n. m.: (1) The moon; moonlight; moonshine.
 (2) A firework.
- nabl, n. f. & adj.: (1) A kind of marshmelon: a shaddock. (2) A cloth with silver or gold devices of heavenly bodies.

 (3) A kind of firework which throws blue light.
- proficient. Expert;
- Ala (P) mahi, n. f.: A fish.
 - ابی بسے آب māhl-t-be-āb, n. f.: (lit.) A fish without
 water; a restless person.
 - mahl maratib, n. m. : Royal insignia of Muslim kings.
- capala (A) mahiyat, n. f.:

- State or form of being; substance; nature.
- (A) ma', n.m.: Water; juice.
 - distilled juice of a variety of meat.
- ائل (A) ma'il, adj.: (1) Inclined or leaning (towards); bent; apt; partial; biassed. (2) Fond of; enamoured.
 - ma'il karna, v.: To make one inclined (to).
 - be inclined (to); to fall in love.
 - هاؤف (A) ma'Bf. adj.: Afflicted.
 - الله (H) māyā, n.f.: T.e delusive appearance of external objects; delusion; mirage; idle fancy.
 - appointed; hopeless; despondent.
 - مايوس كرنا māyās karad, v.
 To disappoint; to mar
 one's hopes.
 - appointment; hopelessness; desperation.

(P) maya(h), n.m.: Wealth; money; stock in trade; resources.

- ايد ناز maya(h)-i-naz, n. m.: Source of pride; (fig.) beloved.
- مباح (A) mubāḥ, adj.: Allowable; permitted; lawful.
- (A) mubāḥiṣa(h), n. m.: Discussion; controversy.
 - mubahisa(h) karna, v.: To Discuss; to argue; to dispute.
- المباكلة (A) mubadila(h), n. m.: Barter; exchange.
- (A) mubarak, adj.: Blessed; holy; auspicious.
 - mubarakbad, n.m.: Congratulation.
- مباشرت (A) mubashirat, n. f.: Coition.
- المانغة (A) mubāligha(h), n. m.: Exaggeration; hyperbole.
- (A) mubtida, n. m.: (1) مبتدا The subject of a proposition. (2) Commencement.
- mubtadi, n. m.: beginner; young pupil.

- مبتذل (A) mubtazil, adj.: Common; contemptible; slang.
- A) mubillä, adj.: Involved; entangled; implicated; suffering (trial or calamities).
 - mubila hona, v.: To be involved, entangled or implicated; to suffer from.
- ثم (A) mabḥas, n. m.: Discussion; debate; subject of discussion.
- ا مبلا (A) mabdā, n. m.: Beginning; source; origin.
- جبدل (A) mubaddal, adj.: Changed; altered.
- مبدول (A) mabzīil, adj.: Bestowed (upon); expended.
- (A) mubarra, adj.: Guiltless; pure; unsullied; free from.
- bames (A) mabilit, adj.: Spread out; stretched; enlarged.
- (A) mubaşşir, adj & n.m.:
 - (1) Observant; penetrating.
 - (2) Keen observer.
- نعوث (A) mab'us, adj.: Sent;

هبلغ (A) mablagh, n. m.: Scope or degree; attainment.

- (P & U) mublagh, mubligh. n. m.: (1) Complete; matured; wrath. (2) A sum of money.
- هبلغ (A) muballig<u>li</u>, n. m.: A preacher.
- (A) mabni, adj.: Founded; based.
- (A) mubham, adj.: Ambiguous; equivocal; indistinct; keeping concealed.
- = 9e÷5 (A) mabhæ:, adj.: Confounded; astonished; dazed.
- (H) mat, adv.: Do not; don't.
- (H) mat, n. f.: Understanding; intelligence; senses.
- ر (A) muia'aşşir, adj.: Influenced; affected
- (A) mula'akhkhirin, adj. & n.m.: (1) Of the later or more modern times (2) متا نفر .s. The moderns. (s. متا muta'a<u>khkh</u>ir.)
- سف (A) muta'assif, odj. : Aggrieved; oppressed with grief.

- Ello (A) mail, n.f.: Merchandise; effects; goods; utensils.
- تانت (A) maianai, n. f.: Solemnity; seriousness; patience; forbearance; vigour.
- ا متا هل (A) muta'ahhil, adj.: Married; having a family.
- متبته (A) mutabaḥḥir, adj.: Very learned; erudite; profound.
- متبرک (A) mutabarrak, adj.: Sacred; holy; venerable; blessed; heavenly.
- متبسم (A) mutahassim, adj.: Smiling; laughing.
- متبع (A) muttabl', n. m.: A follower.
- متبلی (A) mutabannā, n. m.: An adopted child.
- المتحد (A) muttahid, adj.: United.
- هنجده (A) mustaḥida(h), adj.: United; joined together.
- هنجرک (A) mutaḥarrik, adj.:
 - (1) Moving; moveable.
 - (2) Accented with vowelmark.

(A) mutaḥayyir, adj.: Amazed; surprised; confounded.

- (A) mutarādif, adj.: Synonymous.
- (A) musarjim, musarjam, n. m.: A translator; an interpreter.
- (A) matruk, adj.: Left; relinquished; abandoned; disused; rejected.
- متشرع (A) mutasharri', adj.: Orthodox (Muslim); observant of Islamic rules.
- (A) muttaşil, adj.: Contiguous; adjoining; adjacent.
- المتفاد (A) mutazād, adj.: Contradictory.
- ا متعدد (A) muta'addid, adj.: Many; numerous; a few.
- متعصب (A) muta'aşşib, adj.: Bigotted; intolerant; prejudiced.
- متعلق (A) muta'alliq, adj: Connected; annexed; appended; subjoined; depending on; dependant; appertaining; concerning; pertinent; relevant.

- .A) muda'allı متعلقات، متعلقين qai, mute'alliqin, n. m., pl.: (1) Appendices. (2) Children; family; dependants. (s. Alliquiant musa alliquiant).)
- همفق (A) muttafiq, adj.: United; unanimous; agreeing.
- نية المين (A) mutaqaddimin, n. m., pl.: The ancients; writers and thinkers of old. (s. متقدم mutaqaddim.)
- مُعَمِّى (A) muttaqi, adj.: Refraining; pious; devout.
- هنگم (A) mutakallim, n. m. & adj.: (1) Speaker; orator; the first person. (2) Speaking; declaiming.
- A) mutalāshī, adj. & m m.: (1) Searching; seeking (2) One who seeks or searches for.
- UNG (H) matlana, v.: To feel nausea; to be sick.
- متلون (A) mutalawwin, adj.: Changeable; variable; capricious: fickle.
- (A) mutamanni, adj. Desirous: craving for

- (A) mutamawwil, adj.: Rich; wealthy; opulent.
- סהט (A) matn, m. m.: The text.
- A kind of dish consisting of rice, meat and sugar.
- (A) mutanaffis, n. m.: An individual; a living being.
- متواتر (A) mutawātir, adj.:
 Successive; continuous;
 uninterrupted.
- متوازى (A) mutawāzī, adj.:
 Parallel.
- متوسط (A) mutawassit, adj:
 Midway; intermediate;
 common; average.
- متوسل (A) musawassil, adj.: (1)
 Seeking intercession. (2)
 Dependant.
- متوطن (A) mutawaijin, adj.: Inhabitant; native.
- متوفي (A) mutawaffl, adj.: Dead; deceased; the late.
- (A) mutawalli, n. m.: A trustee of a Muslim religious endowment.
- متين (A) mailn, adj.: Serious; solemn; vigorous; solid; weighty; important.

مار (H) maiar, n. f.: Peas.

- extinct; to be erased; to come to an end; to be abolished; to be nullified.
- (H) mațhā, n. m.: Buttermilk.
- (H) mattha, adj.: Slow; slack; dull.
- (H) muịthā, n. m.: A bundle.
- חלישוש (H) mithās, n. f.: Sweetness; pleasantness.
- sweatmeat; sweetness.
- fist; grasp (of the hand); clutch; a handful (of corn).
 - handful; very small quantity.
 - mu!!hi garm karna, v.: To bribe.
- clay; mud; soil; land; sweepings; trash; (fig.) a corpse.
 - سنى پليد بونا miti paild hone, v.: To be badly off.

mițil dena, v.: To bury; to throw a handful of earth on the (entered) corpse.

- missi kā tel. n. m. : Kerosine oil
- الله masiyala, adj: Dusky; of darkish colour; grey.
- المثال (A) misal, n. f.: Example; a specimen; simile; analogy.
 - misal dena, v.: To give an example.
 - ... Misali, adj.: Ideal; worthy of copy.
- انه (A) masāna(h), n. m.: The bladder
- (A) muşbat, adj.: Affirmative; positive; established; proved: demonstrated.
- (1) A) mişl, adj. & n. f.: Like; similar; resembling; analogous; copy. (2) The records of a case; a file. (Also سسل (U) misi, in meaning No. (2).)
- (A) maşal, n. f: A proverb; a proverbial saying.

- شلث (A) muşallaş, n. m.: A triangle; a verse of three lines.
- مثمن (A) muşamman, (1) adj. & n. m. Eightsided; octanguiar. (2) An octagon; a verse of eight lines.
- د کیشو (A) masnawi, n.f.: A poem written in heroic verse.
- اديان (A) muṣanaā, n.m. & edj.: (1) A duplicate; a counterpart; a counterfoil. (2) Double; duplicate.
- むこれ (A) mujadila(h), n. m.: Disputation; altercation; conflict; fight; duel.
- jisa (A) majāz, adj.: (1) Competent; legally competent; authorised; warranted. (2) Wordly; material.
 - majāz honā, v.: To have authority; to be legally authorised.
 - majāzi, adj. : Mundane; worldly; figurative; metaphoric; allegorical.
- الجه (A) majal, n. f.: Authority; power; ability.

Ablab (A) mujāhid, n. m. & adj.: (1) A warrior (for faith); one who fights for a religious cause. (2) Striving; labouring.

- trained; compelled; powerless.
 - majbur karna, v.:
 To compel.
 - majburan, adv.: Compulsorily; of necessity; under constraint.
 - majbūrl, n. f.: Constraint; compulsion; powerlessness.
- jurist; a theologian (of Muslims); the highest authority on jurisprudence; reformer; authority; pontiff.
- אבנט (A) mujaddid, n. m.: A reformer; a renewer.
- m.: (1) Absorbed (in);
 given up (to); lost (in). (2)
 One who loses his self in
 God; (fig.) an insane
 person.

- majzīb ki bar, n. f.: Nonsense.
- Deduction; a set off. (2)
 Visit; obeisance; respect.
 (3) Dance with singing. (4)
 An elegy.
 - mujrā pānā, v.: To receive credit for a sum.
 - n. f. & m.: (1) Remission of revenue; reduction in assessment; a credit given on account. (2)

 One who waits upon or is presented; a poet or person reciting an elegy.
 - مجرب (A) mujarrab, adj.: Tried; proved; experienced; a tried remedy.
- Single; unmarried; alone; solitary; only.
 - mujarrad rahnā, v.:
 To remain a bachelor.
- crimininal; a delinquent; an offender.
 - mujrim hona, v.: To commit an offence.

- A) majrūḥ, adj.: Wounded; smitten.
- party; a council; an assembly; a committee; a meeting to mourn the martyrs of Karbala.
 - majlisl, adj.: Social; concerning a gathering.
- A) mujmal, adj.: Abstracted; summarized; brief.
- A collection: a compendium.
 - majmu'i, adj.: Collective; aggregate.
- Proposed; suggested; prescribed; laid down.
- raised seat or platform for watching crops or hunting big game.
- bond; a penalty bond; a penal recognizance; a personal surety.
- way-ward; to be obstinate; to get out of control.

- made; to be committed; to be perpetrated; to be stirred up; to be excited; to be promulgated.
- to be closed.
- mosquito.
- fish; arm muscle; an earring (women).
 - machhli kā tel, n. m.: Cod liver oil.
 - machhli kl مجهلی کی طرح کو بنا taraḥ tarapnā, v.: To be restless like a fish (out of water).
- fish. (2) (W) A kiss.
 - machchhiyan lenā,
 v.: To kiss.
 - machchhl bhawan,
 n. m.: Tank in Roval
 household with small
 fishes in it; a Muslim
 archeological site at
 Lucknow.
 - machherā, n. m.: A fish vendor; a fisherman.
- accountants clerk.

- Adjustment or settlement of accounts. (2) Enquiry; scrutiny of accounts or acts.
- muḥāsiba(h) karnā,

 v.: To settle accounts;

 to hold an enquiry.
- muḥāsibi, n. f.:
 Accountancy.
- שני muḥāṣira(h), n. m.: A blockade; a seige.
- watchman; a guard; a guardian; a curator; protector.
 - muhāfiz khāna(h),
 n. m.: Record room.
 - muḥōfizat, n. f.: Guar-dianship; protection; custody; care.
- June (A) muḥāl, adj.: Impossible.
- وره (P) muḥāwira(h), n.m.:
 - (1) Idiom; dialect; talk.
 - (2) Practice; habit; usage.
- friend; a lover.

- Love; affection; friendship.
- jail; a prison; a dungeon.
- beloved; a sweetheart.

 (fem. محبوبه mahbūba(h).)
 - liness; amiability; possessing the quality of being loved.
- (1) Poor; indigent; needy; wanting. (2) A beggar; a pauper; a cripple.
- blue (A) muhtat, adj.: Cautious; guarded; discreet; prudent.
- امترم (A) muḥtaram, adj.: Venerable; exalted.
- (A) muḥtasib, n. m.; (lit.) A reckoner; calculator; censor.
- (1) (lit.) Concealed; hidden; (fig.) a bashed; ashamed. (2) (fig.) Excluded from inheritance.

- One well versed in the traditions, i.e. sayings and doings of Holy Prophet Muhammad.
- לבענ (A) maḥdād, adj.: Limited; bounded; definite.
 - maḥdād karnā, v.:
 To limit; to bound; to define.
- arch. (A) miḥrāb, n. f.: An
- writer; a scribe; a clerk.
- A mover; a promoter; an instigator. (2) An incentive.
- A confident. (2) A relation with whom one cannot marry (father, mother, brother, sister etc.). (Such a male relation is allowed only to accompany woman in Hajj. She cannot go on Hajj alone.) (3) n. f.: A bodice; a dress which confines the breasts; bra.

- first month of Muslim calendar, in the first ten days of which is observed mourning in commemoration of the tragedy of Karbala.
- השצפח (A) maḥrum, adj.: Deprived; disappointed; plundered.
 - vation; loss; disappointment.
- benefactor; a patron.
- Computed; calculated; numbered; carried to account.
- > (A) maḥsūd, adj.: Envied; hated.
- ceived; felt; perceptible; material.
 - maḥs≣s karnā. ۲ :
 To feel.
 - māḥs৸sāi, n. m.:
 Feelings; sentiments.
- day of resurrection; (fig.)
 din and noise; tumult.

- seieged; surrounded. Be-
- Taxes; duty; customs; toll; postage; freight; public income.
 - maḥsūl laganā,
 v.: To levy a tax.
- (1) Unmixed; absolute; mere; only; alone. (2)
 Utterly; merely.
- presentation; petition signed or attested by a number of petitioners or witnesses.
- Pleased; enjoyed; glad.
 - maḥzūz hond, v.:

 To be pleased: to enjoy.
- assembly; a party; a gathering; a congregation; a concert.
- Guarded; protected; preserved; safe; secure; reserved.
 - maḥfūz rahnā, v.:

 To be safe; to be protected.

- (A) muḥaqqiq, n. m.:

 Verifier: a reserch scholar;

 an investigator; an authority (in learning).
 - After verification; authoritatively; from a philosopher's point of view.
- fortified; strengthened; unambiguous; incontrovertible; clear.
 - maḥkama(h), n m.: A department a division.
 - (1) Subjected; under command or authority, ruled; conquered. (2) A subject; a subordinate.
 - yat, maḥkæmi, n.f.:
 Subordination; subjection; slavery.
- (A) m a h a l(l), n. m.: (1)

 Place; situation; position.

 (2) A palace; a residence.
 - (2) A palace; a residence.
 (3) Wife of a noble; royal
 - lady; a queen.

female a part ment; an abode (for a noble

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or high class family).

(A) maḥlūl, adj. & n. m.:
(1) Dissolved. (2) (Mod.)

Any dissolved matter.

sion of a town; a locality; a ward; a quarter.

moḥalledar, n. m.: A resident of the same locality.

(A) maḥmil, n. m.: A litter carried on a camel.

Joseph (A) maḥmūl, adj.: Applicable; loaded; bearing (a meaning).

maḥmul karna, v.:
To make applicable; to attribute.

application; exertion; diligence; exercise.

Remuneration; wages; fee of advocate.

ous; laborious; painstaking; hardy; diligent.

(A) mahw, adj.: (1) Effaced; ced; crased; obliterated.
(2) Fascinated; charmed; captivated; engrossed; absorbed; wrapt in.

be effaced; to be obliterated; to be fascinatted; to be charmed; to be absorbed; to be engrossed.

of being absorbed or engrossed; fascination.

axis. (A) mihwar, n. m.: An

(1) Surrounding; circumambient; comprehending; guarding; knowing. (2)
Circumference.

surround; to circumscribe.

f.: Enmity; hostility; contention; quarelling.

- ab, n. m.: (1) The person who addresses another. (2) The person spoken to or addressed.
 - mukhāilb honā,
 v.: To address or accost
 one.
- adj.: (1) An opponent;
 an adversary. (2) Opposite;
 adverse; contrary; opposed.
 - mukhalif hona, v.:
 To oppose; to contravene.
 - mukhālifat, n. f.:
 Opposition; hostility;
 enmity; disagreement.
 - سخالفت كرنا mukhālifai karnā,
 v.: To oppose; to go
 against.
- אָבָּיס (A) mu<u>kh</u>bir, m.m.: An informer; an emissary; a spy.
 - ing; supplying secret information.
 - mukhbirl karna, v.: To act as an informer; to spy.

- m: (1) Authorised; competent; having legal power; independent; invested with power or authority. (2) An agent; an assignee; a delegate; a representative; an attorney; a solicitor.
 - سختار نامه mukhtar nama(h),
 . n. m.: A power of attorney.
- A bridged; concise; summarised; brief.
 - mukhiaşar karnā,
 v.: To summarize; to
 abridge; to shorten.
 - mu<u>kh</u>taşar nawis, n. m.: Stenographer.
 - mukhtaşar nawisi, n. f.: Stenography.
- مختلف (A) mukhtalif, adj.: Different; dis-similar; unlike; incongruous; heterogeneous.
- (H) makhdum, n. m.: (lit.) One who is served; waited on; master.
- o (A) makhraj, n. m.:
 Source; outlet; root of a
 word.

(1) مخزن (A) makhzan, n. m.: A store; a treasure house. (2) A magazine.

- مخصوص (A) makhṣus, adj.: Specified; special; particularised; particular.
- غفخه (A) mu<u>kh</u>affaf, adj. & n. m.: (1) Contracted; abbreviated. (2) A contraction: an abreviation.
- مخم (A) makhfi, adj : Secret; hidden; clandestine; private.
- (A) mu<u>kh</u>il, adj, & n. m.: (1) Disturbing; interrupting. (2) A disturber; an intruder.
- A) mukhliş, adj. & n.m : مخلص (1) Sincere; true. (2) A sincere friend.
- b مخلوط (A) makhlat, adj.: Mixed; mingled; blended; cross breed.
- A) makhing, adj. & n. m.: (1) Created; formed. (2) Things created; creacreatures; people; masses.
- بين (A) mu<u>kh</u>ammas, n. m. & adj.; (1) A pentagon; a verse of five lines. (2) Pentagular.

- المحمد (A) makhmaşa(h), n. m: A dilemma; a difficulty; a worry.
- خمل (A) makhmal, n.m.: Velvet.
- ر (A) makhmur, adj.: Incbriate; intoxicated.
- ነሷችው (A) mukhayyir, adj.: Charitable; philanthropic; bountiful.
- Ab (A) mad(d), m.m.: (1) Prolongations; extension; the long vowel mark on letter alif. (2) n. f.: Item; a head of account; department.
 - 13≈9 → mad(d) -u- jazr, n. m.: Tides.
 - mad(d) -i- muqabil, n. m.: An equal; a rival; an adversary.
 - mad(d) -1- nazar, n. m ; The object of regard or affection; object.
- راح (A) maddan, n. m.: A panegyrist; eulogist; a praiser.
- ا كا خلت (A) mudākhilat, n. f.: Interference; intrusion; occupancy; access; admission.

- mudākilat-i-bejā, مداخلت بیجا n. f.: Trespass.
- plant Asclepias gigantea; (also called $\leq \int ak$).
- (1) Orbit. (2)Basis; dependence.
- juggler; a snake charmer.
- מגונום : مداנו (A&P) mudarat, mudara, n. m.: Courtesy; cordiality.
- مدافعت (A) mudāfi'ai, n. f.:

 Defence; self-defence;

 repelling; turning away.
- השלים (A) mudam, adv.: Always; for ever; continually.
- (1) A statesman; an administrator; a minister. (2)
 Prudent; ingenious; governing.
- tion; period; term; time; a long time.
- אנשי (A) madh, midhat, n. f.: Praise; eulogy.

- aid: assistance; reinforcement; relief; (fig) labourers; masons etc. for house building.
 - madad denā. karnā, v.: To help; to render assistance.
 - madadgār, n. m: A helper; an accessary.
 - o (A) mudarris, n. m : A teacher; a professor.
 - school; college; university; academy; seminary.
 - madrisa-مدرسد ابتدائی ، تغتانی madrisa-(h)-1-ibiidā'i, taḥtanī, m. m.: A primary school.
 - madrisa(h)-isānwī, n m.: A high
 school.
 - tion; motive; purpose; aim; object; meaning.
 - mudda'ā ḥaşil ماعاطابل بونا honā, v.: To gain one's object.

- A dependant; the respondent; an accused.

 (fem مدعاعليها mudda'ā 'alaihā.)
 - mudda'i, n. m.: A plaintiff; complainant; (fig.) enemy; rival. (fem. مدعیه mudda'lyah.)
- (A) mod'#, n. m & adj.:

 (I) An invitee. (2) Invited.
- (A) madfan, n. m.: A grave; tomb; burial place.
- مدفون (A) madlun, adj.:

 Buried; underground;

 hidden; concealed.
- ودلل (A) mudallai, adj · Well grounded, reasonable.
- مدور (A) mudawwar, adj.:
 Round; circular.
- Slow; slack; faint; faded; inferior; middling; passable; moderate; modified; tempered.
- مدهوش (A) madhosh, adj.: Intoxicated; stupefied; insensible; drunk.
 - madhoshi, n. f.: Intoxication; insensibility.

- סלינת (A) mudlr, n. m.: An editor; a compiler; manager.
- town; the Holy City of Madina.
- לעניט (A) madyun, m. m.: A debtor.
- (H) mudbher, muibher, muibher, muibher, n. f.: A chance meeting; encounter; collision; conflict.
- head; headman; chief; ring leader.
- هذاف (A) mazdy, n. m.: Taste: wit. humour; pleasantry. jest.
 - mazāqan, adv.: In joke; in jest; humorously.
- مذاكره (A) muzākara(h), n. m.:

 Discussion; conversation;
 a conference.
- مذبذب (A) muzabzab, adj.:
 Fluctuating; wavering;
 hesitating; doubtful; uncertain; undecided.
- ذكر (A) muzakkar, adj.: Male; masculine.

- Evil-speaking; condemna-
- Religion; belief; creed; faith; school of thought.
 - ous; godly; concerning religion.
- هراتب (A) marātib, n. m., pl.:

 Gradations of rank; dignities; measures; steps.

 (s. مرتبه martaba(h).)
- (A) murāji'at, n. f.:
 Return; coming back.
- (A) murad. n. f.: Object; meaning; tendency; drift; desire; wish.
 - murad bar ana, مراد برآنا، بانا pana, v.: To obtain one's wishes; to attain one's end.
- راذف (A) murādif, adj.: Synonymous.
- مهاسلت (A) murāsilat, n. f.:
 Correspondence.
 - murasila(h), n. m.; A despatch; a communication; a letter.

- (A) marasim, n m., pl: Conventions; customs; duties; laws; agreements; good relations. (s. رسم rasm.)
- An appeal; a revision (on a court of law); a reference.
- مراقبه (A) muraqtba(h), n. m.:

 Divine contemplation; meditation.
 - adj: (1) A square; a quatrain or stanza of four lines; an area of cultivated land measuring acres. (2) Square; four in number.
 - امربوط (A) marbūţ, adj.: (1)
 Joined; tied; connected.
 (2) Well-composed; lucid.
 - ودي (A) murabbi, n. m.: A patron; a protector; a guardian; a head.
 - ciplined; trained; exercised (in piety, devotion).
 - مرتب (A) murattib, n. m.: A compiler; an editor.

- حرقب (A) murattab, adj.:

 Arranged; set in order;
 regulated: compiled; digested; edited.
 - سرتب کرنا سرتب کرنا w.: To arrange; to put in order; to compile; to digest; to edit.
- مرتبه (A) martaba(h), n. m.: Rank; degree; dignity; class; order.
- مرتد (A) murtad(d), n. m.:

 A renegade; an apostate

 (from Islam to disbelief).
- حرنفع (A) murtafa', adj.: Raised; elevated; exalted; high.
- حرتكب (A) murtakib, adj.: Committing; perpetrating (crime); guilty.
 - murtakib hond, v.:
 To commit.
- (A) marsiya(h), n.m.: An elegy; the dirge of martyrs of Karbala recited during Moharram; lamentation for the dead; funeral notes.
- ال مرجهال (H) murjhana, v.: To wither; to droop; to fade; to pine; to fret.
- وری (H) mtrch, n. f.: Chilli; pepper.

- ارحبا (A) marḥabā, intj.: God bless you!; bravo!
- المرحلة (A) marḥala(h), n. m.: A stage; a halting place; journey; (fig.) a difficult job.
- (A) marḥamat, n. f.:

 Mercy; grace; kindness;

 compassion; favour.
- ار هوم (A) marḥum, adj.: Gone to glory; deceased; dead; the late. (fem. مرحومه mar-ḥuma(h).)
- (P) mard, n. m.: A male; a man; a brave man; a hero; a husband.
 - مرد آدسی ، مردخدا mard-1'ādmi, mard-1- <u>kh</u>udā,
 n. m.: Fellow; bloke;
 chap.
 - mardangi, n. f.: Manliness; bravery.
 - ## mardana(h), adv., adj.

 ## mardana(h), adv., adj.

 ## man. man.: (1) Like a man;

 manfully. (2) Belonging

 to a man; manly. (3)

 Apartment for males.
- סעטונ (P) murdar, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Dead; impure;

 unclean; profanc. (2) A

 dead body; a corpse; a

 carcass.

Men; people; (2) The pupil of the eye.

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mardum āzār, adj. & m.: (1) Man-tormenting; man-oppressing. (2) An oppressor.

mardum khez, adj.:

(Place) producing (highclass) men, sending forth
(noted) people.

mardum shumāri, مردم شماری m. f.: Census.

mardum shināsī, n. f.: Knowledge of men.

امرداک (H) mirdang, n. f.: (1) A long, narrow drum. (2) A kind of (glass) shade (for lamp).

(1) Dead; defunct, old; decrepit. (2) Corpse.

موشد (A) murshid, n. m.: Head of a religious order; spiritual director; teacher; (fig.) a cunning fellow.

ded with jewels; adorned; artistic.

وزض (A) maraz, n.m.: Ailment; disease; (fig) a bad habit.

marazul maul, n.m.: Mortal disease; the last illness.

choice; volition; will.

خرغ (P) murgh, n. m.: A cock; a fowl, a bird. (fem. مرغى murghl)

مرغابی (P) murghābi, n. f.: Water-fowl; wild duck.

O (A) marghab. adj.:

Desirable; agreeable; eligible; pleasing; excellent.

رقد (A) marqad, n. m.: (lit.)
A resting place; a tomb;
a grave.

book of pictures; an album.

(2) A miniature painting.

(A) markub. n m.: A ship; horse, camel, vehicle

مركب (A) murakkab, adj & n. m. (1) Compounded. (2) Compound; combination.

ر کن (A) markaz, n. m.: A centre: the upper strokes of letters من المقال على المقال ا

مر کو ڈٹلل markaz-i-siql, n. m.:
The centre of gravity.

- markazi, adj.: Central.
- رگین (P) marg, n. f.: Death.
 - marg-i- سرگ سفاجات، نا کهان marg-i- mafājāi, nāgahān, n. f.:
 Sudden death.
- (H) mirg, n. m.: A deer; an antelope.
 - mirg chhālā, n. m.:
 A deer-skin.
- (H) mirgl, n. f.: Epilepsy; talling fits.
- Repairs; (fig.) beating; chastisement.
 - v.: To repair; to mend; to chastise; to beat.
- yoyo (GR) marmar, n. m.: Marble.
- Swollen, parched rice; rice pressed flat and eaten raw.

 (2) A kind of fringe made of gold or silver.
- (H) marna, v.: To die; to expire; to suffer hardship; to groan and sweat; to fade; to wither; (fig.) to become insolvent; to be out (of a game).

- marne ki مرنے کی فرصت ند ہونا furşai na(h) hond, v.: To be up to ears in work.
- שניינ *mar mar ke*, adv.:

 With great labour or difficulty.
- mar mind, v.: To be effaced; to die.
- Urbanity; politeness; benevolence; kindness; generosity.
- twist; to writhe; to contort.
- (A) marham, n. m.: Soft plaster; ointment; balm.
 - שליט marham patil, n. f.:

 Dressing a wound; first aid to injured.
- وهون (A) marhun, adj.:
 Pawned; pledged; mortgaged.
 - سر ہون سنت marhun i minnat, adj.: Bound in gratitude.
- ريخ (A) mirrikh, n. m.: Planet Mars.
- אנא (A) murid, n.m.: A disciple; a follower; a student; a proselyte

مريض (A) mailz, n. m.: A patient. (fcm. سريضه mariza(h).

- U to (H) murna, v.: To be bent; to be twisted; to turn back; to turn.
- rijo (P) mizāj, n. m.: Nature; temperament; temper; disposition; pride.
 - mtzāj pursī, n. f.: Enquiring after one's health; (fig) chastising
 - mizoj sharlf, inij.: A respectful form of enone's quiring about health.
- خواح (A) mizaḥ, n. m.: Jest; frivolity; joke.
- واحم (A) muzāņim, adj.: Opposing; hindering; obstructing; resisting.
 - muzāķim honā, v.: To obstruct; to resist; to oppose; to bar; to hinder.
 - muzahimas, n. f: Opposition. resistance; obstruction; bar.
- 31 30 (A) mazār, n. m.: A tomb; a shrine.

- وارع (A) muzāri', n. m.: A husbandsman; a cultivator.
- jeo 1 jo (A) mazāmīr, n m., pl.: Musical instruments. (s. (.mizmar مزمار
- ورى (P) muzd, mazduri, n f.: Wages; compensation.
 - mazder, m.m.: A lobourer; a porter; a coolie. (sl مزور mazūr.)
- 40 jo (A) muzammah, n. m.: A bridle of a camel; a heelrope.
 - muzamme lena, v.: مزمع لينا To lay hold of the heelrope (of); to pull up; to come down upon.
- δ (P) maza(h), n. m.: Taste; pleasure; enjoyment; fun.
 - (maza, h مروار انا ، الهانا ، بانا ، لو لنا urāna, uthānā, pānā, lutna, v.: To enjoy; to revel.
 - i maza(h) chakhana, v.: To give a lesson; to beat severely.
 - mazedar, مزے دار، سزے کا maze ka, adj: Delicious.
- ازيد (A) mazld adj.: More; a dded; increased; mented.

- کرن (P) muzhda(h), n. m.: Glad tidings; good news.
- のうらくびょう (P) mizhgān, mizhah, n. f.: Eyclashes.
- (A) mas, n. m.: Touch; sense of touch; inclination; interest.
- ر (P) mis, n. m.: Copper.
- Measurement; dimension; mensuration; survey.
- هساس (A) mases, m. m.: Pressing; contact; squeezing; billing and cooing.
- رهافت (A) masafat, n. f.: Distance; space; interval.
- هافر (A) musāfir, n. m.: A traveller.
- of A. ممالح maṣālā, m. m.: (Cor. of A. ممالح maṣāliḥ) Materials; ingredients; spices; gold or silver lace, brocade etc.
- of the skin.
- Equality; evenness; an every day affair; a common occurance; heedless-

- ness; indifference; equa-
- وساوی (A) masāwi, adj.: Equal; equivalent; parallel.
- Drunk; intoxicated; excited; hot; lascivious; overjoyed; indifferent; mad; rampant; careless; proud.

 (2) A drunkard; a mad man.
- farm-holder; a contractor; a tenant.
- Excluded; excepted; exceptional; select; excellent.
 - mustasna karna, v.: To exclude; to exempt.
- (A) mustaḥsan, adj.: Commendable; approved; good.
- Entitled; having a claim; descrying; meritorious; needy; poor.
- Strong; firm; established; valid.

- المستوك (A) mustarad, adj.: Rejected; revoked; overruled; refuted.
 - mustarad karna, v.:
 To reject; to refute.
- artisan; a mason; a mechanic.
- M.: (1) Additional; more.
 (2) An addition; a kind of poem of which every line has a shorter one attached to it.
- (A) mustashriq, n. m. : An Orientalist.
- on loan; borrowed; sought.
 - musta'ār denā, ۲.;
 To lend for use.
- Ready; capable; able; efficient.
 - ness; promptitude; efficiency; willingness.
- رستعفی (A) mustaifl, adj.:

 Resigned; relieved.
- use; common; used up; second hand.

- ا مستغنی (A) mustaghni, adj.:
 Independent; free; not
 needy; indifferent; rich;
 satisfied; self-contented.
- A complainant; a plaintiff or petitioner (against oppression).
- (A) mustaqbil, n. m.: Future; the future tense.
- O (A) mustaqar, n. m.:

 Dwelling place; station;

 quarters.
- nent; constant; resolute; fixed; immoveable; stable; firm.
 - musiaqil mizāj,
 adj.: Firm; resolute;
 strong willed.
 - mustaqill, n. f.: Permanence; confirmation.
 - Authenticated; genuine; reliable.
- ness; intoxication; lust; ecstacy.
 - אבייס (A) masjid, n. f.: A mosque.

chanted; bewitched.

- ted; effaced; perverted; corrupted.
- Subdued; subjected; over-come; conquered.
- مسخره (A) maskhara(h), adj. & n. m.: (1) Jocular; droll. (2) A jester; a buffoon.
 - maskhara(h) pan,
 n. m.: Jesting; drollery;
 buffoonery; joke; jest.
- adj.; (1) A hexagon; a hexameter; verse consisting of six lines. (2) Composed of six; hexagonal.
- رور (A) masdad, adj.: Obstructed; closed.
- هرت (A) masarras, n. f.: Pleasure; joy; rapture.
- (A) musrif, m. m. & adj.: (1) A spendthrift. (2) Extravagant.
- JJMO (A) masrer, adj.:
 Merry; delighted; pleased.
- Stolen; robb.d.

- cial paper having a specific number of lines on a page used in calligraphy.
- tear; to rend.
- smile. (H) muskānā, v.: To
- ות (A) muskirāi, n. m. pl.: Intoxicants; drugs. (s. مسكر muskir.)
- smile; to grin; to simper.
 - muskurāhaṭ, n. f.: Smiling; a smile.
- dwelling; a home.
- سکن (A) musakkin, adj & n. m.: (1) Palliative. (2) An anodyne.
- torn; to be rent; to be split.
- Butter.
- (A) miskin, adj. & n. m.: (1) Meek; poor; needy.
 - (2) A poor and needy person.
- المسل (H) misi, ه إلى: (Prom A. المسل misi.) A file; arranged papers of a case.

- equipped. (A) musallah, adj.: Armed;
- Julus (A) musalsal, adj.:
 Successive; continued;
 placed in order; coherent;
 chained.
- nating; dominant; gaining upper hand.
- Entire; complete; whole.

 (2) Accepted; admitted.
- مامان (A) muslim, musalmān, n. m.: One who is obedient (to God); one who professes Islam.
- to press; to squeeze; to tread upon.
- ار (A) mismār, n. m. & adj.:
 - (1) A nail; a peg; a pin.
 - (2) Demolished; razed; ruined.
 - mismar karna, v.:
 To raze to the ground.
- cushion; a seat; a throne; a support.
- ding to Sunnah (Holy Prophet's tradition or practice).

- tooth brush of twig or root.
- maswadda(h), maswada(h),
 maswadda(h), maswada(h),
 maswida(h), n. m.: A manuscript; a draft; rough copy;
 (fig.) plan; scheme.
 - maswida(h),
 gaaihnā, v.: To plot;
 to plan a scheme.
 - of pulse; black pulse; (fig.) a grain.
 - masāfhā, n. m.: The gums (of the teeth).
 - bed stead; a curtained bed.
 - وسيل (A) mushil, n. m.: A purgative; a laxative.
 - maxim; an aphorism; a tenet; a doctrine; a proposition; a problem; a religions problem.
 - used by women to darken their teeth, considered a sign of beauty.

- мы (H) maseh, n. f. pl.: The down on the lips of youth. (s. سس mas-not in use.)
 - سبن يهيكنا maseh bhigha, v.: The first hair or down to appear on the face or lips.
- (A) mushābihat, n. f : Resemblance; likeness; similitude.
- مشاطه (A) mashshaga(h), n. f.: A match-maker; a bride dresser (woman).
- (A) musha'ira(h), n. m.: A gathering in which poets secite their poems; a poetic symposium.
- (A) mashshaq, adj.: Well practised; well versed.
 - mashshāqi, n. f.: Practice; exercise.
- (A) masham, n m: Sense of smelling; smell; (fig.) mind.
- (A) mushawirai, m.f.: Consultation; counsel.
- مشاهده (A) mushāhida(h), n.m.: Sight; vision; observation; ocular demonstration

- هاهره (A) mushahira(h), n. m.: Salary; stipend; wages; allowance.
- (P) musht, n. f.: Fist.

- هشتاق (A) mushtaq, adj.: Ardent; eager; keen; fond.
- مشبه (A) mushtabah, adj.: Doubtful; equivocal; dubious; obscure.
- (A) mushtarak, adj.; Shared; joint; common; coparcenary.
 - mushiarika(h), adj : Held in common or partnership; joint.
- ا مشتم (A) mushtamil, adj.: Inclusive; common; extending over; containing.
- هُمْتِي (A) mushtahar, mushtahlr, adj. & n.m.: (1) Proclaimed; advertised; promulgated; made public. (2) An advertiser.
 - mushtahar karna, مشتهر كونا To advertise.
- مشة (A) mushsahl, n.m.: A tonic; an appetiser.
- (A) musharraf, adj.: Honoured; exaited; ennobled.
 - هُوق (A) mashriq, n. m.: The east; the place of rising (sus).

- (A) mushrik, n. m.: A polytheist; an idolator.
- مشروط (A) mashrut, adj.: Conditional; stipulated; defined; limited.
- (A) mash'al, n. f.: A torch.
 - mash'alchi, n. m.:
 A torch bearer.
- Occupation; pastime; engagement; hobby.
- ployed; occupied; engaged; busy.
- (1) Kind; dear; showing favour. (2) A friend.
- exercise; a model or copy for imitation.
- مشق کرنا ^{*} mashq karnā, v.: To practise; to exercise.
- bag for carrying water; a water bag.
 - leather water bottle or a small bag for keeping water.

- (P) mushk, mishk n. m.: Musk.
 - mushkbu, adj.: Scented with musk.
 - mush nafa(h), n. m.:
 The musk-bag.
- (A) mushkil, adj. ه n. f.:

 (1) Hard; difficult; intricate. (2) Difficulty; hard-ship; intricacy; perplexity.
 - ستكل آبرنا mushkil a parna, v.:
 To meet with a difficulty suddenly.
 - مشكل مين بلانا mushkil men parna, v.: To get into difficulty or mess.
- famous book of the traditions and sayings of the Holy Prophet Mohammad.
 - approved; agreed to; chosen; laudible. (In U. thankful; grateful.)
- Doubtful; uncertain; ambiguous; altered; tampered with.
- (A) mashwira(h), n. m.: Consultation; counsel.

- m · A

- A place of martyrdom; a place of religious visitation; a tomb; Mashhad-i-muqad-das, a town in Iran (also called Tus) where Hazrat Ali Moosa Raza is buried.
- A) mashhad, adj.: Witnessed; attested; proved.
- (A) mashhur, adj.:
 Well-known; famous;
 noted.
 - mashhar karna, v.:

 To proclaim; to make

 public or famous.
- pleasure; the will of God.
- seller; an adviser.
- (A) muşaḥib, n. m.: A companion. a courtier; an aide-de-camp (A.D.C.).
 - (A) musahabat, n. f.:

 Companionship; society;

 company; familiarity;

 communion.
- A) mașārif, n. m.: Expenses; disbursements. (s. سمرف mașraf.)
- Reconciliation; pacification; compromise.

- book; a divine book; the Holy Quran; (fig.) face; check,
- (A) maşdar, m. m.: Source; origin.
- n. m.: A line of the verse; a hemistich.
 - To complete a verse by adding the first line (the second line is generally composed first).
- (A) maṣr#f. adj.: Busy; engaged; occupied.
- (۱) (An Egyptian) sugar candy. (2) Egyptian.
- امصلي (A) mușelle, n.m.: A prayer carpet or mat.
- reformer.; a pacifier; a corrective; an antidote.
- Expedience; advisablity; sound or good policy; a prudent measure.
- cified. (A) maşlāb, adj.: Cru-
- Fixed; determined; pucc a

- author; a writer.
- A) maṣnয়'āi, n. m. & f., pl.: Manufactures; works; contrivances. (s. maṣnয়'.)
 - masnū'l, adj.: Fabricated; artificial.
- (A) muşawwir, n. m. A painter; a photographer.
 - ing ; drawing ; photography.
 - muşawwar, adj.: Illustrated.
- (A) muşlbat, n. f.: Misfortune; trouble; calamity; misery.
 - muşlhat uthānā, bharnā, bhugatnā, jhelnā, v.: To suffer misfortune or calamity.
- (A) muzā'af, adj.:
 Doubled; multiplied.
- A) muzāfāt, n. m., pl.: Appendages; environs; suburbs. (s. مضاف muzāf).
- المضاطين (A) mazāmin, n. m., pl.: Contents ; subjects; articles; essays; implications;

- meanings. (8. مضمون mazmen.)
- Harm; difficulty; hindrance; consequence.
- Strong; stable; steady; stout; immoveable; resolute; cogent; valid.
 - mazbūti, n. f.:

 Strength; stability; firmness: solidity; validity;
 cogency.
 - (A) mazhaka(h), n. m.:
 Ridicule; pleasantry; banter; drollery.
 - (A) muzir, adj.: Injurious; noxious; bad; offensive.
 - special hook with which a guitar is played.
 - مضوت mazarrat, n. f.: Injury;
 harm; damage.
 - muztarib, adj.: Restless; afflicted; distracted; distracted; distracted.
 - mazā, phr.: Let what is passed be passed; let bygones.

- (1) Agreeable; similar; according to; answering; corresponding; befitting.
 (2) In conformity or accordance with.
- Conformity; similarity; corresponding to.
- demand; a claim; a due; exaction; requisition.
 - mutalaba(h) karnā,
 n. m.: To demand; to
 claim.
- Reading: perusal; study.
 - mutala'a(h) karnā,
 v.: To read; to peruse;
 to study.
- (A) matab, n. m.: Consulting place of a physician; a clinic.
- (A) mathakh, n.m.: A kitchen; a mess.
- (A) matba', n. m.: A printing press.
- a (A) mathu'at, 'n. f., pl.: Publications. (s. مطبوعه mathu'a(h).)

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- مطرب (A) mutrib, n. m.: A musician; a minstrel. (fem. مطربه mutriba(h).)
- A) muṭallā, adj.: Gilt; inlaid with gold; golden.
- Motive; purpose; intention; design; intent; sense; meaning; import; explanation; concern; interest; object.
 - matlab nikālnā, v.:

 To have one's end; to achive one's object.
 - matlabl, adj.: Selfish; self-seeking; time serving; designing.
- The place of rising; the east; the horizon. (2) The first two lines of a غزل ghazal (a lyric in Persian or Urdu).
- مطلع (A) muttala', adj.: Informed; aware.
 - muttala' karnā, v.:
 To inform; to intimate.
- (A) muilaq, adj. & adv.:

 (1) Absolute; independent;

 unchecked; alone. (2)

 Entirely; absolutely.

- mutlaq ul 'inān, adj : Unfertered; independent; free; absolute; despotic.
- A) muima'in, adj.: Satisfied; contented; quiet; tranquil.
 - muɪma'in karnā, v.:
 To satisfy; to cause to be
 at rest; to give confidence (to).
- هطيع (A) muţl', adj.: Submissive; obedient; amenable.
 - mugi' karna, v.:

 To subjugate; to reduce
 to submission.
- A) maziem, adj.:
 Oppressed; injured;
 wronged.
- festation; display; scene; stage.
- who makes a statement; a witness
- panionship; company.
- sorts of knowledge; sciences; realities; (Also

- اهرنت s). (s) معرنت ma'rifat.)
- hood; employment; landed property.
- معاشرت (A) mo'āsharat, n. f.: Social life; mixing; living in fellowship.
- (A) mu'āşir, adj. & n. m.:
 (1) Contemporary. (2) A
 Contemporary.
- هاصی (A) ma'āṣi, n. m., pl :
 Sins ; faults. (8. محمیت ma'ṣiai.)
- ted; forgiven; pardoned; excused; (fig.) rent free.
 - mu'af karna, v.: To pardon; to excuse; to remit (revenue); to absolve; to dispense with.
 - don; an exemption. (2)

 Remission of revenue;
 rent free grant.
 - mu'asi chahna, mangna, v.: To ask for pardon or remission.
 - holder of rent free land; a grantee.

- sician; a doctor.
- Dealing; negotiation; a contract; a bargain; an affair; a matter; suit in law.
 - sachchā, n. m.: One who is honest in his dealings.
 - nu'amala(h) karnā,

 v.: To deal with; to buy

 and sell; to treat with;

 to negotiate; to contract;

 to bargain; to settle.
- Remuneration; wages; consideration given; exchange; barter; compensation.
- helper; a supporter; an assistant; an accessory; a tributary (river).
 - tance; help; aid.
 - mu'awanat karnā,
 v.: To help; to assist.
- agreement; a treaty; a contract.

- pection; examination; review.
 - To see; to inspect; to look into; to examine.
- مهبك (A) ma'bad, n. m.: A place of worship; a temple; a church; a place of pilgrimage.
- A) ma'bad, n. m.: God; the Deity.
- pendable; reliable; true; honest; trust-worthy; authentic; creditable.
- perate; moderate; mild; tolerable.
- objector; an adverse critic; opposer; an obstructionist.
- who acknowleges; a confessor.
- believer; a follower; an adherent.
- A) mu'tamad, adj. & n. m.:
 - (1) Trustworthy; reliable.
 - (2) A secretary; a confidant.

) }冬冬 (A) muˈʃizah, n. m : A miracle; a supernatural deed.

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- ن (A) ma'dan, n. m.: A mine; a quarry.
 - ma'danlyaı, u.f.: Mineval substances: minerals. (s. ممدني ma'danl.)
- うよね (A) ma'dūd, odj.: Numbered; limited; counted; computed.
 - ma'dude chand, adv.: A small number; a few
- (A) ma'dam, adj : Extinct; non-existent; annihilated
- stomach.
- تران (A) ma'ziras, n. f.: Excuse; plea: apology.
- ا كافرو (A) ma'z#r, adj : Excusable; pardonable; (fig.) m. m; invalid; disabled
- אניק (A) mi'rāj, א f.: Ascension (of Holy Prophet Mohammad to heavens); (fig) the highest stage.
- (A) matrifas adv. & n. f. : (1) Through the medium of; by the hands of; care of...

- (2) Knowledge; wisdom; mystical understanding.
- 45 Ab (A) ma'raka(h), n.m.: Strife; fight; a battlefied; important event.
 - معر كدارا ma'raka(h) ārā, adj.: (lit.) Marshalled; arrayed; momentous; striking.
- هروف (A) ma'raf, adj. & n. m.: (1) Known; famous. (2) Letters with strong vowels; piety; virtue.
- jino (A) mu'azziz, adj.: Respectable; honoured: honourable; revered.
- ا معزول (A) ma'z ≡ I, adj.: Deposed; dismissed (from office).
 - ma'zHll, m. f.: Dismissal; deposition.
- A) ma'shaq, n. m.: A معشوق sweetheart; a beloved.
- A) ma'ṣām, adj.: Innocent; guiltless; simple.
 - ma'şEmiyat, n. f. 1 Infancy; innocence; simplicity.
- (A) ma'siyat, n: f.: Sin; disobedience.
- Jhan (A) mu'attal, adj.: Suspended; out of use or service; idle; in abeyance.

mu'affal karna, v.:
To suspend (from office)

- Exalted; great; principal; chief. {fem. Adian mu'agamah.)
- (1) Reasonable; right; fair; good; satisfactory; worthy; acceptable; appropriate; serious; decent. (2) Philosophy; rationalism.
- verted; reversed; reflex.
- (A) mu'allaq, adj.: Suspended; dangling.
- preceptor; a teacher. (fem.
- (A) ma'lūm, adj. : Known; apparent; obvious.
- (A) mu'alla, adj.: Elevated; sublime; high; exalted; eminent.
- lama (A) mu'ammā, n. m.: A riddle; a crossword puzzle; a complicated problem.
- (A) mi'mār, n. m.: A mason; an architect; a builder.

- (A) mu'ammar, adj.: Aged; old (person).
- Habit; custom; routine.

 (2) Fixed allowance or gratuity.
 - ma'mull. adj.: Common; usual; ordinary; cheap; commonplace; low grade.
 - ing; explanation; significance; interpretation.
 - ma'nawi, adj.: Intrinsic; essential; implied.
- معیشت (A) ma'lshat, n. f.:

 Livelihood; daily food;

 the necessities of life;

 sustenance.
- A) mu'in, n. m.: A helper; an accessory; a supporter.
- ا هجين (A) mu'ayyan, mu-'ayyana(h), adj.: Appointed; established.
- ma'yūb, adj.: Improper; reprehensible; bad.
- Deception; delusion; error; fallacy.

- بغرب (A) maghrib, n. m. & f.: (1)

 The west; the Maghrib;

 Occident. (2) Evening prayers of the Musalmans.
 - سغربی maghetbl, adj. : Western;
 Occidental.
- مرور (A) maghrur, adj.: Proud; arrogant; conceited.
- (A) maghz, n. m.: The brain; the inside; the marrow; kernal (of nuts); pith; intellect; understanding.
 - talk incessantly; to bore; to tease; to annoy.
 - maghzlyat, n.f.:

 Kernels of shell fruits like
 almonds.
- A) maghfirat, n.f:
 Salvation; pardon of sins
 by God.
- مغلوب (A) maghlūb, adj.:
 Defeated; overcome.
- مخوم (A) maghmūm, adj.: Grieved; sorrowful; sad.
- (A) mughanni, a. m.: A singer or musician.
- اجانه (A) mufājāt, edj. : Sudden ; unëxpected.

- مفارنت (A) musaragas, m f.: Separation; parting; forsaking.
- Free; gratuitous; for nothing. (2) Gratuitously; without payment
 - muft khorā, n. m: A parasite.
- (A) muftarl, n. m. & adj.:

 (I) Slanderer; fabricator:

 false accuser. (2) Tricky;

 lier.
- منتوح mafiuh, adj.: Opened; .

 conquered; subjugated; (a

 letter) pronounced with the

 vowel.
- A jurist of Mus!im religious law; one who expounds religious laws; one authorised to pass verdict in religious matters. (2) Gratuitous.
- مَارِ (A) mulrad, adj. : Single; simple; alone; sole.
- away; an absconder; an absconding convict.

- Junio (A) mufsid, adj. & n. m.:
 - (1) Factious; mischievous.

- (2) A mischief-maker; a ring leader.
- One who explains in detail; commentator; interpreter (of the word of God).
- (A) mufașșal, adj. & adv.:
 (1) Detailed; full. (2) In
 detail; fully.
 - mufaṣṣalāt, n. m. pl.:
 The country, as distinct
 from the town.
- مفصل (A) mafşil, n. m.: Space between the joints.
- ا هفتو (A) mafqūd, adj: Missing; lost; extinct; non-existing.
 - mafqud ul khabar,
 n. m.: One whose whereabouts are not known;
 missing.
- (A) mufakkir, n. m.: A thinker; a meditator; a philosopher.
- (A) muflis, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Penniless; indigent;

 poor; insolvent. (2) A

 pauper:
 - muflisi, n. f.: Poverty;
 pauperism; indigence.

- فوضه (A) mufawwizah, adj.:

 Committed to the care of;

 vested; entrusted;
- (A) mashum, adj & n m.: (1) Comprehended; understood. (2) Sense; object; meaning.
- لمُبِيرَة (A) mufld, adj.; Advantageous; useful; efficacious; beneficial.
- fronting; opposing; against; marching; corresponding; like.
- Wie (A) muqābila(h), n. m.:

 Comparison; opposition;
 encounter; contest; meeting face to face.
 - To confront; to oppose; to contend with; to compete or cope with; to compare; to collate; to balance; to examine; to check.
- A saying; a discourse; a treatise; an article; a thesis; an essay.

امة (A) maqām, n. m.: (1) Place; site; a halt. (2) Occasion; opportunity. (3) Position.

- maqam karnā, v.: To encamp; to halt; to stay; to put up.
- maqāmi, udf.: Stationary; local; resident.
- a (A) muqawamat, n.f.: Resistance; opposition; competition.
- ِ A) maqbarah, n.m.: A mausoleum; cemetry; a grave; a burial place.
- (A) mqbxl, adj. & n. m. : (1) Accepted; received; popular; acceptable; chosen; elect. (2) One of the elect.
 - maqbuliyat, n. f.: Acceptableness; agreeability: popularity.
- ا مقتدا (A) muqtadā, n. m.: Leader; one who is followed er imitated.
- (A) muqtadi, n. m.: Follower: an imitator.
- لَّهُ (A) muqtaze, n. m.: Requisition; demand; requirement; necessity; scope.

- .muqtaze-i-waqt n. m: (lit.) Demanded at the time; the need of the hour; opportunate.
- ر (A) migdar, n. f.: Magnitude; size; dimension; quantity; weight; amount; measure; quantity.
- ريان (A) muqaddar, n. m & adj.: (1) Fate; destiny. (2) Ordained.
- هلاس (A) muqaddas, adj.: Hallowed; consecrated; holy; revered
- مقدم (A) muqaddam adj. & n. m.: (1) Antecedent; preceding; before; prior; superior. (2) A village head.
 - muqaddam مقلام جاننا، صمجهنا jana, samajhna, v.: To consider preferable.
- 40 Jão (A) muqaddumuh, n m.: (1) Preliminary; preamble; prelude; introduction (2) A law-suit; a court-case; prosecution.
 - .muquddamah lurae متلاسه للإنا v.: To litigate; to file a suit.
- ر (A) maqdur, n. m.: Power: capacity; means; resources; (fig) wealth; position.

- To the best of one's power or ability; with all one's might.
- of scissors. (A) migraş, n. f.: A pair
- Fixed; established; appointed; certain. (2) Assuredly; unquestionably.
 - مقرر کرنا muqarrar karna, v.:

 To set; to settle; to appoint; to constitute; to impose; to levy.
- A) muqarrir, n m.: One who speaks; a speaker; lecturer.
- A) maqruz, adj.: Indebted.
- (1) Divided. (2) A portion; a share; the dividend; (fig.) fate; destiny.
- جَمَّون (A) maqşad, maq-بَيَاء, n. m.: Purpose; end; object; aim; scope.
- line of a poem in which the poet introduces his nom de plume.

- serious; austere; well dressed.
- GR) magnā ţis, m. m.:
 A magnet; a loadstone.
- همنن (A) muqannin, adj. & n. m.:

 A legislator; a jurist; a law expert.
 - hature; a legislative assembly.
- (A) maqula(h), n. m.: A saying; an adage; a quotation; a motto.
- (A) muqawwi, adj.: Streng hening: invigorating; tonic.
- estimate; a measure; measuring instrument; the hand of a watch.
 - migyās-ul-harārat, n. m.: A thermometer.
- ১৯ই৯ (A) muqayyad, adj.: Imprisoned; confined; under restrictions (of); dedicated (to).
- or silver thread; brocade.

- (1) Residing; staying; lodging; stationed. (2) An inhabitant; a resident.
 - muqim hond, v.: To occupy; to halt; to stay or put up.
- (H) mukkā, n. m.: The fist; a blow with the fist.
- pensation; indemnity; retribution.
- (A) makān, n. m.: A dwelling house; a room; a place.
- school; a primary school.
 - maktab 1 khyāl,
 n. m.: School of thought.
- שביפי maktūb, n. m. & adj.:

 (1) A writing; a letter, (2)

 Written.
 - maktūb ilaih, n. m.:
 The addressee.
- Turbid: muddy. (2) Gloomy; vexed; displeased. (3)
 Disturbed; unpleasant.
- (A) makr, n. m.: Pretence:

- pretext; sham; disguise; imposture; cheating; deceit.
- makr karnā, v.: To feign; to pretend; to deceive.
- (A) mukarrar, adv.: Twice; again.
- deny; to be lie; to go back upon one's word.
- (A) makruh, adj.: Disgusting; loath-some; offensive.
- نكوى (H) makṛl, n. f.: A spider.
- ا محمل (A) mukammal, adj.:

 Complete; perfect; accomplished.
- Butter.
 - سکمن لگانا makkhan lagānā, v. :
 To butter.
- (H) makkhi, n. f.: A fly.
 - makkhi par مکهی پر مکهی مارنا makkhi marna, v.; To copy blindly.
 - makkhlyan mārnā,
 v.: (lit.) To kill flies; to
 idle; to have no work.

- mak
 khi nak par na baiihne

 denā, v.: To be very

 touchy; to be easily offended.
- (H) maka'l, n. f.: Maize.
- نكي (H) mukkl, n. f.: A fist; thumbing by the fist.
- مکین (A) makin adj. & n. m.: (1) Inhabiting a house (2) A dweller.
- haps; in case; in spite of; except.
- (H) magar, n. m.: (1) An alligator; a crocodile. (2)
 An ear drop; a pendent.
- obstinate. (fem. مگری magri.)
- نال (H) magan, adj.: Delighted; overjoyed; transported.
- biguous; vague; hidden.
- של (A) mallah, n. m.: A sailor; a mariner; a seaman.
 - المراه المراع المراه المراع المراه ا

- (A) mulozim, n.m.: A servant; an servant.
 - wice; attendance; duty.
- שלפֿום (A) mulaqat, n. f.: A meeting; a visit.
 - mulāgātī, n. m.: A visitor; an acquaintance.
- JMo (A) malal, n. m.: Melancholy; sadness; grievance; displeasure.
- proach; reproof; censure; rebuke.
 - malama: karna, v.:
 To reproach; to reprove;
 to condemn; to censure.
- bring together; to introduce. (2) To compare; to make resemble; to add.
- لاوك (H) milāwai, n. f.: Adulteration; admixture; alloy.
- ظائی (H) mala'i, n. f.: Cream.
- rubbish; sweepings; bricks, stones, earth etc. of a broken house.

- (A) malbus, n m.: Gar-ment; clothes.
- gious order; a religious community; a nation; (fig.) freindship.
- poned; adjourned; pending.
 - multawl karnā, v.:

 To postpone; to put off;

 to defer; to adjourn.
- المحدة (A) mulhid, n. m. : A heretic; a nonbeliever. (fem. mulhidah.)
- الحق هنجقه (A) mulḥiq, mulḥiquh, adj.: Annexed; adjacent; adjoining; contiguous.
- المحوظ (A) malḥūz, adj.: Considered; kept in view; contemplated.
- (A) mulzim, n. m.: A convict; an accused.
- (A) malf uf, adj.: Wrapped; enveloped; enclosed.
- (A) malak, n. m.: An angel.
- ship; possession; landed property; an estate.

- torship; Proprietory right in land; landed property.
- a state; a territory; dominion.
- vereign; a king. (fem. ملكه malikah.)
 - ملك التجار malik-ut-tujjūr, n.m.:

 A merchant prince; a commercial magnate; (coll.) a tycoon.
 - الشعرا' ملک الشعرا', malik-ush-shu'arā',
 n. m.; (lit.) A prince
 among poets; poet laureate.
 - (A) mulamma', n. m.: Gilding; coating.
 - mulamma' karnā, v.:

 To guild; to glass over;

 to give a colour to.
 - مامل (H) malmal, n. f.: Muslin.
 - to be mingled; to be intermingled. (2) To be joined; to be united. (3) To touch; to meet; to visit; to clasp;

- to embrace. (4) To combine together; to collude.
 (5) To coincide; to agree with; to be unanimous. (6)
 To be reconciled; to agree.
 (7) To resemble; to suit; to find; to be shuffled together; to come to hand.
- miliā jultā, adj.: Resembling or considerably.
- apply friction to; to scrub.
 - milansar, adj. Sociable; friendly.
- ماوث (A) mulawwas, adj.: Involved; polluted; contaminated.
- A) mulāk, n. m., pl.: King sovereigns; (see ملک malik.)
- داول (A) malīl, adj.: Melancholy; sad; indisposed.
- of a charming darkish colour; agreeable; beautiful.
- A) mumani'at. n. f.:
 Prohibition; restriction.
- examiner; an auditor.

- sed; lauded; (fig.) forementioned.
- ble; practicable; feasable; liable; contingent.
- ممنون (A) mamnun, adj.: Favoured; obliged; grateful; thankful.
 - mamnun karna, v.:
 To oblige one.
- heart; spirit; inclination; will (2) A measureof 40 seers; a maund. (3) A jewel; germ; a precious stone supposed to be in the head of a serpent which when brought out by the reptile in the night, makes the environments aglow.
 - من بهاتا man bhātā, adj.:

 Agrecable (to heart);

 pleasing (to mind).
 - manchalā; adj: Brave; daring; courageous; fearless.
 - man kl mauj, n. f.:
 Emotion; pleasure; rapture; ecstacy.

- man mānī, n. f.: Wilfulness; obstinacy.
- man māujī, adj:

 Merry; wilful; capricious.
- ن موبن man mohan, adj.:
 Heart-ravishing.
- yers; supplications to God Almighty; hymns.
- clamation; public notification (by beat of drum).
- مناسب (A) munāsib, adj.: Suitable; reasonable; fit.
- (A) miunazirah, n. m.;
 Discussion; disputation;
 debate.
- fit; gain; the surplus proceeds or net profits of an estate.
- منافق (A) munāfiq, n.m.: A hypocrite; an infidel; an enemy at heart.
- (A) munaqasha(h), n. m.:

 Contention; dispute;

 wrangling.
- Ulio (H) manana, v.: (1) To conciliate; to assuage; to

- appease; to prevail upon; to bring round. (2) To celebrate.
- pulpit; a rostrum.
- o (A) mamba', n.m.: A fount; a source; origin.
- minnat, n. f.: (1) Kindness done (to); favour. (2) Entreaty; supplication.
 - importune; to make supplication.
- anything promised or dedicated as a vow.
- a charm; a mystical or magical formula.
- persed; distracted. Dis
- A)muntazir, adj : Expectant; waiting; looking out.
- المنتظر (A) muntazar, adj.: Awaited; expected.
- manager; a superintendent; an economist; a sagacious person.

- منتقل (A) muntaqil, adj.: Transferred; transported; moved to another place.
- (1) Proficient: perfect. (2)
 A scholar who has finished studies.
- astrologer; an almanac maker.
- סייקני (H) manjan, n. m.: Toothpowder; dentifrice.
- منجنیق (A) manjaniq, n. f.: A catapult; big sling; a large crane.
- Bent; curved. (2) Lean; thin.
- omened; inauspicious; abominable; disgusting; dismal; glum.
- האניה (A) mundarij, oil (A) mundarij, mundarijah, odj.: Inserted; included; written; noted.
 - الا مندرجه بالا mundarija(h) i bālā, adv.: As stated above, fore-mentioned.
 - mundarija (h) i -

- zail, adv.: As follows; as mentioned below.
- shut; to be closed.
- o (A) mandūb, n, m.:
 (Mod.) A delegate; a
 representative.
- نديل (A) mandil, n. f.: A turban - cloth woven with silk and gold threads; a decorative piece of cloth.
- Ullia (H) mundana, v.: To shave.
- thatched shed; a house of entertainment; a bower; a theatre.
- A canopy of light framework adorned with flowers on festive occasions. (2)
 Song at the time the bride departs from her parents' residence to her husband's house
- To cover (a book, drum etc.) with leather; to encase; (fig.) to throw on one; to saddle one with.

- ندی (H) mandi, n. f.: A mart; an emporium; a market.
- Destination; a stage; a day's journey. (2) A storey of a house.
 - منزل به منزل منزل به منزل منزل الله منزل عالم manzil ba(h) manzil, adv.: By stages.
 - manzil i maqşıd.

 n. f.: Ultimate goal,
 destination.
- munsalikah, adj.: Attached; appended; annexed.
- ا منسوب (A) mansūb, adj.: Related; allied; betrothed.
- ל (A) mansūkh, adj.: Cancelled; abolished; abandoned; repealed.
- (A) manshur, n. m.: (Mod.) A manifesto; a charter; an announcement.
- writer; a scribe; one possessing elegance of composition.
- high position; office; right; function.

- ing to office; official.
- manager; an administrator; a head clerk in a judge's court. (2) A proxy; a substitute for a permanent official.
- (1) Just; equitable; righteous. (2) A judicial officer below a subordinate judge.
 - equity; the office of a munsif.
 - A plan; a project; scheme; will; determination.
 - manşuba(h) bandl, n. f.: Planning.
 - c (A) manţiq, n. f.: Logic; reasoning.
 - zone; sphere; a belt.
 - منظر (A) manzar, n.m.: A sight; a spectacle; a vicw; a landscape; a scene.
 - tioned; granted; approved; accepted; admitted.

- manzar karna, v.:

 To admit; to agree to;

 to confirm; to sanction;

 to grant.
- mangur-i-nazar, adj. & n. m.: (1) (lit) Agreeable to the sight; favourite. (2) A mistress; a sweetheart; a beloved.
- proval; consent; sanction.
- (A) man'a, n. m & adj.: (1)

 Forbidding; preventing;

 prohibition; dissusion. (2)

 Prevented; unlawful.
- ا كالمتان (A) mun'aqld, adj.: Held; convened; celebrated.
- הישלים (A) mun'akis, adj.: Reflected; reversed; inverted.
- Profit; gain; emolument.
- ا منفعل (A) munfa'il adj.: Abashed; ashamed; sorry.
- منفی (A) manfl, adj.: Minus; negative; rejected.
- منقار (A) mingar, n. f.: Beak; a bird's bill.
- ا منة بحث (A) munqabat, n. f.:
 Praise, especially that of

- Pious Caliphs and Imams.
- (A) munaqqash, adj.:
 Painted; engraved; carved
 (in figures).
- ken or cut off; terminated; finished.
- (lit.) Things related; handed by tradition; traditions; quotations. (2) (lit.)

 Moveables; moveable or personal properties. (3.

 A) مقول منقول منقول المستولة manquel, manquela(h).
 - (1) Impure; against Muslim laws. (2) Name of an angel who, with an other named Nakir will according to Muslim belief examine the dead (n. f.) A kind of tradition of Prophet Mohammad.
 - (A) munkir, n. m.: One who denies; an atheist.
 - نگيتر (H) mangerar, n. m. & f.:
 The betrothed.
 - (A) munawwar, adj.: Illuminated; enlightened; brilliant.

- ~~~ (H) muth, n. m.: (1) Mouth; face; countenance. (2) Opening; orifice; entrace; hole. (3) Capacity; strength; courage. (4) Partiality; bias.
 - muhh uihā kar منه الها كر جلنا chains, v.: To walk carelessly; blindly.
 - munh ana, v.: (1) To be insolent; to taunt. (2) To have the thrush.
 - muhh bolā, adj.: منه بولی Adopted. (fem. منه بولی muth boll.)
 - ily مندير لانا muth par lana, v.: To utter; to say.
 - muhh par مند پر بواتیال آؤنا hawaiyan urna, v.: To be confounded; to look blank.
 - much phat, adj. : Outspoken; blunt.
 - muhh dar muhh, adv.: Face to face; before one's face; in the presence of the person concerned.
 - منه د کهاکی ، رو نمائی (A) munhadim, udj.: khā'l, rā numā'l, n. f.: Demolished; pulled down.

- first visit to the bride (on seeing her face).
- muth dho rakhna, v.: To have no hope; not to consider worthy (of).
- much se phill منه سے بھول جھڑنا jharna, v.: To speak beautifully, charmingly.
- اناه کی کهانا manh ki khana. v.: To be browheaten; to suffer disgrace.
- menh laganā. v.: To countenance. to favour; to be familiar with an inferior.
- much morna, v.: To give the cold shoulder to; to turn a deal ear to; to abstain from.
- هنه (A) minha, adj.: Subtracted; deducted
 - minhā karnā, v.: To deduct; to discount.
 - minhā'l, n. ſ.: Deduction; reduction.
- Presents given on the con (H) munim, n m: An

accountant; a clerk; an agent, a manager.

- 38 (P) mB, n. m.: Hair.
 - mūbāf, n. m.: Brocaded ribbon used as tassel for hair.
 - m¥ shigāfī, n. f.: Hair splitting.
 - m yalam, n. m.: A hair-pencil; painter's brush.
- e اخذه (A) muākhaza(h), n.
 m.: Calling to account:
 impeachment; accountability.
 - muākhaza(h), karnā, v.: To call to
 account; to impeach;
 to punish.
- (A) muw@azna(h), n.m.:

 Comparison; weighing; a

 budget.
- conformable; consonant; suitable; favourable; propitious.
 - muwofiq ana, v.: To suit.
 - ordance; conformity; affinity; friendship.

- mortality.
 - maut ānā, v.: To die.
- ு 90 (H) mut n. m.: Urine.
- رَّهُ (A) mu'iamar, n. f.: (Mod.) Conference; assembly; consultation.
- هوتي (H) moti, n. m : A pearl.
 - moti chūr, n.m. & adj.: A sweetmeat ball made of sugar, gram and rice; sparkling (eyes).
- وقيا (H) motiya, adj & n. m. & f.: (1) Like pearl. (2)

 Jasmine.
 - moilya bind, n. m.: Cataract.
- (1) Fat; corpulent; bulky; plump.
 (2) Coarse; gross. (3) Rich; wealthy.
 - n. m.: Fatness; corpulency; thickness; coarse ness; grossness.
 - سوناتازه moṣā tāza(h), adj.:
 plump and fat.
 - moṭā jhotā, adj.:
 Coarse; of inferior
 quality.

- moil asāmī, n. m.:

 A rich man; a heavy
 purse.
- فۇ (A) mu'aşşir, adj.: Effective; efficacious; impressive.
- (fig.) emotion; ecstasy; pleasure; any absorbing thought.
 - mauj karnā, v.: To enjoy oneself.
- A) mujid, n. m.: An inventor; an originator.
- موجود (A) maujud, adj: Present; at hand; available; existing; ready.
 - maujudagi, adj.: n, f.: Presence; existence.
 - mauji, adj.: Emotional; merry; jovial; care-free.
- (H) m H c h h, m machh, n. f.; Moustaches; whisker.
- m Echhon موجبون ير قاؤ دينا m Echhon par tou denā, v.; (lit.) To twist one's moustaches; to brag; to show off; to be proud.

- maker; u saddler; a harness maker; a cobbler.
- رحد (A) muwaḥḥid, adj.: A unitarian; one who believes in one God.
- של (A) mu'azzin, n. m.: One who calls Muslims for prayers.
- (1) Noxious; hurtful; vexatious. (2) A tormenter; an oppressor; a wicked person; a wretch; a knave.
- (H) mor, n. m : A peacock. (fem. مورنى morni)
- ر (P) mur, n. m. & 1 : An ant.
- (H) maur, n m.: Blossoms. esp mango blossoms. (Also بور baur.)
- مورت (H) mūrat, n f.: A statue; an idol; a picture; a portrait (fem مورتى mūril.)
- افورت (A) mūris. n.m.: (lit) The legator; the person from whom an inheritance is derived; (in Urdu) ancestor.
- (H) mo chā, n m.; (1) مورچا

fight. (2) Rust.

- לכל (A) mu'arrikh, nm.: An annalist; a historian.
- a bend; a turn (of a road).
 - ייפלט mornā, v: To twist; to bend; to turn.
- ted; fitting; well-balanced; measured; rythmical; according to poetical meters.
 - mauzun karnā, v.:
 To compose a verse.
 - mauzuniyat. n. f.:
 Suitableness; symmetry.
- ejos (P) moza(h), n m.: A stocking.
- wooden pestle with which grain is beaten in the mortar; a club.
- عوسلا (H) mūslā, n. m.: A rod; a piston; a bolt.
 - musla dhar, adj.:
 Torrential; heavy (rain).
- m.: Season; time.

- mausimi, adj.: In season; seasonal; seasonable.
- A mythical singing bird.
 (2) A singer.
 - musiqi, n. f.: Music.
- Subject of a speech or discourse etc.
- Opportunity; occasion; proper time (2) A place where anything happens; a fit place.
 - mauqa' ba(h),

 mauqa' adv.: From time

 to time; as opportunity

 may arise.
 - haih se na(h) dend, v: Not to let an opportunity slip; to take time by the forelock.
 - mauqa' milnā, v.: To get an opportunity.
 - mauqa'-i-waridāt,
 n. m.: The place where
 a crime has been committed.
- o (A) mauqif, n.m.: Position: stand; station.

- Stopped; ceased; abolished; dispensed with; dismissed. (2) Dependent on.
 - muuqui karna, v.:

 To discontinue; to stop;
 to remove from office;
 to dismiss.
 - mauqufl, n. f.: Dismissal; stoppage
- A client. (2) A spirit made subservient by charms.
- aperture; an opening; an air hole; a ventilator; a sky-light.
- (H) mol, n.m: Purchase money; price; value.
 - mol sol, n m.: Valuation; appraisement; higgling
- الله (A) maulid, n. m.: Birth place; home.
- compiler for a book); an author; composer.
- (1) Born. (2) A child; (fig.) celebration of the Holy Prophet's birth; a

- book dealing with the subject.
- (A) maulwl, n. m.: A teacher of Muslim religious laws; a title of respect.
- هولي (A) mull, n. f.: Radish.
- (1) ው (H) mom, n. m. & adj.: (1) Wax. (2) (fig.) very soft.
 - mom jāma(h), m. m.: Wax-cloth; waterproof.
 - mom karnā, v.: To make soft or palpable; to move; to soften.
 - سوم بتى mom battī, n. f.: A wax candle.
 - mom kl nak, n. m.;

 A man of fickle disposition.
- firm believer; a faithful Muslim. (2) A firm believer in Shiaism. (3) A weaver.
- (A) mu'annas, adj.: Feminine; of female gender.
- close; to shut; to cover.
- shave the head; (fig.) to cheat.

- A≀ mūnis, n. m.: امولس solacing companion; one intimately attached; a consoler.
- (H) muttg, n. f.: A kind of pulse.
- (H) munga, n. m.: Coral
- A mauhum, adj.: Imagined; imaginary; unreal.
- هؤيد (A) muuyyid, adj.: Supporter; helper; confirmatory; strengthening; aiding.
- ويشي (H) maweshl, n. m.: Cattle.
- (A) muhājir, n. m.: An emigrant; a refugee.
- סבונ (P) muhār, n. m.: A string, put through a perforation in the nose of a camel to guide him.
- (A) maharat, n. f.: Practice; skill; proficiency; expertise.
- (H) mahawat, n. m.: An elephant driver or keeper.
- Winter rains. "n. f.:
- عيتاب (P) muhṭāb, n.f.: moon; moonlight.

- mahtābī, adj. & n. f.: (1) Like the moon. (2) A blue light; a fire work; open high terrace; a brocade.
- אָבֿיק (P) mihtar, n. m.: (1) A chief; a prince. (2) A مهترانی sweeper. (fem. مهترانی miktrant.)
- (A) mahd, n. m.: A cradle; a swing.
- No (P) muhr, n.f.: A seal; a stamp; a gold coin; gold mohar.
- לאת (A) mahr, n. m.: An amount of money settled before marriage to be paid by the husband to his wife in consideration of conjugal rights.
- o (P) mlhr, mlhrbanl, عبرياني (P) مبرياني n. f.: Kindness; favour: sympathy.
- (P) mihr, n. m.: The sun.
 - יאַנ אַט mihrbān, adj.: Kind; sympathetic.
- rance; aroma; perfume.

 where mahakad, v.: To emit odour; to be fragrant.

- (A) muhlik, adj.: Fatal; deadly; destructive.
- dition; a compaign; enterprise; an adventure.
- guest; a temporary visitor.
- sense; absurd; meaningless.
- geometrician; an architect or engineer.
- ا مینگانی (H) makhgā'i, n. f.:

 Dearness; a dearness

 allowance.
- full formidable; grim; of fearful; aspect or form; tremendous.
- (P) mal, n. f.: Wine; spirituous liquor.
- (1) Waist; loins; a scabbard; a sheath: (2) Between; in the midst.
- المن (H) miyān, n. m: Husban; (fig.) a gentleman; master.

- m.: (1) Moderate; middle-sized. (2) A kind of sedan.
 - miyana(h) rawl, n. f.:

 Moderation; pursuing

 middle course.
- Corpse; a dead body.
- سنهی (H) miṭhā, adj.: Sweet; mild; gentle. (fem. سنهی miṭhi.)
 - A treacherous friend; a snake in the grass.
 - fitr; the Muslim festival observed on the expiry of Ramadhan.
 - covenant; a solemn pact.
 - ميت (P) mekh, n. f.: A nail; a peg; a tent peg; a spike.
 - ان (P) maidān, m. m : A

 plain; a field; a parade

 ground; a battle field; a

 battle.
 - maidan mārnā, v.:
 To win a battle; to come
 out successful in a compaign.

- flour. (P) maida(h), n. m.: Fine
- באָם (P) mir, n. m.: Chief head; a leader; a respectful title of Syeds.
 - mirsāmān, n m.: A steward.
 - mir munshi, n. m.: Head clerk; Chief secretary.
 - leadership; wealthiness.
- (H) merā, pron. & adj.: Mine; belonging to me. (fem. ميرى merl.)
- ضارات (A) mirās, n. f.: Hereditary property; an inheritance; legacy.
 - mirāsi, adj. & n. m.:
 (1) Inherited. (2) A singer
 by hereditary profession.
 (fem. راثن mirāsan.)
- jeo (P) mez, n. f.: A table.
- סאַנְלְיָט (P) mezbān, n. m.: A host; an entertainer.
- فيزان (A) mizān, n. f.: (1) A balance; a pair of scales.
 (2) Total
 - mizaniya(h), n. m.:

- Budget: receipt and expenditure account.
- الميعاد (A) mi'ād. n. f: Term: period; fixed time.
 - mi'adi bukhar, n.

 in.: Enteric fever:
 typhoid.
- bride's maternal home or family.
- طيل (H) mail, n. m.: Dirt; rust: dust.
 - : mall ka ball, n. m مراكا بهل Mountain of a mole hill.
- האל (H) mel, n. m.: (1) Amity; friendship; unity; combination. (2) Kind; sort; match,
- a milestone. (2) A large needle for applying colly-rium to eyes.
- Mes maila, adj.: Dirty; fouled; unclean. (fem. سيلى maili.)
- Mao (H) melā, n. m.: A fair; a crowd (for religious or commercial purpose).
- the celebrating of the birth

of Holy Prophet Mohammad.

- ميں (H) men, prep.: In; within; at; between; among.
- طين (H) main, pron. : I.
- the azure vault; enamel; a goblet; a wine bottle; (fig.) wine.
 - minā bāzār, n. m.:
 A fancy fair.
 - mina kar, n. m.: An enameller.
- of starling; (fig.) (W) term of endearment used in addressing children.
- a minaret; a tower (of a mosque ar any other building); a light-house.
- طَمْنَدُ (H) mend, n. f.: A boundâry mound (of a field); a landmark; a dam; dyke.
- مینڈک (H) mendak, n.m.: A frog; a toad; (fem. مینڈک mendki.)
- shower.
- ቃሉው (P) mewa(h), n. m.: Fruit.

i nun, n. m.: Twenty fifth letter of Arabic, twenty ninth of Persian and thirty second of Urdu, Numerical value according to abjad = 50.

- U (P) nā,adv.: (1) No; not.
 (2) A negative prefix.
 - inaiiiifaqi, n. f.:
 Discord; variance;
 difference.
 - نا آشنا naāshnā, adj.: Unacquainted; stranger; ignorant.
 - Despairing; despondent; disappointed.
 - نا ایل naahl, adj.: Incompetent; unfit; unqualified.
 - نابالغ nābāligh, adj.: Minor; underage; immature.
 - نابينا nābinā, adj.: Blind.
 - ناپاک napak, adj.: Unclean; impure; polluted; dirty.
 - السند na pasand, adj.: Not liked; unacceptable; disapproved.

- inā tajruba(h) kār, a d j .: Inexperienced; immature; novice.
- imperfect. ناتمام nātamām, adj.: Unimperfect.
- invalid; weak; powerless.
- ناجائز nājātz, adj.: Prohibited; contraband; illegal; unlawful.
- nāchlz, odj.: Insignificant; trivial; humble.
- ناحق nāḥaq, adv.: Unjustly; wrongfully; in vain.
- i nākhalaf, adj.: Wicked; degenerate or undutiful (son).
- no <u>Khush</u>, adj.: Displeased; offended.
 - inadan, adj.: (1) Ignorant; foolish. (2) Innocent (child).
 - inārāz, adj.: Displeased; offended.
 - i nāsāz, adj. : Indisposed; out of a sorts.
 - ناسازگار nasazgār, adj.: Adverse; unlucky.

- i na · aqibai an-desh, adj.: Short sighted; rash; thoughtless; improvident.
- i nafarman, adj.: Disobedient.
- ess; unserviceable; worthless.
- rbu nākām, adj: Unsuccessful.
- نا كتغدا nakaikhuda, adj.:
 Unmarried.
- i nagawar, adj.: Unpalatable; unacceptable; unpleasant; odious.
- ناسرد nāmard, adj.: Impotent; unmanly; cowardly.
- ناسعتول nama'qul, adj.: Irrational; unreasonable; improper: absurd.
- i namumkin, adj: Impossible.
- nāmanzur, adj.; Refused; rejected.
- יוֹהפּנֹפְנְט nomauzun, adj.: Disproportioned; uncongruous; discordant (music); not rythmical (poetry).

ناوتت nawagi, adj.: Untimely: unexpected.

- שוש nayab, adj.: Unprocurable; rare.
- نجدان (P) nābdan, nim.: A drain; a sewer; a gutter: a channel.
- بال (H) nap, n. f: Measure; measurement; survey. (see (. map ماپ
 - الينا napnā, v.: To measure.
- ÜÜ (H) nātā, n. m.: Relationship; kinship
- نگك (H) nāṭak, n. m.: A play; a darama.
- jiu (A) nāsir, n. m.: A prose writer.
- EU (H) nāch, n. m.: A dance.
- الخدا (P) na <u>kh</u>udā, n. m.: A boatman; captain of a ship.
- الخري (P) nokhun, n. m.: Nails.
 - i nākhun lenā, n. m. : To pare the nails; trip or stumble (horse).
- نادر (A) nādir, adj.: Rare; uncommon; unique.
- A) nadim, adj.: Repentent; ashamed.

- نارنگي (H) nārangi, n. f.: An orange; orange tree.
- اريل (H) naryal, n. f.: (1) A cocoanut fruit or tree. (2) A smoking pipe made of cocoanut shell.
- ju (P) naz, n. m.: Blandishment; coquetry; pride; conceit.
 - יוֹן אַכוּן naz bardar, n. m.: One who bears another's whims or airs.
- Sili (P) nazuk, adj.: Delicate; frail; slim; thin; fine; fragile; light; sensitive.
 - i nāzuk mizāj, adj.: Of sensitive nature or touchy disposition.
- ازل (A) nazil, adj: Alighting; descending; reaching down.
 - ināzil honā, v.: To come upon; to befall.
- نين إلى (P) naznin, adj &n f.: (1) Slim; delicate: lovely.
 - 1 (2) A belle; a sweet-heart.
- ناسوت (A) nasil, n.m.: The world; humanity: (fig) formal prayer.
 - nasur, n. m : A running sore; an ulcer; a fistula.

الشته (P) nashra(h), n, m.: Breakfast; a repast.

- בּ (Mod.) A) nashir, n. m.: (Mod.) Publisher.
- تاصح (A) nāṣiḥ, n. m.: An adviser; a monitor; counsellor; a preacher.
- ناطق (A) na tiq, adr.: Definitive; positive; decisive; having the faculty of speech.
 - natiga(h), n. m.: The faculty of speech.
- ناظر (A) mazir, n m.: (1) observer; a beholder. (2) An inspector; a supervisor; a sheriff; a bailiff; a record keeper.
 - المرن nazirah, n. m.: Vision, eye; reading by eye (as opposed to repeating by heart) (Holy Quran).
- نظم (A) nazim, n.m.: (1) An administrator; a director; a Governor. (2) A versifier; composer of poetry.
- نغه (T) nāgha(h), n. m.: Absence; gap; close (day).
- ناف (A) naf, n.f.: The naval; the centre.

- naf-1-shahr, n. m.: The centre of a city.
- افلا (A) nāfiz, adj.: Issued; enacted; enforced; current.
- **↓** i (P) nāfa(h), n. m.: A muskbag.
- ناقيد (A) nāgid, n. m.: A critic; a scrutipiser.
- ناقص (A) nagis, adj.: Desective; wanting; adulterated; unsound; bad; vicious; worthless.
- (A) nāqīs, n. m.: A kind of shell blown by Hindus in worship.
- ناقه (A) naga(h), n. m.: A shecamel.
- び (H) nak, n.f: The nose; a cospicuous person; honour; grace.
 - ناك أنا، يبنا nak ana, bahna, v.: To flow (mucus) from the nose.
 - nak bhaun ناک بهرن چڑمانا charhana, v.: To turn one's nose and knit the eye brows; show to annoyance.

- nak i خاک ہر سکھی ند بیٹھنے دینا nak par makkhl na(h) bulihne denā, v.: To be very sensitive.
- ناکر کؤنا nāk ragarnā, v: To beseach; to lick the dust.
- ناکسنکنا nak sinakna, v.: To blow one's nose.
- ناککابال nāk kā bāl, n. m.:
 An intimate favourite.
- i nak men dam il ناک میں دم کرنا nak men dam karna, v.: To tease; to harass; to worry; to persecute.
- ناک نلشه nāk naqsha(h), n. m.:
 Features (facial).
- eye of a needle. (2) The entrance to a pass or road.

 (3) A toll or custom's station; an octroi post.
 - u nāka(h) bandī, n. f.:

 Raising a fence round;
 a barrier; a tariff wall;
 a blockade; a seige.
 - اگن (H) nag, n. m.: Snake; a hooded cobra. (fem. ناگن nagan)
 - of ii (P) nagah, adv.: Suddenly; unawares.

- نا کہانی nāgahāni, adv.: Unexpectedly; acoidentally.
- Yo (H) nala, n. m.: A rivulet; a stream: a water channel; a drain or gutter
- الأن (P) nalah, udj.: Complaining; lamenting; disgusted; disgruntled.
- i (P) naljsh, n. f : A suit; complaint; a charge.
 - ile a suit; to institute proceedings. (against) to complain.
- ing and wailing; lamentation.
- good name; a designation; a title; repute; renown; fame; goodwill.
 - na, v.: To add lustre to renown; (Ir.) to bring disgrace (upon).
 - i nam dharna, v.: To nickname; to give a badi name; to defame or villify; to name.

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- i nam lagānā, v.: To accuse; to charge with; to impute.
- نام نهاد nām nihād, adj.: So-called; in name only.
- nām wari, n. f.:
 Reputation.; fame.
- our; grace: (fig.) family (female members).
- letter; a writing.
 - messenger; a letter carrier; a bearer of a letter.
 - i nāma(h) nigār, n. m.:
 A correspondent; a newspaper reporter.
 - امی nami, adj.: Celebrated;
 well-known; notorious.
- ناهیاتی (A) namiyāti, adj.: (Mod.) Organic.
- ບໍ່ບໍ່(P) mān, n. f.: Bread; cake; loaf.
 - نان باتی nan ba'i, n m.: A baker.
 - ان نفلا nān nafqa(h), n. m.: Maintenance; alimony.

- نان (H) nānā, n. m.: Maternal grandfather. (fem نانی nānl.)
- ناو (H) não, n. f.: A boat.
- ناوك (P) nāwak, n. m.: An a.row.
- planet Venus; a proper name (of woman).
- نائی (H) na'i, n.m.: A barber. (fem. نائن nā'in, nāwan.)
- نبادات (A) nabātāt, n. m. & f.:
 - (1) Vegetation; herbs etc.
 - (2) Botany.
- نباض (A) nabbaz, n.m.: One who feels the pulse; a good judge (of conditions).
- ness; loyalty; constancy; perseverence.
 - نبهانا نبهانا nibahna, nibhana, v.: To carry on (with); to fulfil; to carry into effect; to maintain.
- نبثانا (H) nibianā, v.: To dispose of: to finish; to compete, to discharge.
- انبض (A) nabę, n. f: The pulse.

- inabz pahchanna, v.;
 To have an insight; to understand matters.
- ابوت (A) nabūwai, n. f.:
 Prophethood.
 - nabl, n. m; A prophet: messenger of God.
- P) nablru(h), n. m.: A grandson.
- i نبيع (H) naberna, v.: To end:

 to put an end to: to finish;

 to settle.
- (H)napna, v. & n. m.: (1)

 To be measured; (2) A

 measure.
- ever; invariably.
 - انت نیا nii nayā, adj.: (W)
 Ever new; changeable;
 variable.
- (H) nath, n. f.: A large nose ring; (fig.) happy state of wifehood.
 - nathni, n. f.: Small nose ring.
- (A) natifa(h), n. m.: (۱)

 Result, consequence; conclusion. (2) Fruit: effect.

 (3) Inference.

- inatija(h) <u>kh</u>ez, adj.:
 Fruitful; effectual; producing result.
- (A) niṣār, adj.: Sacrificed: devoted.
 - sacrifice or devote one-self to; to offer oneself (as sacrifice).
- (A) nusr, n.f.: Prose: a prose composition.
 - ימניצון, וענית naşr. nigār, nawis, n. m.: A prose writer.
- (A) nafabat, n. f.:
 Noble extraction; nobility.
- rance; freedom; salvation.
- نجاست (A) najāsat, n. f.: Filth; excrement; dirtiness; impurity.
 - najis, adj.: Impure; un-
- (A) nuj≅m, n.m.: (1) Astrology. (2) Stars.
 - nujuml, n. m.: An astrologer.
- نجيب (A) najib, adj.: Of noble birth; noble.

- نجوزنا (H) nichorna, v.: To wring; to squeeze; to extort.
- inauspicious; ominous.
 - nahusat, n f.: Misforfortune; bad luck; evil
 star; poverty.
- grammar. (A) noḥw, n. f.: Syntax;
- نحيف (A) *nahlf, adj.*: Lean; feeble; weak; frail.
- i (A) na<u>khkh</u>ās, n. m. A slave market; a cattle market; acattle market; acattle market; any trade centre.
- (H) nakhra(h), n. m.: Coquetry; flirting; trick; affectation.
 - i makhre bagharna, نخرے بکہارنا v.: To sham; to pretend; to show airs.
- اند (A) nida, n. f.: (1) Sound;
 voice; call; proclamation.
 (2) (gram.) The vocative
 case; an interjection.
- نداهت (A) nadamat, n. f.: Shame; regret; repentance.
- נגנים (A) nudfat, m. f.: Rarenes; singularity.

- לגענם (H) nadida(h), adj. & m.
 m.: (1) Greedy; faminestricken. (2) A greedy person; a glutton.
- الماني (A) nadim, n. m.: Companiou; intimate friend; a courtier.
- نذر (A) nazr, n. f.: An offering; a gift; a present from an inferior; a fee.
 - i nazr manna, v.: To vow an offering.
 - inazrāna(h), n. m.: A gift or present; a fee paid as an acknowledgement.
- (P) nar, n. m. & adj.: (1) A male. (2) Male; masculine.
- نرت (H) nirat, n. f.: Dancing:
 gesticulation.
- نرخ (P) nir<u>kh</u>, n. m.: Market rate; price.
- نردبان (P) nardbān, n.m. & f.: A ladder; a watch tower.
- inarcissus; jonquil.
 - نركسي nargisi, adj.: Like narcissus (beloved's eyes).
- زم (P) narm, adj.: Soft; plastic; mild; tender.

- נק כנ narm dil, adj.: Tender hearted; gentle.
- نرسی narmi, n. f.: Softness; smoothness; mildness.
- ذراع (A) nizā', n. f.: Dispute; contention.
- نواكت (A) nazākat, n. f.: (1)
 Softness; tenderness; delicacy; elegance. (2) Subtle complication.
- ذوديك (P) nazdlk, adr.: (1) Near; nearby; adjoining. (2) In the estimation (of).
 - نزدیکی nazdiki, n. f.: Proximity; nearness.
- ز عن (A) naza', n. f.: The agony of death; last breath; dying.
- نوله (A) nazla(h), n. m. . A catarrh; the cold.
 - inazla(h) glrnd, v.: To catch cold; (fig.) to be victimised.
- نسب (A) nasab, n. f.: Geneology; lineage; family.
 - nasab nāma(h), n.m.;
 A geneological table.
- را نسبت (A) nisbat, n. f.: (1) Relation affinity; analogy;

- ratio; proportion. (2) Betrothal; relationship by marriage.
- misbat karnā, v.: (1)

 To ascribe; to attribute.

 (2) To betroth; to form

 an alliance with.
- in-law. نسبتی بهائی nisbail bhal, n.m.:

 A wife's brother; brother-
- in a sal, adj.: Lineal; related (by blood).
- نستعليق (A) nast'allq, n.m. & adj.: (1) Persian script.
 (2) Fine; polished; well-mannered.
- نسن (A) nas<u>kh</u>, n. m.: Arabic script
- copy; an edition; a volume. (2) A prescription.
- الخال. (A) nasl, n. f.: Race; lineage; house; family; extraction; descent; geneology; breed; pedigree; stock.

- inasi bar-نسل برهانا ، نسل کشی nasi barhana. nasi kashi, v.: To breed; to multiply.
- نسلاً بعد نسلا naslan b'ad naslin, adv.: Generation after generation.
- خسمهم (A) nasim, n. f.: A gentle breeze; zephyr.
- ا نشاط (A) nishāi, n. f.: Cheerfulness; joy.
 - inisha! ang ، adj. : Joyful; pleasing.
- زشان (P) nishān, n. m.: (1) A mark; an impression; a sign; a signal. (2) A flag; colours: coat of arms. (3) Address. (4) Number.
 - nishan bardar, n. m.: A standard bearer.
 - inishan dehl, p. f.:
 Indication; clue; identification.
 - token; a catch-word; a gift; a memorial; a remembrance; a souvenir; a book mark. (2) lssue; offspring.
 - نشانه (P) nishana(h), n. m.:

- Aim; a bull; the bull's eye of a target.
- inishāna(h) laganā, v.:
 To hit the mark.
- (P) nishtur. n. m.: A lancet a fleam.
 - نشتر دینا nishtar dena, v.: To bleed; to open an ulcer; to operate.
- ذشبه (P) nasha(h), n. m.: (1)
 Intoxication; drunkenness;
 (fig.) pride. (2) An intoxicating liquor.
 - na, v.: (lit.) To recover from the effect of liquor: to come to one's senses, to wake up from complacency.
 - mashila, adj.: Intoxicating. (fem. نشیلی nashili.)
 - انکهیں nashili ankhen, n. f.: Drooping eyes.
 - نشيب (P) nasheb, n. m.: A depression; low ground.
 - n.m.: Unevenness; pros and cons; ups and downs; vicissitudes; the wheel of fortune; ebb and flow.

- Fixed amount of property on which poorrate or zakāt must be paid by Muslims. (2) Curriculum; prescribed course of instruction. (A) A quorum. (4) Rough estimate; appraisement.
- نصارئ (A) nașārā, n. m.: Christians.
- زصب (A) nașb, nașab, adj.: Fixed; planted; erected.
 - nașb karnā, v: To fix; to plant; to erect.
- ive help or support; success
- نصف (A) nişf, adj.: Half; of middle measure.
 - nişfun nahār, n. m.: Mid-day; the meridian.
- نصيب، نصيب، نصيبه (A) naṣib, naṣiba(h), n. m.: Fate; lot.
 - inașib phnina, v.:
 To be unfortunate.
 - inasib jägnä, v.:
 To be lucky; to come to good luck.

- come to one's lot; to gain.
- زميعت (A) naṣiḥat, n. f: Advice; counsel; exhortation; moral lesson.
 - inaşiḥat karnā, v.:
 To advise; to counsel:
 to exhort.
- (A) nuiq, n. m.: Power of speech; speech; discourse.
- نظاره (A) nazzāra(h), n. m.:

 View; a scene; glance;
 ogling.
 - nazzāra(h) baz, n. m.:
 One who ogles
- order; organization. System:
 - nistration; an administrative unit; directorate; office of the administrator or director.
- id) (A) nazar, n. f.: (1) Sight; eyesight; vision; glance; look; view. (2) Judgement; opinion; estimation. (3) Hope; expectation. (4) Estimation; discernment.

- (5) (Influence of) an evil eye.
- in sight; to appear; to see or comprehend; to understand.
- id nazar and kar-ha, v.: To reject; to pass over; to overlook; to disregard.
- inazar bandi, n. f.: (1)
 Surveilance; confinement; arrest. (2) Legerdemain.
- i nazar bhar ke dekhnā, v.: To take a full or searching look; to stare or gaze at.
- revision; a review or second examination; revision.
- inazar churānā, v.: To avoid one; to turn one's eyes away from pride, shame etc.
- i msgar lagana, v.: To cast an evil eye; to wish evil.
- i nazarhāyā, n. m.: A greedy person.

- inazarl, adj.: (1) Rejected; disapproved. (2)
 Theoritical.
- (A) nazariya(h), n. m.: (Mod.) Theory; view point.
- نظم (A) nagm, n. f.: (1) Poetry: verse. (2) Order; system.
 - inazm-u-nasaq, n. m.:

 Administration; management.
- (A) nazīr, n. f.: A precdent; a parallel; an equal.
 - ide; to quote; to adduce a precedence or authority.
- (A) n'as, n. f.: Praise of the Holy Prophet Muhammad.
- نعش (A) n'ash, n. f.: A corpse; a coffin with a corpse.
- ing; a boon; a comfort; dainties; delicacy.
 - nemat 1 ghair inemat 1 ghair mutaraqqabah, n. f.: An unexpected gain or benefit; a windfall.
- i (P) naghma(h), n. m.: A melody; musical tune; song.

- (A) nafāsat, n. f.: Refinement; excellence.
- نفرت (A) nofrat, n. f.: Disgust; hatred; abhorrence.
 - inafrat karnā, v.: To hate; to abhor.
- زغویں (P) nafrin, n. f.: Curse; condemnation; censure.
- (A) nafas, n. m.: The breath.
- زفس (A) nafs, n. m.: The body; the person; self; mind; essence; (source of) bodily desires and passions.
 - نفس برست nafs parast, adj.: Sensual; selfish.

 - inofsāni, adj.: Carnal; sensual.
 - inafsiyat, n. f.: Psychology.
- زـغم (A) na'a, n. m.: Profit; gain; advantage; benefit; interest.
 - inaf'a uihana, نفع الهانا، كمانا naf'a vihana, kamānā, vi To reap

- benefit or advantage; to make the most of.
- مَّا (A) nafaqa(h), n. m.: Expenses for living; (wife's and children's) maintenance.
- نفل (A) nofil, n. m.: Optional prayers.
- ذَى (A) nafi, n. f.: Negation; minus.
- (A) naqāb, m. m. & f.: A veil; a mask.
- المَّان (A) naqqad, n. m: A critic; an adept in examining (coins etc.) scrutinizer.
- (P) naggāra(h), n. m.: A kettledrum.
- زمّاش (A) naqqāsh, n.m.: A painter; a draftsman; a designer; an engraver.
 - ing; drawing; engraving; embriodery.
- نقاهت (A) naqāhat, n. f.: Physical weakness; debility.
- اهد (A) naqd, adj. & n. m.: (1)

 Prompt or ready (payment); cash; on the spot.

 (2) Ready money; cash.

- inaqdi, n. f.: Cash; coin; money.
- Silver; (fig.) any silvery or white thing. (2) A white horse
 - نقر ثى maqra'i, adj.: Made of silver; silvery; cream coloured.
 - زقش (A) naqsh, n. m.: An impression; a stamp; a mark; an engraving; a carving; a magic square; a charm.
 - inaqsh-i-kal ḥajar,
 n. m.: (lit.) An engraving in stone; indelible
 mark; a deep impression.
 - raqsh ho jana, v.:
 To be stamped or engraved (on the mind).
 - (A) naqsha(h), n. m.: (1) A map; a delineation; a sketch; a plan; a design; a form; a figured statement; a chart; a return; a muster roll. (2) Features.

 (3) condition; predicament (4) A problem (in chess).
 - نلشه بگزانا nagsha(h) bigarnā,
 y.: (Plan) to be marred

- or upset; to be put out of countenance.
- v.: To lay the foundation of; to make a plan; to prepare the ground.
 - نقشی، نقشی، نقشی، نقشی، نقشی، نقشی، imaqshi, naqshin, adj: Painted; engraved; embelished with designs.
- in (A) naqş, n. m.: Defect; fault: shortcoming; diminution.
 - نالض نكالنا naqş nikālnā, v.:
 To pick out fault.
 - deficit; damage; harm; detriment; waste; defect.
 - اناهان بهنوان nugṣān pahuāchānā, v.: To cause loss, injury or damage.
 - point; a dot; a cypher; a geometrical point; a spot; a centre (of a circle); a focus.
 - نقل (A) nuql, n. f.: Fruits or sweet-meats handed round an entertainment or taken at odd times (while conversing).

- نقل (A) naql, n. f.: Change of place; transfer; a copy; a transcript; mimicry; a c t i n g; a narrative; a story; a tale; an anecdote.
 - make a copy; to copy; to imitate; to act; to mimic; to personate; to relate; to narrate.
 - نقل مطابق اصل naql mutablq-i-aşl, n.m.: A true copy.
 - الل مكان nagl-i-makān, n. m.:

 Change of residence;

 moving from one house
 to another; migration.
 - artificial; counterfeit; false; traditional; recorded.
- نقيب (A) naqlb, n. m.: A heraid; an usherer; an aid • de • camp; a court mace-bearer who proclaims names etc.
- نقوض (A) naglz, adj. & n. f.; (1)

 Adverse; contrary; opposite; conflicting; discordant; in consistant. (2)

 opposition; enmity; contradiction.

- naksir, n. f.: Bleeding from the nose.
- Points; subtle or nice meanings. (s. منكات nukta(h).)
- (A) nikāḥ, n. m.: Matrimony; marriage; nuptials; a legal marriage.
 - i nikāḥ karnā. v. :
 To wed; to take in marriage.
 - nikāḥl, adj.: Lawfully married (woman),
- iet; exit; extraction; issue; discharge. (2) net produce. (3) (fig.) Rent; income; outturn; sale export.
 - انگاسی nikāsī, n. f.: (fig)
 Outturn; export; sale.
- take out; to subtract; to deduct. (2) To select. (3)
 To bring out; to give-vent to. (4) To exclude; to except. (5) To bring forth; to hatch; to work out (result); to solve (Problem). (6) To thresh; to beat out corn; to extract; to distil; to milk. (7) To bring out

(procession); to exhibit; to show. (8) To discover; to find out; to invent; to strike a balance; to remove; to put away. (9) To dispose of; to sell. (10) To renounce; to cast off; to drive away; to discard; to dismiss; to turn out. (11) To issue; to publish. (12) To train or break in (horse).

- نكال ركهنا nikal rakhna. v.:

 To put by.
- نكبت (A) nukbat, n. f.: Adversity; misfortune.
- (A) nukta(h), n. m.: Point; dot; a subtle or quaint concept; a pithy saying.
 - nukta(h) chla, n. m.;
 A critic; a caviller.
 - יני וני וני nukta(h) dan,
 nukta(h) ras, adj: Penctrating; discerning;
 intelligent.
- to come out; to come forth; to appear; to rise (sun); to germinate; to shoot; to slip through one's fingers; to pass away; to spread abroad; to break one's promise.

- تكل بها كنا ^{*} nikal bhāgnā, v.: To run away; to get off; to escape.
- icti (H) nikammā, adj.: Useless; worthless; of no use; unserviceable; poor; not fertile; worthless; rotten.
 - i nikamma kardena, v.: To render unservice-able.
- nikohish, n. f.: Reproach; censure, blame.
- polish; to brighten; to embellish; to beautify,
- (H) nikhaṭṭu, n. m. &adj.:

 (I) An idie fellow: one

 who earns nothing. (2)

 Idle; worthless.
- نکیل (H) nakel, n. f.: The nose string to guide the camel; the halter; rein
- نکیلا (H) nuklla, adj.: Pointed;
 having a sharp point; charming; cute. (fem. نکیل nuklli.)
- stone; a gem or piece set in ornaments.

- a painting; a portrait; embroidery; idol; (fig.) a beloved.
 - inigarin, adj.: Picture-sque; painted; decorated.
- glance; a view; regard; consideration; observation; custody; care.
 - be turned away (from one's eyes); to change (favour).
 - inigāh rakhnā v.:
 To look after; to watch;
 to guard.
 - nigāh men rakhnā, v.: To keep in sight; to remember; to keep watch over.
 - watchman; a guard; a warden; a keeper; a guardian; a curator; a protector.
- (1) Looking; watchful; guarding. (2) A supervisor; a foreman; a superintendent.

- inigranl, n. f.: Supervision; watch; surveilance.
- swallow; to gulp down; to devour.
- نگنده (H) nlganda(h), n. m.: Long stitch.
 - inigande dalna, v.: تكندے كالنا To guilt with long stitch.
- in an ornament; what fits or sits well.
 - تگیند جونا nagina (h) jarnā v.:

 To set a stone; to write a beautiful hand.
- Ji (H) nal, n. m.: Tube; pipe; tap; pump.
 - i nalkā, nalwā, n. m.:

 A small tube or pipe; a hollow cylinder.
 - a pipe. (2) A weaver's shuttle. (3) The bone of the leg; marrow bone.
- نم (P) nam, adj.: Moist; damp.
 - moistness; moisture.
- زماز (P) namāz, n. f.: Muslim prayers.

نمازی namazi, n. m. & adj. : (1) One who prays. (2) Prayerful; devout.

- نمایاں (P) numāyān, adj.: Conspicuous; prominent; evident.
 - i numāyān honā v.: To become prominent; to come in sight; to appear to rise.
- (P) numot'ish, n.f.: Affectation; show; exhibition.
- نمائنده (P) numālnda(h), n. m.: A representative; a delegate; deputy.
- دَمَك (P) namak, n. m.: (1) Salt; savour; flavour; subsistance. (2) Grace; beauty.
 - namak ḥarām, n m.: An ungrateful person; a disloyal fellow.
 - namak Khwar, n. m.: A servant; a dependent.
 - namak mirch نمك سرح لكانا lagana, v.; To give a relish to; to give vividness to a description; to exaggerate; to give a

- colour to; to instigate; to incite.
- (P) namū, n. f.: Growth; development.
- ا ذَمو (P) namūd, n. m.: Appearance; Conspicuousness; affectation; show; display; fame; boast; brag.
 - namadar, adj.: Visible; conspicuousness.
 - inamudor hona, v.: To appear: to rise (star).
- (P) namuna(h), n. m.: A دَمو نه sample; a specimen; a pattern; a model; a form.
- نناذوے (H) ninnanawe, adj.: Ninety-nine.
 - ninnanawe, ka ننانو مے کا معمد pher, n. m.: Anxiety to amass wealth; involvement in misery due to greed.
- ختان (P) nang, n, m.: Disgrace; infamy; shame; (fig.) a disgraceful person.
- بغو (P) nau, adj.: New.
 - i nau abad, adj.: Newly peopled or colonised.
 - نو آبادی nau abadi, adj.: A colony.

- i nau ba nau, adj.: Ever fresh and new.
- وجوان nau jawan, n. m.: A youth; a young man in the prime of life.
 - i nau roz, n. m.: New year's day.
- i nau shah, n.m.: A bridegroom.
- نونهال nau nihāl, n. m.; (lit.)

 A newly sprung plant; a promising youth; a son.
- غ (H) nau, adj.: Nine.
 - nau ratan, n. m.: (۱)
 A council of nine wise
 men. (2) A bracelet consisting of nine jewels.
 (3) A kind of sauce.
 - نولکها nau lakhā, adj.: Worth nine lakhs.
 - nau naqd
 na(h) terah udhar, prov.:
 (lit.) Nine net better
 than thirteen in credit;
 a bird in hand is better
 than two in the bush.
- לפוד (A) nawāḥ, n. m.: Vicinity; environs; suberbs.
- زوادر (A) nawādir, n. m., pl.: Rare things; curiosities; wonders. (s. نادر nādir.)

- ذوازش (P) nawāzish, n. f.: Kindness; favour; patronage.
- ighter's son. (fem. خواسا daughter's son. (fem. نواسی nawāsī.)
- نواسی (H) nawasi, adj.: Eighty-
- خواله (P) niwāla(h), n. m.: A morsel: a mouthful.
- زوبت (A) naubat, n. f: (1)

 Time; turn; opportunity.

 (2) State; plight. (3) Degree; pitch. (4) A kettle drum.
 - naubai <u>Khāna(h)</u>, n.

 m.: Royal porch (of Muslim kings) where kettle-drums used to be struck at fixed intervals to denote time.
 - naubat ko puhuhchnā,
 naubat ba(h) lhjā rasid,
 v.: To reach a certain
 point; to come to such
 a pass.
- tch; to claw; to pluck. (2)
 To fleece; to ease one of his money; to snatch.

ذوحه (A) nauha(h), n. m.: Lamentation; a kind of clegy.

- nauḥa (h) khān, n m.: One who laments.
- افور (A) nūr, n.m.: Light; refulgence; divine light.
 - nur chashm, نور خشم نور نظر nur-i nozar, n. m.: (lit.) Light of the eye; a son.
 - inur kl awaz, n. f.: A meladious voice.
 - نوراني nurāni, adj.: Bright; refulgent; luminous.
- ب شيخة (P) nosh, n. m.: A drink; a draught; a reward; an antidote.
 - nosh karna, v.: To drink.
 - nosh dara, n.f.: An antidote; a remedy.
- (P) nawisht, n. f. : A writing; a document.
 - ,nawisht-o-khuand نوشت و خواند n. m.: Reading and wri ting; literacy
 - نوشتد nawishta(h), Written thing; record.

- اوع (A) $na\overline{u}', n. m. : (1)$ Species; kind. (2) Manner; quality.
 - nau Iyat, n. f.: Specification; special character; type.
- ر (P) nok, n. f.: Point; tip.
 - نوکيلک nok palak, n. f.: Finer features; endings of letters.
 - nok نوکیلک سے درست هونا palak se durust hona, v.: To be well groomed; to be neatly dressed; to be finely written.
 - nok jhok, n. f.: Pulling and tugging; sarcastic exchange words; controversy.
- نو کر (P) naukar, n. m.: A servant; an attendant.
 - naukrani, نو کرانی، نو کرنی naukarni, n. f.: A maid servant.
 - i naukri. n. f.: Service; employment; a post; duty.
 - نو کری کرنا naukri karnā, v.: To serve; to work as a servant.

- نون (H) non, n m.: Salt.
 - نون تول قول ما non tel, n.m.: (lit.)

 Salt (and) oil; the necessaries of life.
- idings; good news. Glad
- نوبال (H) naweld, adj.: New; fresh; unique; smart. (fem. ieul.)
- 4i (P) na(h), adv.: No; not; nay; neither.
 - samp mare na(h) lāthi tūte, prov.: To get work done without harm to any body.
 - na(h) sawan hare na(h)
 bhādon sūkhe, prov.: (lit.)
 Flourishing in summer
 nor fading in autumn;
 continuing in one and
 the same state.
- i (A&P) nahār, n. m.: (1)
 Day (from sunrise to sunset); diffusion of light. (2)
 Not taking food.
 - Before eating anything in the morning; on an empty stomach.

- scasoned curry (prepared and sold in the morning) to be taken with bread as breakfast in winter.

 (It is now taken every time all the year round in Pakistan.)
- زمال (P) nihāl, n. m. & adj.: (1) A young plant; a sappling. (2) Fruitful: rich; happy.
 - i nihāl karnā, v.: To enrich; to please; to make (one) happy.
- الها (P) nihān, adj.: Concealed; hidden, private.
- a bathing fair (on the bank of a river.)
- Ul_vi (H) nahānā, v.: To have a bath.
- المان (A) nihāyai, n f., adj. & adv.: (1) Limit; end; extremity. (2) Much; very much; excessive; abounding; ample; copious. (3) In a great degree; greatly: extremely; exceedingly.
- نيج (A) nahj, n. m.: Way;
- je; (A) nahr, n. f.: A canal.

- (P) nahum, adj.: Ninth.
- (H) nahīn, adv. & n. f.: (1)
 No; not; nay. (2) Negation; denial.
- نيا (H) nayā, adj.: New; fresh; novel; recent.
- tyship: lieutenancy; representation; acting on behalf of one.
- ذیاز (A) niyāz, n. f: (1) Supplication; respects. (2) An offering.
 - v.: To pay one's respects
 (to); to have the honour
 to meet.
 - iniyazmand, adj. & n. m.:

 (1) Supplicating; indegent. (2) a humble or obedient servant; a petitioner.
- לאָן (P) niyām, n. m.: A scabbard; the sword-case.
- نيبو (A) nlbū, n. m.: The lime;
 a citrus medica.
- نيت (A) nlyat, n. f.: Motive; intention; intent.
- inicha, adj.: Low; depressed; at the lower end. (fem. نعون nichi.)

- inicha dikhaana, v.: ترجا د کهانا To defeat; to disgrace.
- niche, adv.: Below; under; beneath; down.
- نهجه (P) naicha, n m.: A huqqah tube.
- ذير (A) naiyyar, n. m.: The sun.
- ذيرنگ (P) nairang, n m.: Magic; deception; trick; deceit; miracle.
 - inairangi, n. f.: Fickle-ness; trickery; magic.
- existence; annihilation. (2) Poverty; adversity.
- نيش (P) nesh, n. m.: A sting.
 - نيش زنى nesh zani, n. f: Stinging; backbiting; maligning; teasing.
- زيک (P) nek, udj.: Good; virtuous: kindly; good natured; meek; simple.
 - i nek bakht, udj. & n f.: (1) Fortunate; lucky; dutiful; obedient. (2) Good woman
 - i nek chulun, adj: Of good conduct; chaste.
 - نيكى nekl. n. f.: Goodness;
 virtue; virtuouness.

- ذيل (H) nll, n. f.: Indigo; the indigo plant; blue marks or wales.
 - inil parnā v.: To appear blue marks on body (by beating).
 - inil gāo, n. f.: A kind of deer resembling a cow; the white footed antelope; a large size stag.
- نولا (H) nilā, adj.: Blue.
 - nilāha!, n. f.: Bluishness; a blue colour.
- in (PR) nilām, n. m.: An auction; a public sale.
 - i nlam karna, v.: To sell by public auction.
- (P) nllam, n. m.: A sapphire.
- (P) nilofar, n. m.: The (blue) lotus.
 - نيلوفرى nilofari, adj.: Blue (in colour).
- ذيم) (H) nim, n.m.: The 'nim' tree whose leaves are medicinally used.
- نيم (P) nim, adj.: Half.
 - inim baz, adj.: Half open.

- نيم بسمل nlm bismil, adj.: Half dead.
- nīm ḥakim, n. m.: A quack doctor.
- inlm rāzī, adj.: Half satisfied; half consenting.
- inim garm, adj.: Luke warm; tepid.
- نيند (H) nind, n. f.: Sleep.
 - have one's sleep dissipated or broken.
 - nind ana, v.: To feel sleepy.
- ion (wall building).
- invitation; exchange of cash between the host and the guest on the occasion of marriage according to old custom.

و wau, n. m.: The twenty sixth letter of Arabic, thirtieth of Persian and thirty third of Urdu alphabets. Numerical value according to abjad ابجد 6.

- g(P) wa, conj.: And; more; also; further; together with.
- (P) wā, adj.: Open; wide open; unlocked.
 - wā hona, v.: To open; to be opened.
 - wa karna, v.: To open; to expose; to reveal.
 - wābastagl, n. f.:
 Dependence; adherence.
- n. m.: (1) Attached; related; bound; connected with; depending on. (2) A relative; a dependant; servant.
- ed; sent back; rejected; came back; back.
 - vāpas karnā, v.:
 To return; to send back.
 - wapsi, n. f.: Return; reversion; refund.
 - ewapsi ticket, n.m.: A return ticket.
 - wapsla, adj.: The last; posterior; hindmost.

- el) warastagl, n. f.:
 Freedom; liberation; state
 of being carefree.
- (A) wāraftagī, n. f.:
 Infatuation; rapture;
 senselessness; ecstacy.
- واثق (A) wasiq, adj.: Strong; firm; sure; confident; emphatic.
- (1) Due; binding; obligatory; ordained. (2) Due amount; loan etc. required to be paid.
 - n. m.: (lit.) That which is necessary to be declared; declaration; an administration; an administration paper; a village record of terms (between land lord and cultivator.)
 - wajib-ul-wusul, adj.: Recoverable; realisable; due.
 - wajib-ut-t'azlm, adj.: (lit.) Worthy of reverence; respectable; revered; holy.
 - wajibāt, n. m., pl.: (1)
 Dues; requisites. (2)

- wajib.)
- واجبى wājibi, adj.: (1) Just: reasonable; moderate. (2) Incumbent; necessary.
- (A) wāḥid, adj.: (1) One; single. (2) Solitary; unique; singular.
- (A & P) wadi, n. f.: (1) وادى A valley; a channel; a river. (2) Sub-mountain plain; low ground; (fig.) sphere.
- (H) war, n. m.: (1) Attack; onslaught; stroke; blow; assault. (2) (W) chance; opportunity; spare time (3) The near bank of a river.
 - war <u>Khali</u> jona, v.: To miss; to fall short; to fail (an attack)
 - war karna, v.: To charge; to assault.
 - eltis war par, adv.: On this side and that; across; through and through
- (A) waris, n. m: Heir; legatee; master; protector; owner; (fig.) a husband.

- Wages; fees. (s. وارد واجب) (A) warld, adj: Alighted; arrived.
 - elo warid hona, v.: arrive; to befall; occur.
 - (A) wāridāt, n.f., pl.: Events; incidents; accidents; affrays; (used as singular) a criminal incident.
 - (H) wārnā, v.: To wave (anything) over (one) as a means of averting (evil etc.)
 - (H) ware niyare, n m., pl.: High profits; وارانيارا .s. (immense gains wara niyarā.) also means a decision; celiverance.
 - (A) wasta(h), n. m.: (1) A medium way; means; relationship. (2) Sake: concern, (3) An agent; a broker; a middleman.
 - wāsta(h) rakhnā. v.: To be concerned with; to have a concern; to have to do with.
 - wasie, adv.: For; for the sake of; on behalf of; in order to.

واسطر دينا

waste dena, v.: To bring in or cite as witness or surety.

- (P) wasokht, n.m.: The burning words of unrequited love; an impassioned kind of poetry (in which the poet warns that if the beloved continues to cold shoulder him, would be compelled to seek another and a better beloved)
- (A) waşil, adj.: Joined; connected; united with.
 - wāşil bāqh, n. f.: Receipts and balances: an account of payments
 - wāşil-ba-ḥaq, adj': United with God; departed to heaven; dead.
- (A) wazih, adj.: Manifest; clear; obvious; explicit.
 - wazih karna, v.: To make clear; to explain.
 - wazih ho kih, adv .: It should be remembered; be it known.
- (A) waz'i, n. m.: An inventor; a founder; a maker.

- Liel (A) wā'iz, n m.: A preacher; deliverer of sermons.
- (A) wafir, adJ.: Abundant; plentiful; copious.
- (A) wāq'i, adj.: Situated; happened; occurred.
 - . waq'i meh, adv.: Really; actually; in fact.
- (A) way tah, n. m.: An occurrence; an event; a casualty; a death.
 - waq'i, adj. de adv.: (1) Real; actual. (2) Really: actual. (2) Really: as matter of fact. actually.
- (A) waqif, adj.: Aware of; acquainted with: knowing; conversant with.
 - waqif kar. n. m.: An acquaintance; an experienced person: a connoisseur.
 - wayiflyyat, n.f.: Knowledge; acquaintance; awareness.
- (A) wala, adj.: Exalted; high.
 - والاجاه wālā jāh, adj.: Of exalted rank or dignity.

- wäla qadr, adj.: Of high worth or excellence.
- (A) walid, n. m.: Father.
 - e الله wālidah, n. f.: Mother.
 - wālidain, n. m.: Parents.
- (A) wāli, n.m.: A guardian; a patron; an owner; a proprietor; a ruler; a chief; a governor.
 - wāli wāris, n. m.:
 Guardians; parents;
 patron.
- (P) wām, n. m.: Credit;
- עופ (A) wāwailā, n. m.:
 Weeping and wailing;
 lamentation; complaint.
- (P) wah, intj.: (1) How strange; what a joke; fie.
 (2) Excellent; splendid; well done.
 - of applause; loud praise.
- A) א āhimah, n. f.: Imagination; sear.
- (A) wāhl, adj.: Nonsense; meaningless; absurd.

- wahi tabahi, adj.:
 - (1) Raving; wandering.
 - (2) Loose; meaningless; absurd.
- wāhiyat, n. f. & adj.:

 (1) Absurdity; unpleasant thing. (2) Absurd; irrational.
- (P) wāi, intj.: Woe; alas; fie; for shame.
- (A) waba, n.f.: Epidemic; plague; pestilence.
 - wab'āl, adj.: Infectious; epidemical.
- Just (A) wabal, n. m.: (1) The punishment of a crime; divine vengeance. (2) Ruin; curse; pest plague.
- (1) وَرُوقِ (A) waşūq, n. m.: (1) Firmness; strength. (2) Belief; confidence.
- (A) wasiqa(h), n. m.: (1)

 A document; a deed. (2)

 Government pronote; a special allowance or pension.
 - e wasiqa dar, n. m.: A holder of a government promote; a pensioner.

- (A) wajāhai, n. f.:
 Dignity; respectability;
 high position; comeliness.
- (A) wajd, n. m.: Ecstacy; abandon; rapture.
 - be moved in ecstacy; to express great appreciation or wonder.
 - wajd men and, v.:

 To go in rapture (over):

 to swing to and fro in
 ecstacy; to dance like a
 darvesh.
- (A) wijdān, n. m.:
 Intuitive knowledge;
 apprehension; instinct.
- (A) wajūd, n. m.; Being; existence; entity; life; body; material; frame.
- (A) wajh, n. f: Cause; reason; ground; plea.
- (A) wajlh, adj.: Goodlooking; handsome; respectable; dignified.
- وحداني (A) waḥdāni, adj.:
 Unitary.
 - وحدانیت wahdaniyat, n. f.:
 Unity (of God); Singularity; belief in unity
 (of God).

- وحدت waḥdat, n. f.: Oneness; unity.
- n. f.: Unity in diversity; the creed or philosophy of seeing a singular Being.
- (A) waḥshai, n. f.: (1)
 Wildness; barbarity; barbarianism. (2) Dreariness;
 horror. (3) Madness;
 craziness.
 - وحشت زده waḥshat zada(h), adj.: Awe-struck; aghast; bewildered.
 - waḥshat honā, v.:

 To be bewildered or distracted.
 - (A) waḥshi, adj.: Wild; barbarous; savage: ferocious; cruel: not civilized; crazy.
 - (A)waḥl, n. f.: Divine message descending on Prophets; revelation: divine inspiration.
 - well; adieu; departure; ceremonial farewell to the bride.

- wida' hond. v.: To depart; to leave.
- (A) wadl'at, n. f.: A deposit; a trust; anything entrusted or imparted.
- (A) wirāşat, n. f.: Inheritance; patrimony; heriditary right.
- warşa(h), n. m.: Heritage; inherited property.
- (A) wird, n. m.: Habit; routine; recitation.
- (H) wardl, n. f: Uniform (of a soldier); livery.
- ورزش (P) warzish, n. f.: Atheletic exercise; habit; usual exertion.
- u کورغلان) (H) warghland, v.: To entice; to seduce; to mislead; to instigate; to incite; to tempt.
- (A) waraq, n. m.: A leaf; a folio; a thin slice; a card; flake.
 - eaves of a book (but not reading); rap id perusal.

- warqa(h), n. m.; A leaf; a sheet.
- (A) warm, n. m.: A swelling; an inflamation.
 - wurm ānā, honā, v.: To be swollen.
- (P) warna(h), adv.: Otherwise or else.
- (A) wara, adv.: Further away; beyond.
- ورے (H) ware, adv.: On this or near side.
- office or dignity of a minister; the ministry.
- Weight; a measure of weight, (2) Influence; importance, (3) Meter in verse; poetic measure; the symmetrical resemblance of words of the same quantity.
 - wazn rakhnā, v.:
 To be weighty; to carry
 weight.
 - עני עני עני אנו wazn karnā, v.: To weigh; to examine.

- ענין (A) wazir, n. m.: (1) A minister in government. (2)

 The queen in chess.
 - e wazir-i-azam, n. m.:
 The prime minister.
- (A) wast, wasat, n.m. & adj.: (1) The middle; centre. (2) Equitable; average.
 - وسطى wasti, adj.: Central;
 - و سطی wasiā, adj.: Middle; average.
 - (A) wus'at, n. f.: Extent; width; space; area; capacity; power.
 - (A) waswas, وسواس، وسوسه (A) waswasa(h), n. m.: Doubt; evil suggestion; unfounded fear; distraction of the mind; temptation of the devil.
 - (A) waslla(h), n. m.:

 Means; mediation; intervention; interposition;

 support; resource.
 - union (of lovers); union with God.

- wiṣāl honā, v.: To die (a holy person.)
- (A) wasf, n. m.: Quality; worth; merit; attribute.
- (A) waşl, n. m.: Union in friendship; copulation; communion.
- (A) waşll, n. f.: A pasteboard for writing on.
- (A) wasul, n.m.: Receipt; realisation; recovery (of revenue etc.); collections.
 - eollect; to realise; to raise by assessment.
 - wu ş च l ने, وصول يا بى wu ş च l ने,
 waşūlyābi, n. f.: Collection; receiving of dues.
 - עפיים (A) wasiyyat, n. f.: A bequest; a will; deed of will; written testament.
 - wasiyyat وصوت كرنا، مون دينا karnā, meh denā, v.: To leave (property) by will.
 - (A) waṣāḥat, n. f.: Clarification; explanation.
 - waṣāḥat karnā, v.:
 To clarify; to explain.

- ing down; founding; inventing; placing. (2)
 Fashion; appearance;
 style; nature. (3) Behaviour; character. (4) Deduction; retrenchment.
 - waz'a badalnā, v.:
 To change one's way or
 manners; to disguise
 oneself.
 - waz'a-i-ḥaml, n. m. : (lit.) Laying down a burden; child birth.
 - waz'a dar, adj.: Stylish; elegant.
 - waz'a karnā, v.: (1)
 To form; to invent. (2)
 To deduct; to subtract;
 to allow.
- (A) wazu, n. m.: Ablution before prayer; washing; bathing.
- (A) wafan, n.m.: One's native country; birth place; home.
 - وطن برست waţan parast, n. m.:
 A patriot; a nationalist.
 - waganlyat, m. f.: Nationality.

- Religious chants; duty; task; function; daily routine. (2) Stipend; pension; gift for past services.
 - wazifu(h) purhnā,
 v.: To recite prayers or
 religious chants.
 - waziju(h) yab, Khwar, n. m.: A pensioner; stipendiary; a stipend ar scholarship holder.
- promise, an agreement.
 - w'ada(n) Khildfi, n. J.: Breach of latte or promise.
 - w'udu(h) karaā, v.;
 10 piumise.
- (A) waz, n. m.; Preaching; sermon; oration.
- المناء w w kuhad, v.: To preach; to deliver a sermon.
- (A) weghā, n. f.: War; battle; tuniult.
- (A) wughulrah, adv.: And others; et cetra.

- (A) wafā, n. f.: Fidelity; loyalty; faithfulness: fulfilment.
 - e wafadar, adj.: Faithful; loyal; true.
 - wafā karnā, v.: To be true: to be faithful; to fulfil (a promise).
- (A) wafāt, n. f.: Natural death; demise.
- Joining; agreement; unity; (2) Federation.
 - wafāql, adj.: Federal.
- (A) wasd, n m, pl.: (used in Urdu as s.) A delegation; deputation. (s. واقد wasid.)
- (P) wlqār, n. m.: Dignity; prestige.
- (A) waqi, n. m.: Time;
 period; era; duration;
 opportunity; occasion.
 - waqı ana, v.: The death time to have come.
 - waqi be waqi, adv.: (1) In season and out of season. (2) Sometime for an emergency.

- e stand in need; to be distressed; to be badly off.
- waqı kl baı, n. f. & adv.: (1) Accidental occurance. (2) A matter of chance or occasion.
- waqı ke wuqı, adv.: At the nick of time; then and there.
- - waqtan fawaqian, adv.: From time to time; occasionally.
- (A) waq'at, n. f.: Weight; prestige; esteem; importance.
 - waq'at rakhna, v,:
 To carry weight; to
 command respect.
- Ous or charmable endowment; a legacy for pious
 use; pause; stop; story;
 reading the text of the
 Holy Quran halting at the
 required places.

- waqf karnā, v: To make a grant for charitable or religious purposes; to make an endowment.
- pause; stop; interval; interlude; adjournment; reprieve.
- cernment; sense; understanding; comprehension.
- و کیل (A) wakil, n. m.: An agent; a deputy or representative; a pleader.
- (A) wilddai, n. f.:
 Birth; coming into being.
- (A) wilāyai, n. f.: (1) Guardianship; governorship. (2) A region; a foreign country. (3) The office of a saint; sainthood.
 - wilāyati, adj. & n. m.;

 (1) Foreign; Eroupean

 or English (made). (2) A

 foreigner.
- (A) walad, n. m.: Son; offspring.
 - waldiyai, n. f.: Parentage; father's name; descent.

- gush of passion; fervour; enthusiasm.
- (A) wall, n. m.: (1) A saint; a holy person. (2) A guardian (of a ward). (3) A prince.
 - wali 'ahd, n. m.: A crown prince; heir apparent.
- (A) walima(h), n. m.: A marriage feast (by the bridegroom).
- og(H) woh, pron.: He; she; it; that; they.
- (H) wahān, adv.: There; thither.
- Fancy: imagination. (2)
 Doubt; suspicion; misgiving. (3) Superstition.
 - v.: To become dubious; to entertain imaginary fears.
 - wahml, adj.: (1) Fanciful: imaginary. (2) Superstitious; suspicious; distrustful; moody.
- (H) wuhl, pron.: The same; self-same; himself; itself.

- there; on the same spot; just at that time; on the spot.
- ويران (P) wiran, adj.: Ruined; waste; uninhabited; desolate; dreary; dismal.
 - wirān karnā. v :
 To lay waste; to render
 desolate; to ruin.
 - wirāna(h), n. m.: A desolate or ruined place.
 - wirānl, n. f: Desolation; ruin; wilderness; depopulation.
- וע (H) wind, n. f.: A guitarlike instrument; a lute.

- o he, n. f.: The twenty seventh letter of Arabic, thirty first of Persian and thirty fourth of Urdu alphabets. Numerical value according to ابعاد abjad=5.
- (H) hū, intj.: Ah; oh; alas; fie; shame; for shame; a sympathetic or sad exclamation.

- an invisible speaker; a voice from heaven.
 - hallf-i-ghalb, n. m.:

 Divine caller or informer; invisible guardian angel.
- (H) haih, n. m. & adj.:
 (1) The hand; the arm.
 - (2) A measure (half a yard).
 - (3) Reach; interference; possession; grasp; authority; command; clutches.
 - (4) Protection; support; patronage; power; a hand in cards. (5) A blow; a stroke. (6) Signal (railway etc.) (7) Through; by the hand of.
 - To raise or lift up one's hands; to salute; to lift up the hands in prayer; to pray for one. (2) To lift one's hands against one. (3) To wash one's hand of; to keep from; to resign; to desist; to abstain; to refrain or withdraw from. (4) To give up hope; to despair.
 - hāth ana, ماته آنا، لکنا، چڑمنا hāth ana, lagna, charhna, v.: to

come to hand; to come into one's possession or power; to gain.

- haih bāndhnā, v.:
 To join hands in supplication.
- انگ هونا hath tang honā, v.: To be straitened or poor.
- الله ياؤن بهولنا hath paon phulnā, v·: (lit.) Hands and feet to be swollen; to be confounded.
- ارنا ماته پاؤل سارنا hāth pāch mārnā, v.: To strive hard; to struggle; to work; to labour.
- ماته پر هاته رکه کے بیله جانا hath par hath rakh ke baithjana, v.: To do nothing (out of despair or laziness).
- hāth joṛnā, v.: To join hands (in supplication); to implore; to entreat.
- give one a beating; to strike a blow.
- انه جازنا مهاته جازنا مهورزنا المهورزنا المهورزنا lānā, chhoṛnā, v.: To

use one's hands freely: to strike; to beat.

- الى هونا hath <u>khāli honā</u>,
 v.: To be empty handed;
 to be penniless.
- hāth dho baithna, dho lena, dhona, v.: To wash one's hands of; to be despondent; to give up all hope.
- hāth raṅgnā, v.: (lit.)
 To dye one's hands.
- rakhnā, v.: To take under one's protection; to patronise; to swear by one's head.
- انه کا میل hath kā mail, n. m.:

 Vile; trash; filth; lucre.
- Is hath milana, v.: (1)

 To shake hands. (2) To join, hands (before wrestling).
- wring one's hand; to regret; to repent.
- lend, v.: To receive one with respect; to receive or welcome whole-hear-tedly.

- ماتها بائی hathā pāl, n. f.: Pulling and handling; fighting; scuffle.
- elephant. ماتهی elephant.
 - هاتهی دانت hājhi dāni, n.m.:
 Elephant's tusks; ivory.
 - hāthi ke pāoh men sab kā pāoh, prov.: A generous person supports a lot of poor people.
 - اور الماتهى كے دانت د كهانے كے اور hathi ke dant dekhane ke aur khane ke aur, prov.: All that glitters is not gold.
- a spiritual guide; a director; a leader.
 - مادی برحق hadi-i-barhaq, n.m.: The true guide; Holy Prophet Mohammad.
- (H) har, n.m.; A necklace; a wreath; a garland; a string of jewels.
- (H) har, n. f. : defeat ; discomfiture ; loss ; fatigue.
 - and gain; gambling; hazard.

- المان harna, v.: (1) To fail; to lose; to be defeated; to be overcome, (2) To be fatigued; to be tired out; to lose one's courage or spirit; to be discouraged; to become old and feeble.
- (SD) hart, n. m.: A (Sind)
 peasant; an agriculturist
- (H) har, n. m.: A bone; a skeleton.
- اضمه (A) hazima, (h), n.m.:
 Digestion.
- halo round the moon.
- agreement. (H) hāmi, n. m.: Assent;
 - hāmi bharnā, v.:
 To say yes; to confirm;
 to undertake to do a job;
 to enlist support.
- ULD (H) han, adv. : yes, aye.
 - الله مال مين هال ملانا han men han milana, v.; To say 'ditto'; to chime in with.
- مانینا (H) hānpnā, v.: To be out of breath.
- earthon cooking pot. (2)
 The globe of a lamp.

- To drive; to goad; (fig.) to boast; to brag.
- طائے (H) hal, n. f.: A sigh; a deep sigh; a curse,
 - hai, hai, intj. & n.m.: (۱) Alas. 2 Wailings.
 - cursed (by); (fig.) to oppress.
- cending; falling.
- (A) hiba (h) n. m.: A gift: a bequeath; a grant.
 - hiba (h) karnā, v.:
 To bequeath; to give as a gift.
 - hiba (h) nama (h), n. m.: A deed of gift.
- n.m.: Handle; (fig.) grasp; control.
 - haththe par charhna, v.:

 To come under one's power or control.
- reputation; dishonour; defamation; slander.

- hatak-i-izzat, n. f.:

 Defamation (of character).
- A hammer. (fem. هتوژای haraurl,).
- المنته (H) hath, n. m.: Contr. of معتلع hath, hand.
 - Trickery; sleight of hand (in money matters).

 (2) Passing the hand (over a child's or beloved's body).
 - hath, hat kari, متهد، هت کڑی n. f.: A hand-cuff.
 - الله متهد، هت كندا hath, hat kanda, m.m.: Mannual dexterity, sophistry; legerdemain; trick.
 - hāthiyar, n. m.: An instrument; an implement; arms.
 - hathiyar bandhna, v.: To arm; to get armed.
 - hathiyar qai dena, v.: To lay down arms; to admit defeat.
 - hathell, n. f.: The palm of the hand.

- sar rakhna, v.: To be ready to offer one's life.
- par sarson jumāna, v.:

 To be wonderfully quick in finishing a job; to perform magic.
- (H) hat, n. f. & intj.: (1)

 Obstinacy; persistence. (2)

 Get away! be gone!
 - hat dha'm, adj.:

 Obstinate; stubborn;

 wilful.
- Stout and strong; tough; well built; not ill.
 - to repel; to drive back.
- (A) hijā n. m.: Spelling;
 naming letters to form
 words. (See معند hijje).
- مجر ، هجران (A) hijr, hij.āh,
 n. m.: Separation; state of
 being apart.
- ration; Holy Prophet

 Mohammad's emigration

 to Madina; the Hijra.

- (A) hijrl, n f.: The Muslim era from 15th July, 622 A. D.; the date of Holy Prophet Muhammad's migration to Madina.
- 1 対象 (H) hijṛā, n. m.: A eunuch.
- (A) hujw, n. f.: A satire;
 - مجو کو hajw go, n. m.: A satirist.
 - hajw-i-malih, n. f.:

 Satire in the form of praise.
- a concourse; a swarm.
- (H) hijje, n.m.: Spelling.
 hijje karnā,
 lagānā, v.: To spell;
 (fig.) to read or speak

hault.

- ا مج نكالنا hijje nikalnā, v.:
 To find fault.
- هجر هجر (H) hichar michar, n. m.: Hesitation; wavering
 - hichar michar karna. v.: To evade.
- نائي (H) hichkichana, v.: To waver; to hesitate; to falter.

- hichkichahui, n. f.: Hesitation: wavering.
- cough; convulsive sobbing or breathing.
 - hichki ana, v.: To sob or breathe chokingly.
 - hichkeyāh bandh jānā, v.:
 To sob convulsively.
- مدایت (A) hidāyat, n. f.: Direction; guidance; injunction; precept.
 - To direct; to guide; to instruct; to enjoin; to show the right path.
- هدف (A) hadaf, n. m.: A target; a mark; a butt.
 - hadaf banānā, v. . To make (one) a target.
- hadaf mārnā, v.: To hit the nail on the head.
- مكرية (A) hadiya (h), n. m.: A present (esp. to a superior); the price of a Quran.
- اهگی (H) haddi, n. f.: (1) A bone; (fig.) lineage; race or family.

- مدیاں نکل اَنا haddlyan nikal and, v.: To be reduced to a mere skeleton.
- ak (A) hizyān, n. m. : Raving ; delirium ; wild talk.
- (P) har, pron. : Each; every.
 - אניני בפאה har bar. dafa
 (h), dam, adv.: Every time;
 ever; constantly.
 - المرجائي harjal, n. m.: A stroller; a vagabond; an inconsistent lover.
 - har chand, adv.: Howmuchsoever; howsoever; as often as.
 - هر چه بادا باد har chi badā bad, intj.: Come what may.
 - هر دل عزيز har dil 'aziz, adj. :

 Loved by every one:

 popular.
 - اهر فن سولا har fan muula, n.m.:

 Jack of all trades; master of every art.
 - One who can, be employed for every work; peon; a messenger.
 - har gah, adv.: Whereas: seeing that.

- har kas-u-nā-kus, n. m.: Everyman; the ordinary or typical hunian being.
- (fig.) blooming; flourishing; green (wound); half raw.

 (2) Green colour.

 - jānā, v.: (1) To be or become green; to bloom; to be refreshed; to be exhilerated; to be pleased. (2) To become raw (wound); to break out afresh.
 - tened; afraid; dis-appointed, bowed down with grief; despondent.
 - vance-guard (of an army);
 a herald.
 - tion; delay; obstruction; disturbance.

- المرجانه (U) harjana (h), n. m.:

 Damages; compensation;

 indemnity: fine; demurrage.
- رگز (P) hargiz, adv.: Ever; always; beware.
 - אנ לנ יאנט hargiz nahla, adv.:
 Never.
- an antelope; a hart; a buck. (fem. هرنی hirnl.)
- hurry; to be confused; to start from a troubled dream or sleep.
- Disorder; maladministration; chaos; anarchy.
- strike; passive resistance; suspension of work as protest etc.
- fret; to pine; to remember; to desire.
- (P) hazār, adj., n.f. & adv.: (1) A thousand. (2) A nightingale. (3) However much.

- hazār dāstān, n. m.: (lit.) A thousand tales; a nightingale. which sings many tunes.
- hazāra (h), n.m.: (1)
 A double flower; a many
 leaved rose. (2) A fountain; a showering bucket
 used for watering flower
 etc.
- اهُول (A) hazl, n. f: Obscene language; nonsensical talk: buffoonery; jest.
 - ter or composer of lampoons or obscene poetry etc.
- صرياه (A) hazimat, n. f.:
 Defeat; a route
- tence; being; life. (2) (Ir.) Capacity; position.
- (P) hasht, adj.: Eight.
- (A) hazm, n. m.: Digestion; absorption; (fig.) embezzlement; devouring.
 - hazm karnā, v.: To digest; to embezzle; to swallow.

- بغه (P) haft, adj.: Seven.
 - hast aqlim, n. m.:
 The seven regions; the world.
 - haft roza(h), hafta(h) war, n. m. & adv.: (1) A weekly journal. (2) Weekly.
 - haft zabān, n. m.. (lit.) A muster of seven languages: a linguist.
 - mike haftum, adj.: Seventh.
 - Saturday; the seventh day; the sabbath.
- Confounded; aghast.
 - المكاره المكاره hakka bakka rah jāna, v.: To be confounded.
- (H) haklā, adj. & n.m.:

 (1) Stuttering; stammering.

 (2) A stammerer. (fem. hakli.)
 - huklana, v: To stammer; to stutter; to falter.
- (H) hal, n. m.: A plough.

 hal joinā, v.: To plough.

- Dead; perishing; killed.
 - ا ملاک کرذا halak karna, v.:
 To kill; to put to death.
 - halākai, n. f.: Death; execution; annihilation.
 - halākā, adj. & n. f.:

 (1) Deadly; destructive;

 murderer. (2) A great

 Tartar conqueror.
 - JMa (A) hilal, n. m.: The new moon; the crescent.
 - to tame.
 - هل چل hal chal, n. f.: Stir;
 bustle; tumult: commotion.
 - hal chal machana,
 v.: To cause commotion;
 tumult; to create disorder.
 - علم (H) hullar, n. m.: Noise; uproar; tumult; riot.
 - hullar machana, v.:

 To cause commotion or disturbance.
 - (H) halka, adj.: (1) Light; not heavy. (2) Cheap.

- shallow; low priced. (fem. هلکی halki.)
- Light (as a feather);
 easy; soft; cheap; unimportant.
- ried; harassed: tired; exhausted.
 - الكان كرنا halkān karnā, v.:
 To worry; to harass;
 to tire.
- wave; a billow; surge.
- tamed. (2) To shake; to waver; to move; to stir or exert oneself.
 - hil ke pāni هل کے بانی نه پینا hil ke pāni na(h) pinā, v.: (lit.) Not to move (even) for drinking water; to be extremely idle.
 - for I also).
 - (H) ham, adv. & adj.: (1)

 Also; both. (in comp)

 mutually; similarly;

 like. (2) (In comp.)

 fellow; co—.

- ham aghosh, anar, adj.: Embracing; locked in each other's arms.
- ham aghoshi, n. f.: Embrace.
- ham ā u ā z, هم آواز، آهنگ ham ā u ā z, āhang, adj.: Harmonious; in unision; having the same voice.
- هم پاید، و تبد، پلد ham pāya(h), rutba(h), palla(h), adj.:

 Equal; of the same rank or position.
- ham piyāla(h)-u-ham nināla(h), n.
 m.' A mess-mate: an
 intimate friend: a
 comrade.
- the same trade or occupation.
- هم جماعت ham jamā'ı, n. m. :
 A class fellow.
- ham zulf, n. m.: Husband of one's wife's sister.
- هم درد hamdard, adj.: (1)

 Sympathetic; supporter.

 (2) Tender hearted; benefactor.

- hamdam, n. m.: A bosom friend.
- hamrāz, n. m.: A confidant; a friend knowing one's secrets.
- humrah, adv; (lit.) On the same way; with; together.
- hamsāya(h), n. in.: A neighbour.
- هم شير ا humshira(h), n. f: A sister.
- اهم عصور ham 'asr, n. m; A contemporary.
- ا هم معنی ham m ani, adj.:
 Synonimous.
- هم و از hamwar, adj.: Level:
- hamwar karna, אה אפור לנו hamwar karna, v.:
 To level; to bring round.
- ham watan, n.m.: A fellow countryman.
- a fabulous bird of happy omen; an eagle.
- Ours; اهمار (H) hamara, pron.: Ours; our; belonging to us. (fem. هماری hamārī.)
- enterprise; courage; magnanity; boldness; daring.

craft; accomplishment:

هنوز دلی دور است

- virtue; attainment.

 hunar mand, war,

 adj.: Skilful, dexterous.
- to laugh at; to deride; to laugh and be merry; to be in jest.
 - hansor, adj.: One who is always laughing; jocular; full of humour.
 - منسى hansl, n. f.: Laughter: fun; mirth.
 - hahsi urānā, v. : To make fun of; to ridicule.
 - هنسي خوشي hansi <u>kh</u>ushi, adv.: Gladiy.
- Tumult; uproar; an aff-ray; a disturbance.
- porary; for the time being; accidental; provisional.
- هنوز (P) hanoz, adv.: Yet; still: just now.
 - منوز دلی دور است hanoz dilli dur ast, prov.: (lit.) Delhi is still far off; the

- ا همت کرنا ه himmat karna, v: To dare; to have courage.
- (P) huma(h), adj: All; together.
 - همدتن hama(h) tan, adv.:
 With heart and soul.
 - لامه دان hama(h) dan, adj.:

 Knowing every thing:

 omniscient; well versed.
 - hama(h) sifat همه صفت سوصوف mauşūf, adj.: Possessing all good qualities.
 - همه گیر hama(h) glr, adj.:

 Comprehensive; universal on large scale.
- ميشه (P) hamesha(h), adv.:

 Always; perpetually; incessantly.
- (P) hindustan, n p.: India, that is Bharat.
 - hindustani, n. m. & adj.: (1) A native of India; the Hindustani or Urdu. (2) Belonging to India; Indian.
- A figure; figures. (2)

 Geometry.
- exchange; a draft; a cheque.

success is not yet in sight; much remains to be done still for reaching the goal.

- neigh; neighing; bawling of horses.
- (H) hawwa, n m.: A bugbear.
- (A) hawā, n. f.: Wind; air; atmosphere; space between heaven and earth; a gas; an aerial being; spirit; credit: good name; desire: affection; a worthless thing; anything extinct.
 - hawā hāndhhā, v.:
 To boast; to brag.
 - هوا باز hawā bāz, n. m.: (Mod.) A pilot, an airman.
 - hawā bāzi, n. f.: Aeronautics.
 - hawā khwah, n m.:

 A well-wisher; a friend.
 - hawa dar, adj & n. m.:

 (1) Airy; open; ventilated. (1) A movable throne in which kings took a ride; an affectionate friend.

- hawa dan, n. m.: A ventilator.
- hawa denā, v. To air; to fan; (fig.) to foment a quarrel.
- hawā se larnā, v.:

 To be quarrelsome, to seek a quarrel.
- hawā khana, v. :

 (1) To go out for a walk.

 (2) To go away.
- hawa ke ghore par sawar hona, v.: To be in a great hurry.
- get air, to be struck by wind; to catch cold or rheumatism; to be affected by atmosphere; to be influenced or changed by association.
- hawai, n. f. & adj.: (1)
 A sky-rocket. (2) Aerial;
 vain.
- hawai juhaz, n.m: Aeroplane; air craft.
- (H) hiwao, n. m.: Courage; heart; boldness.
- took a ride; an affec- | 342 350 (H) ha baha, adv.: Extionate friend.

 actly; precisely.

- (h), n. m.: An open seat or box on an elephant's back.
- (A) hawas, n. f.: Lust; greed; ambition; desire.
 - hawas hona, v.: To cherish high hopes; to be ambitious of.
- (P) hosh, n. m.: Sense; consciousness; judgment.
 - hosh urna, v.: To loose one's sense; to be confounded.
 - hosh mand, adj. :
 Sensible; wise.
 - hosh men and, v.:

 To come to one's senses;

 to come to one's self.
 - hosh u ḥawās, n. m.: Senses and understanding.
 - awake; conscious; sensible; knowing; intelligent; clever.
 - هوشیار کرنا hoshyar karna, v.:
 To put one on his guard; to awaken.

- of pain; a pain; a great desire. (2) Voice of owl.
 - huk uihnā, v.; To be keenly desirous of.
- ness; avarice; unsatisting hunger.
- (A) haul, n. f.: Terror; horror; fright.
 - haul nak, adj.: Dreadful; terrible.
 - haul khana. v.: To feel terror; to tremble for fear.
- هو لي (H) haule, adv.: Slowly; gently; easily; smoothly.
- (1) hun, pron. & adv.: (1) (1) am. (2) Yes; oh, yes; very well; too; also.
 - say yes; to assent. (2) To warn or forbid.
- to be; to happen; to become; to come to pass; to accrue; to result; to follow.

 (2) To be born; to come into existence. (3) To belong to. (4) To be over; to come to an end.

- honi, n. f.: What must be (must be); destiny; fated.
- (H) hoh!, n. m.: The lip.
 - hon: chāinā, v.: To smack the lips (in eagerness to eat more).
 - hoh! chabana, v.:
 To bite the lips; to bite
 one's lips with regret or
 vexation.
- שׁפ געון (P) hawaida, adj.: Evident; manifest; open; clear.
- horror; dread; panic; fright.
 - haibat zada(h), adj.:

 Appalled; aghast;
 frightened.
 - haibas nak, a d j .: Dreadful; gruesome.
- condition; face; figure; aspect. (2) Astronomy.
 - hal'aı kaz'āl, n. f.: Appearance; countenance as it is.
- (A) haefān, n. m.: Ebullition; passion; vehemence.

- ا هیجوا، هجوا، هجوا، هجوا، هجوا، هجوا، هجوا، مجوا، m.: A cunuch.
- good for nothing; shallow; insignificant.
 - One knowing nothing; a term of self-abnegation.
- (H) hīrā, n. m. & adj.: (1)
 A diamond. (2) Virtuous;
 praiseworthy.
- (lit.) Turning; winding; difference; (fig.) trick; deception.
- (P) hezam, n. f.: Wood; fire wood; fuel.
- Liano (A) huiza(h), n. m.: Cholera.
- (H) hik, n. f.: A bad taste or flavour.
 - hik and, v.: To flavour or smell offensive.
- authority; obstinacy.
- (A) haikal, n. f.: (1) A necklace of gold mohurs.

 (2) An amulet suspended in the neck of children to

ward off calamity. (3) An idol-temple. (4) Body; form; stature.

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- هن جي (P) hain j?, intj.: What? what do you say? beg your pardon!
- ሄታል (P) hayūla, n. m.: First principle; first sketch; form; a lump of flesh; an unformed child.
- الموات (A) haihāi, inij.: Alas ; expression for sorrow.

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- S Ye, n. f.: Thirtieth letter of Arabic; thirty third of Persian and thirty sixth of the Urdu alphabets. Numerical value according to abjad-10.
- Ya, conj.: Or; either.
- (A) Ya, intj. : O!
 - يا الله Ya allah, inif. O God; O Lord.
- الإس (A) yabis, adj.: Dry; drying; arid.
- الإنكار (P) yābinda, (h), n. m, : Recipient; finder.

- ቃንሚ (P) yābū, n. m.: Pony; galloway; nag.
- יוֹרְפָּהַ מּוֹרִנּנּן (A) yujuj mājuj. n. m.: Gog and Magog; (fig.) un 'esirable fellows.
- ياك (P) rād, n, f.: Memory; recollection; remembrance.
 - ياد آنا yad ana, v.; To come to recollection; to come to mind.
 - ياد الله yād allah, n. f.: Acquaintance; friendship.
 - yadawari, n. f.: Recollection: remembrance: call; invitation.
 - yad dasht, n. f.: Memorandum; memo; note; reminder: call to mind.
 - yad dihānī, n. f.: Reminder; bringing to mind.
 - يادش بخير yadash bakhair, intj.: (1) remember him with prayers (spoken of a friend in his absence).
- yād farmānā, v. : To call; to send for.

- yād farmāl, n. f.: Remembrance: call; addressing.
- yad karna, v.: recollect; to call to miná;
 to commit to memory;
 to send for or require
 the presence of.
- אַנאלע yad gar, n. f.: A Souvenir; a token; a monument; a memorial.
- טע (P) yar, a m.: Friend; companion; comrade; lover.
 - yaran i-adam, n.m:

 pl. Friends in the next
 world; the deceased.
 - yarana (h), n. m.:
 Friendship; intimacy;
 attachment.
 - يار باش yār bāsh; adj.: Friendly; cordial; jolly; social.
 - yar ghar, n. m.: True friend: staunch companion.
- טרו (P) yara, n. m.: Power; strength; courage.
- ياس (A) yas, n. f.: Dispondency; want of hope; dispiritedness; pessimism.

- ياسمن (P) yāsman, jasmin, n. f.: Jasmine.
- pay; emoluments; bribe; gain; profits.
 - yafta (h), adj.: Found; obtained; met with.
- ياقوت (A) yāqūt, n. m. : Ruby ;
- یاں ، یہاں (H) yan, yahan, adv.:

 Here.
- ישפת (A) אופת (A) אופת (A) אופת ter; helper.
 - yāwarl, n. f.: Assistance; support; favour.
- (P) yāwa(h), adj.: Nonsensical; foolish; fruitless; absurd.
 - יופי לפ (P) אַפּי אָני (P) אַפּי אָני (P) אָפֿי אַמּע (h) go, n.m,:
 One who talks nonsense.
 - yawa (h), gol, n f.: Nonsense.
- يبوست (A) yabusāt, n. f.: Dryness; aridity..
- (A) yatim, n.m.: An Orphan,
 - yatlmi, n. f.: State of being an orphan; help-lessness.
- يثرب (A) yasrib, n. p.: Old name of Madina (Arabia).

दंश (P) yukh, n. m : Ice.

yokh bosta(h), adj.: lce-bound; frozen.

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يخني (P) n. f.: Broth; soup ;

어 (A) yad, n m.: Hand; palm of hand; (fig.) assistance.

yadullah, n. m.: Hand of God; succour from the Almighty.

يد بيضا yad - 1 - baiza, n. m.;

White hand; a miracle of Prophet Moses.

yad - i - tala, n. m.: Excellence; skill; expertise.

يرغمال (P) yarghmāl, n. m.: A hostage.

يرقان (A) yarqān, n. m.: T' e yellow jaundice.

يزدان (P) yazdan, n. m.: God,

يعنى (A) yani, adv.: That is to say; namely.

tion; belief; faith; confidence; certainty; assurance.

يقين آنا، كرنا yaqin, ana, kanar, v. : To believe; to have faith in.

yaginan, adv.: Certainly; truly; surely.

yaqini, adj.: Certain; sure; positive.

يک (P) yak, adj.: One, a; an.

پکایک ، یک بیک ، یک بارگ yaka yak, yak ba (h), yak, yak bargi, adv.: All at once.

yak jā, adv.: In one place; together.

yak jan do yak jan do qalib, n. m.: (lit) One soul and two forms; bosom friends.

ال يک جهتى yak jihil, n. f.: Un-animity; concord.

yak rang, adj.: Of one (and the) same colour.

يک سان yaksāh, adj.: Similar; equal; matching.

يک شنبه yak shamba(h), n.
m.: Sunday.

yak tarfa(h), adj.

One sided; partial.

- matchless; singular.
- (P) yakum, adj.: First (of the month.)
- 4) (P) j'agāna(h), n. m; & adj.: (1) A relative; a kinsman. (2) Singular; unique; single.
 - yagānegat n. f,: Kin-ship; nearness; union.
- يلغار (T) yalghār, n. f: Invasion; forced march.
- (P) yam, n. m : Ocean : sea.

 (A) yamin, n. m : Right

 (hand.)
 - yamin-u yasār, n.
 m: Right and left
 (wing of an army.)
- يورش (P) yurish, n. 1, : Assault; attack; onslaught.
- P 32 (A) yaum n. m. : Day
 - yaum ul hisab, n. m: Day of Judgement.
 - youman fayauman, adv.: Day after day.
 - m.: (1) Daily, (2) Daily

- wages; daily allowance; pension.
- (H) yun, adv.: Thus; in this way; like this
 - yunon, n. m.: Greece.
 - yunāni, adj .: Grecian; Greek.
- 42 (H) yih, pron. : This; these.
- איט (H) yohan, adv.: Here. hither; at this place.
 - yahāh tak, adv: To this pitch or degree; in so much; to this place.
 - بهان سے yahāh se, adv.: From here; hence.
- (A) yahīidl, n.m.: Jew; Hebrew.
- ين (H) yihl adv.: The very same; this very; this itself.
- לאָהָט (H) yahin adv.: Here; only here; at this very place; exactly.
 - yahia kahia, adv. :
 Thereabout; somewhere
 here.

The End ختم شا